

FLINN & BRENNEMAN.

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

BARGAINS.

KITCHEN GOODS, STOVES, TIN AND WOODEN WARE.

Having made Large Purchases at Forced Sales in New York, we are prepared to offer GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO PARTIES GOING TO HOUSEKEEPING.

A Large Stock of GAS FIXTURES at the Old Stand of

FLINN & BRENNEMAN,

No. 152 NORTH QUEEN ST., LANCASTER, PA.

SIGN OF THE TWO BIG DOGS.

CLOTHING.

FOR ONE WEEK.

One Lot of 50 Dozen of Heavy Gray UNDERWEAR

At 25 Cents Each.

One Lot of 5 Dozen Pairs of BUCKSKIN GLOVES

At 90 Cents, Worth \$1.40.

One Lot of WOOLEN MITTS AND GLOVES

At 25 Cents, Worth 50 Cents.

One Lot of Blue Flannel Shirts

At 65 Cents, Worth \$1.35.

100 DOZEN Penn Hall White Shirts

At 80 Cents.

Ward's Argosy Reversible Collars,

At 20 Cents.

158 Boys' Single Cassimere Vests

At 47 Cents.

Full Line of OVERKILLS, SHIRTS, etc.,

available for working at Tobacco, just received.

Entire Line of Overcoats and Winter Suits

Yet on hand, at ONE-HALF VALUE, as THEY MUST ALL BE SOLD.

The Penn Hall Clothing House,

HIRSH & BRO.,

Nos. 2 and 4 N. Queen St., and 6 and 8 Centre Square.

seps 1vd

SPECIAL NOTICE.

—THE—

GREATEST REDUCTION OF ALL

—IN—

FINE CLOTHES,

—AT—

H. GERHART'S

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

NO. 6 EAST KING STREET.

In order to reduce stock and make room for the SPRING TRADE, I will make up to order for the remainder of the season, all HEAVY WEIGHT WOOLENS at

COST PRICE.

This Great Reduction is for cash only, and will enable cash buyers to secure a fine suit of clothes or an overcoat as low as they can buy them ready-made.

H. GERHART.

—THE—

GREATEST REDUCTION

—IN—

MERCHANT TAILORING.

As at this time of year PANTS are the principal article needed among Gentlemen, and in order to keep our hands fully employed, we make to order PANTS at prices that defy anybody to buy the same quality of goods, made and trimmed like ours, ready made up.

WE MAKE TO ORDER

Mixed All-Wool Cassimere PANTS at \$3.00

Striped All-Wool Cassimere PANTS at 3.50

All-Wool Extra Heavy PANTS at 4.00

All-Wool Cheviot PANTS at 4.50

Plain Worsted PANTS at 5.00

Fancy Worsted PANTS at 5.50

Scottish All-Wool Cheviot PANTS at 6.00

Extra Fine Foreign Fustianings at \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00.

SUITS TO ORDER.

A Good Woollen Business Suit at \$12.00

An All-Wool Heavy Cassimere Suit at 14.00

An All-Wool Cheviot Suit at 15.00

An All-Wool Scotch Cheviot Suit at 16.50

A Fine Worsted Suit at 18.00

An Extra Fine Worsted Suit at 20.00

A Foreign Cassimere or Worsted Suit at 25.00

—WHETHER YOU wish to purchase or not, please call and be convinced of the BARGAINS we are now offering to the public.

L. Gansman & Bro.,

THE FASHIONABLE

Merchant Tailors and Clothiers,

66-68 NORTH QUEEN STREET,

Right on the Southwest Corner of Orange St. LANCASTER, PA.

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THE FURBER AND REED.

Remedy Ever Made.—It is Compounded from Hops, Malt, Mocha, Mandrake, and Dandelion.

The oldest, best, most renowned and valuable medicine in the world, and in addition it contains all the best and most effective curative properties of all other remedies, being the greatest liver regulator, blood purifier, and life and health restoring agent on earth.

It gives new life and vigor to the aged and infirm. To clerical men, lawyers, literary men, ladies, and all whom sedentary employments cause irregularities of the Blood, Stomach, Bowels, or Kidneys, or who require an aperient, tonic, and mild stimulant, it is invaluable, being highly curative, tonic and stimulating, without being intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, or what the disease or ailment is, use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or uneasy use the Bitters at once. It may save your life. Hundreds have been saved by so doing, at a moderate cost. Ask your druggist, or physician. Do not suffer yourself or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop Bitters.

If you have lameness in the loins, with frequent pains and aches; numbness of the thigh; scanty, painful and frequent discharge of urine, filled with pus, and which will turn red by standing; a voracious appetite and unquenchable thirst; harsh and dry skin; clammy tongue, often darkly furrowed; swollen and inflamed gums; dropsical swelling of the limbs; frequent attacks of leucorrhoea; inability to void the urine and great fatigue in attempting it—you are suffering from some form of Kidney or Urinary Complaint, such as BRONCHITIS OF THE KIDNEYS, stone or inflammation of the bladder, gravel and renal calculi, diabetes, stranguary, etc., and retention of the urine, and Hop Bitters is the only remedy that will permanently cure you.

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged, drunken nostrum, but the purest and best medicine ever made and no person or family should be without it.

Don't risk any of the highly lauded stuff with testimonials of great cures, but ask your neighbor, druggist, pastor or physician what Hop Bitters he can do for you and test it. Jan 30-1882 T.T. & S.W.

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FIGHTING NEW RULES.

DEMOCRATS REFUSING TO VOTE. A Hot Contest in the House, Ending in a Point of No Quorum—Pennsylvania Republicans Forming With Democrats.

Washington Dispatch to the Times. The one-sided rule by which the tariff bill must either go to a committee of conference or remain on the speaker's table was not taken up in the House until late in the afternoon. Early in the session the Senate sent a message to the House requesting the return of the bill, the purpose being to correct the clerical errors which had been discovered in it. While the bill was on the Senate side undergoing repairs the House proceeded with other business. When it was returned in the afternoon Mr. Reed's great boyish form arose. This was the signal for general attention and silence. The galleries, which were crowded, became unusually quiet as Mr. Reed called up the report of the committee on rules, made last Saturday. It was read through by the clerk, when Mr. Blackburn from his seat on the opposite side of the hall, said he would raise a point of order against the proposed amendment to the rules, but would reserve it to allow the question of consideration to be raised.

A Point of Resistance. As if by preconcerted arrangement, Mr. Blackburn in his seat on the Senate side motioned. All this was done as if each member had a particular role to perform and had rehearsed it many times before. It was quite plain that the Republican leaders were confident of the support of their side and also that the Democratic side agreed upon a definite plan of resistance to the adoption of the new rule. The only drawback to the pre arrangement was soon developed in the conduct of the Pennsylvania members, who seemed to waver at the last moment. They could not quite agree as to do Bayne, of Pittsburgh, was the only one that had the courage of his convictions and to the last voted with the Democrats.

There was an unusually large attendance of members. The result showed that the vote was nearly partisan. The Republicans were in the majority and the Democrats against consideration. Not a single Democrat voted with the Republicans except Mr. Tucker, of Virginia, who first voted in the negative and then changed his vote in order to be able to bring a resolution. Messrs. Bayne, Braman and Miller, of Pennsylvania; Darrell, of Louisiana, and Prescott, of New York voted with the Democrats. Messrs. Campbell, Fisher, Parker, Soranton and Urner first voted with the Democrats and then changed their vote to the affirmative. The vote stood 105 to 106.

A Point of Order. Then Blackburn raised the point of order against the report and spoke at some length in favor of it. He said the Republican leaders were evidently not disposed to allow the Senate tariff amendment to be submitted to the House. He held, however, that the Republican side could be considered as a rule of the House and tried to show that such a proceeding on the part of the majority was revolutionary in character. In the course of his speech he raised the question of the constitutional prerogative of the House to originate revenue bills and urged that this prerogative had been disregarded by the Senate.

Without further discussion the speaker ruled upon the point of order. As to the question of prerogative it was not before the House and he had nothing to do with it. He held, however, that the prerogative rule had been reported as a substitute for several propositions referred to the committee. It was clearly the right of the committee to report any kind of substitute, and it was proper for the House to consider it, as it had already determined to do.

Voicing Down an Appeal. Then Blackburn moved an appeal from the decision of the chair. Reed moved to lay the motion upon the table and the filibustering tactics of the Democrats were resorted to. Reed, however, anticipated Mr. Tucker's programme and made the usual clinching motions, on which the Democrats called the yeas and nays. Mr. Reed's motion prevailed by a partisan vote. Another yeas and nays vote was taken on a motion to adjourn, made on the Democratic side. This was also voted down. A yeas and nays vote was again ordered by the Democrats on Reed's motion to lay Blackburn's appeal on the table. Again the Democrats were slaughtered.

These proceedings brought the House within a few moments of the special order for taking a recess for the night session. The confusion in the House during these few moments beggars description. Over two hundred members were upon their feet at one time. Many of them crowded the area in front of the clerk's desk and all appeared to be demanding recognition. An effort was made to vacate the special order in order to allow the House to settle the question of the new rule, but every time the proposition was made fifty voices exclaimed: "I object." In vain did the speaker reach for the gavel with the call for order in the House. Every turbulent member was determined to obtain his purpose. Miller, of Pennsylvania, from a remote part of the hall, with his shrill, loud voice insisted upon being recognized to move to adjourn, but the floor was not accorded him for the purpose, although he persisted again and again in making the motion. The great confusion was finally brought to a close by the arrival of the time for recess.

The Scene at Night. Anticipating a dead lock on the new rule reported by the committee on rules, a steady stream of people threaded their way to the capitol to witness the fun. The public galleries soon overflowed and it was found necessary to keep the doors open so that strangers might be accommodated. In the private galleries the holders of passes were simply on hand and occupied not only the seats but the steps in this section. The diplomatic gallery was kept intact for some time, but the crowd assumed such proportions that it was finally deemed best to open this exclusive space and it was quickly filled.

On the floor a busy scene was presented and the first roll-call on the appeal from the decision of the speaker showed that two hundred and eleven representatives were present. Each was armed with a copy of the digest, and the admiring constituents in the galleries will probably leave Washington more impressed than ever that their member is a hard-working, over-taxed statesman.

The Previous Question Ordered. The vote on taking the appeal was 105 to 106.

THE HORSE JUMBO, WHICH HE WAS DRIVING TO NEW YORK, DRAGS HIM INTO MILD.

John Hazlett, a well-known horseman of 863 Eighth avenue, New York, with his son Joseph, 12 years old, set out from Stamford, Conn., to drive to New York the horse Jumbo, belonging to Dr. Howell of Stamford. At noon Mr. Hazlett drove up his horse near Blind Brook, a narrow stream running under the post-road and through the village of Rye, Westchester county, New York. Here it was decided that the horse should be permitted to drink, and accordingly it was driven down a slight descent to the brink of the brook. Mr. Hazlett said to his son that the brook was too much swollen to risk driving through it, and when he thought that the horse had had sufficient water he pulled on the lines with the intention of backing out. The horse made a spring and bounded into the centre of the stream, where the water was at least ten feet deep. The current being strong, the horse and wagon, with Mr. Hazlett and his son, were soon carried several hundred yards down. Some men who were near hastened to the rescue, and Mr. Hazlett was within a few feet of the brook, and he seized it and was drawn on shore. While rescuing the boy the men saw that they saw the lifeless body of a man, face downward, floating swiftly down the stream. It was some minutes before the boy, who was black and blue from bruises, was able to articulate. He said that he had told his father that he could swim, and would take care of himself. His father then tried to save the horse. It is supposed that the horse, in struggling, kicked Mr. Hazlett and stunned him. Dr. Howell says that Hazlett had in his pocket when he left Stamford \$500 and a gold watch. Blind Brook runs through Milton, in the town of Rye, and empties into Long Island Sound, and it is feared that the body has been carried out into the sound. The brook and river are being raked for the body. The horse and wagon have been recovered. The horse is slightly bruised.

MAIL MISCELLANY.

Striking News Condensed from the Morning Newspapers.

Nine Americans are suspected of complicity in the robbery of \$50,000 from the railroad company's vault at Panama. (Though the evidence, it is said, "seems to indicate their innocence" they are detained in prison without a hearing, and U. S. Consul Turpin is interfering in their behalf.)

The first national bank of Union City, Erie county, closed on Saturday. Its capital was \$50,000, and the deposits amounted to \$105,000. It is believed the depositors will be paid in full, the stockholders losing something.

The whole town of Vaughan, Miss., was burned on Sunday night, excepting the hotel and the depot. Steamships arriving at New York from European ports report terrific storms, immense fields of drift ice and icebergs on the Atlantic ocean.

The cargo of the lost steamer Glamorgan was valued at \$200,000. There is an invoice of about \$100,000 upon it in Boston companies and agencies.

The village of Hillestad, near Lund, Sweden, has been burned, only thirty-two chimneys remaining.

Solecism Anticipated Trouble. Mrs. Caroline Marquart, wife of a prominent farmer residing a few miles west of Williamsburg, committed suicide by twisting a sheeting into a rope and hanging herself in the smoke house. Her former husband, it is claimed, was suddenly killed some years ago by a falling tree, and the poor woman was afraid some dreadful catastrophe might overtake her second husband before he could pay the debt on his farm. Her broodings over the subject drove her to take her own life.

The asthetic movement in England has endeavored to become well known to people there is more good common sense in taking a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup than in carrying a banner.

The lenses used in the Celluloid Eye-Glasses are ground with scientific accuracy. They are free from chromatic aberration, and produce brightness and distinctness of vision. For sale by all leading Jewelers and Opticians. 125-126 Broadway.

Visible Improvement. Mr. Neah Bates, Elmira, N. Y., writes: "About four years ago I had an attack of biliousness, and never fully recovered. My digestive organs were weak, and I was unable to eat for days. After using two bottles of your Burdock Blood Purifier the improvement was so visible that I was astonished. I can now, though 61 years of age, do a fair and reasonable day's work." Price \$1. For sale by H. B. Cochran, druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen street.

Fatigues at the Stomach and Debility cured by Stimulus Liver Regulator. See advertisement.

Trouble Saved. It is a remarkable fact that Thomas' Electric Oil is as good for internal as external use. For diseases of the lungs and throat, and for rheumatism of the back, wounds and sores, it is the best known remedy, and much trouble is saved by having it always on hand. For sale by H. B. Cochran, druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen street.

When we say we believe, we have evidence to prove that Shiloh's Consumption Cure is the best medicine made. It is as much as it will cure a common or Chronic Cough, and it is as much as it will cure Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, and show more cases of Consumption cured than all other preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggist for it. Each bottle is guaranteed to cure. For sale by H. B. Cochran, druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen street.

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer. It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water, and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, which Sulphur, Sugar of Lead and Nitrate of Silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your