## NEGRO THIEVES SENTENCED.

THE MEN WHO ROBBED JUSTICE HERSHEY'S HOUSE IN COLUMBIA ARE CONVICTED.

Dick Redman, of the Paegleysville Gang, Soes to Jail For a Year-Albert Zell Acquitted of Larceny.

Monday Afternoon.—The trial of Jacob Warfel, for violating the liquor law, by selling to minors, on Sunday and without license at Shenk's Ferry, was resumed when court re-assembled at 2:30.

A number of witnesses testified to getting liquor at his place in May, 1887, after the expiration of his license.

The defendant testified that he was unable to give a bond in 1887 for his hotel license and it lapsed. He denied having violated the law after he retired from the hotel business. He said there was a party given at his place by Jacob Frey, his son-in-law, and Henry Boatman, on Ascension Thursday of 1888, at which liquor was sold, but Warfel claimed that he was not a party to the transaction, that it was held without his authority or permission. He denied that he shared in the prefits of the enterprise. He admitted having given a couple of bottles of beer to parties on a Sanday who bought shad from him, but he denied having received any pay for it. He claimed that it was next of his stock that

who bought shad from him, but he denied having received any pay for it. He claimed that it was part of his stock that remained unsold, when he went out of business.

Upon cross-examination he admitted that he had been a fugitive from justice since the indictment was found against him. He said he remained away because he could not get bail and expected to get the case settled without its getting into court.

The jury rendered a verdict of guilty of selling liquor without license and not guilty of selling liquor on Sunday and to minors, with county for costs. Warfel was sentenced to pay a fine of \$50 and undergo an imprisonment of four months in the county jail.

A verdict of not guilty was taken in the case of Com. vs. E. Galen Barr and Michael Weinner, Eden township election officers, and also in the case of Com. vs. Edw. Conner, voting under age.

Wm. Thomas Loomis was charged with carrying concealed deadly weapons. George Finnefrock was the prosecutor and he testified that on the 4th of January last Loomis attacked and struck him with a weapon at James and Mulberry streets, but he could not tell what the weapon was. Chief Smeltz's testimony was that Loomis admitted to him that he had struck Finnefrock with a stone tied in his handkerchief, The defendant denied that he had used a concealed weapon. He said he had a fuss with Experience. concealed weapon. He said he had a fuss with Finnefrock and during the row he picked up a stone and struck the prose-cutor with it. The jury after a few minutes' deliberation rendered a verdict of guilty. Sentence was deferred, as there are other

cases pending against him.

Harry Diggs, an aged Columbia darkey, was put on trust for selling liquor on Sunday and without a license. A dozen or more witnesses went on the stand and testified that they had bought liquor from Diggs on week day and Sunday by the drink and pint.

The accused went on the stand and de-nied ever having violated the liquor law. Half a dozen witnesses were called in his behalf, and their testimony was of a nega-tive character, that they had frequently been at his house and never saw him sell any flouor. any liquor.

The jury promptly convicted Diggs of

both charges. For selling without license the court sentenced him to pay a fine of \$500, and undergo an imprisonment of ten ths. For selling on Sunday the fine Reub. Hutton, who spends the greater portion of his time in the county jail, entered a plea of guilty to a charge of feloniously entering the cellar of E. O. Eaby and stealing a lot of provisions. His punishment was made four months in the county

Samuel Kuntzleman pleaded guilty to stealing a gun from Ernest Maulick, of Ma-rietta. He was sentenced to undergo an imprisonment of six months.

GRAND JURY RETURNS. True Bills.—Wm. Thos. Loomis, carry-ins concealed deadly weapons and larceny; George Johnson, et. al., burglary and lar-ceny; Isaac S. Deitrich, Louisa Schantz, adultery; John Williams, et. al., Jacob Clymer, larceny; Charles Rinehert, et. al., Peter Rinehart, Peter Frank, et. al., felo-nious entry; Charles Frank, Peter Frank, Charles Rinehart, larceny; Harry Diggs, selling liquor on Sunday and without liselling liquor on Sunday and without leense; Richard Redman, larceny an e; Richard Redman, larceny and nious assault and battery; Reuber Hutton, larceny; Jacob Clymer, felonione entry; Albert Zell, Emma Archey, Samuel Kuntzelman, larceny. Ignored Bills .- Wm. Mohler, receiving

stolen goods.

Tuesday =Moraing.—Court met at 9 clock, and George Johnson and George May were called for trial on charges of burglary and Jarceny. Johnson saved the county the expense of a trial by pleading guilty. He was used by the commonwealth as a witness against May.

The testimony for the prosecution was that Justice H. S. Hershey's house at Coumbin was entered by thieves on the

lumbia was entered by thieves on the night of November 3d. On the next day some of the stolen articles were found in Johnson's possession, and he implicated May in the robbery.

ohnson's story was that May committed the theft while he vatched on the outside.

May denied being with Johnson on the night of the robbery. When it was committed he claimed that he was not in Lancaster county. The jury did not take any stock in his denial, for they promptly rendered a verdiet of guilty.

Johnson and May were each sentenced to undergo an imprisonment of twenty-one

Emma Archey, colored, was tried for stealing muslin, a dress and a quilt, from Sarah Biwater, Columbia, October 22. Commonwealth proved that she stole the articles and sold them to Mary Lloyd. The prisoner denied all knowledge of the theft,

prisoner denied all knowledge of the theft, but the jury promptly rendered a verdict of guilty. Seatence was deferred.

Albert Zell, cab driver, was tried on a charge of larceny preferred by Mrs. Margaret Fritz. Her testimony was that on the 9th of September, on her return to this city by a train on the Penr sylvania, she employed Zell to drive her to her home at the Eighth ward hotel. She had a number of parcels and a small satchel in which there were 850 in money a certificate of deresit lepot, charged Zell with the theft and had

im arrested, Chief Smeltz testified to searching Zell when arrested and to finding three one dollar notes and two dollars in silver. This money he claimed he made by hauling

people to a pienic. number of witnesses who saw Mrs Fritz getting into the cab could not testify positively that Mrs. Fritz had the satchel

At the conclusion of the testimony the district attorney abandoned the case, there not being any evidence to show that Zell

Michael Barry, who claimed Wrightsville as his home, was charged with burglary. On the night of the 19th of September C.

W. Cleggett, of Columbia, found this man in his kitchen. He kept him, called an officer and had him arrested. An entrance was effected by forcing open a shutter, after he had climbed over the fence. Barry said be was drunk and thought it

was a hotel he got into. He did not shave any recollection of opening the window. His counsel argued that no felonious intent

had been proved on the part of Barry. The jury rendered a verdict of not guilty.

Richard Redman, one of the Faegleys ville gang, pleaded guilty to a charge of lareeny, and to committing an aggravated assault and battery on George May, at the context of Market and at the corner of Market and Clay streets, on September 7th. The court sentenced him to undergo an imprisonment of one

Charles Sechrist, another of the same gang was also charged with assaulting George May, but the testimony showed that he was too drunk to commit the

offense charged and the commonwealth

abandoned the case.

Wm. Thos. Loomis pleaded guilty to ascheering saulting George Finnefrock with a stone, market.

and to stealing pipes from the city water department about January 3d. After these offenses Loomis became a fugitive, and was only arrested a few days ago. His punishment was made fifteen months.

punishment was made fifteen months.

GRAND JURY RETURN.

True Bills: Michael Barry, burglary:
James Lagen, et. al, aggravated assault and battery; Louisa Dorsey, assault and battery; John Trainor, assault with intent to ravish; Timothy Dolan, larceny, (two indictments); Wm. D. Walton, carrying concealed deadly weapons; Viola Lindsey, disorderly house; Wm. Thos. Loomis, felonious assault and battery.

Ignored Bills: Wm. Thos. Loomis, larceny and felonious entry.

CURRENT BUSINESS.

Judgment was entered for want of an affidavit of defense in the suits of A. S. Bard against John W. Mentzer, for \$1,151,22; against Jacob S. Smith for \$585, and against John Sides, for \$565,13.

One Caused By Electric Light Wires and the Other By a Furnace. There was considerable excitement in

the central part of the city on Monday evening, when two slight fires occurred, neither of which, however, did a great deal of damage. The first occurred shortly after 6 o'clock in Zahm's jowelry store, in Centre Square. It was caused by the electric light wire, and was discovered in the engraving room on the secend floor, immediately over the store proper. The attention of John Martin, an enameler, was attracted by the flames, which were bursting from the floor underneath his bench and which began to toast his shins. Buckets of water were procured and the fire was extinguished after some trouble. The fire started between the joiss and floor and they were charred somewhat. This fire did not cause an alarm and the damage was not great, although Mr. Ernest Zahm had a good portion of the floor torn up after the fire was not more about. Some of the water used in extinguishing the damage were did not excluse an alarm and the damage was not great, although Mr. Ernest Zahm had a good portion of the floor torn up after the fire was not more about. Some of the water used in extinguishing the flames worked through the ceiling and dropped into the store room, damaging the

dropped into the store room, damaging the wall paper.

The second fire was at the dry goods store of George F. Rathvon, on East King street. An alarm was struck from box No. 7, at Duke and East King streets, at 7 o'clock, and the fire department responded very promptly, making the best kind of time. A large crowd of people soon gathered, and for a time the street was almost choked with them for about a square. The fire was in the cellar of the store, and it originated from the furnace. Late in the afternoon a man who is employed about the store kindled a fresh fire in the furnace, which stands about half way back in the cellar and reaches almost from the ground to the floor. After making the fire the furnace was shut up and the young man did not go back to attend it in time; the result was that at the time mentioned above the store room began to fill with smoke, which grew more plentiful each minute. John Grube, a salesman, ran down stairs and found the furnace red hot from top to bottom and the joists and floor on fire. An bottom and the joists and floor on fire. An alarm was given and William Dittus struck box No. 7. The services of the firemen were not found necessary, however, as the fire was extinguished with buckets of water. The woodwork that was on fire was considerably charred.

Granted By the Register.

The following letters were granted by the register of wills for the week ending Tuesday, November 19;
ADMINISTRATION.—Robert R. Montgomery, deceased, late of Little Britain township; James S. Patterson, Little Britain, administrator. Mary Ann Espenshade, deceased, late of Leacock township; Daniel G. Espenshade, of East Lampeter, and Adam L. Espen-shade, Leacock, administrator. Newton Lightner, deceased, late of Lan-caster city; James H. Lightner, city, ad-administrator c. t. a. Lemuel F. Dellett, deceased, late of Col-

umbia borough; Caroline S. Dellett, Columbia, administrator.
Christopher Geiger, deceased, late of Lancaster city; Wm. C. Geiger, Eden, ad-

TESTAMENTARY. - Samuel Kendig, de-cased, late of East Drumore township;

Harry H. Aument, East Drumore, execu or. Levi Joh, late of Ephrata township; Benjamin Joh, Ephrata, executor.

What the Street Committee Did. The street committee of councils me tatedly on Monday evening and decided to advertise for proposals for the paving of the diamond at Duke and Orange streets with asphalt blocks and the diamond at Duke and Chestnut streets with Belgian blocks. Bids will be opened on Thursday

evening.

City Regulator Herr reported the square on Duke street, between Lemon and James streets, recently paved with asphalt block, the specificawas completed according to the specifica-tions. The committee did not accept the square from the contractors but decided to have a final settlement with the contractors

on Thursday evening. It was also decided to lay asphalt block at the corner of Duke and Marion streets, (north of the public building ground) from the curb to the house line, if the contrac-tors do the work at the same price per yard for which Duke street is being paved.

To Withdraw Public Funds Secretary Windom said in regard to a report that he had decided to withdraw \$47,000,000 of public funds now on deposit with national banks, that it certainly was not his purpose to make any such whole-sale withdrawal. He said, however, that saie withdrawai. He said, however, that he recognized the necessity of calling in such portion of the fund in depository banks as could be withdrawn from the banks without inconvenience to trade or commercial interests as early as practicable. The withdrawals, when made, will be for the sole purpose of reinvestment in the LE. purpose of reinvestment in the U. S. bonds. For many years past the government has had on deposit with banks through which its current business is transacted from ten to twenty million dollars, and he saw no good reason why this policy should be changed.

He Is a Lancaster Man.

John Henry Meyer, the insane man who has been locked up in a San Francisco asylum, seems to be pretty well known street in this eity. He learned his trade with Ed. Kappler in Centre Square, with whom he spent three years from 1876, and was a good workman. He then left and went to Boston, where he worked for some years. He has visited his home here at different times, and last left here for the West last summer. His mind had been aff seted for some time past, and he be violent at times. His folks were o to put him in an asylum several times

Prosecution Withdrawn.

Harry Springer, prosecuted before Alderman A. F. Donnelly for an unprovoked assault and battery on Godfrey Chambers, was to have been heard on Monday evening, but before the hour designated for the hearing Springer induced the prosecutor to withdraw the suit. Springer paid the costs.

Disorderly at the Rallroad Station. George M. Bush, of Mountville, was at the Pennsylvania railroad station on Monday evening and behaved in a very dis-orderly manner. Railroad Officer Pyle locked him up and this morning Alderman Halbach discharged him upon payment

Frank Eshleman went to Harrisburg to-day to appear before the pardon board to argue an application for the pardon of Jacob M. Rutt, serving a term for forgery.

An application for a rehearing in the case of Abe Buzzard, whose pardon was refused last month, will be argued by A.

Electric Light in the Northern Market. The incandescent electric light has been placed in the Northern market, which has 56 burners. It was turned on at this morn-ing's market, and was greeted with great cheering by persons in attendance at the

BUYING AND SELLING.

LOCAL TOBACCO DEALERS KEPT QUITE BUSY DURING THE PAST WEEK.

The Total Sales Nearly 2,000 Cases Trade In New York Dull-The '88 Crop of Pennsylvania in High Pavor.

ket was a busy one. Skiles & Frey bought 650 cases of Havana and seed leaf, crops of 1887 and 1888, and sold 100 cases in small lots to manufacturers; David Lederman sold 100 cases of '87 seed;

Lederman sold 100 cases of '87 seed;
Daniel A. Mayer sold 267 cases and
bought 314 cases of '87 and '88 seed and
Havana, and another firm sold 210 and
bought 240 of '86, '87 and '88 crops, making
the aggregate transactions 1,881 cases.

The weather has been favorable for
shipping the past week. There were no
buyers last week to look at the new crop.
Charles E. Eggleston, representing the
firm of J. P. Wolf, of Dayton, Ohio, is in
town looking at the stock of tobacco in the
hands of dealers. He is also trying to sell
a lot of old tobacco.

A. Lederer, who represents the United
States Tobacco Journal, is in town looking
after the interests of his paper, which has
a large circulation among tobacco men.

New York Market.

New York Market, From the United States Tobacco Journal. Business in domestic leaf has improved somewhat, though transactions are still limited to small quantities. The holders of old stock are not weakening by any means, because the bulk of the new crops proves to be defective in some way or another. There is hardly any more a doubt that both the '89 wrapper and filler average will be ar below the '88 crop as regards the quality and fineness of texture. Two or three months hence buyers will gladly pay any advance on the fine grades of the '88 crop and it is the confidence that such will be the case that prevents the market from weakening.

weakening.
Sumatra is moving off quite satisfactorily. Many importers have disposed already of the largest part of their importations. The sales for the past week amounted to nearly 600 bales. On Thursday the last inscription of the season took place at Amsterdam and our American buyers may be expected home with the next steamer. Never before were they kept for such a long time dancing attendance on the Dutch companies. The later inscriptions showed a very poor class and prices fell accordingly. veakening. The Havana business during the week was but moderate. The sales amounted to about 800 bales which included some par-

From the Tobacco Leaf. The market for the past week was exceedingly dull, but this spell of quietude must be expected after the large volume of business which has been transacted during the past four months. "When the storm which were made were in fillery goods, such as the '88 Pennsylvania seed and Onondaga. The seed leaf of '88 crop of Pennsylvania makes an excellent filler and binder. Under the above conditions the market still remains firm in price.

Sales of seed leaf tobacco reported by J. S. Gans' Son, tobacco broker, No. 131 Water street, New York, for the week end-

Water street, New York, for the week ending November 18:

200 cases 1888 New England Havana, 16 to 42½c.; 200 cases 1888 Pennsylvania Havana, 11½ to 14c.; 180 cases 1888 state Havana, 12½ to 14c.; 200 cases 1888 Wisconsin Havana, 11 to 12c.; 150 cases 1888 Dutch, 9½ to 11½c.; 100 cases 1887 Pennsylvania seed 8 to 14c.; 150 cases sundries, 5½ to 40c. Total, 1,180 cases. Market very duil.

The Philadelphia Market.

From the Tobacco Leaf. the usual for the month of November to show duliness in handling cigar leaf, so that the apparent lethargy of the past week is customary. Nevertheless, sales have been made which aggregate handsomely. B's and C's still holds the fort and find a ready market if not held too high. Quite a goodly number of domestic Havana wrappers have been placed, while inqui-ries are constantly increasing. Prices are Sumatra shows a regular daily demand. Havana sells well and satisfactorily at

ill prices, Receipts for the week—88 cases Connec ticut, 429 cases Pennsylvania, 53 cases Ohio, 116 cases Little Dutch, 369 cases Wis-consin, 84 cases York state, 138 bales Su-matra, 372 bales Havana and 284 hhds Vir-

ginia and Western leaf tobacco.
Sales have been—91 cases Connecticut Sales nave been—91 cases Chio, 86 368 cases Pennsylvania, 31 cases Ohio, 86 cases Little Dutch, 210 cases Wisconsin, 65 cases York state, 91 bales Sumatra, 201 bales Havana, and 16 hhds of Virginia and Western leaf tobacco in transit

GOLDEN IN "OLD JED PROUTY."

A Fine Play By a Strong Company That Gave the Greatest Satisfaction. Last evening at Fulton opera house there was an audience which was by no means as large as Richard Goldon and his company in "Old Jed Prouty" deserved. house was not full by any means, yet it should have been packed, as the star, the play and the company were first-class. play and the company were first-class. The play is a clean, pure story of home life in New England, and Jed Prouty is a typical New England hotel-keeper. His quaint sayings and funny adventures in his own little village of Bucksport as well as while on a short visit to Boston are admirably portrayed. Mr. Golden was brought up in a town of this kind "away down East," and he had plenty of opportunities of observing and studying the funny characters who lived there. He and William Gill wrote this play and it is William Gill wrote this play and it is bound to be a big winner. While there is little plot the people do not look for that, as there is so much that is funny, while at imes it is filled with pathos and tears fol-ow quickly in the wake of smiles. There are many things that are real and true to life, and any person that has, ever spent time about a country hotel, even in this part of the country, can appreciate the queer characters that are introduced.

Mr. Golden has the part of Jed Prouty, the big-hearted and somewhat eccentric old innkeeper, and in it he has a character that ninkeeper, and in it he has a character that suits him admirably. He plays the part in an easy, natural way and almost convulses the audience with laughter at times. He is a great success in the piece and he was twice called before the curtain by the enthusiastic audience least occurrence. by the enthusiastic audience last evening. The company in support is very strong with Joseph Conyers as *Beacon Hill*, Harry Rich as *John Todd*, Frank R, Jack-Harry Rich as John Todd, Frank R, Jackson as Zach Wilson, H. M. Morse as Zeb Hardy, &c. The male characters were a curious lot of old boys, but quite natural and fit companions for old Jed. Pretty Louise Sanford, who has often appeared in Lancaster and is always excellent in her work, played the part of Martha Ciddens capitally and she was especially funny in act third, after she had become Mrs. Hill and assumed French airs. The Mrs. Hill and assumed French airs. The scenery used in the production of the play was very appropriate, especially in the first and third acts. One of the best features of the play was the fine singing of a quar-tette composed of Misses Sanford and Alma and Messrs Morse and Peters. They were encored time after time whenever their voices were heard. The play will be produced again this evening, and it should

The Number is Large.

be seen by everybody.

The county institutions seem to be very popular resorts now. In the hospital and insane asylum there are now 155 in-mates, while there are 241 in the almsbouse proper. Superintendent Worst says this is 64 more in the three buildings than at this time last year.

A Car Crippled.

The East End car line seems to be improving backwards. One of its cars has a wheel off or damaged. It is only running one at present. A trip is now made about every thirty-five or forty minutes. The patrons of the road are wondering why a car could not be borrowed or hired for a few days from some other line. PROF. GLEASON AT THE RINK.

A House of Tremendous Size Greets the Great Horse Trainer. At the King street rink last evening there was an audience of tremendous size to see Prof. Gleaven, who claims, and not without good saves, to be the king of an to see Prof. Gleason, who claims, and not without good cause, to be the king of animal trainers. The building was packed with people. Not only was all the space taken down stairs, but the gallery and stage were filled. The exhibition was much like those given before by the professor and was very entertaining. The rink has been well fitted up for the exhition and on the floor is a heavy coating of sawdust.

sawdust.

The first horse upon which an experiment was made was a halter puller. He was heavy, strong and gamy, and two of the professor's assistants struggled some ment was made was a halter puller. He was heavy, strong and gamy, and two of the professor's assistants struggled some time before they succeeded in throwing him. The professor then threw him single handed after but little resistance from the animal. After he was down he lay quiet under the cracking of the whip. When he got upon his feet the throwing strap was removed and an ordinary balter strap was used upon him. He was thrown a second time, and tin pans, bass drums, &c., were pounded over him, but he was subdued. The horse was then taught to stop at the word. The drum and pans were again used, but the horse did not move even after the professor had let the lines go. He was then hitched up in a wagon which the professor upset, but the animal at once stopped. A spirited bay horse was next taught to follow the professor and a ferocious kicker was brought to terms after he had almost kicked his heels off.

The professor will appear again to-night when a very savage horse, which nearly everybody is afraid of, will be operated upon.

THE HEAVY RAIN.

All the Streams Are—High, Cellars Flooded in the Northern Part of Town. Owing to the very heavy rain which lasted nearly all night the streams of the county, including the Conestoga, were all very high to-day. The rain seems to have been very hard all over this section, and reports from different places are the same in regard to the high water. Small

in regard to the high water. Small streams that can scarcely be seen in dry weather are putting on as many airs as the big ones and fields are badly flooded and washed. The Conestoga was not as high this afternoon as it has been this summer, but it was rising and by evening may be up to the standard.

A great deal of damage was done in the northern part of the city and especially in that section which is known as Faegleysville. Old Clay street from North Queen to Prince resembled a river. It was filled with water to considerable depth and all the cellars in the neighborhood are flooded. At some houses the water is running out the cellars in the neighborhood are flooded. At some houses the water is running out through the cellar grates and it is running all over the streets and in the lots and gardeos. Some of the lots have ponds upon them aimost large enough to float a boat. At hoon, although the rain had stopped, the water was still having its innings and was covering everything. The street is low at that part, and water is given a good chance to collect there. The inlets to the sewer are not sufficiently large and the sewers are not sufficiently large and the sewers are not properly constructed, so that this thing may occur irequently. The people of that section were greatly excited over the state of affairs this forenoon and many are growling over the condition of many are growling over the condition of

THEY DID NOT COME BACK.

wo Negroes Hire a Horse to Buy Bone and Fall to Beturn. On Monday of last week James E. Kiehls, a young darkey of this city, hired a horse and wagon from John O. Stewart, who is also colored, and lives at Lemon and Mulberry streets. Kiehls said he wanted

to go down to the neighborhood of Quarry ville to purchase a load of bones and he him. Instead of going to Quarryville they took another direction and went to York county. They were seen to cross the river county. They were seen to cross the river at Columbia between eight and nine o'clock on the morning of that day. They have not come back to Lancaster since, nor has Stewart heard anything of his team. He has an idea that the men sold it and then skipped. The matter has been given into the hands of Chief of Police Smeltz, who is trained. the nands of Unief of Police Smeltz, who 1strying to find the property and thieves. The horse was a gray, 14 or 15 hands high, weighing about 1,300 pounds and much fleabitten. The wagon is covered. The running gears are painted brown with the exception of two wheels, which are darker. The bedy is plack and arrived with real

The body is black and striped with red.

Knocked His Wife Down. Emanuel Hammond is the same of young man who resides in the eastern part of the city and at times amuses himself by thumping his wife. Last evening he attended the performance at the opera house and took a seat in the gallery. His wife went there after him for some reason. Sho went there after him for some reason. She sent a messenger up who called him down off his perch and went out to meet her. She was standing in front of the operahouse when he went out and without any provocation he struck her a blow in the face with his fist. She fall in the gutter and he went back to the gallery. The mean, cowardly act was witnessed by several people who pitied the woman. Her husband was brought out of the gallery and would have been taken to the station house but the woman begged them not to lock him up. He was allowed to go and he returned to see the show out, as though nothing had happened. The wife went home.

Passengers in a Burning Car. As the Eastern express on the Pennsyl vania railroad was running through Pitts vania ranfoad was running through Pitts-burg, on Monday evening, one of the pas-senger coaches left the track, owing to the spreading of the rails, and turned com-pletely over. Fire started in both ends and in the centre. There were between forty and fifty persans in the car and a wild scene followed. Trainmen and crews from other trains were close at hand and the flames were soon extinguished and the passengers rescued. Nearly every one it was injured, but only one, Joseph

St. Michael's Society Officers. At the meeting of St. Michael's society on Monday evening the following were clected officers of the ensuing year; President, G. Edw. Hegener; vice president, George Fritch; secretary, Thos. F. Mc-Elligott; treasurer, Fred. Judith; standing committee, northwest ward, Joseph Wacker, Martin Deitcher; northeast ward, Benj. Houser, Jerome Hiemenz: southeast ward, A. F. Bihl, Edward Haas; southwest ward, George Fritch, Peter Diehl, second, Edward Parker, Fred. Kirsch; messenger,

Marietta Sand Company. Articles of agreement of the Marietta Sand company, a limited partnership, with a capital of \$1,000, were filed at the recorder's office this morning. The officers of the company are: President, John H. Mc Mullen; secretary, Bayard Taylor Brandt; treasurer, H. M. Alexander. The business of the company is the shipping of river

Death of Mrs. Miles Downs Mrs. Margaret Downs, wife of Miles Downs, of the Buck, was buried at St.Catherine Catholic church, near Quarryville, to-day. She was 75 years old and was the

mother of William and James Downs, two

of the best known young men is the lower e id. Both she and her aged husband have been members of St. Catharine church since its erection. Hurt In Strasburg. Last week Mrs. D. S. Sweeton and her daughters, Sallie and Gertie, went to visit relatives in Strasburg. Mr. Sweeton has received word that Gertie, who is 16 years of age, was badly hart by falling through the hayness while playing in the hare.

have ow while playing in the bar will be brought home to-morrow. Inventory Filed. The inventory of the estate of John Graver, niller, of Ephrata, who made an as-signment a few days ago, was filed in the prothonotary's office to-day. It aggregates to 220 t. JACOB BUZZARD DIES.

ONE OF THE INFAMOUS WELSH MOUNTAIN GANG A VICTIM OF CONSUMPTION.

His End Comes While in Confinement in the Penitentiary-A Young Man Who Committed Various Crimes.

Jacob Buzzard, one of the famous brothers, who in former years made their headquarters in the Welsh mountain and were a terror to the people residing in the eastern section of the county, is dead. The news of his death which took place in the Eastern penitentiary at 7 o'clock this morning row-fied his wife, who resides at &E North Christian street, the forence on the head been suffering from consumption for a long time and his confinement in all probability greatly hastened his death. His wife had been expecting to hear the news of his end for some time past. She visited him last week and then found him to be sinking very rapidly. After receiving the dispatch this morning she telegraphed to the warden of the penitentiary to ship the body to this city, where the funeral will take place.

The deceased was but thirty-three years of age, yet he had an experience which few older men have had. The family consisted of five brothers, viz: Mart, Abe, Ike, Jake and Joe, and their father died when the younger ones were quite small.

Jake and Joe, and their father died when the younger ones were quite small. They were raised by their mother and they became wild. The stories of their doings have been published in nearly every paper in this country and especially by those of this city. As long as Jake trained with his brothers he was considered one of the shrewdest of the band of mountaineers, and many were the burglaries that he planned and successfully carried out with the shrewdest of the band of mountaineers, and many were the burglaries that he planned and successfully carried out with the assistance of his friends. He was as smart as a steel trap and for years kept out of the duches of the law. He was first arrested for petty offenses and received small sentences. Finally when yet quite young he was convicted of breaking into a store in the eastern part of the county and was sentenced to five years' imprisonment. He served that term in the county jail and after getting out made up his mind to reform. He began cigar making in this city and kept at it steadily for years, being employed by several firms. He married and did so well that many persons forgot his past record. He was always looked upon with suspicion by the officers of the city, however, and he was suspected of taking part in a number of burglaries. He then lived on John street and while there his brothers lke and Abe broke jail. It is said that they frequently visited Jake's house and he kept them posted on the movements of the officers.

Some years ago it became evident that Jake was going back into his old ways, and the officers watched him closely. During the term of Mayor Morton they became convinced that he doing a great deal of thieving, and that his house was a rendezvous for a bad crowd of young men who were working with him. They would make raids into the country almost nightly, tealing from the farmers and others. They

raids into the country almost nightly, to al-ing from the farmers and others. They brought their goods to this city, and usually took it to Buzzard's house. Finally usually took it to Buzzard's house. Finally a number of complaints were made against Buzzard and Peter Rotel and George Gerlitzski, two of his pals. The latter pair were convicted and received long terms in the Eastern penitentiary. Buzzard was never captured. The officers went to his house one night to take him, but he escaped out of the back door while they were in front and made his way out of town. He was not known what had become of him until one day when Sher. Smith, who was then chief of police, was in Philadelphia, about two years ago. He had business at the Eastern penitentiary and upon going there was ern penitentiary and upon going there was surprised to find Buzzurd and Paul Quigley in a cell tegether. He learned that they had been sent there from Delaware county for terms of five years each for numerous charges of larceny on which they had been convicted. Some time later Quigley died, after becoming insane. Buzzard had after becoming insane. Buzzard had almost two years to serve yet. Abe and lke Buzzard are in the penitentiary serv-

ing long terms. Honry Kerns, aged 67, engineer at the Bushong paper mill, Reading, was nearly killed this morning. While oiling machinery he fell into the fly-wheel Both legs were broken and his teeth knocked out. He will recover.

The president of the Miners' Progressive Union has called a convention of miners of Northern Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Pennylvania and West Virginia at Indian polis, December 18.

Moussa Bey, the Kurdish chief, who is charged with perpetrating outrages upon Christians in Armenia, has been imrisoned. His trial will take place on ovember 23d.

Fire is raging in No. 9 mine at Sugar Notch, Pa. Four hundred miners are idle. A freight train ran into a landslide near shamokin this morning. The engine and 20 cars were thrown into the Susquehanna river. Several trainman were injured. All conductors and drivers on Richardson's four railway lines in Brook lyn have struck. The strikers say eight

men were discharged because they were Knights of Labor. Dr. Jacob L. Baker, a prominent dentist of West Chester, died last night.

"Buffalo" Miller, a prominent Illinoisan, died in Chicago to-day.

A Wedding To-Day. This morning James Kelly and Miss Lizzie 15. Trout were united in marriage at the parsonage of St. Mary's church, by Rev. P. J. McCullagh. The bridesmaid was Miss Maggie Trout, sister of the bride, and the groomsman Reland D. Moore. Afterwards a reception was held at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Susan Trout, No. 725 Marietta avenue. Guests from Reading and other cities and a large number of friends of the happy cou-ple, of this city, were present. The bride received many useful and very beautiful gifts. The pair left at 12:58 on a trip to New York and other cities. The groom is a son of John Kelly, of 320 East Orange street. He is a clerk at the Pennsylvania freight station and a well know young

A Liberal Donation. B. J. McGrann, of this city, is a great admirer of all kinds of athletic sports and especially of foot ball. He has just made the members of the college team feel good by making them a present of \$50, which they will use in defraying the expenses of getting visiting teams here, &c. At a meet-ing of the team, held this morning in the college, the boys returned a vote of thanks

Rev. E. W. Burke, who for some time has been paster of the Western M. E. church, on Charlotte street, has resigned on account of ill health. For a long time on account of in heatin. For a long time he has been suffering from nervous pros-tration and has frequently been obliged to take rests. He will go to his father's home at Onancock, Va., where he hopes to re-cain his bealth

A Pastor Resigns.

Overcome by Coal Gas. George Franklin, janitor of the Sacred Heart academy, went to the cellar of that school yesterday afternoon to put ceal on the furmace fire, and while the front door was open he was overcome by the escaping coal gas. He was unconscious for about an hour, but finally came about all right.

Harriet Beecher Stowe Insane.

forgeries of promissory notes.

The friends of Mrs. Harriet Beecher stowe have been rejuctantly compelled to admit that she has shown evidence of being slightly demented. A Forger Disappears. B. S. Barrett, piano dealer of Euclid avenue, Cleveland, has disappeared, leav-ing about \$70,000 of debts, and is supposed to be in Canada. He is also charged with forcestic of two

ITHE NEWS CONFIRMED. Establishment of the United States Brazil-A Revolution Without

RIO DE JANEIRO, Nov. 15, via Galves-ton.—Dom Pedro and the imperial family left yesterday for Lisbon on the steamer

Alagons.

The governors named by the provisional The governors named by the provisional government are all military men. The denomination adopted by the government for the republic is the United States of Brazil. The province of Bahia has proclaimed for the republic. Peace and quietness reigns. The republic will allow the deposed emperor 800 contos de rein per annum during his life.

The five articles of the government decree are: First. The republic is proclaimed. Second. The provinces of Brazil, united by federation, compose the United States of Brazil. Third. Each state will form its own local government. Fourth. Each state will send a representative to the Congress, which will convene shortly, and the final decision of which the provisional government will await. Fifth.

provisional government will await. Fifth. Meantime the governors of the states will adopt means to maintain order and pro

adopt means to maintain order and protect the citizens' rights.

The nations inland and external relations will be represented meanwhile by the provisional government.

Rio Janeiro awoke on Friday to hear the Republic proclaimed. General Da Fonseca, Senor Constant and others proceeded to Petropolis in the morning and informed the emperor that he had been dethroned.

Don Pedro, supported by his family, received the deputation with absolute composure. General Da Fonseca was the spokesman. He said that Brazil had advanced far enough in the path of civiliza-

posure. General Da Fonseca was the spokesman. He said that Brazil had advanced far enough in the path of civilization to dispense with the monarchy. The country, while grateful to the emperor for his patriotic services, was firmly resolved to recognize only the republic.

Dom Pedro made a dignified reply. He declined to abdicate, but said he would yield to force. The imperial family were allowed one hour to prepare for their departure. Carriages, escorted by soldiers, were waiting to take them to the outer harbor, where a man-of-war was lying under steam. The captain had been instructed to sail as soon as the imperial family had embarked. He had received sealed orders instructing him what route to take. It is supposed that Lisbon is the destination of the vessel.

Dom Pedro, the deposed emperor, is the oldest monarch in point of service in the world, he having been declared emperor six years before Victoria was called to the throne of Great Britain, although he is the junior of Prince Albert's relict by three or four years. Stormy times rested upon Brazil from the year 1821 until 1831. In the former year disaffection against the ruling monarch, Dom Joas VI. led to his practical abdication in favor of his son, Dom Pedro I., the father leaving for Portugal, to the crown of which he had succeeded. The popularity of Dom Pedro I. began to wane soon after he ascended the throne because of the favoritism he showed Portuguese residing in Pedro I. began to wane soon after he ascended the throne because of the favoritism he showed Portuguese residing in Brazil, and he, in turn, was compelled to leave his South American throne for Europe in 1831, intrusting his son, Dom Pedro U., then five years old, and his three sisters to the tender mercies of his subjects. Thus for forty-eight years Dom Pedro II. has been at the head of the Brazilian empire, and now he has also been compelled to seek refuge in Europe.

Brazil's Enormous Territory.

In extent of territory Brazil is nearly

In extent of territory Brazil is nearly as large as Europe, comprising upward of three million two hundred and eighty-eight thousand English miles. The greatest river of the globe, the Amazon, affords with its tributaries over thirty thousand miles of free navigation in Brazillan territory. The metallic and mineral products of the country are various. Brazil has always been noted for its richness in diamonds and other gems, and the fields from which they are taken are the most extensive known. Except ou the loftiest mountains, the vegetation is luxuriant beyond description. The forests of the country contain alforests of the country contain al most every species of useful an ornamental wood. The varieties o animated life are more numerous perhap animated life are more numerous perhaps than in any other region of the world. Brazil was discovered in 1455 by Vincent Yanez Pincon, a companion of Columbus. He took possession of the country in the name of the Spanish government, but the next year the country was declared an apanage of Portugal by Pedro Alvarez Cabral. The Spanish neglected the country, and the first attempt on the part of the Portuguese at colonization was the founding of a hereditary captainty in the proof a hereditary captaincy in the pro-vince of Paulo, Considerably later a college was established by Nabrega. The French and Dutch both attempted to make settlements, and with poor success, and the Portuguese governed almost undisturbed. Indirectly the fate of this isolated colony was decided by the French revolution and Brazil is the only French revolution and Brazil is the only instance of a colony becoming the seat of government of the mother country. This was brought about by Napoleon, who induced Dom Joas VI, to seek refuge there. The population of Brazil is something over 10,000,000, and presents a number of distinct types. The aboriginal Indians of the country have to a large extent become amalgamated with the settled population in the maritime provinces, but in the in the maritime provinces, but in the forests they remain still sin a savage condition. These tribes, scattered over the vast interior, are countless, and though they may vary in language and customs, are all of the original stock, the Tupi-Guarant. The African negro, introduced in immense numbers, forms a large portion of the population. The Brazilian Creoles, who call themselves Brazileiros, are little inferior in capacity, strength or intellect to the pure race of Portuguese. An increase of population being necessary to the growth of the country has of late to the growth of the country has of lafe years induced a wonderful immigration of European coloniats. In Brazil there is no privileged aristocracy, but descent from noble Portuguese families and length of service in the country give rise to claims which are readily admitted. The Roman Catholic is the established religion of the country. All others are tolerated, but must be practiced privately. Primary and public schools, supported by the state, have been established throughout the empire. Besides these there is a second or higher grade of schools, in which are taught the sciences, mathematics and German, French and mathematics and German, French and English. The Dom Pedro Imperial college has a faculty of twenty-two professors. Extensive libraries are attached to all the schools and colleges. The Brazilians are in general hospitable and generous, and endowed with great pride. Brazil is not by any means a manufacturing country, but its commerce, especially of late years, has been uniformly progressive.

LONDON, Nov. 19-A dispatch from Rio Janeiro, this morning, states that Senhor Da Fonseca, president of the new ministry, has formerly annousced the departure of Dom Pedro for Lisbon. Senor Da Fonseca also announces that he will continue to exercise supreme executive authority until the country shall have definitely decided upon a new government, Meanwhile the ordinary functions of the administration will continue as under the old regime.

The dispatches of yesterday had a reassuring effect in financial circles. Brazilian securities on the London stock exchange o-day recovered much of the ground lost vesterday and are quoted from two to three points higher than last night's closing prices. The feeling prevails that a change of government will not injuriously effect Brazilian financial obligations,

RIO JANEIRO, Nov. 19,-The republic has been proclaimed in all the provinces. Panis, Nov. 19 .- The Figure says that merchants in Hamburg have received dispatches from Rio Janeiro stating that a movement has been started in that city for the restoration of Dom Pedro, and that fighting has occurred in the streets between the Monarchists and Republicans.

George Reimensnyder, who lives at No. 22 West Lemon street, and is employed at M. Fraim's lock works, in Locher ing, just off the southwest angle of Centre Square, was on Monday "cutting up" with a fellow workman, who slipped upon his ankle, spraining it badly. PATRIOTS TO THE RESCUE

THE NATIONAL JACKSON CLUB FORMED IN NASHVILLE ON MONDAY.

A Non-Partisan Organization to Turn the Tide Of Indifference Among Citizens - Editor McClure President.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 19. - The National Jackson club, which was organized here yesterday, has issued the following

address: The perpetuity of a republican free government rests in the patriotism of the people. In proportion as patriotism de-generates or is alloyed with mercenary desire the danger of dissolution increases. The forces that created our government and developed it into self-sustaining strength were evolved under conditions of oppression and tyranny, from patrioti anadultered with selfish motives and without the slightest purpose of personal aggrandizement on the part of patriots who founded, sustained and projected it upon

its career.

Unhappily, evidences of decay are ginning to be manifest, which, unless speedily arrested, may result disastrously.
Whereas, heretofore men sought to serve they seek first their own gain, and pa in the ties their own gain, and patricts in the ties to the pell mell scramble for place and emolument. Political parties, all of them, make "spoils" their first object, and it is gradually being instilled into the public mind that a proper reward of government for service and devotion of its sons is sordid lucre rather than the ble ings of freedom and protection it was time comes that it is altogether true that dollars are a fit and acceptable compensation to men who do battle for their country. then has our government lapsed into a con dition that renders it no longer worth per-petuating. Indeed it will be incapable of lasting perpetuation. Having lost the sustaining principle, inevitable disintegra-tion begins. When patriotism is swal-lowed up in mercenary greed, free governthat end in anarchy and disruption. The cloud is now no larger than a man's hand, but it heralds a storm and is eloquent of warning. The situation appeals beseechingly to the patriotic sons of Columbia to

come to the rescue. How may the danger be arrested? man lived who by iron will and executive power hurled back the first great danger that menaced our country. His name, a synonym of undaunted patriotism represents a code of patriotic principles. To draw the nation back to a contemplation of the sublime character of Andrew Jackson, to reinculcate the pur and loyal principles upon which his great with unanimous voice reiterate the gra-sentiment : "The federal union, it m and shall be preserved;" to reawaken th reverential devotion to the federal const tution with which he was imbued; give opportunity again for patriots pledge their lives, their fortun and their sacred honor to t maintenance of the principles and clated in that sacred instrument; teach the great thought that to our co we owe our lives, our fortunes and or sacred honor if need be in her defense with out other reward than that vouchsafed her protecting hand, a number of gentle-men from different states and parties have organized a National Jackson club, strictly and absolutely non-partisan in its nature and to have for its purpose only the en

couragement and promotion of patriotic The first annual meeting of the club is called to assemble at Nashville, January 8th,1890, and everybody is invited to attend "who is ready to give aid to a moveme that has for its purpose the purification of

politics and preservation of liberty." Officers were elected at yesterday's meeting. Hon. A. K. McClure, of Pennsylvania, was elected president, and Hon. Benton McMillan, of Tennessee, vice prod-dent. Two vice presidents from each state were chosen. For Pennsylvania the two vice presidents are S. J. Randall and A i. Carnegie; for Ohio, R. B. Hayes R. P. Flower; for Maine, E. G. Borle and James G. Blaine. Executive committees

WILLIAMSPORT FLOODED.

reeks Rise and Cover Many Streets, Bridges in Danger. WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Nov. 19.-The rain which has continued for the past 24 hour s has raised all the small streams greatly. Grafius run, flowing through this city, flooded. Pine creek and Lycoming creek

are also quite high. Some of the bridges on the Northern Central railroad are though to be in danger and a call has been received here for loaded cars

to weight them down. The Susquehanna river here is not above seven feet yet, but reports received here state that heavy rain is falling at Clearfield and Lock Haven and a flood in the river

from fifteen to eighteen feet is looked for. He Leaves Many Victims.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 19 .- Developments piano dealer, indicate that he conducted the most collossal system of forgery in the state. Notes were made by the who by the cord almost-and disposed of in all directions. Barrett duped his clerks, played on the confidence of his church associates, unloaded the worthless specimens of his permanship on his per-sonal friends, swindled banks and de-frauded manufacturers of thousands of dollars. His operations were conducted with consummate skill, the outgrowth of long practice, and for years be met with the greatest success. Notes have been duplicated anywhere from one to ten times and he found a ready market for every sel he made. He seemed to have allowed an exceedingly liberal discount and stated his case so smoothly that he met with no difficulty in baving all his forgeries "shaved." The latest estimate of Barrett's indebtedness places it at \$100,000. A deed of assignment was filed by his attorney this afternoon, but the assets and liabilities are not stated. Barrett is still miss-

Ran Away With the County's Funds. MANHATTAN, Kansas, Nov. 16.—At last the county treasury vault has been opened and it has been discovered that J. M. Fortner, the absconding treasurer, took all the county's funds with him when he went to Canada. Mrs. Fortner, wife of the treasurer, gave the county commissioners the combi-nation to the lock of the steel vault, which when opened was found entirely emply. The amount of the embezzlement is p at \$10,000. Fortner's bondsmen will make the shortage good. They have secured his property, but have discovered that it heavily mortgaged; so that its value is but little to them.

WEATHER FORECASTS. WASHINGTON, D.C. Nov. 19 .- For

Eastern Pennsylvania : Rain; no change in temperature; easterly winds, becoming variable.