

Philadelphia, "Congress" will be the first to thank for his first Vice-President. He is the Editor, who is certainly named as the winner of the prize. We hope to be favored with a new issue of the same sort.

On the 11th of July, 1861, the following was published in the "Commonwealth":

Owing to disappointment in the receipt of a supply of paper, necessarily compels us to that which is of inferior quality. We are sorry for this, but cannot avoid it.

We are under obligations to Mr. W. M. W. and A. H. Smith of the Senate, and to Mr. W. M. W. and A. H. Smith of the House, for valuable favors.

The communications of several valuable correspondents have been not only crowded out, but have also been entirely overlooked.

Governmental Message.
The reader will find this admirable State Paper containing the same. Its brevity also should be noted. It is an attentive and general personal. But it has many other sterling qualities to commend it to public favor. It denotes on the subject of monopolies would reflect credit on WILLIAM LESTER himself, were that distinguished child of Democracy still living. Corporation—those awful convulsions of the non-producing class—find no favor in the eyes of the author of this message. Native genius and unfeared industry have no enemy friend. The Governor's schemes against the so-called relief issues is peculiarly forcible and emphatic. "This currency," he says, "had its origin in an evasion of the Constitution, and ought to be held out of remembrance." Admirable sentiment, worthy of the age and of the man! May the Legislature be animated by a like spirit, and never rest until the last vestige of this base compound is brought within the bars of the Carcer General.

Gen. George M. Keim.
This gentleman, we are pleased to learn, has been re-nominated as Marshal of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, and promptly confirmed by the Senate. This is a just tribute to one, who is not less esteemed for his private excellence, than for an able and efficient discharge of public duty. No man has so numerous and warm-hearted friends than Gen. Keim, and no man deserves them better.

Fourth of March Convention.
The greatest activity now pervades the Democratic ranks in this State, in the work of electing delegates to the State Convention, which is to assemble on the 4th of March next, at Harrisburg. Upon that body will devolve, not only the nomination of a candidate for Central Convention, but also the most important duty of designating, by the choice of delegates to the National Convention, the preference of Pennsylvania on the great question of the next Presidency. It is this latter issue which imparts to the expressions of the different counties such a high degree of interest.

No attentive observer of public sentiment need any longer doubt as to the aggregate result of these primary assemblages. In the expressions which preceded the presidential nomination of 1844, the Democracy of Pennsylvania rallied around JAMES BUCHANAN as the man, whom, above all others, they preferred to lead them to victory, and they occupy the same proud position now. Since he has held the high and responsible post of Secretary of State, conferred by the distinguished and successful leader in the excited campaign of 1844, Mr. BUCHANAN has done nothing to weaken the hold he then had upon the popular heart in Pennsylvania, but much to strengthen and confirm it.

It is a proud characteristic of the Democracy of this State that they never desert a faithful public servant. Abundant proof of this is furnished by the meetings recently held in the counties of Allegheny, Mifflin, Cambria, and Indiana, whose proceedings are contained in another column. In connection with those previously published, they look to a very large preponderance of the friends of Mr. BUCHANAN.

Blowing hot and Cold!
The celebrated ALBERT GALLATIN recently published a pamphlet on the subject of the Mexican War, in which he takes strong grounds against his country and in defence of Mexico. Therupon Mr. CLAY, as is duty bound, eulogizes Mr. GALLATIN and his production. That he entertained a different opinion of him in 1832, is proved by the following extracts:

"Albert Gallatin has no attachments, no sympathies, no principles in common with our people. He has filled at home and abroad some of the highest offices of this Government during thirty years by a strike and a heavy artillery of facts, and he has written powerful arguments, Henry Clay, Dec., 1847."

Jackson Democratic Association.
This is the associated title of a corps of energetic and efficient Democrats in Washington city, who have combined for the laudable object of co-operating with their brethren of the State in the promulgation and defence of sound republican principles. Although excluded by their location and by the Royal Charter of the metropolis from the inevitable right of suffrage, they cherish a lively interest in the success of the doctrines taught and practised by the great and good JACKSON, whose name the association bears. The efficiency of their services was well attested in the campaign of 1844, when Federalism more than ever unmasked its monstrous visage, and under the leadership of Mr. CLAY made such a fearful effort to subvert the honest multitude to the yoke of the aristocrat and his greed. From no quarter did the Democracy derive more substantial sympathy than from this Association, whose energies were untiringly devoted to the promulgation of documents and speeches, exposing to the public mind the atrocious and dangerous heresies with which our opponents then threatened to overwhelm the country. We are rejoiced to learn, that it exists now under more flattering auspices than ever, and in the onward career again prepared to do its whole duty to the Democracy.

War Meeting in Crawford.
The Democracy of Crawford county met at the Court House, in Meadville, on the 14th inst., and passed highly spirited and patriotic resolutions in support of the war with Mexico, and sustaining the national administration in its efforts to secure an honorable peace.

Maine United States Senator.
The Governor has appointed the Hon. WYMAN B. S. MOOR, of Bangor, United States Senator, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. FAIRBANKS, until the Legislature shall elect.

Philadelphia is the State!

Democracy—The Democracy of this State are, in the eyes of the people, to vote for the Democratic candidate for President in 1861. The Democracy of this State are, in the eyes of the people, to vote for the Democratic candidate for President in 1861.

Democratic County for Buchanan!
One of the largest and most enthusiastic meetings held in Philadelphia county, convened at the Court House on Thursday evening, the 31st of January 4, 1861. We have the proceedings in this spirit of Democracy in the "Democratic County for Buchanan!"

Resolved, That we will support the Democratic candidate for President in 1861, and that we will support the Democratic candidate for Vice President in 1861.

Mifflin County for Buchanan.
In pursuance of a call of the regular County Committee, a large number of the Democrats of Mifflin county met in County meeting at the town-hall, in the borough of Lewisburg, on Monday evening, January 3, 1861, for the purpose of electing delegates to represent Mifflin county at the 4th of March Convention.

Speaker of the House.
We congratulate the democratic members of the popular branch of the State Legislature, not less than the constituency at large, upon the judicial selection of Mr. W. M. W. as Speaker of the House. He is a man whose services to his country and to his people are too well known to need to be mentioned here.

Indiana County for Buchanan.
Extract of a letter to the Pennsylvania from a friend:

"At a Democratic meeting held last week, in Kittanning, where I reside, resolutions were passed in favor of James Buchanan as the Democratic candidate for President in 1861." This meeting was held in the town of Kittanning, on Monday evening, January 3, 1861, for the purpose of electing delegates to represent Indiana county at the 4th of March Convention.

Primary Election in Philadelphia.
We announced on Tuesday morning that the result of the delegate elections in this city, on Monday evening, was the choice of thirty-eight delegates to represent Philadelphia at the National Convention. The result was a victory for the Democracy.

AWFUL EXPLOSION—Cincinnati, Jan. 7.
The steamboat Sea Bird, from New Orleans, bound for St. Louis, having on board one thousand kegs of gunpowder, took fire on Wednesday, when Captain Girardin, and was blown to atoms by the explosion that bursted along the pier before the explosion. The passengers and crew escaped from the burning boat before the fire reached the powder. The report of the explosion was heard forty miles distant.

THE EXPORTS OF THE UNITED STATES.
The value of the exports of the United States, for the year 1860, was \$1,161,437,000. The exports of gold, silver, and other precious metals, were valued at \$1,161,437,000.

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