LANCASTER, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 8, 1887.

duty, sometained by a desire to save any em-barrassment to the people of St. Louis or their expected guests, and with a heart full of grateful appreciation of the sincere and un-affected kindness of your citizens.

Hoping the encampment may be an occasion of much usefulness, and that its proceedings may illustrate the highest patriotism of American citizenship, 1 am, yours very attornals.

St. Louis Indiguant.

The president's letter to Mayor Francis

withdrawing his acceptance of the invitation

of the people of St. Louis to visit St. Louis

siderable feeling. The committee that took

discussed the situation. It was unanimously conceded to be an unfortunate state of affairs, and steps were to in to have the president invited to discussion at another time. For this purp a committee was appointed to discussion who will be authoritied to a mass meeting of citizens who will be alled to assemble at the Merchants' exchange. Toese resolutions will embody an invitation to the president to visit this city during fair week early in October or at some other time that may suit his convenience and will promise him an

his convenience and will promise him an enthusiastic reception. A di 12 ms' committee will then be appointed to again visit the president and endeavor to induce him to

General Lander Post, No. 5, of the Grand

which arrived in Washington Thursday

from Virginia, called on the president at

'clock in the evening, preceded by the pos

drum corps, and were received in the East room. The members marched into the room in double file, headed by David Walker, the post commander. When the president came down stairs to receive them Mr. Walker stepped forward and said: "Comrades of General Lander Post, No 5, I propose these beers for Grover Clayeland.

I propose three cheers for Grover Cieveland, president of the United States."

me that men who have risked their lives to save the government should return bome to abate one jot or tittle of the respect and sup-port which every good citizen owes to the government and constituted authorities. I greet you, then, as citizens as well as vet-erans and I shall be pleased to take you all by the hand."

Will Not Parade as a Body.

At Uties the four Grand Army posts hav

resolved not to parade in a body, as they had

intended to do, at the Clinton centennis on the 13th if President Cleveland is present

She Fall. Upon a Sharp Tree Butt Which E ters Her Neck and Produces Lockjaw.

ELIZABETHTOWN, Pa., July 8 - Last Fr.

day, Carrie, aged 8 years, daughter of Wm Diffenbaugh, of Mount Joy township, near

this place, mot with a serious accident, which

ended in death in the following manner

She was standing on a high tobacco scaffold

and through some mishap lost her balance and fell to the ground, striking a small sharp

tree butt, which entered her neck, causing

deep wound and leatly lock law, which tool effect on Monday. Dr. A. C. Treichler, o

this place, did all in his power to heal the

wound, but to no avail, as the child's inwa were locked since Monday, and she suffered

in terrible agony until Thursday morning when death relieved her. The funeral will

take place on Saturday, in the Reformed church bere, Rev. S. M. Roeder officiating.

On next Wednesday, July 13th, the L. O.

F., No. 128, of this place, accompanied by the Elizabethtown cornet band, and the I. O. O.

F. of Mount Joy, accompanied by Taylor's

probestra of Lancaster, will hold a grand pic-

Hundreds of our citizens spent their Fourth of July at Middletown, Columbia, Littz, Maytown and other places.

William Proctor was arrested on Thursday

on a charge of being incorrigible and beyon

the control of his father. He is also charged with larceny as bailes on complaint of Fenton

Harris. The boy was employed by Harris, he collected several bills due Harris and

appropriated the money to his own use. In default of ball he was committed for a hear-

The Sunday schools connected with the First Reformed and St. Paul's Reformed

churches are having a piculo at Peuryn park to-day. Tweive car loads of them left the upper depot, Prince and Frederick streets, at

ing by Alderman Barr.

during the encampment has created

## FOR FREE TEXT BOOKS.

ABD SLAVEN UPPOSE THEM.

tits Vote for the Measure-Mr. McComsey tites Itis Resease for Moving Reconsideration of the Important Question.

chamber on Toursday evening, with the fol-lowing members present: Mesars. Baker, Brown, Byrne, C chran, Darmstetter, Evans. Marsuall, McConney, McCormick, McElli-gott, McKillips, Ochs, Owens, Poncz, Ring watt, Schwebel, Shirk, Shindle, Spronger, Snyder, Warfel, White, Wohlsen, Wickersham and Levergood, president.

The minutes of the last stated and adjourned meetings were read and approved, Report of Superintending Commi

tending committee, reported that the committee had acreed to recommend the furnish ing of two primaries, one intermediate and our secondary school in the building now beoccupancy the committee will make a further

As to separate tember .' bustitutes, the committee have not yet acted on the matter, but would make a final report at the August

mittee be would report that he attended the examinations at the close of the schools and was well satisfied with the progress made by the pupils. He was of opinion that there pupils are being crowded with too much on raised and the examinations were strict, the pupils passed in a satisfactory high school one third are under 14 years of He believed the present policy should be pursued and the curriculum not interfered with and he was satisfied good results will

Mr. Evans, of the finance committee, reported the following bills as correct and the treasurer was directed to pay the same: Trustees of First M. E. church, one year's ent of Charlotte street school, \$100; R. M. CER. advertising, \$11 oc. A. F. Reinsehl, rerest for commencement, \$40; W. H. Manby supplies, \$14,46; George A. Line, writing agreements, \$8: Fred Brimmer, coach bire for property committee, \$2; city regulators, giving grades and lines for Mary street building, \$5; Wm H Roy, binding books, \$3.25; McLaughlin & Gesell, on account of Mary street building, \$1,500; D. Appleton & Co., one volume encyclopactia, for 1886, \$6; Hager & Bro., supplies, \$9.65; Charles Frailey, fitting in diplomes, \$47; John H. Loucks, mos eager, \$12; New Era, advertising and printing, \$64 25.

Following is the annual statement of the finance comm ee se to the financial condi

To the Board of Directors of the Common Schools of Lancaster city, Pa.: Your committee on finance, as required by iaw, respectfully present the annual statement of receipts and expenditures of the hoard for the year ending with June 1, 1837, together with the its affilies and assets:

Daniel Smeych, taxes, 8:6	1,194 22
John Hage, taxes, 1886	3,450 99
Lemon street school addition, bonds at	
• per cent	11.50 00
Premium on bonds	265 00
Tuttion received	1 3 60
Kent of lot	7 00
State app opriation for 18 6	6,740 56
Krror to tax s	3 00
Interest on deposit	213 27
embergarous as fessions	7777
Total	61,791 79
EXPENDITURES.	
Falaries, teachers	34,548 31
Interest on josus	4,5%5 00
Coal and kindling	1,879 42
Hooks	650 00
Palarles	200 (0
Janttors	2.127 00
Printing	300 45
Gas bills	101 25
Water rent	184 50
School Journal	47 25
Repairs	2.2 7 91
Furniture	932 90
High School Commencement	112 29
Heater	1,200 00
Duplic des	315 00
Insurance	136 00
Ground rent	140 56
Iron tence	213 00
Building	8,911 00
Countsion for collecting	714 15
Belance in treasury	4,138 28
Demuce in treasury	

Di maco in trona				
	****			661,791 79
AH	SETS	· TOB	a 1, 1857.	904.905.000.5000
Cash in treasury. High school build	ding	bna ;	turniture	45 000 00
Rockland street			35	10,500 00
Lemon street	**	**	**	44,250 00
Janes street	**	**	**	13,000 00
Prince street		**	**	10,000 00
Strawberry at.			**	3,000 00
No w street	**	**	**	13,500 00
Manor street	:	**	**	13,000 00
Ann street		**	**	12,750 00
S. Prince street	**	**	**	15,000 00
Duke street, 5	**	**	**	25,000 00
Vine street, 3		**	**	15 750 00
Chestnut street,3		**	**	15,000 00
Butding lot				2,750 00

LIA BILLTIMA Loan of Jan 5, 1881, 5 per ct... \$10,000 00 Loan of May 5, 1881, 4 per ct... 10,000 00 Loan of Sept. 7, 1882, 4 per ct... 10,00 00 Loan of Jan. 4, 1883, 4 per ct... 10,000 00 Loan of Sept. 6, 18-3, 4 per ct... 10,000 00 Loan of Jec. 8, 1884, 4 per ct... 13,000 00 Loan of Jan. 6, 1857, 4 per ct... 11,000 00

Excess of assets BOREST A. RVASS, SAMUEL K. LICHTY.
LANCASTER, June 1, 1887.

Mr. Hartman, of the property committee saked for authority to advertise for proposal for fuel and for permission to make necessary repairs during the vacation. In his judgment it would be economy to have the Lemon street and James street buildings painted and the iron fences at a number of other schools

ing apparatus at the Lime street scho sufficient to warm the building and Mr. Hartman replied that although 100 tons of cost had been burned last year, he believed that when the exposed pipes were covered with asbestos, as they would be during vacation, that the desired heat would be obtained next

Mr. Bernard asked why a fire escape was not put on the building and Mr. Hartman said it had been contracted for months ago and would be put up during the vacation. Mr. Eberman moved that the committee be authorized to advertise for fuel and make

Mr. Byrne, of the text book committee, re

ported progress on the matter of curriculum Dr. McCormick submitted the following

To the Lancaster City School Board:

To the Lancaster City School Board:

GENTS: Acting under the authority granted the committee on furniture and appearatus, at the June meeting of the board, your committee would respectfully report that the contract for furnishing the new school building has been awarded to A. H. Andrews & Co., the lowest bidders.

D. R. McCormick, C. F. Eberman, Geo. F. Sprenger.

Mr. Warlet mid there were two vacancies a Franklin and Marshall college of the

school brard's scholarships and he moved that they be filled. George A. Eagles and Walter Reiscohl were put in nomination and elected to the vacant scholarships.

Mr. McComeey moved to reconsider the vote by which the amendments proposed for free text books were defeated and Mr. Mr. McCommey in making the motion

Free Text Books,

when the question of "free text books" was under consideration at the last meeting of the board, I fest impelled by a sense of duty to oppuse it because it could not then be done with our present tax levy, and I doubted the justice of imposing additional burdens upon those whom it would most affect for such purpose.

Since then, however, the situation has been materially changed. By an act of the legisla-

materially changed. By an act of the legisla-ture the state appropriation for school pur-poses has been increased 50 per cent. This will give us an additional sum sufficient to provide text books for all without interfering with our present financial ar-rangements, or imposing additional tax upon

As the whole population, or number of saxables, is the basis upon which we secure taxables, is the basis upon which we secure our quots of the appropriation, all are equally entitled to participate in the advantages derived from its expenditure.

In view of this fact, I believe that a portion of this fund could not be distributed in a more equitable way than in the purchase of

books for the use of all.

Providing text books for all involves no new principle—we now provide them for the poor—they are only loaned to those who use them. Books are essential to su education as

school.

As a just judge will grant a rehearing and new trial, on the discovery of new swidence, I therefore move that the amendment to the rules relative to the purchase of books be reconsidered. And if this seeming inconsistency shall subject me to criticism, I alone will suffer, trusting that thousands may be benefitted thereby.

The vote to reconsider was as follows:

The vote to reconsider was as follows : Mesers. Bernard, Bolenius, Breneman-Brown, Byrne, Daimstetter, Eberman, Erisman, Griest, Lichty, McComsey, McCormick, Shindle, Sprenger, Warfel, White, Wickersham and Wohlsen -23, voted to reconsider and Messra. Baker, Brown, Coshran, Evans, Hartman, Marshall, Owens, Ringwalt, Shirk, Sayder and Levergood, president—11, voted against reconsideration

A motion was made to adopt the amoudnents proposed, which are as follows : That section 130 be amended so as to read as follows: "All books, paper, slates, pens and ink necessary for the use of the school shall be provided by the board."

as follows: "All school books and supplies named in the foregoing section shall be kept by the city superintendent at his office, and at the beginning of each school term, and from time to time thereafter, shall be dis-

from time to time thereafter, shall be distributed by him to the several schools as their need requires, and at the end of the term shall be returned to his office."

That section 132 be amended so as to read:

"All books and school supplies furnished by the board shall be the property thereof, and shall, when practicable, before leaving the superintendent's office for use in the schools,

Baker spoke in opposition to the that had come over the spirit of the dreams of a few of the members he went on to argue take. It looked to him that the discrepancies as to the discount off vary so much that somebody was going to get chested. He did not believe that the board could buy cheaper than wholesale dealers. Mr. Brosius is for free books on the ground of sympathy for the poor. Every poor person is so known by his neighbors and a poor person should not be asha med to acknowledge his or her poverty. This question had been discussed in the school board fifty years ago by such man and Bishop Bowman, and after a full and free discussion the board decided that it was not policy to adopt free books and in his judgu ent it was not policy to-day.

There was nothing said in reply by the friends of the measure, but they called for the question as soon as Mr. Baker concluded

his argument.
The amendments were adopted by a vote of 23 to 11, two thirds of those present voting for them. Those who voted to reconsider the vote voted for the amendments, and those who voted against the reconsideration voted against the amendments. The vote will be

Mr. Samuel F. Erisman was out of town but learning that the free book question would be brought up for consideration be came 55 miles to attend the meeting and cast

his vote in favor of the measure. Dr. M. W. Raub, who was in favor of free books, was out of town and could not get back, although he made a special effort. Mr. Smeych was also in favor of free text books, but he, too, was out of town.

Reform in Commence

adopted:

Resolved, That the matter of revising the manner and method of conducting the graduating exercises of the high school classes be referred to a special committee of five to be designated by the chair, with instructions to report. (1) Some plan to abate the display and extravagance that characterize our commencements. (2) The propriety of reducing the number of speeches, thus making an honor of each effort. (3) Any other suggestions that may in the judgment of the committee prove beneficial.

The chair appointed as the committee Mesara Greist, Marshall, Cochran, Dr. Raub Mr. Eberman offered the following, which

WAR Adopted:

WHEREAS, The last edition of the "Rules and Regulations of the Board" adopted in 1850 is exhausted, and,

WHEREAS, Said edition contains many rules that are obsolete, some that are conflicting and others that may well be changed, therefore

Resolved, That the president of this board shall appoint two members who with hunself as chairman shall be a committee of three to revise the rules.

self as chairman sanit be a committee of three to revise the rules.

Dr. Levergood, Messra. Etterman and Warfel were named as the committee.

Dr. McCormick moved that the superintending committee devise some plan to carry into effect the free book system, and report at the August meeting of the board. Adopted.

Adjourned.

The clerk of the court has received an ap-idention for a marriage license in which the signature could only be made out in a peculia<sup>r</sup> way and only when explained. 'The justice before whom the silidavit was made wrote on the margin "that the signature was written with the left hand and backwards, that the man could not write any other way and that it could be deciphered by holding the paper in front of a mirror." When this was done

in front of a mirror." When this was done
the signature was very plain.

A widower, 60 years old, called on the clerk
of the marriage license court on Wednesday
and said he wanted to get married, that he
was in a hurry for his license as he had to
hunt a prescher, attend a funeral the same
day and be at Rochester, N. Y., the following
morning or he would lose his situation.

GEN. BLACK'S GOOD WORK.

TRE TRAK'S ERCORD OF THE UNITED STATES PERSION OFFICE.

Well Taken Care Of-Strong Pacis Preconted for the Consideration of Boldiers-The Pacts and the Pigures.

Pension Commissioner Black is inclined to think that the work of the bureau for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1887, is one that will relieve the administration, so far as that office is concerned, from any charge of in-indifference to the interests of the soldiers of the United States. The total number of pension certificates of all kinds issued was 112. The greatest previous record ever made was in 1866, when the original allowances amounted to 50,177, a balance in favor of the year just closed of 5,017. In 1866 but little partment. Twenty-two years have elapsed since the close of the war, and the difficulty of establishing claims for pensions has very largely increased. The record for the year from 1883 to 1886 are given for comparison:

The last year in the list was the first year of Gen. Black's management. The average number of clerks employed in the flacal year of 1883 4 was 1,545; in the flacal year of 1884-5, 1,623; in the fiscal of 1885 6, 1,511, and in the last fiscal year, 1,530. The average working time of the elerical force in the fiscal year of 1884-5 was 266 days, and in the following year, under Gen. Black's adminis-

cal year of 1884-5 was 206 days, and in the following year, under Gen. Black's administration was increased to 281 days, and for the fiscal year just about the same. The total number of claims of sil kinds filed during the year was 176,879, including 51,831 original, 106,517 increase claims, and 18,727 Mexican war claims. The receipts of matter for the year abow a marked increase in the volume of business in the office. There were received 2,234,331 pieces of mait matter, and 1,792,052 were sent out, making a total of 4,026,383 pieces handled, or an average of 12,701 pieces each working day of the year. The average work tra force of the bureau for the year was 1,525,331 the amount of time lost by reason of annif?, leaves, sick leaves, and leaves without pay, qualed the time of 150 employes for one year, making an average of 1,472 employes, including messengers, watchmen, laborers, &c. The time lost by the clerical force during the year averaged 22 days annual leave; 734 days sick leave, and 2 2-5 days without pay. In the specialty of which is the furnishing of the names and nowediffice addresses of officers and army and navy survivors' division, the specialty of which is the furnishing of the specialty of which is the furnishing of the names and postoffice addresses of officers and comrades whose evidence may be found to be necessary in the adjudication of pension claims, there were sent out the names and addresses of 157,227 officers and comrades, which information assisted in the adjudication of 28,029 cases. With out the help furnished by this division it would have been impossible for many an

out the help furnished by this division it would have been impossible or many an applicant to have obtained his pension. The division is also employed in perfecting the records of ex-prisoners of war which will be of incalculable benefit to the bureau and the claimant who was captured by the enemy during his term of service. Nearly 2,700 appeals from the section of the bureau to the secretary of the interior were pending in the law division at the beginning of the fiscal year and 2,649 new cases were received making a total of 5,304. Of this number 3,686 were reopened and referred with proper reports to the secretary of the interior for his decision and action. The percentage of appeals in which the action of the pension bureau was reversed amounted to 5% per cent. The amount paid out for pensions during the year will probably reach the sum of \$74,000,000 and of the appropriations for the expenses of the bureau, salaries, etc., about \$2,500,000 has been expended, leaving a balance of \$75,000 to be turned back into the treasury.

## NOT TO VINIT ST. LOUIS.

be turned back into the treasury.

The Reasons Given by the President Why He President Cleveland will not attend the d Army encampment in St will be seen by the following letter from the

president to Mayor Francis; WASHINTON, D. C., July 4, 1887. (

My Dear Sir.—When I received the extremely cordial and gratifying invitation from the citizens of St. Louis, tendered by a number of her representative men to visit that city during the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, I had been contemplating for some time the acceptance of the invitation from that organization to the same effect and had considered the pleasure which it would afford me if it should be possible to meet not only members of the Grand Army, but the people of St. Louis and other cities in the West, which the occasion would afford me an opportunity to visit. The exactions of my public duties I felt to be so uncertain, however, that when first confronted by the delegation of which you were the head, I expected to do no more at that time than to promise the consideration of the double invitation tendered me, and express the pleasure it would give me to accept the same thereafter, if possible.

But the cordiality and sincerity of your presentation, reinforced by the heartiness of the Republic who surrounded you, so impressed me that I chaid not resist the feeling which prompted me to assure you on the spot that I would be with you and the Grand Army of the Republic upon the public announcement of this conclusion, expressions emanating from certain members of the Grand Army of the Republic, and increasing in volums and virulence, constrained me to review my acceptance of these invitations. The expressions referred to go to the extent of declaring that I would be an unwelcome guest at the time and place of the national encampment. This statement is based, as well as I can judge, upon certain official acts of mine involving important public interess, done under the restraints and obtigations of my oath of office, which do not appear to accord with the wishes of some members of the Grand Army of the Republic. My DEAR SIR-When I received the ex

oath of office, which do not appear to accord
with the wishes of some members of the
Grand Army of the Republic
I refuse to believe that this organization,

I reture to believe that this organization, founded upon patriotic ideas, composed very largely of men entitled to lesting bonor and consideration, and whose crowning glory it should be that they are American citizens as well as veteran soldiers, deems it a part of its mission to compass any object or purpose by attempting to initialidate the executive or coerce those charged with making and executing the laws. And yet the expressions to which I have referred indicate such a prevalence of unfriendly feeling and such a menace to an cocasion which should be harmonious, pesceful and cordial, that they cannot be ignored.

I begyou to understand that I am not con-

ace to an occasion which should be harmonious, peaceful and cordial, that they caused be ignored.

I beg you to understand that I am not conscious of any set of mine which should make me fear to meet the Grand Army of the Republic or any other assemblage of my fellow citizens. The account of my official stewardship is always ready for presentation to my countrymen. I should not be frank if I failed to confess, while disclaiming all resentment, that I have been hurt by the unworthy and wanton attacks upon me growing out of this matter, and the reckless manner in which my actions and motives have been misrepresented both publicly and privately, for which, however, the Grand Army of the Republic, as a body, is by no means responsible.

The threat of personal violence and harm in case I undertake the trip in question, which acores of misguided, unbalanced men under the stimulation of excited feeling have made, are not even considered. Rather than abandon my visit to the West and disappoint your citizens I might, it I alone were concerned, submit to the insult, to which it is quite openly asserted I would be helplessly subjected if present at the examplement; but I should bear with me there the people's highest office, the dignity of which I must protect, and I believe neither the Grand Army of the Rebubble as an erganization nor anything like a majority of its members would ever encourage any condatous attack upon it. If, however, among the members would ever encourage any condatous attack upon it. If, however, among the members would ever encourage any condatous attack upon it is body there are some, as certainly seems to be the case, determined

MURDERED THEIR NEIGHBOR.

A PARKER AND MIS BUR ATTEMPT TO SHOURS A TIMBBE CLAIM.

Disputed Land He Is Attacked by the Claimants Who Use Their Shetguns-Lynching Threater

TOPEKA, Kans., July 8. - News was brough to this city of a most brutal and unprovoked murder of a respected citizen of Harper county, eight miles south of Mead Centre, yes Some time ago a dispute arose between W

J. Carman and two men, father and son, named Woodruff, as to the ownership of a timber claim which lies near the farm of Woodruffs. The Woodruffs contested Mr. Carman's claim to the land. Yesterday orning Cartnan went out on the claim with his team and commenced to cultivate the corn

to denounce me and my official acts at the national encampment I believe they should be permitted to do so unrestrained by my presence as a guest of their organization or as a guest of the hospitable city in which their meeting is held. A number of Grand Army posts have signified their intention, I am informed, to remain away from the encampment in osse Ityleited the city at that time. Without considering the merit of such an excess I feel that I ought not to be the cause of such non-attendance. The time and place of the escampment were fixed long before my invitations were received. Those desirons to participate in its proceedings should be permitted to interfere with their intentions.

Another consideration of more importance than all others remains to be noticed. The fact was referred to by you when you verbally presented the invitation of the citizens of St. Jouis that the coming encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic would be the first held in a Southern state. I suppose this fact was mentioned as a pleasing incident of the fraternal feeling last gaining ground throughout the entire land and hailed by every patriotic citizen as an earnest that the Union has really and in fact been saved in sentiment and apirit, with all the benefits it vouchasfes to a united people.

I cannot rid myself of the belief that the least discord on this propitious occasion might retard the progress of the sentiment of common brotherhood which the Grand Army of the Republic has so good an opportunity to increase and foster. I certainly ought not to be the cause of such discord in any event or upon any pretext. It seems to me that you and the citizens of St. Louis are entitled to this unreserved statement of the conditions which have constrained me to forego my contemplated visit and to with draw my acceptance of your invitation.

My presence in your city at the time you have indicated can be of but little moment compared with the importane of a cordial and harmonious entertainment of your other Roswell B. Woodruff and Menton Wood ruff, each armed with a double-barreled shot gun, soon appeared and ordered him to leave Woodruff fired at him, but the gun was so close that Carman succeeded in knocking the top of his bead. Old man Woodruff then at-tacked Carman. While the fight was going on, young Woodruff rushed up and dis charged both barrels of his gun directly into Carman's body. Carman died shortly after compared with the importane of a cordial and harmonious entertainment of your other guesta. I assure you that I abandon my plan without the least personal feeling or regret, constrained thereto by a sense of duty, actuated by a desire to have any account.

The Woodruffs were arrested, and the feeling of the farmers indicates a probable lynch

Investigation of the Master Regun But Post poned-What a London Paper Says. London, July 8.—The inquiry of the overnment into the police outrage in wrong fully arresting Miss Cass while the latter was quietly walking along Regent street some days ago was begun to-day. Both Miss Case and the police authorities are represented by

The morning papers devote much space to the Case arrest and to a meeting of shop keepers who remonstrated against the police

and the magistrate. The Telegraph has this comment : "One o during the encampment has created considerable feeling. The committee that took the invitation to the president feel that their labor has been in vain and are strong in their denunciation of the men who were instrumental in the defeat of their plan. Their friends are equally displeased, especially so as the citizens generally of St. Louis had made a great effort to induce the president to make the visit. The chagrin was so great with many that they wish to organize immediately to invite the Grand Army to find another place for their encampment and some promised a very key reception to the gallant soldiers. There were many others, however, who saw the wisdom of the president's course and were pleased that the city had been relieved of what promised to be an unpleasant affair. They felt that the city had been humiliated and are indignant about it, but agree that the Grand Army's encampment shall be a glorious success and at some other time the president shall have a reception in keeping with the high office he holds.

In regard to this the citizens' committee determined to take immediate steps and assembled in the office of Mayor Francis and discussed the situation. It was unanimously conceded to be an infortunate state of affairs, and steps were the president. two references made at the meeting to the contrast shown between the condition of the New York streets and those of the English capital. In the American city Mr. Jay with perfect truth, that the young ladies who suited and had no suspicion cast upon them and he attributed this fact to their not being ters. America in this respect is a long way shead of the old country.

LONDON, July 8-The inquiry into the arrest of Miss Cass, which was begun this morning, has been postponed. Mrs. Bowman, the employer, of the young woman was present at the inquiry and will, when against the summary treatment she received

CINCINNATI, July 8 .- A mortgage from the Kentucky Central railroad company to the Metropolitan Trust company, of New York, was left with the recorder of Kentour county, Ky., yesterday. It is for \$7,000,000 four per cent, gold bonds issued by the railroad com pany. The whole line of the railroad and its branches, together with all its franchises, privileges, rolling stock, etc., is covered by

AUTION OF BALBUT COUNCIL. It Refuses to Pass the Common Branch's Res Improvement.

An adjourned meeting of select council was

held Thursday evening as provided for by the action of council on Wednesday evening. The following named members were pres-Riddle, White, Wise and Evans, president The resolution passed by common counci on Wednesday evening adopting Engineer Cross "plan No. 2" for the improvement of tion when select council adjourned, was read.

Dr. Bolenius again objected to concurring in the action of common council. The rewould cost \$82,000, the Ranck property \$22,000, and contingencies would take up the balance of \$125,000 voted by the people for president of the United States."

The veterans gave three cheers and a tiger with a vigor and earnestness that made the air ring. As its echoes died away the president, with a smile, addressed the visitors as follows:

"I can only say to you, gentlemen, that I am glad to meet you here. I have extended to you this courtesy as I have lately with much pleasure to other posts of the Grand Army of the Republic on their way home from visits to their Southern friends. I want you to understand that I have lost no confidence in the Grand Army of the Republic as an organization, notwithstanding recent occurrences to which it is not necessary further to aliude. It is incomprehensible to me that men who have risked their lives to save the government should return bome to sewerage and water improvements, and thus there would be no money left for sewering

the northern part of the city.

Mr. Riddle explained that if "plan No.
2" was adopted there would be no necessity for sewering the northern part of the city further than the city suburbs, from which point there would be an open sewer through the run. The committee in saking for pro possis for sewering had no thought of awarding the work without the approval of coun-

cessity for advertising for plans and specificacouncils had had before them for a year or more past such plans and specifications toer with their estimated cost.

Mr. Wise said that the change of location to the site above the railroad bridge would not add anything to the present supply of water ; it would only draw the supply from a purer source. As we have been using the water from the present source for a great many years without suffering from its impurity, he was willing to risk it a few years longe rather than spend \$125,000 for the change. It it could be shown that the plan proposed would give us an increase of water he would

Mr. Remley said the committee had fallen far short in their work. They should have employed an engineer to make plans and specifications for a new reservoir on College hill together with its cost and the cost of the

land on which to build it. Mr. Riddle said the money voted by the people was for improved water supply and sewering. The question of a new reservoir was not under discussion when the money was voted. That matter might come up in the near future. If there are plans and specifications for sewering new plaus need not be advertised for. The adoption of the plan to remove the works above the ratiroad bridge will greatly reduce the cost of sewer-ing the northern part of the city, as the sewer can be led into the run that empties into the Conestoga at Ranck's dam.

After a good deal more discussion among members, Mr. Riddle moved that select council concur in the action of common council. The yeas and nays were called for and resulted as follows: Yeas—Mesers. Davis, Long, Riddle and Evans, president. Nays—Mesers. Bolenius, Remley, White and Wise. So the motion to concur was lost by a tie

On motion council adjourned until next l'uesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

BURLINGTON, Vt., July 8.—To-day's exercises of the American institute of instruction, which are the last of the convention, were opened by Thomas Emerson, superintendent of schools at Newton, Mass., with a paper on "Free Text Books." The gentieman said "Free Text Books." The gentleman said that there were twenty states which had yet made no provision for free school books, and in seven others the laws allow cities and towns their option in the matter. Philadelphia has furnished free text books for seventy years. Maine was the first state to do this, and in Massachuseits it is compaisory to furnish them.

SHOUTING AT CLAY PIGBORS.

In a field near McGrann's park shooting match took place yesterda afternoon. There was quite a good-size crowd present and among the number were several members of the Harrisburg Gun du who had come here upon the invitation of the Lancaster gunners. There were no prizes or anything of the kind, but the

natches were merely friendly ones for the sport and practice afforded. and the first match was between four men bers each of the Lancaster and Harrisht teams. Each man shot at five birds. T

The second match was open for everybody and there were fourteen entries. Each ma was very good that of others was very bad are somewhat green. The score in full of this maich was as follows:

It will be seen by the score that Mayor Fritchey, of Harrisburg, is no slouch of a nuner. He is alive to all kinds of sport and a first class fellow.

entertained at Copland's by members of the Lancaster club, and they had a good time until a late train arrived. Dr. Carver and J. L. Brewer, the great

gunners, who will shoot here on Monday, attended the match of yesterday afternoon, took no part.

THE PISHING OLUBS OF LANCASERS. What The Members are Doing or Proposing to Do This not Weather.

Alderman Deen, of the East End Fishing

club, now in camp at Weise's Island, re-

turned to Lancaster last evening. He says that

the boys are having a splendid time, although bass fishing has been poor, as the river is muddy. Yesterday Johnny Hubley, the photographer, visited the club and took their pictures in different styles. of heavy weights. There were ten in the party and not one of the number weighed less than 200 pounds. They are on a picture of their own. One of the funniest pictures of the day was taken of Ab. Drachbar, who had wonderful make-up. The club will return to this city to-morrow evening. Samuel Erisman, a member of the club, who is a school director, came home last evening to attend a meeting of the board, but he hastened back to the Susquehanna this morning. Officer Beachler, who is one of the leading members of the party, came up to transact some business for the club last evening and intended to make an early start back this morning. He overslept himself, but will not desert the boys, for he will go back

The Orion Gunning and Fishing club, which encamped for the first time as an organization last season, are making extensive preparations for this year's trip. They will leave Lancaster next Monday morning and go to Weise's Island, where they will remain

during the week. The Weise's Island club are getting them-selves in readiness for the annual trip, and they will leave about the 1st of August Twenty gentlemen from Philadelphia, Lan-caster, Oxford and Quarryville, have made arrangements for a pleasant fishing trip on the Chesapoake bay. They have chartered the steam yacht "Anna," from a Baltimore firm, for one week. On Monday, August 1st, the party will come together at Havre De Grace, (Md.), where they will be met by their vessel. They will leave the same afternoon for

a cruise on the bay, and will spend most of their time fishing. They will visit Tolches-ter, the famous picnic grounds, and other prominent resorts on the bay. The executive committee of the Algor-quin club meet this evening at the resi-dence of Rev. Dr. J. Max Hark to make final arrangements for a week's camp at York Furnace, to begin on the first Mon-

day in August.

A party consisting of Col. B. Frank Eshleman, S. H. Yundt and Harry L. Trout, spent yesterday at Haines' station on the Columbia & Port Deposit railroad. One of the party to day told some pretty stiff stories about the fish they caught, but it has been learned that they did not even have a line or pole in their

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The office of the register of wills for this district is being overhauled and repaired. Among the old papers found in the search was an instrument made by General Kosciusko on May 5, 1798. The paper reads as follows:

paper reads as follows:

"I, Thaddeus Kosciusko, being just on my departure from America, do hereby declare and direct that should I make no other testamentary disposition of my property in the United States, I hereby authorize my friend Thomas Jefferson to employ the whole thereof in purchasing negroes from among his own or any others, and freeing them in my name; in giving them an education in trades or otherwise, and in having them instructed for their new condition in the duties of morality that may make them good neighbors, good fathers or mothers, husbands or wives; and, in their duties as citizons, teaching them to be defenders of their liberty and country, and of the good order of society, and in whatsoever may make them happy and useful; and I make the said Thomas Jefferson executor of this.

T. Kosciusko."

TELEGRAPHIC TAPS. Dr. E. B. North, the Wabash railway physician, who was shot Thursday by Christianson in Peru, Ind., died at 4:30 this morning. William kelly, carpenter, of Brooklyn, stepped on a nail a few days ago and died of lookjaw this morning.

The Baltimore & Onio railway suspended 150 men from its railway shops at Newark, Ohio, and the remaining force is to work nine hours.

Only, and a sum of the sum of the National rubber works at Bristol, B.
I., have shut down for an indefinite period.
Over 1,200 hands are thrown out of work.
Over 1,200 hands are thrown out of work.

Over 1,200 hands are thrown out of work.
Overstocked storehouses is the cause of the shutdown.

The trial of Mesars. Klein, Grebert and Erhart for treason, in Liepeld, has resulted in the sentencing of Klein to six years and Grebert five years in the pentientiary, and in the acquittal of Erhart.

Mrs. Margaret Green died at her home near Cerro Gordo, Ilia, to-day, aged 83 years. When Abraham Limoln was afflicted with smallpox, at Heardstown, Ilia, many years ago, Mrs. Green was his nurse.

Arrived in Dublis.

DUBLIE, July & -- Mgrs. Persico and Gualdi, the special commissioners sent by the Vatican to enquire into the condition of Ireland, arrived here last night.

THEY WILL OBJECT.

BE SHUL BER IN CHESINGS TO MARY THE DEPROPRYAL

Goarding the Orene at Several Fra New Men Being Re

EVERSON, PA., July 8.—It is expected a the next attempt to resume work in the m ufacturing of coke under Pinkerten and protection will be made here, and the early are arranging to counternot such effort. At Alice, Bessemer and Moorwood was the strikers, five hundred strong, are cal-ing out to watch the ovens, and express ca-fidence in their ability to restet the Phila-ton men, also declaring that they will a vacate the company houses. EVERSON, PA., July 8. - It is es

A Cochran's works near Dawson last oring. It is reported that over sixty measuresting at Jimtown to-day. At Coelbert fifteen new men were employed y but only four reported for duty th ing. Everything is quiet at West Loise ring to day, and the managers of the col

works declare that the strike is broken. Au important delegate convention

LATER.—Thirty-seven delegates are attending the convention now in assista. The question of a compromise is under discussion.

The men believe that they can now return to work quietly and subsequently arrange a scale of wages by which rates will be fixed for the year. This shows that the etrikers now realize the hopicsmess of a futu clation officials will effect an orderly retreat and have all the men recume work at once rather than destroy their organization by breaking. The am men may that they will act independent of the Kuights of Labor, leaving the latter to save themselves. The Knights meet in convention on Monday. The last reports and 125 men are working at Jimtown and every-

Sr. Louis, July 8.—The health department made a startling discovery yesterday in Henry Weasel's South St. Louis dairy. He keeps fifty cows and supplies a large part of the city with milk. Fifteen cows died during remainder of his cattle are down with the day. Inspector Mulhail destroyed fifty gal-lous of the infected milk which he found on the premises. An investigation showed that a berd of Texas cattle had been drives through a pasture where Wessel's cows h been feeding and the disease is supposed to

have spread in this manner. Br. Louis, July 8.—The Sunday law which went into effect on June 26 last, and which closes saloons, beer gardens, theatres, do, received a decided black eye in a decision of Judge Noonan, of the court of criminal corrested for violating the law and by the case was made a test one. Judge Noomen dismissed the case on the ground that the recent act which repealed the special in the be sold on Sunday in St. Louis did not revive regulating the traffic in this city. The salcon-keepers are rejoicing greatly while the tem-

fight will now be for total prohibition.

NEW YORK, July 8.-Arturo Machado, a young Cuban, whose family is among the best known in Havans, was to-day committies and corrections as he had become vic-lently insano. He came to this country to learn English, and lived for a time at Wil-mington, Del. He became ill there and was nursed by a young lady with whom he fell in love. She would not marry him, and he lost his mind. He was brought to this city by a friend. Last night he became violent and attempted to kill his friend. It is not

NEW YORK, July 8.—The newly organized Jewelers' exchange opened its rooms in the Astor house this morning. Last evening Theodore J. English, of Newark, N. J., was elected president of the 'change; Walter Gardiner, of Providence, R. I., and Siephem Albro, of Providence, vice presidents, and John W. Senior, secretary and treasures. About 75 jewelers of this and other cities have become members. The object of the exchange is to establish headquarters where jewelers from other cities may meet members of the trade in New York and local jewelers may meet each other. Booths for the dis-NEW YORK, July 8.—'The newly orga

may meet each other. Booths for the dis-play of goods will be erected. LAFAYETTE, Ind., July 8.—Lest Saturday morning Mrs. Lydia M. Wilson applied for and was granted a divorce from her husband, Austin Wilson. This action caused considerable surprise, as it was supposed that they were happily wedded. A still greater surprise was created when it was learned that on the following Tuesday (July 5) Mr. Wilson applied for and was granted a license to remarry the woman who was

A Heroic Womas.

GALENA, Ill., July 8.—Lest evening while
Mrs. Bautch was engaged in cleaning a boruspower feed mill, her hand was suddenly
caught and drawn in between the rollers and
horribly crushed. Mr. Bautch stopped the
machinery, and being unable to draw his
wite's hand out, cut the mangled member
from the arm at the wrist. Mrs. Bantch
drove to town and submitted to reamputation
of the arm by physicians and returned home
over a rough road, riding fourteen miles with
the mercury nearly 100 in the shade.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 8.—Ges. In W. Heath, of Grand Rapids, was arrested a caples issued at the instance of Robert Walker who claims \$10,000 for the alies of his wife's affections. Ges. Heath prominent citizen and politicies. He consider a member of the licen national committee for Michigan, and has held the position for the last six years. He was released on bond for \$5,000.

HOMBAY, July 8—A dispatch from Cab-mys that the Ameer of Afghantstan is nalled a proclamation on the gates of Cases har underseath the Koran, offering free pa-don and two years remission of taxes to a rebels who surrender and renew their alleg ance to the ameer.

Hoven Fortab in a Pire.

EDINBURGH, July L.—A fatal fire continues in light at Ardinabos, Suteshire. A libouse at that place was burned to the grand three men and four men arrivate incinerated before they could be pursued.

WASHINGTON, D. U., July I Restern Possitivenia I Wind coming southerly, stationary in