EX-LANDLORDS IN TROUBLE.

JOHN A. BRAKK ARRESTED WHILE TRYING TO GET OUT OF TOWN.

Cathered in by the Police While Under Pro mise to Secure Ball on a Charge of Pales Protense-His Partner Leaves for the East by Night.

The Grape hotel, this city, has changed proprietors under rather peculiar circum statices, Mrs. Mary Bell Miller, successor to Samuel R. Miller & Co., retiring in favor of John S. Miller, of Huntingdon, who took

possession on Tuesday.
It will be recollected that Samuel R. Mille & Co., bought out the good-will and furniture about a year ago from Henry Rahter, and continued to run the hotel until December 30 last, on which date they transferred their interests to Mrs. Mary Bell Miller, wife of Samuel R. Miller. The house had from the first labored under financial difficulties. Butchers, bakers, grocers, liquor dealers and others, could not get their money from the proprietors for goods furnished and finally mit was brought against them by G. Clen Kennedy, counsel for Jere Rohrer, liquor dealer, for \$140, and Harry Diffenbaugh for Almost immediately thereafter dozens of other creditors brought suit for various sums, \$10 to \$100 and upwards. Judgment rendered against the defendants for more than \$1,000, and appeals were taken therefrom. Meantime the good will and furniture of the hotel were offered for sale, and finally found a purchaser in Mr. John

As Harry Diffenbaugh, among others, had obtained an attachment against the personal property, and as he feared it might be removed from the premises, he had a deputy sheriff placed on guard last Saturday to prevent it, and he remained on guard until the vent it, and he remained on guard until the new landlord took possession on Tuesday.

Yesterday morning Henry Gerhart, merchant tailor, made complaint against John A. Brake for obtaining a suit of clothes under false pretense. He was arrested and taken before Alderman Fordney, who demanded ball in the sum of \$500. Being unable to get ball at the time, his counsel, J. W. F. Swift, became his surety until such time in the day as he could enter ball, and he was discharged. as he could enter bail, and he was discharged. In the evening Brake was re-arrested by Officer Winower, on a charge of perjury preferred by Thos. Baumgardner, to whom the firm of Miller & Co. owed a promissory note for \$130. The accused was taken before Alderman McConomy, who demanded \$300 bail for a hearing. He couldn't get bail, but inally found money enough to pay Mr. Baumgardner's bill, whereupon the complaint against bim was withdrawn, and he was again discharged.

As he had failed to enter bail before Alderman Fordney, as he had promised to do, a

man Fordney, as he had promised to do, a watch was kept on his movements. Policemen were detailed to watch the trains. Brake was seen from time to time during the evewas seen from time to time during the eveing oscillating between the hotel and the
railroad station. His father, who has been
here some time, left on the 10:45 train west.
George Miller, a nephew of Brake, was seen
going to the station with two or three satchels, and jumped upon the Pacific Expresstrain west, which passed through Lancaster at 1:45 this morning. This was regarded as suspicious, and the police
watched sharply for Brake, who it was
feared intended to skip. He was seen to
emerge from a saloon near the east end of the
depot, and as he approached the cars was aremerge from a saloon near the east end of the depot, and as he approached the cars was ar-rested by Officer Roadman, and taken to the lockup, where he still remains in default of bail to await a hearing in the case of false pretense preferred against him by Mr. Ger-nart. The hearing has been set for Tuesday morning.

charging him with obtaining \$400 from him by false representations. Before the same alderman he has been sued by Isaac Diller & Sons, for disposing of his goods to detraud The accused was not able to fur-

PARTNER MILLER PLIES BY NIGHT. Mr. Samuel R. Miller, his partner, took the Philadelphia express train this morning a 2:45. The police suspect that his son George, who is a minor, took the train west an hour before to throw them off their guard as to the intentions of his father. George went west only as ar as Harrisburg and returned to Lancaster this morning. His mother, late proprietor of the Grape hotel, remains there

as a guest.

It is asserted that many other charges of fraud will be made against Mr. Brake, and also against Mr. Miller if he returns to the

city.

It is further charged that after the purchase of the pursonal property of the hotel some days ago by Mr. John S. Miller, but before he obtained possession, large quantities of bedding, queensware, tinware and towelling were surregitiously removed. surreptitionsly removed.

THE NEW LANDLORD. Mr. John S. Miller, the new landlord, is Mr. John S. Miller, the new landlord, is a substantial-looking middle-aged gentleman, who has been conducting a first-class house in Huntingdon. He is more astonished than anybody else at the strange turn things have taken. He finds his house well filled with guests but short of many of the conveniences and comforts that guests have a right to expect; but having had much experience in such matters the new landlord with no doubt have things put to rights in a short time.

He has had twenty-four years experience in the hotel business, and avows his deter-mination to restore to "the Grape" its old prestige as a first-class hotel. He is no rela-tive nor connection whatever of those who have brought discredit on the name.

F. J. Mahoney and Frank Keiser were en-gaged for some time in this city in the "Ivory type" business. They boarded with Mrs. Creager, of the Robrer house. Last Friday they skipped, leaving an unpaid beard bill. The matter was placed in Officer Weaver's hands, and he was not long in locating the "skippers" at Harrisburg. Weaver went to Harrisburg but failed to find them. He put the case in the hands of Officer Kuhns, of the size who he skillful management soon that city, who by skillful management soon run them down and notified Weaver, who went up for them yesterday and brought them back at 3:10 this morning. They were committed for a hearing before Alderman

Levi Steffy was arrested yesterday on a charge of false pretense preferred against him by Jacob F. Gable, to whom he presented a due-bill for \$10 purporting to be signed by Mr. Lederman for whom Stefly said he worked. Stefly owed Gable a small bill for goods and gave the due-bill in payment, getting about \$7 in change. Mr. Lederman says that Stefly did not work for him and he did not give him the due-bill. Stefly was committed for a hearing before Alderman Deen; time not yet fixed.

Charles A. Reece, leaf tobacco dealer, has entered bail before Alderman Fordney to answer a charge of false pretense preferred sgainst him by E. Bach & Son, New York. The suit grows out of the "chopped wrapper" trouble between the parties. The hearing will take place before Alderman Fordney

will take place before Alderman Fordney Tuesday afternoon.

Five Years' Sentence to the Pontentiary Lottie Sweigart, a neatly dressed and intel ligent looking woman, who had plundered a number of Philadelphia storekeepers by or-dering goods delivered to her ostensible residering goods delivered to her ostensible resi-dence and then purioning them from the messengers, pleaded guilty on Tuesday, be-fore Judge Biddle under advice of counsel. The woman indulged in violent lamentations and her attorney begged for mercy, but the judge said he had no sympathy for a person who took advantage of her education and ap-pearance to prey upon the community, and sentenced her to the Eastern penitentiary for five years.

Mr Clapp, builder of steam fire engine No. morrow will have the engine taken to the creek at Youart's landing, and if the weather be favorable, give it a trial in presence of the fire department and councils.

MINISTERS STATIONED.

The Changes in the Six Districts of the Es Pennsylvania Evangelical Conference. The East Pennsylvania Evangelical con ference in Reading adjourned late Tuesday afternoon. Presiding Elder Hornberger was elected president of the society; H. A. Neltz, of Millersburg, vice president; J. H. Sheiry, of Pottsville, secretary, and F. G. Boas, Reading, treasurer. Bangor, Northamptor county, was chosen as the next place of meet ng. The following appoints

county, was chosen as the next place of meeting. The following appointments of ministers were made:
Philadelphia District—C. K. Febr, presiding elder. Philadelphia, Eighth street, D. A. Medlar; Germantown, S. T. Leopold; Norristown, W. A. Leopold; Plymouth, F. Krecker; Trappe, W. H. Stauffer; Pottstown, J. S. Newhart: Phonixville, B. C. Krupp; Milford, F. Zechrist; Landsdale and Quakertown, G. C. Knobel; Montgomery, T. A. Hess: Souderton, J. D. Acker; Pleasant Valley, I. F. Heisler and Thomas L. Wentz; Bethlehem, B. F. Bohner; Freemansburg and South Betblehem, O. L. Saylor; Easton, J. C. Krouse; South Easton, W. H. Reinke. Allentown District.—S. C. Breyfogle, presiding elder. Allentown, Linden street, J. C. Bilem; Allentown, First ward, Joseph Specht; Allentown, Liberty street, A. W. Warfel; Emaus, E. Butz; Lehigh, D. Yuengst; Catasauqua, H. J. Gilek; Slatington, A. S. Kline; Berlinswille, R. M. Lichtenwaltner; Bath, I. U. Royer; Pen Argyl, C. D. Dreher; Bangor, A. Krecher; Monroe, A. E. Williams; Wayne, H. A. Smith.
Reading District—J. C. Hornberger, presiding elder. Eighth Street, W. K. Wiland; Sixth Street, J. H. Sheiry; Ninth Street, I. J. Reitz; Reading chapel, to be supplied; Friedensburg, R. Deisher; Kutatown, W. H. Weidner; Wernersville, D. Lentz; Hamburg, J. Sterner; Birdsboro, N. A. Barr; Adamstown and Mohnsville, B. D. Albright; Denver and Bowmansville, A. J. Brunner; Terre Hill, J. D. Woodring; Conestoga, F. D. Geary; Brownstown, J. W. Woehrle; Florida, J. L. Guinther.
Lebanon District—A. M. Stirk, presiding

Denver and Bowmansville, A. J. Brunner;
Terre Hill, J. D. Woodring; Conestoga, F. D. Geary; Brownstown, J. W. Woehrle;
Florida, J. L. Guinther.
Lebanon District—A. M. Stirk, presiding elder. Chestnut street, I. E. Knerr; Eighth street, J. A. Fager; Annville, A. Kindt; Harrisburg, S. S. Chubb; Mt. Nebo, H. H. Rumberger; Fredericksburg, W. F. Hell; Pine Grove, A. M. Sampsel; Tremont and Reiner City, W. W. Yost; Williamstown, G. D. Sweigart; Myerstown, D. Z. Kemble; Womelsdorf, James Savitz; Litttz, A. Dilabar; Manheim, W. G. Schoepflin; Lancaster, Water street, Isaac Hess; Mulberry street, F. Smith. Millersville, A. B. Saylor; Cresswell, L. N. Worman; Mt. Joy, E. J. Miller. Pottsville District—C. S. Haman, presiding elder. Pottsville, W. C. Kantner; Schuylkill Haven, St. Peter's, J. M. Rinker; Trinity, U. H. Hershey; Crossona, B. H. Miller; Orwigsburg, W. A. Shoemaker; Port Carbon, J. P. Miller; Coaldale and Lansford, A. H. Snyder; Tamaqua, F. P. Lehr; Mauch Chunk, F. E. Erdman; Hazleton, S. B. Brown; Whitehaven, W. Shuler; Wilkesbarre, I. G. Sanda, Lobighton, G. W. Lehr; Mauch Chunk, F. E. Erdman; Hazieton, S. B. Brown; Whitehaven, W. Shuler;
Wilkesbarre, J. G. Sands; Lehighton, G. W.
Gross; Weissport, C. H. Egge; Parryville,
H. M. Wingert,
Millersburg District—B. J. Smoyer, presiding elder, Millersburg, H. D. Shultz;
Dauphin, D. W. Bicksler; Berrysburg, G.
R. Kinker, Wienrisco, A. S. Gearholger;

B. Fisher; Wiconisco, A. S. Overholzer: Uniontown, J. C. Warmkessel: Treverton, E. R. Seip; Mahontongo, C. S. Brown: Shamokin, A. A. Delongo; Mount Carmel J. R. Hensyl: Ashland, J. K. Fehr; Ring own, G. A. Knerr; Shenandoah, D. K Stauffer; Frackville, J. M. Longsdort Mahanoy City, J. B. Zyfrit; Barnesville, J

#### ADJOURNED QUARTER SESSIONS.

onclusion of the Trial of the Parties Charges With Assaulting the Chinamen. Tuesday Afternoon.—In the case of William Carr and William Miller, charged with assault and battery upon Ah Foo and Der Tuck, two Chinamen, the defendants were called. They testified that on this Sun day night they were walking along West Chestnut street when they met the China-men: they pushed one of them to hurry along and one struck at Carr; defendants ran away. On Duke street they again met the Chinamen later; Carr hissed at one of them and they began an assault on witnesses. The defendants claimed that they only acted in self-defense in the affair; they admitted hat they had been drinking that e itnesses to prove defendants' good charac-were also called.

er were also called.

In rebuttal the commonwealth called witnesses who denied that the Chinamen had begun the fight.

Before the jury was charged the common-wealth abandoned the case brought by Ah Foo, as there was no evidence to sustain it. After the jury had been charged court adjourned for want of cases.

Carr and Mills Convicted. Wednesday Morning .- The jury in the ase of William Carr and Wm. Mills, charged with assaulting the Chinamen, the jury convicted the detendants on the charge pre-ferred by Der Tuck, and acquitted them of assaulting Ah Foo with county for costs. Sentence was deferred. Court was in session but a short time until adjourned until 9 o'clock to-morrow morn-ing for want of cases.

ing for want of cases.

Testimony Closed

The testimony in the Brickerville church pase closed yesterday, and counsel are now speaking. It will not get to the jury before to-morrow afternoon or Friday.

At a recent meeting of the Y. M. C. A. o the colleges of Pennsylvania, held at Dickinson college, Carlisle, Pa., the delegates of F. & M. college were present, Kifer, Cob-lentz, Rupley, Miller and Wangaman. State Secretary Taggart and the International Sec retary Ober were present. The next inter-collegiate Y. M. C. A. convention will be held

Prof. J. H. Dubbs will deliver the next lecture under the auspices of the College Y. M. C. A., on Thursday evening. His subject will be "Hobbies and How to Ride Them."

will be "Hobbies and How to Ride Them."
The lecture will begin at half-past seven.
All are cordially invited.
The College Student for March will be out in a few days. Among the articles will be "Sources of Energy," "The Colonian Monastery" and "On the Personality of Irving."
A poem "Retrospect" with the addition of spicy and able editorials, so that the College Student is well deserving of the high compilments it continually receives from its experience of the continual of the liments it continually receives from its ex-

pilments it continually receives from its exchanges.

Mr. George Kurzo Kaneko, one of the Japanese students, received a paper from his home to-day, wherein it is stated that the Japanese government is just now undergoing a revolution. Government officers are discharged by the hundred.

Rev. Wm. E. Hoy, missionary in Japan, now stationed at a city called Sendal, has organized a school of twenty students. He will introduce and instruct his pupils out of American text-books.

American text-books.

Mr. Schied. of the middle class in the seminary, lately organized a class in German, meeting twice a week.

Carnival at the Mannerchor Rink Last night the annual carnival at the Maen nerchor skating rink took place, and the crowd in attendance was very large. The all was beautifully trimmed with bunting, hall was beautifully trimmed with binting, lags, etc., and across the stage were the words "Welcome Skaters" in gold. The majority of the folks present at the opening came masked and the costumes were very fine. The promenade, which was led by Harry Buckius and Miss katie Deverter, took place at 9 o'clock and there was skating until 11 pm. From the latter hour until 2 o'clock the merry party engaged themselves in dancing to the music of Grosh's orchestra.

muel J. Bernard, son of Philip Bernard, of this city, left at noon to-day for Boston, where he will locate permanently and engage

Isaac Frazer's saw mili at Goldboro, York county, was totally destroyed on Monday night. The loss, \$7,000, is covered by in-

In Town. William M. Bair, driver of the famous trotting mare Maud S., was in this city on business yesterday. Mr. Bair is a native of

AGAINST THE P. R. R. SCHEME

THE DRIFT OF BENTIMENT AT ME PUGH'S CONFERENCE.

Nobody Wants the Relief Plan as It Was Orl ginally put Forth, and the Delegations From Some Divisions Reluse to Take It in Auy Form Whatever.

Three hundred and twenty-four delegat rom the twenty-seven divisions of the Penn sylvania railroad assembled at the Broad street station, Philadelphia on Tuesday morning, they having been chosen by the employes of those divisions to represen hem in a conference with General Manager Pugh in regard to the relief system recently naugurated by the road. The conference was held with closed doors, nobody being admitted but the delegates, Mr. Pugb, Solici tor John Scott, and stenographers in the employ of the company, who recorded the sentiments expressed by the dele gates. The roll of the divisions was called, beginning with Pittsburg division, and following along through the middle, Philadelphia, New York, Amboy, Altoons, Altoons shops, Belvidere divi sion, etc. The fullest possible freedom of speech was allowed, each individual dele gate being given the privilege of expressing whom he was sent to represent. Mr. Pugh acted as chairman of the meeting, and it was seldom that he was obliged to call for order. Occasionally the men became too demonstra tive, when some delegate voiced their senti-ments with greater than usual clearness, and occasionally somebody wandered from the subject. This was the case with one from the subject. This was the case with one from the P. W. & B. road, who found the wings of his soaring eloquence clipped as he berated the Baltimore & Ohio road. "We are not here to discuss the B. & O.," said Mr. Pugh: "we are considering the Pennsylvania's relief system. Please confine your remarks to that satticet."

After the adjournment of the meeting statement for publication was prepared by one of the stenographers, by the direction of Mr. Pugh, in which it was said that Mr. Pugb, after calling the meeting to order stated the purpose for which it was held saying that "objections have been made to the relief system since it was formulated and in consequence of these objections the meeting had been called for a full and frank conterence upon the merits of the proposed system, inviting the fullest and most candid atements, by all the delegates present, of th objections made to any feature of the proposed organization." Mr. Scott also made a few remarks of a similar nature. The statemen prepared for publication continues: "As the divisions were called the delegates almost uni ormly availed themselves of the opportunity not only to hand in the written proceeding of the various meetings that had been he but also by verbal statements to express the but also by vertal statements to express the sentiments of those they represent, and also their own. While the most kindly feeling was expressed toward the company and its officers throughout, the criticisms of the relief system proposed and all its features were of the most candid and outspoken character, and the drift of comment on the system was arguing its adoption. The reasons gives for gainst its adoption. The reasons giver fo this would be too numerous to enumerate in a report. One, however, which was nent from almost every division was that the various classes of employes had a that the various classes of employes had al-ready taken life insurance to as large an ex-tent as they telt able to carry, and they did not wish to be put in the position, either of relinquishing what they have or being com-pelled to accept the relief fund." The pre-pared statement concludes by saying that the conference adjourned with three cheers for Mr. Pugh and three cheers for "No Relief."

Many of the delegates were very re-ticent in regard to the transactions in th ticent in reg., at to the transactions in the conference, but others talked freely. "It was noticeable," said one, "that of the few who favored the pian the larger portion were from the western division, and most of them were men who had been in the employ of the company a long time. I referred to their favoring the plan. I mean they favored it if modified. There was nobody, I thick, who favored it in its original form, including the compulsory feature. Among those who opposed it without qualification or reservation were the P. W. & E. men and those from the New Jersey divisions. Of these latter only one, from the Belvidere division, favored the plan. The remainder said they did'nt want it in any form whatever. Among them was Abe Wood, an engineer on the Camden & Atlantic road, who said: "New Jersey is opposed to the whole thing. We are a small delegation, but we've got lots of sand." It appears to me that the company will look the thing over and then drop it enwho favored it in its original

will look the thing over and then drop it er will look the thing over and then drop it en-tirely."

Another delegate said: "From the indi-cations at the conference I should suppose that seventy five per cent. of the employes of the road are opposed to the original plan, but if modified I think that a majority of them will favor it. The trouble is, some of them want one kind of a change and others another.

Nearly all appear to think that the dues are too high, for one thing."

The statements of the opposition of the The statements of the opposition of the men and the grounds upon which it is based were practically the same as the objections which have been published from time to time as emanating from the men, and would be mere repetition. They are to be laid as a whole before the board of directors, which will decide what shall be done in the matter. will decide what shall be done in the matter.

### LOWER END ITEMS.

Damage by Wind-A Stoux City Lawyer Visit This and Chester County. From the Oxford Press.

Benjamin Cutler, Drumore township, fell through the floor of his barn lately and was

severely injured. On Friday while James Headly, of Brick Meeting-House, Md., was attending quarterly meeting at Penn Hill, his carriage was blown over and broken. Thomas P. King, of Fulton township, had his carriage stand-ing at his residence blown over and dam-aged. Edwin Hunt, of Rising Sun, was at aged. Edwin Hunt, of Rising Sun, was at Penn Hill and had an unpleasant experience hunting his hat which the wind knocked from his head, Mr. H. walked almost half a mile betore he recovered his tile. A portion of the roof of Levi Kirk's barn in Little

Britain was blown off.
Edwin C. Peters, esq., of Sioux City, lowa, a graduate of Millersville Normal school and some thirty years ago teacher at the Fairview public school, Little Britain, came East to attend the funeral of his mother, Mrs. Robert Peters, of Nottingham. While here he visited nomerons friends in Lancaster and Chester counties all of whom eave him a Britain was blown off. Chester counties, all of whom gave him a

An entertainment for the benefit of the Women's Exchange will be given at Eshleman's hall to-morrow evening. Two good plays, "A Lesson in Love" and the old favorite, "Box and Cox," will be presented by a number of ladies and gentlemen whose abilities in this line are well known. The pieces have been carefully cast, studied and rehearsed; and we think that those who choose to avail themselves of the opportunity of seeing what Lancaster's home talent can do will not only give themselves an evening of enjoyment, but will also assist in the promotion of what promises to be a most worthy method of helping the industrious. nan's hall to-morrow evening. Two good

## To Build a Railroad Station.

from the West Chester News. John Gull, of Lancas ter, has received the contracts to erect a station at Frazer, on the main line of the P. R. R. He has made arrangements with our townsman, John Grant, to do the excavation for the stone and mason work. Mr. Grant will commence op-erations on Wednesday morning.

A Successful Concert The Old Folks concert at Harrisburg, on Monday, for the charity fund, cleared \$350.

NATURE'S PROPHESIES O, fearfus heart and throbbing brain! Take hope and strength from this, That nature never hints in vain,

Her lights and airs are given

MR. WHITNEY'S PRANK EXPLANATION. The Secretary Telling of His Connection With

the Broadway Enterprise, Secretary Whitney has sent the following letter to Henry R. Low, chairman of the Sen-ate committee of the New York legislature nvestigating the Broadway railroad matter investigating the Broadway railroad matter:

I take the liberty of addressing this note to you because you are chairman of the committee authorized to investigate the methods by which the consent of the board of aldermen was obtained to the construction of the railroad now laid upon Broadway and because the public press has more than once associated my name with the subject of your inquiry. It is perhaps an inevitable penalty of holding public office that any association, however honorable, with transactions or persons thereafter subjected to public obloquy should be made an occasion for misrepresentation, and I therefore desire to enable everybody who wishes to do so to form a correct judgment as to my connection with these matters.

matters.

Mr. James A. Roosevelt, Mr. George Henry Warren, Mr. George G. Haven, Mr. Brayton Ives, myself and other citizens of New York were directors of a company which had promptly availed itself of the general street railroad law of 1884 and was the first company to lay claim to a railroad from the Battery to Fourteenth street.

In behalf of our company we labored earnestly to prevent Mr. Sharp and his associates from obtaining the consent of the board of aldermen.

aldermen.

We used all the proper means at our com-We used all the proper means at our mand to make this opposition effectual and we strenuously insisted that the privilege should be sold at public auction to the high-est bidder. When these efforts failed we appear to the mayor who vetoed the ordinpealed to the mayor, who vetoed the ordin-ance. It was passed over his veto. We then attacked the validity of the resolution and as we had no right of action ourselves furnished

Subsequently, in deference to public sentiment, aroused in great measure by our efforts, Mr. Sharp and his associates aband-oned the resolution and procured the passage of a new one, with conditions favorable to the city and conditioned upon annual payments based upon a valuation of a million dollars or more for the franchise. Some time afterwards parties from Phila-

some time atterwards parties from runna-delphia informed us that they were arrang-ing for leases of the lines in Broadway and Seventh avenue and intended to lease other lines and thus, by introducing economy of management and a system of transfers, secure at the same time better returns from the properties and greater accommodations for the public. They proposed to us to abandon our attitude of hostility and take part in the new enterprise, which proposition was ac-cepted by a large majority of our stock-holders, including myself, and by a ma-jority in interest of the stock, excluding

It was in the line of what we had been ad vocating as in the public interest. We protested against a grant of Broadway out conditions providing for a general trans fer system as applicable to it.

It was subsequently discovered that the lease could not be obtained, and the Phila-

delphia parties purchased a controlling interest in the stock by the contract recently made public of February 2, 1886.

If that contract remains in force and the stock is taken under it it will enable the

out with us the agreement they made when they expected to obtain a lease of these roads. It will involve new agreements, however, on both sides. I have, however, no interest in the purchase recently made and no in-vestment in nor committal of their general to the disclosures made on this in

vestigation I looked upon it as in the publi interest, and if it had taken a shape satisfac tory to me, from a business standpoint and at a time when I telt at liberty to join it in view of other investments and duties, I view of other investments and duties, should have done so. That states my exac relation to it. What effect this investigation may have upon it and whether I shall ever oin it are as open questions for me as fo If my connection with the transactions

have mentioned is in any respect open to just criticism I am not aware of it.

### MANNING'S VIEWS ON SILVER.

Founded on a 100 Cent Dollar, The secretary of the treasury has sent to the speaker of the House of Representatives an answer to the Bland resolution calling for information in regard to the past and future policy of the treasury department on the silver question. In this paper, which is a very tary reiterates the views expressed in his an nual report to Congress, Mr. Manning says

"I have labored to promote the circulation of silver with unremitting energy. I have pressed its circulation at constant expense t the treasury when other forms of lawful money could have been circulated without such cost. I have pressed the circulation at the expense of the United States notes (ones and twos) which as fast as redeemed have been reissued only in larger denominations. I have pressed its circulation at the expense of national bank notes. I have upheld its value by never compelling its receipt by any creditor of the government and never failing to provide by exchange or transfers whatever currency might be preferred. The policy of the treasury had been under my predecessors, ever since specie redemptions of United States notes began January 1, 1879, to admit their receipt for duties on imports (despite the provision of the act of February 25, 1862, section 5) rather than oblige importers to go to the treasury to get those note redeemed in coin, which would then immediately be returned from the custom house re-(wos) which as fast as redeemed have been ately be returned from the custom house re

comprehensive and practical views of public policy that the United States can do no better than return at the carliest possible date to a bi-metallic unit of value. By this I mean:

"First. The monetary unit embodied in coins both of silver and of gold.
"Second. The monetary unit of value embodied in the silver coin to be made and kept in that successive and simultaneous equivalence with the present and prior unit of value which has been our honorable distinction ever since the constitution was framed.
"Third. Open mints for the free coinage of

"Third. Open mints for the free coinage

"Third. Open mints for the free coinage of gold and sliver at a fixed ratio to every citizen of the United States bringing either metal and the right to have his coins received in every sale and payment as full legal tender dollars.

"It is the facts of our present situation, I would respectfully reassert, that constrain us toward bi-metalism as our goal. Our \$550,000,000 coined gold, our \$220,000,000 coined silver now make any policy save ultimate bi-metalism for the United States practically and politically a Utopian policy. There is one way and only one by which silver can be restored to its old ratio and value, namely, an international concert upon a common ratio, with open mints to both metals at that ratio.

#### WINTYRE AND HEATH'S MINSTRELS fect the Attendence.

Last night McIntyre and Heath's minstrels appeared at the opera house and the
audience was very small. This was no
doubt owing to the attractions which were
offered at Mænnerchor hail, the Lancaster
rink and Salvation Army, which were much
cheaper than the minstrels. The show was
very good throughout. In the first part
Lew Benedict, who has not been
here in along time, and Harry Armstrong appeared on the outside ends
and told "Chestnuts." They soon made way
for McIntyre and Heath, who were better.
There was but little ballad singing, but it
was good. Woods and Conner opened the
olio, giving their shadowgraphs. This act is
something new, and seemed very popular.
McIntyre and Heath, who have few if any
equals as impersonators of the Southern
darkey as he really exists, were fine in their
song and dance, and her many funny sayings. The Barlow Brothers gave them valuable assistance. De Witt and Kerwin's musical
act pleased everybody. Four men who called Last night McIntyre and Heath's minable assistance. De Witt and Kerwin's musical act pleased everybody. Four men who called themselves the Clipper Quartette did an act entitled "Uncle Rube's Visit." Once upon a time this was the finest quartette in the minstrel business. It was then composed of Howard, Campbell, Gale and Ward; of that four, only Howard appeared, and it was amusing to see the others, one of whom was Harry Armstrong, trying to do the business of the old quartette. The act of Delhauer and Geyer was very funny and the show wound up with some both entitled "My Kat Oh."

TERRY IN HANCOCK'S PLACE.

OF THE ARMY FILLED.

Howard and Newton Left and Brigadier Ger eral Alfred H, Terry Chosen-Other Presidential Appointments Made in the Military and Civil Service.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3.—The president to-day sent the following nomine

to the Senate : Brigadier General Alfred H. Terry, to be major general, vice Winfield Scott Hancock, Lieutenant Colonel Alexander Chamber

21st infantry, to be colonel of the 17th. Major John S. Poland, 18th infantry, to be ieutenant colonel of the 21st, and a numbe of other army promotions.

Joshua T. T. Child, of Missouri, to be minster resident and consul general to Siam. Wm. Gordon, of New York, to be U. S.

consul at Medellin. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3.—The fol-lowing fourth-class postmasters were appointed to-day for Pennsylvania : David E Kessler, Bath : John L. Supler, Bristoria : S C. Simonton, Clark ; Merritt Wilcox, Cole ville; A. P. Burgess, Forkston; E. R. Waterman, Hickory Grove : D. M. Cunningham Maddensville : Jos. Dieringer, Mason : Jos

#### Francis Watson, Utahville; H. A. Vosburg Winterburn. FOR A BETTER NAVY.

H. Frew, Princeton : Edward Hare, Roaring

Springs; Albert King, Star View; Mrs

The House Committee on Naval Affairs Reco mends Some Appropriati

WASHINGTON, March 3 .- The House co mittee on naval affairs to-day, agreed by a unamimous vote to report a bill to increase the naval establishment. It authorizes the president to have constructed:

First: Two sea-going, double-bottomearmored vessels of about six thousand tons displacement, designed for speed of at least sixteen knots an hour, costing not more than \$2,500,000 each. Toward the construction of

said vessels \$1,250,000 is appropriated. Second: Three protected double-bottomed criusers to cost each not more than \$1,500,000. Toward the construction of said criusers the sum of \$1,100,000 is appropriated. Third : Four first-class torpedo boats, cost ing in the aggregate not more than \$1,000,000

which amount is appropriated Fourth: One torpedo cruiser, to cost not more than \$300,000, which is appropriated. The bill requires that the vessels shall be built of steel of domestic manufacture, having a tensile strength of not less than sixty thousand pounds per square inch, and an elongation in 8 inches of not less than 25 per annum. The president is authorized to direct the completion of the double-turreted monitors Puritan, Amphiarite, Monadnock and Terror, at a total cost not to exceed \$3,600,000. to be distributed as the secretary of the navy

shall deem necessary, and for this purpose two million dollars is now appropriated. The secretary of the navy is directed to provided for, to be constructed, and one or more of the said monitors to be completed in one or more of the navy yards of the United

The engines, boilers and machinery of all the new steamers are to be of domestic manufacture and procured by contract unless the secretary of the navy shall be unable to obtain the same at fair prices. It is provided that the secretary may purchase abroad only such shafting as it may be impossible to obtain in the United States in time for use in the completion of the vessels

Evenly Divided on the Porter Bill. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3.—The Senate ommittee on military affairs is evenly divided on the Fitz John Porter bill, and i will be submitted to the Senate with majority and minority report. The opinion prevails that the bill will pass.

# Peter Winower Finds a Man in His House Wit

a Dog on Top of Him. About 11 o'clock last night Peter Winowe 320 West street, was aroused by the barking of his dog. Getting up out of bed he wen down stairs, armed with a club and on open ing the door, found a man lying on the back steps with the dog on top of him. Mr. Win ower called off the dog and ordered the fel-low to get up. He did so and on being asked who he was, said he was a rag peddler and hved on Mit-flin street. Winower asked him what he wanted, but as he could give ne account of wanted, but as he could give he account of himself, he ordered him off and as he refused to go Winower gave him a bat with his club and knocked him down. There is a bake shop next door and the bakers, hear-ing the tuss jumped the lence and went to Mr. Winower's assistance and booted the tellow into the street. It is believed he was attempting to break into the house when the does stracked him. log attacked him.

Mr. Jefferson Seligman, son of Mr. James Seligman, of the Broad street, New York, firm of J. & S. Seligman, bankers, was mar ried Tuesday afternoon to Miss Julia Worm ser, daughter of Mr. Isidore Wormser, The presents filled several rooms, and were

The presents filled several rooms, and were as lavish in the gold, silver and bronze art as money could make them.

Messrs. J. & W. Seligman & Co, gave a valuable library, piano and \$25,000 in United States bonds.

nable library, piano and \$25,000 in United States bonds.

Mr. and Mrs. James Seligman, the groom's parents, gave a check for \$50,000.

Mr. Isidor Wormser, father of the bride, made the happy couple comfortable with a gift of \$150,000 in government bonds. Mr. Wormser sent his check to six different charitable institutions in the city for the inmates to enjoy a fine dinner at the same hour as the wedding feast was being eaten at Delmonico's, and in San Francisco (Mr. Wormser's former home) he ordered dinner for several institutions at the same hour at

his own expense.

At a meeting of Ridgely Encampment, No. 217, 1, O. O. F., Tuesday evening, the following officers were elected

Chief Patriarch—H. J. Steigerwalt. High Priest—Harry Rill. Senior Warden—John G. Sieber. Junior Warden—George A. Shelly. Scribe—H. M. D. Erisman.

Death of Philip J. Risse,

Philip J. Risse died at his home on Middle treet yesterday, in the 69th year of his age. Deceased was born in Germany and came to this country in 1850. He was a tinsmith by trade and carried on the business many years. He leaves two sons and a daughter. About a month ago Mr. Risse had a stroke, which has since been followed by several

On Tuesday evening about 6 o'clock a fire

was discovered on the roof of the dwelling

house occupied by George Kepner, No. 122 North Water steect. It was extinguished by the bucket brigade, after burning a hole in the roof. The fire is believed to have origi-nated from sparks from Blickenderfer's foundry near by.

W. D. Withauer, of Elizabethtown, v arrested for selling liquor on Sunday and to minors. He was brought to this city and entered bail for a hearing on Tuesday morn-ing next before Alderman Fordney.

CHICACO, March 3.—W. T. Thorn, until vesterday cashier at the Union railroad depo at the corner of Madison and Canal streets, is said to be a defaulter to the amount of \$10,000. He is practically under arrest. He has been relieved from duty, and his assistant, Mr. F. M. Lewis, is now in charge. An auditor of the five roads in going over Thorn's accounts discovered the shortage. Thorn has been the cashier for seven years.

Expecting a Coal Famine in New York. NEW YORK, March 3.—Thousands of tons of coal are ice bound at South Amboy, N. J., ausing dealers in New York city to their supply sparingly. This, taken togethe cate formed in this city to control and corne the supply, causes much alarm. Already there is a step taken in the raising of prices As yet the matter is confined to retail

WHEELING, W. Va., March 3.—Late last night the track-walker at Clarksburg found several rails placed across the track. He removed them just in time to save a passenge train from wreck. An hour later a freight train was wrecked at the same spot, and as was immediately ahead of a passenger train it is presumed the obstruction was intended for the latter. The perpetrators of the outrage are unknown.

A Shortage of \$10,000 SAN FRANCISCO, Cat., March 3.-When tion in the United States sub-treasury of this city some weeks ago, he refused to become responsible until the cash was counted.
When counted a shortage of \$10,000 was found, and the treasury department at Washington was notified. A special agent is now on the way here to investigate the matter.

GREENVILLE, S. C., March 3.-E. W. King and his wife were found dead in a pool o Investigation develops that King, jealous o his wife, first murdered her with a knife and then cut his own throat, King was an opera tive at the Camerdown mill. They leave seven childeen, all of whom are employed at

Chicago Brokers Dissolve. CHICAGO, Ill., March 3.—The well-known brokerage firm of Geo. C. Eldridge & Co. is to be dissolved, and N. S. Jones, one of the partners, will join hands with McCormick, Kennett & Co. The new concern will be known as Jones, McCormick & Kennett The change will be consummated on March 15, and is one of much interest in both Chicago and New York.

Charged With Conspiracy to Murder. Salt Lake, Utah, March 3,—Frank Tre-seder, an old offender, has been arrested charged with conspiracy to murder United States Attorney Dickson, United States Marshall Ireland and Deputy Marshall Franks. The officers claim to have full information of the details of the scheme.

Discharging Knights of Labor. SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, March 3.-The Chan pion reaper work has declared war against the Knights of Labor, and last night discharged 390 of its employes. Four hundred men are now locked out of the Champion malleable works. Great excitement prevails in labor circles here.

In Custody For a Murder. SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Mar. 3.—Mrs. Malloy and Coralle, have been taken to Bolivar for safe keeping, while Graham remains in cus-The revolver with which the tody here. murder of Mrs. Graham is supposed to have been committed has been found. Two cham-

The Dead Conductors Found UTICA, N. Y., March 3 .- The bodies Conductors Raymond and Smith, and the two brakemen of the "double-header" freigh train which went through the bridge at Fish's Eddy last night, were found this morning

A Railroad's Freight Rate, SAN FRANCISCO, Mrch 3. - The Southern Pacific company has issued a freight rate of 37½ cents per 100 pounds for all classes of

under the debris, burned to a crisp.

freight to Missouri river points and Chicago, WEATHER PROBABILITIES. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3 .- Fo the Middle Atlantic states, fair weather, slightly warmer in the northern portion

for New England, the Middle Atlantic states and Lower Lake region, with no decided

tationary temperature in the southern por

tion, northwesterly winds, diminishing it

At the meeting of the American base bal association, in Louisville, Tuesday morning association, in Louisville, Tuesday morning, Messrs. Phelps and Simmons reported on the Barciay case, suspending him one year and fining him \$100. A stormy scene followed the report, but it was adopted by a vote of 5 to 2—Pittsburg and the Metropolitan voting against the report. Von Der Ahe refused to vote. This treats Barclav just as Mullane was treated. It is said Pittsburg will take the matter to the courts. Many changes have been made in the constitution. The schedule of games for the coming season was arranged and the association adjourned to meet in New York the second Monday in December.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 3.—The schedule of the American Base Ball Association as sent out last night was entirely incorrect The home games of the various clubs were sent out as games abroad and vice versa The schedule should be exactly reversed.

The River Closed Three Times This Senso From Tuesday's York Dispatch.
The ice on the Susquehanna, between Co lumbia and Marietta, is about four inches thick. We were informed this morning the the river is closed with ice at Fite's Eddy, for the first time this winter. Heretofore has been open there, and people were able to ferry across the stream. In a few weeks more we may look for another ice flood. Three break-ups in one winter is not a usual occurrence on the Susquehanna.

The west end of Paradise was enlivened on Saturday evening by a grand surprise to Mr. J. W. Alexander, it being his birthday. On his return from lodge of the order I. O. O. F., of which he has been a member for some years, he was presented with a fine frameten-closing a certificate of his order, after which the evening was spent enjoyably. At 11 o'ciock sharp a fine supper was announced, of which 30 or more partook.

From the Reading Herald.

Samuel H. Miller, of Ephrata, has purchased the good will and fixtures of the Five-Mile house of Francis Obert, and he will take possession shortly. Mr. Obert will re-turn to Reading.

Sale of a Printing House.

The Collins printing house, No. 705 Jayne street, Philadelphia, belonging to the estates of the late T. K. Collins and Mrs Mary A. Collins, was sold on Tuesday at public auction for \$10,200 to John C. Lucas, president of the Keystone National bank.

The Old Folks Concert.
Prof. W. B. Hall has within a day or two past received applications from Columbia and Mount Joy for a repetition in those boroughs of the concert recently given in this

PRICE TWO CENTS. ROUTINE WORK IN CONGRESS.

THE PRESIDENT'S CHINESE MESSAGE REPORE ROTH HOUSES.

Petitions From New York Saving Banks in the Senate For the Suspension of Silver Coinage. The Bill to Establish Agricul-

tural Experimental Stations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3 .- [Senate] The chair laid before the Senate the president's message on Chinese matters, which is already published. It was referred to the committee on foreign relations. Also mea-sages from the president relating to payment of claims of the Cherokee Indians and the sale of land belonging to the Sac and Fox Indians; referred to the commi

Mr. Platt presented a joint resolution of the Connecticut legislature, recommending the removal of the naval training school from Coasters Island to the New London naval station.

Mr. Evarts presented petitions of officers and trustees of saving banks of New York state, representing 1,165,000 depositors and \$437,000,000 of deposits in favor of the suspension of silver coinage; referred to the

inance committee. Mr. Beck offered a resolution, which was agreed to, calling on the secretary of the treasury for information as to how much, if any, the actual payments and purchases of the principal of the public debt since July 1, 1877, have been in excess of the requirements of the laws regulating the sinking fund, and how the existing laws can be carried out in relation to said fund from now until the \$250,-000,000 of 4% per cent bonds mature. Mr. Beck said he had positive information on this subject up to 1877, and he wanted later

information. SENATOR RIDDLEBERGER CAUSES A STIR. Senator Riddleberger this afternoon created a sensation by offering a resolution requiring each senator to report the name of his private secretary. The senator said privileges of the Senate floor were afforded to private secretaries who did not perform any work, or re-ceive any other compensation than admission to the floor of the Senate, and who availed themselves of this privilege to blackmail and libel senators in their newspapers. Captain Eads had had representatives lobby-ing upon the floor of the Senate. Some enators, he said, employed their sons as their private secretaries, but allowed newspaper men the privileges of the floor. There were persons thus admitted whom senators would not admit to their parlors. The resolu-

tion was adopted. Work in the House. Washington, D. C., March 3.—[House]. The speaker laid before the House the president's message on the Chinese troubles; re-ferred to the committee on foreign affairs. Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, from the committee on agriculture, reported a bill to estab-lish agricultural experimental stations in connection with colleges established in the

several states ; committee of the whole. Mr. Weaver, of Iowa, from the committee on expenditures in the interior department, reported a resolution directing that commit tee to inquire into certain charges of extravagance and mismanagement of the pen-sion bureau, prior to Gen. Black's administration ; House calendar.

In the morning hour the House resumed, in committee of the whole, consideration of Mr. Campbell's bill, providing for a commission to make tests of iron, steel, etc.

Mr. McMillan, of Tennessee, opposed the bill, saying its object was to enable private parties to have work done at the expense of the government. He said the committee would be made permanent, and he had no

That " Boy " Preacher Donounces SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 3.-In his dis-Rev. Mr. Harrison, "the boy preacher," wandered from his subject to relate the early experiences of his life, in the course of which he made a bitter attack on Boston because of its belief in Unitarianism. He said that "Unitarianism is the most damnable religion outside of perdition," and that while "common sinners sin in darkness the Unitarian's sin in the full blaze of light." He also attacked Presbyterianism.

The Texas Strikers Firm DALLAS, Tex., March 3 .- The strike on the Texas & Pacific railroads at Fort Worth and this point remains about the same as yester-day evening. There are no new develop-ments and the strikers refuse to give any in-formation but seem determined and to be acting under orders. The freight traffic is almost at a stand-still, only three or four freight trains having been moved since this morning by non-strikers. The strikers hold meetings but the public are none the wiser

New York Senate Committee to Report To-Day, ALBANY, N. Y., March 3.—The Senate railroad committee will discuss and prepare a preliminary report to the Senate on the Broadway (New York) railroad investigation at a meeting to be held this afternoon. The report will include a bill to repeal the frauchise of the Broadway surface road on the ground that the company had not complied with the general surface road act of 1884.

Died from an Attack of Erysipel CHICAGO, March 3.—Groffrey O'Hars, superintendent of the Chicago division of the Pullman Palace car company, is dead. Yesterday, in a delirium caused by an attack of erysipelas, he jumped from a fourth-story window in the Palmer house. His death did not result from the bruises he received by reason of the leap, but from the disease from which he was suffering.

Everything Quiet at McCormick's Works Chicago, March 3.—Everything is quiet at the McCormick reaper works this mora-ing; 472 men went to work at the usual time. The police guard has not yet been redu There were but few of the strikers to be in the neighborhood of the works. The alertness of the police and the frostiness of the morning combined to keep them in-

A Soap Factory Destroyed.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 3.—The soap works of Jabash Harris, on Second street was destroyed by fire this morning. The loss on building, stock and machinery amounts to \$18,000; covered by insurance. The fire is

ATCHISON, Kan., March 3.—J. C. Krall's livery stable, with 36 horses and a number of fine carriages, was burned last i Nothing was saved. Loss, \$35,000. D Brothers, dry goods, next door, sustain of \$20,000 from smoke and water. F. Ge was badly injured by a failing shed.

Telephone Working at 136 Miles Vienna, March 3.—The telephon recently constructed between View Brunn, a distance of 70 miles in a line, has worked so that a distant is built to connect Vienna and Posts, a do of 136 miles, and the projectors are an of success.

London, March 3.—Semi-official from Constantinople and Athens sin the amounts of money thus far expanded and military armaments and other parations is \$10,000,000 and \$8,000,000.