

WHAT THE GRAND JURY SAY.

MANY OF THE CASES AVOID UPON OF SMALL IMPORTANCE.

The Practice of Returning a Large Number of Indictments for One Offense, Where One Indictment Would Have Been Sufficient, is Again Condemned.

Friday Afternoon—The jury in the John Bollock assault and battery case, rendered a verdict of not guilty and divided the costs equally between the defendant and Louisa Bollock, the prosecutor.

The jury in the Aaron Baumgardner assault and battery case, after a deliberation of six days, and he was sentenced to pay a fine of \$20 and costs. He was unable to raise the amount to pay the costs and went to jail for three months in lieu thereof.

Albert Miller was put on trial for malicious mischief, on complaint of John Kessler, in the case of the commonwealth. The testimony for the commonwealth was that the defendant and two other parties went on prosecutor's premises in May last, tore down notices prohibiting trespassing on Kessler's premises, and took a corn cutter from a son of Mr. Kessler and drove it to the center of the commonwealth.

The defendant admitted that he knocked down notices posted on the premises of John Kessler, but claimed that he had no malice against Kessler when he did these things. He also claimed that he had paid the penalty for his wrong doing, in a suit brought against him for malicious mischief, when he was adjudged to pay a fine of \$25 and costs.

The jury after a brief deliberation rendered a verdict of not guilty and reasons filed for a new trial.

John Wolf, Jacob Wolf and Henry Weimer were put on trial for committing an assault and battery on John H. Myers. All the parties to the suit live in Eden township. The commonwealth produced the testimony of the witnesses called at the afternoon session.

The defense was that Myers was responsible for the row and got what he deserved, a good thrashing. The witnesses called for the accused testified that when they were on the road home from this festival Myers overtook them and plucked a quarrel with Jacob Wolf. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty and reasons filed for a new trial.

Friday Evening—The trial of the Myers-Wolf et al. assault and battery case was resumed at 7:30 o'clock. The witnesses called for the commonwealth corroborated the testimony of the witnesses called at the afternoon session.

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The district attorney announced that he had no other jury trials and the petit jurors were discharged.

The grand jury made the following returns:

Ignored Bill: Cyrus Wertz, assault and battery; John B. Blasinger, selling to minors.

Grand Jury Report.

Following is the report of the grand jury for the term:

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions and General Just Delivery of the County of Lancaster, Pa.

The grand inquest of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania empaneled to inquire into and for the county of Lancaster at the November sessions 1888, respectfully report:

Out of 117 cases submitted to the grand inquest by the district attorney 87 were returned as not guilty, 29 were returned as acted on for want of evidence. Many of the cases were of small importance and should not have been returned to court, thus saving the county much unnecessary expense. The grand inquest condemns the returning of a large number of indictments for one offense, where one indictment would have been sufficient to make out the proper punishment to the offender.

We have visited the almshouse, the hospital for the insane, the county reformatory and the Home for Friendless Children. In the almshouse we find 24 inmates; males 13, females 11; aged 10 to 14, 3; 15 to 19, 1; 20 to 24, 1; 25 to 29, 1; 30 to 34, 1; 35 to 39, 1; 40 to 44, 1; 45 to 49, 1; 50 to 54, 1; 55 to 59, 1; 60 to 64, 1; 65 to 69, 1; 70 to 74, 1; 75 to 79, 1; 80 to 84, 1; 85 to 89, 1; 90 to 94, 1; 95 to 99, 1; 100, 1.

The statement of the treasurer shows gold, silver, United States notes and other funds in the treasury to-day to be as follows: Gold coin and bullion \$352,561.30; United States notes, \$1,849,369.20; trade dollar bar, \$6,181.23; fractional silver coin, \$23,852.54; United States notes, \$40,741.92; national bank notes, \$107,952.21; national bank notes in process of redemption, \$8,078.17; deposits with national bank depositories, \$47,759.48; total, \$1,716,621.89. Certificates outstanding—gold, \$187,515.40; currency, \$11,560.00.

DISCOVERED IN TIME.

THE GASTROLOGY SHOP OF ELMER E. CARTER DAMAGED BY FIRE.

An Alarm Given Before the Flames Obtained Much Headway—Articles Removed From the Building and Firemen Soon Control the Blaze.

COLUMBIA, Nov. 24.—An alarm of fire was started at 9:30 this morning, which caused great excitement on North Third street. It was soon found that the upholstery establishment of Elmer E. Carter, on Third street near Walnut, was on fire.

At about 10 o'clock the fire broke out on the front of the building and all the goods in the front room of the building was carried out of danger. Men, women and boys worked hard to save the goods from destruction.

For some time, the fire raged fiercely and threatened destruction to the coach works of Rupp & Brother adjoining. The fire department was soon in service and after a half hour's work had the fire out.

The fire was considerable but was controlled in time. The origin of the fire is not known, but it is supposed to have been caused from the stove. There was considerable loss of goods.

Rev. Willis B. Hinman, of the Second street church, will preach on Sunday morning on the subject, "Causes for rejoicing in what God has done for His modern Israel." Young people's prayer meeting of the Society of Christian Endeavor at 8 p. m., subject, "Doing what we can."

Rev. J. H. Pannabecker, of Trinity Reformed church, will preach his fourth sermon on domestic subjects on Sunday evening.

The Knights of the Mystic Chain will assemble at 8 p. m., at the Grand Opera House, on Monday evening, Nov. 27. J. Clay-Moran will preach on "The Whole Duty of Man."

The funeral of Lewis L. Brooks was held yesterday afternoon. The order of Railroad Conductors attended.

Patrick McKenna, of Mill Creek, was charged by Frederick Mumma and his son George with having threatened to do them great bodily harm. The testimony showed that George Mumma had threatened McKenna's cow, which greatly enraged McKenna, and he threatened to knock out the brains of the elder Mumma and to thrash the boy.

The defendant testified that he is the Pennsylvania railroad engineer at Mill Creek. He was in the yard at the time the cow was killed, and he was greatly annoyed by him. He admitted having said that if he caught the boy in any more scrapes he would make it warm for him.

The district attorney announced that he had no other jury trials and the petit jurors were discharged.

TRADE IN THE UNITED STATES.

Business Making Fair Progress With a Prospect of More Favorable Future Improvement.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—Following is R. G. Dunn & Co.'s review of trade for the week ending Saturday, November 23, 1888. Dunn & Co. has made fair progress during the past week, and at most points the prospect for further improvement is considered good.

The engagements of gold for export amount to \$7,750,000 for the week, and the exports of gold are expected to be about \$10,000,000. The condition of the market is not so favorable as it was some time ago, but the prospect for further improvement is considered good.

Business is satisfactory or improving at all northwestern points reporting and money is in good supply, unless Cleveland, where there is a shortage of money.

The anthracite trade at New York is dull and the price of coal is low. The coal trade is reported to be in a somewhat better condition.

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AGAINST THE WIDOW.

MRS. HIBBARD, THE JURY SAY, DID NOT SUFFER DUBIOUS.

She Did Not Care for the Money, But Wanted a Vindication Before the World—Her Son Took Her of the Verdict and she is Greatly Astonished.

BEAVER, Pa., Nov. 24.—The court room was opened promptly at 9 o'clock this morning, and in a moment every inch of space was occupied by those anxious to see the verdict in the Hibbard-Fry breach of promise case.

John Hibbard, accompanied by a newspaper reporter, hastened to the residence of Mrs. Hibbard, where they found that lady seated in the rear of her store with her daughter, Miss Katie. Both jumped to their feet when Mr. Hibbard asked of her son John: "What's the verdict?"

"For Mr. Fry," replied her son. "No," said Mrs. Hibbard, in an incredulous tone. "Where did you hear it?" "At the court house."

"Well, then, I suppose we are all here here," said Mrs. Hibbard, as she dropped into a chair. "I don't care about the money, but I want to vindicate myself before the world. However, there is not a single person, not even the jury, who disbelieved my story. I have nothing but words of kindness for my attorneys and my friends. They did all they could for me. It was the power of money that caused my case to be so long."

Mrs. Hibbard declined to state whether she would take further action. She claims that she had a great deal more evidence that might have been presented, and that her case was injured by the refusal of the judge to admit the day book of the Hotel Beaver, which she had brought as evidence.

Mrs. Hibbard's case was a true one and I am extremely pleased with it. I hardly think I will take any action against Mrs. Hibbard for her conduct.

Eleven Years For Murder.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 24.—Joseph Evans, the murderer of Sadie Pruner, was sentenced to-day to the penitentiary for 11 years.

The Murderer of Two Women Convicted.

The trial of Peter Baranski, or Baranovsk, charged with murder, which has occupied the court in Pottsville, during the past week, terminated on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The jury returned a verdict of guilty of the murder of two women.

A TRIP UP "SALT RIVER."

An Aged Woman, and she's a sturdy Democrat, Took the Salt River Trip.

The energetic old lady who sent President Cleveland a sample of the meat from the great ox roast at McGrann's park in honor of his election four years ago, writes the following entertaining account of her trip up Salt River. She calls herself a Kentucky Democrat and is certainly an enthusiastic follower of Jefferson:

BEAVERVILLE, Nov. 9, 1888. I, Mrs. Anna Matilda Weider, dressed in my best black silk dress and went up Salt River in a boat that made myself. I took some salt and coffee and sugar along. The salt I took in case the coffee should get spoiled.

The boat was very comfortable and the farmers were making a fearful noise, about in hope of better times coming; they are all right. When I came to New York I found that the boat was very comfortable and the farmers were making a fearful noise, about in hope of better times coming; they are all right. When I came to New York I found that the boat was very comfortable and the farmers were making a fearful noise, about in hope of better times coming; they are all right.

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A FLOATING HOSPITAL.

SEVERAL YELLOW FEVER SUFFERERS ON THE WARSHIP BOSTON.

Four Die of the Disease While the Young Men Returning From Hayti—The Ship Now Flying the Yellow Flag in New York Harbor.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—The new United States warship Boston arrived here on her way from Port au Prince, Hayti, off quarantine she displayed the dreaded yellow flag from her foremast. Dr. Squire, the quarantine health officer, with a surgeon, doctor and crew of 150 men, accompanied the vessel over at Boston.

The United Press representative, however, began an investigation on his own account, and by persistent inquiries, he learned that several cases had broken out among the Boston's crew, either in the harbor of Port au Prince, whither she had been sent when the Haytian government seized the American steamer Haytian Republic, or on her return voyage.

It was also learned beyond doubt that four men had succumbed to the terrible disease. The names of the victims are John J. Kelly, an apprentice, died Nov. 15; E. E. Trapp, an apprentice, died Nov. 15; John Usamen, a marine, died Nov. 15; John Patrel, a marine, died Nov. 22.

The Boston is manned by a crew of 350 men, all told, including officers, seamans, apprentices and marines. All communications with the ship are cut off. No one is allowed to visit her, except the health officer and his assistants.

The health authorities declare that they have not yet been able to officially declare that the disease is yellow fever, and that when a full and exhaustive diagnosis made a statement will be issued.

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SALES BY THE SHERIFF.

Properties in City and County Disposed of by Sheriff Burkholder.

Sheriff Burkholder sold the following properties at the court house this afternoon:

A lot of ground fronting 21 feet 6 inches on Novin street, and extending in depth 125 feet, owned by a Lewis D. Groves, brick house, known as No. 134, at the property of Alice Weeber, to John Kleib, for \$1,075.

The following properties of Isaac K. Kaufman: No. 1, two acres and eight perches of land in Manor township, on which is situated a one and a half story dwelling house.

No. 2, a lot of ground in the same township, containing 123 perches, to Samuel Keiser, for \$600.

The following properties of J. K. Smaling: No. 1, the dwelling house and lot of ground, No. 128 South Princes street, having a frontage of 20 feet and a depth of 155 feet, to Elizabeth Smaling for \$10, subject to a mortgage of \$500.

No. 2, a dwelling house, No. 124 South Princes street, adjoining the above, to same purchaser for \$210.

A lot of ground fronting on private alley between Grand and Chestnut, Pine and Nevins streets, on which is erected a two-story brick house, as the property of Elizabeth Miller and John Miller, to Wm. Z. Stoner, for \$700.

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Various small notices and advertisements, including mentions of deaths, marriages, and local events.