

TALISMAN QUAY.

His Rod Brings to Their Knees Repub-licans of the State.

HIS PROGRAMME CARRIED OUT

GRAHAM SERVES AS THE TEMPORARY AND LYON AS THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN.

The Two United States District Attorneys Make Speeches Advising Harmony—The Platform Gives Hearty Endorsement to Quay and His Methods.

HARRISBURG, June 25.—Although the Republican state convention was called for 10 o'clock this morning crowds began to gather in front of the opera house at 8. By 9 o'clock, when the doors were opened, there were about 2,000 people in front of the hall. Not more than three out of every ten tickets, yet they all expected to get inside. There was a wild rush for the doors when they opened, and it took the whole of Harrisburg's police force and Delamater adherents from breaking in the doors. Very rapidly the galleries filled up, but the delegates were rather slow in coming in. When the galleries were packed to overflowing there were still plenty of seats in the lower part of the hall. The delegates were waiting for the latest advice to know how they should vote in convention. The galleries amused themselves while waiting for the arrival of the delegates in cheering for their favorite candidates. From the volume of cheers it was apparent that Hastings had the galleries.

Chairman Andrews came in a little after 10 o'clock and lost no time in calling the convention to order. Secretary Leach read the call for the convention and then called the roll.

In Allegheny county, W. C. Thoulard was substituted, so he could nominate Major Montooth. After the roll call Gen. B. F. Fisher, of Philadelphia, moved that the Berks county contesting delegates be admitted with half a vote each. This was opposed by Charles M. Plank, and Chairman Andrews settled an impending controversy by declaring that nothing was impending but temporary organization.

S. L. Shinn and J. H. Martin, nominated George S. Graham for temporary chairman. He was elected unanimously and was escorted to the platform by S. H. Byram, of Allegheny, and W. W. Brown, of McKean. Upon being introduced by Chairman Andrews he was greeted with great enthusiasm.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN'S ADDRESS. Mr. Graham, after thanking the convention for the honor conferred upon him, spoke in part as follows:

"We meet together as representatives of the Republican party, and as its representatives upon us rests to-day the responsibility of action. We must act so as to strengthen and not disintegrate. No matter what different views may divide us to-day we must remember that we are greater than men, and when the latter shall have been gathered to their fathers the former will move in triumph along the avenue of time. The work of our party has been indeed great, her achievements mighty; but strong efforts are being made to divide and destroy us. Men moving as friends but rallying enemies will stir up hatred between rival factions and sow seeds of discord. Let us behave like men in this emergency; let us remember united we stand and divided we fall. Then no matter who may be chosen, let us go from here as a unit in loyalty to the ticket when made. This will enable our party to move on her majestic progress, until there will appear to the observer a monument to the Republican party in the South and North."

After Mr. Graham's speech the temporary organization was announced as follows: Secretary, Frank Willing Leach; assistant secretaries, John W. Morrison, Charles F. Eitla, Seymour L. Rau.

Mr. Etkins, of Indiana, offered a resolution that all resolutions relating to the platform be referred to the committee on platform. Agreed to.

David H. Lane, Philadelphia, moved the appointment of a committee on contested seats. This was agreed to, and the chairman appointed this committee: David H. Lane, Philadelphia; Wm. Derriekson, of West; Mr. Fulton, of Allegheny; Mr. Philadelphia; Treatwell, Wayne; Carter, Erie; Orady, Huntingdon.

Mr. Woods, Millin, moved that the committee on organization be appointed. Mr. Woods was named as chairman.

Lyman D. Gilbert, Dauphin, moved the appointment of a committee on resolutions. This was agreed to and Gilbert was named as chairman.

Committees on resolutions and organization were appointed, and at 11:30 the convention took recess for half an hour.

The committee on resolutions had some trouble in agreeing upon the platform and it was 12:45 when the convention reconvened. Chairman Lane, of the committee on contested seats, made his report in reference to the Berks county contest. The report said the committee found that 134 delegates remained and elected Charles M. Plank, Alfred Gass, G. H. Valentine, D. S. Bumbach, Jessie E. Bechtel. Sixty-two delegates bolted and nominated the contestants. The committee reported unanimously in favor of seating the regularly elected delegates. The report was unanimously adopted.

LYON, THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. Chairman Woods, of committee on permanent organization, submitted the report which was unanimously adopted, making Walter Lyon, of Allegheny, permanent chairman; the other temporary officers were continued. Col. Johnson, of West Chester, and W. W. Brown, of McKean, were appointed to escort Mr. Lyon to the stage. On welcoming the permanent chairman Temporary Chairman Graham said: "I cannot help think as I clasp hands with you, I, the district attorney of the East, and you, the district attorney of the West, are not typical of the unity that Republicans will show to the people."

This sentiment was greeted with loud cheers, which were increased when Mr. Lyon stepped to the front of the stage. As soon as the galleries got quiet Mr. Lyon addressed the convention.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH. In taking his seat as permanent chairman Walter Lyon, of Allegheny, addressed the convention as follows:

"The result of this convention is anxiously awaited by the people of the entire state, and the gaze of the entire nation is upon this body to-day. During the thirty years of the life of the Re-

publican party for the great majority of this time it has been in control of the administration of the government of this state by reason of the careful management of the finances of the state. The great war tax which was resting on the people at the inception of the party rule has so far diminished that it is almost entirely wiped out and we are now ready to take a step in the direction of equal taxation and for the relief of the farmers and other citizens from the burden of local taxation in Pennsylvania. Before this day is ended we shall have placed in nomination before the people of this state our candidate for the highest official position within the gift of the people of the commonwealth. I am happy to have from whom to choose a class of gentlemen among whom of whom would honor and dignity the executive chair, and it only remains for us to make the best selection we can, and at the same time adopt the best platform we can."

At the conclusion of Mr. Lyon's speech District Attorney Graham moved that a recess be taken for one hour. There was a loud "no" from the galleries and delegates, and Mr. Lane, of Philadelphia, opposed this and suggested that nominating speeches should be made but no ballot taken before the recess. Mr. Lane's motion was agreed to, but before any speeches were made General Fisher, of Chester county, called attention to the fact that a number of gentlemen who were to make nominating speeches were out on the committee on resolutions. He thought there should be a full convention when candidates are nominated. He moved a recess for one hour. A vote was taken on the motion and it was carried.

Following is the list of vice presidents selected: member of general assembly, organization: First, Wm. J. Pollock; 2d, Thomas Smyth; 3d, John A. Gwynner; 4th, George J. Elliott; 5th, Samuel E. Cavin; 6th, Alfred Gratz; 7th, John Mundall; 8th, William F. Short; 9th, John S. Rogers; 10th, P. W. Minste; 11th, Jesse E. Bechtel; 12th, William O'Brien; 13th, R. B. Kenderdine; 14th, D. B. Beckwith; 15th, John M. Hoagy; 16th, D. R. Horne; 17th, Harry Loose; 18th, T. H. Howall; 19th, A. H. Ingram; 20th, W. G. Daniels; 21st, C. D. Foster; 22d, George M. Davis; 23d, T. J. Ingham; 24th, W. H. Southwall; 25th, W. C. McConnell; 26th, James A. Stahl; 27th, W. H. Lewis; 28th, Reuben Barto; 29th, John W. Britton; 30th, N. C. Brown; 31st, W. W. Whitt; 32d, J. P. Coburn; 33d, A. G. Morris; 34th, Isiah Couly; 35th, L. C. Boyd; 36th, M. Jordan; 37th, G. Flegler; 38th, Charles W. Simon; 39th, W. H. McCleary; 40th, Joseph Spear; 41st, F. K. Gearing; 42d, John A. Elliott; 43d, George W. Johnson; 44th, J. C. McLeans; 45th, Oliver Saeffer.

It was about half past two o'clock when the convention was called to order again. The committee on resolutions reported. It had been at either of the other sessions. There was no breathing room in the galleries. There was a good-natured crowd withal, and they cheered everybody, including Senator Quay and Chris Magee. The cheers for Magee were particularly strong and caused some surprise.

As soon as Chairman Lyon rapped for order he recognized Lyman D. Gilbert, chairman of the committee on resolutions. Mr. Gilbert said the committee was report and he took the stage and read the platform, and it was unanimously adopted.

THE PLATFORM. Quay Landed and the Usual Declarations Made—The Behests of the Boss Observed. Following is the platform adopted:

"Once more the Republicans of the commonwealth are gathered in convention assembled, send fraternal greetings to their party brethren throughout the nation, and congratulate them and ourselves upon the victory won in 1888 by the party of Republican principles and the patriotism of Republican citizenship.

Our care for the welfare of those who, upon the field of battle, carried triumphantly the principles of Republican faith, will end only when the loyal soldier of the civil war shall have returned to his home, and we ask Congress to give a per diem, service pension to every Union soldier and sailor who served in and was honorably discharged from the army or navy of the United States. The principles of our commonwealth make upon the government for reimbursement for the loss sustained in their homes and property at the hands of the enemy during the late war, is one which national patriotism should respect and honor, and we urge upon Congress to use every proper effort to have it quickly and completely satisfied.

We endorse the tariff bill called the "McKinley bill," in the form in which it was passed by the House of Representatives, and we demand that the tariff be placed on the English Parliament as an unwarranted interference by a foreign nation with the right of the American people to protect American industry.

2. We reaffirm one of the earliest principles of our party when we declare that American workmen should, like American manufacturers, receive national protection, and we request of the national government the strictest enforcement of laws forbidding entrance into and employment in this country of pauper and contract laborers of foreign birth. We urge upon Congress the immediate necessity of passing such legislation as will prevent the importation and sale of oleomargarine and of intoxicating liquors in this commonwealth contrary to our acts of assembly, and we request of the national government that it should enforce every law relating thereto in the manner and in accordance with intent and purpose with which they were enacted. Ballot reform is and will remain the watchword of our party in every state, and we especially congratulate our position that the New York upon the fact that our Democratic governor could not defeat their efforts to secure a free ballot for every American voter throughout their state.

We charge the members of the next general assembly with the duty to pass such laws, and if necessary should arise, to provide for such changes in the constitution of our state as will ensure to every voter perfect secrecy and freedom in exercising his right of suffrage.

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party of the Southern states inflicted upon us during the civil war, and years ago we lifted from the lands and homes of all our fellow-citizens the burdens of state taxation, but the depression under which our agricultural interests now suffer has made the present system of taxation bear so heavily upon us that we therefore pledge ourselves to lighten that burden and as far as possible to equalize taxation. To that end we recommend that the surplus revenue derived from state taxation be used to lessen the tax upon the land upon real estate for local purposes by applying it so far as it will in legislative wisdom avail to the increase of the appropriation for the support of the common schools and to making appropriation for the care of the insane, deaf and dumb, blind, aged and holding general elections. If thereby there should be necessity for enlarging our surplus revenue we favor a just and equitable increase in the taxation of property of corporations. We recommend that the local system of taxation be reformed so as to place the burden of money capital for local purposes to such an extent as to enable the local authorities to reduce the rate of taxation upon real estate to an equitable basis.

We request of the General Assembly vigilance in making appropriation of public money and of our charitable institutions receiving state aid the strictest economy in the expenditures.

The phenomenal increase of our population and of our coal, iron, foreign and domestic, and of our railroads, and the circulation of our national banks renders it imperatively essential to the general good in our judgment, that there shall be a speedy and substantial increase in the currency of the country, uncompromisingly hostile to monometallicism, whether of gold or silver, and earnestly favoring the use of the coin metal, the Republican party of Pennsylvania demands enactment by Congress now in session of such legislation as will secure the circulation of the coin metal, and maintain parity between the two metals. We heartily endorse the administration of President Harrison, and desire that his wise conservatism, its undoubted integrity and its manifold efficiency deserve the unqualified approval of the whole nation. We earnestly urge the continued confidence of the Republicans of Pennsylvania in the wisdom, integrity and statesmanship of the Hon. J. McKim Cass, our present senator at Washington, D. C., so emphatically manifested in his past services; so we accept this as positive assurance of his faithful and efficient service as our chairman of our national committee, M. S. Quay, we feel a lasting sense of gratitude for his matchless services in the last presidential campaign, and as a member of the general assembly, secretary of the commonwealth two successive administrations as state treasurer by the order of the people, and as a senator of the United States he has won and retained our respect and confidence.

We commend the course of Hon. Thos. B. Reed, speaker of the National House of Representatives, in manfully preventing obstructions of legislation and waste of public money, and desire that his wise congratulations and thanks of the Republican party of Pennsylvania.

We express our gratification with the admission of Mr. Reed to the cabinet, and congratulate him upon the fact that his course has been marked by wisdom, integrity, and that devotion to the welfare of the people which has made him a senator and a citizen of the United States in all coming years.

The nominating speeches were being made when the INTELLIGENCER went to press.

THE REPUBLICAN CLUBS. The Part Lancaster Representatives. The streets of Harrisburg had a very familiar appearance to-day. There were yesterday, as hundreds of folks from here were in that city helping different bosses in every corner. The truth is, the delegates arrived at the capital in good shape and they created a great deal of favorable comment. The troops were among the largest and best on the ground. Lancaster people felt proud of them. In the evening most of the members of the Lancaster club were in the parade which, however, was finally a very noisy affair. The excursionists came home on the train reaching here about ten o'clock, but more came in the morning. Quite a large number, including the active politicians, remained over for the convention to-day, in order that they may do something for their party. All of Lancaster representatives were Martin badges and streamers with those of Delamater, and the badge of the Haslings club attracted much attention. The drunken men were covered with badges of all kinds and sizes, and they did not care who was nominated so long as they were able to finish their return ticket to come home.

As late as this morning many people were waiting at Harrisburg. On News Express there were a number of delegates from the Lancaster club. These are the carried politicians, including the Seventh ward Republican club of Philadelphia.

The Philadelphia News has this to say of the Lancaster club: "These delegates to Lancaster was in the ascendancy to-day. Fully 1,000 people from that county are believed to be on their way here, and their costs, and working for E. K. Martin for lieutenant governor, while cheering for Delamater and Hastings. The E. K. Martin club were Delamater badges, and their members wore Delamater badges. Mr. Martin stood on the balcony in front of the Delamater headquarters and bowed to his neighbors as they passed by. A huge Japanese umbrella carried by General B. Frank Eschman was a conspicuous feature in the procession excited great admiration in the crowd. It was labeled: "Lancaster County Haslings club." The members of the Lancaster club, but all the Lancaster county people are not for Delamater. In the afternoon the Lancaster club, headed by General B. Frank Eschman marched to the city, and 200 handsomely uniformed members. Their banner declared that General Hastings could carry Lancaster by 12,000 majority."

The Philadelphia Press says: "Then there emerged upon the streets more of the Lancaster club. It was led by E. K. Martin club, and they were followed by a blue. A white transparency proclaimed that Lancaster county would be good for 12,000 majority for Martin. The 200 members of the Lancaster club, wearing their badges, had scarcely passed when another Lancaster county club appeared, all adorned with the adjutant general's clover. They were led by General B. Frank Eschman, and they were followed by a blue. A white transparency proclaimed that Lancaster county would be good for 12,000 majority for Hastings."

The Harrisburg News says: "The most notable looking individual in the Lancaster delegation was 'Toadler' Richardson, who had the extreme left post of honor. The Philadelphia Press says: "Then there emerged upon the streets more of the Lancaster club. It was led by E. K. Martin club, and they were followed by a blue. A white transparency proclaimed that Lancaster county would be good for 12,000 majority for Martin. The 200 members of the Lancaster club, wearing their badges, had scarcely passed when another Lancaster county club appeared, all adorned with the adjutant general's clover. They were led by General B. Frank Eschman, and they were followed by a blue. A white transparency proclaimed that Lancaster county would be good for 12,000 majority for Hastings."

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HIS BRAIN WAS AFFECTED.

CHRISTIAN SECHRIST DIES OF INJURIES RECEIVED IN A RUNAWAY.

He Is Severely Bruised On the Right Eye and the Wound Renders Him Unconscious For Three Days.

Christian Sechrist, the milkman, who was hurt in a runaway accident on North Duke street last Friday morning, died this morning of injuries then received. It will be remembered that a horse of C. Gunnenbauer, baker, ran into the wagon of Mr. Sechrist, throwing the latter out. He fell heavily upon the pavement, striking his head. He was taken to the home of George Worth, where he was able to sit upon a lounge, and was perfectly conscious. He remained in that condition up to the time of his death, and he did not speak a word. He was attended by Dr. E. H. Witmer, of Newfville, who consulted with Dr. Davis. The man is rather queer one, as the man did not have any injury of any kind about the body. It was all around the head, and the brain seems to have been affected. The only mark visible was about the eye. Dr. Witmer and other physicians will make a post-mortem to ascertain the exact cause of the man's death.

Mr. Sechrist was 62 years of age and was a farmer as well as milkman. He lived at North Duke street and leaves a second wife with five children.

LUTHERAN SEMINARY REMOVAL.

Discussed by the Lutheran Board of Trustees at Gettysburg.

The board of trustees of the Lutheran Seminary at Gettysburg, Pa., met on Tuesday. The treasurer stated that the finances of the institution were in a satisfactory condition, and that the committee that have had under consideration the advisability of removing the seminary to some Eastern city, Washington or Baltimore, had not yet reached a decision. The report was to the effect that the trustees of the seminary had advised that meanwhile provision be made in the town for the increase of students.

Commencement exercises of the seminary will be held on Wednesday evening of Pennsylvania college commencement week, and have been somewhat lost sight of in the rush for the larger number of students who will be held during the first week in June.

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