THE INTELLIGENCER

PUBLISHED, EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR (Sunday Excepted.)

AT ONE DOLLAR A WEEK, FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR, FIFTY CENTS A MONTH. DELIVERED BY CARRIERS IN LANCASTER AND ALL ADJOINING PLACES. SAMPLE COPIES FREE. LIBERAL COMMISSION ALLOWED TO AGENTS. TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

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The Weekly Intelligencer

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING.

$2 A YEAR, $1.00 FOR SIX MONTHS. CLUBS OF TEN, $15.00, AND A COPY FREE TO PERSONS GETTING UP CLUBS.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED FROM EVERY PART OF THE STATE AND COUNTRY. ALL ANONYMOUS LETTERS WILL BE CONSIGNED TO THE WASTE BASKET.

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THE INTELLIGENCER,

Intelligencer Building, Lancaster, Pa.

The Lancaster Intelligencer.

LANCASTER, JANUARY 25, 1887.

Tall Twisting in the Senate.

Several senators who take great pleasure in an occasional twisting of the British lion's tail have endeavored to magnify the fisheries dispute into a cause for war. Their bombastic talk had no other effect than to draw from those more worthy of senatorial dignity an emphatic protest, a clear outline of the fisheries dispute, and a vote that was essentially a most flattering and earnest expression of confidence in the ability, prudence and patriotism of the president.

The measure under consideration was one vesting the president with large discretionary powers for the protection of American fishermen by denying to Canadian vessels the right of intercourse with the United States.

The bill in the hands of an incompetent or rash executive might lead to war, but its aim is peace and it seems to be the very least that the United States can do in the matter if they wish to make the protection of citizens a fact and the dignity of the government respected.

The foreign policy of England is very apt to be marked by a brutal disregard of justice and an absolute lack of courtesy, and the bully must be faced with a bold front; but the war which these noisy senators talk of so loudly can only be considered as a measure of last resort which all true patriots should pray we may never be driven to.

There was one prominent and most gratifying feature of the debate that will call for special comment everywhere, and that was the assurance given that in any emergency the states are one great nation and the bitter feelings of civil war forgotten.

Mr. Vest found much fault with the bill but said he would vote for it because the president was given discretionary power in the matter, and this doubtless expresses the sentiment of the conservative men in the Senate, so that the vote of forty-six to one, and that one Riddleberger, is practically a unanimous indorsement of the president; Senator Riddleberger being an eccentric genius whose vagaries no man can account for.

The New Jersey Struggle.

The Republican Senate of New Jersey refuses to organize, because when organized it will have to go into an election for United States senator and elect a Democrat. If this revolutionary thing had been done by a Democratic Senate the Republican press would be black with rage; as it is over what it conceives to be the offense of the Indiana legislature in refusing to receive as its presiding officer a Republican lieutenant governor whom it believes not to have been duly elected; and the validity of whose election it has caused to be taken into the courts for settlement.

The Indiana Senate has thus expressed its readiness to obey the law; whereas the New Jersey Senate sets itself openly in defiance of it. Congress, some years ago, made a law requiring state legislatures to meet on a fixed day after their organization, and proceed daily at noon to ballot for United States senator. This law was made because of the prevailing habit of refusing to meet for such election in cases where the two bodies of the state legislature were of different political complexion.

The law, until now, has always secured the convention of the legislature at the appointed time; and it remained for the Senate of New Jersey to devise this new means of thwarting its purpose. It can hardly be made effective. One body of a legislature cannot paralyze legislation by refusing to organize at the time fixed by its law. New Jersey is without a Senate, and the majority of the body claim that they can keep it indefinitely in that situation. If that is so, there would seem to be an end of the government, while it would thus be in the power of one of the legislative bodies to suspend. The governor and the House of Representatives are ready for work appointed them, but the Senate is not, and may not ever be.

There probably is a remedy for the situation in a mandamus requiring it to meet, and take measures for declaring vacancies in the Senate. Certainly New Jersey law ought to be equal to putting out of joint the theory of the Senate that it can stop the wheels of the government.

Filter the Water.

Those who think that this city does not sorely need to have a settling reservoir for the water supplied to its hydrants before it is pumped into the mains, are hard to be persuaded by facts if they are not convinced by the present condition of the water they draw at their spigots. It is true, as suggested by our contemporary, the *New Era*, that settling reservoirs do not clear water of all its impurities, and that filtering is also advisable when there is suspicion of other impurities in the water supply than that which comes from the mud of floods. The Conestoga water, however, is reasonably pure as we understand its condition, and would be sufficiently palatable if cleared of the mud with which every considerable rain fills it.

The plan this journal has suggested, of drawing the water through filtering banks of stone and gravel, into a canal which would conduct it into a supply reservoir, from which it would be pumped into the mains, would cleanse it certainly of all its solid impurities; and if filtering material could be made sufficiently dense, we presume, to cleanse it entirely. But certainly an effort should be made to give us at all times clear instead of muddy water to drink. It would be a measure of economy, too. It costs more to pump muddy than clear water, because it is heavier per gallon. Then the pipes become clogged with mud and their supplying capacity is reduced.

It seems to be a very simple expedient to take the creek water through a bank of gravel, held within brick or sand stone walls, before pumping it into the mains; and one that could be effected at comparatively small cost in the proposed alteration of the water works.

SPEAKER BOYER says the legislature has more intelligence in it this year than he has ever known. That is because the House chose him for its head.

THE swinging sign will soon be getting in its fearful work again. In Philadelphia the other day a sign fell on the head of a daughter of ex-Gov. Pollock and badly bruised her. The trouble with these signs is that they persist in falling upon the heads of innocent parties and not upon the craniums of their iniquitous owners.

IT has in recent years grown to be quite a custom for metropolitan newspapers to issue almanacs. They were at first mere copies of the old-fashioned almanac, inter-mingled with a few local statistics. Now they are compendiums of the latest and best information on almost every topic worthy of the public attention.

The Baltimore *Sun* has issued a good almanac which is specially devoted to Maryland's interests, but which will be found to have a great deal of information on subjects of national concern.

The Philadelphia *Times*, as usual, comes to the front with one of the prettiest almanacs of the year. And it is as reliable as it is beautiful. Its political information is carefully and accurately prepared. Its sporting news is the cream of the latest in that department, and there are facts and figures on subjects that have a general interest to everyone.

The Wilkesbarre *Record* is not behind its metropolitan contemporaries in quite a neat little 60 page pamphlet, in which the great interests of the Luzerne region are faithfully depicted.

EX-GOVERNOR FOSTER thinks that "the Republicans can elect their president next time without the help of New York state." They may be able to elect a president of their own, but never of this country.

IN the February number of *Scribner's Magazine* Professor James Russel Soley, of the navy, has an article on "Our Naval Policy" in which he takes occasion to strongly endorse the plans of Secretary Whitney for the reorganization of the navy. He says that one of the most expensive and valuable lessons of the war was that officers must have recognition on the ground of merit either by promotion of the best or by the removal of the least deserving, that the staff and military duties should be taken from the bureau of supply and that the officers and men must be given modern training in modern ships with the best of modern weapons. A dozen or score of new ships will not make a navy, but the process of renewal must go on until the whole fleet is in some degree fitted to stand the trial of modern war. "Until this rehabilitation can be accomplished the navy will only serve the purpose of a butt for the press and a football for political parties; and its officers, a body of men whose intelligence and devotion under a proper system would be equal to any trust, will be condemned to fritter away their lives in a senseless parody of their profession."

PROFESSOR FELIX ADLER, of New York, is vigorously advocating the compulsory education of children. He takes issue with the philosophic dogma that it is the right of the parent alone to educate the child. He declared that the child did not belong to the parent, as the opponents of compulsory education held. The parent was only the natural guardian. The state was the supreme guardian and would interfere justly if the natural guardian forgot his duty. If parents abused or starved the child, the state protected it. So it should if the parent could not or would not give it elementary education. State education again was not a form of charity, a pauperization of the masses. Schools, hospitals and asylums were maintained by taxation of the people. And in all taxes, however, the surface of things may conceal it, the poor always bore the heavier part. What they escaped on direct taxes they made upon indirect.

The state, too, was bound to provide for its own perpetuation. And the state was not an entity, but an idea in the minds of the people which must be reborn from year to year. The public school certainly was full of traditions of American history, the source, and only source, of what the mass of the people know nowadays about American ideas and government. The public school was the corner-stone on which the state to perpetuate itself as it is must rest, and the only sure means of assimilating the growing foreign element in the United States. Though mental instruction, of itself, did not prevent crime, yet there were moral influences in every school that did. Every school was a little commonwealth where order and obedience and respect for law were taught by word and example, and the discipline was extremely valuable to children of tender years.

PERSONAL.

EX-GOVERNOR W. B. BATE, Democrat, will be chosen senator from Tennessee, the Democratic caucus having agreed upon him.

SENATOR FRANK HISCOCK, of New York, was "too blamed lazy to work at farming." He is now worth $500,000 and his wife is also rich.

MR. GLADSTONE will contribute to the *Nineteenth Century* of February an article entitled "Notes and Queries on the Irish Demand."

PROFESSOR THURSTON, of Cornell, has received assurance from Hon. Hiram Sibley of $250,000 for improving Sibley college of Mechanic Arts.

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL has formally signified to the speaker of the House of Commons his desire to explain his resignation from the cabinet before the debate on the address from the throne begins on Thursday.

MISS RANDALL, daughter of Hon. Samuel J. Randall, is to be married on the 4th of February next, to C. C. Lancaster, of Washington. Mr. Lancaster is a young attorney of considerable practice and fine reputation, and is a member of one of the best known law firms in the district.

GENERAL SIMON CAMERON has gone to New York, whence he will sail for the Bermudas on Thursday. He will be accompanied on the voyage by John Kunkel, a young millionaire, of Harrisburg; Colonel James Duffy, of Marietta, and Larry Jerome, of New York. He will not return until April.

PRESIDENT ELIOT, of Harvard university, reports that there are now 1,600 students in attendance. He dwells particularly on the statutes by which all religious services are placed upon a voluntary footing and says that the new method has been entirely successful. He advocates the reducing of the minimum age of admission to 18.

COLONEL DAN LAMONT is quite a skillful telegraph operator. He gained his knowledge of the art while sitting at his private desk in the room occupied by Mr. Montgomery, the operator at the White House. The colonel transmits messages with the ease of an old telegrapher and receives fairly well at a moderate speed. His "copy" is excellent, and would turn the average operator green with envy. It may be some consolation to the president's private secretary to know if he shall lose his job at the White House he could earn $50 a month as an employe of the Western Union telegraph.

ATTACKING CARDINAL SIMEONI.

Michael Davitt Says That the Prelate Is Behind the McGlynn Episode.

At the great reception to Michael Davitt, at Madison Square garden, New York, on Sunday night Mr. Davitt thus spoke on the McGlynn episode:

"And now I come to a matter of interest not alone to my own friends, but to the whole Irish people of the state of New York. I could not well pass over in silence the case of my friend, Dr. McGlynn. But in what I am about to say I will endeavor to carefully avoid the mistakes of others, and refrain from the line of criticism that injures a cause that it means to defend. [Applause.] There are both personal and political reasons why I am justified in making allusions to this grave question here to-night. In Dr. McGlynn's statement to the papers this morning we read that he promised in 1882 to make no more Land League speeches.

"Now it appears from this that Dr. McGlynn's offense began at the last meeting that I addressed here in this city in 1882, and that Cardinal Simeoni censured him for favoring the Irish revolution (violent hisses) in the speeches then and subsequently delivered in this city in behalf of Ireland.

"Here lies the head and front of Dr. McGlynn's offending. [Great cheering.] Now mark, ladies and gentlemen, this startling coincidence. In 1882 the Irish cause was in a death struggle with disaster and coercion. Misfortune dogged the steps of our movement, in the face of our enemies, who bore down upon us on every side, in the hope of inflicting upon the Land League an overwhelming defeat. Every resource of unscrupulous power was applied to disorganize our people, disrupt our ranks, and destroy our hopes. And it was in that dark hour, while menaced on every hand with destruction, that Cardinal Simeoni, at the behest of English agents in Rome [groans] joined his feeble attacks to those of Ireland's enemies. [Hisses.] It transpires now that he was not satisfied with his vain and fruitless efforts to coerce the bishops and priests of Ireland into doing England's dirty political work. [Groans.] He also aimed his puny little thunderbolt at our friends here in America, because England instructed him that it was here in America that we got our sinews of war for this glorious revolution.

"And in that very year, that year of all but complete disaster for Ireland, Cardinal Simeoni singled out for censure and punishment one of the truest, one of the most pure hearted men God has ever called to the ministry of religion, one of the most fearless, one of the largest-hearted, one of the most noble-minded men that ever donned the vestments of a Catholic priest, one of the most faithful and fearless champions that Ireland has ever given to the cause of human liberty and progress. And for what? For supporting this movement in Ireland which means to grasp robber landlordism by the throat; this movement of ours in Ireland which resolves to put an end to crime and outrage, for supporting what Cardinal Simeoni is pleased to call, and I am proud to acknowledge the Irish revolution."

"Hit him again," roared a voice, amid an uproar of laughter and cheers.

Mr. Davitt raised his hand and hushed them. Then he cried:

"Let there be no mistake, gentlemen, about the origin of the hostility to our beloved friend. Had he been engaged in praising England or denouncing the Land League in 1882, he might to-day be the archbishop of New York."

The whole audience rose in a body as the speaker said this and for fully two minutes cheered again and again. Then Mr. Davitt fired more red hot shot at the cardinal.

"Because Father McGlynn has done what the patriotic bishops and priests of Ireland have done in defiance of this same Cardinal Simeoni's [continued groaning] puny injunction he merits the censure and is awarded the punishment which the prefect of the propaganda would have meted out to the Father McGlynns of Ireland had he not been taught by the Catholics of Ireland that we brook no ignorant or pro-English Roman interference in our national or secular affairs."

"In O'Connell's immortal words of warning, 'As much religion as you please from Rome, but no politics in Ireland.'"

In conclusion Mr. Davitt said that no Catholic believed Dr. McGlynn rebellious against the church or thought for a moment that he would not always remain true and devoted to it and the Catholic faith. Those who advised Dr. McGlynn not to go to Rome, though, Mr. Davitt said, unconsciously gave cowardly advice. It was Dr. McGlynn's duty to go to Rome at any risk, to defend what he considered the rights of Ireland and the rights of man, and he (Mr. Davitt) was sure that Pope Leo would give him a full and impartial hearing. He was sure, too, that the pope would decide for him, as he did for Archbishop Walsh, in spite of all the influence brought to bear by English agents at the Vatican.

DOCUMENTS FROM THE WAR ARCHIVES.

A Letter To General Grant From His Chief Of-Staff—Afterward His Secretary of War.

From the New York Sun.

BEFORE VICKSBURG, Miss., June 6, 1863, 4 O'clock, a. m.

DEAR GENERAL: The great solicitude I feel for the safety of this army leads me to mention what I had hoped never again to do—the subject of your drinking. This may surprise you, for I may be and I trust I am doing you an injustice by unfounded suspicions, but if an error it is better to err on the side of his country's safety than in fear of offending a friend. I have heard that Dr. McMillan, at Gen. Sherman's, a few days ago, induced you, notwithstanding your pledge to me, to take a glass of wine, and to day, when I found a box of wine in front of your tent, and proposed to move it, which I did, I was told you had forbid its being taken away, for you intended to keep it until you entered Vicksburg, that you might have it for your friends; and to-night, when you should, because of the condition of your health if nothing else, have been in bed, I find you where the wine bottle has just been emptied in company with those who drink and urge you to do likewise, and the lack of your usual promptness of decision and clearness in expressing yourself in writing tended to confirm my suspicions.

You have the full control of your appetite and can let drinking alone. Had you not pledged me the sincerity of your honor early last March that you would drink no more during the war, and kept that pledge during your recent campaign you would not to-day have stood first in the world's history as a successful military leader. Your only salvation depends upon your strict adherence to that pledge. You cannot succeed in any other way. As I have before stated I may be wrong in my suspicions, but if one sees that which leads him to suppose a sentinel is falling asleep on his post, it is his duty to arouse him; and if one sees that which leads him to fear the general commanding a great army is being seduced to that step which he knows will bring disgrace upon that general and defeat to his command, if he fails to sound the proper note of warning, the friends, wives and children of those brave men whose lives he permits to remain thus imperilled will accuse him while he lives and stand swift witnesses of wrath against him in the day when all shall be tried. If my suspicions are unfounded, let my friendship for you and my zeal for my country be my excuse for this letter; and if they are correctly founded, and you determine not to heed the admonitions and the prayers of this hasty note by immediately ceasing to touch a single drop of any kind of liquor, no matter by whom asked or under what circumstances, let my immediate relief from duty in this department be the result. I am, general, your friend,

JOHN A. RAWLINS.

The retained copy of this letter was indorsed by General Rawlins as follows:

This is an exact copy of a letter given to the person to whom it is addressed at its date, about four miles from our headquarters in the rear of Vicksburg. Its admonitions were heeded, and all went well.

JOHN A. RAWLINS.

Not Too Much to Ask.

From the New York Sun.

Tramp (whose request for food has been denied)—Well, ma'am, would you let me sleep in the ten-acre lot back of the barn if I won't make any noise?

Woman—Yes-s, I don't mind letin' ye do that.

Tramp, (appealingly.)—Well, one thing more, ma'am, before I say good night. Would you have me called at 7 sharp? I want to catch the limited cattle train west.

Grasshoppers in Venezuela.

One of the most serious drawbacks to railroad travel in Venezuela is grasshoppers. They are so numerous that they literally cover the rails for miles, and, as they do not attempt to get out of the way of the engine, millions of them are crushed under the wheels and make the track so slippery that trains are often brought to a stand-still. It is said that this grasshopper plague will last for seven years.

Booth Will Not Play in Washington.

It has been twenty-two years since Edwin Booth, the tragedian, played an engagement in Washington. There took place in the country where he would received with greater favor; but he says has registered a vow never to appear before a Washington audience again. His resolve dates from the assassination of President Lincoln by Mr. Booth's younger brother, John Wilkes. Mr. Booth was in Baltimore last week. One of the Washington theatrical managers went over and told Mr. Booth how anxious the people of Washington were to see him.

The manager carried with him a number of letters written by the most prominent men in the army and navy and congressional life. Each of these letters assured Mr. Booth of a cordial reception from the citizens at the national capital, while the manager conveyed a still more substantial assurance in the form of a guarantee for one week's engagement of $20,000. But Mr. Booth was inflexible. He thanked the gentlemen who had interested themselves in the matter, but said that nothing could induce him to alter his determination.

Her Remark

From the Boston Transcript.

"I don't care!" exclaimed the young woman behind the counter, when she heard of the marriage of an acquaintance to a rich codger, old enough to be her father; "they sneer at me because I am a saleslady, but I'd rather be a saleslady than a lady that is sold."

Startling Weakness.

general and nervous debility, impaired memory, lack of self-confidence, premature loss of manly vigor and powers, are common results of excessive indulgence or youthful indiscretions and perniicious solitary practices. Victims whose manhood has thus been wrecked should address, with 10 cents in stamps for large illustrated treatise giving means of perfect cure, World's Medical Association, 663 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y. T,Th&W

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. For sale by H. B. Cochran, Druggist, No. 137 North Queen street.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. B. Cochran, Druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen street, Lancaster, Pa.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—A positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria, and Canker Mouth. For sale by H. B. Cochran, Druggist, No. 137 North Queen street.

They are looking for you everywhere. Drafts of air in unexpected places, going from hot rooms to cool one, carelessness in changing clothing: In short anything which ends in a "common cold in the head." Unless arrested this kind of cold becomes seated in the mucous membrane of the head. Then it is catarrh. In any and all its stages this disease always yields to Ely's Cream Balm. Safe, agreeable, certain. Price fifty cents. eod&w

Brace Up.

You are feeling depressed, your appetite is poor, you are bothered with headache, you are fidgety, nervous and generally out of sorts, and want to brace up. Brace up, but not with stimulants, spring medicines, or bitters, which have for their basis very cheap bad whisky, and which stimulate you for an hour, and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an alterative that will purify your blood, start healthy action of the Liver and Kidneys restore your vitality, and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in Electric Bitters, and only 50 cents a bottle at H. B. Cochran's Drug Store, 137 and 139 North Queen Street, Lancaster, Pa. (3)

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by H. B. Cochran, Druggist, No. 137 North Queen street.

Caution.

We would caution the Public to beware of Dealers offering Kemp's Balsam at less than the regular Price, 50 cents and $1, as oftentimes imitations or inferior articles are sold as the genuine in order to enable them to sell cheaply. H. B. Cochran, druggist, No. 137 North Queen street is our agent for Lancaster. Sample bottle given to you *free*. ob-1wd&w

For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. For sale by H. B. Cochran, Druggist, No. 137 North Queen street.

The Excitement Not Over.

The rush at H. B. Cochran, druggist, No. 137 North Queen street, still continues on account of persons afflicted with Cough, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption, to procure a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, which is sold on a guarantee and giving entire satisfaction. It is a standard family remedy. Price 50 cents and $1. *Trial size free.* ob-1wd&w

"HACKMETACK" a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. For sale by H. B. Cochran, Druggist, No. 137 North Queen street.

AN UNFORTUNATE PERSON.

The most unfortunate person in the world is one afflicted with sick headache, but they will be relieved at once by using Dr. Leslie's Special Prescription. See advertisement in another column. (4)

DANDELION LIVER PELLETS for sick headache torpid liver, biliousness and indigestion. Small and easy to swallow. One pill a dose. Price, 25c. By all druggists. feb-2wd&TuThS

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by H. B. Cochran, Druggist, No 137 North Queen street.

KIDNEY TROUBLES.

A Case of Many Years Standing Cured With Six Bottles, in a Man 90 Years of Age.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., May 8, 1885.

DANDELION BITTERS CO.—Gents: I had been troubled with my kidneys for a number of years, used almost everything without much benefit until I tried Dandelion Bitters. I used six bottles and am pleased to say I am entirely rid of the kidney trouble, besides my system being toned up so that I feel like a different person. I cheerfully recommend the same to all afflicted in this way. JACOB MUSCHLITZ.

eb10-3md Tu, Th, S

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by H. B. Cochran, Druggist, No. 139 North Queen street.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. For sale by H. B. Cochran, Druggist, No. 137 North Queen street.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1. For sale by H. B. Cochran, Druggist, No. 137 North Queen street.

FOR RHEUMATISM.

ST. JACOBS OIL.

FOR RHEUMATISM.

After a lapse of years statements confirming the efficacy of St. Jacobs Oil and its permanent cures, are given below.

FROM AN INDIAN MISSIONARY, MARCH 1882.

St. Alphonsa Church, Glen's Falls, N. Y.

I am kept in bed by rheumatism, crippled, and am trying St. Jacobs Oil. One simple application eased the pain and gave me comfortable sleep.

REV. L. N. ST. ONGE, P. P.

FROM SAME FOUR YEARS LATER—PERMANENTLY CURED.

Glen's Falls, N. Y., Oct. 29, 1886.

Everything failed to relieve me until I tried St. Jacobs Oil. One application is sufficient to stop pain in ten minutes; a very few applications reduced the swelling in my joints and cured me.

REV. L. N. ST. ONGE, P. P.

FROM A LEADING LAWYER—APRIL, 1882—CURED.

The sworn statement of David Strouse, esq., New Haven, Ct., avers in substance: "I had severe rheumatism in arm, hand, leg and foot. I used a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil and obtained a cure."

DAVID STROUSE.

FROM SAME FOUR YEARS LATER—PERMANENT.

New Haven, Ct., Nov. 1, 1886.

I had severe rheumatism, which disabled me, and one bottle of St. Jacobs Oil cured me. I consider it a good thing.

DAVID STROUSE.

FROM ONE ATTENDED LIKE A CHILD—MAY, 1881.

Kramer, Snyder Co., Penna.

I had rheumatism so badly they tended me like a child. I used two bottles of St. Jacobs Oil and am now well as ever.

JOHN FIELD.

FROM SAME FOUR YEARS LATER—NO RETURN.

Kramer, Snyder Co., Pa., Nov. 8, 1886.

My joints and limbs were contracted and swollen. Two bottles of St. Jacobs Oil entirely eradicated the disease. To-day I am a stout, hearty man.

JOHN FIELD.

The CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

All persons using St. Jacobs Oil or Red Star Cough Cure, will by sending a two cent stamp and a history of their case, receive ADVICE FREE.

Red Star Cough Cure.

FREE FROM OPIATES AND POISONS.

SAFE. SURE. PROMPT.

25 CENTS.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

MEDICAL.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR.

Sleeplessness and Restlessness,

Children as well as adults sometimes eat too much supper or eat something that does not digest well, producing

Colic, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Restlessness and Sleeplessness.

A good dose of Simmons Liver Regulator will give prompt relief.

"My wife having suffered for a long time with Restlessness and Sleeplessness at nights, recommends to me without benefiting her was finally advised to try Simmons Liver Regulator, and it has acted like a charm. After taking one bottle she improved so much that I sent and bought one-half dozen. My wife is now in the enjoyment of excellent health. We keep the Regulator in the house as a family medicine, and recommend it to the world as the best family medicine in the world."

J. C. BERRING, Twiggs Co., Ga.

Jan17 eod&w

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

"It Saved My Life"

is a common expression, often heard from those who have realized, by personal use, the curative powers of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. "I cannot say enough in praise as I do that, but for its use, I should long since have died from lung troubles. —R. Bragdon, Palestine, Tex.

About six months had I had a severe Hemorrhage of the Lungs, brought on by a distressing cough, which deprived me of sleep and rest. I had used various cough balsams and expectorants, without obtaining relief. A friend advised me to try

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

I did so, and am happy to say that it helped me at once. By continued use this medicine cured my cough, and, I am satisfied, saved my life.—Mrs. E. Coburn, 18 Second street, Lowell, Mass.

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