The Daily Intelligencer.

LANCASTER, JULY 12, 1888.

[illegible] THE INTELLIGENCER publishes all the [illegible] news of the United States up to [illegible] possible hour.

The Daily Edition of THE INTELLIGENCER is delivered by carriers in the city and surrounding towns for 15c. per week; [illegible], $5.20 a year; $2.60 for six months; $1.40 for three months; 50c. per month.

Weekly INTELLIGENCER (double sheet), eight pages, only $1.50 per annum, in advance.

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THE INTELLIGENCER,
Lancaster, Pa.

Telephone Connection

[illegible] LEAVING TOWN FOR THE SEASON, AND [illegible] TRAVELERS, CAN HAVE THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER MAILED TO THEM, POST PAID, 50 CENTS A WEEK, THE ADDRESS BEING CHANGED AS OFTEN AS DESIRED.

Probably Profitless.

We much incline to the opinion of the Philadelphia *Record* that it will be profitless for us to discuss with it the question as to whether the wages of the worker in iron in this country are enhanced by the duty laid on the importation of manufactured iron. We are not quite sure that the *Record* denies that the tariff has such effect in this case, although its words seem to have that meaning. To us it seems that the very statement of the proposition that the duty laid on iron enables larger wages to be paid to the iron worker, proves it; and anyone who is not convinced by the self-evident fact cannot be satisfied by argument.

The *Record* is correct in understanding us to say that the worker in iron earns higher wages than other craftsmen because of the severity and skill of his labor and the strength of the workmens' union. But it has no warrant for its assumption that these are the sole reasons for the high wages he gets. If the employer could not obtain a price from his customers that would enable him to obtain at least the cost of his product, which includes the high wages paid his workmen, manifestly he could not long continue his manufacture. It is therefore to the fact that the employer can get sufficient price for his product that the workmen gets the price he demands for his labor; which would be self-evident to the Bunsby with whom the *Record* is acquaint, if it is not so to it. The strength of the workmen's union and the skill and severity of his labor, all combined, would not suffice to get him high wages if the employer could not get them returned to him by his customer; on the principle that blood cannot be got out of a turnip.

The organized iron manufacturers and the organized workmen in the West, yearly, at the dull season, have a talk and often a disagreement about wages. The manufacturers this year have not complained of European competition, but of home competition in the East, where the wages of the iron workmen are less. They say they cannot compete with mills in the Schuylkill valley paying $3.25 per ton for puddling iron, or in Philadelphia paying $3.85, or at Harrisburg paying $3.75; but as they seem to have concluded to start their works again, they may have realized that the advantages they have in proximity to their market and in cheaper fuel and raw materials, balances the labor account. Their workmen tell them that a reduction in wages would do them no good, since they would promptly give it all away to their customers in their eagerness to secure business; and they all understand this, and it accounts for their readiness to yield when their men are firm. All that the manufacturer needs is that he shall be placed on an equality with his fellow manufacturer in his market.

The tariff leaves the home manufacturer in this condition. The foreign manufacturer does not now disturb this market; nor do we believe that the reductions made in the Mills bill are sufficient to sensibly damage the iron manufacturing interest in the country. We support it because of this belief, recognizing it as a measure strongly protective of the industrial interests of the country. We represent the policy of the Democratic party, lately and clearly expressed, in demanding sufficient, and rejecting excessive, protection for home industries. We understand that the *Record* likewise supports the Democratic party and is in love with the Mills bill. Wherefore it can then denounce the tariff as a "a fraud and a humbug" and make faces at the INTELLIGENCER for supporting it, while applauding the Democratic party for doing the same thing, seems somewhat odd. But not any odder than charging the extortion of the Bessemer steel monopoly wholly upon the tariff, and forgetting what enormous prices, entirely regardless of tariff duties, were charged for years by the combination that was created by the Bessemer patent, which is chiefly responsible for the great fortunes made by the rail men.

It is true that the duty laid upon steel rails was and is excessive, and that it enables the home manufacturer to obtain an excessive profit, when the home demand exceeds the home capacity for supply, as it has in the past, but is not likely ever to do in the future. The duty is properly reduced in the Mills bill. It is excessive owing to the fact that Bessemer steel rails, being machine made in great quantities, are made nearly as cheaply as the puddled iron which is the raw material of finished iron. They thus do not need the protection which the more largely hand made iron requires. The American machine works as cheaply as the European. The *Record* neither renews its denial of our statement that the Pittsburg puddler receives thrice the wages of the European workman, nor apologizes for its error; which perchance was caused by a momentary forgetfulness that the puddler is not a patent machine like the Bessemer converter.

Flood Warnings.

The damage caused annually by the sudden floods and freshets of American rivers could only be represented by figures high in the millions, and yet very little is being done by the general government or the state governments to keep the waters under control or give warning of danger. The great freshet on the Monongahela, with its record of one million dollars lost, together with more lives than we know of, came upon the river men at Pittsburg with a sudden rush and without the least warning of its approach. It ought to be a very easy thing to establish a signal system by which a warning of several hours at least could be given to the people along the threatened banks and those engaged in the commerce of the rivers. The system might be automatic and inexpensive. The rising of the head waters above a certain point could be made to close an electric circuit and sound an alarm in Pittsburg. The prevention of the floods is a difficult and expensive problem which the national government is all too slowly working out in the far West. The most promising plan of many to be tried is the great reservoir project by which mountain gorges are to be walled up to retain the water that comes tearing from them in times of freshet, devastating regions that suffer most of the years for want of moisture and swelling the volume of the great rivers to destructive power. From these reservoirs the water can be gradually released to the benefit of the neighboring wilderness and the power of the flood will be lessened by the volume that can be stored in these artificial lakes. This is a gigantic undertaking, but the benefits promised by it are great in proportion, and if it should succeed in the West, there seems to be no good reason why it should not be tried at the headwaters of Eastern rivers.

The Demand for Lower Postage.

One of the shallowest bids for support in the Republican platform is the demand for one-cent postage. It looks like a move in favor of the poor man, but it would in reality cheapen the rates for the business man, who can afford to pay, and incidentally raise the taxes on the poor man by further increasing the deficit in the postal service.

For under two cent postage there is a deficiency in the postal department. Many of the great cities of the country are compelled to get along with insufficient service, because the government is out of funds for the employment of the additional help needed. So good a Republican as Thomas L. James, postmaster general under Garfield, declares that it would be a better thing for the business interests of the country if, instead of lowering the postage, the facilities for the delivery of the mail in great business centres could be increased.

The appeal, therefore, for lower postage is not justified by the situation, and in the Republican platform suggests demagogy. It will attract no votes, for in principle it would help the rich at the expense of the poor.

Mills' Speech.

We print to-day the speech of Hon. Roger Q. Mills, chairman of the ways and means committee of the present House, and original author of the tariff measure, much amended, which bears his name. It was delivered at the meeting of the Tammany society in New York on July 4, and has attracted wide attention because of its convincing figures and because of the conservatism that characterizes it. There are many who have been wont to regard Mr. Mills as an out-and-out free trader, who would be satisfied with nothing less than an immediate surrender of all protective duties. To those who had this view of the man the reading of the speech will be in the nature of a revelation. He points out how a Republican tariff commission, all members of which were advanced protectionists, prepared a measure that recommended a reduction of from 20 to 25 per cent. in duties. This was not considered un-Republican, but when the Democrats propose an average reduction of seven per cent. it is called free trade.

All who desire to keep themselves posted on the tariff issue should read the speech of Chairman Mills. It is a campaign document that should have wide circulation.

OSCAR FAY ADAMS, who is well-known in Lancaster, and Dr. W. J. Rolfe have carefully edited for school reading and study a volume of selections from William Morris' "Earthly Paradise. (Ticknor & Co.) These selections include "Atalanta's Race," "The Proud King" and "The Writing on the Image," with prologue, preludes, interludes, etc. A sketch of the poet, some critical discussion of his style and a number of useful notes accompany the text. It promises to be a most excellent text book for an advanced course in English literature.

SUMNER C. WELCH, claim agent of the Chicago City railway, has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment, while C. B. Holmes, president of the company, and C. M. Hardy, the company's attorney, are recommended to be dealt with by the grand jury. Their offence is jury bribing, and all are men of the highest social and commercial standing in Chicago. The jury-fixer must go.

IN his "Twenty Years in Congress," Blaine says, "Thurman's retirement from the Senate was a serious loss to his party—a loss, indeed, to the body. He left behind him the respect of all with whom he had been associated during his twelve years of honorable service." The "Old Roman" will enter the Senate next year, and he will preside over that body with wisdom never displayed or equalled by a vice president before.

THEY [the Republicans] advocate a system which benefits certain classes of our citizens at the expense of every householder in the land—a system which breeds discontent, because it permits the duplication of wealth without corresponding additional recompense to labor, which prevents the opportunity to work by stifling production and limiting the area of our markets, and which enhances the cost of living beyond the laborer's hard-earned wages.—*The President's Letter.*

WE believe that public land ought, as far as possible, to be kept as homesteads for actual settlers; that all unearned lands heretofore improvidently granted to railroad corporations by the action of the Republican party should be restored to the public domain, and that no more grants of land should be made to corporations, or be allowed to fall into the ownership of alien absentees.—*National Democratic Platform of 1844, reaffirmed in 1888.*

GENERAL LEW WALLACE is hard at work on a life of General Harrison and tells a reporter that he feels as if it were in some respects the most difficult of his literary tasks. The author of "Ben Hur" is not used to quick writing and complains that he has no time for elaboration and must contract and condense [illegible] that he might work into several volumes. "The more I think of it the faster the memories of facts and incidents keep crowding upon me. I have often thought, in my literary work, how like ideas are to mice, that come and peer at one from the corner of a room. A man sits down without a notion in his noddle when of a sudden some thought protrudes its head into the chamber of his mind, and then another and another, till they are like mice looking at him from all directions. It is a fancy that seems very truthful to me." No doubt the work will be a credit to Wallace and it may help to keep alive the memory of Harrison until the election.

QUAY is Republican national chairman. Look out for Addition, Division and Silence.

I WOULD like to talk to you men of business to-day on the matter of the great surplus of money in the United States treasury. That affects you materially. We would rather prefer to have it than a deficiency. The government of the United States has this surplus now, and it seems as though some people were trying to get rid of it. I don't intend to allude to politics. [Cries of "Go on," and a crowding closer toward the desk.] Every man of sense knows that the government should not collect any more money than is actually necessary to carry on the business with close economy. [Designating applause.] Congress ought yearly to devise some mode to dispose of this surplus; yet as I said before, it is better to have this surplus than a deficit.—*Senator Sherman's speech at Cincinnati, July 6.*

JOHN SHERMAN thinks the surplus should be reduced while his party says nay to it. How is this?

JAMES A. BRADLEY, the autocrat of Asbury Park, N. J., has been arrested for libel. Mr. Bradley seems to own this town, its beach and even its press. But he found a plucky man who would not sit silent under discreditable accusations in Bradley's paper, and the complainant was shrewd enough to import a foreign police justice before whom he made the complaint, under which Bradley was arrested. It will be a good thing for Bradley to find that there are somethings in New Jersey that he does not own.

PERSONAL.

PROF. WM. RUPPERT has been chosen superintendent of the schools of Pottstown.

PRINCIPAL GEORGE M. PHILLIPS, of West Chester Normal school, is prominently mentioned for the presidency of Bucknell university at Lewisburg, Pa.

GEN. JESSE C. SMITH, aged 80, died of paralysis on Wednesday, in Brooklyn, N. Y. The Eleventh New York brigade under his command served with credit in the Gettysburg campaign.

VIVIAN PAUL JONES is the name of a 14 year-old errand boy in Philadelphia who forged his employer's name to a $2 check for his salary. He is now under bail and should also be put under a shingle.

SENATOR CAMERON has presented in the Senate about a score of petitions from various councils of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics in Pennsylvania praying for the passage of a bill to regulate and restrict immigration.

DR. A. Y. P. GARNETT, of Washington, D. C., ex-president of the American Medical association, died Wednesday at Rehoboth, Del. He married the oldest daughter of Henry A. Wise, of Virginia. At the breaking out of the war he left Washington and became surgeon general of the Confederate army. He was the family physician of Jefferson Davis and of all his cabinet officers, and accompanied Mr. Davis after the evacuation of Richmond.

CONGRESSMAN WILLIAM L. SCOTT, of Erie, was in New York on Wednesday and viewed the meeting of the Republican national committee from a distance. When asked what he thought of the situation Mr. Scott quickly replied: "Situation? I don't know anything about the situation. I only know about the result. We're going to have a walk-over," he added, with emphasis, "a walk over. This hurrah here is all fuss and feathers; had just as well pack up and get out, for all practical purposes. We shall have a walk-over."

WANAMAKER'S

Closed at 1 P. M. on Saturdays.

When you come to the city bear in mind that Wanamaker's is a meeting and resting and waiting place as well as the biggest store in the world. There are reading and sitting and retiring rooms for you; telephone, telegraph, and mail facilities. Your parcels will be cared for without charge. We try to make you welcome whether you care to buy or not.

You know that there is no worthy hot weather (or any weather) thing for wear or home use but we have it. If you can't come to the store, write for whatever you want, samples or goods. Shopping by mail has come to be simple and certain. A few scratches of a pen, and all the facilities of the store are yours.

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EABURY'S HYDRONAPHTHOL SOAP, for diseases of the Skin and Scalp, such as Tetter, Ringworm, Eczema, Scabies, Scaly Eruptions, Itching, Sweating Feet, Dandruff, Falling Hair, &c.

HYDRONAPHTHOL PASTILLES, for purifying the Sick Room, exterminating Insects and eliminating disease germs.

DON'T YOU NEED ONE OR MORE OF THESE ARTICLES?

MEAD'S CORN AND BUNION PLASTERS for Foot troubles.

BENSON'S PLASTER for Aches and Pains.

Sold by all Druggists.

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Mandrake Pills have a value as a household remedy far beyond the power of language to describe. The family can hardly be true to itself that does not keep them on hand for use in emergencies.

Mandrake

is the only vegetable substitute for that dangerous mineral, MERCURY, and while its action as a cathartic is fully equal, it possesses none of the perilous effects.

In Constipation, Mandrake acts upon the bowels without disposing them to subsequent Costiveness.

No remedy acts so directly on the liver, nothing so speedily cures Sick Headache, Sour Stomach and Biliousness as these

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LADIES,
WHO VALUE A REFINED COMPLEXION MUST USE
POZZONI'S
MEDICATED
COMPLEXION POWDER.

It imparts a brilliant transparency to the skin. Removes all pimples, freckles and discolorations, and makes the skin delicately soft and beautiful. It contains no lead, white lead or arsenic. In three shades, pink or flesh, white and brunette.

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CORSETS!

The Best Corset, $1 cents.
No Corset in Lancaster at 50c as good as the one we sell.
Our 75c Corset is equal to most $1.00 goods.
Ask to see our Tailor-Made Corsets.
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Ask to see our Children's Corset Waists only 25c. Sold everywhere at 50c.
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White Goods!

INDIA LINON, FRENCH NAINSOOK,
CAMBRIC NAINSOOK, DOTTED SWISS,
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EMBROIDERIES

—AND—

All-Over Flouncing!

NEWEST SATINES,
NEWEST BATISTES,
NEWEST CHALLIES,
NEWEST GINGHAMS,
PARASOLS,
GLOVES.

Hager & Brother,
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OPENING TO-DAY.

The People's Cash Store

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Opening To-day!

Dress Ginghams at 10 and 12½ cents.

Best quality Batiste in the city in short lengths, 8½c; regular price, 12½ cents.

New styles in Satines at 12½c; equal in style to the French Goods.

HOSIERY, GLOVES,
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STANDARD CHEWING TOBACCO.

DO YOU CHEW?

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Old Honesty!

Genuine Has a Red H Tin Tag on Every Plug.

OLD HONESTY is acknowledged to be the PUREST and MOST LASTING piece of STANDARD CHEWING TOBACCO on the market. Trying it is a better test than any talk about it. Give it a fair trial.

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Not old stock but fresh, new goods coming in daily from the factory and bought for cash. That is why we can sell our Shoes so much cheaper than the other stores, and we give our customers the benefit of close buying.

Everybody about here full of snap and vim; a different Shoe Store from what it was—a BETTER one; but of all Shoe Stores more life, more good goods of the right sort and right prices.

Come and see us; we cheerfully show you the goods, whether you purchase or not.

D. P. STACKHOUSE,
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FOR BARGAINS.

A MISTAKE!

Like all other business men we sometimes make mistakes.

HAVING BOUGHT TOO MANY

Men's Dongola Shoes

For Summer Wear and Vacation Time we concluded to

Sell Them Off Regardless of Cost.

The $3.00 Line we will now sell at $2.50, and the $2.50 Line we will sell at $2.00.

We have a large assortment of these Shoes. They are as follows:

Men's Bright Dongola, $3.00 Tip, Lace and Congress Shoes, reduced to $2.50.

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Men's Dull Dongola $2.50 Tip, Lace and Congress Shoes, reduced to $2.00.

Men's Dull Dongola $2.50 Plain, Broad Toe, Wide Shoes, for Older Men, reduced to $2.00.

A full line of these Shoes can be seen in our Windows.

The One-Price Cash House.

FREY & ECKERT,

The Leaders of Low Prices

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Ladies, Look to Your Interests.

We began the parasol season with an entirely new stock. We want to do the same next year. And to that end offer Great Bargains in Parasols and Sun Umbrellas. Prices are marked away down, and goods must go. Call and see Bargains.

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Standard Asphalt Paving Blocks
SIZES (3x3x1) AND (4½x4½x1).
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WIDMYER'S CORNER,
THE OLD CORNER
IS FULL OF GOOD NEW THINGS.

Our stock is too large and must be reduced before the season closes. To do this we have concluded to give the people a chance to get

Good Furniture!

AT A LITTLE COST.

We have some goods (not the newest, but just as good) that will be sold if the price put on them will sell them.

These are GREAT BARGAINS, and we expect to see them move lively.

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We need more room for the stock which we have bought and are making up. We're going to get it by putting the prices so low that the present stock will move fast. Our necessity is your opportunity. If you're thinking of getting a Parlor, Dining Room or Bedroom Suite, or any piece of Furniture, now is your time to buy. Come and look at our New Stock on 2d, 3d and 4th floors of 31 SOUTH QUEEN STREET.

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Respectfully,
WALTER A. HEINITSH,
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THE UNDERSIGNED HAS REOPENED HIS STORE AT THE OLD STAND,

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Which was destroyed by fire some time ago, and has a perfectly New Stock of all kinds of

FURNITURE.

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In All Its Branches. Also Painting and Ornamenting Old Chairs.

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CLOSED OUT AT

Half the Original Price.

TRUNKS & TRAVELING BAGS

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Sell Coal of the Best Quality at the Lowest Prices. Buy now, as it may be higher.
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The Latest Novelties in Spring Overcoating of my own importation and combined styles.

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THE MOST AGREEABLE THING

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SUMMER CLOTHING

—FOR—

MEN'S WEAR

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SERGE!

We have them for $15, $16, $20 and $25, made to order in strictly first-class style.

A HANDSOME STOCK OF

Summer Trousers!

$5.50 TO $10.00,
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REDUCED PRICES.

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Great Sacrific Sale!

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

REDUCED ALMOST TO ONE-HALF THEIR ACTUAL VALUE.

Our Summer Goods must go for want of room.

Such low prices were never heard of before in this city.

500 Pair Children's Knee Pants at 25, 35, 40, 45, 50, 75 cts, $1.00.

700 Pair Men's Pants at 60, 65, 70, 80, 90 cts, and $1.00.

800 Pair Men's Cassimere and Worsted Pants at $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

350 Children's Suits at $1.75, $1.50, $3.00, $2.50

1,000 Men's Suits, Worsteds, Cassimeres and Cheviots, at $4, $6, $8, $10 and $12.

Prices That Will Astonish You.

Boys' Seersucker Coat and Vest at 75c; Men's at 90c.

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Different Patterns

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"Alaska" Refrigerators

HAVE NO EQUAL.

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ENGINES, BOILERS, MACHINERY, SHAFTINGS, PULLEYS, HANGERS, &c.
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Largest and Best Stock in Lancaster of Cast Iron and Malleable Fittings, Pipes and Iron Valves and Cocks, Steam Gauges, Safety Valves, Try Cocks, Water Gauges, Gate Valves, Lubricators, and Steam Goods in general.

Repairing promptly done. Second-hand Engines, Boilers and Machinery Bought and Sold.

GOOD WORK.
REASONABLE CHARGES. PROMPTNESS.
Note Change in Address.
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