The Lancaster Intelligencer.

"THAT COUNTRY IS THE MOST PROSPEROUS, WHERE LABOR COMMANDS THE GREATEST REWARD."—BUCHANAN.

VOL. LII. CITY OF LANCASTER, TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 25, 1851. NO. 5.

Intelligencer & Journal.

For the Intelligencer.

Fellow Democrats of Lancaster County.

Among the incivilities by which mankind exasperate and torment each other, the late slanderous assaults upon the political character of the Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN, is one without parallel.—Mr. BUCHANAN after twenty eight years of incessant labor in the manful discharge of the ardous duties of the affairs of State imposed upon him by his country, (wreathed in gems of glory—the honor and well earned fame of his high and lofty Nation, and exalted far above the strife of party,—separated from the turmoils of the times further than watching with eagle eye the movements of the enemies of his beloved country in whose proud service he had so long, ably, zealously and honorably toiled,) had just retired amid the plaudits of his countrymen to private life;—in the bosom of the society of those with whom he had spent his early days,—to whom he has ever been dear, silently reposing among his friends, ready to sally forth as he had many times done before, and manfully stand up in its defence when need should call him forth to battle. And this unprovoked attack upon him under these circumstances, both privately and publicly, is an act that cannot be pardoned on the score of manners, nor justified on that of policy.

Behaviour so unmanly, must ever excite the surprise, regret and mortification not merely of the Democracy of Lancaster County, and throughout the wide-spread Union, wherever the tale be told, but of every true American, that individuals capable of ingratitude so base, claiming to be champions of the Democratic party, should exist amongst us. And in the minds of the same, it will ever excite mingled emotions of contempt and abhorrence, that this Cabal should have opened the battery of their foul slander upon this patriot, philanthropist and pre-eminently accomplished Statesman, while in the retreat of private life; and that their malicious detraction should become more virulent in its demoniac acrimony, as the object of their calumny appeared so far beyond their reach in the glorious race of immortal renown. Dastard like, they commenced the onset when the Lion had turned aside to rest—as these poisonous adders had strove in vain to sting him while in action; and finding the giant invulnerable to their pigmy malice, they determined to keep up the abuse to hide their own puny weakness, and taint the sublime grandeur of their gigantic foe—by cob-webbed poison spun from their own spider-like bowels.

Who led the crusade van in this infamous war of detraction? or whether they marched up to the work of destruction in rank, file or broken phalanx? or dragged the common filthy *sewer*, through which concealed *rancour* poured its cowardly libels upon the devoted head of a man upheld by principles of everlasting truth,—revered for noble deeds of pre-eminent utility,—venerable in the hearts of a grateful people, who can never forget his virtues while they enjoy their enlivening fruits, nor cease to know him so long as they continue to appreciate his patriotism, are questions of indifference; for however their jaundiced optics and vulturine eyes may view him with the rapacity of the lustful tiger, yet, the object of their vampire voracity is too deeply buried in the heart of the Nation ever to be exhumed and devoured by such *hyena-bipeds*. And in essaying to destroy him, therefore, these desperadoes will have to encounter more than a giant's task, and their Lilliputian attempt will overwhelm them in still deeper disgrace, for having attempted to annihilate a man whose virtues make him indestructible.

In forming a just estimate of the character of JAMES BUCHANAN, the patriot will dispel the mist of party prejudice that mars his true greatness; and soaring to higher grounds of national feeling contemplate him, as he appears to the eye of our great Republic, in the character of the patriot, the philanthropist and the statesman. In these several capacities in the history of his brilliant political career, I refer you to the synopsis, in the *Intelligencer* of the 19th of November, of his glorious acts of national policy (as given by Hon. BENJAMIN CHAMPNEYS in a speech in the Senate of Pennsylvania,) from the dawn of his political life up to January '43; and from that period to '49, history awards him universal applause. There, Mr. BUCHANAN stands in bold relief, as an able, talented, zealous, unflinching and disinterested patriot; who sacrificed his days and nights to the interest of his country, endeavoring to advance to a state of practical utility the Equal Rights of man, and to secure the diffusion of the largest sum of human happiness, which have immortalized his fame among the Democracy of the Union,—at the hand of whom he stands pre-eminently great, and unsurpassed in the race of glory, with his name embalmed in the hearts of the people.

Then, gentleman, with the dazzling history of this distinguished statesman, "Pennsylvania's favorite Son," of whom the old Keystone is jealously proud, beaming in bright effulgence upon your eye-lids, and after fully and deliberately weighing his merits, truly estimating his principles, (which have ever governed his actions,) and public services, I well know that you, in connection with every patriot in the Nation, will be constrained to acknowledge that, in point of service to his country, BUCHANAN soars to a height that scarcely admits of a competitor, equal or rivals. And vieing with each in the ardent sentimnets of sincere gratitude you entertain for his very great and important services, (untarnished by a single spot in the long train of thirty years,) which of you does not feel his heart expand and his chest swell with the just pride of a patriot, when you hear the name of BUCHANAN, or, with the mind's eye, behold this great apostle of Liberty, in opposition to Aristocracy, which seeks to grind the people to the lowest point of imperfection and enjoyment, in order to make them the unresisting victims to the fetters of power, and the schemes of ambition? With this incense of devotion to Mr. BUCHANAN, (whose heart is always alive to the inherent claim of the great family of his fellow beings to life, liberty and property, on the principles of equity and equal rights, with a brain endowed with sagacity to penetrate into the causes of human oppression, and resolution sufficient to undertake their removal; and who never paused till by patient perseverance and unremitting labor, he had succeded in the glorious consummation of the great political trust reposed in him by his Government,) burning upon the altar of your hearts, with his noble deeds of lasting worth beaming so effulgently upon the world; and while enjoying the inappreciable and imperishable fruits of his faithful toil, you are called upon to turn your backs upon this transcendant Statesman, your well tried, true and faithful friend, (the effulgence of whose abilities and patriotism, throw into obscurity his owl-like enemies whose daylight is lost in the blaze of his glorious achievements;) and herd with hypocritical demagogues in whose service unprincipled and fallen politicians are ever anxious to enlist. Could lunacy in concert with witchery make a more blasphemous and insane request?—The proposition is an insult to the rank which man holds in the wise order of arrangement, and an indignity to his Creator. It judges him to be destitute of all true principle and honor, and without obligation to God or man. But the morbid optics of corruption behold everything tarnished and impure, and these defamers, capable of such meanness themselves, think you similar in composition. But I know too much of the real character of the open, noble and generous yeomanry of Lancaster County, and have too much faith in their high sense sense of honor, self respect, firmness of character and inflexible Democracy, to ever believe them capable thus of being imposed upon, or susceptible of such debasing degeneracy. Fidelity to truth, justice and their country, is a laudable trait in their character; too noble to allow them to sell their Birthright for a mess of pottage, abandon their great National Benefactor, doom him to destruction, and sneak into holes and corners,—hold intrigue with his enemies and plot mischief against him as a means of clandestine assassination against the radiance of his character at home, in order to eclipse it abroad. But sincere and consistent, they will indignantly repudiate such foul baseness, and remain true to their integrity by honoring the man who has won the proud honor of his countrymen, by nobly sustaining their cause through the storm and tempest of conflict.

In conclusion, gentleman, I would just observe that in your county I spent my early life,—among you I received my education and grew into manhood—in your midst I have many good friends and relatives, and therefore, it would seem natural that past reminiscences and current events should call up scenes of youthful days (which bind the heart to the land of our fathers,) and cause me to feel a deep interest in its welfare and sympathize with its citizens in the National sentiments of veneration, gratitude and esteem, which they, in concert with the residue of the Nation, entertain for this very distinguished patriotic Statesman. Fidelity to the Democratic party and its glorious cause only, have called forth my puny pen, and I have no other interest in writing to you than the interest of the heart. And as the cause of BUCHANAN is the cause of the Democracy themselves, I hope the time is not far remote when this incendiary attack upon his unsullied reputation will receive its merited reward. I am, gentlemen, with the highest sentiments of respect and esteem, your relative, friend and countryman.

OLD HICKORY'S SON.

From the Sunday Globe.

A Beautiful Song.

The following sweet trifle was handed to us by an esteemed friend, whose modesty will not permit us to use his name. It was written off on the impulse of the moment, and does credit alike to his heart and head. We know it will please our patriotic friends who look upon Erin as "the land of their birth."

ERIN THE LAND OF MY BIRTH.

They tell of an island far off in the East,
The birth-place of honor and mirth,
Where freedom has flourished in days that are past-
'T is Erin the land of our birth.
Yes! yes! yes! yes!
'T is the land of my birth.

Though tyrants oppress thee, again thou shalt rise,
Thy sons, from each homestead and hearth,
Shall upraise her banner and echo the shout,
For Erin the land of our birth.
Yes! yes! &c.

Then hail! to Green Erin, our own native isle,
The homes of the dearest on earth,
'Tis the shrine that we worship when exiles afar,
'Tis Erin the land of our birth.
Yes! yes! &c.

Fallacies of the Gentlemen,

By a Lady who unfortunately knows them only too well.—That women are only born to be their slaves.

That dinner is to be ready for them the very minute they come into the house.

That a lady's bonnet can be put on as quickly as a gentleman's hat.

That we can dress in a minute; and that ringing the bell violently, has the effect of making us dress one bit quicker.

That they can do everything so much better than we can—from nursing the baby down to poking the fire.

That they are "the lords of creation"—(*pretty ords, indeed!*)

That nothing can be too good for them; for I am sure if you were to put a hot joint before them every day, that still they would be dissatisfied, and would be grumbling that you never gave them cold meat.

That they know our age so much better than we do ourselves. (*It's so very likely.*)

That they may invite whom, and as many as they please; but if we only invite our mamma to come and stop with us, or just ask a dear unmarried sister or two to stop with us for a month, that there's to be no peace for us so long as they remain in the house.

That music can be learnt without practising, and that it is necessary for them to rush out, and slam the door violently, the very moment we begin to open our voices, or to run over the last new Polka.

That sleeping after dinner promotes conversation.

That they know what dress and bonnet becomes us so much better than we do.

That it is necessary to make a poor woman cry because a stupid shirt button happens to be off. I declare that some men must believe that their wives cut off their shirt-buttons purposely, from the savage pleasure they take in abusing them for it.

That we are not allowed to faint, or to have the smallest fit of hysterics without being told "not to make a fool of ourselves."

That housekeeping does not require any money, and if we venture to ask for any, that it is pleasant to be met with all sorts of black looks and insinuations as to "what we can do with it all;" or very agreeable to be told that we will be "the ruin of him some day"—(*I should like to see the day.*)

That the house never requires cleaning, or the tables rubbing, or the carpets beating, or the furniture renewing, or the sofas fresh covers, or, in fact, that any thing has a right to wear out, or to be spoilt, or broken; and, in short, that every thing ought to last forever!—*London Punch.*

The Irish Exiles.

Extract of a letter from Robert Town, dated 30th of September, 1850.

"You are probably very anxious to hear about the State prisoners, and particularly poor O'Brien, and his attempt at escape. The particulars I do not positively know, but, as far as I can collect, I believe that some of his friends chartered the Victoria Cutter, a little vessel of about 30 or 40 tons, which had been in the habit of trading to Maria Island. They purchased a cargo, and she cleared out for Tahiti. A fellow named Ellis, who is under a 14 years' sentence for piracy, was appointed Captain. It is supposed by some that the fellow "sold the pass;" at all events, he kept hovering about the Island for two days, and the rest you can learn from the newspapers which I send. After paying the fine (£120) which the Court awarded, Ellis weighed anchor at night and sailed for Tahiti, robbing Mr. O'Briens' friends of £1,100 worth of property. It was reported, and I believe with more truth, that one of Mr. O'Brien's party offered to bet, in a public house, that O'Brien would have escaped in 24 hours—that this reached the police, and hence the prevention. I know who the blabbing party is, but will not venture names—it is not any one you ever heard of. I have heard other particulars, but letters *may* be opened.

"Mr. Meagher is in excellent health, but not spirits. I have seen him, and have frequent letters from him. I have several landscapes to make for him, from Bartlett's Irish scenery; he wants them to decorate a cottage which he is building at Lake Sorrell, having made up his mind to remove as far as he can from the society of all the "snobs, traps and demons of this English-organized hell-on-garth, (I quote from his letter,) I have had the honor of receiving two visits from poor John Mitchel. I did not know him at first, he had grown so fat and strong since he came ashore; he was in great spirits. He told me that Mr. Martin, who had been always delicate at home, had become quite a man out here. * * * * * *

"Mr. O'Brien has been sent to Port Arthur, about 50 miles from this place. They have built a house purposely for him. There is a sentry constantly on the top of it, who can see him in every part of the small garden allotted to him."

THINK BEFORE YOU SHOOT.—Mr. A. kept his hens shut up. He was not going to have his garden destroyed by his own or his neighbor's hens. One morning he saw a couple digging in his early pea bed, and he went with murder in his heart, but the hens flew over into neighbor B.'s garden, whereupon A. called over to him very angrily that he would shoot the next hen he saw on his side of the fence, if he did not shut them up, which B. declared he would not do, "and if A. was a fool to shoot them, he might do it, for all he cared." A. was as good as his word, and day after day B. was saluted with the smell of gun powder, and a message thrown over the fence with every fat pullet. "There's another chicken for your dinner," until at length, not finding the usual supply, B. called over one morning to neighbor A. to know the reason. This awakened inquiry, when it was discovered that A. had been shooting his own hens as they occasionally escaped through a hole in the coop, and in his anger at his neighbor for the trespass, had furnished him with sundry good dinners. No doubt he was a little mad at first, and thought any cunning trick after that better than shooting his neighbor's hens.

THE ACCOUNT

OF EXPENDITURES AND RECEIPTS of the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment for Lancaster county, from January 1, 1850, to January 1, 1851.

Provisions.

1309½ bushels of Wheat,	$1,352 04	
Grinding 1730 bushels of Wheat,	121 10	
59 head of Cattle $1539,11; 9616 lbs. Beef $530 92,	2,060 43	
293 bushels of Potatoes $182,46; 15 bushels Turnips $3,	185 46	
757 gals Molasses $175.98; 4 bbls Vinegar $14,	189 98	
296 lbs. Tea $94,15; 1½ bush dried apples and peaches $2,12,	96 27	
2679 lbs Sugar $150,20; 1589 lbs. Coffee $159,44	309 64	
72 sacks Salt $114,92; 1384 lbs Rice $53,96,	168 48	
Pepper, Allspice, Mustard, &c. $10.63; 10½ lbs. Hops $2,	12 63	
200 Shad $33; 1½ bbls. Mackerel $17	50 00	
		$4,516 93

Fuel.

146 cords Wood, $383,36; sweeping chimneys $9,74,	393 10	
178¼ tons Stone Coal,	685 02	
		1,078 12

Household Necessaries, Clothing, &c.

4 doz. Palm Leaf Hats $5; Chloride of Lime $6,25,	11 25	
1 bbl. Copperas $9,30; Indigo $2,70; 4 Stoves $28	40 06	
281 yds Satinett and Linsey $79,55; Oil Cloth $3,12,	82 67	
516¼ yds. Muslin $48,16; 88 yds. Bed tick $14,07,	62 23	
698 yds. Prison Stripe $75,92; 9 doz. handkerchiefs $8,25,	84 17	
192 yards Calico $12,27; 6 pair of Blankets $18,24,	30 51	
4 pieces Sheeting and 151 yds. tow Cloth,	70 02	
176 yds. Summer Goods for Pants $23,36; Brushes $41,50,	64 86	
44 yds Crash and Table Linen $5.68; 2 Sacking bottoms $2,75,	7 83	
Combs, Buttons, Cotton, Thread, &c.	22 15	
216 yds furniture and apron check $22,24; 3 doz. Mitts $6,02,	28 86	
Crockery and Earthenware $42,10; 132 pr Shoes $106,42,	148 52	
Cutting and making garments $16,40; Tobacco, Snuff and Pipes, $120,22,	136 62	
		789 75

Salaries and Wages.

Steward, 1 year due Oct. 1st, 1850,	$400 00	
Clerk and Superintendant Hospital, 6 mos. due June 4th, 1850,	168 75	
Treasuer, 1 year due Jan. 1st, 1850,	75 00	
Solicitor, " " " July 1st, "	30 00	
4 Physicians, medicine included, 1 year, due February 1st, 1850,	325 00	
6 Directors, mileage included, 1 yr. due Nov. 2d, 1850,	219 00	
Baker $96; Wagoner $111,96,	207 96	
Laborer's wages $129,50; Extra wages $22,	151 50	
		1,607 21

New Wagon Shed, Hog Pen, Repairs, Materials, &c.

ronmongery $60,31; Castings $3.25,	63 56	
Setting up Kettles $8,37; Bals. setting Kitchen ranges $26,	34 37	
Window Sash $3,18; Plastering $8,	11 18	
2 new pumps & repairing old one, cleaning well,	31 00	
160 bush. Lime $22,40; 7900 Shingles $114,20,	136 60	
Repairing Lead Pipe, &c. $7,50; 200 Brick $1.60,	9 10	
Lumber & hauling for wagon shed, bridge, &c.	721 17	
Hemlock Scantling $105,09; mason work $114,61,	219 70	
		1,226 68

Removals.

Bringing poor persons to the House (53 cases,)		78 12

Out-door poor, Attendance and Funeral Expenses.

Temporary relief to out-door poor (98 cases)	1,625 50	
Attendance and Funeral Expenses (18 cases,)	106 12	
14 Coffins for out-door poor,	39 95	
		1,770 57

Doctor Shop.

2 Trusses $6,50; Syringes & Sponges $1,55,	8 05	
Medicine case $25; painting and graining case $7,50.	32 80	
Tin and Glass Furniture for case,	30 27	
1 prescription Scale $12; Cupping Glasses $1,50,	13 50	
		84 65

Manufactures.

Cotton Yarn and Carpet Chain,	81 08	
Weaving $12 60; Lasts and Shoe-findings $27,71.	34 31	
Milling Hemp $4,45; 52 lbs. Wool $23,92,	28 37	
		146 76

Farm.

2 tons ground plaster $14; 4 bush. Clover Seed $17,	31 00	
49 bundles Straw $4,90; Spaying $1,62,	6 52	
1 Horse $1,25; Saddlery $29,31,	154 31	
Lot Rails $45 88; repairing Grain Cradles $3,75,	49 63	
6 Cow Chains $3; Points, Shears, &c. $9,28,	12 28	
Smithwork $85,17; Side beam to grain drill $1,80,	86 97	
Bran, Ship-stuff, Chopping, &c. for feed,	67 89	
1199 bush. Corn $686,01; Grinding 1465½ bus. Corn for feed $58,64,	744 65	
		1,153 25

Contingencies.

Proth'y and Ald. fees $10,53; Postage $2,50,	13 33	
Horse and Vehicle & sending paupers out of co., $5,12; Freight $32,24,	37 36	
Expense in purchasing goods $25,66; Tolls $10,02,	35 68	
Expense in search of pauper $10,67; refunded to Steward for E. McGranagan $8,50	18 67	
Franklin co. Bals. $30; Stationery $10,75,	40 75	
Overseers of the Poor, Hollidaysburg,	10 00	
Overseers of Poor, Lewistown,	40 35	
		195 14
		$12,678 88
Orders paid on hand from 1849,	70 70	
Bal. in hands of Treasurer, January 1, 1851,	77 07	
		147 77
		$12,826 35

Receipts.

Received for Sand,	243 68	
" Hides, Tallow and Sundries,	318 73	
" Maintenanne, care and attention of sundry persons,	925 23	
" Paupers & left by them,	20 47	
" from county Treasurer,	11,200 00	
		12,708 11
Balance in the hands of the Treasurer, January 1, 1850,	62 24	
Orders on hand not called for, January 1, 1851,	56 00	
		118 24
		$12,826 35

Produce of the Farm and Gardens.

81 loads Hay—20 bush. Onions—670 bush. Potatoes—15 bush. Green Beans—3060 heads Cabbage—40 bushels Red Beets—32 bush. Parsnips—3 bush. Peppers—10 bu. Reddish—1 bush. Seed Onions—6 bush. Flax Seed—46 bush Turnips—8400 Pickles—1000 bush. Wheat—140 bush. Rye—600 bush. Oats—1900 bush. Corn—40 loads Cornfodder—21 Calves killed—13 Sheep killed—8808 lbs. of Pork raised and fattened.

Manufactured and made in the House.

403 yds. Linen and Carpet—19 Rounds bouts—27 Vests—76 pair Pants—79 Shirts—92 pair Stockings—86 pair Stockings footed—24 full Men's suits—85 Frocks—40 Petticoats—74 Chemises—38 Caps—79 Aprons—160 pr. Shoes—206 pair Shoes soled and heeled—31 Children's garments.

Stock.

6 Horses—1 yoke Oxen—25 Milch Cows—27 Steers and Stock Cattle—2 Bulls—4 Heifers—2 Calves—46 Shoates.

Monthly Report.

	Admissions	Discharges	Births	Elopements	Deaths	Children bound out	No. remaining each mo. Men	Women	Children	Total
January 5th, 1850.							141	95	31	267
February 2d, do	19	13		3	4	3	148	92	28	268
March 2d, do	20	16		4	6	3	146	86	26	260
April 6th, do	33	22		2	5		146	91	31	271
May 4th, do	19	13	3	1	6	1	108	88	31	237
June 1st, do	17	5	3	3	3	2	115	88	31	237
July 6th, do	23	11	1	4		3	101	87	31	219
August 3d, do	19	7	1	3	3	1	103	85	29	217
September 7th, do	25	16	1	4	3	1	107	85	30	222
October 5th, do	25	12		3	2		115	86	26	227
November 2d, do	21	13	1		4		116	85	27	228
December 7th, do	26	18		1			122	85	35	245
January 4th, 1851.	16	3		1	2					
	266	149	10	29	33	13				

Average number maintained 238, at a cost of $1,02 per week for each pauper. exclusive of 745 wayfaring persons, who were accommodated with supper, lodging and breakfast.

JACOB FRANTZ,
WILLIAM GORRECHT,
CHRISTIAN WARFEL,
BENJ. HOOVER,
ABM. KAUFFMAN,
JACOB LANDIS,
} Directors

Attest—WM. TAYLOR, Clerk.
February 11, 1851. 3t-46

New Garden Seeds, Growth of 1850

A full assortment of New Garden Seeds, warranted of growth of 1850, and true to name. Just received and for sale at

CHARLES A. HEINITSH'S
Medicinal, Drug and Chemical Store,
jan 14-51-tf] No. 13, East King street.

Prime Clover Seed.

500 BUSHELS Prime Clover Seed from Franklin and Centre counties just received and for sale by REUBEN S. ROHRER.
jan 21 52

FINANCES OF LANCASTER COUNTY.

AUDITORS' REPORT.

MILLER FRAIM, Esq., Treasurer of Lancaster county, in account with said County:

Jan 6, 1850. Dr.

To cash received of J. F. Shroder, Esq. late Treasurer, being balance due, as per Auditor's Report,	$21,873 56½	
outst ing taxes, viz: of 1847,	$205 72	
" " 1848,	496 29	
" " 1849,	9,241 86	
		9,943 87
" Assessment for County purposes for 1850, viz:		
Bart,	903 86	
Brecknock,	483 39	
Carnarvon,	1,170 33	
Cocalico East,	1,007 69	
Cocalico West,	1,125 25	
Colerain,	634 19	
Columbia Borough,	1,685 33	
Conestoga,	2,684 90	
Conoy,	749 22	
Donegal East,	3,248 03	
Donegal West	934 11	
Drumore,	1 316 23	
Ephrata,	1,704 47	
Earl,	4,143 33	
Earl West	2 181 83	
Elizabeth,	1,792 62	
Fulton,	785 97	
Hempfield East,	2,572 32	
Hempfield West,	2,513 19	
Lampeter East,	2,941 35	
Lampeter West,	2,198 79	
Lancaster,	1,056 82	
Lancaster city,	6,352 72	
Leacock,	2,324 61	
Leacock Upper,	2,188 47	
Little Britain,	718 77	
Manheim,	2,850 12	
Martic,	1,109 62	
Manor,	4,112 54	
Mount Joy,	1,663 02	
Paradise,	1,741 67	
Penn,	2,067 77	
Rapho,	3,273 87	
Salisbury,	3,178 63	
Sadsbury,	746 65	
Strasburg,	2,010 10	
Strasburg Borough,	473 40	
Warwick,	1,331 45	
		74,673 83

Excess of Tax collected in the following townships, viz: for 1849 1850

	1849	1850
Leacock	$ 8,18	$,71
Martic	2,59	
Earl	23,25	
Mountjoy	22,35	
Leacock Upper	,50	
Little Britain	1,24	
Ephrata	4,00	
Manor	16,13	
Salisbury	3,56	11,33
Drumore	4,00	
Hempfield West		2,31
Cocalico West		,56
Conestoga		3,80
Fulton		3,36
Carnarvon		2,17
	85;80	24,26 — 110 06

Cash for loans from individuals		41,085 08
" " at Farmers' Bank Lan'r.		18,500 00
" " at Lan'r. County Bank		2,500 00
" from Anthony Good, Esq., for estray sold in Brecknock	5,51	
" from J. F. Anderson, Esq., fines for selling liquor to minors	3,00	
" Martin H. Fry, in full for one third of bridge across Muddy creek	311,33	
" James McCall, Esq., fines for profane swearing	4,04	
" J. H. Piersol, interest on his note	1,00	
" H. H. Kurtz, Esq., for estray sold in Manheim	1,25	
" J. Huber, Sheriff, fines and Jury fund for Nov. sessions	38,06	
" do do do on account for Jan. sessions	8,06	
" John Schnader, Esq., for estray sold in West Earl	2,23	
" John Myers, Esq., for stray sheep sold in West Hempfield	2,31	
" J. W. Fisher, Esq., fines for violating the Sabbath	4,00	
" John Myers, Esq., for estray sold in Salisbury	5,00	
" Amer Carter, for his portion of Bridge at Carter's ford'g,	190 00	
" Abraham Shelly, on account of one-third of Bridge across Chiques Creek,	225 00	
" John Schnader, Esq., fines for trespass and shooting game,	2 00	
" do do fines for profane swearing,	40	
" D. M. Martin Esq., Clerk of Q. Ses. fines & jury funds,	16 00	
" J. Huber, Esq. Shff. do do	86 00	
" D. M. Martin, Esq. do do	37 00	
" D. G. Eshleman, Esq. Solicitor for forfeited recognizance,	100 00	
" S. Reamsnyder, for Lumber sold at Bridge,	36 76	
" John Witmer, for do do	3 00	
		981 95
" Unpaid Court Bills & Certificates.		10 44½
" Balance of Common School fund, after deducting two orders, paid during the year,		13 322
		$169,810 91

CR.

By payment of Court order in favor of David Stone, Andrew Mehaffey and J. B. Tshudy, County Auditors, for auditing County Treasurer's Account, with county	$50,50	
Treasurer's account with State Treasurer	53,12½	103,62½
By payment of Court order in favor of P. G. Eberman, Esq., Clerk, making out specified statement of Commissioners' orders		25 00
By payment of 152 Constable returns of 519 Road-viewers' orders		646 71
" of 565 Court bills and certificates		5566 91
" Comm'ers' orders from No. 5 to No, 480 excepting Nos. 274 and 450, as per subjoined specified statement		128999 48½
" of 2 Commissioners' orders drawn in 1849 and paid in 1850		34 00

By exoneration and Commission orders, viz:

	1847	1848	1849	1850
Bart			41,06	
Cocalico East			52,45	
Columbia bor.			114 06	
Conoy	44,54			
Carnarvon			67,80	
Cocalico West			56,26	
Conestoga			176,45	
Donegal East			136,40	
Donegal W.	41.14		47,72	
Drumore			47,10	
Earl			166,37	
Earl West		72,21	79,64	127,57
Elizabeth				99,72
Ephrata			67,72	
Fulton			35,02	64,50
Hempfield E.			98,03	
Hempfield W.				178,08
Lampeter E.		27,19		182,85
Lancaster tp.				55,83
Lanc'r city			695,23	
Leacock			96,48	133,13
Leacock Up.			75,28	122,35
Little Britain			32,94	
Mount Joy		72,84	84,45	
Martic			66,19	
Manheim			103,17	
Manor			158,58	
Paradise			70,64	
Salisbury			131,67	186,16
Sadsbury			54,97	
Strasburg bo.	24,37	20,94	16,25	
Warwick			56 90	
1847	65,51			
1848		237,72		
1849			2526,32	
1850				1450,90
				4,280 45

Outstanding taxes of 1850, viz:		
By *Bart,	99 86	
*Brecknock,	216 39	
*Cocalico East,	517 69	
*Colerain,	183 19	
Columbia Borough,	693 33	
*Conoy,	333 22	
Donegal East,	698 03	
Donegal West,	294 11	
Drumore,	180 23	
Ephrata,	528 47	
Earl,	1,463 64	
Hempfield East,	617 92	
Lampeter West,	725 95	
Lancaster City,	1,512 72	
Little Britain,	266 27	
Manheim,	961 12	
Martic,	278 82	
Manor,	1,272 54	
Mount Joy,	1,001 02	
*Paradise,	265 17	
Penn,	632 77	
*Rapho,	990 87	
*Sadsbury,	51 65	
Strasburg,	239 10	
*Strasburg Borough,	88 40	
Warwick,	163 45	
		14,275 93

(Those marked thus * have since been paid.)

By Treasurer's commission of sixteenth of one per cent. on monies actually paid out, viz: on $135,808 03	814 84	
Balance in the Treasurer's hands,	14,852 06	
		$169,810-91

We, the undersigned Auditors of Lancaster county, Do Certify, That we have carefully examined the foregoing Account of Miller Fraim, Esq., Treasurer, in Account with the said County, from the seventh day of January, A. D. 1850, to the sixth day of January, A. D. 1851, and compared the same with the original vouchers produced, and do find that on the last mentioned day a balance remained in the hands of said Miller Fraim, Esq. Treasurer, of Fourteen Thousand, Eight Hundred and Fifty Two Dollars and Six Cents, say ($14,852 06.)

We further report that all taxes prior to those of 1850, have been paid, and that the Collectors of the following townships have settled off their Duplicates for 1850, viz:—Carnarvon, West Cocalico Conestoga, West Earl, Elizabeth, Fulton, West Hempfield, East Lampeter, Leacock, Upper Leacock, Lancaster township and Salisbury.

We have likewise examined the Account of William Gorrect, Esq., Treasurer of the "Poor and House of Employment of Lancaster county," and find a balance in his hands on the first day of January, A. D. 1851, of Seventy Seven Dollars and Seven Cents, ($77,07.)

In Witness Whereof, we have hereunto set our Hands this Twenty-first day of January, A. D. 1851, at the Commissioners Office of Lancaster county.

ANDREW MEHAFFEY,
J. B. TSHUDY,
JOHN KIRK, Jr.,
Auditors.

COMMISSIONERS' STATEMENT.

THE following is a statement of Commissioners' orders, and of Court bills and certificates, drawn on Miller Fraim, Esq., Treasurer of Lancaster County, for the year 1850.

Assessors' Pay.

Bart,	Geo. I. Baughman,	$60 00	
Brecknock,	Anthony Good,	50 00	
Carnarvon,	Jacob Hoffman,	50 00	
Cocalico East,	Jacob Dornbach,	48 07	
Cocalico West,	Samuel Leed,	47 05	
Colerain,	William Galbraith,	46 00	
Columbia Borough,	John Cooper,	87 00	
Conestoga,	Samuel Mehaffey,	64 40	
Conoy,	Solomon Haldeman,	43 00	
Donegal East,	Jonathan Nichols,	81 00	
Donegal West,	John Hamaker,	36 00	
Drumore,	James B. Long,	60 00	
Ephrata,	David Kemper,	67 00	
Earl,	George Harkey,	90 00	
Earl West,	Abraham F. Bair	6536	
Elizabeth,	Elias Stober,	57 30	
Fulton,	John Scott,	40 00	
Hempfield East,	William Parker,	60 00	
Hempfield West,	Henry Hogendobler,	54 00	
Lampeter East,	John Smith,	53 00	
Lanpeter West,	Philip Geist,	50 00	
Lancaster,	Jacob M. Frantz,	25 00	
Lancaster City,	Michael Bundle,	250 00	
Leacock,	Abraham Baer,	55 37½	
Leacock Upper,	Lewis Sheaffer,	37 00	
Little Britain,	Leonard Lovetta	51 75	
Manheim,	Henry Frick,	50 00	
Martic,	James Simpson,	51 00	
Manor,	Henry Greenawalt,	86 00	
Mount Joy,	James Raymond,	47 67	
Paradise,	George Shaymaker,	55 00	
Penn,	John F. Hummer,	49 00	
Rapho,	Martin Lehman,	60 00	
Salisbury,	William Brindley,	64 81	
Sadsbury,	John A. Rhea,	47 42	
Strasburg,	George Wiker, Esq.,	69 00	
Strasburg Borough,	Jacob Bowers,	28 00	
Warwick,	Henry Stauffer,	58 00	
Jesse Hoffman, Ass'r of Strasburg Bor., 1848,		32 00	
Peter Mumma, on acc't for E. Donegal, 1851,		20 00	
Geo. Albright and J. H. Barnes, Assistant Assessors, City, 1850,		16 00	
		$2342 23½	

Erecting Bridges.

George W Pierce, Esq., Treasurer of Chester county, in full, for building Bridge across Octorora creek, between Chester and Lancaster counties, at Carter's Ford.	$1000 00	
Martin Fry, in full, for building Bridge over Muddy creek at his Mill,	534 00	
Samuel Hopkins, in full, for B