

"THAT COUNTRY IS THE MOST PROSPEROUS, WHERE LABOR COMMANDS THE GREATEST REWARD."-BUCHANAN.

NO. 19

CITY OF LANCASTER, TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 6, 1848.

Lancaster Intelligeneer.

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TERMS:

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SUBSCRIPTION. -- Two dollars per annum, payable in advance; two twenty-five, if not paid within six months; and two fifty, if not paid within the ar. No subscription discontinued until all ar-arages are paid, unless at the option of the

DVENTIMEMENTS.—Accompanied by the CASH, and anot faceoulding one square, will be inserted three additional insertion. Those of a greater length in proportion. What is let into the still, which hipe is opened or stopped when requisite by means of a plag made of wood, copper, or any other material. What is let into the still, which hipe is opened of wood, copper, or any other material. What is a my improvements are the above described doubling tub and the plug by which the hoer passes from one tub to the other, or from the tob into the still. ADVERTISEMENTS .--- Accompanied by the CASH, and

In proportion. for PRETING.—Such as Hand Bills, Posting Bills, the into the still. Inverting received

Pamphlets, Blanks, Labols, &c., &c., executed with securacy and at the shortest notice,

ADVERTISEMENTS.

By the President of the United States.

N pursuance of law, I, JAMES K. POLK, PRES-IDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. do hereby declare and make known, that public sales will be held at the undermentioned Land Offices, in Wisconsin, at the periods hereinafter designated, to

range EIGHTEEN. Townships **

townships thirty-one and thirty one and the solution of the solution of

cipal meridian. In your part cipal meridian. If your part of the part one, and thirty two, of range TWENTY-ONE.

one, of range TWENTY-FOUR. At the Land Office at GREEN BAY, commencing on MONDAY, the twenty-first day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands situated

seven and thirty-eight, of range TWEAT-ORE. Fractional townships thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven and thirty-eight of range TWEATY-TWO. Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military, or other purposes, will be excluded from the schore

the sales. The offering of the above mentioned lands will

ted, and proceed in the order in which they are advertised, with all ; convenient dispatch, until the whole shall have been offered and the sales thus closed. But no sile shall be kept open longer than two weeks, and no private entry of any of the lands will be admit-ted until the expiration of the two weeks. Given under my hand at the City of Washington. this eighth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand chis eighth day of analys, eighty hundred and forty-eight. Development : JAMES K. POLK.

AND ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. AND ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. WHEREAS, I, Jacob Weitzel, of the city of Lancaster, coppersmith, have received by let-ters Patent, recorded in the Patent office in the city of Washington, certain, useful improvements in the construction of Nills, which improvements consist of an additional tub, called a dr 324 mg tub, which is placed partly above the still, if which tub the doubler is inclosed, the heer which is pumped into p the upper tub passes down by a plug pipe into the doubling tub, where it is brought to a boiling state helore it is let into the still, which pipe is opened In Kramph's Building, first door on the second floor. THE undersigned, MARY A. RANNINGER, here-with respectfully informs the public, that she intends, on Tuesday, the 18th of April, instant, to open a splendid assortment of Millinery Ware. n the large

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Lancaster city & county Millinery,

in the large room, lately occupied by Mr. Johnson, (Daguerreotype, Painter,) in Mr. F. J. Kramph's building, North East corner of North Queen and Orange streets, Lancaster, Pa., in the immediate neighborhood of Van Kunau's, Scholfteld's, Good & Johns', Kauffman's, and Michael's Hotels, and [& Johns', Kuumann's, and Michaels Hotels, and opposite the post officer 1 and invites all her respec-tive customers, as well us the public in general, both in the city and county, to give her a call and to examine hor stock. All her articles are of the best quality, of the

Having received information, amounting to proof, most fushionable style, and may be had at the most reasonable prices. Her stock consists principally

Having received information, amounting to proot, that my patent for the above described improve-ments has been violated by several distillers in this county and in various other places, I hereby give notice, that unless those persons who have made use of my invention, or have it now in use, without being authorized by me, come forward and make notice, that unless those permuti-use of my invention, or have it now in use, without being authorized by me, come forward and make full reparation for having infringed my patent right, on or before the first day of March next, suit will be instituted against all and every such person or persons. JACOB WEITZEL. Feb. 22, 184S. tf-4. Notwithstanding that the Ladies, far and near are fully convinced of her superior work, she nex-are fully convinced of her superior work, she nex-

at Private Sale. state, that she has, at the same time, employed the

At the Land Office at the "FALLS OF ST. CROIX RIVER," commencing on MONDAY, the fouriteenth day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned town-ships, to wit: North of the base line, and west of the fourth prin-cipal meridian. those who may favor her with a call. MARY A. RANNINGER.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice to Distillers,

North of the base line, and west of the jourth prin-cipal meridian. Townships twenty-five, twenty-six of range post. Townships twenty-five, twenty-six, and twenty-seven, of range rwo. Townships twenty-cight and twenty-nine of range sEVENTEEN. Townships twenty-nine, thirty, and thirty-two, of

range zightnes, inity, and inity two, of range NINETEN. Townships thirty-two, of range TWENT. At the SAME PLACE, commencing on MON-

formerly conducted the same business, and 15 mile from Reading. He is now prepared, at his ne stand, to manufacture every article in his line, an³ mile nensely valuable. I deem it unnecessary to give a more detailed description as persons desiring to purchase will doubtless examine for themselves. Any communications addressed to me at Front assortment of

Coaches, Barouches, Rockaways, with single or double seats, Buggys, Slate for Sale.

cipal meridian. Fractional townships twenty-sight, twenty-nine, thirty-and townships twenty-eight and twenty-seven. Fractional townships twenty-eight and twenty-nine, and townships twenty-eight and twenty-nine, thirty one, and thirty two, of range TWENTY-ONE. Fractional townships twenty-nine, thirty, and thirty-ity of ROOFING SLATE, of a superior quality; one, and townships twenty-nine, thirty, and thirty-one, of range TWENTY-INEE. Fractional townships twenty-nine, thirty, and thirty-one, of range TWENTY-ONE. Fractional townships twenty-nine, thirty, and thirty-one, of range TWENTY-ONE. Fractional townships twenty-nine, thirty, and thirty-one, of range TWENTY-ONE. Fractional townships twenty-nine, thirty, and thirty-one, of range TWENTY-THREE. At the Land Office at GREEN BAY, commence-tory the ton or by the square when put on the the subscribers have nor by the square when put on the t with or without covers, made according to the

may require it. Carriages and buggys somewhat worn, will be Persons wishing to roof buildings of any descrip-

Ing on MONDAY, the twenty-first day of August income the disposal of the public lands situated within the undermentioned townships and fractional townships, viz:
Townships, viz:
North of the base line, and east of the fourth principal meridian.
Townships thirty-five, thirty-sight, of range twenty-eight of range twenty-eight of range twenty-twenty-twenty for and thirty-eight of range twenty-

he trusts to receive a continuance of the very liberal degree of patronage heretofore extended to him. He would also inform his old customers, that he still follows the bottling business, and is ready to supply them with bottled PORTER, ALE, CIDER, and BROWN STOUT, at the old prices and the isual distances from the city. 11-3m April 11 OOKING STOVE. The attention of young beginners is particularly lied to their full and complete assortment of Lancaster Museum, AND GALLERY OF FINE ARTS. MR. NOAH SMITH, who has been for some time past in the employ of M- I and household utensils. Determined to spare no pains to accommodate M in the past in the employ of Mr. Landis, the founder of this popular establishment, takes plea-sure in informing the citizens of the city and coun-ty of Lancaster, that he has purchased the same from Mr. Landis, and that from this date it will be under bit control and discretion purchasers, and by steady adherence to business, they expect to merit a continuance of the liberalage thus far bestowed upon them. GEORGE D. SPRECHER, REUBEN S. ROHRER. under his control and direction. The Museum has been thoroughly refitted of late, Old Metal and Flaxseed taken in exchange f with new decorations, scenery, Sc., and a great goods. many specimens of natural and artificial curiosities REMOVAL-T. C. WILEY. w. O. Hickok, (Successor to Hickok & Cantine.) BOOK BINDER, and Blank Book Manufacturer, Harrisburg, Pa. (Successor to Hickok & Cantine.) BOOK BINDER, and Blank Book Manufacturer, Harrisburg, Pa. Fashionable Boot and Ladies Shoe Establishment. THE undersigned begs leave to return his men understofore extended to him, and to a c-quaint his former patrons and friends and the pubof a visit from the philosopher or antiquarian, as well as from those of an humbler sphere. Admission 25 cents. [Lancaster, April 11, 1848-3m-11 lic generally, that he has removed his fashionable boot and shoe store from North Queen to East King street, dirictly opposite Mrs. Messenkop's Hotel, and one door east of James Smith's Apothecary, Transportation to Philadelphia and Baltimore! AT REDUCED RATES OF FREIGHT. THE Farmers, Millers, and Storekeepers of Lan-caster county are informed that the "Conestowhere he is prepared to do all work in his line of business with neatness and despatch. He has on hand a general assortment of ga Transportation Company." will place a new and superior line of Freight Boats on the water from Lancaster to Philadelphia and Baltimore via Conto which branch of his business he devotes particu-Lancaster to Philadelphia and Baltimore via Con-estoga Navigation and Tide Water Canal, immedi-ately on the opening of the Canals—and will run constantly and regularly through the season. The rates of freight will be as follows: Flour, - - 22 cents per barrel. Grain, - - 75 """ bushel. lar attention, and guarantees his Boots to be made in the neatest and most fashionable manner. He has also just received from the city an assortment of lasts of the most fashionable styles for Ladies Flour, - - - 22 cents per barrel. Grain, - - - 7, " " bushel. Groceries, Dry goods, &c. } 18 cents per 100 lbs. Groceries in Lancester, Stores Her Lancest delivered in Lancaster, } 18 cents per 100 105. For further particulars apply at the office of the eral satisfaction, as they are made in the neates and most fashionable manner.

SKETCH

Son of a Revolutionary Soldier.

Lewis Cass washorn at Exeter, in New Hamp-all collected, the final arrangements were made. T ET them call at the Bee flive Store, Nor The debarkation was superintended and directed by Let mem each at the provention of the provential at the provide t call early and see the

or cheap and beautiful Goods just opening: it retreat for Lake Ontario. The American army Revolutions now-a-days are remarkable for the inmediately commenced the pursuit, and after *BREVITY*. capturing two small detachments, which offered Splendid Lawns, fast colors, 121 cts. some resistance in favorable positions, overtook the

 Splendid Lawns, fast colors,
 121 cts.
 some resistance in favorable positions, overtook me onemy at the Moravian towns on the river Thames, about eighty miles from Detroit. The British a good article, Highly Cameleon.

 A good article of Plain Modes and Bik.only 12t ctt.
 about eighty miles from Detroit. The British General (Proctor) proved himself unequal to his command. Having some days the start, if he detroit signed to escape, he should have pushed his retreat as rapidly as possible. But he moved slowly, ending

 mourning. Good plain Blk. Chintzes, only Good "Lawns, 124, 1 Mazatlans, Bereges and Silk Tissues.

Ladies Gloves:

Mazatlans, Zephr Tissues, npadours, &c. &c., perfectly exhaustless, at the

mer, the greatest variety ever seen in Lancaster .mer, the greatest variety ever seen in Lancaster. Just the soldiers by undisciplined mounted Americans; Great care has been taken in the selection of styl, is boldiers by undisciplined mounted Americans; In 1800 he was elected a member of the Leyis. In 1800, he was elected a member of the Legislature of Ohio, and during the session he took his part in the business of the day. He draughted the law which arrested the traitorous designs of Burr. and introduced an address to Mr. Jefferson, which ish general, Proctor, fled almost at the compence-ment of the action, and was pursued by General new work—as also country ment of the people of Ohio to the constitution of the United States, and their confidence in that illus trious man. In March, 1807, he was appointed, by Mr. Jefferson, Marshal of Ohio. In the execution of the duties of that office, in the business of

was appointed a Brigadier General. Shortly after this, he joined Gen. Harrison at Seneca, where the army was collecting, destined to recover the terri-tory of Michigan, and to take possession of the western district of Upper Canada. The prepara-tory status and to take possession of the western district of Upper Canada. The prepara-tory status and to take possession of the western district of Upper Canada. The prepara-tory status and to take possession of the target with him only the intervention of the status and the status and the Wisconsin. to the place of encampment. was exchanged during the winter, and in the spring western district of Upper Canada. The prepara-tory arrangements being completed, and the lake being open to the transportation of our troops by the victory of Perry, Gen, Harrison commenced

the victory of perry, Gen, Harrison commenced his movement in September, 1813, and embarked his troops at the month of Portage river, whence they moved, and were concentrated at Put-in-bay. From here they sailed to the Western Sister, a small island off the coast of Camada, where, being all collected, the final arrangements were made. The debarkation was superintended and directed by Gen, Cass, of the army, and Captain Elliott, of the any end the troops landed in perfect order ex-

his prompt and energetic movements he prevented extensive hostilities, the end of which no man could know. Appointed Secretary of War by Andrew

Jackson—Supports him in all the great measures of his Administration. In 1831, Gen. Cass was called by Gen. Jackson th every article is signed to escape, he should have pushed his retreat as rapidly as possible. But he moved slowly, en-insues. 124, 18 and 25 ct the American army closing upon him, he prepared firstues. for battle. The ground he chose was heavily cov-ered with trees, and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees, and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees, and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees, and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees, and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees, and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees, and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees, and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees, and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees, and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees, and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees, and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees his tert rested upon the river tered with trees, and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees, and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees his his lett rested upon the river tered with trees his his here the rester and his lett rested upon the river tered with trees his his here the rester and his lett rester and his here the river tered with trees his his here the river and here there the river and here the rive Ladres Gloves: Lislethread, Silk and Kid; Misses Gloves in variet: Thames, while his right extended into the woods, At the Bee Hive, CHAS, E. WENTZ & BRO. by the Indians, who it was intended should turn the CHAS, E. WENTZ & BRO. CHAS. F. WENTZ & BRO. Ginghams: Just opened, 4 cases of splendid French; Scott and English Dress Ginghams; New patterns an very chenp—at THE BEE HIVE, North Queens Ladies Summer Dresses. The greatest variety of the most splendid style just received, among the newest styles are interval of the commanded the road, with directions to charge upon the sconmended the road, with directions to charge upon beind and a strail portion only of Gen. Cases the sconmend was in the battle; they were stationed interval of the deposites, of nullification, of the French indemnity, and of the Creek and Cher-okee difficulties—three of which involved delicates beind and a strail portion only of Gen. Cases the sconmend was in the battle; they were stationed interval of the deposites, of nullification, of the French indemnity, and of the Creek and Cher-okee difficulties—three of which involved delicates the sconne stile action commenced. Gen Cases points connected with State rights-occupied its attention, and were all happily disposed of. Few, if any, now call in question the wisdom of Gen. perfectly exhaustless, at the BEE HIVE, North Queen street, CHAS, E. WENTZ & BRO. Bonnet Ribbons: ng, the newest styles for Spring and Service Street ous experiment to charge a line of disciplined Brit- in these questions, it was prompt and energetic, and

but valor supplied the place of discipline; and, not-but valor supplied the place of discipline; and, not-withstanding the resistance, that brave regiment broke through the line, and instantly the enemy was thrown into confusion, and threw down their but valor supplied the place of discipline; and, not-broke through the line, and instantly the enemy was thrown into confusion, and threw down their but valor supplied the place of discipline; and, not-broke through the line, and instantly the enemy uses thrown into confusion, and threw down their upon that subject, that no order had been at any time the poster through the line is the line of the line the present of the line of the given to "resist the constituted authorities of the State of South Carolina, within the chartered limits of said State." The orders to Gen. Scott informed him

Appointed a Brigadier General—and Services under Gen. Harrison at the Battle of the Thames. After the surrender of Detroit, Col. Cass repaired to Working a treaty, Governor Cass tound that the Battle of the Thames. After the surrender of Detroit, Col. Cass repaired to working a treaty, Governor Cass tound that the Winnebago Indians had not yet come in; and as the object of the treaty was to settle difficulties the object of the treaty was to settle difficulties the object of the treaty was to settle difficulties the object of the treaty was to settle difficulties the object of the treaty was to settle difficulties the object of the treaty was to settle difficulties

to Washington, to report to the government the whole circumstances attending the expedition. He was exchanged during the winter, and in the spring to was exchanged during the winter, and in the spring

Taking with him only his interpreter, he went up to the meanpment, where he found them in war-like mood, and determined not to treat. Threats glaring perversions,"

In addition, also, to the pauphlet, he presented a protest to the French government against the rate freation of the treaty, In doing this, he stated that aim he had no instructions to pursue such a course, and

to you, [M. Güizot, the French Minister of Foreign Aflairs.] that I express the feelings of the American in answer to my communications, I shall be ena-bled to declare to you either that my conduct has been approved by the President, or that my mission is terminated."

But he did not deceive himself. His course w warmly applauded by the American people, who are ever alive to national interest and honor, and oldly approved by the government. The following short extract will exhibit to take charge of the War Department, and his removal from Michigan Territory was marked by spirit which pervaded this memorable paper.

"But the subject assumes another aspect, when "But the subject assumes another as in the cabinet were Mr. Livingston, Mr. McLane, Mr. Woodbury, and Mr. Taney—men who posses-barries that their vessels are to be force parties that their vessels are to be forcibly entered and examined in order to carry into effect thes Certainly the American government stipulations. does not believe that the high powers, contracting arties to this treaty, have any wish to compel the nited States, by force, to adapt their measu ts provisions, or to adopt its stipulations. They ave too much confidence in their sense of justice to fear any such result; and they will see wit pleasure the prompt disavowal made by yourself of your country, at the tribune of · in the na the Chamber of Deputies, of any intentions of thi nature. But were it otherwise, and were it poss Few, ble they might be deceived in this confident exper tation, that would not alter in one tittle their cours of action. Their duty would be the same, and the ame would be their determination to fulfil it .-They would prepare themselves, with apprehension indeed, but without dismay-with regret, but with irmness-for one of the desperate struggles which have sometimes occurred in the history of the world, but where a just cause and the favor of Providence have given strength to comparative weakness, and enabled it to break down the pride

> Defeats the Quintuple Treaty. The success of this scheme, so long cherish

and so long projected on the part of England, turn Cass, with a detachment for some miles, but could that, "should unfortunately, a crisis arise when the ed upon the ratification of France. With it sh General Cass bore a prominent part, fully sharing in the exposure and dangers of the conflict. An eye-witness, writing some twelve years since, says: from acting."

 And the public general recognition of two problems of the public general recognition. Here, here is sufficient stability of constant stability of constant stability of constant stability of constant stability. The product stability of constant stability of constant stability. The stability of the properties the stability of the propertis the stability of the properties the stability of the properti answer: make to the service of legal process upon any officer or soldier under your command, whether is-suing from the courts of the State of Alabama, or f of the United States. On the contrary, you will give all necessary facilities to the execution of such 1 process. It is not the intention of the President which General Cass bore in this country will whet any nart of the military for a fit to United State of the United such and signed by its own prinister. The part which General Cass bore in this connerweat that any part of the military force of the United understood and appreciated by his countrymen; States should be brought into collision with the and, if any doubt existed on the subject, it would ightest promise, and the appearance of the brave 'civil authority. In all questions of jurisdiction, it have been removed by the abuse heaped upon him Commodore cheered and animated every breast." is the duty of the former to submit to the latter, in the English journals, and by the declaration of The battle of the Thames terminated the North- and no consideration must interfere with that duty. Lord Palmerston, in the House of Commons, that The pathe of the Therminated the North-western campaign, and put an end to the war in the refore, an officer of the State, or of the United that quarter, but not to the difficulties or importance States, come with legal process against yourself, or of the command. The United States being once an officer or soldier of your garrison, you will freely more in the possession of the Territory of Michi-admit him within your post and allow him the territory of the Press

LIFE AND PUBLIC SERVICES GEN. LEWIS CASS.

Democratic Condidate for President.

ised, among the newest styles are is, s, Beautiful, volunteered his services, together with Commodore Lovely. Perry, to assist Gen. Harrison; and at the moment

Beautiful. volunteered his services, together with Commodore Lovely. Perry, to assist Gen. Harrison; and at the moment Fascinating of the charge of Col. Johnson's regiment, which

Bonnet Ribbons: Just opening, the newest styles for Spring and Sur Just opening, the newest styles for Spring and Sur

arms, happy to escape with their lives. The Brit-

RICHARD M. YOUNG.

Commissioner of the General Land Office.

NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS. Every person entitled to the right of pre-cuption to any of the lands within the townships and frac-tional townships above enumerated, is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the Regis-ter and Receiver of the proper land office, and make payment therefor, as soon as practicable after rooting this notion and hoffice the day appointed seeing this notice, and before the day appointed for the commencement of the public sale of the lands embracing the tract claimed, ortherwise such claim will be forfeited.

". RICHARD M. YOUNG, Commissioner of the General Land Office. May 23 17-13t

IT BOOK BINDERY!

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now carrying on the ness in the old stand, formerly occ will merit and still receive a continuance of binding of every description of BLANK BOOKS, far banks, county offices, merchants, and private in-dividuals, such as

difficultia, auch ua	
Discount Ledgers,	Judgment Dockets,
General do.	Appearance do.
Discount Note Books,	Quarter Sessions do.
Check Books,	Execution do.
Tellers' Statements,	Election do.
Ticklers,	Orphans' Court do.
Scratches,	Naturalization do.
Weekly Statements,	Sheriff's do.
Letter Books,	Justices' do.
Cash Books,	Ad Sectum Index do.
Copy Books,	Deed Books,
Pass Books,	Invoice Books,
Day Books,	Commission Books,
Journals,	Miscellaneous do.,
	•

WITH EVERY VARIETY OF Full and Half Bound Blank Books.

He has made particular/arrangements to supply onotaries with the new and approved Judg Prothonotaries with the new and approved Judg-ment Docket and Register, with the new Statement of Administration Acct., Old Books, Periodicals, Law Books, Music, Newspapers, &c., bound to any pattern, and in any style required. He has made full and ample arrangements to bind Harper's Il-lustrated Edition of the Bible, and Harper's Il-lustrated Edition of the Bible, and Harper's Il-minated Shakspeare, in a style of magnificence not to be excelled in the cities, in either Velvet, Tur-ber Merce Colf of Shore and at row reprose Morocco, Calf or Sheep, and at very reasons prices. Copying Presses supplied to order.-r Ruled to Pattern. All work warranted. References in the City of Lancaster-J. GISH & Co., Booksellers, E. W. HUTTRR, Editor of the ancaster Intelligencer.

W. O. HICKOK. Harrisburg, May 23, 1848.

Fall Fashions.

SHULTZ, Hatter, No. 191 North Queen st. D. SHULTZ, Hatter, No. 193 North Queen st., would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he has just received from New York and Philadelphia the latest Fall and Winter Fashions, and will be pleased to furnish his customers and all others with them at the shortest notice. As all his Hats are manufactured under his immediate super-intendence, he feels warranted in saying, that for durability and finish they cannot be surpassed by durability and finish they cannot be surpassed any establishment in this or any other city in t ssed by Juion. 'His stock consists of Beaver, Nutria, Brush, Russia, Cassimere, Moleskin, Silk, &c. &c. which he will dispose of at the lowest prices. Call

which he will dispose of at the lowest prices. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. CAPS, CAPS! Hisssortment of Caps is one of the most extensive in the city and he is adding to it daily. Customers may rest assured that they will be suited, as he has carefully selected his stock from the largest assort-ments in New York and Philadelphia. Don't for-get the stand, directly opposite Michael's Hotel, North Queen street.

Country Merchants visiting Lancaster, dealing in Hats or Caps, can be supplied at wholesale prices, from one to a dozen, such as they may want. He also informs his numerous friends and customers that he still continues to conduct the Hatt iness in all branches as heretofore, at his OLD STAND IN NEW HOLLAND. which plac orders for the delivery of Hats

ed to be forwarded. DAVID SHULTZ. executed. dec 22 1847

Conestoga Navigation Com GEORGE CALDER, Agent. Lancaster, Feb. 29, 1848.

Salisbury Handle Manufactory Removal. THE subscriber repectfully informs his friends THE subscribers tender their thanks to their and the public that he has removed to the old established and well known shop lately occupied by William Cox, in North Duke street, on the Railroad,

established and well known shop lately occupied by William Cox, in North Duke street, on the Railroad, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work, such as making and repairing CARRIAGES, BAROUCHES, BUGGIES, SQUARE CARRIAGES, ard vehicles of every kind belonging to the coach making fusiness.

and venicles of every hand the set of all kinds making business. New work will be sold, and repairing of all kinds done cheaper, than at any other establishment in this city, and all work will be done in the best and most fashionable style, and manufactured from the Columne Cabinet. Coach and Wagon Turning of

New work will be sold, and repairing of all kinds L done cheaper, than at any other establishment in this city, and all work will be done in the best and n most fashionable style, and manufactured from the best materials. All new work warranted. He returns his thanks to the public for the liberal encourgement heretofore extended to him, and hopes by strict personal attention to business, and moderate charges to merit and receive a continuance noderate charges to merit and receive a continuance

ublic patronage. April 18, 1848. GEO. B. MOWERY. of public patr 12-6m

and Painter.

Corner of South Queen and Vine streets.

Feb. 15, 1848.

moderate

Look Here! Clocks and Watches.

44-1y

The undersigned has just returned from Philadelphia with a new and splendid assortment of Clocks, Watches, Accordeons, Musical Boxes, Gold Pens, &c., which he is prepared to dispose of on the most reasonable terms. Among his assortment may be found Gold and Silver Levers, Imitation Levers, Quartiers and E-acide Watches and a new article of Clocks, and Castings! Castings! THE Subscribers having rented the shop, to gether with all the Lathes, Tools, Patterns, &c., belonging to Pennel & Leinher, late in the oc-cupancy of James H. Pennel, they are prepared to de all brids of.

April 25, 1848.

English Watches, and a new article of Clocks, and do all kinds of English Watches, and a new article of Clocks, and all articles usually kept in his line. He respect fully invites the inspection of his friends both in town and country to his stock of goods with the as-surance that from his assortment they cannot fail to make a selection of any article they may want. Repairing attended to as usual, and all work warranted. Feb. 15, 1848. CASTING AND FINISHING. Such as Railroad work, Furnace and Forge Cast-ings, Mill Gearing, Factory work, Horse Power and Agricultural Castings, &c. Having patterns of every description on hand, they are prepared to execute all orders at the shortest notice. Also, Patterns made to order. From the known exercise of the subscribers.

From the known expérience of the subscriber n the above business, the assurance is given that Chair Maker, Paper Hanger ll orders will be faithfully executed. JAMES BOON MICHAEL HANVEY. May 2, 1848.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has now on hand, and New Supply of Boots & Shoes ! Gum Shoes, &c. THE subscriber has just received a new supply of Boots, Shoes, Gum Shoes, &c., at his stand, in North Queen Street, two doors abore the Post Office, to which he invites the attention of his natrons and the nublic in general. is constantly manufacturing to order CHAIRS of all kinds and descriptions, from the highest to the lowest price. They have been generally admired—are elegantly finished, and are of the most durable character. House painting in all its varieties executed by the undersigned. His prices will be found extremely

his patrons and the public in general. He has a supply of Gum Shoes of every descrip-tion, consisting of Buskins, Sandals, and plain, nderate. All orders for Paper Hanging will be promptly tion, szecuted. GEORGE F. ROTE, with tion, consisting of Buskins, Sanuals, and with double soles, and also a common article. ADAM S. KELLEF Nov 9 '47-41] ADAM S. KELLER

and will sell at the most reasonable prices, includ-ing every variety of Iron and Steel, Latches, Locks, Bolts, Hinges, Screws, and all kinds of building materials, every description of Files, Blacksmith's Bellows, Salddlery, best warranted Edge Tools, Planes, and Veneers. Also a complete assortment of CEDAR WARE, such as tubs, buckets, butter others, forether with every article in their line.

Planes, and Veneers. Also a complete assortment of CEDAR WARE, such as tubs, buckets, butter churns, together with every article in their line, They will keep constantly on hand every variety of Coal and Wood Stoves; also a highly approved COOKING STOVE. and whence it commenced its march for Detroit The country was a trackless forest, and much o it was low and wet. Great difficulties were interposed to the advance of the troops by the stream and marshes, and by the necessity of cutting a road But these were overcome with the usual good will and perseverance of the American soldiers. The

army reached Detroit on the 4th of July, 1812. For an Invasion of Canada. jan 13–50

Official information that war would be declared overtook them in the wilderness; but the declara-ion itself was not received until they reached Deroit Col Cass was perhaps more earnest for an invasion of Canada than any other officer in Hull's army. He was decidedly in favor of making an urly and decisive movament, before the British should be prepared for the invasion. We conceive it to be no disparagement to any one to say that he was the master-spirit of that army until the affair at the Canadas; after which, it is known he disaptility by British agents

proved of every step taken by the commandir neral. There can now be no doubt that Hull's oush forward and do something to meet the just expectations of the advanced detachment, and in hearing of the Indians. and some was the first man to land in arms in the enemy's coun-

try. Severe Battle with the British.

T. C. WILEY.

and Turning Mill.

friends for the patronage extended to them in

tf-13

On the 15th of July he was ordered to attack a ritish detachment stationed at the river Canards, about fifteen miles from Detroit, and five miles from Fort Malden, then the British headquarters. He crossed the river some distance above the enemy's post, and briskly attacked them; when after some loss, they fled. Here was spilt the first blood during the last war. Col. Cass took posses ion of the abandoned position, and immediately d patched a messenger to Gen. Hull, informing him of his success, and advising him to march imme-diately to Fort Malden—the road to which was Had this been done, success must have owned the operation, and the war, in that quarter yould have been over. He was, however, sadly appointed by the indecision of Hull, who ordered im to return and join the army. From this moent had counsels prevailed, the army lost all conidence in Hull, and he proceeded in his own cours regardless of the advice or remonstrance of his ficers. About three weeks after the affair at the

Columns, Cabinet, Coach and Wagon Turning of Canards, the whole army was ordered across the the river to Detroit : in which time, had Col. Cass all kinds with promptness and despatch. They have now on hand a lot of seasoned lumber lvice been taken. Malden might have been reduced suitable for Cabinet Makers use, which will b Allos a large lot of prime Ash Plank which will be sold low and sawed if wished to any size. Any communications directed to Gap Post Office, and a secure lodgment made in Upper Canada. The order of Hull to return was not less unexpected to he army than was the disgraceful surrender at Detroit, without a shot being fired, overwhelming Lancaster county, will meet with prompt attention. sept 7 '47-32-1y A. F. & S. C. SLAYMAKER to the country.

Breaks his sword at Hall's Surrender of Detroit.

On entering Canada, General Hull distributed a oclamation among the inhabitants, which, for the elegance and high spirit that it contained, can not be surpassed; but it was sadly in contrast with

the fulfilment of its professions. Unfortunately for the country, the author of the proclamation, Col. Cass, was not the commander of the army. Had he been so, the country would have been saved the mortification of beholding the descent from the promise to the fulfilment. As it was, he used every

id led him on from one false step to another, until tf-14 the crowning act, the surrender of Detroit, without tring a gun, completed his own ruin, and brought lisgrace upon the arms of his country. It is well crown to the country that both Col. Cass and Col. IcArthur were detached from Detroit previous to he surrender, ostensibly for provisions, but, in fact,

threw it to the earth, refusing to surrent the enemy.

Thames, dated October 9, 1813, says : "I have already stated, that General Cass and Commodore Perry assisted me in forming the troops for the action. The former is an officer of the

and of the possession of the Territory of Michi- admit him within your post, and allow him to ex-gan, and of the province of Upper Canada, Gen., ecute his writ undisturbed." Cass was assigned, temporarily, the command of Lass was assigned, temporarity, the command of Appointed Minister to France by Andrew Jackson. his army.

In 1836, General Cass was appointed minister to Appointed Governor of Michigan by Mr. France, and immediately resigned his post, as Sec Madison.

On the 9th of October, 1813, he was appoint. he received a letter from General Jackson express-ed by President Madison governor of Michigan, ing warm personal feelings towards him, and con-at that time one of the most important civil mending his whole official conduct. Here is it offices within the gift of the Executive. He was New York in the month of October. As diploma-the civil as well as military governor of a large tic relations had not been fully re-established with territory, having many hundred miles of exposed France, he was directed to proceed to England, and formula frontier, filled and almost surrounded with numerous there ascertain the views of the French governribes of hostile Indians, in the pay of the British ment. He found that a French minister had been government, and constantly excited to acts of hos- appointed to this country, and he immediately repaired to Paris and took up his residence there. As a proof of the defencless state of the country. After his recognition, his first official duty was to it may be mentioned, that incursions were made procure the interest due upon the twenty-five millions of francs indemnity, which had been retained by the Indians, and some persons made prisoners. and others killed within sight of the town of De- when the principal was paid. After some hesitageneral. Interest would have entered Canada but for the and others killed within sight of the town of De when the principal was paid. After some hesita-persuasions of Col. Cass. So anxious was he to triot, and three expeditions of mounted militia hast-tion this was effected; and thus this great contro-

ily collected were led by Governor Cass in pursuit versy, which at one time threatened such grave the Indians, and some of them were killed with- consequences was happily closed. A single incident will show the nature of these

vas killed after a short conflict.

our successive Presidents, and seven times confirm d by the Senate, without a single vote against him in that body, or a single representation against him from the people over whom he presided—a state of duties of his mission, and continued in their rega-things unexampled in the history of our territorial har execution till its termination. He was prover-generations as utilized to the wisdom biol for his kindness and hospitality to his country. Resigns the French Mission—in conseernments-is a sufficient proof of the wisdom bial for his kindness and hospitality to his country

f his administration. In the discharge of his duties as Superintendent few of whom visited Paris without being invited to

Heroic act against the Indiana,

There are two incidents connected with the formation of these treaties, which strongly illustrate Governor Cass's judgment and decision of character. In the expedition of 1820, it became his duty to inform the Indians at Sault de Ste. Marie of the in

tention of our government to establish a military post there, and to fix upon the site for the same.

feet, and afterwards burned it, ordering the interthe surrender, ostensibly for provisions, but, in fact, because they were unwelcome conssellors at head-quarters. Stung with mortification on hearing of the surrender, Col. Cass, when ordered to deliver up his sword, indignantly shivered it in pieces, and the enemy. (1, 2) to the earth, refusing to surrender it to the enemy. (1, 2) to the form the indians that "they were wither the states and that they were wither in the jurisdiction of the United States, and that in the jurisdiction of the United States, and that in the jurisdiction of the United States, and that in the jurisdiction of the United States, and that is the with the desired effect: the Indians returned the next day to the council, and the treaty was conclui-the enemy. (1, 2) the surrender is the surrender in the law of nations would in the law of nations wou

An American writing from Europe, in Niles's

Register, March, 1842, says : "Gen. Cass has hastily prepared a pamphlet setting forth the true import and dangers of this treaty. It will be read by every statesman in Europe; and added to the General's personal influence here, will effectually turn the tables on England. , The coun try owes the General much for his effectual influ ence with this government."

The London Times, of January 5, 1842, says "The five powers, which signed the late treaty for the suppression of the slave trade, will not allow themselves to be thwarted in the execution of this arrangement by the capricious resistance of the cabinet of Washington.

It is not a little curious, in reading over the namers relating to this transaction, to see how some of th journals of the day in the United States censured the minister for his interference in foreign concerns and foretold, very confidently, that he would be re buked by the French government. And the London Times, of May 16, 1842, states, with apparent exultation, that the venerable patriot, who ha been called from among us, (Mr. Adams,) said in Congress that he regretted Gen. Cass

" Should have so completely forgotten the whole some rules of the founders of his country as to inwho started from behind a tree and having dischar-tegypt, Palestine, and Syria. He was at Florence, in a delicate negotiation between the great powers of Europe.

was killed after a short conflict. But peace came to put an end to this state of Marathon—at the plains of Troy, at Alexandria. Of the most precious rights of the United States— things. The executive power of the Territory was is close, and the Pyramids; at Jaffa, Jerusalem, Beth-1 that of sailing the ocean undisturbed and in peace. almost unlimited, and the legislative power was in 1 chem, the Dead Sea, Nazareth, the Sea of Tiberias, 1 To prevent the consummation of such a projector the hands of the governor and judges until 1819. Tyre. Sidon, Baalbec, and Damascus. Memorable was not to interfere with other nations, but to pre-That Governor Cass performed well his highly im-places these, and calculated to excite strong emo-ted were other nations from interfering with us. As to the structure of the s people of Michigan will bear us witness; and the i a large portion of his life anid the toils and priva-the matter. The answer of M. Guizet to General The answer of M. Guizot to General Cass was in a very good spirit, and exhibited the best iceling to the United States. He stated that the treaty had not been ratified, and disavowed all

His Return to Paris. After his return to Paris, Gen. Cass resumed the designs of doing anything whatever, unfriendly to

quence of the Ashburton Treaty.

On the 17th of September following this strans of Indian Affairs, Governor Cass was called upon his house. His observations upon the government action, the news of the ratification of the Asbhurtor to enter into many negotiations with the Indian and people of France were given to the public in treaty reached Paris, and Governor Cass immedia tribes, and often under circumstances of great peril the pages of the Democratic Review, in an article ately resigned. His reasons for so doing we gather and responsibility. He formed twenty-one treaties entitled "France, its King, Court, and Government," trom the following extracts of letters to Mr. Web-with them, and extinguished their title to nearly which most of our readers will probably recollect.

with them, and extinguished their title to nearly one hundred millions of acres of land—a vast do-main acquired for the United States, but upon terms so just and satisfactory to the Indians, that no com-plaint was ever made by them upon the subject. Which contained much information interesting to an American, and in which the author expressed to an American, and in which the author expressed to an American, and in which the author expressed to an American, and in which the author expressed to an American, and in which the author expressed to an American, and in which the author expressed to an American and in which the author expressed to an American and in which the author expressed to an American and in which the author expressed to an American and in which the author expressed to an American and in which the author expressed to an American and in which the author expressed to an American and in which the author expressed to an American and in which the author expressed to an American, and in which the author expressed his decided condemnation of the system of the English common law, looking upon it as a code originating in feudal and almost semi-barbarous times, and utterly unsuited to our condition and in-stitutions. This opinion is fast gaining ground, and we trust the time is rapidly approaching when this relic of feudal tyranny—this perfection of sense as it is explued by the perfection of sense as it is called, but this perfection of nonsense as it in has been concluded between Great Britain and th many cases is will give way to reason and justice. United States, which provides for the co-operation

promise to the fulfilment. As it was, he used every leftition of Governor Cass with apparent ill-will, and exertion to arouse in the commanding general that proke up the councils, with the most hostile feeling, and an efficient part. The British government, in its scheme of maritime superiority, to offer no further judgment than as I am person-fatuation, or something worse, seized upon Hull, prepared themselves for battle, raised the British government, projected a plan, brite every line of the proceedings, and having the intervention of the severy left to be and it is the severy line of the severy left to be and it is the severy left to be and the severy line of the severy left to be and it is the severy line of the severy left to be and the severe severe to and the severe severe to and the severe severe severe severe to and the severe s hag, as a token of dehance. Governor Cass had but a small detachment of soldiers with him, while the Indians numbered eight hundred warriors.— Unaccompanied, except by his interpreter, he ad vanced lirectly into their midst, and with his own hands pulled down the flag, trampled it under his

The chief of the tribe was openly opposed to the United States, and in the pay of the British governiment. In consequence of this, they heard the intention of Governor Cass with apparent ill-will, and broke up the councils, with the most hostile feeling. On returning to theight end they removed in its scheme of maritime superior.

Returns to the United States.

means a new principle in the law of nations would

Makes a Tour to the East. In 1837, Gen. Cass made a tour to the east. He excursions in the forests in pursuit of the Indians. In 1837, Gen. Cass made a tour to the east. He General Cass's servant, who rode immediately in visited Italy, Sicily, Malta. Greece, the islands of who start from behind a tree, and having dischar (Egypt, Palestine, and Syria). He was at Florence, ged his rifle, attacked him with the but-end, and (Palermo, Athens, Corinth, Eleusis, Salamis, and the hattle-fields of Platza, Leuctra, Cheronza, and : This "delicate negotiation" directly involved one

het of his having been seven times nominated by | tions of a new country.