# FOR PRESIDENT: (Subject to the decision of the National Conven

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. SENATORIAL.
GEORGE W. WOODWARD, of Luzerne.
Wilson M. Candless, of Allegheny. ADDITIONAL DISTRICT.
ROBERT PATTERSON, of Philadelphia.

DISTRICT'. Peter Logan, Geo. II. Martin, John Miller, F. W. Bockius, Isaac Robinson, 16. Henry Fetter, 17. James Burnside, 18. Maxwell McCaslin, 19. Joseph McDonald, 20. W. S. Colahan, A. Apple, N. Strickland, Abraham Peters, Andrew Burk, David Fister, William Dunn 10. R. E. James, R. E. James,
John WcReynolds,
P. Dumon,
22. William Clark,
23. J. S. M'Calmont,
24. George R. Barret.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER

### William Searight, OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

County Committee.

The following resolution was passed at the Democratic County Convention, for Lancaster county, held in this City on the 14th of January last: Resolved, That the President of this Convention be authorized to announce, at a suitable time, the Democratic County Committee for the ensuing po-

In obedience to this resolution, Mr. Thomas S. M Ivain the President of the County Convention, has handed us the following list of the new County Committee for publication.

WILLIAM MATHIOT, Esq., City,

Chairman. -John Echternacht Bart - William Pickel. Brecknock-David M'Colm. -Dr B F. Bunn Co erain-Abraham D. Whiteside. Cocalico East-Col. Andrew Ream Cocalico West-William Bechtel. Conestoga-S. S. Weish -William Brown, Peter A. Kimburg. Conny-John Filbert. City Lancaster-N. W. Ward-Jno H. Duchman,

S. W. Ward—Col. W. S. Amweg, Jacob F. Kautz.
N. E. Ward—H. B. Sware Jacob Weaver. N. E. Ward-H. B. Swarr, James L. Reynolds. S. E. Ward-Henry Wilhelm, Edward Morton. Drumore-Robert W. Moore. Donegal East.—Jacob S. Roath.
Donegal West.—John Gross.
Elizabethtown Dor.—Benjamin F. Bear. Flienbeth-Lewis R. Hibschman Earl-Anthony Carpenter.
Earl East-George Duchman. Earl West-John Forney. Ephrata-Jacob L. Gross. Fulton-Samuel Wicks Hempfield East-Henry Imhoff, Jr. Hempfield West-Dr. A. K. Rohrer. Lampeter East-Henry W. Gara. Lampeter West—Henry Raub, Sr. Lancaster Twp.—Benjamin Huber. Leacock—John L. Lightner. Leacock Upper—Dr. A. S. Bare. Little Britain-William Hays, Jr Martic-Dr. George W. Smith Marietta-Dr. James Cushman. Mount Jou Bor - Joseph Porter. Mount Joy Bor .- John Sheaffer Manheim Bor .- Benjamin Donaven. Manheim Two. - Benjamin Workman. Manor - Abraham Peters. enn-David M. Eberly. Paradise—Daniel Girvin.

Strasburg Twp.—John Raub, Sr. Warwick—Daniel Kreider. Washington Evr.—John A. Brush. The Township Committees wild he announced

# The Firemen's Procession.

Rapho-Jeseph Masterson

Sadsbury—Robert Steele. Salisbury—William F. Paker

Strasburg Bor .- W. F. S. Warren

The Philadelphia propers of Tuesday last are Payment of Guarantees. filled with accounts of the great Firemen's Proces | Payment of interest on Funded the most magnificent pageant of the kind ever witnessed in this country—which came off in that city on the previous day. There were delegations, accompanied by splendid bands of music from New York, New Jersey, Boston, Baltimore, Frederick city, and various towns in Pennsylvania. The Procession was about five miles in length, and numbered from 6 to 8000 equipped men. The whole number of Companies in the line was 95, of which 69 belonged to Philadelphia. There were 49 bands of music in attendance, and every thing Expenses for motive power, 1852. was on the most ample scale of grandeur. The Procession was headed by an immense bell on wheels, the ponderous strokes of which gave notice to the citizens of the approach of the line. The route traversed was nearly twelve miles in length. Immediately following the bell came a cavalcade of 95 Firemen, handsomely mounted, consisting of one member from each Company in the lin fully equipped in the dress of their various compa

Throughout the whole route, flags were stream ing in countless numbers, comprising those of every civilized nation in the world. Beautiful arches were also erected at various points, and an immense number of boquets were thrown by the Ladies to the Firemen as they passed along. The march lasted nearly eight hours, and no disturbance or ac eident of any kind occurred during the day.

A fire broke out in Coates street, while the Proession was moving. The Chief Marshal promptly detailed ten Companies to extinguish it; which they did and rejoined the Procession in about an hour. The occasion and its incidents will doubtless long be remembered by the citizens of Philadelphia The simple reason why we have not here

ofore noticed the charge made against Mr. Bu CHANAN, in the Chambersburg Sentinel, of having dictated the article against Mr. SEARIGHT, which appeared some two or three weeks since in the Bedford Gazette, is on account of its absurdity. Sure- | Clerk hire in State Department. ly, the editor of the Sentinel is not serious in his harge against Mr. Buchanan.

A SUBSTANTIAL PLATFORM.—We learn that the Committee of Arrangements for the reception of the National Democratic Convention, have ordered direct from the Hermitage, 20,000 feet of prime HICK. ORY BOARDS for the construction of the PLATFORM upon which the Convention is to hold its delibera-We like every thing that comes from the Her

mitage, and shall feel very safe upon the proposed NEW JERSEY CONVENTION .- The Demo

cratic State Convention of New Jersey met at Trenton, on Thursday last, and appointed seven lelegates (with alternates) to represent the State in the approaching National Convention. They go without instructions properly, but a resolution was adopted declaring Gen. Cass the first choice of the Convention. The delegates are left untrammeled, except so far as the resolution referred to may be considered an expression of preference on the part of a majority of the body who appointed

The struggle was between Gen. Cass and Commodore STOCKTON-the friends of Mr. BUCHANAN not wishing to contest the matter with the Commodore in his own State. It is understood that Mr. Buchanan is the second choice of the delegates, as he was of the Convention.

The Supreme Court is now in session, at Harrisburg. The present week is devoted to cases ari-

George M. Philips, Esq., formerly of the Car-

### The Same Scheme Again.

The close observer of passing events need not be politicians, and in which the whig candidate for Governor himself joined, to impress upon the public mind that the debt of the State had been reduced to the amount of several hundred thousand view, large arrays of figures and nice calculations vere resorted to; and perhaps some even yet suppose the reduction of the debt of the commonwealth was as stated by these men; whereas, facts prove that no such reduction was made, but on the contrary the indebtedness was only changed from one responsibility to another.

The Presidential election being now close at hand, and the whigs in power, the same scheme is being esorted to in regard to the debt of the general government, so recently exposed in this commonwealth. Statements are made, masses of figures are precented, and labored arguments entered into to show that certain large sums have been paid by the ex- by our whole community. isting whig administration, for which they ask

credit. The facts are, that the revenues received by the general government, through the tariff of 1846, exceed in amount the largest estimate of its most ardent friends, and hence were it true that a large mount of debt has been liquidated, it would only be in accordance with the natural order of things. But when the undisputable fact is presented that during this whig administration, during a time of peace and plenty, the actual expenses reach or exceed the amount expended by a democratic administration during the prosecution of an expensive war, it will necessarily be asked how this can be?

The expenditures of the present whig administration are unexampled in the history of our country; and the large amounts extracted from the treas ury for the payment of old, and long since rejected claims, are not only matters of general notoriety, but cast a stigma upon the whig administration
which all their figuring cannot explain away or
the Hon Richard Coulter, deceased. With sen

When the expenditures of the government, under democratic administration, reached thirty millions of dollars in one year, whig presses and whig politicians made a great outcry at the enormous extravagance of a democratic administration; but now, under a whig administration, in time of peace too, the amount of expenditure reaches more than fifty millions of dollars, and the whig papers and whig politicians are mum upon the subject. Concious, however, that the facts will appear, the truth will out, they resort to the game of blocking off by presenting an array of figures in Edvance, with the view of pre-occupying the public mind with the idea of a decrease of the public debt, through the economy and good government of the whig administration, but, as will be made manifest, they are only preparing the public for increased astonishment when the developement of the whole matter shall be made, as the present whig administration will appear the most extravagant of any that has ever existed in this country.-Norristown Register-

#### State Appropriations. The following is a synopsis of the general appro-priation bill adopted by the State Legislature at its

2,400 00

199,900 00

400,000 00

60,000 00

112.000 00

864,000 00

40.417.00

8.000 00

11,350 00

last session : Salaries in Dxecutive Department Contingent expenses of Executive and State Departments. Contingent expenses, Aud r. Gen-Contingent expenses, State Treasurer's Office. eral's Office. Contingent expenses, Surveyor General's Office. Expenses of the Legislature, Printing, folding, binding and stitching Packing and distributing Laws

and Journals. Miscellaneous Expenses. Water and Gas for Public buildings. support of the Comm Schools Pensions and Gratuities. Expenses of the Judiciary.

Payment of interest to Domesti-Debt. and improvements on Ca For relaying north track Philadel-

phia and Columbia R. R. the Allegheny Portage R. R. [\$200,000 b) this sum to b from the North Branch Cana Loan, and \$200,000 from sur-Delaware Division Pennsylvania

Canal For ordinary repairs, Expenses for motive power, from and after 1852. For payment of Collectors, Imters. &c., &c.

Expenses Canal Commissioners. Rebuilding of Locks in the Ca nal at Northumberland, and re pairs to the schute at Shamo ken Dam. Repairs to road and farm bridges.

ayment of debts contracted for repairs & damages by floods, &c.
Paying of debts contracted for
repairs previous to Dec. 1, 1850. For repairs of damages that may be done by flood or fire to public works. State Library.

Payment salaries in Eastern and Western Penitentiaries.
mproving Eastern Penitentiary. louse of Reluge. Pennsylvania Institute for the Pennsylvania Institute for the deaf

and dumb. State Lunatic Hospital, ompletion Western Reservoir. ublication Final Geological Re-

or damages to private property by construction of Railroad to avoid Inclined Plane, at River Schuvlkill. dditional Clerks in Surveyor's Office.

Books for Registration. Pennsyl'a Colonization Society Public Grounds. Expenses at State Arsenal. For payment claims.

#### To this may be added the loan of \$850,000 for the completion of the North Branch Canal, from which \$200,000 is to be deducted for the Allegheny

ortage Railraod. The section of the bill authorizing the Governor and State Treasurer to negotiate a loan of \$5,000,-000, and issue therefor 5 per cent. coupon bonds, for the purpose of liquidating the 6 per cent. loans falling due in \$853 and 1854, was agreed to without a division. By this operation, \$50,000 will be saved annually to the Commonwealth. So

much for Governor BIGLER's policy. IF Why is it that a majority of the whig papers of the South are assailing Mr. Buchanan with such bitterness? We can hardly open one which does not contain some new slander, or old ones revamped. All the other prominent democratic candidates are appreted to past sout feet. lidates are permitted to past scot free, and in some instances are even eulogised, and the vials of whis wrath are aimed at the devoted head of this one in

Why is this? Do they think he will nominee—and are they afraid of him? be our nomin "Straws show which way the wind blows!"-West FROST BITTEN .-- A Miss Frost, in Massachuset has recovered \$365 of a gallant, for a breach of

at the rate of a dollar a day for it. BUTTER IN NEW YORK .- It is estimated that 125, 000 lbs, of butter are used daily in the city of

promise. He courted her a year, and has to pay

New York, costing \$41,250. Butter is now selling at 371 cents per pound.

# Judge Woodward.

We give below, says the Pennsylvanian, the cortold that during the late canvass for Governor of respondence between Governor BIGLER and Judge this Commonwealth an attempt was made by whig | Woodward, by which it will be seen that Judge WOODWARD has accepted the office of Judge of the Supreme Court. During the term of that Court which has just passed, the Democratic Judges elected at the last election, performed all the duties ollars, and, to present it more effectively to public of their stations in a manner which added to their high characters, and increased their already widely extended reputations. Their opinions, brief but learned, in which there was not to be found an unmeaning display of authorities, but in which the main governing features of every case were succinctly and forcibly considered, were highly extolled and admired by the entire Bar of this city, and we have no doubt that when published, they will equally instruct and delight the Bar of the State .-Their labors were very severe; the business of that tribunal being largely in arrear, but they were compensated in a great degree by the manner in which those labors were received and appreciated

Judge Woodward will be found to be a worthy not say of any man. It is well known that a number of his friends in all sections of the State, were very desirous to have his name before the late Judicial Convention, but that family and other considerations prevented him from consenting to be a caudidate. On the present occasion his views were the same, and we know that he expressed a wish to the Governor that the commission might be bestowed on another. In accepting the commission Judge Woodward has sacrificed much, and we feel that our party and our people will not fail to appreciate the sacrifice which he has thus patriot-

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER. Harrisburg, April 27, 1852. Hon. Geo. W. Woodward—Dear Sir:—In view of your high character as a citizen and eminent at-tainments as a lawyer, I have conceived it to be iments of high regard, I remain, dear sir, yours 'WM. BIGLER.

WILKESBARRE, May 4, 1852. WILKESBARRE, May 4, 1602.

His Excellency, Wm. Bigler—Dear Sir:—
Your polite note of the 27th ult., tendering me a commission as a Judge of the Supreme Court, in the room of Hon. Richard Coulter, deceased, has the interests and neen received. On a review of all the interests and ircumstances connected with this appointment,

eel it to be my duty to accept it. I beg you to accept, dear sir, my thanks for the nfidence implied in appointing me to so importint a trust, and my assurances, also, that, while I nter upon the exercise of it with great diffidence to fulfil it faithfully.

I shall, whatever time it my hands, spare no efforts to fulfil it faithfully.

I am, with great regard, your obedient servant,

GEO. W. WOODWARD. obedient servant,

AN ACCOMPLISHED SWINDLER.—The Philadel. phia Bulletin of Wednesday, tells the following-Yesterday an officer of the Mayor's police arrested a female about 21 years of age, named Ann Eliza Burns, alias Shaw, alias Black, alias Spindlar, on the charge of perpetrating numerous impositions and frauds, and committing various larcenies in Philadelphia and the various towns of Pennsylvania and New Jersey. The prisoner was taken into custody at a respectable house in Market street, where she was boarding.

It has been ascertained that within the last two or three years, she has taken to herself no less than three husbands, (their names are Shaw, Black and Spindlar.) She married only two weeks ago. is a young man of very respectable connections in Lancaster county. She has been lately traveling about, and lately came to this city from Belmont, 1,330 00 Her native place was the vicinity of German. She has been in the House of Refuge for 1,225 00 early improprieties. In that institution she staid only a short time before winning a card of merit. At the age of 13 she was bound out, but did not remain long at service. 100,000 00

Her criminal career has being going on for the 25,000 00 last seven or eight years. Among the false repre-sentations she made at different times and to differ-ent persons here and elsewhere, were that she was 700 00 the heiress to a large fortune on coming of age, and owned a number of fine houses in Philadelphia.— Some of these buildings she took ladies to see, and inted them out as hers. When the wedded Shaw, one of her husbands,

200,000 00 she refused to let him work, saying she had plenty of means which she would very soon have the ex-90,000 00 2,000,000 00

have been swindled by her, should call at the May-200,000 00 or's office. ANOTHER TERRIBLE FIGHT AT CHAGRES .- A correspondent under date of April 7th, gives the following account of another bloody battle at Cha-

them the robbery of Mrs. Bell. All persons who

Chagres has again been the scene of another bloody battle. It was at this time black against black, Carthagenians and natives against Jamacians menced at the house of a Mrs. Johnson, on the American side, a Jamacia negress, who, it appears, gave a fandago to her colored countrymen. About one o'clock in the morning an unfortunate native entered her house, and as some ill feeling existed since the last row between the Jamaicans and natives, they beat the poor native most unmercifully He immediately went over to the other side and sounded the alarm, and in less than half an hour the little river which separates the Americans from he Chagres side, was swarming with canoes, loaded with Carthagenians and natives, who came to avenge the injury done their companion. ssembled on the bank to the number of about 300. armed with hatchets and long knives, and marched in a solid body to Mrs. Johnson's when the work of destruction commenced. Glass bottles were hurld at the natives, pistols were fired, but the natives forced their way in, and after tearing everything in the house to pieces, attacked the Jamacains with achete and knives. The Jamacians were forced nachers and killyes. The Jamachan's were inten-tor retreat after being cut in a most frightful man-ner. One poor fellow had both arms cut off, just above the elbow; some their fingers cut off, and 15.000 00

some their back and face horribly mutilated. Such yelling and screeching!-it appeared to me as it some wild beasts were devouring the whole population. There were some three hundred and fifty Jamaica men, at the time, up the river. Had they been here, the slaughter would have been awful.— They fought desperately on both sides for two hours, but the drum on the fort sounded for the troops to muster, and some sixty came over and charged on the mob, who scattered rell mell to the woods. The troops took possession of the field of battle and arrested some twenty of the ringleaders and took

575 00 hem to the fort. It was whispered that another attack would be made the next night, on the Jamacians, and num bers of them sought protection in the Castle, but order reigns again in Chagres. The Jamaica men are leaving for home, and the Sierra Neveda took some forty or fifty to Jamacia. A strong guard is 232 00 kept on the other side, and canoes are not permitted to cross over after ten o'clock at night, while a guard is on this side ready to give the alarm in case of another outbreak. The troops in the Cas-\$4,542,433 54 tle remain under arms, and sentries are placed

within call on the ramparts. SEND THEM BACK .- The Judges that fled from Utah, have been ordered to return immediately to that Mormon territory, or to send in their resignations. They don't feel much inclined to do either They prefer resigning themselves to their comfortable positions at home. They prefer the "fleshpots of Egypt," to the chance of "Manna and quails in the wilderness.

There are thousands of men, however, who would like very well to go as their substitutes. The plurality of wives allowed by the Mormon creed, and indulged in by Mormon practice, would suit the Oriental inclinations of some folks exactly; and we more youthful, the difficulty would be in keeping them away from Utah, not in driving them to it! MR. BUCHANAN IN TEXAS.—The San Augustine

Texas, Herald, which unfurls the flag of General Houston for President, says:

Our honest convictions are that Mr. Buchanan vill be stronger in the Baltimore Convention than any other candidate, and will probably receive the argest vote on the first ballot. The two of voting will undoubtedly be adopted by the con-vention, by which the nominee will have to receive the vote of two thirds of the whole convention b

Rhode Island and Massachusetts have both adopted the Maine Liquor Law.

## City and County Items.

For the last ten days we have had warm and seasonable weather, which has put quite a different face upon the appearance of vegetation through this section of the country. But, as every bitter is said to have its sweet, here in the crowded thoroughfares of our bustling little city, we are almost, suffocated with the dust. Two weeks ago, and for weeks previous to that time, it was nothing but mud-mud and short-legged folks were in danger of being swamped; now, however, we are at the other extreme, and it would require a great elongation of stature to keep one's eyes and nostrils above the influence of the clouds of dust which fill the streets and which is so annoying to many of our good house-wives who wish to keep their furniture and carpets from blemish. O, for a sprinkling of rain -but we won't complain, for fear it might be worse. We can stand a little dust, but mud is an abomination in our eyes.

Messrs, HERRI SCHUMACHER, & celebrated Violin player, and GEORGE F. PETTINOS, a firstrate Pianist, expect to be in Lancaster, in the ourse of a few days, for the purpose of giving one and fit colleague for such men, and more we could or two of their inimitable concerts. From the high character of these gentlemen as distinguished musicians, they will hardly fail in drawing crowded houses to listen to their performance. We bespeak for them a cordial reception.

FULTON HALL.-The new Hall to be erected by Christopher Hager, Esq., on the old jail-property is to be called "Fulton Hall," in honor of Robers Fulton, the discoverer of the power of steam, who was a native of Lancaster county. The name, Fulton Hall, is a most appropriate one, and Mr. Ha ger has evinced a commendable pride in the commemoration of one whom Lancaster county may ever feel a pride in claiming as one of her most dis tinguished sons.

The Hall is to be 53 feet in front, on Prince treet, and 148 feet in depth, and three stories high-The first story to be 20, and the second 23 feet .-The first floor room is intended for the holding of nublic or political meetings, county conventions, &c. The second story will be fitted up with more elegance, and is intended to be used a a lecture-room for the holding of concerts, &c. &c. The third story will be occupied by societies. We have heard tha the "Red Men," a very flourishing society, are to

The workmen began tearing down the old build ing on Tuesday morning.By the 10th of September we have the promise that we can have the pleas ure of hearing Jenny Lind or Catharine Hayes in Fulton Hall. We know if energy and business tact can accomplish it, Mr. Hager will not disap point us .- Examiner.

SERIOUS BUT NOT FATAL MISTAKE .- The Columbia Spy learns that a few days since Mr. Henry Arfert, residing in West Hempfield township, gathered a root, which he supposed was snake root, but which proved to be of a very poisonous nature, and seriously though not dangerously poisoned himself and Mr. Henry Wolfersberger. Parts of their bodies became very much swollen, though by medical treatment they were relieved, and are now do ing well.

The General Appropriation bill passed by the Legislature this year contains the following items in favor of citizens of Lancaster county, viz For the payment of claims arising from the de-

ing sums .— To Henry Herr, \$170,29; to Henry Cassel \$27; to Samuel King \$50,59; to B. Fisher \$257,31; to Jacob Lapp \$29,44; to Peter Lefever \$84.53; to S. K. Cramer \$174.86. For the payment of the claim of Thos. McElrath for damages sustained in the destruction of fences, posts, forest and ornamental trees, caused

ing of the canal, \$100.

For the payment of the claim of William Wiley

OUR CITY-IMPROVEMENTS .- The present build ing season promises to be an unusually brisk one in clusive control of.

The impostor is an exceedingly shrewd little woman, full of fun, and remarkably quiet in her demeanor. Her appearance is specious, and her manners wonderfully free from suspicion. Two larcenies have already been traced to her—one of ot less than one hundred substaing houses in various parts of town-some of which are intended to be really elegant mansions. In addition, there is now every prospect that a new and splendid Catholic Church and the buildings necessary for Franklin Marshal College, will be put under contract the present season. A former resident of Lancaster, after an absence of ten or fifteen years would hardly recognize the place any more, so ompletely has the old town been metamorphosed n the appearance of the buildings within a short ime. Carpenters, brick layers, masons, house paint ers, &c. &c., will have a busy time of it this sum

mer. sexes, took a stroll into East King street for the

II It is in contemplation to have an Odd Fel the ensuing summer or fall, on which occasion the Hall in South Oneen street, will be formally dedicated by the Officers of the Grand Lodge, a cere mony which has never yet been attended to, altho the building has been erected and used by the Order for several years.

The following is the result of the election for School Directors, held in this city, on Tuesday last:-

208 L. R. Hamersly, 2 Regular Ticket. M. D. Holbrook, 199 A. W. Dennison, 210 I. N. Ellmaker, W. Hubley, C. Van Camp. 205 Jos. Clarkson. 202 A. B. Kauffman 201 H. A. Rockafield Henry Stock, 204 J. Fondersmith, G. M. Kline, 406 Jacob Meyers, 343 F. H. Carpenter 227 Geo. M. Kline, 207 J. W. Jackson, W. G. Evans, 209 W. G. Evans

NT SAMURE SLOAN of Philadelphia, has been apointed architect for the erection of the new Couny Court House. Mr. Sloan is a master in his proession and the Commissioners could not have made

LADIES' FAIR.-The Ladies of the Episcopal Church in Columbia, will hold a Fair at the saloon of the Odd Fellows' Hall, to commence to-morrow at 10 o'clock, A. M., and to continue until Thursday night. The doors will be open throughout the entire day and evening of Thursday. The articles to be offered for sale will consist of useful and fancy articles, and a choice variety of refreshments. The roceeds of the Fair are to aid in extinguishing the debt still remaining on the Chnrch.

ability decrease somewhat.—Columbia Spy.

The Board of School Directors of this city net, for re-organization, on Thursday evening, and re-elected Gro. M. Steinman, Esq. President, John ZIMMERMAN, Secretary, and PETER McConomy, Freasurer, for the ensuing year.

by Rev. PERMEL COOMBE, of this city, and Rev oDr McLEAN, President of Lafayette College, Easton.

NEW YORK, May 6 .- The steamship Europe reached her berth at half-past 5 o'clock this after-noon, bringing Liverpool dates of the 24th ult., and Fergus O'Conner, the member of Parliament fo

ottingham, is one of the passengers in the Europa The Cotton market closed on Friday, the 23d irm but not buoyant.

Breadstuffs were in good demand, and Flour was 6d dearer. Corn had advanced 1s. for yellow, and the market for Wheat favored the sellers.

California Gold Mining shares were in improved mand on the 22d. ENGLAND.—On Thursday, in the House Commons, the subject of abolishing the stamp duty on newspapers, and the duty on advertisement came up for consideration. Mr. Miluor Gibson made a long speech in favor of abolishing all taxes on knowledge, and introduced a motion to that ei

The Chancellor of the Exchequer said he looked on the question as one of revenue, and that the Government could not afford to lose a million and a half per annum. At his suggestion the discu ion was postponed till Friday week.

The Militia bill was read the second time.

The ship Brilliant had arrived in the Downs from Australia, with gold amounting to £217,000 -This vessel reports that the ship Statesman was to sail in February with 80,000 ounces.

Twenty one vessels with emigrants from the acacent Colonies were entering the harbor of Port Philip when the Brilliant left The Orestes sloop-of-war had captured a Spanish slaver in the Mozambique Channel, after a desper

ate resistance. By the Overland Mail an account has been re ceived stating that 234 native emigrants left Mad ras on the 3d of December (in the ship Fultan Salaam) for Mauritius. During a gale on the 23d the hatches were battened down, and every one o

the poor wretches perished from suffocation.

A telegraphic despatch from Vienna says tha the persecutions against the mother and sisters of Rossuth have been suspended, and they are to be allowed to join their son and brother in America.

A remarkable statement appears in the London Times respecting the course to tria, Prussia and Russia, in the event of Louis Na poleon assuming the title of Emperor, the substance of which is, that Prince Schwarzenburg had adlressed a circular to the European Courts, express ing his conviction that President Napoleon was about to erect an Imperial throne, but adding that Austria felt no alarm, and advocating the claims of the President to the friendship and alliance of conservative governments. Prussia answered the circular on the 18th, and Russia on the 29th of February. The tenor of both replies is that the wo powers looked upon the design of the French President neither with fear nor hostility. That hey believe he is disposed to follow the foreign olicy of his uncle, and is now aiming to separat the powers of Europe in order to profit hereafter by that separation, but that the three powers, acting in concert, could keep him in check. Russia and Prussia, however, would recognize him as Empero elected to that office, but merely as an elective monarch-not as the founder of a Napoleonic dy

lidate for the Presidency, but every delegation present was largely in favor of James Buchanan as their first choice, and all the delegates appointed to FRANCE.-The most extensive preparations re being made in Paris for the grand fete of the 10th of May. La Patrie announces officially that the Presiden

has no intention of proclaiming the Empire.

It is stated that a camp for the exercise of 60, en is to be formed at Compeigne, to be com manded by the President.

ITALY.—Letters from Genoa state that trade s revived fully in that city since the commercial

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.-The New York Mercantile Journal, gives the following exhibit of our commercial affairs. That paper says: Prices bread stuffs rule very low on the other side o the Atlantic. Our stock on hand is large, and superabundant, and consequently prices have been brought down to a level to admit of very extensive he April number of this very able British periodishipments. The declining rates in freight have very much aided this movement. cal is now on our table, direct from the American The exports this month, 1st to 20th April

1852. 61,496 against 26,563 of wheat flour are - 114,220 bush. 17,490 Of wheat, 86,504 " - 129,231 " 52,550 As the season advances in Europe there will be increased demand, which will admit of the shipments continuing without being checked by any further decline. Cotton is improving in price at the Southern ports, showing that they understand there that the large crop is met by an equal, if not an increased consumption, and from hen may anticipate better accounts from Liverpool. Every element is in favor of a flow of prosperity and a reduction in the imports of dry goods (with which the market was overstocked last year) as is

shown by the returns so far, which is another indi-cgtion of a continued easy money market. The following are the imports of Dry Goods at this port \$915 905 \$496.493 1847 a bronze medal was given to the pupils, for Total thrown upon the market 856,954 545,723 endorsed upon the warrant, and No. 2 and acknowledgment upon the certificate of location; and

> IBELAND AS SHE IS .-- In Horace Greely's "Glances at Europe," published in New York in 1851, page 317 we find the following passage:

"Walking with a friend through one of the waste treets of Galway, (Ireland,) beside the outlet of the lakes, I came where a girl of ten years old was breaking up hard brook pebbles into suitable fragend roads with: we halted and M. asked how much she received for that labor, she answered: "Six pence a car load." "How long will it take you to break a car load?" "About a fortnight."— Further questions respecting her family &c., were answered with equal correctness and propriety, and with manifest truth Here was a mere child, who should be sent to school, delving from morning till night at an employment utterly unsuited to her sex and strength, and which I should consider dangerous to her eyesight, to earn for her poor parents a halfpenny per day.'

Such being the miserable pittance paid for labor of the hardest kind, is it any wonder the population of Ireland is, at this time, a million and a half One of the Cotton Mills, at Gloucester, N. J. less than it was seven years ago; that her poor pelow Philadelphia, was injured by fire on Friday houses are crowded, and that every vessel which of excess. morning last, to the amount of about \$30,000 .-By this disaster 125 hands are thrown out of emleaves her shores is crowded with men, women and children!!!

THE FARM JOURNAL. -The No. for this month contains the usual amount of useful matter. This journal has already attained a circulation beyond the expectations of its most sanguine friends, and is now one of the leading agricultural periodicals published in this country. The low price at which it is afforded and the large amount of valuable reading matter it contains monthly, recommend it to the lavor of every person interested in the science of agriculture, horticulture, &c.—Terms, one dollar a year. A. M Spangler, publisher, Lancaster.

RICHMOND, May. 4.—The Democrats of the Fifth Congressional District of Virginia have eleced Delegates to the National Convention at Balt more, without instructions, but they are all for Mr. Buchanan, except two who favor Judge Dou

THE WEATER AND CROPS .- The Upper Marlboro Gazette says that the recent sunny weather has had the effect to forward the growth of the Wheat, but the effect on the Tobacco Plantshas been injurious vast numbers of the fly have made their appearance Unless the weather be soon more propitious, the plants will be so seriously injured that the crop will e a scant one.

BALTIMORE MAY 9 .- The Maryland Legislahe have adopted a resolution directing Gov. Lowe appoint commissioners to collect facts and con-er with the Gov. of Pennsylvania in relation to the illing of the fugitive slave at Columbia, by officer Ridgely. A PRETTY SIGHT .- On Tuesday morning a train

of 44 cars passed through town, freighted with 209 head of cattle, consigned to S. H. Baker, of Philadelphia, by S. M. Baker of Obio. The entire train as drawn by the locomotive 'Tiger,' and contain ed an aggregate weight, exclusive of cars, of 251,-300 pounds—being an average of 1202 to each steer. We understand that this train will be kept employed by Mr. Baker for several weeks yet .-Carlisle Democrat.

IJ A Woman's Rights' Convention is to be held at West Chester, Pa., on the 2d and 3d of June next, to consider and discuss the present position of wonan in society, her natural rights and relative du-es." All persons interested in its objects are requested to be present and participate in its delibe

Mrs. Press married her second husband, no because she admired the sex, but just because he was the size of her first protector, "and would come so good to wear his old clothes out." Considerate woman, that. Mrs. Press can't bear to see any thing go to waste, as Mrs. Mulloney observed when she fried her potatoes with an end of a candle.

Land Warrants. Late from Europe.

FORMS AND REGULATIONS FOR THE ASSIGNMENT OF LAND WARRANTS AND LOCATIONS. GENERAL LAND OFFICE, March 23, 1852. By the first section of the act of Congress enti-tled "An act making land warrants assignable, and for other purposes," approved March 22d, 1852, it is provided: "That all warrants for military boun-

ty land which have been, or may hereafter be issued, under any law of the United States, and all valid ed, under any law of the United states, and an invalidations of the same, which have been, or may hereafter be made, are hereby declared to be assignable, by deed or instrument of writing, made and executed after the taking effect of this act, according to such regulations. ing to such form, and pursuant to such regulations as may be prescribed by the Commissioners of the General Land Office, so as to vest the assignee with all the riches of the many control of the with all the rights of thn original owners of the warrant or location."

In accordance with the provisions of this section, the following forms, are prescribed for the assignment of the warrants and locations referred to, to

NO. 1. For value received, I, A. B., to whom the within

A. B. [SEAL.]

G. H. the officer taking the acknowledgment.

On this - day of -, in the year -

STATE OF —, COUNTY OF —.
On this — day of —, in the year —, be fore me, personally came (here insert the name of the Warrantee) and (here insert the name and residence of a witness,) and the said [here insert the name of the witness] being well known to me as a credible and disinterested person, was duly sworn by me and on his oath declared and said, that he well knows the said [here insert the name of the Warrantee.] and that he is the same person to whom the within Warrant issued, and who executed the foregoing assignment, and his testimony being satisfac-tory evidence to me of the fact, the said [here insert the name of the Warrantee,] thereupon acknowledged

FORM FOR THE ASSIGNMENT OF THE LOCATION.

NO. 2. For value received, I, A. B., to whom the within ertificate of location was issued, do hereby sell peceive the natent therefor.

A. B. [SEAL.]

G. H. Form of acknowledgment where the vendor is person ally known to the officer taking the same.

sonally known to the officer, and where his identity has to be proved.

and the testimony being satisfactory me of that fact, the said [here insert the person to whom the certificate of location stied] thereupon acknowledged the said assignment

to be his act and deed. Assignment No. 1 and acknowledgment must be From January 1st.

Total entered at the port \$25,702,043 \$21,872,161

T'l thrown upon the mar't 25,566,171 23,432,646

The decline in the value of imported dry goods

The decline in the value of imported dry goods must be attested by two witnesses, acknowledged since 1st January, is thus shown to be nearly \$4, or a Commissioner of Deeds resident in the State from which he derives his appointment; and in instance where the acknowledgment is made before either of the officers above specified, except the Register or Receiver of a Land Office, it must be accompanied by a certificate, under seal of the proper authority, of the official character of the person before whom the acknowledgment was made and also at the contract of the person before whom the acknowledgment was made

All assignments of bounty land warrants issued under the act of September 28th, 1850, made before the date of this act, are invalid and void. The same section provides, "That any person entitled to pre-emption right to any land, shall be entitled to use any such land warrant in payment of the same, at the rate of \$1,25 per acre for the

to private entry proposed to be located is more than \$1,25 per acre, the holder of the warrant can loin accordance with the instructions contained cate in accordance with the instructions contained in the foregoing paragraph, the quantity specified in the warrant, by paying the difference in cash. This act does not authorize the holder of an eighty-acre warrant to locate therewith a forty-acre

ract of land at \$2,50 per acre in full satisfaction thereof, but he must locate, by legal subdivision, the compact body of eighty acres, as near as may be, and pay the difference. So also of 160 acre arrants.

edgment where the vendor is known to

STATE OF ----, COUNTY OF ---

[Officer's signature.]

and assign unto C. D., and to his heirs and assigns forever, the said certificate of location, and the warrant and land therein described, and authorize him Witness my hand and seal, this --- day of

STATE OF \_\_\_\_\_, COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_, in the year \_\_\_\_\_, before me personally came, [here insert the name of the person to whom the certificate of location issued] to me

has to be proved.

STATE OF —, COUNTY OF —.

On this — day of —, in the year —, before me, personally came [here insert the name of the person to whom the certificate of location issued.] and here insert the name and residence of the witness.] and the said [here insert the name of the witness] be ing well known to me as a credible and disinterested person, was duly sworn by me, and on his oath, declared and said that he well knows the said [here insert the name of the person to whom the certificate of location issued,] and that he is the same person to whom the within certificate of location issued, and who executed the foregoing assignment,

and also of thegenuiness of his signature.

tion, whether on offered or unoffered lands, can use a military bounty land warrant in payment for the tract pre-empted, reckoning the said warrant at per acre for the quantity therein spe the land so claimed is at the usual or enhanced minimum.

Should the area of the tract claimed exceed the amount called for in the warrant, the pre-emptor will have to pay for the excess in cash, but if it should fall short, he is not entitled to a refunding It is further provided by the same section, "that

on lands which are subject to entry at a greater minimum than \$1,25 per acre, the locator of said warrant shall pay to the United States, in cash, the lifterence between the value of such warrants at \$1,25 per acre, and the tract of land located on \$1,25 per acre, and the tract of land located on.
By these provisions, where the lands are subject
to private entry at \$1,25 per acre, the holder of an
eighty-acre warrant can take any two forty-acre
lots, forming a compact body of eighty-acres; and
the holder of a warrant for one bundred and sixty

Each warrant is to be distinctly and separately

LAYING OF CORNER STONE.—The corner stone f the new M. E. Church, in Columbia, we understand will be laid on to-morrow (Wednesday) af ternoon, at 3 o'clock. Rev. John Chambers, o Philadelphia, Rev. Pennel Coombe of this city, and others will be present and deliver addresses on th occasion. APPOINTMENT .- Mayor Kieffer has appoint Charles Frailey, Clerk of the Police Office, in place of John Wise, resigned. This is an excellent ap

ubject of Education. The object of his visit here s to dispose of scholarships in La Fayette College. That Institution is under the control of the Old School Presbyterian Church, and is represented as being in a flourishing\_condition. The Lancaster County Agricultural Society will hold a meeting at the Mechanics' Institute, on Monday, the 17th of May, 1852, at 10 o'clock, A. M LIST OF PUBLIC HOUSES IN THE CITY AND

ard townshin: 3 S. W. Ward Adamstown Lancaster twp, Lampeter East Brecknock Cærnarvon Lampeter West Leacock Leacock Upper ocalico West Colerain Little Britain Columbia

Elizabeth

Hempfield East

N. E. Ward City

. E. Ward

Ephrata Fulton

occupy it.

ruction of property in the warehouse of Stehman Herr, by sparks from a locomotive engine on the Columbia railroad, near Enterprise, the tollow

by the burning of the Conestoga bridge, \$365. For the payment of the claim of Margaret Digman (widow of Francis Digman) for damage done

r damage done in the breaking of his carriage by locomotive in Lancaster, \$35,50.

ID LANE'S NEW STORE was opened on Wednesday last, and attracted great attention. In the evening, after being lighted up, it presented a magnificent appearance, and hundreds of people, of both

purpose of witnessing the beautiful sight. ow's Procession, in this city, sometime during as much to do with them as the man in the moon

\*On both Tickets

THE LUMBER TRADE.—The lumber business this oring has been unusually large. From the time of the first spring freshet to the present, the river, almost without interruption, has been in good runare afraid that if the runaway Judges were a little | ning order, and as a consequence more lumber has come to market than for many years past. Prices are something less than they were last year, though they are still comparatively high. From the immense quantity brought down, they will in all prob-

> ILTA temperance meeting was held in the Court House on Saturday evening, which was addressed

ointment. TPRev. Dr. McLEAN, of Easton, delivered as Address, in the Court House, last evening, on the

CUUNTY OF LANCASTER .- The following tible which we copy from the Independent Whig, gives the number of public houses within our city and county, as also the number in each ward, borough Manheim borough Manheim twp. Coneștoga Conoy Manor Marietta borough )onegal Martic Mt. Joy borough Drumore Mt. Joy twp. Paradise Earl West Penn

# Voice of Virginia.

The Lynchburg Republican, after giving the ames of the sixteen delegates appointed last week represent the eight counties of the Buckingham Congressional district in the National Convention.

12 Total

Rapho

Sadsbury

Salisbury

Strasburg borough

Washington Bor.

Strasburg twp.

Warwick

Baltimore, except two, were understood to be fast friends of that distinguished statesman, and in tavor of using all honorable means to secure his nominaion. Mr. Douglass had a tew friends in Convention -Cass not one The Democratic Convention of the Ninth Congressional district, also composed of eight counties, met at Alexandria on the 3d inst., and appointed eight delegates to the National Convention. The ist is headed by the Hon. John S. Barbour, the President of the late State Convention, and the Del

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW.-The re-print o

egates are all the friends of Mr. Buchanan.

The ball is rolling onwards

publishers, Leonard Scott & Co., New York. The contents are as follows: The Government of India. Physical Puritanism. rope: its Condition and Prospects A Theory of Population.
Shelly and the Letters of Poets. The Commerce of Literature.

Lord Palmerston and his Policy. The Early Quaker and Quakerism Contemporary Literature of England. Contemporary Literature of America. Contemporary Literature of Germany Contemporary Literature of France.

This, with all the other British periodicals, sale at SPANGLER'S. THE INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND .- The Dro needle and bead work, by the Franklin Institute -In 1849 an honorable testimonial was awarded to the same for useful and ornamental articles; and at the same exhibition Miss Cruzer, a pupil from New Jersey, carried off the prize for a bead vase and flowers. The premium for brushes has been awards ed twice to the pupils of this institution-in 1840, and again in 1849. This is an evidence of the wonderful skill of those deprived of the blessing of sight, under the able tuition they receive.-Daily

Col. FREMONT IN LIMBO.-Letters have been eceived from Col. Fremont, dated London, April 13, stating that on the evening of the 8th of April, he was arrested by a party of rude officers and locked up for twenty-four hours, at the suit of unknown persons, for liabilities amounting to \$70,000 growing out of the military operations in Califor' nia. From an article in the New York Herald, it is very clear that the U.S. Government is responsible for these claims, and that Col. F. has about

playment, and it will require six weeks to replace the machinery. The loss on the property is covered THE LOAN BILL.-We publish on our first page, The Loan Bill.—We publish on our first page, this morning, a bill passed by the Legislature on the 3d inst, and approved by the Governor on the 4th, authorizing a loan of five millions of dollars at 5 per cent., redeemable in twenty-five years. The originated in one of the series of measures ad-Govenor BIGLER, in order to reduce the State Debt, and thus relieve the burthens of the peo ole. The proceeds of the loan are to be applied only to the liquidation of the 6 per cent. stock now due,—the certificates of the domestic creditors, and the certificates of intrest on the State Debt, both of which now bear an intrest of 6 per ct. per annum. which now bear an intrest of o per c. per almunic In the present abundance of money both in Europe and the United States, there is no doubt that the loan can easily be procured, and thus a very con-siderable saving be effected. There is one provi-sion which will afford to European capitalists, who

generally prefer long dates at a low rate of interest the time for ten years, by taking the loan or any portion of it at 4 per cent.-Pennsylvanian NEW ORLEANS, May 3 .- Dates have been receiv d from Brownsville to the 28th ult. Great excite ent prevailed at Rio Grande city in consequence of the murder of Mr. Patton, a respectable mer chant by the Mexicans. A number of citizens pur sued and overtook the murderers, and lynched them together with a party of six others belonging to an organized band formed for the robbery and murder of Americans. The murderers professed to ac nder General Canales and say that Canales intende o capture Brownsville. The settlers on the Amer can side of the river were preparing for the attack

Enquirer reports the death of Miss Fannie Taylor. in interesting little girl of 12 or 13 years of age laughter of Alex. Taylor, Esq., by suffocation. "With some of her companions she was playing n a huge pile of Wheat in one of the upper of the Gallego Mills, and was drawn down suction of the trough through which the Wheat is passed below, and she was literally buried and suffo cated to death under the Wheat."

CHILD SUFFOCATED IN WHEAT .- The Richmond

THE PENNSYLVANIA BANK CASE .- The case he Commonwealth vs. the Pennsylvania Bank, efore the Dauphin County Court. It involves sum of \$172,000, which it is alleged the bank ow the State, and from the payment of which it claim exemption, we believe, for services rendered the State, in paying the State interest. S. S. Bell and James Fox, Esqrs., are con ted by John N. Purviance late Auditor General, and

fore me, personally came (here insert the name of the Warrantee.) to me well known, and acknowledged the foregoing assignment to be his act and deed; and I certify, that the said (here insert the name of the Warrantee) is the identical person to whom the within warrant issued, and who executed the foregoing assignment thereof. [Officer's signature.]
Form of acknowledgment where the vendor is not known
to the officer and his identity has to be proved.

the said assignment to be his act and deed.

rell known, and acknowledged the foregoing assignment to be his act and deed; and I certify, that he said [here insert the name of the person to whom the said [here insert the name of the person to mount the certificate of location issued] is the identical person to whom the within certificate of location issued, and who executed the foregoing assignment thereof. [Officer's signature.] Form of acknowledgment where the vendor is not per-

quantity of land therein specified."

By this provision, all persons entitled to pre-emp-

the warrants which have been, or may hereafter be sued in pursuance of said laws or of this act, may be located according to the legal sub-division of the ublic lands, in one body, upon any lands of the United States subject to private entry at the time of such location, at the minimum price: Provided, further, That when said warrants shall be located on lands which are subject to entry at a greater

acres, can take two eighty-acre, or four forty acre tracts, forming a compact body of one hundred and where the minimum price of the lands, subject

warrante. Each warrant is to be distinctly and separately located, so that it follows that no body of land can be located by an assignee of various warrantes, with a number of warrants; nor can a pre-emptor in any case use more than one warrant in the location of the land prempted by him, and the excess, if any, must be paid by for him in cash. The second section of this act provides, "That the Register and Receivers of the Land Offices shall hereafter be severally authorized to charge and receive for their services in locating all military bounty land warrants, issued since the 11th day of February, 1847, the same compensation or per February, 1847, the same compensation or per february, 1847, the same compensation or per february is a sid compensation to be hereafter paid per acre, the said compensation to be hereafter paid by the assignees or holders of such warrants.

The third section of this act provides, "That Reg-The third section is act, or their legal representatives the passage of this act, or their legal representatives to fore performed in locating military bounty land warrants, the same rate of compensation provided in the preceding section for services hereafter to be preformed, after deducting the amount already re-

warrants, the same rate of compensation provided in the preceding section for services hereafter to be performed, after deducting the amount already reeived by such officers under the act entitled 'An ceived by such unterest and the require the holders of military land warrants act to require the Land Officers of the United State for services in relation to the location of those war

# sing in Lancaster county. lisie Herald, died at his residence in Washington city, on Saturday last, after a short illness.