A MIDNIGHT BLAZE.

THE CROFF FLOUR WILL AT MILLPORT TO-TALLY DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Friction Probably Ignites the Plant, Which Was One of the Best in the County-Loss Over \$30,000.

Shortly before 12 o'clock on Friday night fire was observed in the large brick mill at Millport, on Mill creek, about four miles from Laucaster. The fames were first seen by Mrs. Emlen mill at Millport, on Mill creek, about four miles from Lancaster. The fames were first seen by Mrs. Emlen Groff, wife of the miller who leased the mill. When she saw them the fire was in the first story of the mill, but in a few minutes they spread to the second floor and by the time she succeeded in awakening her husband the flames were all over the

the nearest neighbors and the ringing of their farm bells soon brought many willing workers to the scene of the fire. were no efforts made to save the mill prop-erty, because the fire had gained too much dway, and their exertions were used to save the adjoining properties, in which they were successful.

H. Groff and was erected only four years ago and all the modern roller process ma-The main building was of brick, three-stories high, 40 by 50 feet, with a one-story one engine and boiler house 20 by 40 fee when an INTELLIGENCER reporter alled upon Mr. Groff this morning there as nothing standing but four walls and he stack and the walls were so bulged that hey looked as if they would fall any mo-

low the fire originated. It may have been used by friction or it may have been inendiary. The probability is that friction There was no fire used around mill, it being run by water power. Mr. froff and one of his assistants were at the ill shortly after 10 o'clock last night and en there was nothing wrong. These men rried lanterns to the mill, but took them way with them. The fire, they are posive, could not have been communicated om the lanterns, for they were closed hen they entered the mill and closed

The mill was considered one of the finest the county. It had a daily capacity of 75 rrels and so great was the demand for Groff's flour that the mill was run day

The house of Mr. Groff is across the road m the mill and the heat was so intense stered. This building was saved by the ghbors, who formed a line and passed ter in buckets to men on the roof. Anher building was saved in the same way. The bridge of the Strasburg & Millport uction. The one end is very close to boiler house. It was also saved by the bushes in Mr. Groff's garden were rehed and killed by the heat.

about 4,500 bushels of wheat, 40 tons of III feed and 200 barrels of manufactured our, all of which was destroyed. The vator, on which the surplus grain was ept, a short distance from the mill, was so destroyed.

H. H. Groff, the owner of the mill, Smoketown, and he was not notified of fire until an early hour this morning, when the news was told him he fainted d for a time was seriously ill. He reered sufficiently to go to the scene of fire later in the morning. Henry H. Groff, the owner, puts his los

25,000 on the building and machinery, id Emlen Groff estimates his loss at \$7.000 contents. Henry H. Groff carried an rance of \$18,500 on the following comunies, represented by Jeremiah Rife: pringfield, Massachusetts, \$1,500; Amer-an, Philadelphia, \$2,500, Royal of Liver-tol, \$3,000; Norwich Union, \$1,000; me of New York, \$1,000; Franklin, Philadelphia, \$1,000; Hanover of New rk, \$1,20; Pennsylvania of Philadel-81 250 Manufacturers and Merchants Pittsburg, \$1,000, and in addition a ley of \$5,000 in the Penn Township atual Insurance company, a total of

fe's agency, and is in the following comnies: Hartford, \$1,500; Norwich Union 500 ; Home of New York, \$2,000.

ertility postoffice, Henry B. Groff post ter, was located in the mill, and all the tents of the office, consisting of stamps ters, papers, and the postoffice key to mail pouch were destroyed. A temary postoffice has been opened in a se near the mill.

he light from the fire was seen in this , but the hour was too late for an alarm raised. A number of Lancaster peo-

n account of the dangerous condition of walls ropes have been stretched across turnpike and men are on duty at each d to warn people in passing of their dan-

A Maniac Kills Three Sheriffs V. S. McGinnis, living about six miles th of Cambria, Iowa, has been showing rth of Cambria, Iowa, has been showing mptons of mania for some time. On iday Sheriff Ramsey, of Lucas county, puty Rollins, and a man named Blouse, att to McGinnis, house to take charge of n. McGinnis, on seeing them approach, n. McGinnis, on seeing them approach, ew a revolver, shooting Sheriff Ramsey-rough the bead and killing him instantly. Depaty Rollins then drew a revolver and of McGinnis through the lower jaw, in-cting a painful wound. McGinnis then of Rollins through the arm, the ball ssing into his left side, inflicting a fatal and. McGinnis then turned on Blouse, t before he could fire Blouse shot him

gh the head. Rollins and McGinnis depresentative Kauffman Appointed. speaker of the House of Representaes has appointed the following commisto take charge of the children in the iers' orphans schools and other institions employed as soldiers' orphans

es and schools: William F. Stewart, Philadelphia; C. C. Kauffman, of Lanster, and George W. Skinner, of Fulton When Confederates Invaded York

on the York Daily, sunday morning, June 28, 1863, as the lis were ringing, calling the church going ople of the borough of York to worship, a Sabbath stillness and the peaceful cities were startled suddenly by a rider shing furiously through Market street outing, "The rebels are at Bottstown to!" He vanished down the pike to rry the news to Wrightsville and lumbia, and a moment after on the stant hills a line of glittering bayonets shed in the morning sun, and the shed in the morning sun, and the perbly mounted calvary of General Gor-n rode rapidly into town and halted in borne away in triumph as a trophy of fenseless town. Gen. Gordon and his ort continued their advance to Wrightsand Gen. Early followed the advance le, and Gen. Early followed the advance mediately into town with the flower of a Confederate army. Thus began York's ort reign of terror, which continued for ceral days. This anniversary of the day the advance of the rebels into York reled to the memories of our older citizens thrilling scenes of that time.

JUSTICE PAXSON'S OPINION.

Points of the Decision in the Prospect

Points of the Decision in the Prospect Brewery Case.

The opinion of the supreme court of Pennsylvania, delivered by Chief Justice Paxson, on the appeal of the Prospect Brewing company, was as follows:

"This was a writ of alternative mandamus, directed to the judges of the court of quarter sessions of Philadelphia, holding the license court, commanding them to show cause why they should not grant the petitioner a brewer's license. The petition upon which the alternative writ was allowed sets forth that the Prospect Brewing company is a corporation duly chartered for the purpose of the brewing of all kinds of mist liquors and the sale thereof; that the capital stock of said corporation is \$200,000, which has been fully paid up; that its business plant is of the value of \$600,000; that the animal product of the brewery of the said company is very considerable, consisting of about 35,400 barrels, of which quantity about 2,000,000 bottles are bottled for domestic consumption and export, the same being distributed by exportation to Canada, Mexico, South America and through the United States by means of agents, and somewhat less than one-third of the whole product is sold and consumed in the city of Philadelphis. The said company employs 70 workmen and employes, with an annual wage list of \$4,000; that for several years past it has been licensed as a brewery, that the petitioner filed its application to the court of quarter sessions, of the county of Philadelphia, for a renewal of its license for the year beginning the first day of June, 1889, under the provisions of the act of May 24, 1887, that upon the seventh, eighth and ninth days of May, 1889, a hearing was had upon the said petition, and no remonstrance or objection, so far as it is known to your petitioners, or as appears by entries and records of the said court, was presented or made by any one to the granting of the said license."

"The underlying principle of this case—that is, the right of a brewer or wholesale act "is a qualified, limited discretion, an

upon a writ of certiorari or other process, no matter how illegal or even arbitrary the action of the court might be, or how vast the interests which are thus stricken down. would sit as absolute a dospot as the emporor of China. In the case in hand the value of the brewery, with its stock, fixtures, etc., was, as before stated, \$630,000. The refusal of a license leaves the plant and stock comparatively worthlose.

The refusal of a license leaves the plant and stock comparatively worthless."

It is held that as there was neither remonstrance nor objection against the granting of the Prospret brewery license there was no issue before the court and no disputed question of fact for it to decide.

The chief justice then discusses at some length three points raised by the return. He first quotes the preliminary statement made by the license judges, that in addition to the three qualifications required by law, the license judges deemed it their duty to determine whether applicants were "fit persons to receive a license."

"This was a matter," says the chief justice, "with which the court had nothing to do. They have nothing to do with it because this act of 24th May confers no such power upon them. It is incorporating into the wholesalers' act. The kay to the whole diffi-

the wholesalers' act a provision of the re-retailers' act. The key to the whole diffi-culty may perhaps be found in this as-sumption of a discretion which is not found in the law, and is applicable only to the case of retailers. The fitness of a man to have a wholesale license depends upon his having the three qualifications before men-tioned, not upon the opinion of the court on other matters outside of them.

"It supears that at the hearing in the

"It appears that at the hearing in the court below the main question was as to the manufacture and sale of a mild form of petitioner sets out at some length the testi-mony that was given in regard to it, with the names of the witnesses, from which it appeared that the alcoholic strength of the said beer was given in regard to it, with the names of the witnesses, from which it appeared that the alcoholic strength of the said beer was from one and a quar-ter to one and three-quarters per cent, only. "The return states that the court found from the evidence that the company had brewed an intoxicating malt liquor for the

from the evidence that the company had brewed an intoxicating malt liquor for the purpose of selling it to unlicensed dealers, to be sold by them in Philadelphia in violation of law, and that by false representations as to the character of this liquor numerous unlicensed dealers were induced to purchase it, and then sold the liquor so purchased. It is to be observed that this return is entirely outside of the case. It had no bearing upon either of the three qualifications required of a wholesale dealer, and at best refers to a rambling inquiry not properly before the court. The incense which the company held authorized them to sell beer to any person who was willing to buy, licensed or unlicensed."

The return is, moreover, vague and un-The return is, moreover, vague and un-certain. The second point discussed in this connection is the allegation in the

return that the company was not a fit person to receive a license. "I have al-ready said," says the chief justice, "that the fitness of the company to receive a license is not in the discretion of the court below, unless from one of the three causes of disqualification before mentioned." of disqualification before meanoned.

The third proposition contended for in the return—that " so far as it is possible for a corporation to possess any moral character, it did not possess a good moral character," is one which the chief justice says it is difficult to treat seriously. "That a corporation is the content of the content of the content of the chief justice says it is difficult to treat seriously." is difficult to treat seriously. "That a cor-poration, an invisible, intangible thing— an artificial being created by law—can have a character of any kind, is a novel proposition. That the learned judges below so regarded it is evident by the qualification in their return, but the corporation has officers and directors.

The return that the corporation has not a good moral

character is insensible." The chief justice comments with some severity upon the looseness of the aver-ments of fact and the occasional substitution therefor of general conclusions of law. It is the unanimous conclusion of the court that the return set forth no valid reason for the refusal of the brewing company's license. A writ of peremptory mandamus was therefore awarded.

The negroes of Southern Maryland are panic-stricken over a meteoric display on Wednesday night. They are so terrified that they will not work, and are spending their time in prayer and singing hymns, in the belief that the world is coming to an end. Several of the old colored preachers down there say that the floods have done their terrible work, and now the fire that will destroy the earth is beginning to come will destroy the earth is beginning to come will destroy the earth is beginning to come down from heaven. The meteoric shower on Wednesday night was a wonderful spectable, and one immense meteor was followed by a long flash of light that if-lumined the whole country and caused ne-groes to shout for mercy in their fear that their time had come. They watched the heavens in fear and trembling last night; and the shooting of several small meteors and the shooting or several small meteors

ing Fourth of July excursion tickets over its main line and all branches on July 2d. 3d and 4th, good to return until the 8th, at

The Johnstown Fund.

The following contributions were re-served to-day for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers: Peter Fry, Manor, \$1; ceived to date, \$22,602.01.

DOERR'S EVIDENCE.

WITH THE WIFE OF WALTER HAMP.

The Springfield (III.) News contains more particulars of the shooting of Mrs. Amanda Hamp, by her husband, and his suicide. It seems that after Hamp arrived in Springfield, on Wednesday, he went at once to the office of Chief of Police Donelan. At the time he entered the chief was lan. At the time he entered the chief was engaged reading a letter from Chief Smeltz, of this city, in regard to young Doerr and Mrs. Hamp. Hamp made himself known and said he was looking for Doerr and his wife. The chief sent Officer De Frates, with Hamp to the house of John Hartman, at Ninth and Washington treats where the course lived. The streets, where the couple lived. The woman was at home and the officer told her that a gentleman from Pennsylvania wanted to see her. She was sewing at the time and as she turned and looked her husband in the face her cheeks flushed but she said nothing. Hamp went up to her and placed his arm around her neck, looking her squarely in the face, saying: "Haven't you treated me mean?" "No meaner than you have me," she replied. With tears in his eyes Hamp told her that he did not want her to go back with him, but he did want her to give him part of the money which he said she had taken, and sign papers giving him full control of his property. She agreed to this and the two went with the officer in search of a jus-tice's office. They turned up at Squire Kenney's and wanted some quit claim blanks. While the squire went for the papers Hamp committed the awful deed, The bodies were taken to an undertaking around to see them. He was excited and nervous and pointing to the woman said:
"That's my wife, and I'll take care of her;
as for him I don't care about him." The authorities of Springfield are sure that Hamp had intended to kill Doerr also. He called during the morning at Doerr's butcher shop, but the latter saw him and fled. It is said that Hamp first heard of the whereabouts of his wife and Doerr through a woman, who formerly was em-

s now at the Springfield factory.

On Hamp's body after the killing the coroner found a breastpin, \$5 note, \$5 cents in change, small pocket knife, one unsealed box of 38 calibre cartridges and a new double action revolver of the same calibre together, two photographs of the dead woman and a diary with half of the leaves torn out. On the woman was one ladies' gold watch chain, with a lock of dark brown hair in the watch case, a breastpin and \$19.55 in money. The jury was sworn and among the witnesses was young Doerr, who told the following story:

My name is Henry Doerr: am 29 years old the 28th day of August; am a native of Lancaster, Pa.; I am a butcher by trade; am a married man; was married to Mary Schoch five or six years ago-do not know the year or month ; had one child by Mary ; child is now dead ; we could not live together ; don't know why ; she left me two years ago; have known the deceased parties five or six years; they were married when I made their acquainntance : Mrs. Hamp, alias Mrs. Doerr, came to the resieveral times ; was boarding there for two weeks; she came often during that time; was in Mrs. Oscar Hamp's presence whenever she called; had not been intimate with the dead woman other than a friend; Hamp was cruel to his wife, was a drinking man and saw Hamp knock his wife down he was drunk ; about one year ago Hamp went West; had been living separately, sh a few doors from him; they had one child, a boy, who is now living with his grandparents; her maiden name was Amanda Kissinger; don't know of any marriage of hers previous to the one to Hamp; I was married to Mrs. Hamp on the road out here; did not get a marriage license; she had a certificate; do not know at what town we were married; was not drunk; do not drink; was working for my father in his butcher shop ame out herethree months ago and bought out Mr. Peter Compton ; took charge April 22, 1889; have not seen Walter Hamp, the leceased, for a year until this morning, when, as I was standing in front of my shop on Tenth and Washington streets, Walter Hamp crossing Ninth street the north side of Washington enter Hartman's saloon; returned into the shop; two or three minutes later received a message from my wife to come to her; went and she told me Hamp wanted her to give him 8500: I asked her what for, but she would not tell me anything further; had no conversation with Hamp; did not speak to him; she owns property in Lancaster; have never been divorced; my wife is now with my parents; do not know of any correspondence between Hamp and the dead woman; I fully identify the dead bodies as Walter Hamp and Amanda Hamp alias Amanda Doorr. After getting through with Doerr the jury adjourned until 2

o'clock this afternoon. Doerr was afterwards arrested on charge of bigamy and held in \$1,000 bail

for a hearing to-day.

The bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Hamp were shipped Friday at 6:40 via the Indianapolis Bee Line route and Pittsburg. If connections are good they should reach here tonight or Sunday morning. Had they been shipped direct by Adams Express they would have been here this morning.

Did Not Use His Tackle.

From Forest and Stream.

These Georgia fishing methods remind us of a story "Al Fresco" told us last spring of a fisherman in the North Carolina mountains who set out for a record. He was an angler from town, that is to say he had all the cottangent that yo to and dress the latest style of angling suits. He made his way to a remote stream, famed for its trout, followed it up until he came to a dam, paid the miller a generous price to draw the water out of the dam, and then literally scooped up the big fish, and on his return went among decent people

Charged With Mattelous Trespass Charles Gundaker, on the night of the ixth of June, went to the stable of Jacob Pontz, the well-known brickmaker, and took a horse from his stable, which he drove around for a long time. He was prosecuted before Alderman Pinkerton for malicious trespass and last evening he was arrested by Constable Pyle. He was com-

Prominent People III.
From the Marietta Begister.
Mr. Abram Collins is very ill, having been confined to his bed for over a week

past, and he has not been improving during this week.

Mrs. A. N. Cassel is slowly improving in health, and everything tends toward a final recovery from the difficult and delicate operation through which she has so successfully passed.

Death of a Woman. 225 Eliza R. Forney, aged 44, died in Eliza bethtown on Friday.

She Was Born In This County.

LANCASTER, PA., SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1889.

ME TELLS THE CORONER OF MIS MARRIAGE

Bigamy A Springfield Paper's Ac-

She Was Born in This County.
From the Altoons Times, June 27.
Mrs. Eleanor Jane Keith, relict of John Keith, of Sinking Valley, died in this city yesterday morning, aged 70 years. Deceased was born in Lancaster county, Pa., November 22, 1818, but the major portion of her life was spent in this county, where she was widely known and universally loved and respected and where she will long be remembered by the hosts of her acquaintances and friends who in former years partook of the hospitalities of her years partook of the hospitalities of her home in Sinking Valley. Mrs. Kieth was the mother of thirteen children, of whom the following survive : Lizzie, married to Louis Edmondson, of Sinking Valley; Jennie S., wife of Dr. Haberacker; Susan, married to Samuel Orr; Hattie, wife of Sheriff John Orr: Alexander Keith, Andrew Keith, and Harvey W. Kieth, all of whom are residents of this city. She also beld at the residence of her son, H. W. evening. The body will be taken on Sea-shore Express, at 7:10 on Friday morning, to Union Furnace, where the funeral will proceed to the German Reformed church in Sinking Valley, where the remains will Indiana's Meat Law Unconstitutional.

Indiana's Meat Law Unconstitutional.

James B. Harvey, agent of Swift & Co., of Chicago, was arrested at Hammond, Ind., last week and fined \$50 by a local magistrate for selling in that city dressed beef slaughtered in Chicago. He was committed to jail for failure to pay the fine. On Monday he was taken before Hon. William Johnson, judge of the Porter county circuit court, on a writ of habeas corpus. On Thursday Judge Johnson delivered an elaborate opinion, holding the law under which Harvey was fined to be unconstitutional and discharged the prisoner. The last Legislature of Indiana passed an act prohibiting the sale of fresh meat in any of the counties of the state unless the animals had been first inspected alive within the county where the meat was to be offered for sale.

This is the first case under the new law. Judge Porter holds that the Indiana statute is akin to the exercise of power by the individual states over inter-state commerce, which rendered the articles of confederation a rope of sand, and which led to the adoption of the present national constitution. The judge adds that whatever may be the nature and reach of the police power of the state it cannot be exercised over a subject confined exclusively to Congress by the federal constitution.

THE BAY CLUB'S TRIP.

Preparations Made For It at a Meeting Friday Evening.
The Bay club of this city held the best

seeting of the season at Hotel Lancaster last evening, and nearly all of the mem-bers were present. Considerable business in the way of making arrangements for the coming trip was transacted. It was finally agreed to start from Lancaster on Tuesday, August 6th, in order to have moonlight nearly the whole of the time. The club will board the boat, which will come from Baltimore all ready provisioned, at Havre De Grace, and then start on a two weeks' cruise. A committee, consisting of Lewis S. Hart-man, T. C. Wiley and W. U. Hensel, were appointed to go to Baltimore the day before starting on the trip and purchase the supstarting on the trip and pirchase the sup-plies for the boat. After last evening's meeting the club sat down to an elegant supper, which had been prepared by Mr. Snyder, and it was highly enjoyed.

Star Routers Escape Punishment.

The docket of the criminal court of the District of Columbia was on Friday finally cleared of a number of cases which have been on the books ever since the initiation of the celebrated Star Route cases against ex-Senator Stephen W. Dorsey, Thomas G. Brady and others. District Attorney Hoge stated that there were twenty-four of these cases on the docket, and that the government had failed to secure a conviction in the main case. His predecessor had recommended to the attorney general that they be nolle prossed, but nothing had been done in the matter. Recently friends of the parties had called on the attorney general, who had instructed him to use his discretion in the matter. Star Routers Escape Punishment

discretion in the matter.

Mr. Hoge said it would be impossible to get convictions in these cases, and that he did not think the ends of justice would be subserved by a prosecution. He, therefore, asked leave to nolle pros the cases, and the court directed that this be done. The indictments in these cases charged conspiracy and perjury against the defendants, among whom are John W. Dorsey, Stephen W. Dorsey, William Pitt Kellogg, John R. Miner, Thomas J. Brady, H. M. Vaile, A. O. Buck, John M. Peck and others.

The Gorham club, a semi-professional colored team of New York, has been admitted to the Middle States League to take the place of the Philadelphia Giants. Gorhams will play their first game at Norristown to-day.

It seems that Harrisburg can no longer down York. The hayseeds gave them a terrible trouncing yesterday. Meiklejohn was knocked everywhere, Rollins alone Cleveland have won as many games as

Boston now, but they have lost more. Joe Devine has signed as manager of the York and Jesse Hedricks takes his place from to-day.

The Stars, of the Third ward, defeated

the Lancaster Stars on Friday by a score of 19 to 9, and on the same day were beaten by the Ironelad Juniors by a score of 13

to 10.

Championship games played yesterday were: Pittsburg 3, Philadelphia 0; New York 5, Indianapolis 2; Chicago 11, Boston 3; Cleveland 7, Washington 2; Columbus 5, Baltimore 0; Kansas City 7, Louisville 3; Kansas City 9, Louisville 3; New Haven 6, Newark 4; Hartford 5, Lowell, 4; York 16, Harrisburg 3; Norristow: 8, 4: York 16, Harrisburg 3; Norristown Norwalk 1.

The Feast of the Sacred Heart.

The Feast of the Sacred Heart.

The New York Cutholic News has received the following cablegram from its Roman correspondent:

Rome, June 28.—The pope has decreed the Feast of the Sacred Heart, which occurs to-day, a feast of the first class to be celebrated on the octave July 5. This is also the better of the Academic and the the bi-sentenary of the devotion, and the pope enjoins the faithful throughout the world to hear mass and offer prayers in expiation for the insults offered in these days to religion when infidels are memorialized in bronze and the church hampered by their followers in her work for the salby their followers in her work for the

MILLERSVILLE, June 29.—The exercises of commencement will begin to-morrow morning with the baccalaureate sermon, which will be preached by the Rev. N. C. Fetter, class of '74, of New Britain. On Monday evening the address before the literary societies will be delivered by the Rev. J. Max Hark, D. D., of Lancaster. On Tuesday forenoon class day exercises will be held on the campus. The alumni will hold a private meeting Tuesday afternoon and a public reunion in the evening. On Wednesday commencement proper

The president has made the following appointments: Frederick Douglass, of the District of Columbia, to be minister resident and consul general to Hayti; Daniel M. Ransdell, of Indiana, to be United States marshal for the District of Columbia, vice A. A. Wilson, resigned; Captain W. M. Meredith, of Chicago, to be chief of the bureau of engraving and printing.

BRITISH SUBJECTS ALARMED

THEY PLEE TO THE CONSULATE FOR PRO-TECTION FROM THE PORTUGUESE.

An English Engineer, in Attempting to Defend the Delagon Bay Railway, Is Fired Upon-Interpreter Arrested.

LONDON, June 29 .- A dispatch from DelagoaBay reports a serious state of affairs there arising from the railway trouble. A portion of railway has been destroyed by the Portuguese. An English engineer, who tried to defend the works, was fired upon. Foreign residents are greatly slarmed, and are crowding to the British consulate for protection. The Portuguese have placed a British interpreter under ar. est. English esidents demand his release. WHAT THE ROW IS ABOUT.

residents demand his release.

WHAT THE ROW IS ABOUT.

Delagoa Bay, the scene of the imbroglio, is the finest harbor on the east coast of Africa. It is the only harbor that is accessible at all stages of the tide and in any weather. It is a little below 25 degree a south latitude, and directly east of Pretoria, the capital of the South African republic and of the great Transvaal gold fields.

About four years ago Portugal agreed to permit the building of a railroad from Delagoa Bay through her territory to the boundary between her possessions and those of the Boer republic. The distance is about fifty-eight miles. Two years ago the South African republic gave a concestion to a Dutch-German syndicate to build a road from Pretoria, through the De Kaap gold fields, to the Portuguese frontier, 250 miles, to form a junction with the Portuguese line.

The Portuguese did not put a dollar into their road, but simply granted the right of way and other concessions to the so-called American syndicate headed by Colonel McMurdo, an American. How much American money was invested in the enterprise is not known, but to the fact that American shave been interested with Englishmen in building the Portuguese section is very likely due the report that our government has been asked to send a man-of-war to Delagoa Bay.

The Delagoa Bay & East African railway company, limited, was organized in London with a paid-up capital of £500,000 and a loan capital of £500,000 in bonds. A large portion of the bonds, the London Times announced, were held by the American syndicate. Under the concession acquired by the company it obtained a virtual monopoly of railroad-building between the seaboard and the Transvaal frontier for ninety-nine years. It received gratis the land needed for the railroad, a grant of one-half the land on both sides of the line within 500 yards of it, besides 247,000 acres of coal lands, which promise to be a source of wealth. It is this concession which the Portuguese government abrogated.

In January last year the Portug

In January last year the Portuguese section was opened with great ceremony. The road was then completed a distance of fifty-four miles, or within about four miles of the frontier. The four miles remaining, however, are by far the most difficult part of the route, as they involve scaling the Lehombo mountains. The frontier does not appear to be accurately defined, but it is in these mountains. The line as far as completed stopped at the foot of the Lehombos. The Portuguese assert that the concession has been canceled because the company falled to keep its engagements. It may be that the failure of the company to carry the road up the mountains is the pretext the Portuguese have seized upon for taking control of the road and its completion into their own hands. According to the chief engineer of the road, its equipment was first-class, and all the bridges were built of iron and stone. It is certain the company has spent millions on the road.

A VERY REMARKABLE CASE.

a Young Man. The crown prosecutor of the c Wolverhampton, in the county of St

The crown prosecutor of the city of Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, England, is in a quandary. The police there have in custody a young man who is undoubtedly worthy of severe punishment, and yet his crime is so entirely novel that he probably cannot be punished at all unless the old statutes against witcheraft are revised, in which case he might be comfortably roasted before a slow fire.

This young man, whose name is Lewis Albert, is a graduate of Oxford University. Soon after he left college he became interested in mesmerism, mind reading and bynoptism, and as a result of natural gifts or close study, soon became so expert that for a time he traveled about giving exhibitions of his powers. He acquired a wonderful influence over the will power of certain classes of people, and established such a reputation that he might have made his exhibitions very profitable but for an unfortunate penchant for the flowing low).

This brought him so low that three months ago he turned up in Wolverhampton in rags one without money or friends. Then he began to hypnotize with a vengeance. Small shopkeepers, usually women, began to discover that the contents of their tills very mysteriously dwindled after a visit from the urbane stranger. Just what his method of procedure was none could tell, but when they found, on comparing notes, that their losses invariably followed the visits of the polite Albert, they set the police to watch him.

Then some startling discoveries were

police to watch him.

Then some startling discoveries were made. His custom was to enter a shop, make a purchase of some trifle and put down a copper in payment. Then the hypnotizing and mesmerizing process must have been brought into requisition, for the shopkeeper in every case took up the copper and promptly handed out the change for a sovereign, which the young man promptly pocketed. In only one case while the police were on his track was there a failure to befog his victim in this way.

way, The detective who followed him about was mystified for a long time, being ut-terly unable to account for the hallucina-tions which invariably seized Albert's victims and led them to mistake a copper coin for a gold sovereign, and it was only after discovering his professional record that he began to understand it. Albert's last victim was a youth of 19, the attendant at the box office of a theatre,

the attendant at the box office of a theatre, in Wolverhampton. He stepped up to the window, boldly asked for a shilling ticket, handed the boy a dirty scrap of newspaper and received as change, without the slightest hesitation on the part of the boy, four sovereigns and nineteen shillings. While walking off with this he was arrested by the officer who had been shadowing him for two weeks.

for two weeks.

The boy in the box office was dumbfounded when his attention was called to the scrap of newspaper in his cash box, and still stoutly insisted that the gentleman had handed him a five pound note. He remembered, however, that a peculiar remember over this which he desensation came over him, which he de-scribes as a sort of numbness, when the man first approached the window of the

The legal status of Albert's offense is representation of Albert's offense is very difficult to determine, as it is without a precedent, and good lawyers say there is no law in England to punish him. The case is exciting great interest.

Embezzied \$40,000.

George W. Wright, of Philadelphia, late supreme treasurer of the Order of Tonti, s alleged to be short in his accounts to the extent of about \$19,000. The order, it is stated, will not lose anything, the supreme treasurer's bond being sufficient to cover the reported shortage. Wright disappeared

A Quiter Affair.

From the Burington Free Press.
Bloodgood—I understand that Browne was married yesterday?
Poseyboy—Yes, I was there.
Bloodgood—Rather a quiet wedding; wasn't it?
Poseyboy—Decidedly. Both the bride and groom were so scared that they could hardly speak above a whisper.

FOUR TRAP SHOOTING CONTESTS. scores Made by the Gunners on Friday Close Contest Between Krueger and Fendrich.

Columnia, June 29 .- The weekly prac-Columbia, June 29.—The weekly practice shoot of the Columbia Gun club was held yesterday. Those who faced the traps enjoyed themselves hugely. The most interesting features of the shooting was a little scrap match between Messrs. A. C. Krueger and Fendrich, the former giving the latter five broken birds out of ten. Mr. Krueger managed to tie Mr. Fendrich at the end of the ten, and the tie shooting proved very interesting indeed, as the proved very interesting indeed, as the score below will show. Mr. Fendrich fought gallantly for the price of the birds.

IST MATCH, 16 STANDARDS, 3 TRAPS

Wayne. 1000010001-3 Match between Krueger and Fendrich,

Jacob A. Breneman, a laborer employed at the repairs of Trinity Reformed church, had his left foot very badly injured yestercarrying a heavy sand stone sill, and one of the hand sticks broke from the heavy weight. The stone fell on Breneman's le

jury. The sill was broken in half by the George Fordney, brakeman on engine No. 91, of the P. R. R., fell off a box car in the east yards last night and was badly bruised. Dr. Craig attended the injured man and he was sent to his home in Harris-

foot, breaking a bone and mashing the flosh. He was taken to his home on South

Tenth street, and Dr. Craig attended the in-

David F. Mowery, brakeman on engine No. 304, was coupling cars in the west yards of the P. R. R. last night and had his left hand caught in the deadwoods. The ends of two fingers were mashed and Dr. Craig dressed the fingers.

The following officers were elected last night by Chippeta Castle, No.58, Knights of the Golden Eagle: Past chief, John A. Hamilton; noble chief, Chas. F. Fleckenstein; vice chief, H. H. Leithelser; sir herald, John G. Snavely; high priest, A. M. Ostertag; venerable hermit, S. N. Paschall; trustee, S. H. Musser, Harry Mitchell was sued before Squire

once McGowan, assault by Michael Dorn and assault by Joseph Halter. He was arrested by Officer Wittick and had a hearing last evening. He gave ball in \$300 for each case for trial. Terence McGowan sued Robert Mitchell

Hershey for assault and battery by Ter-

before Squire Hershey for assault. At the hearing last night he was held in \$300 for Officer Wittick arrested Terence Me Gowan for disorderly conduct on complaint of Harry Mitchell. Squire Evans dis-

charged him upon paying the costs. Charles Tyler sued Joseph Halter before Squire Evans for disorderly conduct, but

the case was dismissed. Mrs. Barbara Kimburg sued Amos Sowders for assault on her son George Squire Evans discharged the accused upon

payment of the costs. The bell for the new Presbyterian church purchased by Mrs. E. W. Meyers in mem-ory of her daughter, Mrs. Hallie C. Cottrell, was received this morning. The bell was made by Menceley & Co., West Troy

N. Y., and weighs 3,000 pounds. Mrs. Michael Thomas left town this morning to visit her daughter at Middle town, Delaware. Wm. Adler, of Clarksburg, W. Va., is visiting Meyer Bachman.

A very enjoyable party was held last evening at the home of Armor D. Bell, on Walnut street, which was largely attended.

A new schedule will go into effect on the Reading & Columbia railroad on Monday. Trains will leave town as follows: 7:3 a. m., 12:25 and 3:45 p. m., arrive at 9:27

a. m., 2:10 and 8 p. m.

Jos. Hennessey, of Philadelphia, was arby the P. R. R. police for train riding. He paid the costs to Squire Solly and was dis

Rev. E. Ludwick, of Salome U.B. church will preach on Sunday morning on the sub-"Hope, a substance" of things not

A missionary meeting will be held in the evening. Rev. Willis S. Hinman, of the Second street Lutheran church, will preach on Sunday morning on the subject, "Prayer," evening subject, "Mountain Lessons."

Judge Parish, in the circuit court at Ashland, Wis., directed a verdict for the plaintiff in the case of Fred C. Prentice, the New York millionaire, who is suing for the possession of eighty acres of land in Duluth against Mayor Beaser and others. in Duluth against Mayor Beaser and others. Prentice brought the claim of one A. B., Butterfield, who was given a deed for a half interest in 160 acres of property in the city by Martin Beaser, father of the defendant, over thirty years ago. The deed was improperly executed, and Butterfield was deprived of possession. The property is valued at \$5,000,000.

All the arrangements for the Grand Army demonstration on the morning of July 4th have been made. The route of parade will be as published a week ago in the In-TELLIGENCER. The exercises after the parade will be held in the court house. Rev. Dr. Vernon will deliver the oration.

How dear to my heart is the school I attended, and how I remember, so distant and dim, that boy Billy and the pin that I bended, and carefully put on the bench under him. And how I recall the surprise of the master when Bill gave a yell and sprang up from the pin, so high that his builtet-head smashed up the plaster above, and the scholars set up a dim. That active and the scholars set up a din. That active boy Billy; that high-leaping Billy; that loud-shouting Billy, who sat on a pin.

Held on Two Charges Walter Kautz has been prosecuted before

Alderman Barr, for assault and battery and surety of the peace. The charges are preferred by his step-brother, John Brinkman, and they are the result of a quarrel. Bail has been entered for a hearing.

Victory for Yale.

The Yale boat crew defeated the Harvard on Friday afternoon. The course was four miles and the victors crossed the line five lengths ahead of their opponents. The time was: Yale, 21m, 30s; Harvard, 21m,

WEATHER FORECASTS. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29,-Light rains, stationary temperature, variable winds.

SIX DIE IN A DEN.

FOUR WOMEN AND TWO MEN ASPHIXIATED WHILE IN A DRUNKEN DEBAUCH.

Horrible Discovery in a Low Dive in Paterson-The Bodies of the Unfortunates Badly Decomposed.

Four women and two men, all of disreputable character, were discovered dead about 9 o'clock Friday night in a disorderly house at 47 Ryle avenue, Paterson, N. J. Death was caused by asphyxiation. Three of the women were stretched at full length on the floor and half naked. The oldest, who as about 40 years of age, was lying in a pool of blood which came from an ugly wound on the head and covered her face and body. Her right eye was almost torn from the socket, and the face was horribly swollen.

The fourth woman, who was about 17 years of age, was sitting on a recking chais near the front window, with her arms folded. One of the men was found in the rear of the house lying on a cot with his mouth open and his tongue protruding. The tongue was swollen to almost four times its normal size. His features were badly decomposed and the smell emanating from his body was so disgusting that few could bear to look at the remains. He was the keeper of a dive, named Goodfried, about 80 years old. His place has been a harbor for bad women for more than a year.

The other man was found in a sitting po-

hartor for bad women for more than a year.

The other man was found in a sitting position with his head resting on the bed on which Goodfried was lying. Near him was a gas stove, which had evidently done the fatal work.

The dead persons were last seen at about 10 o'clock on Wednesslay night, going into the dive, and it is believed that they have been dead since Thursday morning. The coroner and the police are investigating the case.

PATERSON, N. J., June 29.—Later details of the finding of the six asphyxiated bodies in the den at 47 Ryle avenue last night are revolting. Three of the female victims were less than 20 years old. Their names and Emma Wright. The other woman, Kate White, was about 24 years old. God-frey Gertade, the 70-year-old keeper of the resort, had evidently died many hours before the others succumbed. The body of the unknown Turk, aged about 30 years, was found in a better state of preservation than the others. Broken china and tollet articles literally covered the floor and flith abounded everywhere. The Whitewoman, who was pregnant, sat in a chair near the window in a sickening attitude and pre-sented a horrible spectacle in death. All had evidently been crazed with drink and had a drunken brawl. Evidently some-body tripped over the rubber tube which conveyed gas from the tron pipe to the gas range. The windows and doors of the

house were fistened.

The undertakers and embalmers we overcome in preparing the bedies, which were conveyed first to the fat and hide works of Freeholder McCran and then to the city pest house, where they now are. The coroner's jury will view the remains

this afternoon.

The house where the bodies were discov ered has been the scene of two suicides

one murder prior to last night's ghastly The most touching incident connected with the affair was the frantic efforts of the mother of the McNaily sisters this morning in attempting to see her daughters, whom she believed to be virtuous. The interna

will take place as soon as the coro

DREXEL-DAHLGREN. A Big Wedding In New York-The Cere-

monies Take Place in St. Patrick's Cathedral. New York, June 29.—The marriage of Miss Elizabeth Drexel, daughter of the late Joseph Drexel, and Mr. John Vinton Dahlgren, son of the late Rear Admira Dahlgren, and stepbrother of the late Con-sul General Dahlgren, at Rome, was sol-emnized to-day in St. Patrick's cathedral. The arrangements were on a scale of mag-nificence which has seldom been equalled

They were married by his grace, Archbishop Corrigan, at 11 o'clock. The ceremony was followed by a nuptial mass which was sung by the Rev. Father Colton, of St. Stephen's church. The ushers were Count Pierre DeChambrau, of Washington; Count Pierre DeChambrau, of Washington; Manuel De La Cuera, vice consul of Spain at New York; Thomas Bayard, son of ex-Secretary Bayard; Geo. W. Childs Drexel, of Philadelphia; G. Stacey Clark, of this city; Thomas Jenkins, of Baltimore; Edward Hosmer, Horace Wylle, Harry Martin and William Bliss, of Washington. Each was dressed in light trousers, dark coats, on the left lapel of which was worn a boutonniere souvenir. In their cravats a boutonniere souvenir. In their cravata they wore the gift from the bridegroom, a diamond horseshoe. The bridesmalds mere Misses Lucy and Kate Drexel, sisters of the bride, and Miss Urlea Dahlgren, sis

ter of the bridegroom, and Miss Hel Dudley, of this city. gown of heavy white satin made en train with front draped in rare point D'Alencon lace, said to be 150 years old. The dress was draped with orange blossoms and the square cut corsage was edged with heavy white braided cord with long tassel ends. The veil was of point D'Alencon lace and was arranged on the head with a tiara of diamonds, a gin from her mother, and source of crosses blossoms confined and sprays of orange blossoms confined with diamond pins. She carried a bouquet of nephetos roses. The bridesmaids wore similarly made gowns of white point D'Esprit lace and moire, white felt Hading hats, trimmed with ostrich feathers, and each carried a boquet of La France roses, and lace fans with long ivory handles painted by the bride. The

with the gowns, were presented to the young ladies by Miss Drexel. After the marriage a wedding breakfast and reception were given at the home of the bride's mother, 1003 Madison avenue.

Terrible Experience of Passengers. CINCINNATI, June 29.—The passenger train from Portsmouth to Cincinnati, on the Cincinnati, Georgetown & Portsmouth, with the directors' car, two passenger coaches and a baggage car, went down with coaches and a baggage a trestle near Bavaria last night. The tres-tle was 100 feet long and from 12 to 25 feet high. The engineer felt it swinging when he went over it and turning on full head of steam saved the engine and baggage car, but not the three coaches with the passengers. The coaches turned over and piled up a miscellaneous wreck. Strange to relate no one was killed outright, though it is thought some of the injured may die. Fourteen persons were injured. Two offi-cials of the road, it is feared, were most-ally injured, General Manager Samuel F. Hunt and General Passenger Agent T. D.

A Fraction of a Cent Damages. London, June 29.—The arbitration in the Lord Durham-Sir George Chetwynd turf scandal case has given decision hyorabla to Sir George Chetwynd, who is awarded one farthing damages. Each party pays his own costs.

To Meet Mrs. Harrison.

Washington at 11 o'clock this morn to meet Mrs. Harrison at some point tween here and Cape May, probably Baltimore. He expects to return to a city at 2 o'clock this afternoon.