INTELLIGENCER

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY AT THE YEAR (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

AT ONE DOLLAR PER QUARTER, FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR, PAYABLE WEEKLY TO CARRIERS IN LANCASTER AND ADJOINING PLACES, WHERE CARRIER DELIVERY IS MADE; SINGLE COPIES, TWO CENTS; SENT TO SUBSCRIBERS BY MAIL, ONE DOLLAR A MONTH, INCLUDING SUNDAY EDITION.

ADVERTISING RATES

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	6 in.	12 in.	1 col.
1 day	$ 50	$ 75	$ 100	$ 150	$ 200	$ 375
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6 months	8 00	12 00	15 00	18 00	24 00	36 00
1 year	10 00	15 00	18 00	24 00	30 00	50 00

The Weekly Intelligencer

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING.

$1.25 A YEAR, $1.00 FOR SIX MONTHS, CLUBS OF TEN (AND UPWARDS) AND A COPY FREE TO PERSONS GETTING UP CLUBS.

SUBSCRIPTIONS COLLECTED FROM EVERY PART OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA. ALL ANONYMOUS LETTERS WILL BE CONSIGNED TO THE WASTE BASKET.

Address all Letters and Telegrams to:

THE INTELLIGENCER,

Intelligencer Building, Lancaster, Pa.

The Lancaster Intelligencer.

LANCASTER, MAY 26, 1887.

The Shame of the Republicans.

Four days have gone by since the discovery of the brazen election frauds in the Sixth ward and no effort has been made by the Republican party to wipe out this foul disgrace.

When before the primary election, President John H. Landis wrote an address to the Republican voters of Lancaster county, he declared that the Republican party "cannot afford to allow Democratic methods to dictate Republican nominations," and then falsely assumed that the Bill Tweed methods in New York met with Democratic approval.

But Mr. Landis knows that Bill Tweed in all his brazen audacity and political unscrupulousness never dared to attempt such an open outrage on the ballot box as was successfully performed in the Sixth ward. At least seventy-one ballots were stolen from one of the candidates, and the Republican party by its official representatives has condoned the crime.

Mr. Landis knows that Bill Tweed was driven from power by Democratic indignation, and that that illustrious Democrat, Samuel J. Tilden, led the movement against him. If Tweed's methods were Democratic, they were sternly repudiated by the Democracy. Will Lancaster county Republicanism rise to the same high plane and scourge from its temple the moneychangers who have made its name a byword and a reproach?

Evading Decision.

The Dauphin court has refused the preliminary injunction asked for by the state to restrain the pooling agreement of the railroads. The ground upon which Judge Simonton places his decision is that preliminary injunctions are only properly granted to prevent a present irremediable injury, and that in this case no need exists to interpose the arm of the law until the final hearing is had and the rights of the parties are determined upon a full hearing and investigation. Upon the face of it this decision seems proper enough, as the state can afford to wait for a decision of the questions it raises, until they can be fully inquired into. The practices of the railroads which it claims to be unlawful, have been for a long time in existence, and the public may suffer less by a short continuance of them than the railroads would by their interruption; and if they are only to be temporarily interrupted, they may as well be continued.

But the fact does not seem to be altogether as Judge Simonton represents it. The truth is, as we understand it, that there was a full inquiry and argument had of the matters at issue at the hearing of the preliminary injunction; and the Dauphin court has taken so long a time to render its decision thereon that it must be presumed to have given the matter very careful consideration, and to be as well equipped for a deliverance of its opinion as it is likely to be after a final hearing. There seems to be no good reason for a delay in its adjudication. And the fact probably is that no final hearing will ever be reached; at least under this state administration. The present disposition of the cases is doubtless the burial, and is so designed to be. This result is not so disastrous now as it would have been before the inter-state law killed the pooling business. The wrongs of this kind that have been done will not be redressed; but we are in no great danger of like wrongs in the future. The railroads escape, but the people are free; without thanks to the Pennsylvania judiciary.

Monopoly of Land by Indians.

Senator Platt expressed surprise at the monopoly of valuable land by Indians who refuse to use it and persist in their savage life, but he might have saved himself the trouble of a visit to a reservation if this information is all that he has gained. Making use of sources of information that were easily within the reach of the senator, the Washington correspondent of the New York *Herald* furnishes facts that will considerably increase the surprise of those who have not given attention to the matter. "The Iowas, numbering 84 people, hold 228,418 acres, most of which they have leased to a cattle company, contrary to law. The Kickapoos number 240 people; they hold 206,466 acres. The Quawpaws number 52 and hold 56,685 acres. The Eastern Shawnees number 69 persons and hold 13,048 acres. The Kansas number 225 persons. They hold 100,137 acres. The various Indians in the Peoria reservation number 206 persons. They hold 50,301 acres." 79,479 people, Indians, half-breeds and whites, the latter traders and laborers, hold the Indian territory, an area of over 44,000,000 acres of land. Nearly 20,000,000 of it belongs to the five civilized tribes and is exempt from the new law allotting lands in severalty. Secretary Lamar is now laboring to annul the illegal cattle leases by which large areas of these lands have been secured for the use of cattle syndicates. It is estimated that the allotment of land in severalty will throw open about 40,000,000 acres to settlement and would by the sale of these surplus lands give the Indians an income large enough for support without dependence on their farms. It is expected that individual ownership will induce a large majority to give more attention to their land, and that it will be a great improvement on the present system of tribal ownership.

The Makers of Pig.

The Western pig iron makers are reported to have determined, at a meeting held in Pittsburg, to notify the coke manufacturers that they will not hereafter pay more than $1.50 per ton for the coke, the present price being $2.00. This result has been reached in consequence of the depressed state of pig iron prices, and because of the fact that a great many Western furnaces are shut down now, on account of the coke strike, and nearly all will have to shut down if it continues. Why the price of pig iron falls, with the prospect of its suddenly decreased production, is a conundrum, which is probably explained by the general belief that there will be no such continued strike as to put many furnaces out of blast. If, however, the pig iron makers demand a heavy reduction in the price of their coke fuel, it is evident that there is no likelihood of an early resumption of coke manufacture. The coke workers are striking for wages which the operators say they cannot afford to give when getting $2 per ton for coke; of course if they get but $1.50 per ton they cannot pay their workmen their present rate of wages to say nothing of an increase.

It is possible, however, that the ironmakers, in view of the dullness of their trade, are quite ready to bank their furnaces for awhile, and take the convenient opportunity to strike for lower coke. If the demand for pig iron continues slack they will get it; but if their iron is wanted, they will pay for their coke all that they must. The demand for pig iron is not likely to fall off very much. There will be an immense consumption of iron in the future. There is an immense production too. The logic of the situation indicates lower prices for raw material and a fair profit for manufacture.

IF Commodore Hiestand had been counted out for Congress in the Sixth ward, would the *Examiner* maintain its present awful silence on the subject of election frauds?

A PARTY that is not capable of self-purification is not worthy to live.

THE five civilized tribes of the Indian Territory illustrate the prevailing tendency of tribal ownership; among them there are found many wealthy men who hold farms of over a thousand acres, one of eight thousand acres, which are managed on modern plans with the very best machinery, barns and stables. The owners of these estates have no better title to the land than the poorest of their own hands, for the soil belongs to the tribe in common, but according to their laws and usages any Indian may exclude from land that he was the first to occupy and cultivate all other members of the tribe; and so by inheritance or prior occupation the land is rapidly passing into the hands of a few intelligent, enterprising and selfish men. Agent Owen says: "The Wichita Valley, in the Chickasaw Nation, is almost a solid farm for fifty miles. It is cultivated by white laborers, largely with Chickasaw landlords. I saw one farm there said to contain eight thousand acres, another four thousand, and many other large and handsome places."

SURELY the *Examiner* believes in the purity of elections. Why is such sepulchral silence concerning the Sixth ward frauds maintained in its editorial columns?

SINCE the great Brooklyn bridge was opened four years ago, 80,075,000 persons have crossed the structure. The total receipts in that period have been $2,405,789. The traffic has grown from $12,000 a month to $75,000, and the number of passengers from 500,000 a month to nearly 3,000,000.

THE *Examiner* has not yet editorially discovered that there was election fraud in the Sixth ward.

THE statement of foreign commerce and immigration for April, 1887, corrected to May 20th, shows a steady increase of both exports and imports. The exports for the first four months of 1887 were $21,590,012 in excess of the exports for the same period of last year, and the imports for the same period shows a similar increase of $16,080,467. In the same time we have received 137,406 immigrants against 90,089 in the first four months of 1886. The immigration for April, 1887 was 73,107 against 49,158 in April, 1886. Of these 25,818 came from Great Britain and Ireland, the last little country sending over thirteen thousand of them. Germany sent 14,743 sturdy emigrants, and Sweden and Norway 11,133. The total imigration for the ten months ending April 30, 1887, is 334,196 or about one hundred and five thousand more than for the ten months ending April 30th, 1886.

THIS is the time of the year when every good Democrat of Lancaster congratulates himself that he is not a Republican.

THE Methodist Episcopal ministers holding a meeting in Philadelphia are very much disturbed over the publicity that has been given to the fierce attack of Mr. Thomas W. Price on several of the committees, and the exciting debate that followed. This was some two weeks ago and the clergy have since that memorable day been sitting with doors closed to reporters. They do not seem to be troubled half so much over the attack and the extremely undignified scenes that followed, as they are by the publicity that has been given it by reporters.

One gentleman said that the meeting had at times been fortunate in having present gentlemen of the press who exercised discretion as to incidents which could not be placed before the public in a dignified and edifying way, but last week was a sad exception. Another reverend gentleman still bore upon his cheek the blush occasioned by the publication of the tumultuous proceedings of that meeting. The Rev. J. T. Kirkpatrick was manly enough to say that the reports were true almost to the letter and he did not propose to deny them. But this divine saw fit to read an essay on popular amusements including base ball, referring with mis giving to a report that $10,000 had been offered for an accomplished player and contending that the church should direct these sports and not allow satan full sway. Very well, let the clergy organize a nine.

THE "banner Republican ward" ought to be called "the ballot-box stuffer's Paradise."

THE burning of the Theatre Comique in Paris, gives a surprising exhibition of French coolness and nerve. One would have thought that a people so excited would have lost all self control and make a rush for the door just as the more stolid English and American audiences have done; but the large audience kept their seats until the doors were opened and so avoided a holocaust. We are accustomed to sneer at the nervousness of the French, but their conduct in this emergency should be a lesson to American audiences. As is almost always the case in disasters of this kind, most of the lives lost were sacrificed through fear. Many were afraid to walk along a cornice which was their only avenue of escape, and strangely enough jumped directly to the ground and were killed. Another feature of the disaster that is familiar is the fact that warning of the dangerous condition of the building had been given some time before by the Paris newspapers. Warnings of the kind are seldom heeded. The iron curtain which delayed the spread of the flames is a device worthy of imitation in all our theatres.

McCABE was to hang to-day, but he has been respited till June 30. It is very amusing to respite a murderer who is a successful fugitive from justice.

THE People' palace, which has been opened by the queen, is the result of the consciousness, which has rather suddenly come upon the British aristocracy, of the unhappy condition of a very large proportion of the population of London. It is planned on a very ambitious scale and the queen's hall now open is intended to form the nucleus of a vast pile of buildings, which will be endowed as technical schools, libraries, concert halls, refreshment rooms; in short, this palace of the people is intended to realize as nearly as possible the dream of the novelist, Walter Besant. One of his heroines was a charitable and impulsive young lady of great wealth, who determined to build a palace wherein the poor could enjoy the same pleasures that are now only within the reach of the wealthy. Whether the dream can be realized and what effect that realization will have on the poor of London is a matter of blind conjecture, but the attempt is certainly a noble effort. American cities have tried the same thing on a smaller scale, and in Cincinnati, at least, it has been wonderfully successful.

MR. WATTERSON will not accept the vice presidential nomination. This negative was omitted from the INTELLIGENCER'S statement on Wednesday of Hotspur's position.

THE foreign holders of Kansas Pacific bonds are bringing suit against Jay Gould and Russell Sage, who were the trustees of the bonds, and whose manipulations caused them to be sacrificed for their benefit, the tale of which has been told in the Union Pacific investigation now going on and which is fruitful of testimony that, if it bears its proper fruit, should serve to strip Jay Gould of all his millions.

THE O'Brien tour has incidentally served the purpose of demonstrating the unfitness of the people of Canada for citizenship under this republic. Free speech is the cornerstone of our political edifice and we can not think of the annexation of a country where a man can not assail his political opponent without endangering his life. Men who carry on an argument with bricks and revolvers are only tolerated in the territories or in out of the way districts where the barbarism of frontier life prevails.

GRANT MEMORIAL UNIVERSITY, situated at Athens, Tenn., and described as lately the Wesleyan university, with $100,000 capital, has made George W. Childs an LL. D., and expects an addition to its endowment. Mr. Childs could not help it; and Mr. Childs need not pay.

PERSONAL.

QUEEN KAPIOLANI and the Princess Liliuokaloni and their suite have sailed for Europe.

MANAGER W. H. MORTON, of Philadelphia, has fallen heir to $80,000 by the death of an uncle in Vienna.

REV. W. W. GRIMES, formerly of this city, will soon assume his post as pastor of the Bethel A. M. E. church, York.

GENERAL J. WARREN KEIFER'S mansion, at Springfield, O., was robbed on Tuesday night and much family silver plate taken.

CLAUS SPRECKLES, the millionaire of the Sandwich Islands, predicts a revolution, which will result in the absorption of Hawaii by Uncle Sam.

JOHN BOYLE O'REILLY esteems the late Lysander Spooner one of the greatest Americans that ever lived, whose form the coming century will enshrine in marble.

OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES says his correspondence is becoming so voluminous that he is afraid he will have to take to using a type writer, though he doesn't want to.

EDITOR O'BRIEN will not visit Philadelphia on June 2, as President Fitzgerald, of the Irish National League has advised him that it will cause a wider breach among the quarreling Irish organizations there.

HENRY J. RAMSDELL, a well known Washington newspaper man and editor of the Washington *Republic*, died suddenly in Washington on Wednesday. Mr. Ramsdell was an intimate friend of James G. Blaine and other well known statesman, and at the time of his death was engaged on a work containing a review of current political affairs.

HJALMER HJORTH BOYESEN picks up a great deal of material for literary work during the season, and resorts unblushingly to flirtation in order to get it. At the close of a vacation on the Isle of Shoals he bade goodbye to a young lady with whom he had carried on flirtation, with the words: "I am very glad I met you; you have been worth at least $500 to me."

LORD LANSDOWNE'S name is enough to make a man eccentric. He is "Henry Charles Keith Petty Fitzmaurice, marquis of Lansdowne; Earl Wycombe, Chipping Wycombe, Buckinghamshire; Viscount Calne and Calestone, Wiltshire; Earl of Shelburne; Viscount Clanmaurice and Fitzmaurice, Lixnaw and Dunkeron." Perhaps he amounts to nothing in the social fabric?

H. D. WHITE, of Joliet, loved his cousin, Jessie White, a pretty seventeen-year-old girl, but she discouraged of him. For some time past Jessie has been bothered at receiving anonymous letters threatening her life and fixing the date of her execution. The letters were sent through the mail until it became unsafe, when they were slipped under the door of the home. Prominent young men received notes requesting them to act as pallbearers and an undertaker was engaged to go to the house. A notice of the death of the young lady was sent to the papers and published. Finally the discarded lover was caught prowling around the house with a revolver and he has been arrested and the threatening letters have ceased.

SOUTHERN PROSPERITY.

Secretary Lamar Does Not Take Such a Very Rosy View of It.

From the Baltimore Sun.

The representations of general prosperity throughout the South put forth by a few journals controlled in the protectionist interest, by speculators in mining lands and town sites, and by others eager to sell something, are not in accord with the impressions of Secretary Lamar as presented in an interview recently published in the New York *Mail and Express*. There are indications of prosperity, says the secretary, at a few points but it is not general, and where it appears it is at the expense of the interlying country. Atlanta, Chattanooga, Nashville, Knoxville, Birmingham, and other centres are growing rapidly in population and apparently in wealth. Towns situated upon the new railroads built during the last few years are larger and more thriving, but their growth, the secretary thinks, has been largely at the expense of other towns, distant from the railroads, which have stood still or have actually deteriorated. A stranger passing through the South on the railways erroneously concludes, he says, from what is going on within his view from the car window, and that the South is making very rapid progress. He is not aware that the new stores in sight at way stations, or in towns and villages traversed by the railroad are those of men who have closed up business at interior towns remote from the railroad, and have come within bearing of the locomotive in search of better luck. The new houses going up are often those of farmers who have become discouraged by vain efforts to make a living planting cotton, and have sold out at a sacrifice, with the idea of trying something new in town. The outward signs of the depression that actually pervades the country are to be seen when one goes away from the railroads in "a general air of poverty." The absence of prosperity is evident. "Improvements," the secretary observes, "are not kept up, and things are allowed to go to decay." Some Southern cities scarcely hold their own. Between 1870 and 1880 Charleston gained little more than 1 per cent. in population, Savannah gained but 5½ per cent., New Orleans gained but 13 per cent., while Mobile actually lost 2,902 in population. This in the face of an average increase throughout the Union of 30 per cent. As respects the cities that report booms, and are therefore coddled by protectionist organs as alleged evidences of the power of taxes to enrich the Southern payer. Secretary Lamar expresses himself in a suggestive manner. "I am inclined to think," he says, "that the present prosperity of the cities which are the centres of industry in the mineral region, or whose growth has been stimulated by their proximity to or interest in it, is, to a great extent, speculative—based in some measure, at least, upon anticipated developments rather than upon those already made. Of course I know that a good deal of capital has been invested there, and that much of it has gone from the North and that many Northern people are settling there, and I don't wish to be understood as doubting the future prosperity of the region. I can only say that the returns have not yet been realized." The cause of the general stagnation, the secretary finds in the depression of the farming interest. The crops last year were not proportionately as great as before the war. Between 1860 and 1880 the population of the South increased twice at least as the ability to feed and clothe it. "Under such circumstances," the secretary very justly remarks, "you would not look for prosperity, and you will not think it strange that the cities dependent on agriculture for their trade are languishing." Something is due, perhaps, to exhausted soils and very much to the difficulty of having proper attention given to the cotton crop. Labor is inefficient. "In order to secure a good 'stand,' that is, to have the ground all occupied, the closest care and attention are necessary at a certain critical period. In former times, when the planter had complete control of the labor, he could enforce this care and attention that he cannot do now. The cotton lands of the South are now mostly rented to negroes, and if the owner retains an interest in the crop he has no voice in the manner in which it shall be worked. If he should interfere the negroes would resent it and leave." The tariff, the secretary is disposed to think, if the "chief cause" of the bad economic condition of the South. In this, as in his suggestive description of the state of affairs, he is probably nearer the truth than those who have been giving out very rosy accounts of their policy and its effect upon its chief victim.

Sensible Retrenchment.

From the New York World.

The consolidation of internal revenue districts, by which twenty-two collectorships with their accompanying expenses are abolished without detriment to the public and without causing any serious inconvenience to the people, is a movement which must receive the sanction of the people, and for which President Cleveland deserves credit. It saves about $100,000 a year to the government, and as this amount was needlessly expended it was a public wrong.

But we fail to see on what principle the Mugwump organs claim that the action of the president is especially commendable because of the fact that the displaced officials are all Democrats. In performing an official duty no consideration should be taken of its political effect. The Republicans made needless collection districts and crowded the internal revenue bureau with sinecure and unnecessary officers in order to pension their political adherents on the government. It was quite proper for President Cleveland to correct this wrong. But as it is claimed that Mr. Cleveland has made his appointments on a very different principle from that which prevailed under his Republican predecessors, would there not be better ground for congratulation if the weeding out had removed old Republicans rather than new Democratic collectors?

A LAY OF THE SEASON

Press me closer all my own,
Warms my heart for thee alone.
Every nerve responsive thrills,
Each caress my being fills:
Rest and peace in vain I crave,
In ecstacy I live, thy slave;
Dower'd with hope, with promise blest,
Thou dost reign upon my breast:
Closer still, for I am thine,
Burns my heart, for thou art mine;
Thou the message, I the wire,
I the furnace, thou the fire;
I the servant, thou the master—
Roaring, red hot mustard plaster.

—*Burdette.*

Salvation Oil cures rheumatism in from 12 to 36 hours, swellings and bruises in a few hours.

Suicide is not more sinful than neglecting a cough. For only 25 cents you can buy a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and be saved from death. Try it.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A GREAT DISCOVERY.

The greatest discovery of the nineteenth century is Dr. Leslie's Special Prescription for sick headache, which is the discovery of an eminent physician and used by him for over thirty years before giving it to the public, and it stands today without a rival. Read advertisement in another column.

The Verdict Unanimous.

You are feeling depressed, your appetite is poor, you are bothered with Headache, you are fidgety, nervous, and generally out of sorts, and want to brace up. Brace up, but not with stimulants, spring medicines, or bitters, which have for their basis very cheap, bad whisky, and which stimulate you for an hour, and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an alterative that will purify your blood, start healthy action of Liver and Kidneys, restore your vitality, and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in Electric Bitters, and only 50 cents a bottle at H. B. Cochran's Drug Store, 137 and 139 North Queen street, Lancaster, Pa. (2)

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Sold by H. B. Cochran, druggist, Nos 137 and 139 North Queen St., Lancaster, Pa. (2)

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little suffer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle. may31-1yd&w

COUGH, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. Sold by H. B. Cochran, druggist, Nos. 137 and 139 North Queen St., Lancaster, Pa. (4)

The Population of Lancaster

Is about 30,000, and we would say at least one-half are troubled with some affection of the Throat and Lungs, as those complaints are according to statistics more numerous than others. We would advise all not to neglect the opportunity to call on us and get a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. Price 50 cents and $1. Trial size free. Respectfully, H. B. Cochran, druggist, 137 North Queen street.

The Great American Chorus.

Sneezing, snuffing and coughing! This is the music all over the land just now. "I've got such an awful cold in my head." Cure it with Ely's Cream Balm or it may end in the toughest form of Catarrh. Maybe you have Catarrh now. Nothing is more nauseous and dreadful. This remedy masters it as no other ever did. Not a snuff nor a liquid. Pleasant, certain, radical. my21-2wdeod&w

THE FIRST WARD.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures Consumption. Sold by H. B Cochran, druggist, Nos. 137 and 139 North Queen St., Lancaster, Pa. (5)

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Sold by H. B. Cochran druggist, Nos. 137 and 139 North Queen St., Lancaster, Pa. (1)

ST. JACOBS OIL.

—FOR—

Strains, Sprains and Bruises.

JOHN TEEMER, Champion Oarsman of America.
"I have found St. Jacobs Oil of inestimable value."

MR. J. C. COPELAND, Editor *Australian Cyclist* Sydney, N. S. W.
"My tricycle journey of 120 miles would not have been completed without St. Jacobs Oil."

MR. WM. BEACH, World's Champion Oarsman, Royal Hotel, Ryde.
"St. Jacob's Oil cures stiffness, cramps and muscular pains in training."

CAPT. PAUL BOYTON, the world-renowned Swimmer.
"I do not see how I could get along without St. Jacobs Oil."

MR. JOHN ROLFE, Champion Bicyclist, 81 Liverpool St., Sydney, N. S. W.
"After riding 1,000 miles against time, St. Jacobs Oil removed all fatigue and pain."

MR. E. F. PAINTER, London Athletic Club.
"St. Jacobs Oil cured me of a sprained tendon."

EDWARD HANLAN, Champion Oarsman.
"For muscular pains I have found St. Jacobs Oil invaluable."

ALL BASE BALL CLUBS, individually and collectively.
Use St. Jacobs Oil for sprains, strains and bruises.

ALL ASSOCIATIONS of Field Sports.
Turf, Water and Road, use St. Jacobs Oil for sprains, strains and bruises.

Every application gives relief; every bottle contains a cure; every bottle tested as to quality; every genuine bottle bears the firm's fac-simile signature; every home in America knows its value; every spoken language knows its name; every journal praises it; every dealer knows its merits; every chemist finds it perfect. Sold by Druggists and Dealers. Price fifty cents per bottle. The Charles A. Vogeler Co., Baltimore, Md.

MEDICAL.

THE NEW QUININE.

KASKINE

(THE NEW QUININE.)

—GIVES—

Good Appetite,
New Strength,
Quiet Nerves,
Happy Days,
Sweet Sleep.

A POWERFUL TONIC

that the most delicate stomach will bear.

A SPECIFIC FOR MALARIA, RHEUMATISM, NERVOUS PROSTRATION,

And all Germ Diseases.

THE MOST SCIENTIFIC AND SUCCESSFUL BLOOD PURIFIER. Superior to quinine.

Mr. F. A. Miller, 630 East 157th street, New York, was cured by Kaskine of extreme malarial prostration after seven years suffering. He had run down from 170 pounds to 97, began on Kaskine in June, 1886, went to work in one month, regained his full weight in six months. Quinine did him no good whatever.

Mr. Gideon Thompson, the oldest and one of the most respected citizens of Bridgeport, Conn., says: "I am ninety years of age, and for the last three years have suffered from malaria and the effects of quinine poisoning. I recently began with Kaskine which broke up the malaria and increased my weight 22 pounds."

Mrs. T. A. Solomons, of 159 Halliday St., Jersey City, writes: My son Harry, eleven years, was cured of Malaria by Kaskine, after fifteen months' illness, when we had given up all hope.

Letters from the above persons, giving full details will be sent on application.

Kaskine can be taken without any special medical advice. $1.00 per bottle. Sold by

H. B. COCHRAN,

Druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen St., Lancaster, Pa., or sent by mail on receipt of price.

KASKINE CO., 54 Warren St., New York. feb24 1yd&wTTh&S

WINES AND LIQUORS.

PURE RYE WHISKY.

Old Groff Spring Distillery.

Situated on East Orange street, between Orange and Chestnut, one square east of reservoir, Lancaster, Pa.

I have just erected a new distillery with all of the latest improved machinery for distilling PURE RYE WHISKY.

A. B. SHEAFFER, Proprietor.

This Distillery has been erected at the famous Old Groffstown Spring, which has been noted for its plenteous and unfailing supply of the purest water. At it our grandfathers drank when they were boys, and it has never been known to run dry even in the hottest weather. From this spring all the water used in the distillery is obtained, the pump drawing from it twenty-five gallons a minute.

Besides my own distilled Whisky, I also handle

Brandies, Gins, Wines, &c.

Call and be convinced.

A. B. SHEAFFER, Distiller,
STORE—No. 61 North Queen Street.

N. B.—Farmers having good Rye on hand can find ready sale for it at the store or distillery. Highest cash market price paid for a good article. apr28-1yd&w

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MORIZET SEC.

G. H. MUMM EXTRA DRY,

And all other Leading brands of Imported Champagns.

Sole Agent for the Pleasant Valley Wine Company Special Great Western Ex. Dry, our own brand, the finest American Champagne in the market.

Just received another large invoice of California Claret and White Wine from Napa Valley, California.

A large stock of Imported Burgundies, Clarets, Rhine and Sauterne Wines.

We also have the largest and finest stock of Brandies, Whiskies, Gins, Madeira, Sherrys and Port Wines, Bass Ale, Guinness Stout, Saratoga and Apollina is Waters in the city.

H. E. Slaymaker, Agt.,

No. 29 EAST KING STREET,

LANCASTER, PA.

FURNITURE.

WIDMYER'S FURNITURE STORE.

J. H. WIDMYER.

FURNITURE!

A Full Stock,
Desirable Goods,
Low Prices,
Newest Styles.

WIDMYER'S

FURNITURE STORE,

Corner East King and Duke Sts.,

LANCASTER, PA. mar16-1yd&3m

HEINITSH'S FURNITURE DEPOT.

LOOKING GLASSES!

We now invite your attention to our stock of Looking Glasses in Walnut, Cherry and Gold. This is our Largest SPECIALTY, and has been for years. We this week received a large invoice, and if you are or will be in need of a Looking Glass for 25c. to $31 we have them right in stock to show. Just the thing to fill up that space between the windows.

HEINITSH'S

Furniture Depot,

NO. 27 & 29 SOUTH QUEEN STREET.

We make Picture Frames to Order.

NOTICE.

AT ERISMAN'S.

New Spring Neckties

AT ERISMAN'S.

There is no garment concerning the fit of which a man is more particular than a shirt. Shirt Cutting is a Fine Art. To fit comfortable a shirt must be cut with the proper anatomical curves, the workpeople must be practical shirt-makers. Having had an experience of 20 years, we claim to have the best fitting, best made, best material and most durable

SHIRT

In the Market for the Least Possible Money.

—AT—

ERISMAN'S,

No. 17 West King Street, Lancaster.

MEDICAL.

A MEDICINE.

I Owe My Life.

CHAPTER I.

"I was taken sick a year ago
With bilious fever."

"My doctor pronounced me cured, but I got sick again, with terrible pains in my back and sides, and I got so bad I
Could not move!
I shrunk!
From 228 lbs. to 120! I had been doctoring for my liver, but it did no good, I did not expect to live more than three months. I began to use Hop Bitters.

Directly my appetite returned, my pains left me, my entire system seemed renewed as if by magic, and after using several bottles, I am no only as sound as a sovereign, but weigh more than I did before. To Hop Bitters I owe my life."

Dublin, June 6, 1886. R. FITZPATRICK.

CHAPTER II.

"Malden, Mass., Feb 1, 1886. Gentlemen—I suffered with attacks of sick headache,"
Neuralgia, female trouble for years in the most terrible and excruciating manner.
No medicine or doctor could give me relief or cure until I used Hop Bitters.
"The first bottle
Nearly cured me;"
The second made me well and strong as when a child,
"And I have been so to this day."
My husband was an invalid for twenty years with a serious
"Kidney, liver and urinary complaint.
"Pronounced by Boston's best physicians—"Incurable;"
Seven bottles of your Bitters cured him and I know of the
"Lives of eight persons"
In my neighborhood that have been saved by your bitters.
And many more are using them with great benefit. "They almost do miracles;"

—*Mrs. M. D. Slack.*

HOW TO GET SICK.—Expose yourself day and night; eat too much without exercise, work too hard without rest, doctor all the time; take all the vile nostrums advertised, and then you will want to know

HOW TO GET WELL.—Which is answered in three words—Take Hop Bitters.

Hardened Liver.

Five years ago I broke down with kidney and liver complaint and rheumatism.

Since then I have been unable to be about at all. My liver became hard like wood; my limbs were puffed up and filled with water.

All the best physicians agreed that nothing could cure me. I resolved to try Hop Bitters; I have used seven bottles; the hardness has all gone from my liver, the swelling from my limbs, and it has worked a miracle in my case; otherwise I would have been now in my grave.

J. W. MOSBY. Buffalo, Oct. 1, 1884.

I Write This

Token of the great appreciation I have of your * * * Bitters. I was afflicted
With inflammatory rheumatism!!
For nearly
Seven years, and no medicine seemed to do me any
Good!!!
Until I tried two bottles of your Hop Bitters, and to my surprise I am as well to-day as ever I was. I hope
"You may have abundant success"
In this great and
Valuable medicine
Anyone * * wishing to know more about my care?
Can learn by addressing me, E. M. Williams, 1103 16th street, Wash. D. C.

may 16 2wd TTh&Sw

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

CALL AND SEE

—THE—

ROCHESTER LAMP,

Sixty Candle-Light; Beats them all.

Another Lot of CHEAP GLOBES for Gas and Oil Stoves.

THE "PERFECTION"

METAL MOULDING AND RUBBER CUSHION

WEATHER STRIP

Beats them all. This strip outwears all others. Keeps out the cold. Stops rattling of windows. Excludes the dust. Keeps out snow and rain. Any one can apply it—no waste or dirt made in applying it. Can be fitted anywhere—no holes to bore, ready for use. It will not split, warp or shrink—a cushion strip is the most perfect. At the Stove, Heater and Range Store

—OF—

John P. Schaum & Sons,

24 SOUTH QUEEN ST.,

LANCASTER, PA.

WM. A. KIEFFER. ALDUS C. HERR

KIEFFER & HERR,

—DEALERS IN—

Housefurnishing Goods!

WOULD CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION TO

Fuller & Warren Co.'s

(TROY, N. Y.)

STOVES, HEATERS, FURNACES AND RANGES.

We ask no one to run any risks with "FULLER & WARREN'S" Goods. We guarantee them to give Satisfaction.

As a Heater "THE SPLENDID" has no rival, being a thorough hot base, no part of this stove remains cold, every inch of it radiates heat.

As a Smaller and Cheaper Heater the "BRIGHT DIAMOND," has established itself in the front ranks.

The merits of the "SPLENDID" and "BRIGHT DIAMOND" consist in Beauty of Construction, Perfect Control of Draft, Cleanliness, no Dust, no Gas and Economy of Fuel.

Call and examine for yourself.

40 EAST KING ST.,

(OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.) apr8-tf&w

MOWERS, &C.

FLINN & BRENEMAN.

CARD!

We have a number of Goods which are just in season, and which, owing to our giving special attention, we can offer great inducements.

"Pennsylvania" Lawn Mowers have no equal. These we make a specialty. We have as good Lawn Mowers as are in the market for $6.00 and $7.00.

Baby Carriages—We carry seventy-five varieties in stock. These goods are our own special and our prices are low.

Refrigerators are now in season. How few people know anything about Refrigerators. It took us twenty years to learn. We can teach you in five minutes: It will be worth something for you to get the best.

Coal Oil Stoves—There is more difference in Coal Oil Stoves than almost anything manufactured. Don't spend your money till you know what you are getting.

Ice Cream Freezers and Water Coolers you can buy almost anywhere, but can you get the best at the lowest prices. You can from us.

Lawn Tennis Sets, Genuine Mexican and Common Hammocks, Base Ball and all Sporting Goods at Factory Prices.

FLINN & BRENEMAN,

No. 152 North Queen Street.

CLOTHING.

HIRSH & BROTHER.

G. A. R.

COMRADES.

As the annual Decoration Day anniversary approaches you will be skirmishing around for New Uniforms in which to appear on parade in honor of departed comrades. Our offerings to-day in G. A. R. Suits are of such a character that are but rarely met with, and will surely meet the approval of every one intending to make such a purchase. Our eyes are closed to everything that has not solid merit, and the most vigorous measures are used to secure the best workmanship.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION IS RESPECTFULLY ASKED TO OUR EXHIBITION

—OF—

G. A. R. SUITS.

Call whether you wish to purchase or not, for it is our pleasure to show goods. G. A. R. SUITS, $8.00. G. A. R. SUITS, $10.00.

Hirsh & Brother,

ONE PRICE

MERCHANT TAILORS,

—AND—

Clothiers and Furnishers,

COR. NORTH QUEEN ST. AND CENTER SQUARE, LANCASTER, PA.

WILLIAMSON & FOSTER.

CALL US BY TELEPHONE.

WILLIAMSON & FOSTER.

THE DOUBLE EVENT.

MONDAY, MAY 30.

Decoration Day!

—AND—

WHIT-MONDAY!

Summer Suits

—IN—

SCOTCH CHEVIOTS, TWEEDS AND CASSIMERES.

Sack or Cutaway Coats, $10.00 to $12.00.
Veteran's Grand Army Suits, $5.00 to $12.00.
A Special G. A. R. Suit, warranted Faster Color.
Children's Suits and Shirt Waists.
Summer Hats in Flexible Felt Derby.
The Crush Hats and Fine Dress Straw Hats.
Children's Straw Hats and