

# The Lancaster Intelligencer.

Volume XX--No 35

LANCASTER, PA. THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1883.

Price Two Cents.

## DRY GOODS.

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

**GEORGE FAHNESTOCK,**

(BAIR'S OLD STAND.)

NO. 14 EAST KING STREET, LANCASTER, PA.

Respectfully Announces to his Friends and Patrons that he has opened

## Dressmaking Parlors,

With a sufficient force of competent employees under the supervision of MISS KATE TAMM, and will now be prepared to make Dresses, Wraps, Coats and Cloaks at Short Notice and Moderate Prices. The newest Styles and Perfect Fit. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

An Elegant Line of Ladies' and Misses' Ready Made Jersey Coats, Cloaks, and Trimmed Dolmans. Wraps, Etc.

**GEORGE FAHNESTOCK,**

LANCASTER, PA.

## STOVES, LAMPS, &c.

## FLINN & BRENEMAN.

## LIGHT! LIGHT! LIGHT!

FOR A HANDSOME PRESENT NOTHING IS MORE DESIRABLE THAN ONE OF OUR ELEGANT

## Library or Parlor Lamps.

## CHANDELIERS FOR GAS OR COAL OIL.

A NEW AND ELEGANT STOCK AT LOW PRICES.

## Stoves Heaters and Ranges, Slate Mantels.

Plumbing, Gas Fitting, Tin Roofing and Spouting.

**FLINN & BRENEMAN,**

No. 152 North Queen St., Lancaster, Pa.

## PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

JOHN L. ARNOLD.

## PLUMBING, GAS-FITTING,

GAS FIXTURES, OIL FIXTURES,

## TIN ROOFING, SLATE ROOFING,

Steam Fitters' Supplies, Patent Cold Case Heaters.

FINEST WORK, BEST WORKMEN. Leave your Orders at

**JOHN L. ARNOLD'S,**

Nos. 11, 13, 15 EAST ORANGE STREET, LANCASTER, PA.

## HUMAN GUANO.

Composed of Pure Human Excrement and Urine. Unrivaled for Wheat, Tobacco, Grass, Corn, &c.

## SOLD BY—

WM. H. JONES, No. 163 Market Street; G. B. ROGERS, No. 133 Market Street; GRAHAM, ELLIS & PASSMORE, NO. 61 Market Street; J. RIVER & SON, Brancetown, Philadelphia, and responsible dealers generally.

## OFFICE—No. 333 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

C. MUSSelman, Agent, Witmer, Lancaster County, Pa.

## BOD AND STATIONERY.

JOHN BAER'S SONS.

## SCHOOL BOOKS,

School Supplies and Stationery,

## LARGE STOCK AT LOW PRICES,

AT THE BOOKSTORE OF

**JOHN BAER'S SONS,**

No. 15 and 17 NORTH QUEEN ST., LANCASTER, PA.

## BOILERS, &c.

## TINWARE, &c.

THOMAS FAIRE & SON, PROPS.

We are prepared to take any kind of Boiler Work, Tank Stacks, Plating or any kind of Sheet Iron, Works, Large or heavy, from 100 lbs. upwards. Having had experience of 20 years our reputation stands foremost. Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to. Works in the SHAWNEE, ROLLING MEAD., COLUMBIA, PA. Oct 1883.

BEST STEAM ENGINE AND

## BOILER WORKS.

Call and examine our Stock of Engines and Boilers and get prices.

PORTABLE ENGINES,

Horizontal Engines,

Vertical Engines.

SAW MILL PUMPS,

Mining Machinery,

Pulleys and Shafting.

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

STEAM FITTING.

JOHN BEST & SON,

No. 333 East Fulton St.,

LANCASTER, PA. Oct 1883.

## PHOTOGRAPHS.

J. E. ROTE.

There has been such a demand for

LARGE PHOTOGRAPHS that I was

compelled to get a VERY LARGE

CAMERA BOX to meet the demand.

We can now make you a PHOTO as

small as the smallest locket will hold up to a 5-inch face, to fit an 18x22 frame.

J. E. ROTE,

No. 106 North Queen Street,

June 1883.

## FOURTY BILLION GERMS.

A Wonderful Theory that Concerns the Welfare, Happiness, and Life of Everyone.

In this quiet and easy library at the close of a busy day eat a sandwich and his wife, he absorbed in a new book and she in the newspaper. Quickly glancing toward her husband, she asked, at a certain point in the article,

"The germ theory—well—yes; just look in the encyclopedia under 'Germ,' that will explain."

Accordingly he wife opened the book at the word named and read: "Term Theory of Disease." A theory advanced by the late and best known physician of the time.

It supposes the surface of the earth, the air and water to be inhabitable "to a greater or less extent" by a great number of minute forms of fungi—commonly termed bacteria,

whose power of reproduction, under favorable conditions, is great; that a single one increases to fifteen billion in twenty four hours time, and uncheckered in its increase would grow to a mass of eight hundred tons, if it could find no obstacle in its way.

There is no condition under which it can be held to be absent, unless it be from fire or water, or from the presence of strong germs layers. A single cup of water containing a germ, put into a water boiler, altered and thus freed from heat, will grow immensely in size, from the time of its being placed in the boiler to the time of its being discharged.

Professor John T. Stott, in a late work, elaborately treats of the influence of germs in the propagation of disease and the development of disease, and the development of very many of them seems most injurious to man. Professor Pasteur, an eminent French physician, has made many beautiful experiments so far, and from them deduced such practical results, as very quickly to diminish the number of cases of anthrax, cholera, smallpox, cholera, etc., among fowls—proving his theory that these are essentially and actually germ diseases. The same author has also shown that through the lungs, the stomach and possibly the skin, but through the lungs chiefly, once in the system, they begin to develop, pass on to the heart, liver, kidneys, etc., and finally to the brain, and that the germ finds a genial home and develops with symptoms of disease are distinctly manifested. Professor Pasteur's theory is that the germ is the cause of all the various diseases of man.

When the circulation begins, the nerves elastic, the system is aglow with life and energy, the germs seem to develop and multiply rapidly, and if there is poor digestion or mal assimilation of food or a lowering of vitality from any cause, a change occurs in the system, and the germ finds a congenial home and develops with symptoms of disease are distinctly manifested. This is seen in the every day occurrence of all the various diseases of man.

John, says, John T. Stott, in the encyclopedia above, "I have found no record of any

heretic who has denied the germ theory, and it has proved almost an impossibility heretofore, and it has been the study of physicians for years now, to account for the propagation of disease, and the development of the same principle as the germ theory. The germs attack any weak spot in the body, and fixing themselves upon it, multiply rapidly, and if there is no obstacle in their way, they will grow to a mass of eight hundred tons, if it could find no obstacle in its way."

I said that it looked "well for the age when even Scotchmen could be so tolerant," and he continued:

"Well, you see, I am a lone old bachelor, and I think my ain thoughts, ma'am. I'm seventy-eight, and I was born at Ashestiel. It was while Scott lived there that my father was his gardener. There was no Abbottsford then; it was not a name of any note, but he wanted the garden to his name. But he wanted to found a dynasty, to become a patrician! See how he did it all. The influences around him and does not take cold, those whose systems have become weak, those whose systems have become strong, those who are healthy, those who are poor, those who are weak, those who are poor digestion or mal assimilation of food or a lowering of vitality from any cause, a change occurs in the system, and the germ finds a congenial home and develops with symptoms of disease are distinctly manifested. This is seen in the every day occurrence of all the various diseases of man.

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