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Ship Fever provented.
To Purify the Breath, Cleanse the Teeth, it can't be surpassed.
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Tetter dried up. Dysentery cured. Wounds healed rapid Chole a prevented. urvey cured. An Antidote for Ani In cases of Death it

should be used about the corpse—it will preventany unpleas-ant smell. mai or Vegatable Poi sons, Stings, etc. I used the Fluid dur-I used the Fluid during our present afficition with realist Fever with decided advantage. It is inside the sick room. WM. F. BANKORD, Eyrle, Ala. SCARLETFEVER CURED.

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The Fluid has been thoroughly tested, and we have abundant evidence that it has done verything here claimed. For fuller information get of your Druggist a pamphlet or send of the proprietors. o the proprietors. J H. ZEILIN & CO.,

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YARDS.-NORTH PRINCE STREET, NEAR BEAD- And a Family Made Happy

Mr. Philip Moore, of West Webster, Monroe County. N. Y., says: "My daughter, now eightern years old, has, for the past eighteen months, ben afflicted with rhenmatism in a very severe form. One year ago it settled in the knee, since which time she has been unable to touch her foot to the floor or move her limb without suffering the most exemicating pain. Her limb was fast growing out of shape, although we were doing for herall we could, having used all the remedies we could hear of and that were recommended for rheumatism, none of which benfitted her in the least. Her case was pronounced incurable by the physician and by our neighbors, and all believed that she would be a cripple all her days, and that her limb would never be restored to its original shape. But I am happy to say that to-day my daughter is entirely free from all fleumatic pains, and that she can walk with perfect ease, having thrown aside her crutches, and she can walk with perfect case, having thrown aside her crutches, and her limb seems as strong and perfect as ever; all from the use of your wonderful medicine "Rhenmatic Syrup," which we consider one of the best medicines ever introduced for puritying the blood, and I only regret that all others who are sullicted with rheumatism can not know of its superior merits, You are at liberty to use my name it it will do you any good, and I if it will do you any good, and I shall be only too glad to tell any and everyone what it has done for my daughter."

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For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Headache, Bad Breath from smoking, etc., Constipation, Sour stomach and all disorders of the Stomach and Digestive Organs. Being a purely vegetable, sate, simple and cheap remedy, it readily commends itself to the public suffering from the above disorders. Try it. Frice 25c, per Box, sent anywhere by mail. Prepared and sold by

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THE APPORTIONMENT.

THE ISSUE CLEARLY DEFINED. An Able Speech by Senstor Gordon Upon

the Question at Issue in the Legislature In his speech at the Democratic meeting in Milton, Northumberland county last evening, upon the apportionment Senator James Gay Gordon, of Philadelphia,

said :

This is the first campaign within my decree of a party caucus is the stronger. It has been no unusual thing for constitu tional principles or questions of construction to be involved in political contests. In such instances fairly debatable proposi tions upon which thoughtful men differed have been submitted for decision to the people. In all such cases, however, the support of the constitution and obedience to it have been admitted as uncontested other lines. Now, however, the naked issue before the people is whether they will justify a party that deliberately, and for partisan purposes, disobeys the this is the simple and important issue then the constitutional obligation resting upon the Legislature for obedience to that which the stalwart Republicans have refused to discharge their obligations, and

what I have to say within these five the laws were "faithfully executed," prominent thoughts : First, as to the command. That there may be no question raised as to the accuracy of any words or statement of mine adopted by the people in 1874, in the 18th | ate assembly at its first session after the him by the law to recall to adoption of this consittution and immediately after each United States decennial it will be observed is a clear, direct and un to the ordinary and usual subjects Legislature. Let us see how they have ing any business. Against this refusal to of legislation but is a direction as met that responsibility. to the manner in which the people When the extra session began the Dem desire the law making department of their corratio House of Representatives, with government to be constituted. It is there reasonable promptness, passed a senatorfore fundamental and at the base of all lial and representative and a congressional

damenta! law which prescribes the conevery ten years is as vital, binding and upon the arbitrary partisanship of a defi

judged as the direction for the passage of pass them is a menace to the existence and constitutional integrity of the law making power of the government as es tablished by the people of the constitution. There is first the obperative obligation that legislators should observe in letter and spirit the command of the constitution. Those charged with authority and entrusted with power by the people are the last who should falter in a faithful obedience to the law. They are trustees, whose duties are clearly defined and solemnly enjoined by the written innary honor and common tidelity then they

took and subscribed an oath of which the following is a part: "I do selemnly swear that I will support, obey and defend the constitution of the United States and the constitution of this com-monwealth, and that I will discharge the duties of my office with fidelity." Thus every legislator stands before the people, pledged by oath as well as honor to obey, support and defend a particular instrument, the commands of which are alf plainly written, publicly known and made unmistakably clear. To such a point, therefore, is this issue brought. We have a most important and fundamental knowledge when the voters of the state command imposing upon legislators a have been brought face to face with the duty which they have specifically sworn to question whether their constitution or a fulfill—to wit, the duty to pass apportion decree of a party caucus is the stronger, ment laws. We find that duty unfulfilled and that command unobeyed. I now propose to show that the dis obedience of the Constitution by the Stalwart Republicans has been willful, de iberate and for partisan purposes. I to obey it at this session, that they have resisted every attempt to secure its obedience and that unless their lawless conduties-the discussion has proceeded upon | duct is condemned by the people the constitution and lawful government of this commonwealth will suffer a most serious

and alarming shoo'c. The propriety and wisdom for the call of mandate and resists the execution of the the extra session of the Legislature I do constitution. I purpose showing that not mean to discuss. The governor of the stripped of all masques and deceptions commonwealth found the organic law of the state twice neglected and disobeyed by before the people. For the purpose of an the General Assembly. He had, in a orderly presentation of this subject I shall message communicated early in the regufirst discuss the constitutional command, har session, called the attention of the Legislature to the neglected duty, and urged upon them its performance. command, then the deliberate manner in garding his admonition, however, the Legislature again adjourned its session without obaying the command of the fundamental last the reason for this disobedience and law. Himself sworn to ober and defend its result to the people. I shall embrace the constitution, and to "take care" that refused to become a party to the Legislative disobedience and promptly called the legislature to perform its oath bound duty. That act of the executive needs no defense upon this subject I shall go to the fountain or justification at anybody's hands. It head and read the exact language of the stands out as the brave and faithful set of fundamental law. The constitution a governor who would not suffer a deliberdeflance of the constitution to

section of the 2d article contains this pass his view unchallanged, and direction to the Legislature: "The general who exhausted all the power given performance of a neglected duty the defaulting representatives of the people. census shall apportion the state into sen-atorial and representative districts agree his duty by the executive needs no apoloably to the provisions of the two next gist. It commends itself to the approving preceding sections." This 18th section judgment of all thoughtful men and lovers of the constitution. It is a completed act. conditional command that the Legislature It was fully consummated the moment the shall do a specific this thing. It contains Logislature met in extra session. From no qualification, it leaves no hing to the that moment the executive and his acts discretion of the General Assembly and ceased to be a factor in the effort to have is couched in the most direct, positive the constitution obeyed. The responsibi and mandatory terms. It does not relate lity then attached to the members of the

legislation. In this connection it is worthy apportionment bill, in accordance with of note that this command is contained in | their duty, as commanded by the constitu the article of the constitution on the tion, and sent them to the Senate for con-"Legislature" and not in the article on currence. Unfairness was never charged "legislation." It the direction to appor upon those bills. Though the Republicans tion the state immediately after each cen would not agree to them, no living man, sus stood upon the same footing as other either out or in the Legislature, ever said directions upon subjects of legislation it those bills were unjust or unfair. They would have been placed in the general ar-ticle on "legislation" But instead of riority of the Republican party in this that we find it in that portion of the fun | state and strictly conformed to the constitutional rules. The bills all gave the struction and character of the Legislature | Republicans an adequate, decisive and itself-the article which precedes the certain majority of senators, representa-Legislature out of which it grows, tives and congressmen. The Democrats from which it derives powers and did not seek to pass partisan bills. They which antidates all legislation. The command therefore to apportion the state ty and only demanded a representation approximating a recognition of their num imperative as the command that the "the bers. In every instance the Democratic legislative power of this commonweal h bills gave a decisive majority in both shall be vested in a general assembly which | houses and in Congress to the Republicans. shall consist of a Senate and House of Rep. | Those bills the Republicans of the Senate resentatives;" that "the members of the amended by striking out the provisions General Assembly shall be chosen at the passed by the House and isserting a general election every second year;" that scheme of apportionment privately senators shall be elected for the term of concected in a caucus of the Refour years and representatives for the publican senators. The glaring interm of two years;" that "the Senate justice of that scheme I shall reshall consist of fifty members," and that fer to hereafter. The House refused to the Legislature "shall meet at 12 o'clock | concur in the amendments made to their noon on the first Tuesday of January bills by the Senate, the Senate refused to every second year." All these commands are grouped together in the same article | tees of conference to endeavor to reconcile with the command that the state shall be the differences. In those committees the apportioned every ten years, and they Democrats offered to the Republicans have the same and no greater and no less numerous plans of adjustment, all of force than the direction with reference to which made large concessions to the latter. apportionment. If the Legislature may These offers were all rejected. Tae Re refuse to apportion the state in the time | publicans attempted no adjustment. They and manner appointed then it may refuse evidently sought none. They offered no to meet at the time fixed by the constitu- propositions at any time in the least diftion or it may compose the Senate of less | fering from the Senate amendments. They or more than fifty members as directed, or adhered to the senatorial caucus scheme, lengthen or shorten the terms of legisla voted against all propositions made by tors, or invest the legislative power in one | the Democrats looking to a reconciliation instead of two bodies or in short, radically and the conference committees reported and completely change the law making to their respective houses their inability power as the people have constructed it to agree and were discharged. Thus was and said it shall be formed. The right to the first stage in the dead look reached. violate one of these commands includes | The Democrats of the House and Senate the right to violate any or all of them and | believing, however, that further efforts makes the form of government dependant | should be made to obey the law sought by various methods to have other commit ant minority of the Legislature and not upon the will of the people as expressed in their constitution. Thus it will be seen For this purpose the house has repeatedly, that the command that the state shall be at least six times, appointed new commitapportioned every ten years is among the tees of conference and earnestly and remost fundamental and vital of the injunc- spectfully requested the Senate to do the tions contained in the organic law. The same. All of these requests the Senate

thought I want to enforce is that the ap- refused. The Republicans of that body portionment laws stand upon a higher and announced that they would not again more important plane than any other meet the House of Representatives for the more important plane than any other form of legislation; that the command purpose of adjusting the existing differfor their passage is of greater force than ences and would not confer with the House that for any other laws ; that they are the upon the subject at all. It was here that gateway of all legislation; that the direction for their enactment is not to be given to the day. The Republican senators said they would pass no bill except it other laws is; and that the neglect to contained the amendments they had agreed upon in caucus ; that unless the House accepted those amendments no law at all should be passed; that this was their ultimatum or final decision, and that they Now as to the obligation resting upon would not consider, discuss or accept any the Legislature to obey this vital command | bill framed by the Democratic House, and would not meet that body for the purpose ligation which arises from the duties of of enacting any such legislation and passed citizenship. In the absence of any more resolutions for the adjournment of the specific sanction the duty which devoives | Assembly, Reg r less of the indignity thus upon all citizens to obey and maintain the placed upon them the House again and laws of the land would make it an imagain with all sthumiliating obsequious. again with aln st humiliating obsequious. ness in order that the constitution might be obeyed, besought and implored the Senate to appoint committees to talk over with them the points of difference. With obdurate persistence the Senate steadily refused to have any further relations with the House, and replied that their ocucus ultimatum was the last and only attempt strument from which creates the trust the Republicans would make to pass laws they are appointed to execute. By ordi- at all. Regardless of this threat or rather in recognition of it, the Democrats then determined to adopt and send to the Senate bills framed by Republicans, in the hope that these might receive more favor than measures originated by Democrats. In pursuance of this plan the House passed a congressional bill drafted by Senator John

and just man, a Republican member of the House, Mr. Lowry, from Indiana county, after much thought to the matter, drafted congressional bill, which he declared he had framed upon the constitutional principles and without any regard to the political complexion of the districts. The Republicanism of Mr. Lowry was as unquestioned as his integrity and fairness were acknowledged. The Democrats of the House promptly accepted the bill, passed it and messaged it to the Senate There it met the same fate which befell the bill of Senator Stewart. The Republicans refused to place it upon the Senate calendar for consideration. Thus was the intention to reject and defeat all legislation not in accordance with the caucus decree again emphasized. The Democrats. however, were unwilling to leave any resource untried that promised a possible solution of the difficulties and opened a way for obedience to the law. The House therefore passed a resolution submitting the whole question of the apportionmen to ten citizens, five of whom were Repub icans and five Democrats, all men known ability and fairness and who had the confidence and respect of the people, with the request that they frame and submit to the Legislature for consideration just and fair bills. The resolution was sent to the Senate, but in that body the Republi cans rejected it in most summary manner and without discussion. Then the Democrats of the House framed and passed other new bills which upon being sent to the Senate were all refused consideration there. In the meantime, however, the Senate continued to pass and send to the House resolutions for the adjournment of the Lagislature which the House properly refused to adopt as the business for which it was convened had not been transacted Defeated thus in effecting their purpose of preventing—by the adjournment of the ssembly—the passage of the required laws the Republicans of the Senate proceeded to adopt a plan by which they could at least render substantially nugatory the object of the extra session. This plan, like the "ulternatum," was the result of a caucus decree, and was only the unmasking of the real purpose which had all along inspired the Stalwart managers—The defeat of all apportionment Legislature. The plan adopted was to pass a resolution proving that the Senate should only meet but twice a week, on Tuesday and Friday and should upon each day adjourn withou transacting any business and should refuse to receive any legislation from the

amid scenes that were a discredit to the commonwealth and a disgrace to the Senat disregarded, by sheer force the caucus has accordingly met but twice a week and each day adjourned without transact protested, and their protest, in a formal paper, is upon record. The Democratic House, meantime, has steadily remained in session, proceeding with the perform ance of its duty.

Those languid, tiresome sensations, causing alterations are satisfactorily you to feel scarcely able to be on your feet; that constant drain that is taking from your system all its former elasticity; driving the bloom from your cheeks; that continual strain ble and fretful, can easily be removed by the use of that marvelous remedy, Hop Bitters. Irregularities and obstructions of your system are relieved at once, while the specia cause of periodical pain are permanently re-moved. None receive much benefit, and none are profoundly grateful and show such an interest in recommending Hop Bitters as women Feels Young Again.

' My mother was afflicted a long time with Neuralgia and a dull, heavy, inactive condi tion of the whole system : headache, nervous prostration, and was almost helpiess. No physicians or medicines did her any good Three months ago she began to use Hop ters with such good effect that she seems and feels young again, although over 70 years old, We think there is no other medicine fit to use in the family."-A lady, in Providence.

\$3,000 Lost.-"A tour of Europe that cost me \$3,000, done me less good than one bettle of Hop Bitters ; they also cured my wite of fifteen years' nervous weakness, sleeplessne s and dyspepsia."

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So. BLOOMINGVILLE, O., May 1, '79, Sins-I have been suffering ten years and tried your Hop Bitters and it done me more good than all the doctors.

MISS S. S. BOOKS.

We are so thankful to say that our nursing aby was permanently cured of a dangerous

"A rolling stone gathers no moss; but it may get an advertisement for Dr. Bud's lough Syrup painted on it.

You can throw a pair of Celluloid Eye-Glass rames on the pavement without breaking hem. For sale by all leading Jewelers and pitteans. ols-iwdood

What Cau't be Cured Must be Endured."

A Rus on a Drug Store.

Never was such a rush made for any Drug Store as is cow at Chas. A. Locher's for a trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. All persons affected with Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Cough or any affection of the Throat and Lungs, can get a Trial Bottle of this great reinedy free, by calling at above Drug Store, Regular size. \$1.00.

In doctoring for rheumatism before I tried Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Used a 50 cent bottle of this medicine, and got out in one week. For burns and sprains it is excellent." Jas. Durham, East Pembroke. N. Y. For sale by H. B. Cochran, druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen street.

By the most revolutionary methods and in which law, rules and precedents were programme was put through and the reso lution adopted. Since then the Senate

Delicate and Feeble Ladies.

BRADFORD, PA., May 8, 1875. It has cured me of several diseases, such as nervousness, sickness at the stomach, monthly troubles, etc. I have not seen a sick day in a year, since I took Hop Bitters. All my neigh bors use them. MRS. FANNIE GREEN.

R. M., Auburn, N. Y.

use except to persons desirous of obtaining a GREEN B. RAUM, U. S. Com. Inter' Rev.

Haby Saved !

and protracted constipation and irregularity of the bowels by the use of Hop Bitters by its mother, which at the same time restored her to perfect health and strength .- The Parents, Rochester, N. Y

Dr. J. Marion Sims, N. Y., endorses Darbys Prophylactic Fluid. See advertisement. The greatest medical wonder of the world.
Warranted to speedily cure burns, Bruises,
Cuts, Uteers, Salt Rheum, Fever sores, Cancers, Piles, Chibiatas, Coras, Tetter, Chapped
Hands and all skin cruptions, guaranteed to
cure in every instance, or money refunded,
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This old adage does not signify that we must sufter the miseries of dyspepsis, when a medicine with the curative properties of Burdock Blood Bitters is available. It is one of the most substantial and reliable remedies sold to-day. For sale by H. B. Cochran, druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen street. A Rus on a Drug Store.

"Spent Fifty Dollars

determined to adopt and send to the Senate for wise purposes have seen fit to impose upon their representatives higher and more solemn obligations than the usual incentives to duty that inspire honorable men and good citizens. To the obligations of patriotism has been superadded the most solemn claims of religion. The people have imposed holy vows upon their servants to obey, support and defend the constitution. Every member of the Legislature before yielding and send to the Senate that body refused to place it upon its islature before yielding and send to the Senate that these might reseive more favor than measures originated by Democrats. In pursuance of this plan the House passed a congressional bill drafted by Senator John Stewart, of Franklin, the late candidate of the Independent Republicans for governor. When the bill was sent to the Senate that body refused to place it upon its calendar for consideration, But the Democracy did not rest there. An upright

YER'S UHERRY PECTORAL Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Colds, "Having been subject to a Bron-for a number of years, I hereby cer-fify that Ayas's Cherny Perforat. gives me prompt relief, and is the most effective rem-edy I have ever tried. "Mr. Gilead, Obio, June 28, 1882.

Coughs, "I have used Ayan's Cassian ver Cough and Lung Trouble with good effect, and I am pleased to recommend it to anyone similarly affected.

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MEDICINE CHEST IN ITSELF. OLOTHING, UNDERWEAR, &C.

> The fit and general style of our Olothing has gained us much popularity; occasionally, however, there come before us odd and unusual shapes, for which

> > A. C. YATES & CO.

we provide a department, where

made without cost to the custo-

Ledger Building, Sixth & Chestnut Sts.

olf-Iwd

PHILADELPHIA.

MYERS & BATHFON.

### MERCHANT TAILORING

Is a very important feature of our business To it we give much valuable time and attention, and the success that almost invariably rewards well-directed effort in every calling is ours, to be sure. To say that we are busy in this department is putting it mildly. We are as busy as "natiers"—more so than at any pre-vious season. Indications point to this being the best Fall within our CLOTHING expertence-a fact that teaches us our Fall and Winter selections of WOOLENS are meeting with public favor. Certain it is we have never handled more BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS, nor so many of them, as now. Buyers experience no difficulty in making selections; there is variety enough here to please every fancy. and, what is more, prices marked upon them make them sell. Hence the boom. We make CLOTHING any style desired, and guarante

\$10 ALL-WOOL SUITS.

this suit—examine its make, the material, the trimmings and the sewing—then make com-parison with the best you know of clear here at \$12. This test sever falls to make us trade. MYER'S & RATHFON,

Bring your experience to bear in judging

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MUNICAL. WILOOX & WHITE

-THE-

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NO 152 EAST KING STREFT, H. H. LUCKENBACH, Agent

A Full Assortment of the various styles constantly on hand and for sale on the most liberal terms for Cash or Small Monthly Installments.

The public is most cordially invited to call and examine these instruments, which will be found to be very 8-perior in Quality and Moderate in Price.

Having severed my connections with the Estey Organ Company, I take this method to inform my friends in Lancaster county, I am now solving an Organ equal to any and surpassed by none. Please call and examine one of the most beautiful-toned Organs manufactured in the United States.

Mr. Luckenbach is also agent for the famous Knabe," McPhail, Vose & Sons, Grovenstein & Fuller, Hallet & Davis,

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