IN CREEK A WHER. FIVE DOLLARS A PIPTT CREEK A MONTH. POSTAGE FIRE EMBRES FROM THE TO PIPTY CENTS A

LY "INTELLIGENCER." Every Wednesday Morning,

LARS A THAR IN ADVANCE. nd country. Correspondents are re-a to write legibly and on one side of seronly; and to sign their names, not dication, but in proof of good faith, mymous letters will be consigned to the basket.

THE INTELLIGENCER. LANCASTER, PA.

## Lancaster Intelligencer.

LANCASTER, MARCH 7, 1885.

The Merit of Modesty. It does not appear that any of the gen

who were finally called into Presi-Cleveland's cabinet pressed themand their "claims" upon him, ditly or through agencies of their appointment and connivance. ly it would have been very ing in them to have done o, and it would have been evidence their unfitness for such high place had hey assiduously sought it.

ut very manifestly a number of gentle men named in connection with cabinet es betraved a distressing degree of anxty to get them; and most likely were ed from consideration by reason of their own ardor or the inconsiderate zeal of their superserviceable friends. It is a pleasing coincidence to note that

every aspirant in whose service delegations ed Albany, and whose personal and nal "claims" were brought to the actice of the president by visiting statesmen, was given the go-by.

And yet the good sense of the president, his

lowledge of men and affairs-which has een declared to be so limited—and the lance of good- material among the party, enabled him binet outfit without a who had been itching

he outset of the adminthe case of the most imto those who are an an any seeking places

of less degree. It may be that modesty is to be counted hereafter as a merit; and at manufactured "influences" will not avail so much as real merit that may disclose itself by not making too pretentious an effort. It may be that our new president, and the men to whom he has deted his appointing power in their various spartments, will find some way to discover fitness other than its possessor's own trumpeting of his virtues. In that event petitions, so easily filled with signers; letters of recommendation, so readily procured; "influences," to be had for the asking, and many other of the devices with which office-seekers and self-seekers equip themselves and supplement their own brazenness, will not count for much.

would be safe to say that in most cases better men-and just as good Democrats—can be found to fill every office than those who most persistently seek m; and if the future course of the administration shall advance modesty to a premium and put effrontery at a discount, the chances are that the public service will be the gainer.

Better Than Was Expected.

Mr. Arthur, who came to his office by ident, like Tyler, Fillmore and Johnson. aves it far more creditably than either of em. He did not secure the renomination of his party, but he was beaten by a worse man; and he was broken between two factions, neither of whom he was willing to serve. He succeeded to the reconstruction of Embarrassing circumstances, and he behaved with dignity h his ordeal. He was entirely unmined for statesmanship and the highest office he had ever held was that of collector of the port of New York; from which he

was turned out with discredit.

He could not have been aided much in his official cureer by his cabinet, for it w, s not composed in the main of great men. Mr. Frelinghuysen, who white House, was never a conspicious statesman; Frank Hatton and William E. Chandler were mere politicians, who were held up by their positions instead of help-ing to prop up the administration; Teller-was no better; Brewster was all fuss and feathers; Lincoln was a very light weight; McCullough was the one strong man in the offection, and his predecessor was a very ectable and able man, but he brought on the national administration the crushng blow of that 192,000 majority defeat in ew York in 1882, which made Mr. Cleve-and the candidate in 1884. Obviously, Mr. our might have found a much stronger net intellectually and politically than

vertheless he is universally accounted cccssful president; he has had en-tums showered on him from all sides, no Republican president who lived out like the credit that attaches to him nally and to his administration.

with his utter inexperience of public to, the political complications that conted him, the peculiarly painful cir-stances under which he took office and prelenting warfare waged upon him tions of his own party, Arthur could well, there is no reason to despair of w president because of his "inexperi-"—for two years creditable service in bernatorial chair of New York is serious training for the presidency a cycle in the custom house.

New Ern thinks that Gov. Pattion was extravagant in ordering the Namal Guard to Washington. We are of inion that the National Guard was not ded in Washington and had better have kept at home; but it takes a very kei degree of impudence in a Republi-journal to censure a Democratic gov-or for following a precedent set by Re-licin governors of Pennsylvania in this

bestof uses are not to the fore-this administration so far. The pres-and all his cabinet seem from their es to be abundantly blessed with hair, f which time has not yet had a fair opportunity to disposees them. Lamar, the elder of the eight, has enjoyed but sixty years of life, and the average of the lot is but about fifty years. It is a cabinet of men in the prime of life and of apparently full physical vigor.

There may be in this a suggestion to office assignate that sixty with the control of the c

ffice aspirants that sixty years is the assigned period of retirement from official labors, to be disregarded only for cause. Sixty-two is the period of retirement in the navy and somewhere about there in the army. Perchance the civil service is to be presented as equally shunning the possible infirmities of over three-score years.

The Commissioner of Pensions.

Scarcely second in importance to some of the cabinet offices, and above several of them in the magnitude of its interests, the amount of money it disburses and the conomies and reforms possible in its administration, is the bureau of pensions.

The new administration gives earnest of its purposes by selecting as the head of this department Gen. John C. Black,of Illinois. He was a gallant soldier, with a civil record that is as honorable and patriotic as his military career. He was in the Chicago convention and was a favorite in that body for the nomination of vice president; and his friends have entertained hopes that he might be appointed secretary of war. He is modest and discreet, as well as brave and

DUDLEY enjoys the distinction of being the first of the "rascals" to go.

THAT sterling publication, he Friends Journal, in the last issue, has an earnest editorial on the ill effects of that law of the so. ciety which disowns all who contract marriages out of the Friends' communion. The bad results of this policy are exemplified in the losses that the society has suffered for the past one hundred years, and in the Journal's estimation is responsible for the present enfeebled condition of the sect. Those who have abandoned the church when it would not give its sanction to their matrimonia choices were very often the flowers of the flock, whom the society could ill afford to lose; and it is but natural that when they knew no Scriptural injunction was violated in their union they would lose their regard for a clerical authority that savored entirely too much of the arbitrary. The rule must spirit for it makes no allowance for possible

conversion of the party of differing faith. No sect at the present day could hope long to enjoy a large membership clogged by such a restriction, and the Journal is entirely right when it says : "That it should be made the strict rule of a religious society to disown as 'offenders' any who select their wife or their husband except from amongst its own members, cannot be regarded, abstractly at least, as other than an extreme stretch of authority."

ENGLAND and Germany are now protesting how much they love one another; a disagreement is close at hand.

W. K. SELTZER, ESQ., the Stalwart Republican politician from Ephrata, who stood up and went down with the gallant "306" at Chicago in 1880, isn't too proud to take a commission as justice of the peace by appointment from a Democratic governor. By the way, when does Gov. Pattison expect to fill vacancy in the alderman's office in the Sixth ward, made by the death of the late Joseph Samson last November? Since then Squire Sam Matt Fridy and Squire W. K. Seltzer have bee very promptly appointed; and still there are Democrats who are not happy!

BLESSED be the name of Dr. Austin Flint he says mankind should eat whenever they are hungry, and that fasting is the relic of an

THE judiciary general committee of the Lancaster school board is wrestling with a problem of which the solution will be awaited with some public interest. An effort is being made to secure admission into one of the so-called "soldiers' orphans schools" of a boy whose father deserted his wife and family and who are destitute on this account. Mother and children are deserving, no doubt, of sympathy and charity; but if the bounty and magnanmity of the state are extended through the so-called 'soldlers' orphans' schools" on account of the fathers, it would be just as well to not put a premium on desertion. If the schools are to be kept going this way their influence or public morals will not be very beneficial.

Can such things be? The New York central dividend has fallen to four per cent. Time was when this did not represent a semi-annual payment.

THERE was a great deal of incendiary talk while Congress was in session about the immense extent of alien ownership in American lands, and one bill was reported of a very sweeping character, that after its passage no alien or foreigner shall acquire title to or own any lands within the jurisdiction of the United States. The bill never got any further than a favorable report on it from the committee on public lands. It is a great deal better that it did not, for while it is proper to restrain wealthy foreigners from buying great tracts of land for speculative purposes, the bill if made a law might have had the effect of seriously restricting progress in the undeveloped parts of the country. At any rate the law would have been a dead letter, for it could be easily evaded by having the title to the lands remain in an American agent. Besides there seems to be little or no danger to be anticipated from this alien ownership. It is estimated in round numbers that some 21,000,000 acres of land in the United States is owned by noblemen of Europe, principally Englishmen, and held in vast tracts. A considerable quantity of land is also owned by untitled aliens, but mostly in small tracts. The bulk of these holdings are in Texas, Florida and two or three of the territories, but considerable tracts have been taken up in Mississippi, Missouri, Colorado, California and Arkansas, and recently, it is understood, an immense body of land has been acquired in West Virginia, and in these holdings a goodly portion of American citizens are associated as own-ers. It is more than probable that the bue and cry is raised against the alien owners by the illegal public land fleecers to divert attention from the "little game" they have been practicing.

Treating Him Like a Horse. From the Independent. From the independent.

A Canadian Episcopal bishop, of Scotch birth, was the guest some time ago of a certain rector in Buffalo. Speaking of his visit afterward, the old gentleman said: "They were all good people, and most kind, I am sure; but do you know, my dear, they gave me water to drink at the table, and upon going to bed, as if I had been a horse."

THE PARISH.

## HERE AND THERE

Lancaster is contributing its full share of thought and influence to the intellectual movement of the times; not only through its institutions of learning, and such excellent publications as the Reformed Church Quarterly Review, whose two editors, Drs. Apple and Titzel, and the most of whose contributors are resident, but also through various other denominational, religious and literary journals of the first rank and highest standing in the country. The Independent has during the past year contained a number of articles from the pens of Prof. E. V. Gerhart, D. D., Rev. J. Max Hark, and Miss Alice Nevin; the Christian Union numbers Mr. Nevin ; the Christian Union numbers Mr. Hark among its editorial writers; while in the leading undenominational theological review, the Andover, published in Boston and representing the profoundest scholarship and most advanced religious thought of the country, Lancaster has within the last eight months contributed no less than four valuable papers, two by Dr. Gerhart and two by Mr. Hark. In literature and scholarship we are evidently not as "slow" as some other and larger cities; at any rate I don't feel as if we had anything to be ashamed of in this re

I have just read a book of 420 pages, written by an Englishman, as "the outcome of a visit to the United States," in which the writer tries to tell his fellow-countrymen all that he saw and heard. But, for all the mention he makes of religion or religious denominations, the reader might suspect that there wasn't a church in the whole land.

It was Nathaniel Hawthorne who, when a boy, wrote to his mother : "I do not want to be a doctor, and live by men's diseases ; nor minister, and live by their sins ; nor a lawyer, and live by their quarrels. So I don't see that there is anything left for me but to be an author." And yet, as a story-teller, he was a preacher, lawyer and doctor.

The centennial of organized Methodism in the United States was celebrated in Balti-Christmastide; but the Methodists were in Lancaster county before that. They came the year the ice was from 16 to 19 inches thick, frost penetrated the ground five the ears of the cattle and feet of the hogs were frost-bitten, squirrels per-ished in their holes and partridges fell dead ished in their holes and partridges fell dead everywhere on the snow-covered fields. With the spring and swallows came also the Methodists; and a year later, 1782, the Lan-caster circuit was formed and Rev. Wm. Partridge appointed to it as minister. There were then 70 members of "society." Simon Miller must have been the first Lancaster county born Methodist preacher.

Recalling Methodism and its great founder. John Wesley, what a matrimonial trial he had! Could be accomplish such vast work with a wife like his, let lesser men in that fix

If you could stand above the grave of John Wesley's wife and read the inscription on her tomb it would run thus :

" A woman of exemplary piety, a tender parent, and a sincere friend,' And you might suspect that she had been a tender and true wife, whose ministry at the fireside supplemented her husband's on the circuit. Her epitaph, so far as it conveys this idea, literally "lies like a tombstone." The great Methodist preacher postponed his marriage until he was 48 years old-a time of life when men are supposed to make such engagements with caution, especially if it is their first venture. But if Wesley had been three score and ten, or had been married three or four times, he could not have made more of a mess of it. Mrs. Vazel (or Vizelle) was a merchant's widow, which in itself did not unfit her for a preacher's bride. She had a fortune of £10,000, which even a modern parson would not consider an insuperable bar to matrimony. She had four children, an incumbrance that bachelors have often taken with less dower. Though Wesley knew her for nearly a year before their marriage, their courtship seems to have been of but fifteen or sixteen days continuance, and it was only after correspondence and consultation with a friend that he came to the conclusion that he might be more useful in a married than a single state. His resolution to wed and his choice of a wife so grieved his brother Charles Wesley had been three score and ten, or choice of a wife so grieved his brother Charles that he "groaned all the day and several following ones" over it. He not only knew that his brother's habit of traveling, his many visitations, extensive correspondence and that his brother's habit of traveling, his many visitations, extensive correspondence and lack of conjugal temperament unfitted him for domestic tranquility, but also that Mrs. Vazel was neither fitted by education nor temper to be his wife. It was an ominous event that John Wesley, having broken his ankle by a fall on the ice, went to the bridal altar on crutches.

Within less than two years their troubles began. For a time she traveled with him; and, if not very happy, they were not alto-gether miserable. But when from Cornwall, whither she had not accompanied him, he sent a packet of letters which she intercepted, ill-considered words to a Methodist a few intronsucered words to a methodist sister aroused her to fury, and henceforth their life was one of discord. Her jealousy aroused, she would drive a hundred miles to see who entered a town with her husband. Her ferry temper enkindled, she stole his letters, forged expressions that he never used, interpolated false passages, misinterpreted spiritual sayings sons to give them a bad meaning, read them to a select party of Calvinists and made them the basis of infamous charges. Not content with such abuse, it is even recorded that her rage vented itself in physical assault. John Hempson writes that once he found this "tender parent" "foaming with fury." Her husband, John Wesley, was on the foor, where this "sincere friend," the wife of his bosom, had been trailing him by the hair; and she, herself, this "woman of exemplary piety" was holding in her hands venerable locks of his gray hair, which in her tenderness and sincerity she had piously torn out of his head by the roots. ister aroused her to fury, and henceforth their

Nothwithstanding all this he bore it for a long time. After seventeen years of married life and such exquisite experience of conjugal tenderness as has been quoted, he is found sympathizing with her in sickness, testifying to her kind nursing of him and subscribing himself her affectionate husband. Patience ceased to be even a Christian virtue, when in 1771 she left him in London without word of explanation. He said, "non eas reliqui; non dimisi; non revocabo," (I have not left her, I have not sent her away, neither will I recall her.") He could call her "Dear Molly" after she had trailed his body on the floor by the hair; he could travel 228 miles in 48 hours to visit her stretched on a bed of sickness. But human nature exhausted itself finally, and who will won der that she was buried before he knew of her death; and who will blame him that he did not add hypocrisy to error by mourning a loss which must have been a relief? His philosophic consolation was that had she been a better wife, the desire to please her might have withdrawn him from weightier matters. Who shall measure the obligation of Methodism to John Wesley's termagant of a wife? reliqui ; non dimisi ; non revocabo," (I have

His experience will explain his answer to a Methodist brother, who saked Wesley what a Methodist brother, who asked Wesley what he thought of his marrying a certain woman well-known to both. Wesley advised him not to think of it. "Why," said the other, "she is a member of your church, isn't she?" "Yes," was the reply. "And you think she is truly a Christian woman?" "Yes," said Wesley, "I believe she is." "Well, then, why not marry her?" "Because," replied Wesley—"because, my friend, the Lord, can live with a great many people that you and I can't."

Never Gave His Autograph. Never Gave His Autograph.

Mr. Toole, the famous comedian, boasts the wearing of an historical pair of trousers when be plays The Artful Dodger in "Oliver Twist." They were given to him thirty years ago by Robert Wyndham, and the latter got them for William Murray, who wore them in "The Heart of Midlothian," a drama in which he several times played before Sir Walter Scott himself. Mr. Toole, by the way, is terribly pestered by autograph hunters, and one day recently he determined to stop humoring them; so, selecting one of whom to make an example, he wrote to him sternily, "Siri, I never gave my autograph to anyone;" and then signed in full, "J. L. Toole."

LATER DATE OF INTELLIGENCER, SATURDAY, MARCH 7, 1885.

Mins Erra Villas, sister of the postmaster general, is lying at the point of death at her home in Madison, Wis.

T. S. ARTHUR, the well known author and publisher, died in Philadelphia on Friday evening. He was born in 1809. evoning. He was born in 180a.

HENRY J. BUTLER, ESQ., of the Lancaster bar, left last evening for Fort Scott, Kansas, which he will make his future home.

GENERAL GRANT is reported by his physician to be growing worse, "and there is no hope of prolonging the life of the distinguished patient boyond a few weeks."

HON. LOTENZO BURROWS, died on Friday at Albion, N. Y., aged 80 years. He was a member of Congress from 1849 to 1853, and in 1855 was elected comptroller of the state of New York, serving one term.

FREDERICK HOLD, editor and proprieter of the Buffalo Demokrat, died in Buffalo on Friday, aged fifty seven years. His paper is one of the oldest German dailies in the country. He had been ailing a long time.

Judith Shakespeare, the daughter of the poet, could not even write her name, but

signed with a cross. But she lived 300 years ago, when it was not considered necessary for the mothers of men to know how to

EDMUND YATES says that when Mrs. Langtry first burst upon London society the dowagers declared "she had only two frocks." The next year, with unabated malice, they wanted to know "who paid for all her gowns."

MRS. BURTON, wife of the well-known mis. Burron, who of the well-known traveler, has always averred that since England took the Kohinoor diamond, proverbial for the ill-luck it brings, nothing but disaster has attended all concerning British India. Recent events will more than

> THE TAIL OF A WHALE. rdinary Muscular Strength of This Pro-

pulsory Apparatus.

The Rev. J. G. Wood, in Longman's Magazine.

The power of this tremendous propulsory apparatus is almost beyond conception. The eight of a full-grown whale may be appreclated when the reader reflects that the famous elephant "Jumbo" would have to be multiplied many times before his weight would equal that of a large whale. Yet the late Captain Scott, Royal navy, told me that when on the quarter-deck of his own ship he repeatedly saw the whales leaping in mere play so high out of the water that the horizon was clearly visible under them. Now, Captain Scott lived to be nearly 100 years old, and when he was in active service the quarter deck of a man-of-war was at least thirty feet above the water; add to this measurement his own heigth (he being rather a tall man), and the reader can then appreciate the terrific power of the animal's tail. I may here mention that this habit of springing out of the water is called "breaching" by whalers. Besides the great muscular apparatus which has just been mentioned, the whale possesses another muscle which surrounds the body; it is scientifically and happily called the "pannielus carnosus," or "fleshy rag," and is developed in various ways according to the animal. It is with this muscle that the dog shakes his skin when he comes out of the water. The hedgehog has it very powerfully developed in order to enable it to coil itself into the spiky ball with which we are so familiar. The manis, armadillo and echidna also possess it and use it for a similar purpose. Man has but very little of it, the chief vestiges being the muscles of the face, which gave to the human countenance its changing expressions. The whale wants it to enable him to bend his body—a function easily observed in the dolphins as they curve their graceful course through the sea; but chiefly he needs it because by contracting it he can make his body heavier than a corresponding bulk of water. This he has no difficulty in doing, and when he wishes to seek the surface he has only to relax the pressure, when the body regains its original size and becomes lighter than the proportionate bulk of water. By means of this muscle the hippopotamus, the elephant and the seal can sink themselves below the surface and rise again without moving a limb. For want of it man cannot perform this feat, and the best swim-Now, Captain Scott lived to be nearly 100 years old, and when he was in active service without moving a limb. For want of it man cannot perform this feat, and the best swim-mer in the world would not be able to sink

SPECIAL NOTICES.

and rise to the surface without moving hand

A Man is Doomed. in popular opinion, when he has Bright's Disease, but since Hunt's [Kidney and Liver] Remedy has become so well known the cases are rare that it will not immediately relieve and permanently cure.

18 January 1

PILES! PILES!! PILES!!!

Sure cure for Bilind, Bleeding and Itching Piles.
One box has cured the worst cases of 29 years'
standing. No one need suffer five minutes after
using William's Indian Pile Ointment. It absorbs tumors, aliays itching, acts as poultice,
gives instant relief. Prepared only for Piles,
itching of the private parts, nothing clse. Sold
by druggists and mailed on receipt of price, \$1.
Sold by R. B. Cochran, 137 and 129 North Queen
street.

(1) PILES! PILES!! PILES!!!

He Was Too Secentary.

The minister lost his health by being too quiet. He would spend hours and hours in his study, pouring over books and sermons, and neglecting bodily exercise. Liver became torpid; stomach grew weary! bowels acted irregularly; nerves yielded to prostration: minister was a gloomy failure until Brown's Igon Bitters revived him. The Rev. Mr. Zelfring, of Codorus, Pa., says, 'I was paralyzed in my right side. The use of Brown's Iron Bitters cuabled me to walk," Hundreds of other ministers testify to its worth.

DR.FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS Frazier's Root Bitters are not a dram shop beverage, but are strictly medicinal in every seuse. They act strongly upon the Liver and Kidneys, keep the bowels open and regular, cleanse the blood and system of every impurity. Sold by druggists, \$1. Sold by H. B. Cochrar, 137 and 128 North Queen street.

" How Cross Was the Man." "How Cross Was the Man."

This question was asked in a recent law-suit concerning a man who had acted unpleasantly. The answer was, "he was so cross that when he called up the cows at milking time it made the milk sour." Probably this poor fellow has dyspepsia. But the worst dyspepsia can be cured by using Brown's Iron Bitters. Mr. J. M. Courtwright, of Codora, Minn., had dyspepsia but now writes, "Brown's Iron Bitters are truly the best remedy I ever used for dyspepsia and billous complaint." BROWN'S HOUSEHOLD PANACEA.

is the most effective Pain Destroyer in the world. Will most surely quicken the blood whether taken internally or applied externally and thereby more certainly RELIEVE PAIN, whether chronic or acute, than any other pain alleviator, and it is warranted double the strength of any similar preparation.

It cures pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache and ALL ACHES, and is The Great Reliever of Pain. RBOWN'S HOUSEHOLD PANACEA "should be in every family. A teaspoonful of the Pauacea in a timulier of the teasurement. be in every family. A teaspoonful of the Panacea in a tumbler of he t water [sweetened, if pre-ferred,] taken at oedtime, will BREAK UP A COLD. 25 cents a bottle. m31-lydM, W, S&w

WATCHES, &C.

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THE BEST 50 HAVANA CIGAR IN the City, at HARTMAN'S YELLOW FRONT CIGAR STORE.

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CALL AT REIGART'S OLD WINE -FOR-LISTON'S EXTRACT OF BEEF. PINEST IN THE WORLD.

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TRON BITTERS.

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By rapid and thorough assimilation with the blood it reaches every part of the system, puri-fies and enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles and nerves, and tones and invigorates

nos and enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles and nerves, and tones and invigorates the system:

A fine Appetizer—Best tonic known.

It will cure the worst case of Dyspepsia, removing all distressing symptoms, such as Tasting the Food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc.

The only Iron medicine that will not blacken or injure the teeth.

It is invaluable for discases peculiar to women, and to all persons who lead sedentary lives.

An infalling remedy for discases of the Liver and Kidneys.

Persons suffering from the effect of overwork, nervous troubles, loss of appetite, or debility, experience quick relief and renewed energy by its use.

experience quick relief and renewed each, its use.

It does not cause Headache or produce Constipation—OTHER fron medicines do.

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no injurious effects. Physicians and druggists
recommend it as the best. Try it.

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sept9-lyd&lyw

INSURANCE.

TWENTY-FIFTH ANNUAL STATE -OF THE-

**EQUITABLE** 

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, OF THE UNITED STATES,

For the Year Ending December 31, 1884. REVENUE ACCOUNT.

Balance, January 1, 1884, from last 50,432,249 73 Premiums \$12,031,330 22 Interest and Rents 2,972,149 83 15,003,480 0 \$ 65,435,729 7 DISBURSEMENTS, Claims by Death and Matured En-Idowments
Dividends, Surrender, Values and
Annuities 4,000,668

unted Endowments. Total Paid Policy holders ... b Dividend on Capital ... Premium on Securities charged off, Commissions, Advertising, Post-age and Exchange General Expenses ... State, County and City Taxes . . .

Total Disbursements \$ 9,868,009 12 Balance, December 31, 1884, to new Account 55,537,720 09

BALANCE SHEET. Bonds and Mortgages.

New York Real Estate, including the Equitable building and purchases under foreclosure.

United States stocks, state stocks. 15,494,726 72 6,676,665 11 18,400,407 00 5,319,641 08

United States stocks, state stocks, city stocks and stocks authorized by the laws of the state of New York.

Loans secured by bonds and stocks (market value, \$7,160,057 00).

Real Estate outside the state of New York, including purchases under foreclosure and society's buildings in other cities.

Cash in banks and trust compannies at interest and in transit (since received and invested)...

Commuted commissions. 4,016,146 56 ommuted commissions..... Due from agents on account of pre

miums.
Interest and rents due and accrued,
Premiums due and in process of
collection (less premiums paid in
advance, \$27,486)
Deferred premiums Total assets, December 31, 1884 .... \$ 58,161,925 56

LIABILITIES. Reserve on outstand-ing policies at 4 per cent. 447,549,728 44 Claims by death(proofs not perfected) 128,560 00

.... 128,580 00 47,678,308 44 6 10,483,617 10 Surplus, Dec. 31, 1884... Of which the proportion contributed (as computed) by policies in general class, is Of which the proportion contribu-ted (as computed) by policies in Tontine class, is 4,074,756 10

\$ 10,483,617 10 Upon the New York state standard, 43¢ per cent., the surplus is ...... 3 13,730,332 73

INCREASE OF 1884 OVER 1883, remium income..... rrplus, legal standard.... NONE

CONTESTED CLAIMS,

From the undivided surplus contributed by policies is the general class, reversionary dividends will be declared, available on settlement of next annual premium, to ordinary participating policies. From the undivided surplus contributed by policies in the Tontine class, the amounts applicable to policies maturing within the current year will be declared, as their respective annual premiums become due.

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-A LINE OF-White Granite and Decorated Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets.

AT LOWEST PRICES. Our wares are carefully selected. No Goods misrepresented. We exchange any articles not satisfactory

Martin & NO. 15 EAST KING STREET.

LANCASTER, PA. SPECTACLES

-AND-EYE-GLASSES

OUEEN & CO.

TALINN & BRENEMAN.

Farmers! Farmers!

"THE BELLE CITY FEED CUTTER."

-ALSO-

THE HOOSIER SEED SOWER For Sowing Oats, Clover or Timothy Seed, This Small Machine has no equal for Accuracy and Simplicity. AGENTS WANTED.

FLINN & BRENEMAN.

GREAT HOUSEFURNISHING STORE.

No. 152 North Queen St., Lancaster, Pa.

CLOCKS, MIRRORS AND BRONZES. H. Z. RHOADS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

The season is now at hand for refurnishing and restocking the Household with articles of use and necessity as well as ornament.

When buying solid, sterling Silver there is satisfaction in the thought of its being able to be used for generations; not only used now, but by your people that follow after you.

Our stock of plated Goods is very complete and we keep only the very best makes, in all the different grades. Knives, Forks, Spoons, &c., are cheaper now than they have ever been. Now is just the time to buy, before the Spring trade makes prices go up again.

But you cannot tell on paper what can so much better be understood by calling and seeing for yourself, and consequently being convinced.

H. Z. RHOADS,

No. 4 West King Street. LANCASTER, PA.

Store closes at 6:30 o'clock, p. m., except Saturdays.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS. SHIRK'S CARPET HALL

SHIRK'S CARPET

We are now prepared to show the trade the Largest and Best Selected Line of Carpets ever exhibited in this city. WILTONS, VELVETS, all the Trading Makes of BODY AND TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, THREE-PLY, All-Wool and Cotton Chain EXTRA SUPERS, and all qualities of INGRAIN CARPETS, DAMASK and VENETIAN CARPETS. RAG and CHAIN CARPETS of our own manufacture a speciality. Special Attention paid to the Manufacture of CUSTOM CARPETS. Alsoa Full Line of OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, WINDOW SHADES, COVERLETS, &c.,

SHIRK'S CARPET HALL,

Cor. West King and Water Sts., Lancaster, Pa.

CLOTHING. TAILORING.

W. B. NELSON,

LATE OF D. R. WINTERS, NORTH QUEEN STREET, LANCASTER, PA., Importing Tailor.

NEW YORK PARLORS: ESHLEMAN'S LAW BLOCK. North Duke Street, Lancaster, Pa.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES In Foreign and Domestic Clotes for Suits and Trousers.

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED. I have just opened at the above parlors with a fine line of Foreign and Domestic Goods for the Winter and Spring of 1885, where I will be pleased to have my friends and the public call and see my stock.

W. B. NELSON. MYERS & RATHFON.

GREAT CLOTHING SALE Slightly Damaged Goods by Water and Smoke.

TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH OF GOODS WILL BE SOLD REGARDLESS OF COST IN

THIRTY DAYS. 48-Call at once and SECURE BARGAINS. Your only chance for Cheap Clothing is to accept this oppportunity.

MYERS & RATHFON. LEADING LANCASTER CLOTHIERS,

NO. 12 EAST KING STREET, LANCASTER, PA.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Announcement Extraordinary! THE GREATEST REDUCTION EVER MADE

FINE CLOTHING

HOUSEKEEPERS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST. GERHART'S

No. 6 East King Street.

A Reduction of 25 to 30 Per Cent. I have also a number of CUSTOM-MADE SUITS, not called for, which will be sold at a great sacrifice. This reduction is for cash only, and will extend to the FIRST OF MARCH.

In order to reduce a heavy stock before mov-ng, I shall make up to order all lines of goods at

NO. 45 NORTH QUEEN STREET,

H. GERHART.

(Opposite the Postoffice.)

A FTER ALL OTHERS FAIL, DR. LOBB.

NO. 319 North Fifteenth street, below Callowhill street, Philadelphia. Cures all Secret Diseases of both sexes. Twenty Years Experience. Consultation by mail. NERVOUS AND SPECIAL DISEASES. New book just out, Send for it. Price 50c. Hours—Il till 2, and 7 to 10 p. in. feb2-lyd&w

GLOVES, To keep the hands warm MITTENS, To keep the hands warm. SOCKS,

To keep the feet warm. EAR MUFFS, To keep the ears warm. MUFFLERS, To keep the neck warm. UNDERWEAR,

BURGER & SUTTON.

A TERRIBLE BREAKDOWN

Burger & Sutton's

In order to clear our tables of OVERCOATS and Heavy Weight SUITS we will offer them at prices that is bound to sell.

THESE ARE THE BEST BARGAINS

CALL AND BE CONVINCED. We have received another lot of those nobby 25c. TIES: they are selling very fast.

We have a complete stock of piece goods, including the latest styles of checks; in fact, all that is new and stylish, which we will make to order very reasonable. A good fit guaranteed.

BURGER & SUTTON,

No. 24 Centre Square,

Bargains Added To-day.

To create work for our hands and keep them together during the dull season, we organize SPECIAL SALE

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT.

SAMPLE PRICES in our Northwest Window, Marked in Plain Figures.

Business Suit to Order as Low as \$10.00

L. GANSMAN & BRO.,

(Right on the Southwest Cor. of Orange Street,) LANCASTER, PA.

Open evenings until 8 o'clock, Saturday

CARPETS! CARPETS!

CLOTHING.

To keep the body warm. Go to ERISMAN'S. No. 17 WEST KING ST

NO. 24 CENTRE SQUARE.

Odd Coats, Very Good, All Sizes, from \$2 to \$5.

GOOD, STRONG WORKING COATS for \$2.00.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

LANCASTER, PA. ECONOMY IN CLOTHING.

IN OUR

There are chances for Big Bargains in this offering. The prices are down 25, 25, and 50 per cent. Don't forget amidst the noise of the clothing dealers, just now, that we have the first claim on your attention as offerers of the Best claim on your attention as offerers of the Best and Newest Clothing and Goods in the Piece at Prices guaranteed lower than any competitors.

Nos. 66-68 NORTH QUEEN ST.,