The Lancaster Intelligencer.

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DIED OF BLOOD POISONING.

HARRY M. STEHMAN, A YOUNG MAN OF SLACKWATER, DIES SUDDENLY.

He Uses a Pin to Prick Open a Pimple on a Finger—The Hand and Arm Become Swollen and Physicians Fail to Relieve Him. A Farmer and Prominent Democrat.

Henry M. Stehman, only son of Tobias Stehman, died on Sunday at one o'clock from blood poisoning at his home in Conestoga township, near Slackwater, aged 33 years.

Some weeks ago he noticed a pimple on one of the fingers of his left hand, and seemed concerned when it did not pass away.

On Wednesday last, at Bishop Herr's funeral, he pricked the pimple with a pin. At once the member became swollen to a great size, and Mr. Stehman was unable to drive home without assistance. Blood poisoning set in, he became unconscious toward the close and finally died, as above stated.

He was married to a daughter of C. B. Herr, and leaves a widow and two children.

Mr. Stehman was a young man of unusual promise. He was the owner of several fine farms, and by his earnest and intelligent efforts had made them models of agricultural beauty. He was a leader among the younger progressive element of Lancaster county farmers, and he promised to be one of the farmer kings of the future. He was an omnivorous reader and his selections showed him to be a thoughtful man who wished to keep abreast of the world's best ideas. He was an ardent Democrat, who could give reasons for the faith that was in him. Deceased was the member of the Democratic county committee from Conestoga township, and was the president of the Democratic club made up of voters of Conestoga and adjoining townships. In his Republican district he earnestly fought the Democratic battles ever in the van, urging forward the timid, furnishing logic to the doubtful. In his family relations he was a tender and affectionate husband and father, and a good citizen is lost to the county in his demise.

BASE BALL NEWS.

The Mountville Club Defeats Rohrerstown With a Columbia Battery.

The Rohrerstown and Mountville clubs played a game of ball at Rohrerstown on Saturday afternoon. Mountville had the Columbia Y. M. C. A. battery, Hollinger and Wolf, and Rohrerstown had Steele, the first baseman of the Ivory, in the box. Hollinger pitched a good game and was supported well. He struck out fourteen men. Steele led the battery for Rohrerstown, with three singles and a double. He struck out seventeen men, but his support was miserable. Score by innings follows:

Rohrerstown	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	—5
Mountville	2	5	2	1	2	0	2	0	x	—14

The Active Reserve club, of this city, desire to challenge the Keystone club for a game for any amount of money that the latter may name.

The League games of Saturday were: At Pittsburg, first game: Pittsburg 7, Detroit 3; second game, Detroit 8, Pittsburg 2; at Indianapolis: Indianapolis 8, Chicago 5; at Boston: New York 5, Boston 2; at Philadelphia, (twelve innings): Philadelphia 2, Washington 0.

The Association games of Saturday resulted like this: At Baltimore: Louisville 9, Baltimore 3; at Brooklyn, (ten innings to darkness): Cincinnati 2, Brooklyn 2; at Cleveland: Cleveland 16, Kansas City 2; at Philadelphia, (ten innings): St. Louis 3, Athletics 2.

Von Der Ahe on Saturday purchased the release of Chamberlain, the star pitcher of the Louisville club, for $5,000.

Barnie says they were in hard luck this year, but will do better next. This is Barnie's old promise which he never fulfils, and is a chestnut.

The Indianapolis club seems to be too much for Chicago.

Thompson, Hanlon, Richardson and Rowe are still off the Detroits, and they form a strong quartette.

The Baltimore people are after Mike Kilroy, brother of Matthew, the pitcher, of that team. Mike signed a contract with Allentown early in the year, and the management say he will not go to Baltimore if they can prevent it.

The Brooklyn club had only one hit off Elmer Smith, on Saturday, yet they tied the score with Cincinnati.

The Association championship games of Sunday were: At Brooklyn: Brooklyn 5, Cincinnati 4; at Cleveland: Cleveland 11, Louisville 4.

The Athletic and St. Louis played an exhibition game, which did not count for the championship, at Gloucester yesterday. The former won by 10 to 3.

The Coroner's Verdict.

The coroner's jury in the case of Frederick Zenker, the old man who was cut to pieces by the cars at Paradise Junction on Saturday, met in the afternoon and heard the evidence of the men who had charge of the train. The verdict rendered was one of accidental death and the railroad company was exonerated from all blame. The body of the dead man was taken to the almshouse on Saturday evening and was kept there until to-day, when it was interred.

Before the Mayor.

Sanders Shaub was standing in front of Gruel's store on Saturday night and refused to move on when ordered to do so by Officer Weaver. He said he would go when he was ready, but he went to the station house before he was ready. This morning the mayor discharged him with a reprimand.

John Bruno, arrested on Saturday night by Officer Sheriz for insulting ladies on East Vine street, was sent to jail for ten days.

One drunk and a lodger were discharged.

Went Home.

Mr. Joseph Nolen, age 46 years, of Windsor, York county, Pa., who was confined in Dr. J. W. Kinard's private hospital for some days on account of an operation the doctor performed to straighten his eyes by cutting the muscles, left for home this morning. The doctor was assisted by his medical student, C. J. Shulmyer. Thus an ugly deformity of nearly a lifetime was successfully removed.

Excursion to Reading.

To-day the Reading railroad sold excursion tickets to Reading where a large German celebration is being held. Forty-one persons went over on the regular train this morning. They will return by a special at 10 o'clock this evening.

Made an Assignment.

Christian H. Mellinger, of Upper Leacock township, made an assignment of his property for the benefit of creditors, on Saturday, to John G. Bear, of the same township.

Execution was issued to day, after the assignment, by the Northern National bank against Mellinger for $790.

Went to Oregon.

Frank Burrowes, a well known civil engineer of this city, left to-day for Portland, Oregon, where he has accepted a position on government work.

Broke His Collar-Bone.

H. R. Fahnestock, of No. 239 East King street, is in hard luck. Having recovered from a six weeks illness, he yesterday slipped while bathing and broke his collar-bone.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The Harrisburg *Telegraph*, a Republican organ, states in Thursday's issue that George Dyer, sr., of Carlisle, had withdrawn from the Democratic party because he could not swallow the free trade bill. Mr. Dyer said on Saturday that this was not true, and that he had held no conversation with anybody at any time to whom he expressed any such intentions. He will vote for Cleveland.

The colored voters of Carlisle, who have organized an independent club, have indorsed the following ticket: Congress, B. F. Seitz, Republican; legislature, Jesse P. Zeigler, Democrat, and Charles Barnes, Republican; sheriff, D. W. Totten, Democrat; jury commissioner, David Keiser, Republican; coroner, James A. Green, Democrat; director of the poor, James A. Coyle, Democrat.

Congressman Timothy J. Campbell, having visited New York, talked enthusiastically to a Washington reporter about Cleveland's prospects. "The president's message," exclaimed Mr. Campbell, "has settled everything. If there was any doubt before it is all dispelled now."

"My personal experience has taught me," says Congressman Smith, Labor representative from Milwaukee, "that cheap raw material never reduced wages in a manufactory, but, on the contrary, has a tendency to raise them."

John B. Thayer, a prominent Republican in Montgomery county, made a speech at Villanova on Saturday in favor Mr. Cleveland's re-election. Tariff reform won him over.

Among the recent converts in Orange, N. J., to the cause of Cleveland and Thurman and tariff reform is Charles F. Werner, a prominent business man and one of the leading German Republicans in that city.

The Republican primary in Chester county was held Saturday. The returns show that Smedley Darlington carried the district, as against Captain Cornwall. Senator Harlan will be renominated. In the assembly contest John W. Hickman, of the Southern, W. W. McConnell, of the Western, and L. H. Evans of the Northern district, will be renominated. In the Eastern district, in which there will be a contest, D. Smith Talbot, who was Congressman Darlington's chief lieutenant two years ago, will in all probability be nominated.

"Of all the humbugs by which men are attempted to be deceived," says Judge Thurman, "the humbug of the laboring man being benefited by a protective tariff is the greatest."

The Bavarian Aid society closed its national convention in Louisville, Ky., on Saturday. John A. Banninger, a leading member said: "I will tell you a rather strange circumstance, and one to which in my mind great significance attaches. All of the delegates are representative Germans, and they came from almost every state in the East and Northwest. There is not a single one of them here who is not a Democrat and who does not intend voting for Cleveland and Thurman. This is somewhat remarkable from the fact that the order has not the slightest connection with anything political, and the delegates were selected because of their prominence and fitness to do the work. A number of those to whom I have talked on the subject state that heretofore they have voted the Republican ticket, but that this year they can neither swallow the platform nor the candidate." Julius Korn, of Chicago, ex-president of the order; Max Friersbend, also an ex-president, and President C. Koster were standing by and agreed to the statement.

Mr. S. A. Emanuel, a prominent lawyer of New York, and prominent Republican, has come out for Cleveland. "My views on the tariff question," said Mr. Emanuel, "happen to exactly coincide with the policy laid down in the Democratic platform, and I despise the attitude assumed by the Republican party in this campaign. I cannot understand how, with any degree of principle, they can now decry the effort leading to a reduction in the tariff, when they themselves advocated the same principle some years ago, and did so on the advice of their Republican president."

Samuel Cochran, of Dawson, Pa., writes: "I hereby pronounce the statement in the Pittsburg *Gazette* as false in every particular—a lie out of the whole cloth. I am for Cleveland, Thurman and tariff reform, as embraced in the Mills bill, and think the Republican party are hard pushed for floppers when they publish such lies."

Thomas A. J. Clemons, the editor of the Washington *National Echo*, one of the leading colored journalists and orators in the country, predicts that one-third of the colored voters in the country will vote for Cleveland and Thurman.

Washington in Lancaster.

EDITORS OF INTELLIGENCER: In several recent issues of your paper appeared articles on "Lancaster's Ancient Inns," and in one of them mention is made of Washington having stopped at the "Grape." It has been traditionally stated that Washington paid a visit to Lancaster, but all of our county histories are silent on the subject, and none mention the fact or the time of his visit. The date of his visit here has been sought for by those of an antiquarian turn of mind, but none could give the exact time. Having had occasion recently to look over some of the bound files of old newspapers owned yourselves, I came across the following item, which fixes the date, and for the benefit of historians and others I send it to you for publication:

From Lancaster Journal of Friday, September 25th, 1776.

"Lancaster, September 23d; the president of the United States arrived here on Tuesday afternoon last, and on Wednesday morning at 6 o'clock proceeded on his way to Mount Vernon."

The above item proves that Washington visited here on September 23. As to his having stopped at the "Grape," the item does not state where he stopped, but tradition has it that he stopped at the old "Indian Queen," on East King street, and some insist that he stopped at the "Bear," also on East King. Lafayette stopped at the "Grape," however, as mentioned in the county histories. S. M. S.

Eusebius Hershey in Town.

Eusebius Hershey, the poet and evangelist, came to town on Saturday and at once posted bills of his own manufacture at different places on the streets announcing that he would hold a service at the monument in Centre Square on Sunday evening. Sunday afternoon Mr. Hershey visited the county prison and spoke at the service which was disturbed by "Reddy" Jacobs, who became very much excited during service and yelled at the top of his voice. In the evening Mr. Hershey appeared in the Square and for a time preached and sang on the north side of the monument. He had quite a large audience.

A New Clothing Firm.

A new firm has been formed in this city to carry on the tailoring and clothing business, and they will start in business shortly in the store, on West King street, now occupied by John Falck. The firm consists of James S. Nolan and Richard McGrann, of East Orange street. Mr. Nolan has for the past eight years been cutter for Al Rosenstein, and his reputation is second to none as a workman. Mr. McGrann is well known to nearly everybody in this city. Both are popular young men, and they have the best wishes of a large circle of friends for their success.

Returned to This City.

Harry Lichty, formerly of this city, but for a few years past with Buck & Co. in Shamokin, Pa., has returned to Lancaster, and reentered the hardware establishment of Steinman & Co. as salesman.

Paid the Costs.

Michael Heintzen, who raised a row at Charles Vogt's saloon on Saturday, because he was refused beer, was heard by Alderman Halbach this morning and discharged upon payment of costs.

Malicious Mischief.

Half a dozen boys living in the southern section of the city have been prosecuted before Alderman Halbach for maliciously breaking window glass of Calder's dye house.

FOUND IN THE CANAL.

THE BODY OF A YOUNG WOMAN DISCOVERED AT HIGHSPIRE.

She is Not Identified, But There is Belief That the Remains are Those of Miss Maggie Rice, of Landisburg, Perry County Who Disappeared Recently.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 3.—At Highspire this morning the dead body of a young woman was found floating in the canal.

The coroner will hold an inquest.

He says the woman's age is about 23 years.

She has black hair and eyes, of fair complexion and wore a dark brown dress, neatly made.

Miss Maggie Rice, of Landisburg, Perry county, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. T. W. Gray, of 5th and Muench street, this city, has been missing since Saturday.

It is believed that the drowned woman is Miss Rice, as the description tallies with the dead body.

THE SIGHTS OF EUROPE.

Mr. S. M. Myers Admires the Works of Art. The Public Roads Good.

A reporter of the INTELLIGENCER to-day met Mr. Samuel M. Myers, who returned from Europe last week, and he briefly told of the places he visited. Mr. Myers says he had a most delightful time and returns in improved health, and has gained eight pounds in weight. He landed at Glasgow, Scotland, and after taking in that famous city passed through the Trossachs, and thence through the central part of Scotland to Liverpool, and thence to London, where he joined Cook's tourists. They steamed across the North Sea to Rotterdam, and through Holland, Belgium, Germany, Switzerland and France, taking in all the principal cities and visiting many old castles and famous cathedrals. Mr. Myers was especially struck with the wondrous works of art in Paris, the architectural grandeur of Versailles, and the immense cathedrals everywhere. Everything appears to have been built for the future and to have lasted for generations and will last for ages to come. Even the public roads, some of which are cut on mountain sides, are as level as a floor, with scarcely a loose pebble on the surface.

On leaving Paris Mr. Myers went back to London, and in passing from London to Liverpool stopped at Stratford-upon-Avon, to do honor to the great Shakespeare.

Mr. Myers left Liverpool in the steamship City of Rome, of the Anchor Line, on the 22d inst., and steamed to Queenstown where a great many passengers were taken aboard—the list including passengers and crew numbering 1,500. For the first three days out they encountered very stormy weather, after which fair weather prevailed, except one very foggy day off New Foundland banks. The steamer arrived at New York, Friday morning at 7 a. m., and Mr. Myers started at once for home, arriving at home at 5:30 p. m.

THEY WERE DUTCH "INDIANS."

A Rival of Buffalo Bill Secures His Scalpers at Adamstown.

A gentleman who has been making a business trip through the northern part of the county relates a funny incident. One day a long-haired man with a broad brimmed hat, who called himself Wild Bill, Wild Mike, Hair Lifting Charlie or something of the kind, came to the hotel where our informant was stopping. He said that he was giving entertainments of the Buffalo Bill kind, and wished to get one up at the hotel. The landlord engaged him and agreed to pay him a certain sum. The show was given the following Saturday evening, and drew a tremendous crowd. It was a great sell, and the principal act was the attempted robbery of the United States mail. The scout rode past the hotel at a furious rate while the Indians fired at him from hiding places along the highway. After the excitement the Indians went for supper. The weather was warm and as they sat at the table they began to perspire very freely. It was noticed that when they wiped their brows paint came from the skin. In a short time there was enough paint around the room to touch up the front of a house. The table cloth and plates had it on, the bread was painted and it even covered the chairs. In fact it seemed to be everywhere. Some of the white folks began to doubt that the red skins were real and they became satisfied when they heard them conversing with each other in pure Pennsylvania Dutch. It was then learned that the Indians had been hired at Adamstown and painted at a carriage factory. The hotel keeper and scout were both happy, however, as they did well whether they had real Indians or not.

The Work Nearly Completed.

E. F. Landis on Saturday made connection of the stand pipe with the new water main. There yet remain a few sections of pipe to be laid between the new water works and the new main; this work will be done to-morrow and water will be run through the main. The west reservoir, which was cleaned out by Contractor Stauffer, is again filled with water.

Gone to Salt Lake City.

Harry Dorsh and mother left Lancaster this afternoon at 2 o'clock for Salt Lake City, Utah territory, via the Chicago & Northwestern railway. A brother of Mr. Dorsh has been living in Salt Lake City for some weeks past, and Harry and his mother go to meet him. It is the intention of the brothers to go into business there.

Important.

Thursday is the last day to register voters. Examine the assessor's book, which is at the regular polling place, and, if your name does not appear, the assessor will record it, if his attention is drawn to the omission. Every citizen should vote and every citizen should without delay ascertain whether he is qualified.

Funeral of Mrs. Sarah Gross.

The funeral of Mrs. Sarah Gross took place from her residence at Ephrata on Sunday morning and was very largely attended. Services were held at the Union chapel, Ephrata, and the grave in the Steinmetz cemetery, by Rev. D. C. Tobias.

The Millersville School Opening.

The Millersville car line was very busy to-day and many extra cars were being run. The cause of this is that this is the opening day of the winter term of the Normal school at that place. Many students returned to-day and a large number of Lancaster people went out.

Child's Express Wagon Stolen.

A boy's express wagon, belonging to Chas. H. Amer, was stolen from in front of the Northern market on Saturday. It was left on the outside of the market house while Mrs. Amer was inside. The wagon has on it the name of the owner.

Frost in Michigan.

WHITEHALL, Mich., Sept. 3.—A severe frost Saturday night injured corn badly. Buckwheat is entirely ruined.

FOR TARIFF REFORM.

Over Eight Thousand Voters Attend a Democratic Meeting in Philadelphia.

A rousing Democratic meeting was held in the northern part of Philadelphia on Saturday night, between eight and ten thousand people being present. Speeches were made by Wm. M. Singerly, Congressman C. R. Breckenridge and others, and the following resolutions were read and adopted:

WHEREAS, Our present tariff system has demonstrated to the entire satisfaction of all honest non-partisan employers and workingmen its total inability to give equal protection to capital and labor, but instead fosters trusts and monopolies, and degrades labor; and whereas, the Democratic party, through its representatives in Washington, has adopted a measure for our relief, and presented it to the United States Senate for consideration, thus proving its desire to revise the tariff upon a purely business basis, by giving us free raw materials for the stimulation of our stagnated industries, and cheaper clothing and necessaries for the masses, without interfering with the welfare of any one, except a few men and boys engaged in wool growing in a small section of the country; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the united, non-partisan working men of this great manufacturing district, in mass meeting assembled, hereby demand of the Republican Senate the passage of this bill, which is in conformity with the Republican tariff commission's report in 1883 and their platform in 1884, and provides better and more equal protection to capital and labor than either of them if adopted; and we also desire to publicly commend President Cleveland for the heroic stand which he has taken upon both the great questions of the day, especially commending him for his fisheries message to both Houses of Congress, and we unite with him in his demand for the necessary powers to enable him to enforce the rights of our fishermen at all hazards, a privilege which he will not fail to use in that earnest, honest and heroic manner which has characterized his every act since he assumed the role of public office.

Congressman Breckenridge examined the charge that the Mills bill imperils the wages of labor, and, taking several of the leading industries of the city, showed that the rate of protection still left upon its products should be ample for the assurance of labor's safety. In the chemical industry the percentage of wages is ten per cent. and the tariff left upon its products is 22 per cent. In foundries and machine shops 32 per cent is the rate of wages, and 45 per cent. will be the tariff rate. In the iron and steel industry, (steel rails and pig iron) labor gets 18 per cent. and the protection left is 43 per cent.

In the woolen textile industry the wage-rate in 1886 was 17 per cent. of the product. In order to take care of that 17 per cent. the bill provides for 40 per cent. The wolen manufacturers declared in convention in 1886 that all that they needed was 25 per cent. In the 10 years from 1875 to 1885 the production of wool in the South was nearly double in the aggregate, while in the same period the production of wool in New England, Pennsylvania and New Jersey decreased 10 per cent."

Mr. Cassidy called attention to the fact that in 1873, "when Grant was president, when Sherman was chairman of the finance committee of the Senate, and Dawes chairman of the ways and means committee of the House, they introduced and had passed a bill reforming the tariff. It was not British gold or free trade then. When Mr. Arthur was president, he and his secretary of the treasury took the same ground and appealed to Congress to have this done, and it would have been done had not Arthur been cheated in the appointment of a commission."

The speakers were liberally applauded.

COMMON PLEAS COURT.

Only Nine Cases Remain on the List for Trial This Week.

The second week of the August common pleas court was opened at 10 o'clock this morning, with Judge Patterson presiding in the upper court room. Of the 30 cases on the list 18 were continued and 3 settled, leaving but 9 cases for trial and of these a few more will be continued, making the list a short one.

There were no cases ready for trial this morning and the jurors were excused until 2:30 o'clock.

An issue was granted to determine the ownership of goods levied upon by the sheriff as the property of Harry W. Brubaker, in which J. M. Kelper was made plaintiff and Jacob F. Sheaffer defendant.

A similar issue was granted as to the goods of John Bracht, in which Martha Bracht was named as plaintiff, and George Ruhl defendant.

Among the cases on this week's trial list is that of the city vs. William Westman. The city taxed Westman, who lives in Manheim township, for his vehicles used in hauling stone through the city. He refused to pay, the city brought suit and obtained judgment and Westman appealed. His counsel raise the question of the constitutionality of the ordinance and a case stated has been agreed upon to be argued at the September term, beginning on the 17th inst.

Some weeks ago the directors of the poor proceeded against William Garrecht, for failure to maintain his wife. He is resident of California, but has property here. The court to-day made an order directing Garrecht's trustee to pay $50 per month for the maintenance of his wife until the matter is finally disposed of by the court.

Another Club Organized.

LEAMAN PLACE, Sept. 3.—On Saturday evening the Democrats of Paradise township met at the hotel of G. N. Worst, and organized a Cleveland and Thurman Tariff Reform club. Isaiah McKillips, an old time Democrat, a former resident of Lancaster, was elected president. Elias Miller was elected vice-president, James H. Gill secretary and D. E. Rice treasurer, after which the books were opened and the roll signed by fifty members, headed by Mahlon H. Mercer, who has been a voter for fifty-seven years, and never voted any but the Democratic ticket. The Democracy here are more enthusiastic this year than usual.

The Paradise cornet band was present and furnished some very fine music.

After the necessary business had been transacted the club adjourned to meet at Schmidt's hotel Saturday evening.

A Neighbor's Fight.

Henry Brubaker and John Hageigans live next door to each other on North Prince street. On Saturday Hageigans desired to carry some ashes from his yard. To empty them he was compelled to pass through Brubaker's yard. Brubaker shut and locked the gate and Hageigans broke it open. The result was a fight in which Brubaker was done up, but there were no law-suits.

Sale of Unclaimed Goods.

This morning there was a sale of unclaimed goods at the Pennsylvania railroad freight station. Among the articles disposed of by Auctioneer Gundaker, were a lot of sash, phosphate, tin ware, machinery, steel bar, boxed tobacco, &c. Much of the goods has been at the station for a year or more, and no one has called for them.

A Cow's Death From an Accident.

When the big blast was made at Engles, quarries at Graeff's Landing, on Friday, one of the stones, which was thrown across the creek, struck a cow owned by Aaron Keesey. The animal was so badly injured that it died on Saturday evening.

To Meet Wednesday Evening.

The Tariff Reform club of this city will hold a mass meeting at Rothweiler's hall Wednesday evening next at 8 p. m. The meeting will be addressed by W. U. Hensel John E. Malone and John A. Coyle, esqs.

BANK OFFICIALS DISAPPEAR.

JOHN SCHAEFFER, OF KANSAS, CHARGED WITH ISSUING FALSE PAPERS.

The Bank Closed and His Property Seized by the Sheriff—The Absconder a Native of Middletown, Dauphin County, Pa.—A Chicago Banker Leaves Many Victims.

AGENDA, Kan., Sept. 3.—John Schaeffer, president of the Jewell County bank, is missing and the bank has been closed by the sheriff and all his property attached. It is charged that he uttered a large amount of forged paper. He left Jewell county ten days ago to go to New York, but his family profess ignorance of his whereabouts.

Mr. Schaeffer is a native of Pennsylvania. He was born in Middletown, and is aged about 40 years. Before he located in Kansas twelve years ago, he was a member of the bridge building firm of Coffrode, Saylor and Schaeffer, whose works were at Pottsville, Pa. His father, who was a druggist, justice of the peace and prominent citizen of Middletown, settled in Jewell county about six years ago.

FLIGHT OF A TRUSTED BANKER

With $100,000 Belonging to Friends Who Had Known Him From Babyhood.

Rosedale, a suburb of Chicago, discovered Saturday morning that one of its foremost residents was a swindler and defaulter. His name is W. A. Swart, and for several years he has been the only banker in the place. He has had the fullest confidence of the people and about $100,000 of their money was deposited in his vaults. Mr. Swart was last seen at 4 a. m. Saturday, wearing his winter overcoat and carrying a grip-sack in his hand. A few hours later W. G. Johnson, his confidential office man, had disappeared. Then it was discovered that Elijah Becker, another office man, was missing. People wondered why the bank didn't open for business. They were informed presently when a man came along and posted a card on the glass door. The card read: "Closed by me by writ of attachment. Henry Kay, constable."

C. G. Boon, the cashier, who had not disappeared, and another man were placed in charge of the premises. Boon had the combination of the safe. The assets were found to be, cash, $1.16. The news of the collapse of the bank and of the proprietor and two of his employes spread through the village and out to the surrounding farms like wildfire. By 9 a. m. the street in front of the building was crowded with depositors and angry sympathizers. Honest old farmers drove in from the country to see if it was really true that the man they had known from babyhood and trusted as one of their own blood had left the country with their hard-earned savings. In the crowd that gathered were artisans, laborers, working-women and small shopkeepers who had trusted their every cent in Swart's hands. His old father, weeping and moaning, was among them.

The best estimate to be obtained is that from 100 to 200 depositors will lose from $10 to $5,000 each. The depositors have absolutely no chance to recover, so far as has been discovered. Swart's dwelling is in his wife's name, and the bank being an unincorporated private concern there are no bondsmen or directors to fall back on. Not long ago Swart offered to pay 5 per cent. for three months on all deposits. This brought him all the savings of the townspeople. Early Saturday morning he packed all the money he had in the bank into a valise, took his overcoat, boarded a Michigan Central train at Kinsington and that night was in Canada. Swart is an insinuating man, aged twenty-seven years, with a low, musical voice that is hard to resist. He has a wife and two children. Mrs. Swart locked up the house and went to the home of her parents. She and her husband come of good families. No effort has yet been made to catch the defaulter. The depositors are too much distracted to think of anything but their losses.

OPENING OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

A Large Attendance and Some of the Rooms Overcrowded.

The summer vacation of the pupils of the public schools has ended and to-day they were as anxious to return to school as they were to leave over two months ago. All the teachers were on hand to receive pupils and the directors were kept busy writing permits and attending to the assignment of new scholars. The attendance was very large to-day, and at a number of schools there were more applications for seats than could be accommodated. This was especially so at Mr. Stamy's grammar school and a few other rooms in the Lemon street building and at the West Walnut street building. It will probably be necessary to open a new school in one of the Chestnut street buildings.

The private schools of the city were also opened to-day with a fair enrollment. At St. Mary's the school will be run upon the system of two years ago; that is, the academy and parochial school will be maintained as separate institutions.

ANOTHER BIG FIZZLE.

The Audience Get Too Full to Appreciate the Speeches.

The Republican pole-raising at Landis Valley on Saturday night was not a success. Many of those present managed to get full of whisky before the performance began, and they raised such a disturbance that it was with difficulty that the eloquent (?) speakers could make themselves heard.

The orators of the evening were Daniel H. Sensenig, A. B. Hassler and Statesman Ephraim S. Hoover, of Manheim township. The speakers made the audience tired predicting the great evils that would follow, to the farmers of Lancaster county, if Cleveland was re-elected. David Kochel, of Eden, was not on the programme as a speaker, but he persisted in trying to make a speech and was carried away by force. The only redeeming feature of the meeting was the music by the Eden band.

A Small Excursion.

This forenoon the Pennsylvania railroad ran a special train to Philadelphia for persons desiring to attend the Buffalo Bill show. The train was large, but there were not more than twenty people on it from this city. The people did not take kindly to the excursion because they were compelled to go and return in the same train and had no time to go into the city, as it leaves Philadelphia at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

A Fire Scare.

This morning there was a fire scare at the cigar store of John F. Little, on East Chestnut street. The soot in the chimney prevented the smoke from escaping through the chimney and it spread through the store. At first it was believed that there was a fire, but this proved not to be the case and there was no damage.

Return of Rev. C. S. Gerhard from Europe.

Rev. C. S. Gerhard, brother of Rev. D. W. Gerhard, of this city, and pastor of St. Stephen's Reformed church, Reading, has returned from a five months' visit to Europe, where he attended the World's Church Alliance as a representative, together with Rev. Dr. Apple, of Lancaster, and others.

Cases Settled.

The cases of drunken and disorderly conduct and malicious mischief against Dick Redman and Harry Good, which were preferred by Philip Dassinger, of the North Pole saloon, have been settled before Alderman Pinkerton. The accused paid the costs.

Utes and Piutes at War.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 3.—The following letter received by George W. Brook, from Naturia, relates to a fight in Utah between the Utes and Piutes, only a meagre report of which has been received: "Mrs. Cunningham surprised us last night by coming with the mail carrier in the buckboard from Paradox valley. She was frightened by the Indians at La Sel. Two cowboys in the employ of the Pittsburg Cattle company had been hunting horses, and had them in a corral about four miles from the company's camp. As they were saddling their horses an Indian all covered with blood ran up to them and cried out 'Go, white man; Indians heap fight; Utes beat Piutes.' The boys became frightened and rode as hard as they could into camp. As soon as Mrs. Cunningham saw them, she knew something was wrong. She told them to saddle up the horse for her and take her to Paradox. While the boys were saddling the horse, they heard the Indians whoop and they saw one dead Indian and several wounded ones as they came out. The Indians were still fighting when they came away."

Panic in a Concert Hall.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.—A fire panic in Young's hall, Lakeview, caused a stampede during a concert last night and for a few minutes pandemonium reigned. Shortly before 9 o'clock, when the programme was hardly half through, a careless employe allowed a kerosene lamp to fall from his hands and the scenery was quickly ablaze. The flames ran across the stage and some one cried fire. The women began to scream and a mad rush for the door commenced. A few cool-headed men jumped on the stage and securing some buckets threw water on the fire and extinguished it before it had gained much headway. A few children were knocked down and trampled upon, but none were hurt seriously.

Missed the Train.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Speaker Carlisle, who was to have left yesterday for Lexington, Va., to deliver an address before the Democracy of that section, missed the afternoon train and will be unable to fill his engagement to day, as there was no later train by which he could arrive at Lexington. The fact that he was to deliver an address at Lexington had been well advertised throughout Virginia, and several Western newspapers had sent stenographers and typewriters to Lexington in order to have the speech reported in full.

Result of a Prize Fight.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.—Frank Skinner, of Chicago, whipped Ed. Mullen, of New York, in a bloody three round fight early this morning. The battle was with two ounce gloves and for $500 a side. It was fought in a room almost within a stone throw of the South Side police station and was witnessed by 25 sports. From start to finish the advantage was with Skinner, who punished his antagonist terribly. In the third round a jugular blow sent Mullen to the floor, where he remained unconscious for 15 minutes.

Mining Gold in Michigan.

ISHPEMING, Mich., Sept. 3.—Captain Trevarthen, of Michigan mine, brought 200 pounds of gold-bearing quartz into the city Saturday from Michigan mine and says more will be got out to-day. Nearly half a ton of this rock is now out. The rock got out in one week is worth at least $5,000, probably more. Quartz carrying free gold has also been found in the bottom of the gold shaft of the Lake Superior Iron company.

Killed by a Grip Car.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.—Adam Miller was horribly mangled by a grip car last night. He attempted to board the car, but missing his hold, fell under the car in such a manner that all the flesh was stripped off his leg from his thigh to his ankle. He was removed to the county hospital, where he died in a short time.

After $20,000 Damages.

MARION, Ind., Sept. 3.—Saturday Edward Matchett, of this county, entered suit against the Cincinnati, Wabash & Michigan railway, asking $20,000 damages for injuries sustained last December while the plaintiff was in the employ of the railroad as brakeman. Matchett is now a helpless cripple from the injuries received.

A Woman Murdered.

MIDDLETOWN, O., Sept. 3.—At 11 o'clock yesterday forenoon Charles Rise fired five pistol shots at Mrs. Elizabeth Funk, three of which took effect. One of them proved fatal. Both the murderer and his victim were low people. Rise came to Middletown last May from Warsaw, N. Y., where it is said he lived under another name. He was arrested.

Miners to Meet.

BRAZIL, Ind., Sept. 3.—The fourth annual convention of the Miners' National Federation will be held at Indianapolis beginning on Tuesday. A full set of officers will be elected and important business transacted.

A Young Journalist Dies.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Sept. 3.—George C. Smith, managing editor of the *Herald*, of this city, died yesterday from malarial fever. Mr. Smith was but 27 years old, but had been engaged in newspaper work for the past eight years.

Where Steamships Are.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 3.—Sailed, Elder for New York. Arrived, Fulda, from New York.

Liverpool—Arrived, steamship Egypt, from New York.

The Robbers Also Wanted His Life.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Sept. 3.—Saturday evening Mr. Chester, of Antwerp, Ohio, was waylaid and robbed of $1,500 which he drew from the bank here. After securing the booty, the robbers bound and gagged him and placed him on the Wabash railway. He was discovered and taken home.

To be Tried for Murder.

KOKOMO, Ind., Sept. 3.—Tom Reese, who killed Charles Marks, superintendent of the electric light here, April 25, was brought here Saturday from Hillsboro, Dakota. Reese will be tried for murder in the first degree.

Tile Works Burn.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 3.—E. O. Jones' tile works, located in the northeast part of the city, burned at midnight. The loss is $25,000; insurance $16,000.

Stevens Castle Anniversary.

Stevens Castle, No. 4, Knights of the Mystic Chain, will celebrate its first anniversary on Wednesday evening. A programme of exercises has been arranged, made up of addresses, reading, music and the singing of an original anniversary hymn. The members of Lancaster Castle, No. 126 and Red Rose Commandery will attend in a body.

How About Melons.

The mayor last week notified a number of dealers in green groceries, watermelons, &c., that they would be obliged to take the goods in from the curb stones. Some have complied with the order while others have not and are not likely to. The cause of this order is said to have been a row between rival dealers near the mayor's office.

LABOR DAY OBSERVED.

THOUSANDS PARADE IN NEW YORK, CHICAGO AND BALTIMORE.

Imposing Demonstrations in These Places. The Bricklayers of the Windy City Lay the Corner-Stone of the Building to Be Their Headquarters.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Labor Day was generally observed here to-day. At an early hour the streets on the East Side presented the appearance of a holiday and the business portion of the city was almost deserted. The various exchanges were closed. The custom house was open for one hour only. The city hall looked lonesome, and the absence of flags upon it drew forth comment from the passing crowds. The base ball grounds seemed the only places crowded and they were packed to overflowing.

It was 11 o'clock when the great Labor Labor Day procession under the command of Grand Marshal Jeremiah F. Sullivan and aids left the starting point at Thirteenth street and Second avenue. Following Marshal Sullivan and staff, who were at the head of the procession, were a number of carriages containing the Central Labor Union's committees of arrangements. The right of the line was held by the building trades, the house smiths leading under Section Marshal James McKim. There were five hundred of the house smiths, and as many of the slate and metal roofers. The section contained nearly 3,000 workers of all classes and 15 bands of music. A feature of this portion of the procession was the marble cutters displaying several wagons occupied by sculptors and stone dressers plying their trade upon half finished work. The German and Hebrew typographical unions, heading the printing section, next appeared, followed by the bookbinders. Three hundred oystermen, some on foot and some in wagons, presented a neat appearance in brand new jumpers and caps. In the bakers' section a cake six feet high on a four foot base, covered with ornamented ginger snaps, attracted attention. It was borne on the shoulders of eight men. A six foot loaf of bread followed. Five hundred brewers escorted the car of Gambrinus, and other emblematic "chariots." Gambrinus held a foaming goblet and was attended by two pages. Each brewer had a sprig of hops in his hat. The printing trades again claimed the column and Typographical union, No. 6, a thousand strong, each chapel headed by a band or drum corps, marched proudly by. The column had been passing Cooper union for over an hour, and yet half of the paraders were waiting on Second avenue. There were tobacconists, the metal trade, the furniture trades and the boatmen, carpet workers, carvers, trunkmakers, clothing cutters, tailors, shoemakers and a large number of miscellaneous trades, including workingmen in carriages. The boatmen appeared with a canal boat on wheels, and the theatrical mechanics had the dory from the "Dark Secret." There were about 8,050 in line. The only formal review was at 34th street, where the marshal reviewed the command before dismissal. Admirable police service was given along the line by details under Inspectors Williams and Steers, and six captains of police. The picnic and games which conclude the day are in progress this afternoon.

The Day in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.—Organized labor took its holiday to-day. The organizations turned out in their full strength, and there were probably not less than 15,000 men in line. It was a matter of regret, however, that the bricklayers and the trade and labor people did not join forces, making the demonstration more imposing, instead of doing as they did, splitting off and pursuing their separate ways.

The bricklayers were the earlier of the two divided parties to appear. They had the corner-stone of their magnificent new headquarters to lay, and in order to do this and get to their picnic grounds at Central Grove, it was necessary to start early. The formalities at the laying of the corner-stone of the new building were rather brief. The parade was formed at 8:30 on Desplaines street, with some of the organizations on Jackson street. There were probably 4,000 in line. From the starting point the march was taken up to the corner of Peoria and Monroe streets. Here was a large crowd in waiting. The corner-stone was laid by Congressmen Mason and Lawler, Mr. Healy, of the Union, using the trowel. After the ceremonies the procession marched to the Wisconsin Central depot where they took trains to Central Grove.

The demonstration of the Trades assembly and the labor union occurred an hour or two later. The organizations formed on Michigan avenue and 12th streets. The largest body to arrive on the ground was the Bricklayers' union, 1,400 strong. They wore white shirts and black collars.

All of the unions turned out in full strength, and the demonstration was a decided success. Some of the organizations caried banners on which were inscribed their sentiments. One of the banners read: "America has laborers enough of her own. No more China or contract labor."

In a carriage drawn by two horses were four ragged children. A banner stretched across the carriage read: "Poverty and Ignorance," and on the side of the carriage was the following in glaring letters: "Compulsory education. Our future citizens."

2,500 Parade in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 3.—"Labor Day" is being celebrated this afternoon by the various organizations connected with the Knights of Labor, Federation of Labor, the Central Labor Union and the Maryland Labor Conference. A parade of 2,500 men occurred. A picnic will be held at Darley park this afternoon and evening.

A New Chinese Bill Passes the House.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3—House.—Representative Scott, of Pennsylvania, introduced in the House to-day without objection a bill supplementary to the bill to execute certain treaty stipulations with the Chinese. It provides that no Chinaman who shall hereafter depart from the United States, shall return thereto after the passage of the act; also that no certificate shall hereafter be issued to Chinese laborers, and all those now in force shall be declared void. All parts of the act to which this is supplemental are repealed.

Mr. Scott's Chinese restriction bill was passed without a division.

The Senate has by unanimous consent taken up the Chinese bill that passed the House to-day.

Will Not Compromise.

WASHINGTON, Sep. 3.—The comptroller of the treasury has refused to compromise the deficit of Judge Ewing as disbursing officer, department of justice, for a deficit in his accounts of $9,303.07. Suit will be instituted against the bondsmen for the full amount.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.—For Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey: Fair, warmer, easterly winds, shifting to southerly.