THE CHURCH COUNCILS.

THE TWO BRANCHES OF THE LUTHERAN CHURCHES IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The General Synod in Session in Harrisburg. Meeting of the Ministerium in Allentown. The Presbyterians in Cincinnati-Proceedings of the Keligious Bodies.

In the general synod of the Lutheran church, in Harrisburg, on Thursday morning Rev. J. B. Reimensnyder, of New York, offered a series of resolutions approving the work of the committee on a common liturgical service; indorsing the provisional copy submitted and looking to a continuance of the committee with a view to the completion of any minor details that may be necessary to prepare it for final adoption in the three general bodies of the Lutheran

Rev. Dr. Reimensnyder spoke in behalf of his resolutions, and Rev. S. W. Owen in

The twenty-third biennial report of the board of foreign missions was presented by the secretary, Rev. George Scholl, D. D. There are eleven missionaries in India and two in Africa. The receipts since last convention were \$68,304.19, legacies \$1,605.25, the contributions showing an increase of 20 per cent. The women's home and foreign missionary society is now composed of nineteen synodical societies, with 331 anxilaries, having a membership of 9,525, contributing \$18,-825.98. The society has two female missionaries in India. The children's missionary society reports a membership of 10,000, contributing \$4,877.05 and supporting two missionaries in the foreign field.

In India during the two years 2,240 new members have been reserved, making the

members have been received, making the membership at present 8,518.

The conflicting interest relative to the division of territory in India between the Lu-

therans and Baptists, have been amicably ad-At 3:45 the resolutions on a common lituri-

gical service was again taken up, when Rev. F. W. Conrad, D. D., editor of the Latherna Observer, took the floor in favor of their At the anniversary of the Foreign Misison-

ary society, in the evening, addresses were delivered by Rev. J. G. Butler, D. D., of Washington, and Rev. L. L. Uhl, of India. The Ministerium in Allentown. The one-hundred-and-thirty-eighth annual

ession of the Lutheran ministerium of Pennsylvania and adjacent states opened in St. John's Lutheran church, Allentown, on Thursday. Rev. G. F. Krotel, D. D., president of the ministerium, delivered the synodical sermon, basing his remarks on first epistle to the Corinthians, xii: 27.

The report of President Krotel was read.
The clerical changes in the synod have been

comparatively few. Allusion was made to the fact that Rev. Prof. C. W. Schaeffer, D. D., could commemorate his fiftieth year of ministry as a member of the ministerium, Rev. J. A. Darnsetter bis twenty-liftli, and that Rev. Dr. Manu, after thirty-four years of service at Zion's church, in Philadelphia, had, by resignation, become the paster emeritus.

An appeal was received from Lowis L. Houpt in reference to the misunderstanding, which resulted in his constitutional suspen-sion from membership in St. Mark's church, Philadelphia. The report closed with reference to the im-

The report closed with reference to the important works of the theological seminary in Philadelphia and Muhlenberg college.

The treasurer's report was presented and read. The whole income of the year was \$85,637.14, and the total expenditures, \$56,-Pellers were appointed and the election of

officers proceeded with. The Presbyterian General Assembly.

In the general assembly, in Cincinnati, Rev. Dr. W. O. Campbell, chairman of the ported the first of the overtures, the effect of which is to reduce the number of commis-sioners to 136, as follows: The general assembly shall consist of an equal delocation of bishops and elders from each presbytery, those consisting of not more than 24 ministers shall send I minister and I elder, and each for each 24 ministers, or for each additional fractional number of ministers not less than

The second overture adopted provides that no presbytery hereafter to be constituted shall be entitled to send commissioners until it shall consist of at least 12 ministers and 1

elder from each congregation.

The moderator declared the overtures a
part of the laws of the church. It was recommended that the board of mis-sions for freedmen and of the board of trus-tees of Lincoln University confer together with the view to some close co-operation in their common work in behalf of the colored

The following members of the board of education were elected; Ministers, Samuel A. Mutchmore, L.L. D.; John H. Monroe, D. D. ; E. B. Hodge, Laymen, James F. Gayley. M. D.; Charles H. Matthews, esq., George

S. Graham, esq.

Rev. Dr. Williamson, from the Genessee Reformed synod of America, and Dr. Daniel Lortsh, from the Free Evangelical church of France, were introduced, and spoke at

Fraternal greetings were received from the general assembly of the Presbyterian church South, in session at Houston, Texas. CHURCH ERECTION.

Rev. Dr. Worrall, of New York, of the committee on the report of the board of the work of the board extends over nearly all the states and territories in the Union. The gross were received, and grants were made to 240 churches, amounting in the aggregate to \$108,042. The committee strongly recommend the work of the board, and also approve of the plan of the board as will combine the work of building with that of church erection. They also urge that \$200,000 be raised the coming year.

RESPONSE TO BISHOP FALLOWS

Rev. Dr. Allison submitted the following "Rev. Samuel Fallows, D. D., bishop of the Reformed Episcopal church—Dear Brother It affords us great pleasure to receive the fraternal salutations' of the Reformed Episcopal church, and its high estimate, through you, of the learning and doctrines and influence upon the whole church of Jesus Christ and the world of the Presbyteria church in the United States of America, Sen sible of our many shortcomings we propose to stand by God's grace upon the old founda-tions, and to go forward in the paths in which we have so long walked ; also to enter every opening for service to the Master that may present itself.

"It cheers our hearts to recognize your

church as a fellow laborer with ourselves, in making known the unsearchable riches of Christ, in bringing men to repent, and in establishing Christians in the faith of the Gospel. May the blessing of the triune God rest upon you and the denomination you represent, and upon all who love our Lord and Saviour, Jesus Christ, Yours, sincerely, Du. E. R. Chaven, Moderator."

THE REFORMED CHURCH.

The Laucaster Classis Begins Its Session at

Lancaster classis of the Reformed church met on Thursday evening in Salem church, Upper Leacock township, better known as "Heller's church," being within the bounds of the charge ministered to by Rev. D. W. Gerhard, of New Holland. The twenty-fifth anniversary of the corner-stone laying of the present church edifice took place on Whit-Sunday, May 24th, 1885, and was made the occasion of an anniversary was made the occasion of an anniversary discourse by Paster Gerhard, which has been printed in pamphlet form. The history of the church was sketched quite fully, in three periods from 1722 to 1830—a period of 108 years; the second from 1850 to 1850—a period of 30 years; and the third from 1860 to 1885—being a period of 25 years. During the first period there was no regular paster. The second began with the pastorate of Rev. David Hertz in 1830. Then

there were but 16 communicants. For eight years two congregations conducted services here, but in 1838 the Lutherans withdrew and built a new church at Mechanicsburg, one mile distant. The Reformed congregation, although not making very remarkable progress, continued to grow slowly, in numbers ared in moral strength. After the withdrawal of the Lutheran congregation in 1838, the Reformed people enlarged and improved the house of worship in which the two congregations had previously worshiped. In 1800 the present new and handsome church edifice was creeted by a congregation which had increased to 60 members, and now reaches an enrollment of at least 200.

Only after the Lutherans withdrew was there any English preaching in Heller's church. In 1800 Rev. F. A. Gast, paster at New Holland, was secured as an English assistant, and just previous to the present pastorate, and while the Rev. Danlel Hertz still continued his ministrations, Rev. J. G. Fritchey supplied this church with English services for a year. there were but 16 communicants. For eight

A VAST CHARGE.

This congregation constitutes an integral part of a pastoral field that extends from almost at Lancaster on the west to beyond the Blue Ball and the White Horse on the east, and from Oregon and almost at Ephrata on the north to Strasburg and beyond Williamstown on the south-a section of away from the parsonage. The present pas-tor in his labor of 18 years has preached 2,-330 times, besides 493 funeral discourbaptised 308 infants, confirmed persons, of whom 281 received ism at the same time, and married 481 couples. During the past year he has traveled by private conveyance in the discharge of his pastoral duties 2,500 miles, has made 475 pas-toral calls, preached 160 times, including 44 funerals, baptized 16 infants, 15 adults, con-firmed 29, received 4 by certificate, and married 27 couples.

The Convening of Classis.

The Lancaster classis meeting on Thursday vening opened at 7 p. m. The sermon was delivered by the retiring president, Rev. W. F. Lichliter, from Luke v, 5. There was a

large congregation present.

After the sermon classis organized by the election of Rev. J. M. Souder, of the New Providence charge, president, and Rev. D. B. Schneder, of Marietta, corresponding

ecretary.
The hours for meeting of classis was fixed from 8 to 11 a. m., and from 1 to 4 p. m. Adjourned to meet on Friday morning.

MAKING FEDERAL APPOINTMENTS. Company of Colorado Politicians Get a Re buke From the President.

The president is occasionally in the habit of making some very plain and pointed speeches to the delegations that call upon him to urge the appointment of persons to office. Several improper persons have been appointed to office upon the recommendations of leading politicians, a few of the persons so appointed having been of such unsavory character that the president has been obliged to reconsider his action and cancel the appointments. It is unquestionably true that the president desires to select reputable men for office, but he must necessarily depend upon the information furnished in this respect by those whose positions entitle their recommendations to consideration. Having discovered that his confidence has been abused in several instances, the president has determined in future to protect himself against such deception by ignoring all recommendations made by those who have previously endorsed improper persons. This salutary rule, if adhered to, will at least make all persons who expect favorable action upon their recommendations careful as to character and fitness of those presented for appointment to office. Recently a Colorado man, upon the recommendation of leading Democratic politicians of that state, was ap pointed consul to a port in Japan, but, in con-sequence of an assault made by him in the lobby of one of the hotels upon a distinguished officer of the navy, the appointment was

Lately a delegation from Colorado called at the White House to urge the appointment of another Colorado man. After making known their desires the president reminded them that they had already recommended two men for office, one of whom turned out to be unworthy and the other to have served a term in the penitentiary. "These men were appointed," said the president, "at your earnest solicitation. Now, how can I believe anything you Colorado Democrats say?" This pointed rebuke seemed to paralyze the Colorado men, and they retired without attempting to answer the president's inquiry.

In this connection it is worthy of notice that the appointment of Meade to be postmaster of Copiah, Mississippi, which was made a few days ago, has been revoked by the president. Meade is the man who president the manifest of the control of the c sided at a meeting held in Copiah imme-diately following the murder of Matthews, at which meeting the murder was approved in formal resolutions, and notice was served upon the members of Matthews' family that they must leave the county of Copiah or suf-

A number of boys were playing in Readng on Thursday, in the neighborhood of several recently excavated wells on an open lot, where it is contemplated to build sor houses. One of the boys dropped his knife into one of the wells twenty-five feet deep. He offered Charles Smith three cents it h would go down and get it. Smith descended by bracing his feet and hands on opposite sides of the wall and when he failed to return or answer the other boys looked down and saw him lying on his side. Isaac Doyle, aged twenty-six, descended to bring up the aged twenty-six, descended to bring up the boy, fearing that he was hurt. He went down, but also keeled over. Sergeant Miller, of the city police force, then allowed a rope to be tied around his body and brought up both Smith and Doyle. Both were dead. Sergeant Miller was also overcome and when brought to the surface complained of feeling very sick, but is now improving. Smith and Doyle were both suffocated by the carbonic acid gas at the bottom cated by the carbonic acid gas at the bottom of the well. Smith was twelve years old.

A Sunday School on Buzzard's Eyric. A number of persons from Waynesburg and Pequea drove to the "Sassafras," on top of the Welsh mountain, last Sunday, and in a little log church there organized a Sunday school for the benefit of the buzzards, their friends, and others. The following organization was effected: Pleasant Grove Sunday school: Superintendent, P. Z. Supplee; assistant superintendent, Davis Clemson; secretary, Miss Robinson; assistant secre tary, Miss Jones; librarian, William Dennis. The names of thirty scholars were enrolled, a number of whom were colored. A much larger attendance is anticipated on next Sunday, as the notice was not generally under-stood for last Sunday. Mrs. Abe Buzzard and her three children were present and joined the Sunday school. The children present were all neatly attired, and good order was maintained throughout the meet-

Collis Sues Fitzgeraid. Ex-City Solicitor Chas. H. T. Collis, o. Philadelphia, has brought suit for libel be fore Magistrate Smith against Thomas M. Fitzgerald. General Collis in his affidavit declares that on April 27th the accused utter ed and published a malicious and defamatory libel to Daniel Dougherty, esq., by sending through the mails the following words: "It is the talk of all the clubs. Your friends are amazed and ashamed that you, whose name is synonymous for all that is good and manly should attend the dinner given by that com

Funeral of George Mendenhall, The funeral of George Mendenhall, one of Colerain township's oldest men, took place

at his late residence, near Kirkwood, on Wednesday, the interment being made at Wednesday, the interment being made at the Baptist burial grounds, Colerain. Mr. Mendenhall was well-known; was an active, intelligent man, the father of a large and respected family of children. One of his sons, a leading sewing machine agent of the state, is wealthy and bighly esteemed. His age was 81 years, I month and 16 days. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. J. B. Soule, of Atglen, Chester county.

A BENZINE EXPLOSION

CAUSES A DREADFUL ACCIDENT IN A PHILADELPHIA STORE.

The Front of a Five-Story Brick Building Fall Killing a Young Woman Who Was Passing By-The Thrilling Rescue Of a Young Business Man.

At quarter to 6 o'clock Thursday evening. business people and passers-by the vicinity of Second and Market streets, Philadelphia, were startled by the loud report of an explosion, followed simultaneously by the blowng out of a portion of the Second street wall of the retail furniture establishment of Henry Vehmyer, at the southwest corner. About the same moment there was a second report, when all the front of the five-story brick building above the first floor toppled over into Market street.

When the first report occurred there were quite a number of people on the Second street sidewalk of the store, all of whom instinctively jumped from the pavement into the street, and took refuge in the stores on the opposite side. A truck with a pair of spirited herses was driven almost immediately from under the falling mass, the horses taking fright at the noise of the explosion, and dashing down the street at breakneck speed. The portion which fell into Second street left an open space about thirty feet square, extending up from the top of the second story to the roof. The front vas forced out so completely as to present he appearance of having been taken down as the dust from the falling walls

As soon as the dust from the falling walls had partially cleared away and the panic and confusion caused by the reports had subsided, it was discovered that Henry Vehmyer, jr., aged 27 years, son of the proprietor, was on the third floor of the Second street side of the building, and that his retreat down stairs was cut off by fire, which began to make its appearance among the inflamma-ble stock surrounding him. At this time an alarm had been sounded, and a truck having arrived he emerged from the gap in the walls and was taken down on one of the fire department ladders. As the flames came nearer and nearer to him he sought to jump into the street below, but was restrained by the speciators, who advised him to wait for

Mary Catheart, aged 22 years, residing at Palmyra, N. J., and employed at Wright's umbrella store, who was on her way to the ferry to take the train for home, was passing the front of Vehmyer's store when the wall was blown out. She was knocked down by a portion of the debris, had her arms and ribs crushed, and sustained a compound fracture of the skull. She was conveyed to the Pennsylvania hospital, where she died from her injuries at 7 o'clock.

The fire, which young Mr. Vehmyer states was caused by the explosion of benzine with which he was sprinkling the furniture for the purpose of destroying moths, spread rapidly throughout the corner building until it was a mass of flames. Mr. Vehmyer occurried it form, becomes to fifth their for the pied it from basement to fifth floor for the display of his finest finished stock, all of which was destroyed, as well as that on the fifth floor of No. 262 Market, where he also eccupied the basement and first and fifth floors. The second, third and fourth floors of No.

202 are occupied by A. R. Underdown, dealer in oiled and rubber goods, whose loss by water is not considered serious. In 204 Mar-ket street, all of which Mr. Vehmyer occuby water, the fire not extending thither. Evans & Betta, hatters, on the first floor, had serious damage done to their stock by Mr. Vehmyer says the stock in his store

was worth \$10,000, and is all either totally dostroyed or tadly damaged, and that he has but \$10,000 insurance, laving allowed about \$10,000 to lapse two weeks ago on ac-count of an increase in the premium. The estroyed building at the corner, valued a storyed building at the corner, valued at \$10,000, belonged to the Fassitt estate, and No. 202, the upper part of which was burned off, to Mr. Underdown, who recently purchased it. No. 204, only damaged by water, belongs to a member of the Fassitt family. These are all believed to be covered by insurance.

F. L. Archambault, jeweler, No. 8 South Second street, the four upper floors of which were burned out, succeeded in getting nearly all of his valuables into fireproofs before the fire drove him away from the building. His store, however, was not reached by the flames, and his damage is principally among silver-plated ware left on shelves and

tarnished by water. Henry Kayser, next door below, had his stock and furniture drenched by water, which caused portions of the ceilings to each story to give way, the plaster mingling with the goods. He estimates his loss at about \$6,000, on which there is only a partial in-

and, as additional fire companies were arriving, Mary Woodhull, of Camden, a young woman, who was trying to get out of the wa of the apparatus, tripped and fell over a lin of hose, dislocating one of her legs at the knee. She received surgical attention at a neighboring store and was taken to the ferry by the police patrol, where a carriage was called and she was taken to her home.

DETERMINED ATTEMPTS AT SUICIDE. Frederick Sitzler Indicted for Twice Trying to Take His Life.

Frederick Sitzler, a young man, 33 years old, made two desperate efforts to commit suicide at the Junction, on the Reading & Columbia railroad, this morning. He was observed, however, and prevented from accomplishing his purpose. His first attempt was to throw himself between the wheels of a passing train and he succeeded in getting his head within four inches of the wheels. He was forcibly removed and a second later he attempted to throw himself in front of an approaching locomotive. Constable Ziegter happened to be at the Jane-tion, he arrested Sitzler, brought him to this city and took him to the office of Alderman Barr. District Attorney Electy to this city and took him to the onice of Alderman Barr. District Attorney Eberly was sent for and after looking up the matter concluded that Sitzier could be indicted for his attempt at self-destruction, and he distance of the complaint be made against him rected that a complaint be made against him by the constable "for attempting to commit suicide by running in between the wheels of a running passenger train and laying his head in front of the wheels of a train on the Reading & Columbia railroad, which offense is against the peace and dignity of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania." Sitzler was committed to the prison for a hearing of Thoselsoy at 10 offect. ng on Tuesday at 10 o'clock.

ing on Tuesday at 10 o'clock.

Sitzler is an intelligent young man and conversed freely with a representative of the INTELLIGENCER. He stated that he was a farmer by occupation, had worked for some time for Curtis Miller, of Clay township, but had left him on April 23d; since which time he has worked for a number of farmers. He admitted to being a drinking man, but said he had not drank anything since last Thursday. This morning he had occasion to go to Petersburg, and while there he claimed that three men attempted to kill him. He ran away from them and never stopped until he reached the Junction when he looked back, saw that the men were near him, when he coicluded that as he had to die he would rather kill himself than allow these three men to kill himself than allow these three met kill him; and he threw himself under train. The allegod attack existed only in Sitzler's mind, for no one was in sight from the direction he approached when he arrived at the Junction. It is the intention of the an-thorities to have him examined, and if the physicians pronounce him insane to have him sent to the county insane asylum.

Last night Centre Square was nicely cleaned by George Cline, and to-day it presents a much better appearance. The only reason that it has not been kept in better order be-tore is that the merchants refused to contri-

bute towards having the work done.

George Shay, whose pet name is "Curly", and who has had more than one complaint made against him by his wife, was before Alderman Deen last ovening to answer for surety of the peace and maintenance. He entered bail to answer at court.

LOST THEIR BATS.

LANCASTER, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 29, 1885.

The Lancaster Defeated By Wilmington-Othe News of the Bags.

The Wilmington club won their secon game of the championship season, their vic-tims being the Lancaster club, and the place McGrann's park. The crowd in attendance was small and the game uninteresting. Neither the home team nor the audience manifested much interest in the contest, which lacked much interest in the contest, which lacked spirit and dragged lazily to a finish. The home team made an experiment by putting Fields, a new left-handed pitcher in the box. The boys from the Dismond state found no difficulty in hitting him, and he was very wild. Wetzel went in after the fourth inning and hits off him were not so common. Oldfield caught for both men and had hard work. Pollard pitched for the visitors and he was a match for the Lancaster batters, who secured but four hits with a total of five. The score is below. Wild pitches, bases on balls, passed balls, &c., being in the summary:

LANCASTEIL.	R	#	P	A	E	WILMI	NOT'N	. R	B	P	A	×
Parker, L	0	1	4	0	2	Johns	on, L	. 0	0	2	0	0
Oldfield, c	1	1	15	1	0	Kappe		. 0	1	1	23	- 40
Hyland, 2.	1	1	2	4	1	Firth,		. 0		12	0	.0
M'Tam'y, m	1	U	1	10	.0	School		0	1	1	0	- 0
Donald, 3	0	0	1	3	- 1	Jones.		. 0	(1	8	-3	.0
Mack, L.	0	0	Ш	2		Shinde		12	2	1	4	.4
Tomney, s.	0	40	2	2	0	Pollar		. 2	1.0	-1	7	.0
Wetzel, r. p.	0	0	1	4	0	Grant,		1.3	13	2	-1	. 49
Fields, p, r	Đ	1	0	. 4	0	Foulk	rod, 2	. 0	2	1	1	0
Total	2	4	17	20	4	Tota	L	. 6	9	27	19	2
				13	NI	NGS.					U	7
Lancaster.		4		330		0 1 0	1 0	0	0	0	0.	-2
Wilmington	81		36		0.00	9 4 0	3 6	1	0	0	0-	-6

BUMMARY. Earned runs—Wilmington, 3. Two base hit— Oldfield. Passed balls—Oldfield, 5; Jones, 1. Wild pitches—Pollard, 1; Field, 4, and Wetzel. 1. Bases on balls—Wilmington, 7; Lancaster, 4 Struck out—Lancaster, 5; Wilmington, 6 Left on bases—Lancaster, 4; Wilmington, 6 liby ball—Fields and Donald. Umpire—Curry, Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Diamond Dots.

delphia 4, St. Louis 0; at New York: New York 11, Buffato 0; at Boston; Boston 4 hicago 3; at Providence: Providence 11 Detroit 5 : at Louisville : Louisville 8, Mets 4 at Newark : Virginia 2, Newark 0; at Wash-ington : National 3, Baltimore 2; at Altoona Athletics 14, Altoona L. It is wonderful what the National club can

c—at home.

Gagus and Smith are the pitchers to-day in case the game comes off.

A nine from the freshman and sophomore classes defeated the Academy nine by a score

Coreoran, of Virginia, is credited with making six hits in the Newark game yester-As Lancaster has been patronizing one

game a day so well, it remains to be seen game a day so well, it remains to be seen how two will go.

The Newark team had but four hits off Pyle yesterday. The thin pitcher had a two-bagger off Hickman.

Fitzpatrick, who was signed by the Lancas-ter people some weeks ago, was released last evening at his own request.

The National club, who started out to teach

the people how to play ball, is playing her to-day. They can be seen in two games to

The Athletics stopped in Altoona yesterday to show the team of that town how to play. Knight pitched for the former and the suntry men could not find the ball. Summers, the catcher of the Cteveland base

pall club, was convicted in the police court at Cleveland, Ohio, yesterday, of playing ball on Sunday. The case will be appealed. Johnson, the Wilmington left-fielder, is a remarkably fine player, and his throwing yesterday was a feature of the game. He is by no means slow with the stick, either.

Fields, the man who was put in by the Lancaster club yesterday, was sent home after the game. Flood, formerly of the Somerset, has been engaged to play right field.

Barr, the great pitcher of the National club,
will pitch in one of the games to-morrow in this city. He has not played outside of Wash ton this season yet, as he holds a government position there. To-morrow being a holiday

e will be able to get off.
It is now hoped that Michael Scanlan, esq.,
roprietor of the gilt-edged National club, of dngton, is happy as he vesterday me he has been so anxious to arrange a game. Barr pitched for the Eastern League team and six hits were made off him. The association club's errors lost them the game. The Washington manager will find lots of work for his club to do in his own league before they win first place.

At the Opera House in the Evening.

The final meeting of the joint committee of our Grand Army posts to make arrangement for a proper observance of Memorial Day was held last evening at Alderman Barr's office. Sub-committees reported that the flags for the soldiers' graves had arrived and been dis tributed,

The finance committee reported that some money had been collected but not sufficient to defray the expenses.

The monumental associations were re-

Square.

A communication was received from General Reynolds post, No. 71, G. A. R., stating that a committee of that post would be here to morrow to decorate General Reynolds' quare.

teries will be decorated to-morrow morning lowing as the order of parade, which moves Police force.

Adamstown band. Chief Marshal and Aids. Company C National Guards. Post 84 G. A. R. Admiral Reynolds Post. Sons of Veterans. Other societies will be assigned position by the chief marshal as they arrive. arriages with orator and disabled sold iers. Fire Department.
Following is the route of parade: Form or

North Duke street, right resting on East King; along East King to Centre Square, to South Queen, to Woodward Hill cemetery, to South Queen, to Church, to Duke, to East king, to Lime, to Walnut, to Lancaster cemetery, to Lemon, to North Queen, to Penn Square and dismiss. The following is the programme of exer-cises for the evening of Memorial Day at Fulton opera house:

Fulton opera house:
Opening Prayer—Rev. J. E. Pratt.
Solo and Chorus—"Our Loyal, Tried and True,"
Miss Kate Ryan and Mrs. A. I. Goodman.
Recitation—"A Vision of the Past," Miss
Choras—"Honor the Brave."
Oration—Col. Henry E. Turner, Lowville,
Lewis county, N. Y.
Semi-Chorus and Chorus—"Sleep Sacred Dust
of Noble Dead,"
Recitation—"The Young Soldton"

of Noble Dead."

Recliation — "The Young Soldier," Miss Amanda Landes.

Solo and Chorus—"Our Flag and the Union Forever," Mrs. Harry Elus and chorus.

Requiem—"Sleep, Commales, Sleep."

Benediction—Rev. J. E. Trutt.

Wm. B. Hall, conductor; A. H. Fritchey, organist.

Joseph Allwine was found dead in bed, in a room at the mill of Christian C. Snyder in Rapho township, near Mastersonville on Thursday morning and Coroner Honaman was notified to hold an inquest. That of-ficial empanelled John S. Masterson, David Risser, Christian C. Snyder, Franklin Hossler, John Gifford, and David Miller as his jury. From the testimony it appeared that Allwine is a German, about 60 years old and worked for a number of persons in and worked for a number of persons in Rapho township. A few days ago he met with an accident by which several ribs werebroken. The accident happened near Snyder's mill and Alwine was carried to a room in the mill ly cared for. His injuries were not considered serious. Yesterday morning when one of Mr. Snyder's workmen went to the mill he found Alwine dead. The verdict of the jury was that death resulted from internal injuries caused by a fall.

Three Pounds and Twelve Ounces.

The cremation of the remains of James H. Mills, of Elmira, N. Y., at the Lancaster crematorium on Thursday morning, was a perfect success, as were the several cremations that preceded it. The ashes were taken from the retort Thursday afternoon. They weighed three pounds and twelve ounces. Messrs. Stobo and Hubbell, who had the remains in charge, returned to Elmira last evening, taking with them the ashes of Mr. Mills.

APPORTIONMENT VETOES.

THE GOVERNOR DISAPPROVES BOTH OF THE BILLS.

stitutional—One Congressman Not Enough for Philadelphia's 75,000 Democrats. The Bills' Naked Enormities.

HARRISBURG, Pa., May 29 .- Governor Patison sent vetoes to the Senate this morning, vetoing the congressional and legislative ap-portionment bills. The congressional veto is based mainly on the alleged partisan character of the arrangement of districts. The legislative apportionment is declared to be unconstitutional.

In his message vetoing the congressional apportionment bill the governor dwells particularly on the alleged violation of the law of Congress requiring that the population of the districts shall be as nearly equal as practicable. This requirement, the governor says, contains the vital principle of proper representation, underlies the theory of our institutions and is as the breath of our liberties. The reference is almost made to the congress ional enactments which requires the districts to be compact and contiguous, which the governor says, are founded on reasons of public convenience and are intended to prevent political injustice and sinister designs in the detachment of territory. The governor says: "The bill herewith returned violates each of the last two rules in the open, flagrant and unjustifiable man ner; it abounds in injustice and is built upon contemptuous illegality, proceeding on an undeviating purpose of unfairness; it disfranchises hundreds of thousands of our people to give unlawful power to others; it

over-rides in the unrelentlessness of its manifest purpose alike the plain dictates of common justice and the clear commands of the law. The startling fact to the mind of the executive is that so little effort has been made to cloak the nakedness of its enormi

The governor points out that 15 districts have 286,283 population less than the ratio required, or 50,000 in excess of the Sixth piladelphia, and the Twenty-sixth, Warren-McKean-Venango and Cameron districts. The average excess in the remaining districts is 33,074, which, the governor says, virtually disfranchises 286,963, nearly two full ratios The governor continues: "It is impossible to give the most cursory investigation to the bill without seeing that its main if not the sole purpose is to deprive the citizens of one political faith of their just numerical repreentation in the federal Congress, in order unlawfully and unjustly to increase the power and representation of its political opponents. Reluctant as the executive is to introduce a political discussion into a paper of this nature, he vet feels that it is his duty to lay open to the eyes of the people the great wrong attempted by this bill against those citizens with whom he holds a common political faith, and it possible to prevent the consummation sutrage. Attention is called to the fact that the 6th district of Philadelphia, with 4,000 majority, has 38,711 below the ratio, while the Democratic county of Berks, containing a third more inhabitants, is joined to Lehigh, making a district 36,100 in excess of the ratio, and giving 10,000 Democratic majority. The governor says: " In the county of Philadelphia ingenuity and illegality seem to have been exhausted in the effort to do injustice to the Democratic citizens of that section; six districts are given to that city, five of which are surely Republican, and one overwhelmingly Republican. This has been done by massing together into the Third district in a narrow strip along the Delaware river seven of the eight Democratic wards of that city, making a district of excessive Democratic majority and leaving the rest of the city free to be divided into five equally certain Republican districts. For what other purpose can such inequalities and distortions have been desired except to give five congressman to the 100,000 Republicans of that city, and but one congressman

to the 75,000 Democratic voters?"

The governor adds: "The bill as an entirety presents so many clear violations of law, is so evidently unfair and unjust that I must decline to give it my approval. It is to be regretted that it has been sent to me at so late a day. Five months have elapsed and ordinary diligence could have perfected it two months ago. In that case there would have been ample time to have framed a new bill obviating the defects pointed out. As it is I indulge the hope that by diligent work this most important sworn duty of fair apportionment, may yet be enacted before final adjournment. It will be the pleasure of the executive to facilitate the execution of the constitution to the full extent of its power; but he will not give his approval to measures the enactment of which would deprive large classes of the people of their just share in the government of the state."

The Legislative Apportion The legislative apportionment bill is vetoed for constitutional and political reasons. The arrangement of senatorial districts in Philadelphia, the governor says, is unconstitutional: two districts have not the necessary population. He closes his references to the enatorial portion of the bill as follows : "The complete result of all this inequality and violation of law is an apportionment with about 43 of the districts safely Republican. I would gladly, if possible, avoid this political reference, but the facts require it and, partiality to the party which has distinguished me with this honor, makes it a preeminent duty which requires no apology."

The representative portion of the bill is also declared to be unconstitutional in a number of particulars.

As to Lancaster county, the governor says: The county of Lancaster whose population ntitles it two senators, because it has one full ratio and a surplus of more than threetifths of a ratio, is divided into two districts, neither of which has a full ratio. A constitu tional division of the county would require one district to have a full ratio and the other three-fifths of a ratio which under the law, would be entitled to a senator.

No Action on the Vetoes. Neither House took any action on the gubernatorial vetoes. HORRIBLE ATROCITES BY INDIANS.

Reign of Terror in New Mexico-Flendish Work of the Redskins. DEMING, N. M., May 20.—Thirty-five Chi-

icahuas rode up to an old building five miles

north of Silver City last evening and killed

the occupants, a Mexican, his wife and three children. Then they came on within two miles of Silver City to another Mexican but, and, after shooting ,an inmate, took his two-year-old child by the feet and striking its read against the side of the house hung the little one on a meat hook in the wall. The Mexican was badly wounded but not dead and he walked to the town and gave an alarm. A white family named Philiyss, consisting of seven persons, were also killed seven miles from Silver City last night. A band of 25 Indians, with a large number of squaws, attempted to raid Camp Fleming about 9 o'clock. All the women and children of the camp were removed into a shaft of the "Old Man" mine, and the entrance was well barricaded. The Indians, as shown by their signal flashes, remained in the vicinity until near morning, and then went south and were seen next morning rounding up all the herses in the neighborhood. Two bands of Indians, one numbering fifteen and the other twenty, were seen going south this afternoon near Hudson Springs, 24 miles from hore. A large force of men are guarding Hudson tonight.

THE STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY.

The Doctors Want More Legislation to Protect Themselves From "Quacks." In the State Medical society's annual meet-

ing in Scranton the committee appointed las

year to inquire into the best method of mak-ing the diploma which permits a man to enter upon the practice of medicine in Pennsylvania a real guarantee of his qualification for the work, presented a report declaring that by the registration law of 1881 Pennsyl vania has declared that the practice of me cine should be subject to legal restriction and says that in all parts of the United States the tendency seems to be toward the estab-lishment and further elaboration of some system of state license to control entrance upon the practice of medicine. The report claims that if a state license helps the community to the choice of competent medical advice it at least accomplishes that for which it was instituted. But if it can be conferred upon the incompetent, as well as upon the competent, it serves to con-fuse and mislead rather than to guide the people to a wise choice. State license should possess a real, fixed and easily ascertainable significance. The license granted under the present system does not conform to this condition. The committee say that because of the competition of the medical schools in making studies easy as a bid for pupils the power to grant the state license should no longer be vested in them. They recommend vesting the right of granting license to practice medicine in an impartial state board, and to that end submitted a series of resolutions, which were adopted, the purpose of which i declared to be "to prevent downward com position in the granting of a state license; to relieve medical schools of the degrading in fluence of such competition; to regulate the licensing of those obtaining their degree from instactions outside the state; to guard by publicity and direct control against abuse of the licensing power and to ensure the effi-cient administration of laws looking to these ends."

It is also recommended that a committee be appointed to prepare, in accordance with the yiews of this society, a form of bill suitable for presentation to the next session of the legislature and to report the same to the

next annual meeting.

The nominating committee reported in favor of the following officers for the en-suing year: President, E.A. Wood, Allegheny county ; vice presidents, Hiram McGowan Dauphin county; E. J. Russ, Elk county A. H. Shaeffer, Juniata county; C. C. Halsey Susquelanna county; Permanent Secretary W. B. Atkinson, Philadelphia county; Re W. B. Atkinson, Philadelphia county; Recording Secretary G. D. Nutt, Lycoming Sounty; Corresponding Secretary J. H. Musser, Philadelphia; Treasurer Benjamin Lee, Philadelphia; additional members of the committee on publication, T. H. Helsby, Lycoming county; Edward Jackson, Philadelphia; M. W. Weaver, Luzerne county; members of the judicial county, J. L. Stowart, Eric county; S. S. Shuliz, Montour county; Heary H. Smith, Philadelphia; Chairman of Committee of Arrangements for next meeting T. H. Helsby, Williamsport, The next meeting will be held on the first Wednesday of June, 1893, at 9 a. m., in Williamsport.

irst Wednesday of June, 189, at 9 a. m., in Williamsport.

Delegates were appointed to the various state medical societies. Dr. Taylor, of Wilkesbarre, read a paper on the Plymouth epidemic, and was followed with a paper on the same sabject by Drs. French and Shakespears, of Philadelphia, who agreed with Dr. Taylor, claiming that the disease was caused by poisioning the water supply. The society visited Lackawanan hospital in a body, and in the evening listened to the annual address, which was delivered by the president of the association, Dr. Allen, of Bradford county.

Substitute Letter-Carriers Appointed. Postmaster Marshall has appointed Frank

W. Hoffman and W. Stehman Diller subletter-carriers. Hoffman is young Republican of the Third ward, and Diller is the son of Franklin Diller, a Second ward Democrat. Postmaster Marshall says these young men have been appointed because they were highly recommended to him by business men of both parties. Their Hoffman, though a Republican, is not known as an active politician, and though Diller's father is a Democrat, the postmaster declares he does not know what political preferences the son has, though he supposes he is a Democrat. The men were appointed on their merits, and if when vacancies occur in the

regular force of carriers they will be rec-commended for promotion.

The Republican Primaries. In the INTELLIGENCER's notice of the canvass for delegates to the Quay-Magee state convention the position of the contestants in the lower end representative district was accidentally transposed. H. H. Miller and Wm. McGowan are running in the Quay interest; Herr and Long are the McDevitt candidates. In this city the fight is getting hot, and bets are offered by the Quay people that Bausman will beat Skiles. Chris Magee, the Allegheny county chief tain and backer of McDevitt, arrived in town

this afternoon. He is looking after his Lan-caster county fences, and expects to make them horse high and bull strong.

At the last term of the quarter session court true bills were found against William Ruffner and Thos. Bowers, Berks county hucksters, for selling liquor without license. These men, it is alleged, attended sales in this county and openly sold liquor. The cases were returned to court by the constable of Brecknock township and process was issued for the arrest of the accused. Constable Ziegler arrested the parties and lodged them in the county prison. Bowers secured bail and was released from custody. Ruffner expects to get bail to-day.

Family Jars.

Adolph Newman, of Love Lanc, complained against by his wife for assault and battery and drunken and disorderly conduct, has entered bail for a hearing before Alderman

John Klein, a baker, who has on a number of occasions figured at police courts, has been prosecuted by his wife for beating her and threatening to kill her. Alderman Barr will dispose of the case next week.

TELEGRAMS IN BRIEF. Gen. Grant had a very bad night, much

pain and little sleep.

The Goodyear Metallic Rubber company's striking workmen, in Hartford, Conn., will resume work under a compromise. The situation of affairs among the various iron mills of Pittsburg, is much more encouraging, and the prospects of a general shut down are gradually vanishing.

The physicians attending Lord Hartington announce that he is much improved.

Germany and England have agreed upon

Germany and England have agreed upon the frontier of their New Gninea possession. The Spanish government has appointed four of the most eminent physicians in Spain to serve as the commission to investigate Dr. Ferran's system of cholera germ innocula-

J. H. Swinhart, son of a wealthy lumber-man of Pottstown, Pa., committed suicide at the weigh scales, on the Pennsylvania rail-road near Shamokin, last night by drinking laudanum.

NORFOLK, Va., May 29.—The Democrat of this city are very jubilant over yesterday's victory. Hunter (Democrat) was elected city treasurer over Hill (Rep.) by a majority of 335. The Fourth ward, which has been giving about 1,000 Republican majority, only polled 831 votes—a Republican loss from last November of 737 votes. In the town of Suffolk the entire Democratic ticket was elected. At the municipal election in Portsmouth the

Com. Stuart's Daughter and Parnell's Mother. BONDENTOWN, N. J., May 29.—The entire personal property of Mrs. Delia T. S. Parnell, mother of the famous Irish land leaguer, has been seized at the suit of Joshua J. Turner and others, and is advertised for sale on June 1st at "Ironsides," near here.

PHILADELPHIA, May 29.—The jury in the Achilles Onofri trial for killing his nine-year-old stop-daughter Carlotta Cook, re-turned a verdict in court at noon to-day of

FIGHT WITH A BURGLAR.

SHOOTING HIM DOWN APTER A LONG AND FIERCE STRUGGLE.

Tragedy in a Mississippi Town-Discovering a Midnight Intruder and Grappling With Him-The Timely Service That Was Rendered by a Gun.

HELENA, Ark., May 29.—In Giendale, Miss., opposite this city, Capt. F. J. Fergu-son killed a burglar Wednesday night. About 12 o'clock Mr. Jones, who sleeps in Ferguson's building, was awakened by some one moving stealthily about. Thinking at first that it was Captain Ferguson he called out. Upon receiving no reply, he picked up a gun and went to a door leading door, a powerful blow was dealt him on the head, knocking him down. He arose to grapple with his assaitant. In their struggle the gun was discharged, doing, however, no damage. Jones began to yell at the top of his voice and Ferguson, who was in his residence, a short distance away, bearing the discharge of the gun and the appeal for help, hastily picked up a rifle and ran to the store, where he tound Jones and the burglar still

fiercely fighting.
As soon as Jones saw Ferguson he yelled: shoot him; he is killing me" and broke oose from his adversary so as to be out of Ferguson's range. When the man saw Ferguson he grappled with him, not, however, intil after he had received a shot in the fleshy part of his left arm. A fierce struggle then began between the man and Ferguson. The ruffian was the more powerful, but owing to loss of blood he soon called out to Ferguson to stop, saving that he was badly wounded and would surrender. Ferguson being thus thrown off his guard released the burglar who then tried to secure the rifle. Ferguson then attacked him again before he could use the weapon and disarmed him. The man then started to run whereupon Ferguson fired again, the shot taking effect in his body. The man dropped dead in his tracks. It was found that the would-be robber had landed near the store in a skifl during the day. No me knew him nor where he was from. He was about 50 years old, and was dressed like a fisherman. A coroner's jury exonerated

A \$50,000 BIRD CAPTURED.

in Absconder Captured on Board a Vessel QUEENSTOWN, May 29.-The steamship, Nevada, from New York, May 19th, for this ort and Liverpool, arrived here to-day. A waiting her arrival with two detective offisers was Mr. Koch, the London menber of the firm of Koch, Son & Co., stationers at 156 William street, New York, with a warrant for the arrest of Mr. Arthur E. Marsh, the late superintendent of the firm, whom he charged with abscending with 80,000 of the firm's money. When the sentence the harbor, she was at once borrow, Mr. Koch, who soon found the abscend Marsh was somewhat surprised when her Marsh was somewhat surprised when he found himself confronted by Mr Koch. He at once acknowledged his indentity, and begged for forgiveness. When asked what he had done with the money, he stated that he had it with him. At his request Koch accompanied him to his stateroom, where he handed over the stolen funda-After a short conference Mr. Koch and the detectives decided to proceed to Liv special with the prisoner, where it is believed he will

be arraigned and held to await further instructions from New York. WASHINGTON NEWS

Appointed Minister to China—Other from the Natoinal Capital. WASHINGTON, D. C., May 29 .- The lent to-day appointed Col. Charles Deaby, of Evansville, Ind., to be minister to Church Secretary Manning to-day promoted sistant Cashier Charles W. Whelpley to be assistant United States treasurer, vice unives, graving and printing.

The postmaster general has left for New York. The president will attend no publical onference while in that city to-morre Postmaster Smith, at Holden, Mc mitted saicide this morning. His a counts

vere \$900 short. Dr. Wm. D. Warner, of South Carolina vas to-day appointed United States could to The president this afternoon made :

owing appointments: Wendell A. Laderson, of Wis., consul general at Montre in to be consuls : Wm. Cowell, of Ohio, at Amoyl D. Lynch Pringle, of S. C., at Teguciga

A PHILADELPHIA BANK SUSPENDS. Because the Accounts Were Allowed to be Overdrawn \$200,000.

PHILADELPHIA, May 29.-Notice is on the door of the Shackamaxon bank, Frankford avenue and Norris street, morning, signed by T. H. Huggard, sushier, unnouncing the suspension of the instantion. The president is John Rose. The capital is \$120,000 and the surplus \$30 000. It is said that the accounts have been overdrawn

It is officially explained that the cause of the failure was that the corporation held \$100,000 of personal checks of the late Win. Bumm, wholesale salt dealer, and \$50,000 of paper by him.

Disastrous Fire in an Indiana Tow SOUTH BEND, Ind., 29.-At 12:15 detock this morning a fire was discovered in ber yard belonging the Studebaker wagon manufacturers. The yard two blocks and contained 4,000,000 lumber. A high wind was blowing, and at ast account she whole yard seemed sure of destruction, and it was feared that a number of adjacent dwellings would also be surned. Great exertions were being made to prevent the spread of the flames, but the high made the situation desperate, and people had to move out of the nouses. It is roughly estimated that the Studebakers loss will

Refused a Divorce.

Bostos, May 29.-John L. Sullivan's wife has been refused a divorce. Judge Allen delivered an opinion in which he reviewed every act of cruelty alleged, and said that such of them as might once have entitled the libellee to a divorce had been condoned

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 29.—For the Middle Atlantic states, cloudy weather and rain, winds generally from east to south, with lower barometer and slight fall, follow-

ed by rising temperature. Cloudy weather and rain continued in all districts east of the Rocky mountains except New England, where the weather is

are northeasterly, southerly in the South At-Lake regions ; elsewhere they are variable. There has been a slight fall in temperature in the Middle Atlantic states; elsewhere it

has remained about stationary. FOR SATURDAY (Memorial Day)-Partly cloudy weather and occasional rains are indicated for the Lower Lake region, New England and the northern portion of the Middle Atlantic states, with clearing weather in the Upper Mississippi and Missouri val-