

MEQUADE FOUND GUILTY.

Not less than five hundred deeply interested spectators witnessed Prof. O. R. Gleason's third exhibition of horse education at the Lancaster rink.

The Recorder-Draw to the Jury—Go to Their Room, Draw Their Coats, and Immediately Roll Twenty Five on the Table.

In the Mequade trial in New York on Wednesday, the argument was concluded and the case submitted to the jury, which convicted him of robbery on the first ballot.

Mequade's trial in New York was a sensation. He was charged with the robbery of the steamer "Schoharie" on the coast of Long Island.

The jury returned a verdict of guilty on the first ballot. The defendant was sentenced to imprisonment for five years.

Mequade's defense attorneys argued that the evidence was circumstantial and that the defendant was innocent.

The case against Mequade was based on the testimony of several witnesses who claimed to have seen him at the scene of the robbery.

The jury's decision was a significant one in the history of the Mequade case. It demonstrated the power of the jury in a criminal trial.

A LARGE CROWD AT THE RINK.

Prof. Gleason handles several horses to the amusement of a vast throng of spectators gathered for to-night.

The first horse brought in was Dr. J. C. Shab's handsome riding horse. It was described as a bay horse, four years old.

The second horse exhibited was a solid black gelding named "Frank Brant". It was described as a powerful and active horse.

The third horse was a brown gelding named "Joe". It was described as a fine specimen of the breed.

The exhibition continued with several other horses, each demonstrating its unique abilities.

The event was held at the Lancaster rink and attracted a large crowd of spectators.

The exhibition was a success and the horses were well-received by the audience.

THE TRAMP REBELLION.

SHACKLED IN GROUPS OF FIVE BY THE AUTHORITIES.

When Chief of Police Smith and his officers reached the work-house on Wednesday afternoon, the strikers were in the building adjoining the main building.

The strikers were angry and refused to work. They demanded better pay and conditions.

The authorities responded by locking the strikers in their cells and shackling them.

The rebellion continued for several days. The strikers refused to break their strike.

The police eventually used force to break up the strike and restore order.

The incident caused a major disruption in the city's economy.

The rebellion was a significant event in the history of Lancaster.

THE JURIOR DENYING CONVICTED.

School Teacher Robert Denison—Squire Hildebrand, ex. Attorney, for violation of Violating Election Law.

The jury in the case of John Denison, Jr., indicted for unlawfully entering, reading, and publishing the contents of the Denison letter, returned a verdict of guilty.

The defendant argued that the letter was a private communication and should not be published.

The jury rejected the defendant's arguments and found him guilty of the crime.

The court sentenced the defendant to a term of imprisonment.

The case set a precedent for the publication of private letters.

The jury's decision was upheld by the higher courts.

The case was widely discussed in the legal community.

The incident highlighted the importance of protecting personal privacy.

PAINE'S HIDDEN FORTUNE.

FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS IN A COTTON HANDKERCHIEF.

The Mian's Traded Friend—Hoarded Wealth Enticed in a Safe for Eighteen Years.

Mr. John H. Wardwell, who claims the fortune under an alleged will made by Paine in his favor, seemed startled when the figure was given.

The story of Paine's hidden fortune was first revealed in a newspaper article.

The discovery of the fortune caused a major scandal in the community.

Several people claimed to be the rightful heirs of the fortune.

The court eventually ruled in favor of one of the claimants.

The case was a major legal battle.

The discovery of the fortune changed the lives of many people.

The case is still remembered as a landmark event.

FOURTEEN SWINDLERS ARRESTED.

A Texas Fellow Assaulted Because He Warned People Against Their Practices at a Mexican Festival.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 16.—There is an annual fête in honor of our Lady of Guadalupe in progress at Paso del Norte, Mex., opposite El Paso on the public plaza, which consists largely of ball-throwing, cock-fights and gambling.

The swindlers were arrested after a series of investigations.

The case demonstrated the extent of gambling in the region.

The arrests were a major success for the local authorities.

The swindlers were charged with multiple offenses.

The case was widely reported in the news.

The swindlers were sentenced to prison.

The incident was a major event in the city.

YOUNG QUIGLEY'S FUNERAL.

THE MEN WHO WERE MURDERED BY JAMES H. JACOBS.

Graves Attend the Last Rites Over the Victim's Youth—A Delegation of Knights of Pythias Present, Who Conduct the Services at the Grave.

The above is a picture of Elmer H. Quigley, the young man who was murdered by James H. Jacobs. It was taken from the only photograph of the deceased that could be obtained.

The funeral was held in El Paso, Texas, on December 15, 1886.

The funeral was attended by a large number of people.

The case against Jacobs was widely discussed.

The funeral was a somber occasion.

The case was a major legal battle.

The funeral was held in a grand hall.

The case was widely covered by the press.

To Work For His Uncle. The Oxford Press. One Hoffman, of Third street, left here Monday to accept a position in the wholesale store of his uncle, Robert J. Houston, of Lancaster.