



EDITOR HOFFER NOT GUILTY.

THE EVIDENCE ON WHICH THE ALLEGED LIBELIOUS PUBLICATION WAS MADE—THE CASE GIVEN TO THE JURY—THE VERDICT—THE JURY DISCHARGED.

Wednesday Afternoon.—The trial of J. H. Hoffer, of the Mt. Joy Herald, for publishing the article on the case of Mrs. Storer, was resumed when court re-assembled at 2:30 o'clock in the presence of a good-sized audience.

Counsel for defense offered to prove that Mr. Hoffer was helpless through illness a week prior to the publication of the libelous article and to several weeks afterwards, but the offer was overruled and defendants took an exception.

The accused was the next witness called and he testified that he lived at Mt. Joy for twenty years, was the owner of a printing office and was the proprietor of the Mt. Joy Herald.

Elizabeth Whitman, also a resident of Union Square, testified that she had a conversation with Henry Koser's house, with Laura Stoner, in the presence of Fanny Buffenmoyer, in January, and that Mr. Stoner in that conversation said she had eloped, that he had a good time and the next time they went they would go further.

Fanny Buffenmoyer corroborated Mrs. Whitman's testimony as to the conversation. Reuben Koser testified that he lived at Sporting Hill and that on one occasion he drove Reuben Stoner to Henry Koser's house where Laura Stoner was, and that he remained away from his home all that night and only went home at noon the next day.

J. E. Hoffer, son of the defendant, testified that he was in charge of the Mt. Joy Herald on January 1, 1887, and the information as to the facts contained in the alleged libelous article was furnished by Jacob B. Lora; he said he had no malice against the plaintiff, and when told that the report of the elopement was not correct he published the article in the following issue, which was read to the jury. It was published in Wednesday's INTELLIGENCER.

J. H. Hoffer, the defendant, was re-called and testified that he had not now nor never did have any malice against Mrs. Stoner.

The defendant Mrs. Stoner was called and she testified in toto all the allegations in the article of January 1. As to the conversation testified to by Mrs. Whitman and Fanny Buffenmoyer her version was that Mrs. Koser was teasing her about the elopement with Stoner and she said she was away with her sister at that time and could not see her and she would elope, but if ever she did elope she would go far enough away.

Mary Ann Koser, at whose house the conversation took place, testified that all that was said was in fun and Mrs. Stoner said the next time she would go further and take "stony" malice.

Newton Gibble testified that on the 29th of December he drove Mrs. Stoner from his father's house to the railroad station and checked her baggage to Cordelia station on the Reading & Columbia railroad. He did not see her again for two weeks, when he saw her and his father and she was not with her any of the times he saw her.

Abraham Gramm, living near Cordelia, testified that Mrs. Stoner came to his house to do some sewing on December 20 and she left on the following day after receiving a telegram to go to her sister, Mrs. Kint, who was sick.

Christian Morgan, the telegraph operator, testified to receiving a message for Mrs. Stoner and delivering it to her. She bought a ticket on December 21 for Manheim.

Mrs. Abraham Gramm testified that Mrs. Stoner took some sewing to do for her when she left on December 21 and she did not see her again until after January 1st.

Wm. Kint testified that Mrs. Stoner came to his house, to nurse his wife, on December 21 and she remained there until January 2d.

Dr. E. H. Wittmer testified to attending Mrs. Kint in her illness from December 21 until January 2 and saw Mrs. Stoner three or four times during that period.

After some further cumulative evidence the testimony was closed, and counsel began their argument. At the conclusion of the argument court adjourned until Thursday morning.

Thursday Morning.—This morning in the case of J. H. Hoffer, charged with libel, the jury was charged and they retired shortly before half-past nine o'clock.

At 2:30 p. m. the jury in the case of the commonwealth vs. J. H. Hoffer, tried for libel, entered court and rendered a verdict of not guilty, but defendant to pay the costs of prosecution. The court sentenced the defendant in accordance with the verdict.

The case of Adam Oblander, charged with embezzlement by Monterey lodge of Odd Fellows, was next taken up. The counsel for the defense filed a demurrer to the indictment, on the ground that it was not a crime under the laws of this State.

In the case of commonwealth versus Samuel Eaby, charged with larceny as bailie, a verdict of not guilty was taken, as the case could not be proved in the absence of counsel and witnesses there was no other cases ready for trial to-day. As there are but a few cases left on the list for trial, and it was not certain that they would be ready to-morrow, the court discharged the jurors for the remainder of the week.

The returned Grand Jurors.—The general session of the Reformed church, which has been in session at Akron, Ohio, for eight days, adjourned Wednesday afternoon. Much important business was transacted in the closing hours. The new constitution, which has been in the hands of a committee for some time, was finally reported and adopted without debate.

The report of the committee on board of foreign missions, recommending that fifteen thousand dollars be raised annually for foreign missions, was adopted and the action of the women in organizing a general board of missions was approved. A temporary resolution was adopted. It expressed profound respect and sorrow at the evil of intemperance, and calls upon all synods, classes and churches to unite in zealous and Christian effort looking towards its speedy extermination.

The report of the committee on church union was adopted. It cited the fact that the Reformed church had always been ready to extend the right hand of fellowship to all Christians and bailed with joy the signs of a closer union of God's people.

The Ladies' Presbyterial Home Mission society is in session to-day in the Presbyterian church at Columbia. The society is composed of delegates from all the churches in the presbytery. The delegates from Lewisburg are Mrs. J. T. Mitchell, Mrs. Robert B. Underwood and Miss Belle Anderson.

WHAT THEY HAD TO ANSWER.

The Powers That Were Put at the Teachers of West Chester.

SCENES, June 7.—County Superintendent Broehl held his annual examination of teachers for West Chester township at the Shobacco school house on Tuesday. The class consisted of twelve members, six of whom received certificates. The following questions were submitted to the members of the class to test their knowledge in the different branches:

1. Arithmetic.—A, B and C start at the same point to travel around a lake 64 miles in circumference. A travels 7 miles a day, B 10 miles a day in the same direction, and C travels 14 miles a day in an opposite direction. In how many days will they all meet?

2. A and B traded together. A put in 500 for 600 days, and received 1/4 of the gain. The number of dollars B put in was equal to the number of days it was employed in trade. What was the gain?

3. The duty is 19 per cent on an importation of molasses 5000 lbs. What was the invoice of goods? 4. A bushel of rye was sold for \$31.50 which was a reduction of 30 per cent from cost. Find the cost per gallon?

5. How many square feet of plaster 5 feet in diameter be to coat 7 barrels? 6. Find the 12th term of the series 30, 15, 7 1/2, etc.

7. Show that 10 square chains equals an acre. 8. Find the reciprocal of 5/7.

9. In what two ways may the value of a fraction be changed? 10. Define plateau, mountain system, zone and axis.

11. Name the industrial resources of Illinois. 12. Name the educational resources of Pennsylvania.

13. Draw a map of Europe. 14. Physiology.—Discuss 1. Effect of exercise on the various organs; 2. The structure and action of the stomach; 3. When, when and how to eat; 4. Why the stomach is called the Medulla Oblongata; 5. The effects of alcohol on the stomach; 6. Explain what is meant by the term "indigestion"; 7. Explain what is meant by the term "dyspepsia"; 8. Analyze the following verses.

15. Name the authors, read and clear. 16. Name the authors, read and clear. 17. Name the authors, read and clear.

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COL. DUFFY ENTERTAINS.

THE BARBERS' CLUB ATTERED HIS ANNUAL DINNER AT HARRISBURG.

The Distinguished People of the Presbytery—Organization of the Board—Dr. G. W. Reich Preaches—Festive Dinner—The Barbers' Club attered his annual dinner at Harrisburg on Tuesday evening last.

HARRISBURG, June 8.—Col. James Duffy gave a magnificent dinner to the members of the Barbers' Club at Harrisburg on Tuesday evening last. The dinner was given at the Hotel Pennsylvania and was a most successful one.

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CLAIMED SHOWERS WAS INHUMAN.

An Ansville Minister Preaches On the Mental Condition of the Murderer.

It is now a settled fact that the defense of the Philadelphia murderer, the accused slayer of his two little girls, in Ansville, Lebanon county, will be insanity. His friends claim that if he did kill the boys he did it while in an insane state of mind, and that he has now no recollection of having committed the crime.

The sermon of Rev. Mr. Deitzler in Ansville last Sunday has created quite a sensation among the country folks in and around Ansville, and the strong feeling against Showers has been expressed.

The reversed sentiment after introducing the subject of the murder and the finding of the bodies of the children, said:

"Thomas could not get into an orphan's home. No family would take them. Thomas could not get a housekeeper. Alarmed and distressed, with tears in his eyes, he sought refuge in the arms of his mother, and she, in her anguish about the fate of the motherless boys, this preyed upon the old man's mind. It was his mother's prayer that the boys should be his sons. He had arrived at a time of life when marriage was farthest from his thoughts. He had given up all hope of ever seeing his boys, and he had given up all hope of ever seeing his boys."

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CAUSE FOR ALARM.

EMPEROR WILLIAM RECOGNIZES OPEN ENEMY'S POSITION.

He is in Delicate Health—Frederick Wilhelm is Suffering From an Incurable Malady, and Hismarch is Growing Feeble, German Official Circles Agitated.

LONDON, June 9.—A Berlin correspondent writes that the possibility of great apprehensions prevails in official circles in that city. The emperor has fretted so much over the misfortune of the crown prince that he is in a mental condition which unfits him for the transactions of even routine business, and his own delicate health is put in grave peril by anxiety. The physician and the surgeon have begun to administer hypodermic injections of morphia to produce sleep. What the result of reaction from this treatment is likely to be on a system enfeebled by age, is not a reassuring subject for contemplation, but has been alarmed by the doctors that the emperor would eventually die of some sudden attack of his chief ailment, diarrhoea, which would prove too obstinate for their remedies. The use of morphia is said by eminent medical men whom the correspondent has consulted on the subject to be very risky in view of the complications. The emperor's life hanging by a thread, the crown prince suffering from an incurable and fearful malady, and Hismarch himself growing feeble, there are certain to be difficult situations in store for Germany. It is not apparent upon the surface just who it is to be relied upon to supply efficiently the places of these important persons when in the course of nature they are removed from activity. General Boulanger, it may be appropriate to add in this connection, commented recently in conversation with an English officer upon the fact that all of Germany's great generals were so old that they could not possibly take an active part many years longer in the conduct of field operations. The French general did not place so much stress upon this fact in itself as upon what he asserted to be the paucity of younger officers of ability in the German army. He declared that he could hardly name one such officer who could be relied upon to assume charge of a command and cope with an enemy commanded by any one of half a dozen generals whom he named in the service of either England or France. If this allegation be well founded it furnishes additional reason for anticipation of a European war, and it is not impossible that the chances are likely to soon occur in the German sovereignty.

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