

#### "THAT COUNTRY IS THE MOST PROSPEROUS, WHERE LABOR COMMANDS THE GREATEST REWARD."----Buchanan

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### The Progress of Liberty.

INSCRIBED TO WILLIAM WEBSTER PALM-ER, ESQ.

#### WILLIAM ROSS WALLACE

[The apprehension of dangers from extended territory, multiplied states, accumulated wealth, and augmented population, has proved to be un-founded. The stars upon your banner have be-come three times their original number. Your densely populated possessions skirt the shores of the two great oceans; yet this vast increase of peo-nle and territory has not only shown itself commatple and territory has not only shown itself compat-ible with the harmonious action of the states and the federal government in their respective constitu-fonal spheres, but has afforded an additional guar-antee of the strength and integrity of both. With an experience thus suggestive and cheering, the policy of my administration will not be controlled by any timid feelings of evil from expansion.—Pres-tional function for the strength of the stre Pierce's Inaugural Address.]

> "Oh glorious Banner of the Free ! Along the West unrolled, Do not the cumulated stars Weigh heavily on thy fold ?"

Shame on the question-shame to thee ! An hundred more may meet Above my pales, and still there's room Upon the standard sheet. Upon the standard sheet. As pants the plain for other flowers, Beneath the cloudy bars, Or as the spangled space on high To hold some other stars— So pant my folds for other orbs, And Freedom smiles to see Their eager trembling—knowing well That such shall surely be. The plain shall have its tender wish— New stars are taking space: New stars are taking space : Then come, ye Orbs of State, and fill Upon my folds your place !?

Thus answered the Banner, with voice like a trum pet's, When blown by the breath of a Titan in triumph.

" Oh stars upon that standard sheet, Imparadising air, Say, as ye glitter in your sky, Are ye too many there ?"

"Who asks the question-thou o'er whom We love to watch and shine ? Thou! leave such question to the slave Thou I have such question to the In Europe's gloomy mine! Oh I not for us—for us alone, Did WARREN bleed and die— A hundred starry States shall yet: Blaze out on Freedom's sky: And not for us—for us alone, And not for us—for us alone, Mount Vernon glorious stands A benediction, joy, and hope To all the fettered lands— For every star that joins us here But hastens on the time What the start how the the the things

When crowns must be the things that were, And MAN shall live sublime."

So answered the stars, and the far-off Pacific Reared aloft his broad brow for the Sun's golden blessing.

111. "On ! Eagle-spirit of the Whole ! Thy wings already spread From sea to distant sea-canst thou New climes and nations wed ?"

Away--away ! thou timid one ! Would'st thou the sunbeam chain i

The lightning quench ? the mountain move? With cobwebs curb the main ?

power to arrest the victim at the foot of the taber-nacle of explation." So saying, he disappeared like a bright shadow behind the curtains of the basilic. Herod the Tetrach who then reigned in Judea, afterwards, the Tetrarch deigned to pay me a visit. His deportment was grave and deceitful. He preended that his religion forbade him and his atten ants to sit down at the table of the gentiles, and t offer up libations with them. I thought it expedi-ent to accept of his excuse; but from that moment I was convinced that the conquered had declared and who died devoured by vermin, was a weak and wicked man, chosen by the chiefs of the law to be the instrument of their hatred. To him the enethemselves the enemies of the conquerors.

At that time, Jerusalem was, of all conquered cities, the most difficult to govern. So turbulent were the people, that I lived in momentary dread of an insurrection. To repress it, I had but a single Centurion and a handful of soldiers. I requested a mies of Jesus addressed themselves, to wreak their Pengeance on the Nazarene. Had Herod consulted his own inclination he Had Herod consulted his own inclination he would have ordered Jesus immediately to be put to death; but though proud of his regal dignity, yet he was afraid of commiting an act that might di-minish his influence with Cæsar. Herod called on me one day at the Pretorium, and on rising to take leave, after some insignificant conversation, he asked me what was my opinion concerning the Nargerea inforcement from the Prefect of Syria, who in ormed me that he had scarcely troops sufficient to defend his own province. Insatiate thirst of em-pire—to extend our conquests beyond the means of defending them !

Among the various rumors which came to my concerning the Nazarene. I replied, that Jesus appeared to me to be one of those grave philosophers that great narions someears, there was one that attracted my attentio

cars, tuere was one that attracted my attention. A young man, it was said, had appeared in Galilee, preaching with a noble unctiou, a new law in the times produce; that his doctrine was by no means dangerous; and that the intention of Rome was to name of the God that had sent him. At first, ] was apprehensive that his design was to stir up th leave him that freedom of speech which was jus-tified by his actions. Herod smiled maliciously, beople against the Romans; but soon were my fears dispelled. Jesus of Nazareth spoke rather as a and saluting me with ironical respect, he departed The great least of the Jews was approaching; and their intention was to avail themselves of the iend of the Romans than of the Jews. One day, in passing by the place of Siloe, wher

there was a great concourse of people, I observed in the midst of the group a young man leaning against a tree, who was calmly addressing the mulpopular exultation which always manifests itself there was a great concourse of people, 1 observed in the midst of the group a young man leaning against a tree, who was calmly addressing the mul-titude. I was told that it was Jesus. This I could between him and those who were listening to him. He appeared to be about thirty years of age. How as pressing. A Roman centurion had been in-goiden colored hair and heard grave to his annear-He appeared to be about thirty years of age. His golden colored hair and beard gave to his appear-ance a celestial aspect. Never have I seen a sweetsulted I wrote to the Prefect of Syria, requesting a hun er or a more serene countenance. What a contrast between him and his hearers, with their black beards and tawny complexions! Unwilling to interrupt

dred toot soldiers, and the same number of Cavalry. He declined. I saw myself alone with a handful of veterans in the midst of a rebellious city-too weak to suppress disorder, and having no other choice left than to tolerate it. They had seized upon Jesus; and the seditious

and tawny complexions: Unwilling to interrupt him by my presence, I continued my walk, but sig-nified to my Secretary to join the group and listen. My Secretary's name was Manlius. He was the grandson of the chief of the conspirators who en-camped in Etrusia waiting for Catalina. Manlius rabble, although they knew they had nothing to fear from the Pretorium, believing, on the faith of their leaders, that I winked at their sedition, conwas an ancient inhabitant of Judea, and well ac quainted with the Hebrew language. He was detinued vociferating -- Crucify him 1 crucify him 1" Three powerful parties at that time had combi-ned together against Jesus. First the Herodians voted to me, and was worthy of my confidence On returning to the Pretorium, I found Manlius who related to me the words that Jesus had pro and Sadducees, whose seditious conduct seemed to nounced at Siloe. Never have I heard in the Porhave proceeded from a double motive; they halted the Nazarene, and were impatient of the Roman tico, or read in the works of the Philosophers, any the Nazarene, and were imparent of the koman yoke. They could never forgive me for having en-tered their holy city with banners that bore the image of the Roman emperor; and although in this instance, I had committed a fatal error, yet the sacrilege did not appear less heinous in their eyes. thing that can be compared to the maxims of Jesus. One of the rebellious Jews, so numerous in Jerusa-lem, having asked him it it was lawful to give tribute to Caesar or not, Jesus replied : Render unto

Caesar the things which are Caesar's, and unto God Another grievance also rankled in their bosoms.-It was on account of the wisdom of his sayings I had proposed to employ a part of the treasure of the Temple in crecting edifices of public utility. that I granted so much liberty to the Nazarene; for it was in my power to have had him arrested and My proposal was scowled at. The Pharisees were the avowed enemies of Jesus. They cared not for exiled to Pontus: but this would have been contrarto that justice which has always characterized the Romans. This man was neither seditious nor rethe Government; but they bore with bitterness the severe reprimands which the Nazirene had for three years been continually throwing out against them wherever he went. Too weak and pusilanibellious. 1 extended to him my protection, un-known, perhaps, to himself. He was at liberty to act, to speak, to assemble and address the people, mous to act by themselves, they had eagerly em-braced the quarrel of the Herodians and Saducees. disciples, unrestrained by any pretoria Besides these three parties, I had to contend against the reckless and profligate populace always ready to join in a sedition, and to profit by the disorder

Should it ever happen—may the Gods avert the omen!—should it ever happen, I say, that the re-ligion of our foretathers be supplanted by the reli-gion of Jesus, it will be to his noble toleration that Rome shall owe her premature obsequies—whilst I, miserable wretch !—I shall have been the ins rund confusion that result therefrom. Jesus was dragged before the Council of the Priests and condemned to death. It was then that the High Priest, Caiaphas, performed a derisory act of submission. He sent his prisoner to me to nent of what Christians call Providence, and we pronounce his condemnation and secure his execution. I answered him that, as Jesus was a Gali

But this unlimited freedom granted to Jesus, pr lean, the affair came in Herod's jurisdiction, and voked the Jews-not the poor, but the rich and powerful. It is true, Jesus was severe on the latter, ordered Jesus to be sent thither. The wily Tet-rarch professed humility, and protesting his defer-ence to the lieutenant of Cæsar, he committed the and this was a political reason, in my opinion, not to control the liberty of the Nazarene. "Scribes fate of the man to my hands. and Pharisees!" would he say to them, "you are Soon my place assumed the aspect of a besieged citadel; every moment increased the number of 

At other times he would sneer at the proud aims of the seditious. the Publican, telling him that the mite of the wid ow was more precious in the sight of God. crowds from the mountains of Nazareth. All Ju-New complaints were daily made at the Preto ium against the insolence of Jesus. I was even in formed that some misfortune would befall him-

the things that are God's.

to cho

mandate.

Destiny.

dea appeared to be pouring into the devoted city.  $_{\mathcal{C}}$ I had taken a wife, a girl from among the Gauls, who pretended to see into futurity. Weeping, and throwing herself at my feet, "Beware,' said she to me, beware and touch not that man, for he is holy. that it would not be the first time that Jerusaler had stoned those who called themselves prophets— and that if the Pretorium refused justice, an appeal would be made to Caesar of all that happened.— Last night I saw him in a vision,-he was walking on the water—he was flying on the wings of the wind. He spoke to the tempests, to the palm trees, My conduct was approved of by the Senate, and to the fishes of the lake-all were obedient to him. was promised a re-inforcement of troops after the termination of the Parthian war. Behold ! the torrent of Mount Kedron flows with blood-the statues of Cæsar are filled with the filth Being too weak to suppress a sedition, I resolve of the gemoniæ-the columns of the Pretorium ipon adopting a measure that promised to establish the tranquility of the city, without subjecting the have given way, and the sun is veiled in mourning like a vestal in the tomb! O, Pilate, evil await Pretorium to humiliating concessions. I wrote to the. If thou wilt not listen to the words of thy wife lesus, requesting an interview with him at the dread the curses of a Roman Senate-dread the Pretorium. He came. frowns of Ceasar !" Oh, Albinus! now that my blood runs cold in my veins, and that my body is bent down under the By this time the marble stairs groaned under th reight of the multitude. The Nazarene was brough oad of years, it is not surprising that Pilate should back to me. I proceeded to the Hall of Justice sometimes tremble; but then I was young-in my veins flowed the Spanish mixed with Roman blood, followed by my guards, and asked the people in a severe tone what they demanded? "The death s incapable of fear as it was of puerile emotions. of the Nazarene," was their reply. For what crime?' 'He has blasphemed; he has prophesied the ruin When the Nazarene made his appearance, I was walking in my basilic, and my feet seemed fastened of the temple; he calls himself the Son of God-the Messiah-the King of the Jews." "Roman juswith an iron hand to the marble pavement. He When was calm, the Nazarene-calm as innocence. tice,' said I, "punishes not such offence with death. he came up to me, he stopped, and by a single ges-"Crucify him, crucify him !" shouted forth the re-lentless rabble. are, seemed to say to me, here I am For some time I contemplated with admiration The vociferations of the infuriate multitude nd awe this extraordinary type of man-a type shook the palace to its foundations. One man unknown to our numerous painters who have given form and figure to all the gods and to all the heroes. alone appeared calm in the midst ot the tumult .---torm and ngure to all the goos and to all the herces. "Jesus," said I to him at last—and my tongue taltered—"Jesus of Nazareth, I have granted you for the last three years ample freedom of speech, nor do I regret it. Your words are those of a sage. He was like unto the statues of Innocence pla in the Temples of the Euminides. It was the Nazarene. After many fruitless attempts to protect him I know not whether you have read Socrates and Plato; but this I know, that there is in your disfeom the fury of his merciless prosecutors, I had the baseness to adopt a measure, which, at that Plato; but this 1 know, that there is in your dis. The baseness to be the only one that courses a majestic simplicity that elevates you far moment, appeared to me to be the only one that hove those great philosophers. The emperor is could save his life. I ordered him to be scourged above those great philosophers. The emperor is informed of it, and I, his humble representative in then, calling for an ewer, I washed my hands in the presence of the clamorous multitude, thereby his couptry, am glad of having allowed you that iberty of which you are so worthy. However, I signifying them my disapprobation of the deed. after. Often, in our civil commotions raised up against you powerful and inveterate ene-mies. Neither is this surprising. Socrates had his thirsted after. have I witnessed the furious animosity of the mul-titude, but nothing could ever be compared to nemies, and he fell a victim to their hatred. Yours what I beheld in the present instance. It might have been truly said that, on this occasion, all the phantoms of the infernal regions had assembled at Jerusalem. The crowd appeared not to walk; they were borne off and whirled as a vortex, rolling along like living waves, from the portals of the Pre torium even unto Mount Zion, with howling screams, shrieks and vocilerations, such as were spect for the future, and more tender in rousing the ride of your enemies, lest they raise against you never heard in the seditions of Panonia, or in the tumults of the Forum. he stupid populace, and compel me to employ the By degrees the day darkened like a winter twi i justice. The Nazarene calmly replied : light, such as had been seen at the death of the great Julius Cæsar. It was likewise towards the Ides of March. I, the contemned governor of a "Prince of the earth, your words proceed not rom true wisdom. Say to the torrent to stop in rebellious province, was leaning against a column of my basilic contemplating athwart the dreary the midst of the mountain because it will uproot er you, gloom, this Theory of Tartarus dragging to execu-God alone ion the innocent Nazarene. All around me was desert; Jerusalem had vomited forth her indwel lers through the funeral gate that leads to the Ge moniæ. An air of desolation and sadness enveloped me. My guards had joined the cavalry, and " You are more precious in my estimation, on account of your wisdom, than all these tur-bulent and proud Pharasees who abuse the freedom granted them by the Romans, conspire against Cæsar, and construe our bouuty into lear. Insolent deavoring to maintain order. I was left alone, and my breaking heart admonished me, that what was sing at that moment appertained rather to the history of the gods than to that of man. Loud clam wretches! They are not aware that the wolf o the Tiber sometimes clothes himself with the skin ors were heard proceeding from Golgotha, which, borne on the winds, appeared to announce an agon such as never had been heard by mortal ear. Dark the sheep. I will protect you against them .--My pretorium is open to you as a place of refuge clouds lowered over the pianacle of the Temple, and large ruptures settled over the city and coveris a sacred asylum. Jesus carelessly shook his head, and said, with a graceful and divine smile: "When the day shall have come, there will be no asylum for the Son of Man, neither on earth nor ed as with a veil. So dreadful were the signs that vere manifested, both in the heavens and on the earth, thet Dionysius, the Areopagite, is reported that we exclaimed, "Either the Author of Nature to under the earth. The asylum of the Just's there, (pointing to the heavens.) That which is written Nature i suffering, or the Universe is falling apart Towards the first hour of the night; I threw my in the books of the prophets must be accomplished." "Young man," answered I mildly, "you oblige me to convert my request into an order. The safety mantle around me, and went down into the city towards the gates of Golgotha. The sacrifice was consummated. The crowd was returning home, of the province which has been confided to my care requires it. You must observe more moderadesperate. What they had witnessed had struck them with terror and remorse. I also saw my littion in your discourses. Do not infringe my orders you know. May happiness attend you. Fare the Roman cohort pass by mournfully, the standard bearer having veiled his eagle in token of grief, and "Prince of earth," replied Jesus, "I come not to bring war into the world, but peace, love and char-ity. I was born the same day on which Cæsar Augustus gave peace to the Roman world. Perse-cution proceeds not from me. I expect it from had so often smort the Romans with dismay by the At the appointed hour no guest appeared. This my Father, who has shown me the way. Restrain, women would halt; then looking backwards tow-horrible suicide, occurred abort was an insult offered to my dignity. A few days herefore, your wordly prudence. It is not in your ards Mount Calvary, would remain motionless, in yards north-east of the depot.

the expectation of witnessing some new prodigy. I returned to the Pretorium, sad and pensive.— On ascending the stairs, the steps of which were still stained with the blood of the Nazarene, I per-ceived an old man in a supplicant posture, and be-hind him several women in tears. He threw him-

self at my feet and women in tears. The threw nim-self at my feet and wept bitterly. It is painful to see an old man weep. "Father," said I to him" mildly, "who are you and what is your request ?" "I am Joseph of Arimathea," replied he, " and I am come to beg of you upon my knees, the permis sion to bury Jesus of Nazareth." "Your prayer is "Your prayer is granted," said I to him, and, at the same time orfound the *declar*, or Himalayan cypress, which grows to a height of more than two hundred feet. There is a temple near the source of the Ganges, dered Manlins to take some soldiers with him to superintend the interment, lest it might be profaned. A few days afterwards the sepulchre was found empty. The disciples of Jesus published all over the country that Jesus had size (and all over but owing to the danger and difficulty of the jour ney, comparatively few pilgrims reach it. The air intry that Jesus had risen from the dead, as he had foretold.

A last duty remained for me to perform. It was to communicate to Cæsar the details of this deplo-rable event. I did it the same night that followed Mr. D'Aguilar considered them as a strikingly hon est and taithful race. Owing to the difficulty of the fatal catastrophe, and had just finished the com-munication when the day began to dawn. At that moment the sound of clarions playing

the air of Diana struck my ear. Casting my eyes towards the Cesarean gate, I beheld a troop of sol diers, and heard at a distance other trumpets sound ing Cæsar's March. It was the reinforcement that had been promised me—two thousaud chosen men who, to hasten their arrival had marched all night 'It has then been decreed by the Fates," cried wringing my hands, " thet the great iniquity should the accomplished—that, for the purpose of averting the deeds of yesterday, troops should arrive to day! Cruel destiny, how thee sportest with the affairs of mortals! Alas! it was but too true, what the Nazarene exclaimed when writhing on the cross : All mmaled.

gid enforcement of the 18th article of the new con-stitution of Indiana, the black population of that THE LADY'S MAN .- He is described as follows in the New Orleans Delta: State are leaving in hundreds for quarters recently

His face is eternally wreathed with unmeanin miles, and when he addresses a lady, it is always in such a strain of absurd nonsense that we have ofalong the landing in these long June days without seeing one or more negro families with their house ten been surprised that a lady armed with a fan, and so addressed, did not brain the animal on the spot. If the lady's man does, by any possibility, possess the least degree of common sense, he takes especial pains to conceal it, for somehow or other be has taken it into his wise head that empty sen-timentality and absurd nothings are the only offer-itgs fit for the female mind. In order to be true to what he conceives to be the entertainment and amusement of the ladies, he turns traitor to manhood, and so becomes epicene himself without a just claim to be classed with the male or female sex. His best qualities are those which he possess in common with certain kinds of dogs to fetch and carry. Ladies who laugh in their sleeves at the fool, may not object to the attentions of the servant, and so, out of mere commiseration allow him to carry a fan, or escort them to the opera when the MEN of their acquaintance are not acces sible. The lady's man is sufficiently rewarded for ten nor more than five hundred dollars. attending them through a whole evening's enter tainment, if they will only drop a smile into the poor fellow's hat at parting. With this substantial blessing he is encouraged to future exertions in this wide field of masculine ambition. If a man's duty to a lady consisted in picking up dropped realest back

dropped pocket handkerchiefs and fans, or twirling her round to the point of giddiness and exhaustion in the waltz, we should, perhaps, envy the accom-plishments of the mere Iday's man. to see it thus describes :

GOT & BABY !-- Jenny Lind Goldschmidt is happy mother of a fine and healthy daughter. Jenny who has treate the world to music and made i pay roundly for fi. will now de treated to music motions of its grandeur. herself, and pay rounnly for it to , we warrant .--As Byron seys, " Time at last sets all things even Jerusalem was inundated with

Horrible Case of Suicide of a Citizen of New York.

Immediately after the sounding of the whistle of the 8 o'clock A. M. express train from New York, at the New Rochellc depot, a gentleman, very respectably attired, started up the road with his hands folded and head drooped, as if laboring under a depression of spirits. After he had proceeded a short dis-

SURE CURE. BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL HERE may be obtained the MOST SPEE-DY REMEDY for SECRET DISEASES. QUEER PROPLE AND SINGULAR CUSTORS --- Bay rd Taylor, in one of his late letters from China, to the New York Tribune, gives an account of a queer

their customs. He says: Rev. Mr. D'Aguilar, whom I saw at Roorkhee, penetrnted, last summer, to the glaciers of Junnoo-tree. He informed me that, in ascending the Him-alay, the productions become not only of the tem-perate zone, but English in their character; the flowers, fruits and shrubs being almost identical with those of England. In the valleys, however, is found the decdar, or Himalayan cypress, which their customs. He says: Conorrhoma, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weak-ness, Loss of Organic Power, Pain in the Loins, Disease of the Kidneys, Affections of the Head, Throat, Nose and Skin, Constitutional Debility, and all those horrid affections arising from a Cer-most builliant hopes or anticipations, rendering Marringe, etc., impossible. A cure warranted of no charge. YOUING MEN

•YOUNG MEN especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vices, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweep to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced lis-tening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with fall confidence. MARRIAGE. of the mountains is pure, fresh and invigorating, and the *paharrees* are said to be both physically and mentally soperior to the inhabitants of the plains.

Married persons, or those contemplating mar-iagre being aware of physical weakness, should mmediately consult Dr. J. and be restored to per-

provining subsistence, and the necessarily of restrict-ing the increase of population, Polandry has exist-ed among them from time immemorial. The wo-man and her husbands live together harmoniously, or health OFFICE, No. 7, South FREDERICK Street, BALTIMORE, Md., on the left hand side, going from Baltimore street, 7 doors from the corner. Be particular in observing the name and number or you will mistake the place.

DR. JOHNSTON

man and her nusbands live together harmoniously, and the latter contribute each an equal share to the support of the children. Among these people the say-ing will particularly apply; "it's a wise child that knows its own father." Their ideas of hospitality compel them to share not only their food, but their DR. JOHNSTON, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Lon-don, Graduate from one of the most eminent Col-leges of the United States and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of Lon-don, Paris, Philadelphia, and elsewhere, has affect-ad come of the most sciencing merry that most compet them to share not only their tood, but their connubial right with the stranger, and no insult is so great as a refusal to accept it. I saw several of them to-day walking bare-legged through the snow, which trouble them as little as it would a horse.— They were hardsome, muscular fellows, with black eyes, ivory teeth and a ruddy copper complexion. ed some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the ever known. Many troubled with ringing in in ears and head when asleep,great nervousness, bein alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended, sometimes, with de rangement of mind, were cured immediately. TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE THE NEGRO EXODUS .--- In consequence of the ri-

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured hemselves by private and improper indulgencies, hat secret and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either busines vacated in the Eastern States. The Cincinnati Com-mercial of the Sth ult., says .- We scarcely pass

These are some of the sad and melancholy e hold plunder, recently landed from some of the fects produced by early habits of youth, viz a Weakness of the back and limbs, Pains in the head, lower river or Madison steamers. Becoming a lit-Weakness of the back and limbs, Pains in the head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Pal-pitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irrita-bility, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c Mentally.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded: Loss of Memory, Conlusion of Jdeas, Depression of Spirits, Evil of Forebo-ding, Aversion of Society, Self Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c. are some of the evils pro-duced tle curious with regard to this new feature in African movements, we made inquiry, and found that they were moving from Indiana in consequence of the severe enactmenrs of the Legislature enforcing the 18th article of the new constitution in that State. All persons, whose mothers are unable to prove the possession of a greater proportion than one-six-teenth of European blood, and who came into Hoo-sierdom since November 1st, 1851, are forced to duced

NERVOUS DEBILITY. Weakness of the system, Nervous Debility and premature decay generally arises from the destruct-ive habit of youth, that solitary practice so fatal to take up their beds-if they have any-and walk. All negroes, mulattoes, quadroons, octageroons, duodecaroons, &c., who can prove a residence in the State prior to November 1, 1851, are allowed to re-main under certain conditions, and by registering their names with the County Clerk. Any person the healthful existence of man, and it is the young who are the most apt to become its Victims from n ignerance of the dangers to which they subject tnemselves. Parents and Guardians are often mis-led with respect to the cause or source of disease in their sons and wards. Alse! how often do they ascribe to other causes the wasting of the frame, Palpitation of the Hea... Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Derangement of the Nervous System, Cough and Symptoms of Consumption, also those serious Mental effects, such as loss of Memory, Depres-sion of Spirits or peculiar fits of Melancholy, when the truth is they have been caused by induging Permicious but alluring practices, destructive to the healthful existence of man, and it is the young who employs a negro who is in the State, contrary to the new law, is liable to a fine of not less than THE LARGEST TREE IN THE WORLD .- There a cedar tree growing in the mountains of Calave rus county, California, which a correspondent of the

Sonora Herald, who frequently made an excursion Pernicious but alluring practices, destructive to both Body and Mind. Thus are swept from ex-"At the ground the circumference was 92 feet; stence thousands who might have been of use to heir country, a pleasure to their friends, an ornafour feet above that it was 88; and 10 feet above that it was 61 feet in circumference; aud after that WEAKNESS OF THE ORGANS the tapering of the shaft was very gradual. Its height, as measured by Captain H, is 300 feet, but we made it but 285. This tree is by no means a

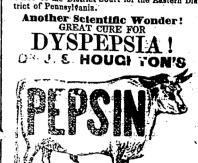
mmediately cured and full vigor restored. Oh, how happy have hundreds of misguided ouths been made, who have been suddenly restodeformity, as most trees with large trunks are. It is throughout one of perfect symmetry, while its enormous proportions impress the beholder with red to health from the devustations of those terrific naladies which result from indiscretion. Such persons, before contemplating

MARRIAGE.

"I have said that this is the largest tree yet discovered in the world. It is so. The celebrated tree MARKIAGE, should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without this, the journey thro' life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melanof Fremont would have to grow many centuries be fore it could pretend to be called any thing but a voungen brother. There is a tree in Mexico called the Taxodium which is said to be 117 feet in cir "This giant of the wood is to be flayed. The process has already commenced. We understand inches thick, is to be taken off in sections to the cumterence, but some have said it is formed by the union of several trees.

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1851, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., in the clerk's Office of the District Court for the Eastern Dis

NO. 27



The True Digestive Fluid or Gastric Juice REPARED from Rennet, or the fourth Stom-ach of the Ox, after directions of BARON LIEBIG: the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. Hough's ton, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa. This is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Constipa-tion, and Debility, curing after Nature's own method, by Nature's own Agent, the Gastrie Juice. Hall a teaspoorful of Pepsin, infused in water, will digest or dissolve, Five Pounds of Roast Beel in about two hours, out of the stomach. PERSN is the chief element, or Great Digesting Principle of the Gastric Juice—the solvent of the food, the purifying, 'preserving and stimulating agent of the stomach and intestines. It is extracted from the digestive stomach of the Ox, thus form-ing an Artificial Digestive Fluid, precisely like the natural Gastric Juice in its chemical powers, and furnishing a complete and perfect substitute for it by the aid of this preparation, the pains and evils of Indigestion and Dyspepsia are removed, just as they would be by a healthy stomach. It is doing wonders for dyspeptics, curing cases of Debility, Emaciation, Nervous Decline, and Dyspeptic Coa-sumption, supposed to be on the verge of the grave The scientific evidence upon which it is based, is in the highest degree curious and remarkable. SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE ! Baron Liebig in his celebrated work on Anime

In the highest degree curious and remarkable. SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE ? Baron Liebig In his celebrated work on Anima Chemistry, says: "An artificial Digestive Fluid, analogous to the Gastric Juice, may be readily prepared from the muccous membrane of the atom-ach of the-calf, in which various articles of food as meat and eggs, will be softened, changed, and digested, just in the same manner as they would be in the human stomach."

be in the human stomach." Dr. Pereira, in his hamous treatise on "Food and Diet," published by Fowler & Wolls, New York, page 35, states the same great fact, and describes the method of preparation. There are few higher authorities than Dr. Pereira. Dr. Combe, in his valuable writings on the "Physiology of Digestion," observes that "a dim-inution of the due quantity of the Gastric Juicein a promanent and all prevailing cause of Dyspepsis," and he states that "a distinguished professor of medicine in London, who was severaly afflicted with this complaint, finding everything else to fail, had recourse to the Gastric Juice, obtained from the stomach of living animals, which proved com pletely successfull."

pletely successfull." Dr. Graham, author of the famous works on "Vegetable Diet," says: "It is a remarkable fact in physiology, that the stomache of animals, mace-rated in water, impart to the fluid the property of dissolving va. ous articles of food, and of effecting a kind of artificial digestion of them in nouse diffreent mro the natural digestive process." AS A DYSPEPSIA CURER, Dr. HULHENEN NS PEPSIN base rest

AS A DYSPEPSIA CURER, Dr. HOUGHTØN'S PEPSIN has produced the most marvellougeffects, in curing cases of Debility, Emaciation, Nervons Declino, and Dyspeptic Consumption. It is impossible to give the details of cases in the limits of this advertisement; but of cases in the limits of this advertisement; but authenticated certificates have been given of more than Two Hundred Remarkable Cures, in Phila-delphia, New York and Boston alone. These were nearly alldesperate cases, and the cures were not only rapid and wonderful, but permanent. It is a great Nervous Antidote, and particularly useful for tendency to Billious disorder, Liver Complaint, Fever ar. Ague, or badly treated Fever and Ague, and the evil effects of Quinine, Mer-cury and other aruge upon the Digestive Organs, after a lorg sickness. Also, for excess in eating, and the too free use of ardent spirits. It almost reconciles health with intemprance. OLD STOMACH COMPLAINTS. There is no form of Old Stomach Complaints

There is no torm of Old Stomach Complaints which it does not seem to reach and remove at once. No matter how bad they may be, it gives instant relief! A single dose removes all the un-

With cobwebs curb the thain f My wings could span a thousand State O'ershadow sea on sea— The Iron-gnome, the Lightning-lord, Are pledged to work for me. Hurrah ! hurrah ! my blenching eyes On dazzling Future's bent; One thought, one soul pervades the word— Man truly rules the sod;

His life an everlasting hymn Of Freedom, Beauty, God."

Twas thus that the eagle but echod the sayings angels of old touched the mouths prophets.

Note.—Motherwell is, perhaps, the originator of the peculiar verse in which the truths are couched. Probably some old Scandinavian poem suggested the manner to the Scotch author.

#### From the "Courier des Etats Unis. PONTIUS PILATE IN VIENNE.

Vienne, in Dauphiny, a province of France, the ancient capital of transalpine Gaul under the Ro-mans, is situated on the river Rhone. There, on the left bank of that beautiful stream, is seen a tomb of an ancient architecture which, according to tradition, is the tomb of Pontius Pilate-Pilate, under whose government Jesus Christ suffered.-Passus est Pontio Pilato. It was in Vienne also that the Wandering Jew revealed himself in 1777-a most remarkable occurrence, the spot that contain-ed the ashes of the Judge of the Righteous, was to be trodden upon by a descendant of his accuser. The following chronicle was extracted from a

old Latin manuscript found in a monastery at Vi

It was under the reign of Caligula, when C. Mar cius was prætor at Vienne, that an old man, bent with age, yet of tall stature, was seen to descend must not conceal from you that your discourses have from his litter and enter a house of modest appear ance, near the temple of Mars. Over the door of are doubly incensed against you on account of your sayings; against me, on account of the liberty exthis house was written, in red letters, the name of F. Albinus. He was an old acquaintance of Pilate's. After mutual salutations, Albinus observed to him, that many years had elapsed since their separation. tended towards you. They even accused me indi-rectly of being leagued with you for the purpose of depriving the Hebrews of the little civil power "Yes," replied Pilate, "many years—years of mis-fortune and affliction. Accursed be the day on which I succeeded Valerius Gratus in the governwhich Rome has left to them. My request-I do do not say my order-is that you be more circumment of Judea! My name is ominous; it has been fatal to whomsoever, has borne it. One of my ancestors printed an indelible mark of infamy on ront of imperial Rome, when the Romans

passed under the Candinae Ferculae in the Samnite war. Another perished by the hands of the Par-thisea in the war against Arminius. And I-miserable me!—

"You miserable?" asked Albinus, "what have the trees of the valley; the torrent will answe you done to entail misery on you? True, the in-justice of Caligula has exiled you to Vienne, but for what crime? I have examined your affarr at the *Tabutarium*. You are denounced by Vitellus, that it obeys the laws of the Creator. knows whither flows the waters of the torrent --Verily, I say unto you, before the rose of Sharon blossoms, the blood of the just will be spilt." "You blood shall not be spilt," replied I, with prefect of Syria, your enemy, for having chastened the rebelious Hebrews, who had slain the most no-ble of the Samaritans, and who afterwards withemotion. drew themselves on Mount Garizim. You are also accused of acting thus out of hatred against the Jews.'

"No!" replied Pilate. "No! by all the gods, Albinus, it is not the injustice of Cæsar that afflicts

"What/then is the cause of your affliction ?" con tinued Albinus. "Long have I known you-sensi-ble, just, humane. I see it-you are the victim of

"Say not so, Albinus-say not that I am the vic "Say not so, Albinus—say not that I am the vic tim of Vitellus—no; I am the victim of a higher power! The Romans regard me as an object of Cæsar's disgrace, the Jews as the severe Proconsul; the Christians, as the executioner of their God!" "Of their God, did you say, Pilate? Impious wretches! Adore a God born in a manger, and put to death on the cross!"

death on the cross!" "Beware, Albinus, beware !" continued Pilate .-

"If their Christ had been born under the purple he would have been adored. Listen. To your friendship I will submit the events of my life; you will afterwards judge whether I am worthy of your hosveil.

pitality. On my arrival at Jerusalem, I took possession of

tance he halted between the tracks of the railroad, and stood as though he was waiting the arrival of the train. The engineer and brake man saw him, and presumed that he would keep olear of the tain, but on its approach he threw himself right across the track in front of the locomotive, the whole train passed over him, literally smashing him to pieces. A gold watch and chain, also smashed to atoms, were found on his person. In his pocket a wallet con-taining a roll of bank notes and two business bills made out to F. C. Gray.

ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS.

learn that the unfortunate man's name was Franklin C. Gray, aged about larty-nyc years, a wealthy merchant of San Francisco, California, where he was Alderman for two years, and highly respected. He had an in-come of \$36,000 a year, which he receives regwas Franklin C. Gray, aged about farty five Elegant stock of Goods — THOMAS w. EVANS & CO., No. 214 Chesnut street, opposite the Girard House, Philadelphia, have now opened a very extensive stock of entirely new and elegant GOODS, which have been selected in Eu-rope for the most fashionable city trade. They respectfully invite their numerous friends and customers in Loncaster and elsewhere. to ularly in monthly remittances of \$3,000. He brought letters of credit from Cook, Palmer & Co., of San Francisco, about fifteen<sup>s</sup> months Co., of San Francisco, about fifeen<sup>a</sup> months ago. Has since been residing, a portion of the time, in Washington, where he married a young, beautiful, and accomplished lady. He recently purchased a house in New York, in the Fifth arenue, for their occupancy, which he fitted up in most magnificent style. Last week, while laboring under an aberration of mind, he disposed of his house and furniture at a sacrifice of \$7,000 to \$8,000. He adver-tied his formiture for sale and con parsone nd customers in Loncaster and elsewhere,

so a back is to a show to be boot in the arter tised his formiture for sale, and, on persons going there, they found that he had sent for a a furniture broker and had it all taken away. 10 Cases Paris Mousline de Laines.
5 Cases plain Mousline de Laine and De Bege.
8 Cases elegant real French Lawns.
2 Cases Paris Organdies.
4 Cases Broche<sup>3</sup> Bareges, entirely new.
2 Cases preinted Bareges.
2 Cases printed and Plaid Grenadine.
2 Cases printed Bareges.
8 Cases English and French Chintzes.
4 Cases English and French Chintzes. Recently he was introduced to Mr. Foreman of the Pavilion Hotel, at New Rochelle, at the office of John Cook, No. 98 Broadway, New York, and after some conversation with Mr. F. talked of visiting the place; yesterday he again met Mr. Foreman, and at once decided to re-turnwith him; he came for the purpose of looking at the rooms, and promised to bring his trunks up the following day; he appeared to enjoy himself very much during the evening, and partook of a hearty supper; he said he never enjoyed a meal better ; he was in excel lent spirits; M. Foreman, in accordance with the wishes of Mr. Cook, did all in his power to occupy his mind, as for some time past he had been rather depressed; in the evening they went to the Neptune House to have a gamely. billiards, but not finding a table at liberty was returned, and he went to his room immediately On returning from the Neptune House it was agreed upon that they would go a fishingnext morning, of which he said he was remarkably morning, of which he said he was remarkably fond; Mr Foreman invited a number of ladeja to accompany them, with a view to edify him as much as possible; when everything was ready, and he ascertained that ladies were go-ing, he said he did not feel well, and declined to go; a short time after this, he went out at the western gate in the rear of the house, and after oning a short distance, turned round and after going a short distance, turned round and looked as though be suspected some one was watching him; not supposing for a moment that he contemplated anything wrong, no one followed or took futher notice of him; his wife is expected from Washington this evening to join him here; he appeared to idolize his wife, and only a few days ago he made out a will leaving her all his property unconditionally. APPEARANCE OF THE BODY.

We have said that the body was " literally smashed to pieces." If this statement be literally understood it will convey some idea of the appearance which the body presents. Nev-er has it been our lot to behold such a specta-cle. The head, neck, and shoulders, are completely ground off. Not a piece of the skull can be found larger than a penny. Both arms, and the right leg and foot have shared a simi-lar fate. The vertebræ is in several places broken, and the left foot smashed to pieces. The brains and mangled flesh and intestines, lay scattered in all directions. Here was a broken leg, while there lay a part of a hand, or some other portion of the human frame, in which life and spirit beamed a minute ago.— The hand that writes this description of a most horrible death gathered up the scattered brains and mingled limbs, placed them on a plank, and assisted to carry them them to New Rochelle depot. The sad accident or rather horrible suicide, occurred about three hundred

,

inches thick, is to be taken off in sections to the skill as a Physician TO STRANGERS. height of twenty feet and sent to the World's Fair n the city of New York."

TO S'IRANGERS. The many thousands cured at this institution within the last ten years, and the numerous im-portant Surgical Operations performed by Dr. J., witnessed by the Reperters of the papers and ima-ny other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee that the afflicted will find a skilful and have opened obvering Awrul-He sat before a low table, and his pa fingers clutche with convulsive energy the handle of a knife. His brows were knit, and his lips tightly compressed, while the wild and unsettled express-

ion of his eyes seemed to indicate the desperate pu pose that was flashing through his excited brain. Department of the america with third a skilled and honorable physician. N. B.—Shun the numerous pretenders who call themselves Physicians, and apply to DR. JOHN STON. Be not enticed from this office. SCALL LETTERS POSI-PAID→REME. DIES SENT BY MAIL. Suddealy he held the glittering steel to the light, he felt its keen edge and tapering point, then with sturtling energy he raised the fatal knife on high, and plunged it into the breast of a ---- roast goose The gravy ran out in torrents, and the hafi-famish-ed young gentleman left behind him, as the only . june 7,1853.

JNO. S. WALKER, JNO. S. WALKER, A) IPIPOBRIE A IP LAW OFFICE Four doors above Swope's Tavern, East King. Street, LANCASTER, PA.

Sept 7, 1852

1y-20

ANDIS & BLACK, ATTORNIES AT LAW: Office-Three doors below the Lancaster Bank, South Queen Street, Lancaster, Penn'a. All kinds of Scrivening, such as writing Wills, Deeds, Mortgages, Accounts, &c., will be attended to with correctness and despatch. January 16, 1849 51 ay them a visit when they come to the city, hey feel satisfied they can offer their goods as h s any store in Philadelphia.

GEORGE W. M'ELROY, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in N. Queen street, opposite Ziegler's "Na-tional House," Lancaster, Pa.

Also, Surveying—and all kinds of Conveyancing, writing Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, &c., and stating Administrators' and Excutors' Accounts, will be ttended to with correctness and despatch.

attended to with correctness and despatch. april 19, 1853. **Dr. J. Mairs McAllister,** HOMOE-DUOPTHIC PRACTITIONER.—Office, North Duke Street, Lancaster, a few doors below Ches-

office hours, from 6 to 9 A. M., and from 5 t 10 P. M. Dec 14-1y-47 A Card.-Dr. S. P. ZIEGLER, offers his Dec 14-1y-47

Hosiery, &c., &c. Also, 30,000 yards of SILKS of every descrip-tion-Plain, Watered, Striped, Plaid and Figured, with a full stock of Black Silks. A Protessional services in all its various branch es to the people of Lancaster and vicinity. Also, 100 Paris Barege Robes; the newest goods [april 26 tf-14 Residence and Office North Prince st., betwee

worn. [april 25 tf-14 **Sea Bathing.**—CAPE MAY—CAPE ISL AND. NATIONAL HALL. This large, new and elegant Hotel is now open for the season. The public will this a first class House. It is situated on high ground, with a large Garden in front, and affords a most magniferent view of the Orange and Cheant streets, where he can be con wilted at all hours, unless prefessionally engaged Calls promply attended to, and charges moderate april 25 tf-14 \_\_\_\_\_

Removal. Dr. John McCalla, Dentiat, would respectfully announce to his numerous friends and patrons that he has removed his Office from No. 8, to No. 4 East King st., Lanront, and affords a most magnificent view of the Ocean. Mr. P. M'COLLOM is engaged, and would be glad his Office from No. 8, to No. 4 East hing on, and caster, second house from Centre Square, where he is prepared to perform all oper-ations coming within the province of

MI. F. M. Coulds at M. Could a

Great Attraction ! The People's Cheap Clothing Store, at No. 30, NORTH QUERN Sr., opposite Hostetter's (late Kaufman's) hotel. Dental Surgery on the most approved Dental Surgery on the mostapproved principles. [march 22 3m-9] Ref the firm of Dr. M. M. Moore & Son, will remove his office from the old stand, to the rooms Having just returned from Philadelphia with a ine and beautiful assortment of Cloths, Cassimere and Vestings, of every shade and texture, he would now solicit a share of public patronage, promising as a return, to suite the tastes of all, whether plain or gay in dress. The va isty and beautiful style of Goods cannot be surpassed in this city by any remove his once from the out stand, to the form iormerly pecchaiced by Dr. Thomas Evans, Dentiet, in the building situated on the South East Corner of North Queen and Orange streets, the lower rooms of which are occupied by Erben's Clothing Store and G. Metzger's Shoe Store, where he will

other establishment. READY-MADE CLOTHING

of every description on hand, such as Dress and Frock Coats, Sack and Busines Coats, Monkey Jackets, Pants, Vests, &c., all of which have been made up by the best workmen. Also a fine supply of Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Stocks, Gloves, Handgive that care and attention ands. rchiefs, &c. Customer Work attended to in the most syste march 29

Then hasten, good people, pray do not delay, From Hostetter's hotel just over the way, You will find us all smiles, obliging and kind, And clothing in abundance and cHEAP you will find

feb 22 tf-5]

Instant relief: A single dose removes all the un-pleasant symptoms; and it onlyneeds to bo repeated short for a time to make these good effects perma-nent. Puri ty of Blood and Vigor of Body followat once. It is particularly excellent in cases of Nausea, Vomiting, Cramps, Soreness of the pit of the Stomach, distress filter eating, low, cold state of the Blood Heaviness, Lowness of Spirits Des-pondency, Emmainton, Weakness, tendency of Insanity, Suicide, &c. Insanity, Suicide, &c. Dr. HOUGHTON'S PEPSIN is sold by nearly

Dr. HOUGHTON'S PEPSIN is sold by nearly all the dealers in fine drugs and Popular Medicines throughout the United States. It is prepared in Powder and in Fluid form—and in prescription vtals for the use of Physicians. TRIVATE CIRCULARS for the use of Physicians, may be obtained of Dr. Houghton of his Agents, describing the whole process of preparation, and giving the authorities upon which the claim of this new remedy arebased. As it is not a secret remery no objection can be raised aguinst its use by Phy-sicians in respectable standing and regular practice. Price OAE DOLLAR per burile. acroBEERVE THIS :--Every bottle of the genuine PEPSIN bears the written signature of J. S.HOUGHTON, M. D., sole proprietor, Phil-adelpha, Pa. Copy-right and Trade Mark secured Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines for asle in Lancaster by LONG & SCHOENFELD, No. 1, Kramph's Arcade, N. E. cor. North Queen

LONG & SCHOENFELD, No. 1, Kramph's Arcade, N. E. cor. North Queen and Orange sis., one do or east of Kramphs Clo-thing Store, Lancaster.

#### A CARD.

A CARD. THE subscribers beg leave thus to acquaint their friends and the public, that they've made such arrangements with a house in the city of Philadel-phia, as will enable them to execute orders for the purchase and sale of

purchase and sale of  $\circ$ BANK STOCK, RAIL ROAD STOCK STATE AND UNITED STATES LOANS &c., &c. At the Board of Brokers, with promptness and fidelity and on as favorable terms in every respect, as can be done in Philadelphia. The faithful and confidential execution of all business entrusted to them may berelied on

Contactual execution of all pusiness entrusted to them may berelied on. Money safely invested for individuals on Estates in Bonds and Mortgages, State and United States securities, &c. &c. Personal attention will be given to the proper transfer, &c., of

Stock, Loans, &c., and such general supervision as will obtain for thos intrusting business'to them the safest and most desirable securities. Also, the collection of Notes, Checks, Bills, &c.

on Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, and the towns &c. in this vicinity. Also, persons desirous of buying or selling any stock of the Lancaster Banks, Conestoga Steam

Mills, Gas or Turnpike Stocks by leaving the order

in our nands will meet with prompt attention. JOHN F. SHRODEB, GEORGE K. REED, One door from the corner of North Queen a Centre Square, Lancaster, Pa. Feb. 12, 1850. 3-1y 3-1y

#### Sign Painting.

WILLIAM E. HEINITSH, respectfully an, nounces to his friends and the public, tha having given up the Mercantile Business, ho. has turned his attention to SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, in Oil or Water Color. Signs Painted with neatness and despatch, ou

The public are invited to call and examine speci-mens at his room, No. 18, East King street. GILT BLOCK LETTERS-Having made ar-

rangements with the Manufacturer, he is now pre-pared to furnish Gilt Block Letters for Signs, at

Political and Military Banners, Transparencies, Awning Wings, and every description of Ornamed-tal Painting, done in the best manner. The attention of Merchants and Mechanics is re-

pucated to his Fancy Signs in Water Colors, for dis-tribution, now so much in use, in the large cities. A share of public patronage is solicited July 20, 1852. 26-11

LEATHER AND FINDING STORE,

SHOE PEGS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Aug. 10--1y] Successor to G. A. Yocum

have great conveniences for waiting upon those who may favor him with a call. J. G. M. having had considerable experience in the Dental Art as-sures those who are desirous of having anything done pertaining to Dentistry, that he is prepared to

which the case de N. B .--- Entrance to Office, 2d door on Orange St

4 CHEAP

No. 155 North Second Street, between Race und Vine Streets, Philadelphia.

D EPPELSHEIMER & SON

tours!

**Mass Meetings**! **Mass interlines: GREAT Mass Meeting of the friends of good Daguerreotype Likensises,** STON'S SKY-LIGHT GALLERY, corner of North Queen and Orange streets, every day until further 12 No postponement on account of the weather Lancaster, June 22, 1852. 22-tf

ariy opposite Michael's ncaster. GEORGE UNKLE. J cited at this Office

The people wantCLOTHING they want to buy ches Then call at GEO. UNKLE'S, and just take a peop The 'People's Cheag Clothing Store' easy is found It stands in North Queen st., where goods do about

Some people are large, some smaller in size; And every Gent, and spry lad in the land, Resolve to have CLOTHING substantial and grand

Remember the place-nearly opposite Michael' Hotel, North Queen st., Lancaster.

matic manner. A large variety of superior Clou having been purchased especially for that object. The people are honest, the people are wise;

nument of his prowess, a pyramid of dones.

IN THE STORE ARE

4 Cases English and French Ginghams. Embroideries, Mitts, Gloves, Veils, Scarfs.

Parasols, Muslins, Flannels, Linens,

orn.

The newest styles Paris Mantillas.

Shawls of every description. 10 Cases Paris Mousline de Laines.

2000 dollars New Silver Coin.-mium, payable in the new coin. may 10 tf-16 J. F. SHRODER & CO.