FORECLOSURE OF READING.

PREPARATION OF A DROBBE ORDERS! BY JUSTICE BRADLEY.

President Corbin Appointed a Receiver Without Pay-Approaching the End of Heroic Proceedings Long Threatened

The Robinson suit against the Reading rail road company for foreclosure under the gen-eral mortgage, was argued on Tuesday in Philadelphia before Associate Justice Bradley and Judge McKennan in the United States circuit court. Richard C. Dale appeared for the pisintiff, and Franklin B. Gowen and Thomas Hart, jr., argued against During his argument Mr. Gowen said the general body of bondholders did not wish foreclosure, and he was sured that the proceeding was being pressed prised that the proceeding was being pressed.

Mr. Dale replied that all the bondholders wanted was their money, and if they could get it the suit would be dropped. If fore-closure were decreed the court would cer-tainly postpone sale from time to time until some arrangements could be made satisfac-tory to the parties in interest.

Mr. Gowen's argument was entirely of a technical character, and was confined almost

Mr. Gowen's argument was entirely of a technical character, and was confined almost exclusively to the point that the proper number of signatures, representing 10 per cent. of the bonds, had not urged foreclosure. He declared that the paper bearing the signatures was made with the understanding that it was to be used only to accomplish an amicable foreclosure, and no other purpose, but it was used for another purpose, and this was a trick which no court of equity would permit. Many of the signers had testified that that they were not in favor of foreclosure and had authorized him to resist the use of their names in furtherance of the present suit, many others had since parted with their bonds, and it was fair to presume that these holdings had fallen into the hands of persons not in favor of foreclosure. The record, he argued, at all times should show that 10 per cent, were anxious and urgent that foreclosure be made. It had been agreed that he argued, at all times should show that lo per cent were anxious and urgent that fore-closure be made. It had been agreed that no foreclosure should be made if all the parties, within sixty days, accept the pian of reorganization. Therefore he could not understand why the other side pressed the hearing of the suit. It they had stated to him that the decree of foreclosure was only wanted to further reorganization he would have been satisfied, but they had not done that, and in no event could the decree of foreclosure aid reorganization. Consequentforeclosure aid reorganization. Consequently, the suit could only be pressed to aid a disintegration of the property if the plan of reorganization should fail. homas Hart, jr., for the defense, alluded

to various points made in Mr. Gowen's argu-Justice Bradley delivered the opinion of the court, overruling a plea of Mr. Gowen in re-lation to 10 per cent. of the bondholders not lation to 10 per cent. of the bondholders not urging the foreclosure at the present time and sending the question of how many of the company's bonds are now outstanding to a master to determine. A decree was directed to be prepared and will be submitted to the court Thursday morning. The decree will be for foreclosure, and the matter will be left to the master to ascertain the amount of the outstanding bonds that will be entitled to participate in the fund derived from a sale. All questions as to priority of payment of the various issues of bonds will be also referred to the master.

Upon application of Richard L. Ashhurst,

as counsel for Alfred Sully, Mr. Austin Cor-bin, the president of the company, was made a third receiver without compensation. The

petition was unopposed.

The court decided that the claim of the Pennsylvania Steel company for \$92,000 for steel rails furnished under the receivership was a prior lien to the several mortgages.

CAPTURBO WITH HIS HOUTY.

Gathered in By a Wrightsville Constable. From the York Dispatch.

At an early hour on Monday morning, enstable Wilson, saw a suspicious looking individual pass his house, carrying a bag filled with something. His suspicions being ed he at once followed the man and overtook him at the bridge, as he was about making for the Lancaster side of the river. Upon examination of the bag it was found to having on them the brand of factory 706, 9th district of Pennsylvania. Constable Wilson at once took the man in custody and placed him in the lockup. He then telephoned to the collector's office at York to ascertain if the collector's office at York to ascertain if any eigar factory had been robbed, and also to the Lancaster office to find out whose factory No. 706 was. Ascertaining that it was the factory of G. W. Gable, of Windsor township, near Red Lion, he telephoned to Mr. Gable, who replied that he should hold the prisoner until he arrived at Wrightsville. Mr. Gable, with Constable Smith, came to York and made information before Justice Sherwood against Henry L. Kauffman, who some time on sunday night had visited Gable's shop and robbed it of a number of boxed cigars. The warrant was placed by the justice in the hands of Officer Still, who went to Wrightsville for the man taken into custody by Officer Wilson. Wilson refused to give up the man until Gable arrived, as he had orders from the latter to hold the man until he, Gable, arrived. Shortly after, Gable and Constable Smith, of Windsor, arrived at Wrightsville, and the cigars sor, arrived at Wrightsville, and the cigars were at once indentified as Gabie's and the prisoner then surrendered to Officer Still. prisoner then surrendered to Officer Still, who had the warrant for him, and he was taken to York. But for Constable Wilson's promptness the thief; would have succeeded in getting to Columbia and probably escaping with his booty. The cigars were stamped. The thief was given a hearing and sent to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

The will of Abby Somers, of Boston, after making bequests to relatives and friends to the amount of \$157,000, contains the followthe amount of \$157,000, contains the following provisions of a public nature: First Unitarian church of Gioneester, \$10,000; Fishermen's Aid society of Gioneester, for widows and orphans, \$20,000; Gioneester Female Charitable sectety, \$20,000; Massachusetts Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, St. Luke's Home for Convalescents, Boston, Marine society, New England hospital for women and children, the Boston Young Men's Christian Union, Childs' Mission to children of the destitute, Boston Female Orphan asylum and House of the Good Samaritan, \$6,000 each.

This morning as workmen were engaged tearing down the old building corner of Grant tearing down the old building corner of Grant and Christian streets, Henry Shaub, the contractor, was considerably injured. He was ascending a ladder leading from the second floor of the building to a trap door in the floor of the loft and had got himself about half way through the opening when some workmen who were on the root, not knowing that Mr. Shaub was coming up, toppled a chimuey over into the loft. Mr. Shaub was struck by the falling bricks, mortar and lumber and securely pinned in a most uncomfortable position. He called for help and was soon extricated with no worse hurt than a badly bruised and sprained leg and a lacerated hand.

Drowned in a Fire Piug Stream. During a fire in a box factory at St. Louis, the entire neighborhood and a young man If years of age, name unknown, was drowned in a ditch on Carroll street. While trying to escape the flood he climbed a lamp post on the edge of the ditch but lost his hold, feil into the water and was drowned before assistance could be rendered.

From the Reading Herald. W. C. Freeman, president of the Corn wall and Cornwall & Mt. Hope railroads, will erect a monument over the grave of the late Carl Von Schmalensee.

Jail the Slanderers.
From the Philadelphia Ledger.
It's a great pity these stump speech slan-

DELURIVE TREASURY FIGURES. Manipulated for Political Ffret-Misleading Comparisons Between Republican and Democratic Administrations. Washington Dispatch to Baltimore Sun.

can managers of political campaigns have an-nually made a great outery about the dis-honesty of Democratic officials prior to 1861. The more effectually to impose these charges upon the public, tabulated state-ments were prepared at the treasury depart. ment, at the instance of the Republican congressional committee, showing the gross amount of revenue collected prior to 861, and also the amount collected for the period embraced between June 30, 1861, and June 30, 1883. These two periods were thus marked in order to make the figures show that prior to Republican domination federal officials were dishonest. The manner in which this conclusion was drawn from the treasury figures was ingenious. The amount of losses by defalcations and all other causes for each period was computed upon the aggregate amount of revenue received, and thus the percentage of losses for each \$1,000 was given. The Republican managers, however, did not explain that the receipts for the period be-tween 1861 and 1883 included all the moneys tween 1851 and 1883 included all the moneys received by the government for loans as well as the exchange of bonds under the refunding operations. Every one knows that what is, in fact, a large loss becomes rather insignificant when distributed over not hundreds, but thousands of millions of dollars. If a collector should abscond with \$10 of \$1,000 intrusted to him, the loss would be ten dollars on one thousand dollars. If he should collect \$100,000 and stem \$1,000 the percentage lars on one thousand dollars. If he should collect \$100,000 and steal \$1,000 the percentage of loss would be the same although the actual loss to the public would be one hundred times greater. It was in this manner that Mr. Edward McPherson, secretary of the Republican campaign committee, imposed upon public credulity for so many years.

There is another point in this connection that tends to further exhibit the mendacity of Republican campaign isaders. In the mat-

of Republican campaign leaders. In the maoss from 1861 to 1883 at 39 conts on each \$1,000 collected, while the rate of loss prior to 1861 is placed at \$5.31 on each \$1,000. If Mr. Mc-Pherson had stated, or would yet state, that in the twenty two years included in the period between 1801 and 1883 the amount lost to the government was, in round numbers, \$15,000,000 or an annual average of about \$750,000, he would enable the public to form a more intelligent estimate of the extent of "defalcations" under Republican domination.

Annual Per Capita of Expenditure. According to a statement issued by Registrar Rosecrans showing the population, ne revenue and net expenditure of the govern and the first of this administration was the lowest since ante-bellum days, being \$4.15 on the basis of a population of 58,420,000.

Buckalew on the State Ticket. the conference that nominated him for Conthe conference for harmonious action he said. is in the great and powerful commonwealth From this conference I shall go to take my part in the canvass for the excellent state ticket nominated at Harrisburg. For this cause and the cause of Democracy, I ask your earnest, sincere and active work. By united effort we shall redeem Pennsylvania from the shameful vote of 1884 for the man from Maine. To you, gentlemen, I have no pledge to make. You require none. I do not desire to go to Congress to draw the salary attached to the office, because I can make more money in the practice of my profession; nor for the honor of the position, because I have served in the upper house of Congress; but for the useful work in the matter of legislation to which I have, to some extent, been trained. I desire to aid and assist the great man, Pres-ident Cieveland, in the work which he has so courageously set out to accomplish, and to assist in establishing the Democracy in a position that shall be enduring. Thanking you again gentlemen, I enter upon the politisk before me.

A TEMPERANCE MEETING.

The temperance meeting in the court house fuceday evening, under the anspices of the Woman's Christian Temperance union, was largely attended, the court room being full tion of the audience were ladies. Most of the temperance leaders were present, but there were also in the audience prominent men belonging to other parties.

there were also in the audience prominent men belonging to other parties.

Rev. Charles Roads, of St. Paul's M. F. church, was called upon to preside. Dr. J. L. Withrow sang the hymn, "A Charle to Keep I Have." Rev. J. R. T. Gray, of the Duke Street M. E. church, offered prayer. Rev. Roads, in a brief speech, introduced Dr. J. O. Knowles, of Massachusetts.

Dr. Knowles is quite an effective speaker, and forcibly advanced the usual arguments against the liquer traffic. He did not say anything about Prohibition or the Prohibition candidates; but called upon the friends of a higher morality to use every endeavor to crush out the traffic in liquors; to pray against it. Dr. Knowles made also a strong argument in favor of woman suffrage.

GLANCES AT THINGS POLITICAL lot by the New Jersey Republicans at Trenton

The Democratic conferrees of the Nine-teenth Pennsylvania district, at York, on Tuesday nominated Levi Maish for Congress. District Attorney Graham, of Philadelphia, will not make any Republican campaign speeches this year, having been indorsed for re-election by the Philadelphia Democ-racy.

re-election by the Philadelphia Democracy.

The Democratic conferrees of the Eighteenth district met and organized at Newport and sent a telegram to F. M. Kimmel, of Chambersburg, tendering him the nomination for Congress, which he declined, where upon George F. Jacobs, of Millintown, Congressman Atkinson's law partner, was nominated.

Ex-Lieutenant Governor John Latta was nominated for Congress by the new Democratic conferrees of the Twenty-first district. Seven ballots were taken—Purman, of Greene, Boyle, of Fayette, and Latta, of Westmoreland, each receiving 3 votes. After a consultation Boyle and Purman withdrew, thus causing Latta's nomination. Rafferty has announced his acceptance of the nomination by the old Democratic conferrees. Ex-Lieutenant Governor John Latta was

ministerium of Pennsylvania met in Reading on Tuesday. Rev. F. P. Mayser, of this city, on Tuesday. Rev. F. P. Mayser, of this city, attended. The first business was the consideration of the application of young men desiring aid in preparing for the ministry. These are five young men, all students in the theological seminary in Philadelphia. Two of them come from Germany, one from Ohio, one from Virginia and one from this state. There are now 39 students aided by the synod in college and seminary. The reports of There are now 39 students aided by the synod in college and seminary. The reports of home missionaries within the bounds of the Ponnsylvvania synod were presented. They number about 30. They were read, considered and appropriations renewed in all cases where it was considered necessary. Some applications from new points were favorably considered.

Death of George Gelbach.

Mr. George Gelbach, a trustee of the Bethany Orphans' Home and Franklin and Marshall college, who died in Philadelphia, aged 75 years, was for a long time treasurer of the general synod of the Reformed church and was at his decease president of the board of publication of the Reformed church.

Samuel M. Myers, of Myers & Rathfon, will leave to-night for Lincoln, Nebraska. He has an interest in a large mercantile busi-ness in that city, and is going out to look

STEAMBOAT BOILER EXPLODES.

A PRIGHTFUL DINASTRE OCCURS OF THE MISSISSIPPI BIVER.

and Eighteen Persons are Lost or Missing in Consequence Thereof-Eight Peopie Who Were Isjured.

St. Louis and Cape Girardeau, Mo., on the Mississippi river, exploded her boiler about noon Tuesday at Neely's Landing, a few miles below Grand Tower, 111. There being no telegraphic communication with Neely's Landing, nothing was known of the dis-aster until 7 o'clock in the evening, when the tow-boat Eagle arrived at Cape Girardeau with a large number of dead and wounded passengers from La Mascotte. The boat was wned in Evansville, Ind., and valued at \$30,-000. The names of the dead and wounded

RIGHTEEN LOST OR MISSING. Jackson, Mo., Oct. 6.—Eighteen persons are lost or missing from the steamer Mas-cotte, some of them members of the crew, and eight others are injured. There were but living in the towns along the river. A tow boat was a short distance behind the Mascotte and when she reached the wreck she picked up several persons, and took them to-Several Bodies Not Recovered.

CAPE GERARDEAU, Mo., Oct. 6.—Further particulars of the explosion of the steamer La Mascotte, which blew up near Cape Girardeau yesterday, show that besides the ten persons already known to have lost their lives there were several drowned whose bodies are not yet recovered. Fifteen persons seriously in-jured have been brought to this city. At the Sisters of Mercy hospital are the second mate, one carpenter and a scrub boy that are severely burned about the heads and body. The carpenter, D. S. Davidson was also burned internally. There are also ten deck hands at the hospital who are most horribly sealed, and some of who are most horribly scalded, and some o them cannot live. Some of the deck hands have not a six inch space that was not scalded and denuded of skin. The names of these deck hands are as follows as far as can be learned now: Car Chapman, of Paducab, Ky.; Thomas Lay, St. Louis, and one known as Virginia, from St. Louis; George Keywood, Nashville; Wm. Eiliott, St. Louis; Joe Burning, Chester; Marshail Wade, Walnut Hill, Ky. Chas. S. Austin, the barber, is also seriously injured about the head and back. Miss Lena Buchman, of St. Louis, is also seriously injured about the head and back. Miss Lena Buchman, of St. Louis, is seriously injured but will recover. D. W. Wilson, of this city, was also slightly in-

THE CAPTAIN CHARGED WITH NEGLI-The scene on the Eagle when she landed here was most horrible. Physicians and cit-izens at once did everything in their power to alleviate the suffering of the injured peo-ple. The crew on the Eagle, as well as those pie. The crew on the Eagle, as well as those rescued from the Mascotte, censure the captain of the Eagle for not making greater efforts to save the victims. Captain Thompson, of the La Mascotte, and several of the rescued, state that the captain of the Eagle refused, until he (Thompson) and his crew threatened to take charge of his boat by force to take the rescued and injured to this city, where assistance could be rendered to them, but said he would take them to Grand Tower, where little, it any aid could be given them. After getting the injured aboard of the Eagle, he locked the state rooms and refused the use of locked the state rooms and refused the use of the covers for the wounded. No cause can

The boat is said to have been steaming along under 150 pounds of steam, her usual amount to carry, when an explosion suddenly occurred, blowing the fire in every direction. The utmost confusion prevailed. The pilot, taking advantage of her heading, turned her toward shore, but the flames caused him to absend on his rost before the stage-plank him to abandon his post before the stage-plank who were at that end of the boat the pilot and one cabin boy getting ashore without any inwas lowered and many were placed upon it mostly women and children, who would have been saved had not the smokestack

fallen squarely across it, and all the smokestace fallen squarely across it, and all the were not killed by it were drowned.

Capt. Thompson, after doing all in his power to save the passengers and crew, jumped overboard and swam ashore, the boat having by this time drifted fully 200 yards out into the river.

La Mascotte drifted over to the Illinois shore, opposite Willard's Landing, and sank, the only thing visible at present being her wheel.

Roy Perkins, the first cook, is supposed to have lost his life through his efforts to save the boats, many of which he secured, and jumped overboard. There were 165 life preservers on board the ship, Captain Thompson having purchased 100 extra on his last trip, but strangs to say few were thought of bains. but strange to say few were thought of being

Among the erew saved were: Lew Bra-han, second clerk; Jim Dougherty, first mate; Lew Adams, second mate, badly scalded about the head, back and shoulders; John Harlan and Jim Donohue, pilots, saved without injury; Henry Le Rue, pilot, was injured internally by a blow from a stanch-ion: Henry Lowery, steward is uninjured. ion ; Henry Lowery, steward, is uninjured THE SECOND CLERK'S STORY.

THE SECOND CLERK'S STORY.

Lew Brahan, the second clerk, tells the foliowing story of the disaster:

"We had landed at Neely's, and were puling out, and I waiked up stairs and into my room, when I heard a small explosion like that of a sky-rocket, and opened the door to the cabin and saw the steam coming into it from the boiler shop. I saw the ladies in their cabin and called to them to come forward. I saw fire coming from under the boiler deck, and I took the ladies forward to the boiler deck and started down sairs where Pilot Gireau gave the life preservers to them, telling them all to put them on immediately. I ordered the stage plank thrown overboard which was promptly done and we put all the ladies on promptly done and we put all the ladies on the plank. The rigging broke and the plank swung out. Mrs. Seimers jumped into my arms and I landed her onto the stage while I was thrown into the river myself. I swam alongside the stage and made the men get off so it would bear up the ladies. I then swam to a ledge of rocks and crawled ashore. A man from Illinois, with a skiff took the people off the stage and also saved a number that were swimming. I don't remember the skiffman's name, but he did some noble work." J. J. Hanlon, the second pilot, says, "The Eagle was near us when the disaster "The Eagle was near us when the disaster occurred, and could easily 'have pushed us ashere without much trouble or danger, but I understand the captain did not render any assistance. Adolphus Nyne, pilot of the Eagle, told me that the captain ordered him not to go near the Mascotte, as he did not wish to endanger his boat. If he would only have pushed us ashore, not a single person would have been injured except from scalds and burns."

A prominent clergman of the county has addressed the following letter to M. V. B. Keller, clerk of the orphans' court, who has charge of the marriage licenses :

"So excellent is the present license law that I am, and many other clergymen are, anxious to learn who those men are who do not comply with its requirement, viz.: to make out return of the marriage to your office.

"Allow me to make the following suggest "Allow me to make the following sugges-tions: To some extent the difficulty would be remedied by noting the postoffice address of the applicants after their names. The law contemplates this as necessary for iden-tification of the parties. Then it would be an easy matter to inquire who is to solemnize the marriage and make a record of it. This last is particularly necessary because there are suspicions that some understand the new law to make the getting of a license the solemnization of the marriage."

Another Doctor for Berks.
Dr. Joseph Brackbill, of this county, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, has registered for practice in Berks county. A TALK WITH UNN. MILEO.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Oct. 6.—General Miles was asked yesterday by a reporter what he thought of the published statements or bulletins assumed to have been written upon official information jurnished at the war department as to his capture of Gero nimo. "Those reports," replied the general "emanate from the brain of an unscrupulou and envious person whose object appear to be to distort the truth, with the intention of injuring me. The pretense that the surrender of Geronimo and other hosand arduous action of the troops in the field, is simply childish. Surely no intelligent man would believe that the Apaches who have been roaming over the mountainous dawn their arms, sacrificed their property, dswn their arms, sacrinced their property, surrendered their liberty, accepted perpet-us! banishment from their native coun-try, placed themselves and families at the mercy of the government unless they had been forced by the military forces. The

ceeds that in severity ever inflicted upon any body of Indians in this country. I am quite willing that every official act of mine in this enterprise should be known to the public. I much prefer that my official acts should be published. I was given absolute discretionary authority to conduct the campaign. Even Gen. Sheridan, who commands the army and knows more about Indian matters and the topography of this country than all the army officers in Washington together, de-clined to give me any specific instructiona. The removal of these Apaches has stricken terror into those living in the adjacent country. Even the powerful Navajos of 20,000 souls, are now afraid they may do something from their native country. I already regard It more effective than if forty executions had

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

The Triennial Session Begun in Chicago—Open ing Service This Morning. CHICAGO, Oct. 6.-The religious ceremony, which marks the opening of the great trien-nial general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church in the United States is in progress this morning. Shortly before 10 o'clock the doors of the church were thrown open and as the clerical and lay dele gates entered from one side, the members of the house of bishop emerged from the vestry chancel, while the members of the house of deputies were assigned to positions in the full morning prayer, litany and communion service. Rev. Dr. Vibbert read the matins. Bishop Lee, the senior bishop, celebrated holy communion and the sermon was preached by Bishop Bedell.

The convention proper will be called to order at 3 p. m., the house of bishops meeting in secret session in Apollo hall and the house of deputies in Central Music hall on the floor above. The indications this morning are that Rev. Morgan Dix, of New York, will be elected to preside over the deputies.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.-H. C. Foreman, the burglar who was found in Grommes & ast night, fatally stapped himself this morning at the Harrison street station. He had a knife concealed on his person, which the officers overlooked in searching him, and this morning at 9 o'clock he plunged the weapon ten times into his stomach. There is no chance for his recovery.

Foreman, who comes from Montana, worked his way into the confidences of Frommes & Ullrich, the liquor dealers, pretending to be about to purchase a large bill of goods. He brought into the store a dry ods box addressed to himself and closed choice cigars. He was caught in the act last

Big Will on a Small Sheet of Paper, WABASH, Ind., Oct. 6.—The will of Elber H. Shirk, the Peru banker, who died las

June, leaving an estate of \$3,000,000, is now northern Indiana and lilinois. The will fs very brief, consisting of three printed parathe entire property to the three children. Milton, Eibert and Alice. Milton is appointed executor and is required to give no bond. Elbert is a prominent capitalist of Chicago.

To Return to the 10-Hour System CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—Representatives of all the packing houses at the stock yards held a meeting yesterday. The utmost secrecy was eaked out that a conclusion was reached t In the event of a strike, the packing houses it is said, will shut down indefinitely and de pend upon their branches at Omaha, Lincoln and Kansas City to ful their existing con-

The Anti-Store Order Legislation Following is the fourth section of the act o June 29, 1881, relating to the store order legis lation that has just been declared unconsti utional by the supreme court :

tutional by the supreme court:

Section 4. That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, company, corporation or association engaged in mining or manufacturing, either or both, as aforesaid, and who shall likewise be either engaged or interested directly or indirectly in merchandising, as owner or otherwise, in any money, percent, profit or commission arising from the sale of any such merchandise, their cierks, servants, officers or agents, to knowingly and wilfully sell or cause to be sold to any employe any goods, merchandise or supplies whatever for a greater per cent, of profit than merchandise and supplies of like character, kind, quality and quantity are sold to other customers buying for cash and not employed by them; and shall any person or member of any firm, company, corporation or association, his or their cierk, agent or servant, violate this section of this act, then and in that case the debt for goods so sold shall not be collectable against the employe so purchasing.

SHOT BY HIS ANGRY SON. A Peculiar Tragedy That Happened Near Whi

On Monday morning, William Smith, a farmer, residing in Rapho township, started to walk to White Oak station, with his son Daniel, aged eighteen years. They had intended to take the train to come to Lancaster and as they walked along the boy urged his father to walk faster. A quarrel ensued and the old man proceeded to cut a switch to whip him. The boy at once drew a revolver from his pocket and fired at his father. The ball struck the man on the back of the head, near the ear, and taking a downward course, lodged in the jaw. Dr. Snavely, of Manheim, was at once summoned and he attended the injury which is not believed to be very serious. The boy as soon as he saw what he he had done took to his heels and ran away. At last accounts he had not been captured. The ball which struck Mr. Smith was of 22 calibre. This morning he was doing very well.

The mayor disposed of two cases this morn-ing. One, a drunk, was discharged on pay-ment of costs and the second, a professional vagrant, was committed to the workhouse for 30 days.

SAMUEL TRUSCOTT DEAD.

ZENS OF COLUMBIA.

Mechanic and Inventor-His Engagement in Various Enterprises-lirief History of His Career-Frank Wittick Brought From Baitimors-Town Notes.

Regular Correspondence of INTELLIGENCES. COLUMBIA, Oct. 5.—In the death of Samuel Truscott, at half-past five o'clock this morning, Columbia loses one of her best and most prominent citizens. Mr. Truscott had been actively engaged in business in town for many years and only retired when compelled to do so by reason of failing nealth. He was born in Yorkshire, England on the 17th day of March, 1812, and came to this country in 1818. He was a pattern-maker by trade, and worked for a long time for Ross Winans, of Baltimore. He came to maker by trade, and worked for a long time for Ross Winans, of Baltimore. He came to Columbia in 1837, working at his trade for Baugher & Wolf, at their foundry at the canal basin. Baugher retired in 1839, and on May 1, 1846 a partnership was formed between Messrs. Truscott & Wolf, the firm dissolving in 1859, when the death of Mr. Wolf occurred. Mr. Truscott was the first inventor of the solid iron car hub for railroad cars, but the firm had not enough capital to prevent the infringement on their patent by corporations and sold the patent to a man named Evans, of New Jersey, who became wealthy from this patent. For a few years Mr. Truscott lived retired and in 1865 engaged in the oil business as Truscott & Guernsey, who withdrew in 1867, when J. W. Steacy and M. S. Shuman entered into the business with Mr. Truscott. The same parties also engaged in the milling business, as Steacy & Co., having the large four mill, near the Columbia dam. Mr. Truscott engaged in business until August, 1885, when compelled to relinquish the same by reason of ill health and has been an invalid since August 28th, 1885. He was a member of the Presbyterian church for many years and was associated with the choir for a long time; the was also a member of the board of trustees of the church. Mr. Truscott was connected as a director of Columbia Gas company, Columbia Water company. nected as a director of Columbia Gas company, Columbia Water company, Mount Bethel cemeteryand Odd Fellow's hall association. He was also a director in the Columbia National was also a director in the Columbia National bank for a long time but was not a director at the time of his death. He became a member of Susquehanna Lodge of Odd Fet-lows in 1847, and was also a member of Shaw-nee Encampment. A wife and two children survive, a son and daughter, who is the wife of Mr. C. A. Fondersmith, of Lancaster. The funeral will take place from his late resi-dence, No. 312 Cherry street, on Saturday morning at eleven o'clock. Interment will be made at Mount Bethel cemetery. e made at Mount Bethel cemetery.

Officers Wittick and Gilbert went to Baltimore on last Monday afternoon for the purmore on last Monday alternoon for the pur-pose at oringing Frank Wittick, who was ar-rested in that city, to Columbia. The officers returned to town last night bringing Wittick with them. He was secured without a re-quisition and came without any trouble. This morning he was taken to the office of Squire Hershey to answer the charges against him. There are four assault and battery and one surety of the peace cases. A hearing was surety of the peace cases. A hearing was waived and in default of ball, Wittick was Officers Installed

At a regular meeting of Chiquesalungs tribe, No. 39, of Red Men, the following of-ficers were installed to serve for the ensuing term: Prophet, Harry M. Sample; sachem, William A. Glasser: senior sagamore, C. C. Shure; junior sagamore, Albert Charles.

Death of George Dearbeck. George Dearbeck died at his home, on Union street, between Third and Fourth, on Tuesday afternoon at 3:20 o'clock, in the 30th year of his age. The funeral will take place on Saturday morning at nine o'clock, services to be held in St. Joseph's Catholic church.

o'clock last night caused byengine 927 pushing a draft of cars into the train drawn by engine Six cars were thrown from the The week crew was called into service, working all night to clear away the wreck. The first afternoon market will be held on Thursday.

The trouble between the band and the

three expelled members has been settled by the members turning over all property in their possession and paying costs of the suit. Joseph M. Bennett, a machinist at the Pennsylvania railroad round house, feil from an engine, where he was working, into a coal pit, resulting in severe sprains to his back. The accident has confined him to his home.

SHOOTING AT TELL'S HAIN.

The Score of the Crack Shots of the Lancaste Tuesday's attendance at Tell's Hain by the members of the Lancaster Schutzen Verein

members of the Lancaster Schutzen Verein was not so large as expected. The weather was bright and, although warm, a free breeze prevailed, which somewhat interfered with the shots of the marksmen, as the following record from the score-keeper will show:
Out of a possible 324; distance 200 yards, and bull-eye 2 inches: George Kircher, 233; John T. Knapp, 217; Theodore Beck, 211; Peter Dommel, 203, and John Fritsch, 177.
With a possible 215; distance and bull-eye same as above stated, S. T. Davis made the score of 135. Centre shots were made: Kirchner 2, during matches; Knapp 2, one at preliminary practice and one in second match; Beck 1 at preliminary practice, and Dommel 2, one in eighth match and one in after-practice. The target was perfectly "gutted out" in the black, there being yery few shots in the white.

The prizes won were: Kircher, three 1st prizes; two 2d and two 3d prizes. Knapp, three let prizes.

The prizes won were: Kircher, three 1st prizes; two 2d and two 3d prizes. Knapp, three 1st prizes; one 2d and one 3d prize. Beck, two 1st prizes; one 2d and two 3d prizes. Dommel, three 2d prizes and two 3d prizes. Fritsch, one 1st and one 3d prizes. Davis, two 2d and one 3d prizes. The scores exhibited very close and regular shooting between the participants. The best made being:

Knapp 9 12 11 11 11 10 11 11 11-107
Kirchner 9 9 12 11 10 11 9 11 11-93
Dommel 7 8 11 5 11 11 10 12 9-84
Beck 10 9 10 9 10 8 9 7 11-83
Buvis 8 8 11 10 9 5 8 11 6-76
Fritsch 6 7 10 9 9 0 10 8 10-75
These were out of a possible 168.

On Tuesday next, 12th inst., a more general practice will be had, which is preparatory to the star shooting festival fixed for the Tuesday following. 19th inst. day following, 19th inst.

The following officers of Can-as-sa-te-go

Tribe, No. 203, Improved Order of Red Men. were installed on Tuesday evening, by Past Sachem A. Viliee: Prophet, A. R. Hoffman; sachem, C. F. Quade; senior sagamore, George Geiberson; junior sagamore, John Weber; trustee, B. F. Bartholomew. The tribe is in good financial standing, and has 102 members in good standing.

Wm. Aug. Atlee, executor of Dr. John L. Atlee, deceased, will offer at public sale at the Leopard hotel this evening, several valu able properties belonging to the estate. Among them are the properties on the corner of Lime and East King street and the one adjoining occupied for many years by the late Dr. John L. Atlee, jr.

The race to-morrow between Fiss' Richard and Baily's Johnny H., promises to be one of the most interesting and exciting that has ever taken place in this city. The horses are so evenly matched that it is very difficult for any one to name the winner. There is little if any betting as yet.

Tuesday night near Gien Loch there was a railroad accident that caused a good deal of delay in the movement of freight trains, but did not interfere with passenger travel. The accident was caused by the breaking of a body bolt of a freight car which let the car down upon the track, where it and two other cars were wrecked.

The concert and hop of the Lancaster Liederkranz will take place on Monday even-ing next, and not on Wednesday evening, as stated.

Given a Warm Reception Throughout the Cor tre of the State,

Lieutenant Governor Chaunces F. Black and party, consisting of Colonel Ricketta, B. Tuesday evening. They left McConnellsburg early in the morning. The trip from the latter place to Bedford was made by carriage. Receptions were given them at Everett and Bedford, which were necessarily brief but nevertheless enthusiastic. At Bedford the party were met by a large committee and conducted to the Bedford house, where an in-formal reception was held. Afterwards the visitors adjourned to the Union hotel, where a large number of Democrats called to pay

visitors adjourned to the Union hotel, where a large number of Democrats called to pay their respects.

At 4 o'clock in the afternoon the candidates and fellow-travelers were accompanied to the train by the committee of reception, among whom were ex-Representative John M. Reynolds, E. F. Kerr, H. D. Tate, chief clerk of the secretary of the commonweaith, and ex-District Attorney Frank Fletcher. When they arrived at Huntingdon the party were escorted to the Leister house, where the candidates were called upon by Senator McAteer, Messrs, Gibson, Fleming, North, Caldwell, Miller, Petriken, Shoemaker, McNiel and many other Democrats of the town, a large number of whom accompanied them to Tyrone. At Huntingdon Colonei Ricketts was obliged to leave for Wilkesbarre, his home, on account of urgent business. After supper at the Ward house, at this place, a serenade was tendered the lieutenant governor and W. J. Brennen, Democratic candidate for auditor general, who had arrived a short time previous.

A large and enthusiastic crowd gathered who had arrived a short time previous.

A large and enthusiastic crowd gathered in front of the hotel. After repeated calls for In front of the hotel. After repeated calls for the lieutenant governor, that gentieman made a brief address, returning his thanks for the compliment paid him. At the con-clusion of his remarks Mr. Brennen was called out and spoke for some time upon the issues of the canvass. Both gentlemen made a very favorable impression upon their audi-ence. The impromptu meeting was presided over by Dr. H. B. Piper, formerly represen-tative from Westmoreland county. The can-didates proceed to Bellefonte, where a meeting will be held Wednesday evening.

Racing at the Cecil County, Md., Fair. The seventh annual Cecil county fair opened in Elkton, Md., Tuesday. The race for coits had but two starters. Nellie Gray, entered by Wilton Greenway, of Havre de Grace, won in straight heats : Mayflower, en-Grace, won in straight heats; Mayflower, entered by R. J. Morrison, Christiana, Del., second. There were four starters in the 2:50 trot. Lady Mascott, entered by Amos Cowdon, Williamsport, Pa., won in three straight heats; Prince Allen and Tom Marshali, entered respectively by A. S. Hensley, West Chester, Pa., and Wilton Greenway, Havre de Grace, took second and third place successively in each heat. Stranger, entered by Floyd Bros., New York, was distanced in the first heat. Time, 2:45, 2:474, 2:50. The 2:34 trot brought out seven horses. Jake, entered by W. H. Hillyer, Carlisle, Pa., took the first, second and fourth heats and race; William J. Woerner, entered by Frank Rector, Dover, Del., took the second heat and second money; Bessie G., entered by Frank Starr, Baltimore, Md., and Rosie Pease, entered by G. M. Matlack, West Chester, Pa., took third and fourth money respectively; Frank Patchen, entered by W. R. Merrifield, Baltimore, finished fifth; Alice Medium, entered by George Sonior, Chester, Pa., and Royal, entered by William Nicholson, Philadelphia, were distanced in the first heat. Time, 2:36½, 2:38½, 2:36, 2:40½. The running race, a mile dash, was won by Bothwell, entered by A. R. Redsecker, Baltimore, in 1:45½; Maggie A., entered by B. Crossin, Philadelphia, finished second.

Land Damage Case Disposed of and a Wil Case on Trial.

BEFORE JUDGE LIVINGSTON. The defense occupied all morning in the replevin suit of A. P. Nefl vs. Jacob B. Landis. It was shown that Landis had advanced over \$800 to his son, G. G. Landis, who was i business in Lima, Ohio, and when he found that his son was getting behind, he went to Lima and to secure himself bought 90,000 cigars from his son and gave in payment the promissory notes he held against his son. On trial.

BEFORE JUDGE PATRESON. will of Augustus Sturgis was concluded this morning and the case given to the jury at 10 o'clock.

In the suit of Rosa Suter vs. the city and

In the suit of Rosa Suter vs. the city and county of Lancaster, issue to determine what damage she sustained by reason of the opening of Filbert steet through her property, a verifict by consent was entered in favor of plaintiff for \$1,100 against the city and \$470 against the county.

The next case attached was that of John J. Hoover vs. Joseph Stark. This was an action to recover on a book account for carriage work and the amount of the claim was \$184.60. There was no defense and the jury found in favor of plaintiff for the full amount of the claim.

claim.

The jury rendered a verdict in favor of plaintiff, thus sustaining the will.

Need of Fire Escapes For Our Schools EDS. INTELLIGENCER .- Where are the fire escapes? I second the inquiry in Saturday's INTELLIGENCER. The Lancaster school board with a view to economy put a third story on the most populous of the schools in the city. This was an act, the wisdom of which some patrons questioned at the time; but we are not complaining of it, as we be-lieve the board did the best they could under the circumstances. We only say don't stop to be saving now when you crowd over 300 small children in the second and third stories of a large building without providing any possible means for their escape in case of fire. Yes, put up the fire escapes to every school house which has two or more stories and plenty of them. Besides the law requires it.

An alarm of fire was struck shortly after An alarm of fire was struck shortly after 10 o'clock this morning from box 59, corner of St. Joseph street and Love Lane. The fire was in a shed attached to the house of Ferdinand Balser, 757 High street, and was extinguished with a stream of water by company No. 1. There was no stove in the building and the owner of the house thinks the shed was set on fire. The only damage done was the charring of the framework, and the loss is covered by insurance. loss is covered by insurance.

The sheriff this morning seized the stock of Charles A. Reece, shoe dealer on North Queen street, on an execution issued by Morris Levy, in trust for Esther Levy, wite of C. A. Reece, for \$2,500. Before the sheriff got to the store he found Constable Weaver there. The constable had an execution for \$288 on a claim of Gallaher, Kitzelman & Fox, manufacturers of Wilmington, Delaware. This claim will have to be paid first.

The case against the Pennsylvania rallroad company, brought by Mrs. Maria E. Bell down on next week's trial list, has been con tinued. The jurors selected to try the case, who were notified to meet at Landisville on Friday, will not have to meet on that day.

On Saturday evening next there will be Pro hibition meetings at Bainbridge, Maytown, Mountville and Petersburg. Speeches will be made by prominent temperance men. There will be a county meeting of Prohibi-tionists in the court house on Friday, the

October Councils Meeting The October meeting of city council will be held this evening at 7 o'clock. Among the measures that will be offered for consideration will be the bids for the noiseless pavements for Duke street and the right of way for the East End passenger railway.

The supreme court has reversed the rul ings of the court in the suit of James Lindsay vs. Cullmans & Rosenbaum. This was an action to recover the value of some to-babco, in which the jury found for the plain-tift for the full amount of his claim.

PRICE TWO CENT MAY CAUSE BLOODSHED

THE COLOR LINE DESPRING AT RICHMOND CONFESTION.

Negroes Out, Whether Delegates or Ret. Additional Police Protection Demanded to Prevent Trouble.

RICHMOND, Oct. 9.—The color line in between the Knights and the citizens of Richmond is a very important one here, and it mond is a very important one here, and it may lead the possibilities that it may lead Knights—especially in mond is a very important one here, and it among the possibilities that it may lead bloodshed. The Knights—especially too from New York and Baltimore—are termined to have the same courtesless their colored delegates as are given the whites. It is reported that one of the their managers has asked for increased policy protection to-night, and that he has assured his white patrons that no colored men, they delegates or citizens, will be admitted. With this report is one that district 60 intent to march in a body to the theatre to-night buy seats for all, and take in the colored delegates by force, if necessary.

A TRIKERAM OF GOOD CHRER.

Grand Master Workman Powderly has

Grand Master Workman Powderly in just received the following telegram, while will be read before the convention and a propriately responded to:

"PITTSBURG, Ps., Oct. 6.

T. V. Powderly, G. M. W. K. of L. The National Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers pauses sufficiently long to send greetings. May success attay your every effort, and may the power and influence of organized labor march on uninterrupted until it aims and objects are fally obtained.

WM. WEINE, President. WM. MARTIN, Secretary.

CHLOROFORMED BY BURGLARS. The Rich Booky That They Secured and Hor

They Operated.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—When the family of Joseph Demiling, a prominent real estate man, who lives on Armitage road, in Elmira, awoke this morning, it was after 9 o'clock and the entire house was in disorder and contraint. and the entire house was in disorder and confusion, it was at once discovered that the entire family had been chloroformed by burglam who had completely despoiled the house of all its valuables. These included a pair of gold bracelets, which Mr. Demining had purchased in San Francisco, recently valued at \$160; a pair of dismond ear rings worth \$300; a lacy's gold watch and chain, Mr. Demining's watch, chain and charm, the latter a valuable Masonic emblem, and numerous other articles. Mr. Demining catimates his loss at over \$500. The burglars left a number of articles scattered about the yard, evidently having all they could conveniently carry of their valuable plunder.

New York, Oct. 6.—This afternoon at 3 o'clock, at the Aster house, Mr. Milton T. Garvin and Mrs. Kate L. Gyger, both of Lancaster, Pa., were united in marriage by His Honor Wm. R. Grace, mayor of New York.

York.
[Mr. Garvin is well known in Lane Mr. Garvin is well known in Landau as one of the most energetic salesmen in R. E. Fahnestock's dry good store, and Mrs. Gyger (widow of the late A. D. Gyger,) at the proprietor of the boarding house, No. 20 North Duke street. We extend congratulations to the happy couple.]

Sovia, Oct. 6—The government has warned General Kaulbars not to attempt to make public a address, as it has been informed of a plot to maltreat him. The government has decided not to reply to General Kaulbars' last note. The general has telegraphed orders to the Bulgarian military commandent at Rutschuk to liberate all political prisioners, otherwise the general will hold him personally responsible.

Gets Up Early to Meet Bis Wife. WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Mrs. Cleveland her mother, Mrs. Folsom, washington early this morning arriving at 6 o'clock. The president was up at sunreand with the seal browns and the family carriage awaited their arrival at the depot.

Col. Lamont has gone to New York, to be absent for several days

Death of a Chicago Capitalist. came here more than thirty years ago, effer graduating from Harvard college, and has since been prominent as a capitalist and real estate dealer, died yesterday at his home 99 Pine street. He was for many years a director of the exposition. The funeral will occur to morrow. The remains will be taken to Cincipnati for interment.

Four Men Blown to Pieces Four Men Blown to Pieces.

St. Pauli, Minn., Oct. 6.—A special to the Pioneer Press from Deadwood, D. T.,

A box containing thirty pounds of giant powder exploded in the 300 foot level of Ealedonia mine at %:15 o'clook last evening blowing four men to pieces and injuring to or six others. A spark from a pipe cause the explosion.

Suicide Due to Gambling.

PARIS, Oct. 6.—Prince Melissome, a meber of one of the leading families of Rephas committed suicide after seeing his maposted as a defaulter at his club. He had be heavily in gambling.

WEATHER INDICATIONS. Washington, D. C., Oct. 6.—Pr Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jens Delaware and Maryland, fair west northeasterly winds, becoming southern nearly stationary temperature.

JIM HENRY, ALIAN LEENTAU. He Telis the Court That Time Will Make all As Clear as Day. From the Baltimore Sun. Henry A. Leentau, who pleaded guilty to an indictment for burning the barn of John

H. Rhine, in Howard county, was sentence.

Tuesday by Judge Duffy to 12 years in the penitentiary, to begin at the expiration of sentence of 14 years imposed Tuesdayat Elit City for stealing a horse from Morning. The barn-burning case had been moved to the criminal court for trial. the plea of guilty the prisoner was taken be Ellicott City, and sentenced for horse size ing, and returned to Baltimore in time to re ceive sentence in the burning case, making

ceive sentence in the burning case, making 20 years in all.

At Ellicott City, when asked by the clerk if he had anything to say, Leentau rose from his seat in the prisoners' dock and said:

have pleaded guilty to the charge of armount of the charge of sentence you to the extreme penalty of law—fourteen years in the Maryland penalty of law—fourteen years in the Maryland penalty." Leentau was immediately in charge of Sheriff Frank Shipley, of ard county, who brought him to Baltin in a special conveyance.

county Commissioners Myers, Gist and Hartman, with Frank Griest, their went to Harrisburg to-day to attend a vention of the county commissioners state. The call for the convention was by the commissioners of Warren and counties, and the objects are stated to formation of a revised tax isw, or fixing uniform practice under existing is lating to the business or the duties of commissioners. It is expected that county in the commonwealth will be sented at the convention.

Habrisburg, Oct. 6.—The first sentends.

Habrishuro, Oct. 6.—The first see the convention of county commission Pennsylvania convened in the court 2. p. m. and was largely attended. 2 dress of welcome was made by Major ma.

This is the first big day of the I and there is a great crowd in stiends 3:20 and 3:50 class races take plant About seventy persons left this day and the fair this forenous.