## ANNUAL EXAMINATION.

THE SENIORS AT THE MILLERSVILLE NORMAL BEFORE A COMMITTEE.

Questions That Were Given the Thirty-Four Members of the Class-Those Who Examined Them.-

MILLERSVILLE, June 25.-This morning the examining committee, consisting of Dr. J. Q. Stewart, deputy state superintendent; Prof. D. C. Thomas, principal of Mansfield Normal school; Prof. H. C. Brenneman, superintendent of York county; Prof. J. W. Snoke, superintendent of Lebanon county, and Dr. E. O. Lyte began the exmination of the present senior class at the Normal. The senior class numbers 34; the juniors 55.

The committee expect to finish the work by to-morrow evening. The following lists of questions were given in the several branches examined to-day:

By Mr. Stewart: Mental Science—Define psychology and discuss its value as a study. What is thought? An idea? How do we get thought? In processes of instruction what relation has knowledge to

instruction what relation has knowledge to mental growth? How is the mind controlled? Prove the existence of primary truths. What is the difference between instinct and reason? Construct two syllogisms of different kinds, and explain the laws relating to them.

Arithmetic by Prof. Thomas: Define fractional unit; cancellation; root; true discount; proportion. Resolve 42 into five different sets of factors. Make and solve a problem illustrating how the cost of an article is found, from the list price, when two successive commercial, or trade, discounts ticle is found, from the list price, when two successive commercial, or trade, discounts are given. How many bricks 4 inches wide and eight inches long will pave a walk 16 feet wide and 6½ rods long? In what time will \$140 at 6 per cent, gain \$28.28 interest? A piece of carpet was sold for \$240 at a loss of 20 per cent. What selling price would have given a gain of 10 per cent? A and B reside in the same town, and are assessed respectively \$11,450 and \$19,600. If A's tax is \$31.80, what should be B's tax? Tape needles that Jeost 2-5c, each are sold for 2c. What is the per cent of profit on their cost? Find the amount of \$500 for 3 years, 5 months, 20 days, at 7 per cent. A speculator gave \$18,810 for horses, and sold a certain number of them for \$7,990, at \$85.60ch, and by so doing lost \$10 each; for how much must he sell the remainder each to gain \$2,180 in the whole?

to gain \$2,180 in the whole? By Brenneman: Grammar—What parts of speech are capable of inflection? What is the inflection of the various parts called? What is the fundamental difference between adjective and adverbial modifiers? Write a classification of the pronoun. Make sentences, using the following words in the possessive plural forms: It, foot, thou, woman, and lady. What is the use of modifiers in a sentence? Write a sentence in which each essential element is modified. Underscore each modifier and tell its func-Underscore each modifier and tell its func-tion. Write a synopsis of the verb write in the passive voice. Arrange in natural order and parse the italicized words—

"Yet a few days, and thee
The all-beholding san shall see no more
In all his course; nor yet in the cold ground
Where thy pale form was laid with many team
Nor in the embrace of ocean shall exist
Thy image."

Analyze and parse italicized words: "The wise man applands him whom "The wise man applands him whom he thinks most virtuous; the rest of the world, him who is most wealthy."

By Snoke: History—Discuss the explanation made by four principal English explorers. Name and describe the three prevailing forms of government in the original colonies. During what period of time did these forms exist in Virginia? Name the five objective points of the French and Indian war, and why were the English so persistent in their attacks the English so persistent in their attacks Long Island. What decided it in favor of the English? What were the alien and sedition laws? Why were they passed? How received? Give a topical out line of Monroe's administration. Recit Henry Clay's measures of '50, What noted person was their warmest supporter? Describe the battle between the Monitor Describe the battle between the Monitor and the Merrimac. Give a full discussion of the effect of the contest. Discuss the Alabama claims. What other questions were settled by the same treaty? What great principle of the settlement of disputes was thus established? Name the officers of Heaville.

of Harrison's cabinet.

By Bronneman : Natural Philosophy Through which of the three kinds of levers can most power be gained? Through which very little or none? Why? Why do we use this class? A ball projected vertically upwards returns in 15 seconds to the place of projection; how far did it ascend? State the general principle on which bydrostatic pressure depends. State an essential structural difference between the mercurial thermometer and the mercurial barometer. What if any is the difference in motion of particles in the transmission of light wane and of sound waves? With figure locate conjugate foci in case of concave mirror How can specific gravity of bodies lighter than water be ascertained? Name the dif-

By Thomas: Spelling—college, scholar, operation, apportion, paid, rhetorie, foreigner, indelible, copy, edge, agriculture, government, excel, science, political, senior, musical, junior, immense, grievance, balance believe, recording rescentiance ance, believe, reception, resemblance, ceive, procedure, proceeding, academy monarchy, providential, majority, concern ing, decision, session, compulsion, reten tion, coercion, proper, common, recite, recitation, philosophy, oblige, citizen, re-hearse, coerce, reverse, chorus, beautiful,

ferent kinds of electricity and give an ap-

By Thomas: Geometry-Illustrate Isosceles triangle, sector, segment, cord, tangent, quadrant. Prove: That the circumferences of circles are to each other as their radii and their areas as the squares of their radii. That if four sides of any quadrilateral be bi-sected, the lines joining these points of bi-section form a parallelogram. Show that a square circumscribed about a given circle has twice the area of an in-scribed square. What are the three regular figures which can be used in paving a plain area? Show that no regular figures but these will fill up a space round a point. Mensuration: Find the cost of laying a bridge 323 yards long and 18 feet wide 3-inch planks, at \$15 per thousand. is the entire surface of a cylinder 8 feet high and 3 feet in diameter? What is the capacity of a reservoir 25 feet long, 16 feet wide

and 6 feet deep?
By Snoke: Geography—Define the following terms: Meridian, promontory, cannon, delta, watershed, celiptic and zone, Bound Italy; name its principal mountains and streams, largest city and principal sea ports. Describe the position of the highest mountain system in each of the grand divisions. Give the name, position and altitude of at least one prominent peak in each system. Discuss land and sea breezes, Explain the origin of constant currents and how the rotation of the earth affects the directions of constant currents. Trace a water route from Chicago to Schastopol. Give the boundaries of the mathematical elimatic zones. Name the causes which prevent the mathematical climatic zones from coinciding with the physical climatic zones. Mention the ten largest cities in the U. S. Name and describe the central plains of South America. Bound Kentucky. Name six streams and five cities. Discuss its natural features.

its natural features.

By Brenneman: Chemistry—Give the formulae for the following: Ammonia, muriatic acid and hydrogen. Name the principal products formed in the combination of illuminating gas. Name a test based upon the chemical properties of the two gases, which will enable you to dis-tinguish between oxygen and hydrogen. Why is the heat of a bunson burner greater than that of an ordinary jet?

Name the tests by which H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and HNO<sub>2</sub> are identified.

Damages Assessed Against the City. The viewers appointed to assess damages caused by the extension of the water main through lands of David Ryan on Tuesday awarded Mr. Ryan \$100 damages, and Jacob Gembe, the tenant farmer, for loss of

CORPORAL TANNER'S TRICKS. After a Lecture From the President He

After a Lecture From the President He Fixes Up a story For the Press.

Corporal Tanner feels keenly the criticisms made upon his extravagant course as commissioner of pensions. He went to see the president about it on Tuesday, and made such explanation as was possible about his connection with the claim agents and the peculiar performances which resulted in the promotion of Private Secretary Squires to an office in the far West. The president has been seriously annoyed by Tanner's indiscretions, and it was Tanner's knowledge of that fact, coupled with intimations that he would do well to go and explain, which took him to the White House. The president listened to what he had to say, relieved his fears that he was about to be dismissed, and warned him to change his course.

about to be dismissed, and warned him to change his course.

Tanner promised to mend his ways, and especially to review his action in some cases in which he had given especial consideration to the claim agents, and then went back to his office and dictated an interview to his private secretary for the press, announcing that he was on the best of terms with the president, Secretary Noble and Assistant Secretary Bussey; that he was not to be moved by the attacks of Democratic newspapers, which he said that he was not to be moved by the attacks of Democratic newspapers, which he said he was informed were determined upon at the recent meeting of the Democratic national committee. He also said that he was ready to be investigated, and that his investigation would result in his triumphant acquittal. But he said that when the administration of his immediate predecessor was investigated startling disclosures would be made.

be made.

The president's paternal lecture does not seem to have done him much good. Tanner is banking on his connection with the G. is banking on his connection with the G. A. R. to keep him where he is.

The pension office has made requisitions upon the treasury department for \$15,000,000 out of the appropriation to be available on July 1. This amount will be placed to the credit of the pension agent on the 1st or 2d of the coming month. There are said to be between 8,000 and 10,000 first payment vouchers awaiting the depositing of this money.

Pig Iron Prices Advancing.
The Philadelphia Press says the Thomas
Iron company will announce to their cus-Iron company will announce to their customers an advance in the price of iron on next Monday. The new prices will be for July and August only, and will be fifty cents higher than the recent ones, or \$17 for No. 1 and \$66 for No. 2. The price of No. 3 will not be changed. It will be remembered that the company reduced the price of iron from \$18 to \$16.50 for No. 1 and from \$17 to \$15.50 for No. 2 during the month of May and June.

month of May and June.

The advance now made is a recovery of one-third of the reduction then made. The one-third of the reduction then made. The prices are made to customers only, and the Thomas company has little or no iron for sale to outsiders. The company has two of thirteen stacks idle, and will put the idle stacks in blast as soon as possible.

President Clarke, of the Thomas Iron company, said: "We shall advance prices fifty cents for No. 1 and No. 2 next Monday. The iron trade is in a héalthy condition and the consumption of iron is enormous."

The iron trade is in a healthy condition and the consumption of iron is enormous."

"How do you account for the great consumption of iron?"

"Because," said Mr. Clark with a merry twinkle in his eye, "people will go on having babies." Mr. Clark was going on to talk about the growth of the country and its greatness, but it was suggested by a gentleman present that his answer was full and comprehensive.

"Well then," said Mr. Clarke, "I will give you another fact. We have shipped more iron in June and July than ever before in any two months in the history of

fore in any two months in the history of the Thomas Iron company. We have 10,000 tons less foundry iron on hand now than last year, and on July I, we will not have a pound. We have now sold nearly all the iron we can produce this year and I ex-pect to sell the whole produce of the furnaces this year."
"What about steel rails?"

We have orders enough to last until the first of next January. Our price is \$28 at the mill, firm. It is also a fact that we are very busy at the New Jersey zinc and iron works, of which I am president. We shipped more zinc in May and June than our before?"

## WEDDING BELLS IN MARIETTA.

Marriage of Miss Ella Rudisill and Rev. John Graham on Tuesday Evening. The whole town of Marietta was stirred up last evening over a large and fashiona-ble wedding which took place in that borough at eight o'clock. ing parties were Rev. John Graham, of McKeesport, formerly of St. John's Episcopal church, in Marietta, and Miss Ella Rudisill, daughter of George Rudisill. The wedding took place at the bride's home, and the ceremony was performed by Rev. F. J. Clay Moran, of St. Paul's Episcopal church, Columbia. The maids of honor were Miss Kate Rudisill, sister of the bride, and Misses Frances Patterson, Ella Mussleman and Anna Schock. The ushers were Messrs, George Rudisill and Thomas Grady. The bride wore an elegant white brocaded satin dress, and the maids of honor were attired in cream and pink. A large number of guests attended the wedding and reception, among whom were Mr. and Mrs. George W. Mehaffey, Revs. and Dungan and Misses Emily and Gertrude Mehaffey, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Haldeman, Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Engle, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Hiestand, Mrs. Barr Spangler, Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Liphart, Mr. and Mrs. H. Burd Cassel, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Reinhold, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Lindemuth, Mr. and Mrs. C. Stibgen, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Stibgen. Mr. and Mrs. S. Musser, Mr. and Mrs. J W. Rich, Mr. and Mrs. I. Mi'ler, Mr. and

Mrs. C. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Frey, Miss Annie Steacy, and Prof. I. S. Geist, the Misses Cushman, Misses Anna and Josephine Buchanan, of Marietta; Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Stauffer, Mt. Joy; Dr. and Mrs. Dunlap, Manheim; Mrs. P. P. Shirk, W. P. Cummings and wife, Chester Cummings and wife, William Thackara, and Miss Ellen Thackara, of Lancaster; J. W. Yocum, J. G. Suitzbach, T. Buchanan, Mrs. H. C. Shoch, Mrs. Walter Freyberger, Miss Alice Collins, Annie Grove, the Misses Roth, Miss Carroll, Miss Zellers, of Manheim, John Carroll, George S. Ettla, V. Mutch, Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Clayton Musser, Col. D. B. Case and Miss Josic Mussleman. The bride and groom received many elegant presents. They have gone

Scores of Riflemen. The semi-monthly shoot of the North End Rifle club, at the Ephrata range, took place on Tuesday afternoon before a goodsized audience. The distance shot was 500 yards. Following is the score out of a pos-

sible 50:										٩
Romig	5	ā	5	5	3	5	5	5	B.	ä
Wiest	5	5	4	5	5	4	3	4	4	- 4
Bard		4	3		4	4		4	4	- 5
Winters,	3	4	4	ā	4	ā	ì	4	2	- 4
Stober	6	5	2	5	3	5	- 3	4	9	- 4
Keller	5	4	5	4	4	2	Ü	4	5	- 2
Carpenter, I	2	3	5	- 4	5	a	- 33	2	- 3	4
Stuber	3	5	2	0	1	3	0	3	5	ı
Lefever	2	18	2	3	2	2	ă	2	4	- 60
Senting Edward Control	_	-				27				-

Officers Report.

The Roman Catholic Union of the Knights of St. John opened its session in Washington on Tuesday. The report of Supreme Commander Dunn stated that in the past year 23 commanderies have been organized, four have dropped out, and three have been disbanded. There are at present 155 commanderies in existence, The total membership is 5,545, 29 commanderies not reporting. The receipts reported by Treasurer Ratigan were \$11,213, of

which \$7,500 were expended for the relief of widows and orphans. The Town is " Wet" Now. Two years ago Harrisonburg, Va., went "dry" by 291 majority at a local option election; but at a second election, last Monday, the town went "wet" by 46 majority

McSparran's Postmaster. Edgar F. Fulton has been appointed postmaster of McSparran.

FLOOD IN THE LOWER END

RAILROAD AND OTHER PROPERTY CONSIDER-ABLY DANAGED BY WATER.

Heavy Rains Swell the Streams Around Quarryville-A Coal Yard and Tobacco Warehouse Flooded.

There was quite a heavy rain in this city Tuesday night and it continued to fall at intervals until this morning. The rain of this morning was the heaviest known in the lower end of the county for several years streams rose to a great height and there is much damage. In and about Quarryville there was a tremendous quantity of water. Through the village runs a little creek, which empties into the Beaver farther up towards Lancaster, following the line of the Quarryville railroad to New Provivery high from the water which flows into it from the hilly country about Quarry-ville. The coal yard of Swisher & Fritz in able quantity of coal was swept away. The yard was also badly washed. The cellar of L.T. Hensel's tobacco warehouse was filled with water and much of the weed was damaged. The little township bridge, near the railroad water station, north of the

village, has been swept away.

The Reading railroad company will be heavy losers by the flood, as their road bed is badly damaged. The train which leaves Quarryville at 6:30 this morning, and arrives at Lancaster at 7:30, managed to get here this morning. When they passed along between Quarryville and New Provi dence the water was rising very rapidly, and the tracks were carried in many lower end capital to-day, and none have been able to reach there. The track is badly washed at different places between Lime Valley and Quarryville. Some of the track near Hess' station is almost swep away, and the earth is washed from be-

At the "Y," just below, New Providence. where two streams meet, there is al-ways trouble in a flood. The road bed is badly damaged and portions of the track are torn up and badly washed. The train at 8:35 and 9:25 left this city for Quarry-ville on time this morning, but could not

The train from this city ran down as far as New Providence this morning, but could get no further. One train returned to Lancaster at noon, bringing passengers who had walked around the washout. As large force of workmen went down the road with Superintendent Wilson this morning, and they expect to have the tracks repaired so that trains can run through to Quarryville by night.

GREAT POTTERY TRUST FORMED. A Capital of \$10,000,000 to Control the

A Capital of \$10,000,000 to Control the Entire American Output.

A new trust has been added to the list of such combinations. For several menths leading American potters of East Liverpool, Trenton and two or three other points have been in close consultation, and it is authoritatively announced that an agreement has been reached.

italively announced that an agreement has been reached.

The complete details of the organization are not yet entirely perfected, but it is known that the firms of Knowles, Taylor & Knowles, Homer, Laughlin, Horner & Co., and the Brunts, of East Liverpool, O.; the Mercer Pottery company, Burroughs & Montford, of Trenton, and other firms that are large producers of white granite and porcelain table and chamber goods, are in the new deal.

the new deal. The trust will have a capital of something like \$10,000,000 and when the organization is completed, will control the entire American product. T. G. Evens, who was active in the formation of the concern, says:

"The American pottery industry has for years been more or less demoralized, owing to close and at times bitter competition, and this organization has been effected for and this organization has been effected for the purpose of protecting manufacturers from each other. Since American goods became successful in competition with the English production in quality as well as price, trade has steadily grown, but with increasing trade came warmer competition, and the result was that dis-counts increased from year to year until the manufacturers realized that some action to increase prices was absolutely action to increase prices was absolutely imperative. In the face of all this was the imperative. In the face of all this was the fact that English manufacturers were keeping up with the procession of declining American prices, or increasing discounts, as the trade calls it, and selling lots

of goods.

"Despite the increased duty imposed by Congress, the prices of foreign goods did not advance. It was all this that the American promoters of the trust had to consider. They realized that only capitalists can handle English goods, for under the ists can handle English goods, for under the English system the goods are practically paid for before they are sold. Therefore small dealers not having the capital cannot import their stock, and are consequently practically shut out.

"This being the case, American manufacturers have concluded that they would rather control the trade of one thousand smaller dealers who have not the capital to handle English goods than ten heavy

handle English goods than ten heavy dealers who have the cash and who will import in case the domestic goods are put

above importation prices."
It is said that under the management of the trust discounts will full to from 35 to 45 per cent., which means an advance of from 10 to 25 per cent. on prices. The new arrangements will take effect about Sept ember 1.

The Stars In the Flag.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

On July 4 an incident of no little interest and one not likely to be soon duplicated, will take place in our navy. The flag with thirty-eight stars, which has waved for thirteen years, will be replaced, by Secretary Trace's orders, with the new flag with forty-two stars on its field of blue. The arrangement of stars on the new flag will arrangement of stars on the new flag consist of six rows of seven stars each. It is to be noted that such a rectangular disposition of them will not be possible again until there are forty-eight states in the Union; and when there are forty-nine the stars will form a periect square.

six of a Boating Party Drowned A boating party consisting of John Mat-timore, son of the late Thos. Mattimore, the coal dealer, Edward and Joseph Cody, Maud and Maggie Horner and two other young ladies, cousins of the Horner girls, from Hudson, N. Y., while rowing on the river opposite the ice houses at Bath, N.Y. were run down by the tug Evangeline an the boat upset Tuesday evening. Befor assistance could reach them all we drowned except Joseph Gody, who escaped, but was almost completely exhausted by his efforts to save his companions.

Deserted His Family.

Aaron Baumgardner has been prosecuted before Alderman Barr for desertion and failing to maintain his wife and children. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Released on Habens Corpus.

John Hays and Edward Staley were before Judge Patterson on a writ of habcas corpus this morning. Their homes are at West Chester and they were working at Johnstown from the time of the flood until last week when they were discharged. They did not have the money to pay their fare home and were arrested on a freight train at Collins station last Friday. Justice Solly committed them for twenty days. Justice Solly did not appear to resist their discharge and they were released from

To Be Burled in York. Dr. B. F. Reich's remains will be interred in Prospect Hill cemetery, York, on Thursday.

LANCASTER, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1889.

Base Ball News.

The championship games yesterday were: Baltimore 8, Athletic 7; St. Louis 7, Cincinnati 3; Columbus 4, Brooklyn 2; Cleveland 8, Philadelphia 6; Indianapolis 6, Boston 4; New York 12, Chicago 8; Pittsburg 7, Washington 5; Worcester 14, Wilkesbarre 8; Jersey City 8, Hartford 5; New Haven 9, Newark 1; Cuban Giants 9, Norwalk 4; Yale 8, Harvard 4.

The Middle States League held a meeting at Norristown yesterday. Charles E. Mason sent in his resignation as president, his club, the Philadelphia Giants, having disbanded. The League decided to continue with five clubs for the present and play under the recently adopted schedule as far as practicable. Secretary Voltz was instructed to communicate with liazleton, Mahanoy City, Ashland, Shenandoah and Mt. Carmel, and if any two of these cities will agree to come in the circuit will again be increased to eight clubs. An informal meeting of the delegates was held in Philadelphia last night, at which it was agreed to give the Metropolitan club a franchise if it would locate at Hoboken, N. J.

The Baltimores took three straight from the Athletics at the home of the latter.

The Baltimores took three straight from the Athletics at the home of the latter, whose admirers are sick.

Ward has deserted the York club and gone to Dover to play second base and pick peaches.

Irish Political Prison Some time ago the editor of the Dublin, Ireland, Freeman's Journal, sent a request to a number of prominent men in the United States and Canada, asking them for an opinion on the treatment political prisoners had received in Ireland during the past three years. Among the answers was the following from Cardinal Gibbons:

past three years. Among the answers was the following from Cardinal Gibbons:

"In reply to your favor of the 6th ultimo I beg to say that as far as my opportunities enable me to judge, it is the general sentiment of our thoughtful American people that the treatment of political prisoners in Ireland has been exceedingly harsh and wantonly severe, and in that view I am compelled to concur. But I hope that this subject is but a passing episode to be soon forgotten, or at least condoned, in view of the blessings of home rule and the privilege of autonomy in domestic affairs which are within your grasp. I trust that the friendly relations between England and Ireland will increase every day, and that the long, unnatural and disastrous conflict will give place to an honorable emulation in the field of commerce and industry, such as happily exists among the states of our Federal Union."

Wedding Guests Surprised.

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Sixty invited guests assembled to witness the wedding, in Pottstown, on Tuesday afternoon, of Miss Gertrude C.Casselberry, daughter of the retired banker, M. Burr Casselberry, to Dr. D. W. Spence, of New York, but were greatly surprised when they learned that the marriage had taken place ten days ago in New York. The groom's sister upon her deathbed requested the couple to be married before she died, and her wish was granted. It being impossible to recall the invitations, the guests were allowed to assemble, and the ceremonies, excepting the marriage, went through according to programme. There were many presents, two of them being checks of great value from the bride's parents.

Postal Receipts.

The annual adjustment of the salaries of presidential postmasters, just completed by the chief of the salary and allowance division of the postoffice department, shows the total receipts at presidential postoffices during the year ended March 31, 1889, to have been \$41,726,670, being an increase, as compared with the previous year, of \$3,-227,682. The aggregate of the salaries of presidential postmasters on July 1, 1889, will be \$4,414,700, an increase of \$211,900. The total number of presidential postoffices in operation on July 1, 1889, will be 2,638, an increase for the year of 136. The presidential offices are divided as follows: First-class, 102; second-class, 517; third-class, 2,019.

Four Boys Arrested. Constable Pyle, arrested Henry Althouse. Wm. Phillips, Edward Ditzler and Abram Ditzler, on Tuesday, on complaint of John Musser, for malicious trespass. The prosecutor leases a part of the Malone farm and he has been frequently annoyed by the

boys trespassing on the land. On Sunday the accused went into the field, chased the cows and trampled the grass. Abram Ditzler was committed for a hearing. The remaining defendants being small boys, were held in their own recognizances for a hearing before Alderman Halbach on Thursday evening. A. C. Reinœhl, attorney for John Eide-

miller, of Providence township, entered a suit for damages in the court of common pleas against Nelson Dyson and Hiram Peoples. Mr. Dyson is the owner of a mill property and part of it is leased to Mr. Peoples. The tail race became full of mud some time ago, and instead of cleaning it out to get a better supply of water a dam two feet high was built and this caused the water to flood the cellar and destroy the crops of Mr. Eidemiller, and for the damage he sustained this suit was brought.

Dick Redmond Acquitted. Dick Redmond was heard by Alderman Halbach last evening on a charge of larceny. The allegation was that he stole lot of iron from Shulmyer's coal yard. The offense was committed several months ago and the testimony of the witnesses examined failed to connect Redmond with the theft. Two others complained against at the same time were convicted in court and served a term in jail, but Redmond skipped and was a fugitive until the Monday, when

he was captured. A charge of drunkenness and disorderly conduct was heard by Alderman Pinkerton last evening. It was proved and Redmond was sent to jail for seven days.

John Smith, Michael O'Brien and Thos Burnes were committed for a bearing by Alderman Halbach, for drunkenness and lisorderly conduct. These men are tramps and have been making their headquarters near the old water works. On Tuesday they were very drunk, and Julius Siebold, who lives in that vicinity, came to town and reported to Alderman Halbach. Constable Eicholtz was sent out and he succeeded in getting all the offenders. They will be heard to-night.

Before Alderman Deen. Joseph Gorden, who was drunk with fits on the street Monday evening, was sent to ail for ten days.

Louisa Wilson, Mary Stout and Lizzie Woods, the three colored girls who are charged with disorderly conduct and disturbing a religious meeting, were beard last evening. The alderman reserved his decision and the case will likely by fixed

John F. Smith Gives \$25,000. The board of managers of the House of Refuge in Philadelphia, on Tuesday, pre-

Refuge in Philadelphia, on Tuesday, pre-sented to that institution oil portraits of the late Isaiah V. Williamson, who during his lifetime had subscribed \$105,000 to the in-stitution, and of William Massey, who, on March 15, 1889, donated \$100,000, which has since been paid. During the meeting Mr. John F. Smith gave \$25,000 towards the good work.

Ordered to Johnstown. Col. Frank J. Magee, of Wrightsville, Colonel of the 8th regiment, has received orders from Adjutant General Hastings to report at Johnstown for duty.

Writ of Replevin Issued. John W. Denlinger, attorney for Ann Mary Vogel, of Marietta, to-day issued a writ of replevin for her household furniture, which she claims is illegally held by John Vogel. A deputy sheriff went to Marietta this afternoon to serve the writ.

GEN. CAMERON'S CONDITION

HE IS VERY WEAK, BUT ABLE TO RECEIVE A LITTLE NOURISHMENT.

His Children and Others at His Bedside. A Mossage Received From Senator Cameron-He Will Sail For Home.

down with paralysis on last Thursday night he has been hovering between life

and death. He has been very weak most of

the time since, and although his death may be delayed it is the general impression that it is not very far off. All kinds concerning the general's condition, and some of them have been very far from the truth. On Monday evening word was sent to Lancaster from Harrisburg that the general had just died. The story was investigated and in fifteen minutes it was found o be untrue. The truth was that in the afternoon he had a weak spell, to which he seems subject about once a day, and his folks then believed him dying. He rallied from that, however, and although very weak, was much better that evening, when he seemed conscious of what was going on bout him, although he cannot speak. Yesterday the story came to Lancaster that he could not possibly live until the evening. This was also investigated by several newspaper men visited Donegal. They found but little new in the general's condition. He had had another weak spell somewhat earlier in the day. An hour later he was much better, although very weak. He seemed to know the folks about him and when Mr. risburg, approached the bedside he nodded slightly as though he recognized him. During the afternoon the general took several teaspoonfuls of water and in the evening swallowed several ounces of milk and little taste of brandy.

The physicians to the general are Dr. Dunnott, a prominent medical man of Har-risburg, and Dr. Bachman, a young pro-fessional man whose home is in Maytown. The latter sits up with the general every night and carefully looks after him. Dr. Dunnott arrived at the farm last evening, and he seemed to be in rather good spirits about the condition of the venerable exsenator. He had not seen him in several days and he thought there was but little change in his condition for better or worse, At the request of the doctor a nurse was sent for from Philadelphia.

At the beautiful Donegal farm, where the sick statesman is lying, are gathered a number of his friends and relatives. Among the first to arrive were his son-in-law and daughter, ex-United States Attorney General McVeagh and wife. They are among his almost constant attendants. The others at the farm are the general's daughter, Mrs. Richard Haldeman, of Harrisburg, James M. Cameron, Simon B. Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. Chauvenet, and Mr. and Mrs. David M. Watts. Several cablegrams were sent to Senator J. Donald Cameron, son of the general, who for some time has been traveling in Europe. One of them found him at Inverness, Scotland, and he answered immediately stating that he would sail for New York this morning.

A message received at 2 p. m., stated that the general continues weak. At intervals during the morning he has taken nourishment.

WOULD PAY THE NATIONAL DEBT. The Cost of Keeping an Army of Commercial Travelers.

"The money used in a single year to foot the salary and expense bills of the traveling salesmen of the United States would pay off the entire national debt and leave a few dollars over."

This rather startling statement was made by a junior member of one of the large dry

goods houses of Philadelphia, who has a force of about fifty travelers under his immediate charge. "There is hardly a whole-sale, jobbing or commission house in any line in the United States that does not have at least a single traveling representative and the traveling force ranges up as high as 125 or 150 men, or even more. The aver-age of the most reliable estimates places the total number of commercial tourists in this country at 250,000; not peddiers, but only those who sell goods at wholesale. but only those who sell goods at wholesale. The railroad fares, charges for carrying sample baggage by freight or express, hotel bills and incidental traveling expenses of these men will range between \$4 and \$12 per day, but some men will spend \$25 in a single day for these purposes without resorting to any extravagance. Take for instance, some of the carpet, clothing or fancy goods men who carry ten to fifteen trunks fall of samples, take a nærker with trunks full of samples, take a packer with them and hire a hotel parlor to display their goods whenever they open their trunks. But the number of these men is trunks. But the number of these men is comparatively small, and \$6 a day will fairly represent the average expenses of the 250,000 men. There you have \$1,500,000 per day for expenses alone. Multiply this by 365, and you have \$547,500,000 as the amount expended in one year.

"The item of salaries is nearly as large. Few men are paid less than \$500 per year. The largest number receive between \$1,500.

The largest number receive between \$1.500 and \$2,500, either in salaries or commis sions. A lesser number are paid from sions. A lesser number are paid from \$3,900 to \$5,000—those receiving the latter amount being comparatively few. But there are traveling salesmen who are always in demand at \$10,000 to \$15,000 a year, but they are few and far between. An average of \$1,800 per year is not far out of the way. Figuring 250,000 men at an average salary of \$1,800 per year gives a total of \$150,000,000 according to my arithmentic. To this add \$347,500,000 for expenses, and you have \$657,500,000 for these two items. Our 50 men require 150 trunks, costing \$8 each, or \$12,000. These men require two 88 each, or \$12,000. These men require two sets of samples yearly—one in the spring and one in the fall. The cost of these two sets of samples is about \$1,000 per man. Of this \$59,000 worth of goods which are required for samples every year a considerable portion is lost, while most of it so soiled and damaged by constant handling that it has to be sold at a heavy reduction from the actual cost, or else given away. To cover this cost, or else given away. To cover this depreciation we make an allowance of 334 per cent. upon the cost of the samples, or about \$17,000 per year. Trunks do not need renewing every year, but repairs and replacing lost ones form quite an item of extenses. From these fouries it is evident. From these figures it is eviden that the similar expenses of greater or lesser amount borne by every wholesale house will swell the salary and traveling expense item of \$007,500,000 far \$1,000,000,000 per year."

SHE WAS FAST ASLEEP.

Mrs. De Vies Found in Her Night Dress Walking in the Street. A woman with bare head and feet, and clad only in a night dress, was seen early Tuesday morning, walking near St. Mary's hospital, in Brooklyn, by Policeman Lang. He approached her, but she continued her walk without noticing him. Finally he placed his hand gently on her arm. Then walk without noticing him. Finally he placed his hand gently on her arm. Then she rubbed her eyes and gazed around her, as if suddenly awakened from a sound sleep. She was taken into the hospital and cared for by the sisters. This note was found pinned to her night dress;

June 3, 1889, I am Mrs. De Vies, of 843 Park avenue, in the rear. I write this, so that if anyone finds me in one of my bad spells he may take me to my house, as I have my own doctor and a good home.

Mrs. De Vies.

Mrs. De Vies, who is a confirmed som-nambulist, had wandered off in her sleep during the night, as she had often done be fore, without awaking any members of her family. She has had many marrow escapes in her sleep-walking adventures. A couple of months ago she was found on the roof of a three-story house.

THE BULL HELD THE SHORE. For Two Hours He Kept a Party of Bathers in the Water.

Albert Jefferis, a Wilmington young man, stood stripped to the loins on Sunday last waving a flaring-red flannel shirt at an infuriated bull. Jefferis did not want to pit his feeble frame against the strength of the animal, so he ran with all the speed he could command when the bull started for him, and his wild flight was accelerated by the thought of the snorting animal following so closely in the wake of the red shirt.

Mr. Jefferis had adopted these tacties to persuade the bull to come away from his clothing and those of his three companions, clothing and those of his three companions, which was lying on the banks of Brandy-wine croek. Mr. Jefferis and his friends had gone in swimming, and their playful splashes had attracted the attention of his bullship, who ambled to the bank just where the gentlemen had left their clothes. He kept them in the water for two hours, and upon each attempt on their part to leave the creek the bull would approach them threateningly and the party would gracefully submit and retire to the water. After a consultation in mid stream they decided to divide forces, and while Jefferis attracted the attention of the bull in one direction the others of the bull in one direction the others secured their clothing and carried it to the other shore.

The Cyclone Moves off Into the Ocean. Although there was no area of low barometer reported on Monday throughout the whole United States, there was one prevailing off the Florida coast. This was too far at sea to be reported by the signal service, but its influence was felt in the rain that prevailed at the South Atlantic coast cities, Monday night the storm approached nearer the coast and was reported by the signal service, being then in the latitude of South Carolina. The storm was reported as a cyclone, accompanied by heavy rains, and was moving northeasterly. Yesterday morning the cyclone had moved off the coast into the ocean, and was again out of the ken of the signal service. Heavy rain was caused by the moved off the coast into the ocean, and was again out of the ken of the signal service. Heavy rain was caused by the storm, the precipitation being 2.02 inches at Wilmington, 1.52 inches at Charleston and 1.26 inches at Charlotte, in North Carolina. Titusville, Fla., had a rainfill measuring 2.06 inches, and Abilene, Texas, 1.30 inches. The wind accompanying the storm blew at the rate of 20 miles an hour. Baltimore also is feeling the effects of the storm. The cloudy weather of Monday was succeeded by rain. The temperature in Baltimore yesterday had also fallen about two degrees. Cautionary signals were ordered from Charleston to Norfolk. The low barometer reported in British America has moved eastward, but an area of low barometer has developed in Dakota. A high barometer prevailed in New England and on the Pacific cost. A cyclone is a large storm having a true rotary movement, and may extend over a circle having a diameter of from 16) to 1,000 miles. These storms, originating over the South Atlantic in the region of the West Indies, are cyclones because they possess this gyratory motion. In the Northern hemisphere they invariably move in a parabolic curve, first to the northwest and then to the southeast. When originating in the Southern homisphere the cyclonic storms also invariably move in a parabola, first to the southwest and then to the southern homisphere the cyclonic storms of land, but no true cyclones. On the vast expanse of the ocean there is nothing to impede the rotary movement of the wind, as on the land, where the free motion of the air is impeded by hills, forests and other obstructions.

SHOVELED THE MONEY OUT.

Masked Robbers Awe a Bank Cashler and Get Away With \$20,750. And Get Away With \$40,740.

A daring robbery was committed at noon on Monday, in Telluride, Col. While the cashier of the San Miguel Valley bank, C. F. Painter, was alone in his private office conting up the day's business, three masked men entered with revolvers in their hands. The leader at once demanded that all the cash be turned over to them.

Being alone and unarmed, the frightened cashier allowed one of the gang to enter be-hind the counter and with the aid of a toy shovel, fill his bag with all in sight. Hav-ing secured the money, the party made their way to the street, where they re-mounted their horses and departed for the

An alarm was at once given. It was found that the robbers had taken \$20,750. A telegram received in Denver on Tuesday afternoon says the robbers are between the Trout Lakes and the big bend of the Dolores river. Posses are in hot pursuit.

Nabbed His Cousin While a-Burgling.
Ex-Judge Look, of Dotroit, was awakened early Tuesday morning by a man in his bedroom. He jumped from bed and grappled with the intruder, who, to his surprise, he discovered was Joseph Kuhn, the eldest son of ex-Justice Joseph Kuhn, and his own cousin. Look dragged Kuhn to the door to turn him over to a policeman, but the prisoner got away. Then Look fired several shots from a revolver and Patrolman Sullivan pursued Kuhn and arrested him. On his person were found Look's watch and purse. Kuhn was arraigned and pleaded not guilty to a charge of burglary, and was sent back to jail. sent back to jail.

The Commitment Was Illegal. John Moore, whose commitment by Jus tice Ross C. Collins was noted in Tuesday's INTELLIGENCER, was taken before Judge Patterson on a writ of haboas corpus this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The prisoner was represented by Thos. J. Davis, esq. The court after examining the commitment of Justice Collins discharged Moore from custody, it being illegal on its facand not charging a criminal offense. Young Moore went home this afternoon and will if his father permits him, bring a criminal suit against the son of Sylvester Linton.

A century ago only 300 species of orchids were known, and those very imperfectly. Now the latest authority gives the extreme number of known species as 10,000. This may be an excessive estimate, but it shows the immense advance which has been made in our knowledge of these interesting plants, for which collectors now ransack the most remote quarters of the globe. It is said that the modern passion for the cultivation of orchids sprang from the exhibition of some remarkable specimens at the early meet-ings of the English Horticultural society.

A Boy's Hand Cut. Ottwell Reifsnyder, a boy who is em ployed at Arnold's cork works, was work ing at a tapering machine yesterday when he had one of his hands caught in the knife. The bones of three fingers were cut off and it was first believed that the thre fingers would have to be amputated. Drs. Albright and Weaver attended him and will save the fingers. The boy lives at 527 East Chestnut street.

Simon Cameron's Advantage,

Thing are continually happening to prove the wisdom of a remark once made by Simon Cameron. "Yes," he said, "my son Don had many advantages, but I had one which overbalanced them all—pov-

Death of a Home Ruler.

LONDON, June 26.-Walter Rice Howell

Powell, member of Parliament for West 'armarthenshire, is dead. Mr. Powell was Liberal and in favor of Home Rule for

Heavy Loss Small Insurance BENICIA, CALIF, June 26.—McKay & Chisholme's Pioneer tannery burned this morning. Loss \$200,000; insurance \$37,000.

WEATHER FORECASTS. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 26. Rain, warmer, southerly winds.

SEVEN LIVES LOST.

THREE TRAINMEN AND FOUR TRANPS KILLED IN A COLLISION NEAR LATROBE.

Locomotive and Several Cars Hurled Over a Fifty-Foot Embankment into a Creek-Heavy Loss to the P. R. R.

PITTSBURG, June 26 .- A triple collision

forty miles east of this city, on the Pennsylvania railroad, about 2:30 this morning Thirty cars were wrecked and seven persons killed, four of them unknown tramps At the hour named freight train 308, wes the bridge about fifty yards west when it collided with extra freight train 1,313 coming in the opposite direction. Another east bound freight was standing on the side track on the bridge and the wrecked trains crashed against it, causing one locomotive and a number of cars to go over the embankment into the creek, a distance of fifty feet. Engineer Caldwell and his fireman were supposed to have been killed instantly. Their bodies are still in the creek. Brakeman Miller was terribly crushed. He is still living, but will die The bodies of four tramps were taken from he wreck. There was nothing about their cidnes to identify them. They were steal-

ing a ride and were coming West.

The cause of the accident has not yet been learned. The loss to railroad co pany will be very heavy.

35 REPORTED TO HAVE BURNED. A dispatch just received from Greensburg, ten miles from Latrobe, states that a party of about 35 workmen from Johnstown were stealing their way home on a freight train when the accident occurred. The wreck caught fire from a lime bed and the men were cremated. The story is not credited here, and the Pennsylvania railroad officials know nothing of

FORAKER RENOMINATED.

He is exosen on the second Ballot by COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 26 .- The Rep lican state convention was called to order at 10 o'clock, and the credentials committees report, showing no contests, was adopted as the first business. The tem-porary organization was read and unani-mously adopted.

E. L. Lumpson, of Ashtabula, Congressman E. L. Morey, Col. J. B. Nell, of Franklin county, Captain Wilson Vance, of Hancock county, General Robert Kennedy, of Logan county, General Asa Jones, of Mahoning county, and General Dawes were placed in nomination for governor in

addition to Foraker. Foraker received 207 votes on the first ballot, 827 votes being cast. Kennedy re-ceived 127, others being scattered.

Foraker was nominated on the se The platform adopted by the convention declares renewed adherence to the principles enunciated by the Republican national convention of 1888, especially the principles of protection; heartly approves administration. and endorses Harrison's administr particularly the liberal policy of the pe bureau; favors the passage of a service pension bill for all honorably discharged Union soldiers and soamen; congratulate the people of Ireland on the progress of the struggle for home rule and endorses I dent Harrison's course in selecting we

Irish-Americans for diplomatic service Charge Against Prominent Men. READING, June 26 .- Dr. A. H. Fritz, a eading politician of Berks county, having been the Democratic candidate for Congress several times, and David M. Kline, ex-justice of the peace, both of Fleetwood, this county, were arrested this forenoon and taken to Philadelphia for a hearing tomorrow before the United States commisdoner to answer the charge of taking exorbitant fees for collecting pension cl being alleged that \$500 was charged in the case on which they were arrested, the amount collected being \$1,100. Fritz's son

was recently appointed postmaster at Fleetwood, but has not yet been commis-A Bill Smothered. LANSING, Mich., June 26.-The Husber bill, which proposed to vastly increase the taxation of railroads by imposing a spe-cific tax on their rolling stock and tax on all their other property, was killed in the

postponed. Both Houses agreed to the bill creating state board of arbitration to adjust the labor troubles.

Phelps to be Minister to Germany. WASHINGTON, June 26.-The preo-day appointed William Walter Phelps ninister to Germany.

Mr. Phelps received his appointment from the president's own hands with the remark that it was his reward, which naturally was highly grafifying to the re-cipient. Going over to the department his commission was immediately made out and he qualified as United minister to Germany. Mr. Phelps will not proceed to his new post for some time; but feeling that he has earned a rest and needing time for the adjustment of his private business will go to his home in New Jorsey in a day or two.

Mrs. Hayes' Funeral on Friday. FREMONT, Ohio, June 26.—The funeral of Mrs. Hayes will take place at her late home on Friday afternoon, and will be public. The services will be brief and performed by Dr. McCabe, of the Ohio Wesleyan University, who officiated at the marriage of General and Mrs. Hayes. The interment will take place at Oakwood cemetery. Hundreds of messages of condolence are being received.

Laborers Attacked by Fever. JOHNSTOWN, June 26,—Acting Surgeon Foster, of the Fourteenth regiment and laboring camps, reported this morning that within the last 24 hours 49 laborers were taken seriously sick with symptoms of typhoid fever. Many of them were sent home and others are being cared for in the

Visiting Lock Haven. LOCK HAVEN, June 26.—Messrs. Mar-vin, Scott and Maller, the Pittsburg meinbers of Governor Beaver's floodcom arrived at Lock Haven this afterpoor and were shown through the city by Mayor Mason and the relief committee. They made a brief visit to Renovo before their visit to this city, and viewed the damages

by the flood at that place.

Lord Mayor Sexton Testifics. LONDON, June 26.—Mr. Sexton, member of Parliament and lord mayor of Dublin, appeared before the Parnell com to-day. Mr. Sexton would not say that he opposed the principles of the Fenian society. He claimed that boycotting was a

necessary evil. Afflicted By Leprosy.

Bombay, June 26.—The Gazette says that
a brigadier general of the British army
stationed in Madras has been attacked by

leprosy. The name of the officer is an