MEETING OF SCHOOL BOARD.

TAKING MEASURES TO PROVIDE ADDI-TIONAL BCHOOL ACCOMMODATION.

To Add a Story to the Lemon Street School it Vacation, and a lite for a New School to be Secured-Boutine Work. Sewing in the Schools.

The board of school directors met statedly Thursday evening, and was called to order by President Levergood, with the following members present: Mears. Baker, Bolenius, Breneiman, Brosius, Brown, Cochran, Darm-stetter, Eberman, Evans, Hartman, Herr, Johnson, Marshall, McComsey, McElligott, McKillips, Oblender, Ochs, Pontz, Ringwalt, Schwebel, Shindle, Shirk, Smeych, Snyder, Sprenger, Warfel, White, Wickersham, Wohlsen, Levergood.

On motion of Mr. " arfel, the reading of the minutes was dispensed with.

The Superintending Committee Mr. McComsey, chairman of the superin-tending committee, presented the following

Your superintending committee have been endeavoring to digest some plan to avoid an increase of the present number in the girl's high school, but have not yet reached a conclusion, and will not be able to do so until after some of the examinations shall have been made. We expect, however, to be able to report something definite in regard to the matter at the April meeting. If no other way out of the difficulty is found, your committee may be compelled to sak the board to temporarily suspend the rule fixing the standard for admission to this school, and to have it slightly raised. It is well understood that the limit of accommodation has already that the limit of accommodation has alread been reached, and is as equally understoo that the board is not prepared to establis additional high schools. There are too man other more pressing demands deemed mor important and of wider reaching benefits tally increased primary accommodation we take this opportunity to express the hope that the property committee will provide at least one new building before th next term. We should have two, but one if properly located, may possibly meet the present demand.

Respectfully submitted, W. M. McConsey, J. B. WARPEL, J. P. WICKERSHAM, J. HAY BROWN, GEORGE NAUMAN,

Finance.

Mr. Evans, chairman of the finance con mitee, presented the following bills which were approved and ordered to be paid: John H. Loucks, services as measurage, \$16; Warfel & Geist, printing, etc., \$15.50; A. Reese Stamy, night school services, \$28.75; Stoner, Shreiner & Co., merchandise, \$15.70; Lancas, ter Gas Light and Fuel company, for gas, \$35.20; Miss E. L. Downey, night school services, \$56.57; Casper Weitzel, services as janitor, \$10. mitee, presented the following bills which

The Property Committee.

Mr. Hartman, chairman of the property committee, reported that six or eight weeks for the use of one of the schools on South Multerry street for church purposes. The application was signed by many members of the board find the committee granted the use of Mr. Matz's school. On motion the action of the committee was approved. Mr. Hartman also reported that Mr. Cooper, the janitor of the West Chestnut street schools, had resigned and Mr. Rhoads was appointed to fill the vacancy. This action was also approved. Mr. Hartman further reported that the janitor of the Manor street school needs a wheelbarrow, and was authorized to purchase it. Mr. Hartman finally presented the following written report and the recommendations contained therein were adopted:

Lancaster, March 4, 1886. for the use of one of the schools on South

LANCASTER, March 4, 1886.
To the opiners and members of the Lancaster city GENTLEWEN : Pursuant to your resolution in the northern portion of the city, and re-spectfully recommend:

1st. The building of an additional story to the Lemon street school building during the

24. The purchase of the lot of ground on the northwest corner of Walnut and Mary streets, 90 by 112 feet, for the sum of \$2,700, payable April 1, 1886.

J. I. HARTMAN, JOHN MCKILLIPS, A. J. SNYDER, THOS. B. COCHRAN, WM. JOHNSON.

Mr. Eberman, for the committee on furniture and apparatus, presented the following report, and the committee was authorized to

To the Lanciuter City School Board.
GENTLEMEN: Your committee having received numerous requests from teachers for small stands or tables for use in togehing geography, giving object lessons, etc., and finding them a necessity, would respectfully ask the board to authorize this committee to

furnish them to those teachers and all others who may hereafter require them.

Henslow's Botanical charts have not been asked for by any of the teachers in the girls' high school, as they have been using a set in common with the boys' school. The price of the complete series is \$15.75.

D. R. MCCORMICK, Chairman:
C. F. EBERMAN,
GEO, F. SPRENGER,

Mr. Ringwalt, chairman of the committee on night schools, reported that the number the greatest number in attendance, 82; the average attendance, 59. In the girls' school, the number enrolled is 35; the greatest num-ber in attendance, 29 and the average at-tendance, 22. The services of one teacher of the boys' school, Mr. Stamy, were dispensed with in the middle of February and also one teacher, Miss Downey, in the girls' school. The Judiciary Comm

sented the following report:
To the Board of Directors of the Common Schools
of the City of Lancaster: Your judiciary committee to whom was re ing twenty days to be taught in every month can be complied with, respectfully report:

That the mandate of the act of June 25, 1885, it appears to be imperative "that a common school month shall hereafter consist of twenty days actual teaching." The rule of our board has fixed ten holidays, five days from Christmas to New Year and four days during institute week, are usually granted, making in all inteteen non-school days, and which by said act do not compose part of 200 days required for ten months, so that for the current term there will have been taught only 196 actual days. can be complied with, respectfully report:

current term there will have been taught only 196 actual days.

This non-compliance with the law may be remedied in two ways, either by prolonging the school term for 43 weeks to 44 weeks, or by striking out three of the school holidays, which are not legal holidays, namely. Easter Alonday, Ascension Thursday and Whit Monday. No school shall be kept open on any legal holiday, or during the time of holding the annual county institute.

DANIEL G. BAKER,
MARRIOTT BROSIUS.

LANCASTER, March 4, 1886.

LANCASTER, March 4, 1886.

Mr. Evans asked whether the allowance by the state of the days used in attending the teachers institute did not relieve the board from the embarrassment indicated by the judiciary committee's report?

Mr. Baker reptled that it did not and quoted the law on the subject.

Mr. Brosius thought it a mistake to attach great importance to the report of the judiciary committee, as he did not think the appropriation could be affected by a violation of the law, for there is no penalty for such violation. Any rule that is made must be flexible to provide for the legal holidays.

Dr. Levergood said he had written to the state department in reference to the matter but had received no definite answer.

The matter was discussed further and Mr. Hariman offered as an amendment to the rules, that "the schools shall be opened on the first schooldsy in September and closed after they have been open 200 teaching days." The amendment went over under the rules.

The report of City Superintendent Buchrie was read as follows :

Statistical Report for February, 1886.			
PRINCIPALS' OR TRACHERS' NAME.	Enrollment.	Attendance.	
I. P. McCaskey	121 176	114	
	297	202	
W. H. Levergood. L. S. Gates. L. M. Stamy Hr. C. Matz. Hiss E. Powers. G. B. Huber. H. A. Dougherty. M. A. Musselman.	50 41 41 31 41 42 45 39 54	46 377 388 20 35 31 40 86 46	
	384	345	
	44 87 46 50 85 45 85 42	40 31 44 44 31 40 33	

Ungraded School, East Strawberry Street School.,	46	36
Intermediate Schools. Miss C. O. Spindler E. Suydam S. Carpenter E. Musser M. J. Bruning I. Marshall R. Bundell R. Bucktus M. Stahl S. Smith K. Shirk H. Holbrook A. Carter S. Stiffel I. Falck	56 50 43 28 40 40 36 53 62 67 58 60 56 80	51 67 38 34 42 32 43 45 51 51 51 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54
	794	654
	June.	- 004
Primary Schools.	43	79
Miss L. Weber	43	79
Mlas L. Weber	43 52 42	79 44 34
Mlss L. Weber Carrie Breneman M. Underwood Witheming Kohlfs	43 52 42 41	79 64 34
Miss L. Weber. "Carrie Broneman "M. Underwood. "Wilhemina Rohlfs "M. Guthrie	43 52 42	19 64 34 31 22
Miss L. Weber Carrie Breneman M. Underwood Withemina Robits M. Guthrie A. Hess M. Achmus	43 52 42 41 37 36 36	19 44 35 EE 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
Miss L. Weber Carrie Breneman M. Underwood Withemina Rohlfs M. Guthrie A. Hess M. Achmus N. Ropley	45 62 42 41 87 86 45	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2
Miss L. Weber Carrie Breneman M. Underwood Withemina Rohlfs M. Guthrie A. Hess M. Achmus N. Ropley M. Maker	43 62 42 41 87 88 45	20 44 35 E 25 E
Miss L. Weber Carrie Breneman M. Underwood Withemina Rohits M. duthrie A. Hess M. Achmus N. Rupley M. Sharpe H. Harkins	43 52 42 41 37 36 45 45	20 4 8 H 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Miss L. Weber Carrie Broneman M. Underwood Wifhemina Robits M. Guthrie A. Hess M. Achimus N. Ropley M. Sharpe H. Harkins Hatte McKeown	43 5/2 4/2 41 37 36 45 45 46	24 34 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24
Miss L. Weber Carrie Breneman M. Underwood. Withenina Rohits M. Guthrie A. Hess M. Achmus N. Rupley M. Sharpe H. Harkins Hattle McKeown Kate Barnes	43 52 42 41 87 36 45 44 61 40 31	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3
Miss L. Weber Carrie Broneman M. Underwood Wilhemins Rohlfs M. Guthrie A. Hess M. Achmus N. Rupley M. Sharpe H. Harkins Hatte McKeown Kate Barnes B. Weitzel	45 52 42 41 37 36 45 44 61 40 31	29 44 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Miss L. Weber Carrie Breneman M. Underwood Withemina Rohlfs M. Guthrie A. Hess M. Achmus N. Rupley M. Sharpe H. Harkins Hattle McKeown Kate Barnes B. Weitzel D. Smaling	43 52 42 41 37 36 45 44 61 40 31 33 32	***************************************
Miss L. Weber Carrie Breneman M. Underwood Wilhemins Rohlfs M. Guthrie A. Hess M. Achmus S. Ropley M. Sharpe H. Harkins Hattle McKeown Kate Barnes B. Weitzel D. Smaling L. McMillan	43 52 42 41 37 36 45 44 61 40 31 33 32 54	2000年 1000年
Miss I. Weber Carrie Breneman M. Underwood. Withemina Rohlfs M. Guthrie A. Hess M. Achmus N. Ropley M. Sharpe H. Harkins Hattle McKeown Kate Barnes H. Weitzel D. Smaling L. McMillan S. King	43 52 42 41 37 36 36 45 44 61 31 35 32 54	表 · 表 · 表 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Miss L. Weber Carrie Breneman M. Underwood Wilhemins Rohlfs N. Guthrie A. Hess M. Achmus N. Ropley M. Sharpe H. Harkins Hattle McKeown Kate Barnes B. Weitzel D. Smaling L. McMillan S. King A. Bushong A. Bushong	43 52 42 41 37 36 36 45 45 41 40 31 35 32 54 54	79
Miss L. Weber Carrie Breneman M. Underwood Wilhemins Rohlfs N. Guthrie A. Hess M. Achmus N. Ropley M. Sharpe H. Harkins Hattle McKeown Kate Barnes B. Weitzel D. Smaling L. McMillan S. King A. Bushong A. Bushong	43 52 42 41 37 36 36 45 44 61 31 35 32 54	20 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

112 80 LANCASTER, Pa., March 4, 1885.

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GENTLEMEN-Your city superintendent GENTLEMEN—Your city superintendent submits the following report of the public schools for the month of February:

The whole number of pupils in attendance was 207 in the high schools; 384 in the grammar; 639 in the secondary; 46 in the ungraded; 768 in the intermediate, and 1,201 in the primary. Total, 3,335. The number in attendance at the night schools was 112. The average attendance was 282 in the high The average attendance was 282 in the high schools; 345 in the grammar; 560 in the secondary; 36 in the ungraded; 654 in the intermediate, and 979 in the primary. Total, 2,856. The average attendance at the night schools was 80.

The number of pupils who made full time

was 947.

The average percentage was 86. The number of toachers in attendance at the teachers' meetings was 63. The visits made by the city superintendent numbered 83; those made by directors, 97, as follows: H. R. Breneman, 3; W. Johnson, 19; W. Mc-Conomy, 30; W. O. Marshall, 10; Dr. J. Levergood, 6; A. Z. Ringwalt, C. Schwebel and Dr. R. M. Bolenius each 1; J. McKillips, 17; Hon, J. B. Wartel, 5; J. W. Byrne, and

Levergood, 6; A. Z. Ringwalt, C. Schwebel and Dr. R. M. Bolenius each 1; J. McKillips, 17; Hon, J. B. Wariel, 5; J. W. Byrne and T. B. Cochran, each 2.

The statistics given above when compared with those of February 1881, show an increase of 25 per cent. In the general average attendance, while the high school shows an increase of 47 per cent., the grammar and secondary schools (exclusive of the German and English school, which then embraced a primary department, and can therefore not be compared with the present exclusively grammar and secondary departments), 39 per cent., while the intermediate and primary show an increase of only 20 per cent. These figures plainly show not only the general growth of the school system, which may be the result merely of an increase in the population of the city, but also and more especially the better condition of our primary schools, thus enabling a greater number to avail themselves of the superior advantages of our upper grade schools. In view of the fact that the average attendance in our schools has thus increased, it would seem probable that the population of our city is now 30,000. If this is so, and if this is all that is necessary to constitute Lancaster a city of the third class, I would again suggest to the board the consideration of the propriety of establishing a city institute, holding its sessions during the first week in September, instead of requiring our teachers to attend the county institute in November, thus closing our schools for an entire week during the best period of the session.

Very respectfully your obedient servant, R. K. Buehrle.

Dr. Herr, of the committee on text books reported in favor of purchasing twenty-five models and a skeleton for teaching physiology Dr. Bolenius presented the following mi-

Dr. Bolenius presented the following minority report:

In regard to the resolution offered at a previous meeting and which was referred to the book committee to report what apparatus additional might be necessary for the purpose of teaching physiology with special reference to the effects of stimulants and narcotics on the (human system, I as one member of your book committee would respectfully report that in my judgment and from inquiries made find that "Smith's Physiology," (the text book adopted by the board) has sufficient number of colored plates, as well as illustrations of the skeleton, osseons systems, muscular, fibous and nervous systems, as well as voluntary and involuntary muscles; also, various illustrations of the red corpuscles of the human blood, etc., various sections of the heart; also, the total circulationand as well representations: the arterial system, capillary plexus, a entary canal from the cesophagus down, also lilustrations of the teeth, salivary glands, also liver, lungs, larynx, chest, ear eye and various other illustrations, in all 71, which are more than amply sufficient at the present time in connection with the various schools; and therefore report no apparatus necessary at this time.

this time.

Respectfully submitted,
DR. R. M. POLENIUS.

Polenius W

The report presented by Dr. Bolenius was adopted.

Mr. Hartman moved that a special com-mittee of seven be appointed to attend to the improvements at the Lemon street

Dr. Wickersham moved to amend by an thorizing the property committee to proceed at once. This amendment was adopted and the original motion as amended was then adopted.

Sewing in the Schools.

Mr. Cochran offered the following resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That the superintending committee be directed to inquire into the method of teaching sewing and needle work in vogue

in the public schools of Philadelphia and elsewhere in the state and report to the board their judgment as to the practicability of its adoption, or the adoption of some other method in the public schools of this city, together with such other matters pertinent thereto as they may deem proper.

Adjourned.

IDA SIDDONE COMPANY. A Borlesque and Specialty Performance That Had Much Merit,

The attraction at the opera house last night was Ida Siddons' burleaque and specialty company, and a better entertain-ment of its kind has not been given here this year. The audience was not so large as the management had a right to expect. It seems male at its head comes here, a lot of people imagine that it is not decent. These cranks remain way from the opera house and keep other home. In last night's show there was noth ing said or done to offend anyone, yet there re perhaps but a half-dozen ladies in the house. Miss Siddons had never been in this city before, and her being a stranger, may have had something to do with the size of the audience. It matters very little to Lancaster audience. It matters very little to Lancaster people what is said in praise of a show in ad-vance; they will not patronize it until they have a guarantee that they will get the worth of their money. Next week "Unc'e Tom's Cabin" will be presented here and the crowds will flock to it. They are acquainted with Tom, but do not know one of his companies from another.

Tom, but do not know one of his companies from another.

Last night's show opened with a pretty scene. Five young ladies were in swings and seven sat in a halt circle. There was singing by several of the females, and West and Sands furnished the fun. Part second was opened by Miss Lou Sanford, one of the most popular serio-comics of the day. She is a fine singer and dancer and the straightforward conversation that she gave the audience made her a great favorite. The act of Constantine and West entitled "The Thespians" was something new and Mr. Constantine was given an opportunity of displaying lots of ability and fine clothing in his female impersonations. Lizzie Mulvey and Belle Clifton, two of the best female dancers before the public, gave their songs and dances, introducing the skipping rope and great reel and public, gave their songs and dances, introduc-ing the skipping rope and great reel and wing dancing. Press Eldridge, a comedian, who is really funny and original, told a num-ber of good stories, and like Miss Santord, gave the audience a talking to. Miss Siddons, the handsome lady whose name the show bears, gave a fine performance of skipping rope. The Mikado Trio, composed of Miss Sanford and Bartelle sisters, astonished all and their singing of the popular airs from Sanford and Bartelle sisters, astonished all and their singing of the popular airs from "Mikado" was as good as that of any ladies heard in opera companies here this season. The act of the six female drum majors was pretty and the Fascinating Four did some clever singing and dancing. Keating and Sands' musical act was among the best, and beaides the music they made lots of fun. The show closed with a burlesque entitled Prince Faithful which introduced at least a Prince Faithful which introduced at least a dozen well formed ladies who wore beautiful but somewhat limited costumes. They gave songs and dances and in suits of armor did songs and dances and in suits of armor did some remarkably fine drilling under the lead-ership of Miss Siddons. Harry Constantine appeared as the fairy and did considerable difficult dancing of the ballet kind. The costumes used in the pieces were rich and elegant. The show went to Alientown this morning and the weather will be much colder when they again visit Lancaster.

AMATEUR THEATRICALS

Successful Entertainment For the Benefit of The New Woman's Exchange. A fashionable and critical audience of abou 200 persons was assembled in Eshleman's hall last night to hear and see some private heatricals, devised by the young folks of the own for the benefit of the Woman's Exchange, the objects and character of which

nave been previously noted in these colomns. With a good deal of care and taste and not without considerable labor, the room had been transferred into a theatre; there was a stage, with footlights and headlights, scenery and luxurious fitting; and the dress-ing rooms were set off with drapings of cur-tains, rugs and shawls. The result was ex-

П	follows:
П	
	A LESSON IN LOVE.
	Capt. Edward Freeman Mr. G. it. Eshieman Mr. Orlando Middlemark Mr. P. G. Dougherty Mr. Babblebrook Mr. William Apple Mrs. Sutherland Miss Kaufmar Miss Kuterberry Miss Franklii Miss Franklii
	Mr. BabblebrookMr. William Apple
	Miss Winterberry Miss Franklin
H	Edith Lesite Miss Wickershau
W	BOX AND COX.

Taylor's orchestra furnished the music, and the fiddlers, who often sit at the foot-lights in Fulton opera house, declared the acting to be a good deal better than most of the professionals give us. The audience was

of like mind.

The first play, a three-act comedy, had never been produced here, and was, we believe, entirely new to those who studied the parts. The rehearsals were not altogether promising, and the management had some misgivings about its success. But from the first it was a go; it ran very smoothly, the stage machinery worked without a creak or catch, and the actors not only went over their lines without a trip, but brought out many

lines without a trip, but brought out many points by some very clever acting. Especially Miss Kaufman in the work-box scene and other parts of the play showed herself possessed of rare abilities.

The favorite farce, "Box and Cox," was admirably done. The make-up of Mr. Fon Dersmith was particularly immense and the acting of all the players beyond criticism.

The pe formance lasted two hours and a halt, and those who saw it were delighted. The participants were afterwards handsomely entertained at Mr. J. B. Kaufman's and everybody praised B. Frank Eshleman for giving the show the free use of his hall.

A dispatch to the morning papers says: A sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Hewit, Breckinridge, of Arkansas, and McKin ley, gave a hearing on Thursday afternoon to several gentlemen—tobacco growers in Connecticut, New York and Wisconsin—on the subject of a proposed clause in the bill relating to tobacco. The present law provides that leaf tobacco suitable for wrappers, of which it requires more than 100 leaves to weigh a pound, shall pay a duty of seventy-five cents. The arguments made before the sub-committee by E. N. Phelps, of Windsor, Conn; S. L. Lord, of Edgerton, Wis, and W. C. Morse, of Painted Post, N. Y., were to the effect that the limitation of 100 leaves to the pound should be emitted, and the duty should be imposed on all leaf tobacco commercially known as wrappers—seventy-five cents per pound if not stemmed and \$1 a pound if stemmed. Representative Buck, of Connecticut, argued in the same sense, and Mr. F. M. Crawford, of New York, president of the Tobacco Board of Trade, gave his views as to the proper wording of the law. The main objection was to the competition of Sumatra tobacco, which, it is claimed, interferes very sensibly with the Connecticut seed leaf."

A special dispatch to the INTELLIGENCER

A special dispatch to the INTELLIGENCER from one of the above-named gentlemen says: "Our hearing before the committee was favorable. We are confident the duty will be established at 75c and \$1, at least, without any leaf or percentage limitations."

It has been discovered that Charles Win dowmaker, whose pardon was recommended by the board of pardons in February, had served out the term for which he was pardoned before action was taken, and he is now serving a separate term of eleven years on charges of largeny, for which no pardon has been asked. Windowmaker was sentenced in Cumberland county. The board has re-voked its action and will hold the matter

William Makinson, who was injured while attempting to board a freight train at Pittsburg, notice of the accident having ap-peared in the INTELLIGENCER when it oc-

THE BIG STREET CAR STRIKE.

NEW YORK PASSES THROUGH A PERIOD OF GREAT SUSPENSE.

Obstructions Placed Across the Car Tracks, and Passing Vehicles Used to Maintain the Blockade-A Complete Suspension of Street Car Passenger Traffic To Day.

New York city was on the verge of a riot on Thursday, for the first time in many years. The 1,000 and more men who swarme hrough Grand street and the Bowery, some crazy with drink, and others with the rising passions of their wrongs, turning over street ears, upsetting wagons and spreading a sense of danger everywhere, wanted but a leader to incite them into lawlessness and riot. As it is, comparative peace and quiet reign

it is, comparative peace and quiet reign Thursday night, and the men have gone peacefully to their homes.

The men have not lessened one whit in their determination to have their demands acceded to before resuming work, and their companions on the other lines talk so strongly of helping them out that a general strike and "tie-up" to-day of every line in the city would not be surprising; in fact the men now at work speak of it as probable. Besides the "tie-up" on the four lines of the Dry Dock road, whose men'are on the strike, the cars of the Secoed, Third and Fourth ayenue lines were stopped during the greater part of the afternoon by the block at the crossing points, and even the men on Sharp's Broadway road stopped for an hour or two under a misaptopped for an hour or two under a m

It was asserted by the strikers Wednesday night that there would be trouble if the officer of the Grand street line attempted to run a car over their road with new men. Violence, it was stated, would be used if necessary to prevent this in the hope that the company's charter would then be forfeited under the law which makes at least one trip a day compulsory. The squads of strikers who gathered in the streets about the terminus of the road at Grand street and the East river within an Grand street and the East river within an hour after daylight, all talking of what was to be done in case a cer was started, proved that they meant to carry out their threats. They kept away from the company's offices, however, where the committee of the Empire Protective association was conferring with the railroad officials, but every move in the car sheds and stables was closely watched. Two hundred policemen had been ordered on the scene, and when Superintendent Murray saw the strikers gathering in such force he ordered a reserve force of 300 more to be kept in the station houses near by.

to be kept in the station houses near by.

The presence of the police, however, did
not deter the men from placing idle wagons
across the tracks, piling rubbish and timbers of all kinds in the way and tearing up the sutomatic switch covers. The company made no attempt to run cars or operate their line until 11 o'clock, when a car was pulled out of the depot at a lively rate, with Inspector Steers and a few policeman on the front plattorm.

platform.

As it went down the street a crowd of men, women and children followed it, hooting and yelling at the driver and smashing the carwindows. The car did not get many blocks away. At the first crossing the cars of the Beit line were stopped, and blocked the road, and when they were moved the Houston street cars were found to be an additional obstruction. One car was turned over and obstruction. One car was turned over and placed on its side on the track, and the attempt had to be given up at last and the car run back to the stable.

The strikers were in glee over the result of

The strikers were in glee over the result of their first struggle with the company. Their numbers seemed to be swelling as noon approached, for both sides of Grand street from the browery to the East river were lined with them and their sympathizers. At half past 2 car No. 155 was run out of the sheds with the same police guard as the first one had, and a crowd of fully 500 people followed it on the journey towards the Bowery. It got within a few blocks of that thoroughfare when the work began which many of the on-lookers believed would only end in blood-shed.

The Second, Third and Fourth avenue cars cross the tracks of the Grand street line at this point, and as the car on the latter road cars of the other lines were stopped, the horses unhitched and the passengers politely asked to alight. Some of the women be-came frightened and a few remonstrated, but came trightened and a few remonstrated, but the cars were soon cleared, pulled over to the junction and then turned over on their sides on the tracks of the offending company. Eight cars were thus capsized before the po-lice could interfere, and travel not only on the Grand street line, but on the other three running down the Bowery, was effectually stopped until near 5 o'clock.

The work was done so onlockly and outside.

The work was done so quickly and quietly that few of the spectators realized what was appening. Not a blow had been struck or person injured, but one of the cars caught a person injured, but one of the cars caught fire from an overturned stove and the con-fusion that ensued added to the jeers of the mob at the officers and created the fear that a riot was on the point of breaking out. There were rumors, too, that many passengers had not time to get out of the overturned cars and were imprisoned within them. This feeling of alarm was increased by the cautious

shutters and locked their store doors.

More alarming than any of these was the report which spread through the 3,000 spectators that all the other drivers and conductors in the city had "tied up" and were burrying to join their comrades in the fight. This had its origin in the temporary "tie up" by the Broadway men, who for some reason supposed they had been ordered to do so. They resumed work in less than two hours, however. In the meantime, platoons of police ever. In the meantime, platons of police had cleared the streets in the neighborhood of Grand street and the Bowery, and the dis-turbance was quelled. The Grand street cars got through, in the course of an hour or two, and made the required trip. and made the required trip.

STREET CAR TRAFFIC SUSPENDED.

car lines began operation in this city has there been such a total suspension as this morning not a horse-car can be seen from the Harlem river to the Battery, the drivers and conductors of all lines having struck at four o'clock this morning in accordance with the order sent out late yesterday by the ex-ecutive board of the Empire association. In the vicinity of the car stables and at various points along the routes of different railroads are gathered large crowds of strikers and their sympathizers wearing sullen and determined looks, and there are grave fears of

trouble before the day passes A repetition of yesterday's work of block-iding the tracks in order to prevent the "Franchise" car from getting over the roads has already begun. Reports received at poice headquarters state that in some places along the line of railways the strikers have erected almost impenetra; able barriers. The ively cover the lines of all the roads upor which the men have struck, and it would re whole force under Superintendent Murray's

any kind was reported. There is a marked change in the demeanor of the strikers this morning, and it is believed that the leaders have impressed upon them the importance of refraining from overt acts and decrying any attempts at violence. Railroad Commissioner O'Donnell arrived here this morning and at 9 o'clock was in conference with the executive committee of the Empire Protective association. The officers of the East Broadway dry dock and Grand street railroads are awaiting the result of this conference before deciding upon their plan of action for the day. The mounted police are patrolling along the line of the Grand street road this morning. This is the line upon which the strikers dumped every imaginable obstruction yesterday and over which the "Franchise" car No. 155 had such

an eventful trip yesterday afternoon. In Brooklyn the situation remains just the same as yesterday. All lines but those controited by Mr. Richardson are running as usnat, but a general "tie-up" has been order-

ed for two o'clock this afternoon. No trouble had been reported from that city. The police are out in large numbers determined to pro-tect the property of the railroads at all haz-

It was stated last night that warrants for the arrest of the members of the executive board of the Empire Protection association had been issued, but none of these have bee served as yet. A "TIE-UP" IN BROOKLYN.

that a general "tie-up" on the horse railroads here will take place at noon. Elevated Railroads Crowded.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The only means of public transit in this city to-day is by the levated railroads. They were crowded to their utmost capacity. There are more than 8,000 drivers and conductors and other employes of the surface lines on strike. The

crowd on Grand street was immense. Several

incipient attempts to form a parade were

BROOKLYN, March 5 .- It is now reported

squelched by the police. Subsequently Superintendent Murray is-sued an order prohibiting all parades of workmen for the present. Eighth street, in the neighborhood of Science hall, was thronged from an early hour to-day by the striking conductors and drivers, and they discussed the situation in groups. In the great hall a public meeting was in session, and several peeches were made, the speakers urging their hearers to keep a bold and united front and cool heads. The greatest enthusiaso prevailed, and several songs were sung.

WHAT THE MEN WANT. In a room up stairs a meeting of the executive committee of the Empire Protective association was in session. At ten o'clock they were visited by Railroad Commissioner O'Donnell, who called to make a final effort

to settle the strike. The committee explained the situation to him fully, and said the men on the Dry Dock and the Brooklyn lines were ready to go to work when they were given \$2 per day for 12 hours work with fifty minutes time for dinner. The commissioner asked the reason for the committee calling out the men on all the other lines and was informed that it was done for the purpose of self protection, as information had been received by them that all the surface roads had formed a pool and were paying all the expenses of the Dry Dock and had agreed to pay up the losses.

The Strike at an End. New York, March 5.—The strike in New York and Brooklyn is ended. The railroad directors concede 12 hours and \$2 a day. Other points of difference are left to Railroad Commissioner O'Donnell,

At noon Railroad Commissioner O'Donnell. acting in the capacity of arbitrator, effected a sattlement of the strike with the Dry Dock and Battery railway company. The agreement, which was drawn up upon the basis of a compromise, provides that the men shall receive \$2 for 12 hours work a day and be allowed 30 minutes for dinner. In case any further differences should arise between the company and its employes they will be referred for settlement to Commissioner O'Donnell as arbitrator. The settlement of strike on the Dry Dock line will put an end to the "tied up's" on the other roads in this city and Breoklyn.

The executive committee of the strikers have issued a proclamation to the public, in which they say: "The disturbances which took place yesterday on Grand street and elsewhere were not caused by railroad conductors, drivers or employes, but are deeply deplored by them. There were only ten railroad men on Grand street during the disturbance that we know of."

An Echo at Albany. ALBANY, N. Y., March 5 .- In the Senate to-day a bili was introduced providing that 12 hours shall be a day's work on the New York surface roads.

ing to Rev. Dr. 1mbbs On Thursday evening the third of the series of lectures given under the auspices of the College Y. M. C. A., was delivered by Prof. J. H. Dubbs, D. D. The subject of his lecture was "Hobbies and how to Ride Them." The lecturer mentioned some of the principal hobbies characteristic of different classes of noncies characteristic of different classes of men; and then related numerous historical instances, illustrating his lecture as he went along. Among literary men he men-tioned the strong desire of some to collect all the old and rare books, often buying them at almost fabulous prices. The collection of rare coins was given as another "hobby" of a certain class of

prices. The collection of rare coins was given as another "hobby" of a certain class of people. But the most popular of all was that of autograph hun. rs; he told how it often becomes a bore, and how sometimes those who engage in this kind of work are deceived by counterfeiters.

The lecturer stated that we all had our hobbies, which also was right, but the difficulty came in it we did not know how to ride them. To this part of the subject Dr. Dubbs devoted the latter part of his tecture "How to Ride our Hobbies," he answered in four comprehensive rules, and anyone following them will not tride his hobby too fast, neither will he be thrown off.

thrown off.

During the lecture Dr. Dubbs gave many practical illustrations which were very interesting and at the same time entertaining. The lecture was good and showed an extensive research in this special department.

An additional feature to the lecture was

the excellent music rendered by the quar-tette, consisting of Messrs. Lutz, Balliet, Rouch and Shirer, members of the "College Glee Club."The opening song they rendered was "The Banner of Beauty." At the close of the lecture they sang "Where my Love Lies Dreaming." Both of these selections were well rendered and highly appreciated by the large audience.

ELIZABETHTOWN NOTES.

Ladies Working to Secure the Erection of New Lutheran Church, ELIZABETHTOWN, March 5.-Last week

some ladies of this place, connected with the Lutheran church, established what is known as "The Ladies' Working Society," for the purpose of raising funds for the erection of a new church, etc. A few evenings since the society met at the residence of one of the members for the purpose of deciding time and place for a supper for a benefit. The supper will be held at the residence of Mrs. H. W. Huntzberger, on Saturday evening, March 13th.

Mr. W. B. Withauer, of this place, formerly of the "Cottage restaurant," has purchased the good will, stock and fixtures of J. E. Killian, the grocer and produce dealer, and began business on Monday last.

Mr. M. G. Kelier, of this place, left yesterday for West Chester, Pa., to buy cattle, horses, etc., of which he intends to dispose of at the Greenawalt house, on the 10th of this process. Lutheran church, established what is known

of at the Greenawalt house, on the 10th of this

month.

Mr. I. N. S. Whil, of Florin, has opened an office in the building formerly occupied by the Farmer's bank, on South Market street, this place, and is prepared to do surveying, conveyancing, scrivening, etc. He will move to this place this month.

Public sales are an every day occurrence in this section and are well attended.

A great deal of moving is anticipated in town and vicinity this spring.

Last week we mentioned that it would be well if the men who possess capital in our town would subscribe a necessary amount of money for some industry in order to build of money for some industry in order to build up our interests and increase our population. This week we notice that a like call was successfully made in our neighboring borough, Middletown.

George Abertus, a colored boy who has been running loose around the town for some time past, has been sent to jail for 10 days by Alderman Barr.

Last night was the time set for the hearing before Alderman A. F. Donnelly of Carl Sowaidnich on the charge of assault and battery upon James Daily. The case was first returned to court but was afterwards

TRIAL OF JOSEPH J. DOSCH.

Hearing the Evidence of His Attempted Assistation of Judge Livingston—Verdict for Plaintiffs in the Brickerville Case. Thursday Afternoon.-The whole of the

afternoon was taken up with the speech of D. G. Eshelman, esq., who closed for the plaintiffs in the Brickerville church case. Friday Morning.—The speeches in the Brickerville case having been finished Judge

Brickerville case having been finished Judge
Patterson charged the Jury for almost an
hour and a half, after which they retired. In
an hour they agreed at 11:30 rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiffs.

This is the fourth time the case has been
tried; twice the jury disagreed and this is
the second verdict for the plaintiffs. Counsel
for the defendants state that they will take
out a writ of error to the supreme court at
once.

Once,
The church case having been disposed of,
Quarter sessions cases were resumed. The The church case having been disposed of, quarter sessions cases were resumed. The first case taken up was that of Joseph J. Posch, the ex-saloon keeper, who made the attack upon Judge Livingston. Judge Patterson is trying the case. The prisoner looks very thin and seems to be in bad health. He took a seat in the bar by the side of his wife. He is represented by Col. Emien Franklin, Zuriel Swope and W. W. Franklin. District Attorney Eberly, S. H. Reynolds and B. F. Eshleman are prosecuting the case.

Before a jury had been selected the counsel for the prisoner stated that they would de-

for the prisoner stated that they would de-mur to the indictment, which is for felonious assault. They claimed that the indictment was insufficient in law. The court heard the argument at once and the demurrer was over-

ruled.

The case was proceeded with and Mr. Eshleman opened for the prosecution, stating what they would prove in the case.

[Besides the assault Dosch is charged with carrying concealed weapons.—Rep.]

The first witness called was A. F. Shenck, who testified that he was acquainted with Dosch, having known him for five years; in a conversation with Dosch, in April, 1885, [after his license had been refused] witness heard him make threats that he would kill

[after his license had been refused] witness heard him make threats that he would kill Judge Livingston; after Dosch was arrested on this charge witness went to the station house and saw him in his cell; he then said he would yet kill Livingston.

Thomas F. McElligott, of the INTELLIGENCER, testified that he saw Dosch the morning of the assault upon Judge Livingston before it occurred; he met Dosch in the corridor of the court becars, be said witness. corridor of the court house; he asked witness whether court was in session and was told that it had adjourned until Saturday. He then turned and witness heard ten minutes afterwards that the assault had been made; in the alderman's office witness heard Dosch say that Livingston had ruined him and his family and he would kill him yet; he also heard him make other threats on the way to the station house.

the station house.

Andrew Dern, constable of Manor township, testified that on the day of this occurrence he arrested Dosch afterwards on South Duke street, and took him to Alderman Barr's office. The prisoner said that Living-ston ought to have been killed ten years ago, and he would kill him yet, or if he did not some one else would.

some one else would.

A. M. Slade, of the New Era, testified that he heard Dosch say after his arrest that he would kill Livingston yet, as he was not fit to be judge and should have been killed before; he also said that he had two pistols at home but porchased a new one to be sure. Frank Barr, who was with Constable Dern threats made by the latter. Current Business.

Abraham W. Burkholder was appointed guardian of Lizzie, Henry and Israel Burk holder, minor children of Israel Burkholder holder, minor children of Israel Burkholder, deceased, late of West Earl township.
Frederick Willig, on account of ill health, was discharged as guardian of George and Annie Peusch, minor children of Frederick Peusch, deceased, late of Lancaster. William C. Lapp was appointed instead.
Rules to show cause why new trials should not be granted were granted in these two cases, Hildebrand vs. Haverstick and Ransing vs. Bender.
A verdiet of not guilty was taken in the case of commonwealth vs. Scott Hamaker.

case of commonwealth vs. Scott Hamaker, who was indicted for fornication and bastardy

on the grounds of statute of limitation FIRE IN A GROCERY STORE.

Have Been a Destructive Conflagration. Between 12 and 1 o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the grocery store at Plum and East King street, which is owned by Philip Ginder and occupied by Charles Ridbaker, who resides near by, and the firemen of engine No. 3 and the hook and ladder company were notified. The fire was in the store room, and a stream was playing on it before the alarm was sounded from box 13, In a short time it was extinguished. An examination was made and it was found

An examination was made and it was found that the fire was on the east side of the building. A large lot of dry goods, notions, &c., were burned and glassware was broken. One counter was burned almost away and there was a large hole in the floor. The firemen showed a great deal of discretion in their work and the water was applied to the spot where the fire really was and not to the whole building. It is difficult for Mr. Riddle to estimate his loss at present. His stock is insured with Bausonan & Burns for \$2,500 in the Ætna, and \$2,500 in the Phoenix company. How the fire started no one knows, but it is believed to have originated in some manner from the stove near which the hole is burned in the floor. Mr. Riddle, in the excitement, after the fire ran into the store where he was almost overcome by the smoke. where he was almost overcome by the smoke

The president has nominated Alphonso F Gordon to be United States marshal for the district of New Jersey, and James C. Matthews, of New York, to be recorder of deeds in the District of Columbia, vice Frederick Douglass, resigned. James C. Matthews is a colored man, 40 years of age. He was born in New Haven, Conn., but his parents soon afterward settled in Albany, and there he has since resided. He read law, and, finishing his course at the Albany law and, finishing his course at the Albany law school, was regularly admitted to the bar in 1870, and subsequently to the bar of the United States courts. He has been successful in the practice of his profession, and has labored zealously and effectively for the Democratic cause in state and national campaigns since 1872.

Col. Taggart Again in Trouble

This morning about half past one o'clock Col. Bob Taggart, the intellectual tramp, so well known in police circles in all parts of the state, staggered into the Pennsylvania railroad depot. There were but few people about at that early hour and the colonel had a poor chance to secure a listener to his atore of useful knowledge. Finally he button-holed Officer Gorrecht, told him all the news from the Delaware to the Ohio by telegraph, telephone, mail and grapevine, and ended by falling into the officer's arms. The officer kindly took him in and gave him a soft plank in the best room of the lockup. This morning Alderman Pinkerton gave him an morning Aldernian Pinkerton gave him an order for five days board at Castle Burk-holder, for which the colonel expressed his

A Melancholy Young Man Disappears. rom the Reading Eagle.

Adamstown that the whereabouts of Monroe Regar, the young man who disappeared from that place on Tuesday, had not yet been disthat place on Tuesday, had not yet been dis-covered, and fears are entertained as to his safety. His friends are very much concerned as to his continued absence. Mr. Regar is a cigarmaker by trade. He tormerly attended the Millersville Normal school, and lately sold books. Late, it is stated, he has been melancholy from overstudy. He is 19 years old, about 5 feet 8 inches in height, and has brack hair. When he disappeared from home he left without an overcoat.

From the Littiz Record.

Mr. Calvent Badorf a few weeks sgo bought a horse for over \$200 from an Ephrata party and right after his purchase was offered \$40 profit. He refused the offer and the animal took sick and died last Friday.

A Treat For Quarryville. A party of colored people of this city have made arrangements to go to Quarryville Saturday, March 13, to sing "Mikado." That town may consider itself lucky.

A MOST BRUTAL PRIZE FIGHT.

THE DEFEATED MAN DIRS AFTER THE TERRIBLE CONTEST.

Now Rival Contestants for a Girl's Hand Settled Their Claims Near Payetter West Virginia-A Tole That Makes

FAYRITEVILLE, W. Va., Mar. 5. -One of the most brutal prize fights that ever took place in this state was fought two days ago in a barn near here and became known only through the death of one of the conte last night. Frank McGonigle and James Sheady fought for forty-three bloody rounds for a purse of \$50. The real animus of the fight, however, was an old and bitter grudge growing out of a quarrel about Ellen McNamara, a beautiful girl, who had toyed with the affections of both McGonials and the affections of both. McGonigle and Sheady were both miners. There were but Sheady were both miners. There were but ten men present beside the seconds, who were John Howley and Peter Jones, local sports. McGonigle, throughout the forty-three rounds, had the best of the fight. In the first round, the latter retired to his corner with a broken nose, at the same time spitting out a piece of the little finers of McGonigies, left hand. the little finger of McGonigie's left hand. The men eyed each other like devils, and in the 4th round were covered with blood from head to foot. One of the men who was pres-ent says it was a most horrible exhibition of brutality. The flesh was cut away from Sheady's eyes, and hung in a mass on his cheeks, which his second finally cut off. Mc-Gonigle's right ear was torn almost completely off by Sheady's teeth, and his jaw was proken. Neither man would give in, although at the 35th round the seconds urged them to stop. The 43d and last round found Sheady in his corner, lying face downward and insensible, while MaGonigie, who had kicked him there, hurriedly gathered up his clothing and staggered out past the seconds clothing and staggered out past the seconds, the rest of the spectators having left horror-stricken. The seconds carried Sheady to his home and left him to die. Neither of them has been seen since Sheady's death, and the whereabouts of McGonigle is also unknown.

Fought For \$400 and Gate Receipts. DETROIT, Mich., March 5 .- The first ring fight Detroit has known for some years, oc-curred here last night in an old skating rink, six miles out of the city. Jack Dempsey, of Oregon, and Harry Gilmore, of Toronto, light weights, fought for \$400 and gate receipts. Dempsey stripped at 126 pounds, and Gilmore at 127. The betting was in favor of Dempsey. In the first four rounds Dempsey forced the fighting with vigor, but Gilmore scored the most points. In the fifth round he punished Dempsey badly, beating his face almost to a jelly. In the last four rounds Dempsey fought a game fight, but failed to come up on the tenth round, and George Fulliames, Dempsey's backer, threw up the

Lisbon, March 5.—The executors of the will of the late Dom Ferdinand, duke of Saxony and titular king of Portugal, have discovered in his library a remarkable collection of suppressed books and pamphlets. The collection numbers 6,000 volumes, and is believed to contain a copy of every important piece of torbidden literature which has been printed in Europe during the past 25 years.

Why Sherman Will Not Contribute. St. Louis, March 5.—General Sherman has written a letter declining to contribute to the fund for Mrs. Catharine Scales, now aged and poor, who did much to establish the public school system this city. He sympathizes Mrs. Scales, but says he has got nothing from the big sums he has paid in school taxes since 1850. "My family is Catholic and Mrs. Sherman would no more consent to have her children enter a public school than a common

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 5.—To-day the House committee on commerce, by a vote of 9 to 4, agreed to report the Reagan inter-state commerce bill with various

mendments. By a vote of 8 to 7 the House committee on judiciary finally agreed to-day, after long consideration, to report the Lowell bank-

LONDON, March 5.—The London office of United Press is authorized to state that Mr. Gladstone has neither directly nor indirectly consulted with Mr. Parnell on the subject of home rule. This statement is also confirmed by Mr. Parnell.

Mrs. Harriet Lane Johnston has presented the Firemen's Relief association, of Baltimore with \$100, in recognition of her appreciation of the work of the firemen at the burning of the Johnston building, South Howard street.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES. Washington, D. C., March 5.—For the Middle Atlantic states, fair weather, stationary temperature, winds, gen-erally northerly, followed during Saturday by local rains, falling barometer.

FOR SATURDAY—Fair weather is indicated for New England, local rains in the Middle Atlantic states and local snows in the Lower Lake region, with no decided change in

J. B. Smith, assistant postmaster at Nashville, Ark., has been lodged in jail at Little Rock, for embezzling \$1,200.

Leonora Martinzo, proprietress of the hotel Espanol in Paso del Norte, Texas, last night administered poison to her 12-year-old daughter and then to herself. The lady was a pure Castilian, very beautiful and much esteemed.

esteemed.

Eastern passenger rates from San Francisco have been "cut" to the following figures: Chicago \$25, New York \$40, Boston \$42.

Wm. Halloran's house near Erie, was burned last night. Two children, Frank and Willie, aged 5 and 3 had been shut in the house by their mother and were burned to death.

About I o'clock this morning, a tank in the Philadelphia oil works, at Point Breeze, sz.

Philadelphia oil works, at Point Breeze, ex-ploded, scattering the burning contents in directions. Two men, Thomas Murphy and Thomas Armstrong, were badly burned. The flames were confined to the tank in which the explosion occurred.

An Kloping Couple Brought Bace. Mrs. Frank Hill and John D. March Mrs. Frank Hill and John D. Marchand, the couple who eloped from Greensburg, Passome time ago, were arrested in Pennscole, Fla, inst Tuesday, just as they were about to embark for Cuba. Mrs. Hill, who was worth \$40,000 in her own name, took the largest portion of her wealth with her in her flight. The couple were followed by the husband, Frank Hill, and Officer O'Mara through the principal cities of Kentucky, Tensessed Georgia and Florida. They were mand unding as a newly married couple and her managed to gain admittance to the test society in Pennscole. Thursday wealth they arrived in Pittsburg in sharge of Detactive O'Mara. A conference was held to the mayor's office, and, as the lovern refuned to submit to separation, they were permitted in leave together, after Mrs. Hill made a division of the property with her husbany. Mrs. Hill's mades name was Mollie Woods, and her father was one of the most prominent citizens of Greensburg. Marchand is a larger and in the United States navy.