DRY GOODS.

GROOMAINA

BOOTS AND SHORS.

Dally Intelligencer. LANGASTER, NOVEMBER 15, 1888,

Mr. Turner and Mrs. Barry. to last general assembly of the to the life of the order appeared from the selfish ambition of wouldrs. The present session is more orly and peaceful for reasons graphipresented by Mr. Turner, the treas-t, who roughly stated the loss of mem-Thip during the past year at 300,000. ing to Turner, this loss is to be t by retrenchment and reform in the segement, but many will wonder why teaching of adversity was required to ting this to pass. The order, reduced numbers, ought to be managed at less ast, but the suggestion that greater conwould be inspired by the publicaon of the receipts and expenses has often a made and should have been met long

The address of Mrs. Barry would be of tal interest to Pennsylvanians if she and seen fit to support all assertions by Loncaster children are employed in facories who should, for the good of the community, be in the schools or homes, but this is tsually the result of the desate necessities of the parents who and not without this little help make any headway in supporting large families. The proper way to check this evil would not seem to be by the enforcement of inflexible rules, but by the encouragement of industry, so that the father of the mily and the well grown children may always have enough to do and enough to spare to keep their little people in their homes and schools. High tariff has failed iserably to accomplish this, and it-is time that all intelligent men gave calm unprejudiced thought to the suggestion that the raw materials of labor be made free and the foreign markets opened to our manufacturers, so that Americans can win a place in the commerce of the world. Until our industries find this relief and outlet, legislation of the kind ferred to will only aggravate the misery is seeks to relieve.

A Prohibition Chance.

The Prohibitionists will soon have a chance to test the sincerity of the Republican promises in this state, for the Legislature, when it meets in January, will have reonsider whether it will agree to the ndment to the constitution proposed by the general Assembly of 1887. It must so agree if the prohibition question is to be put to popular vote ; and the Reputlican party is firmly pledged to a submission of the question to a vote of the

People. There is a very faint possibility that prohibition will be established by a vote of the people, in fact the only chance for it at all seems to be in a possibility that if a special election were held a great number of voters would not trouble to go to the polls. A majority of the votes cast would be enough to establish prohibition and a cold rainy election day might settle the business in favor of the enthusiastic cold water men. It is highly probable that mere drop in the bucket at Washington the legislature will carefully avoid this faint chance by allowing the matter to be settled at the November election on the plea of economy. Otherwise the nation may be treated to a strange touching. The addition to our debt would spectacle; the Republicans in Congress aning free whisky and the Republicans of the Pennsylvania Legislature arranging to give prohibition a chance.

show that it symbolized the end of all HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA. fear that Democracy is at enmity with industrial development. College boys affect a levity in considering

the terrible solemnity of death and he

college customs of this kind within the

Jonah to escape suspicion. This is the

sighth fire of buildings that he has been

employed in. It he is found guilliess it

might pay the insurance companies to pen'

sion him to reside in a stone light house far

from the land.

death and funerals that is in very bad In the cars, sometimes a reating, buzzing sound, or snapping like the report of a pisto', are caused by catarch, that exceedingly dis-greeable and very common disease. Loss of smell or bearing also results from catarch, Hood's Sarseparilia, the great blood purifier, taste beyond the college campus. Cremation ceremonies as practiced at most of our colleges would be discountenanced as sacreligious, if they were not regarded as trifling frolics of the students among a peculiarly successful remody for calar, which it cures by eradicating from the blo catarrh themselves, and having no bearing or influence upon other people. The average " For 25 years I have been troubled with cacollege student fails utterly to appreciate

tarth in the head, indigestion, and general de-bility. I concluded to try a botule of Hood's Saysaparilla

revels in gruesome symbols, the skull and cross-bones and the funeral pyre. He is and it did we so much gord that I continued its use till I have taken five bottles. My health has greatly improved, and I feel like a differ-ent woman." Mus. J. B. ADAWS, 8 Michmond so full of life and spirit that his feelings are not hurt by a mock funeral procesent woman." Mss. J. B. ADAMS, 6 Richmond sirect, Newark, R. J. "Iam happy to say that my wife was cured of a very bad cough and what was called 'quick consumption,' by Hood's Saraaparilia, the was restored to perfect health, which she has enjoyed ever since. Our little girl was poor and puny; Hood's Farsaparilla seemed to be just the thing she needed, as she hus been well and hearty since taking it." FRASE OTE, Herwick, Me. sion, and no thought of a lost friend or relative is aroused by the coffin. the students were offered a frozen corpse as a pleasant addition to their; mock horrors they would probably recoil from the fearful suggertion, yet they should realize that to

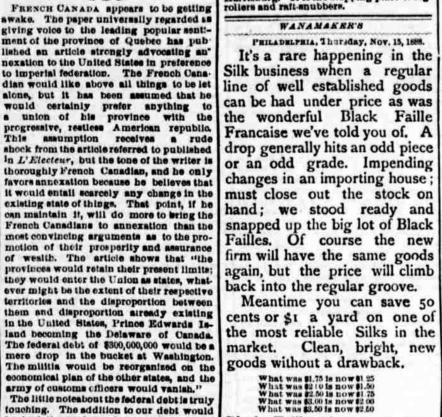
Herwick, Me. many onlookers their masquerade suggests N. B.-Be sure to get such things. They should at least have the decency in future to keep their

limits of their campus. With this exception the Republican display was a thing of beauty, in a small way, though 100 Doses One Dollar.

not a joy to the Democratic spectators. Western railroads, died on Wednesday in Norwich, Connecticut, aged 69 years. He had been mayor of Norwich and a member of the state legislature, and was at Forty-two bodies have been taken from the ruins of the Rochester guage and ian-tern works, and the details of the disaster one time a Republican candidate for governor of the state. are horrible in the extreme. In spite of all

talk about fire escapes, fire proof buildings, paid and perfected fire departments, Hayes trucks, chemical extinguishers and electric siarms, in spite of all that great cities and governor of the state. HOBERT HOWAED, of Fail River, the leader of the cotion mill operatives in their many strikes, who has been elected state senstor in Massachusetts, is a thick-set, hard-headed, dark-bearded, horny-handed Englishman of fity. He had been president of the Spinners' Union of Fall River, and is very popular with the oper-stives. He was elected to the state Sanate as a Democrat. cautious citizans can do, these terribie losses of life and property by fire recur at the opening of every winter. In connection with this Rochester fire the ilspatches note that Engineer Van Korff, as a Democrat. who has been arrested on suspicion of in-BELVA LOCKWOOD lectured before cendiarism, has been quite too much of a

Dauphin county teschers' institute on Wed-needay evening. Her subject was "Life in Washington." Prior to the 6th of last November, Beiva probably thought she would be installed as chief executive of the nation. On Wednesday night she was as close to the White House as she will likely get. White House is * x m tes east of Harrisburg. It is the stopping place of log-rollers and raft-snubbers.



Ringing Noises



Prosperous Trusts.

A very short time ago Wall street was petting two to one on the election of President Cleveland and the stocks of trust enterprises were far below what they are to-day. Now the stock market is dull, very dull, and even the highly protected industries are languishing in spite of the triumph of high taxes, but trusts are on the jump. The certificates of the Cottonmeed Oil trust have greatly increased in value.

The New York Times says that a member of the Standard Oil trust, is credited with this recent saying : " We are a hundred per cent. better off than we were under the uncertainties which have been prevailing." Clearly there is no uncertainty now as to the treatment of trusts and other private affairs by the coming administration. A year ago the certificates of the Whisky trust sold at about 70, though there \$30,000,000 of them issued against 'property valued at about \$10,000,000. Their value fell to 30 when President Cleveland commented on the dangers or trusts and monopolies, and rose to 35 when they were encouraged by Mr. Blaine's remarks. Now they are selling at 42. Brokers openly claim that trust stock is worth more than it was a week ago. The Times says it has the best authority for the following statement : "A short time before the election President Joseph B. Greenhut, of the Distillers' trust, and others interested largely in it. held a conference in Wall street at which it was determined to start a bull movement in the Whisky trust certificates if the Republicans carried the election, every man present at the conference agreeing that then there was small ger of any troubles overtaking trusts." by our pesceful, orderly and prosperous republic of the destruction of the Bastile. Mr. P. F. Keary, a wholesale liquor dealer, frankly avowed that he considered the great feeling of buoyancy in all trust stocks attributable to the result of the ection and the remark of Mr. Blaine that trusts are largely private affairs. "There is no further fear among the trust companies of adverse legislation by either state or nation, and we are correspondingly confident and happy." What easant reading all this will make for the people who voted in a manner so delightful to the trusts !

The Republican Parade.

Our Republican fellow-citizens have and their little jollification over the election, and considering all the circumtances, it must be admitted that they did pretty well. The stimulus to joy was not very great in spite of the victory on account of the irrepressible consciousness that their campaign was barely sucful upon a faise cry of free trade. Within four years that free trade scare will be buried out of sight, and the unfortunate choice by the college toys Halts report that the mysterious white pashs in the Babrel-Gazel district has a symbol of that burial was ot at all cheering to the more lought a great battle and killed many dervishes. The Baltimore Sun has an idea sture minds of the party. They would prefer if possible to keep that as scare alive for use in 1892, but social carried in the parade only socied to have noted upon it the Demomatic gaint in manufacturing centres to

longress as a fine offset to that bothers surplus. They would only wish that it night be many times larger so as to defer the day of lower taxes. THE boundary between the United States

Mexicans seem disposed to try the plan.

If both parties will only wait until Mr. Blains becomes secretary of state they will

probably find that river twisting away up

into Texas in a manner disastrous to Damo

THE proposed world's exposition of the

three Americas is beginning to attract

general attention, while very little is heard

outside of France of the great cantennial of

the French republic to be celebrated next

year in Paris, commemorating the great-

est and most terrible event in modern

history. France will be left alone by

governments regard the revolution as an

unalloyed calamity. The reforms and not

celebrated by France, and America should heartily join in the jubilees to counteract as

As long as the memory of Lafayette and

Franklin lives in the two republics there

need be no fear that either will succumb

to the anarchy of a reign of terror, and that

danger is greatest to-day in the most abso-lute monarchy of all, the Russian empire.

the Bell monopoly as he would have felt over freeing them from the high tariff.

MESSENGERS who have arrived at Wady

that the mysterious white ruler in Henry

PERS UNAL.

M. Stanley, the explorer.

stration comes into power.

cratic insjorities.

heap is fast melting away. The and Mexico has not that stability that is match isn't likely soon to be usually expected of boundary lines, and the recent complaints of artificial changing of had again. the course of the Rio Grande do not raise a West Transept. new question but sgitate a very old one. The treaty of 1884 forbids the construction \$3 or \$4 will get a liberal Dress Pattern of some of the of works on either bank that may interfere with navigation or change the course of the handsomest plain and plainish river, so that the questions at issue are iargely those of facts, as to whether or not goods of the season. You can the operations on either side have or will pick blindfold from about three actually result in interference with navigahundred styles and colorings of tion or erosion of the banks. The Mexican half-a-dollar a yard stuff and and Texan authorities have been exchanging complaints against one another for some draw a prize every time. two years past. Mexico growled first about Many of these stuffs were 60 the operations of a land improvement com-pany which promised if unchecked to place Paso del Norte on the American side of the

and 65 cents only a little time back. Some were a good deal river. It looked as though the Americans were in for taking a Mexican town by in. more. ducing the boundary line to meander Here's a Serge. We never around it. Now the complaint is that the

heard of it at retail for less than 75 cents. It's generally been \$1. Plump 50 inches wide, in a handsome line of colors, and a right royal stuff.

At 50 cents it's a wonder. Another 50 cent Serge is extra heavy, springy, hard, 52 inches wide, and in 8 shades. Half dollars are just as big wherever you stop at two long

Europe in her celebration of it because royal counters. Here are two kinds at random : the crimes of the great revolution are to be All-wool stripes and plaids in several styles; good, reliable far as possible the chilling refusal of the stuffs. 50 cents.

aristocratic and regal governments of the All-wool mottled stripes, un-Old World. They seek to fix upon all republicanism the stigms of the crimes of obtrusive, but full of wearthe French revolution, and no better reply worth. 50 cents. could be given than the hearty celebration

And the weight of any of these goods doesn't come from the dirt and grease in the wool. Pure fibre, honestly put together, and perfectly dyed. iontheast of centre.

There's no pretense about THERE is an absurd rumor affoat to the the Oxidized Jewelry. Stands stleo: that Lord Sackville's friends are on its own merits. Sleeve Butmoving for his reappointment as minister to this country when the Harrison admintons, Collar Buttons, Chains, and a hundred shapes where

the pretty and useful go hand in hand. You buy it for what JUDGE THURMAN is much pleased at the decision of the supreme court in the telephone case and thinks litigation can be soon it seems and wear it because it's terminated if pushed as zalously by the neat and the fashion. For neoming cilicials as it has been by his colloagues and himself for Mr. Cleveland's very, very little. administration, and that when tried on its Rhinestones with a touch of merits the government will surely win it on the ground that Beil's two patents were the diamond's blaze. For next procured by fraud. If the old judge can to nothing. witness this triumph he will doubtless feel quite as happy over freeing the people from

Southeast of centre We know of no softer, Charles cheerier, steadier oil light than from a Rochester Lamp. Scores of handsome shapes-metal and decorated porcelain. Complete,

\$3.25 to \$47. Hollings Founts for standards or brackets, \$2.50 to \$13. LORENEO BLACKSTONE, a well-known we have come by a lot so that cotton manufacturer and director in various the prices signify but little if