

The Lancaster Intelligencer.

Volume XIX--No 79.

LANCASTER, PA., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1882.

Price Two Cents.

DRY GOODS, &c.

JOHN S. GIVLER & CO.

JOHN S. GIVLER & CO.,

ARE SELLING

USEFUL ARTICLES for CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

BLACK and COLORED SILKS. BLACK and COLORED CASHMERE. SERGES in all Shades. DRESS GOODS of all Kinds and Prices. PLUSHES and VELVETS in the New Shades. 6-4 SUITINGS and CLOAKING CLOTHS in Desirable Shades. Flannels, Blankets, Home-Made Comforts, Hosiery, Gloves and Underwear.

LADIES' and MISSES' SILK MITTENS and HOSIERY.

CALL AND SEE OUR GOODS AND PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

JOHN S. GIVLER & CO.,

Dry Goods, Carpet and Merchant Tailoring House,

No. 25 EAST KING STREET,

LANCASTER, PA.

BOWERS & HURST.

EVERYTHING NEW!

Our entire stock of Dry Goods and Notions is new and marked at very Lowest Prices. New Black Silks. New Black Cashmeres. New Seal Skin Plushes. New Dress Goods. New Ladies' Suitings. New Flannels. New White, Red and Gray Blankets. All sizes Ladies' Men's and Children's Underwear. All new and at lowest prices. It will pay you to visit our new store.

BOWERS & HURST,

Nos. 26-28 NORTH QUEEN STREET,

LANCASTER, PA.

MYERS & RATHFON.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

New effects in Imported Worsteds in Basket, Diagonal and Birleye weave, in Blue, Green and Black. New effects in Silks Mixed English, Cheviots in all fashionable colors. New effects in Scotch Cheviots, in all fashionable colors. New effects in Imported Overcoats, in London Beavers, English Meltons, Kerseys and the popular "Niggerba."

MYERS & RATHFON,

FINE MERCHANT TAILORS,

No. 12 East King Street, Lancaster, Pa.

FAHNESTOCK'S.

OPENED THIS DAY,

A SPECIAL LOT OF

SILK CIRCULARS,

Fur-Lined,

AT \$20.00, NOT HALF THEIR VALUE.

R. E. FAHNESTOCK,

NEXT DOOR TO THE COURT HOUSE,

LANCASTER, PA.

WINE AND LIQUORS.

COOLING, REFRESHING AND HEALTHFUL DRINKS FOR HOT WEATHER.

APOLLINARIS WATER, the Queen of Table Waters.

CANTELL & COCHRAN'S DUBLIN and BELFAST GINGER ALE, THE FINEST IN THE MARKET.

CLARET WINES.—Of our own direct importation from the House of Evrard, Dupont & Co., Bordeaux.

PLEASANT VALLEY WINE COMPANY,

Great Western Brand, Extra Dry.

Superior to the Golden Age, which is put up by the Pleasant Valley Wine Co. for the Hammondsport Wine Co. from their Ordinary Stock, the Hammondsport Co. furnishing them with the Brand and Label. The Hammondsport Co. make no Sparkling Wines. All the Leading and Popular Brands of FRENCH CHAMPAGNE. We are agents for the Pleasant Valley Wine Co.'s Great Western Extra Dry Wine. The Moscatel Co.'s Line Fruit Juice. BEGGARS' OLD BRANDY. No family should be without a bottle of this reliable Medicine at this season of the year.

H. E. SLAYMAKER, AGENT,

No. 29 EAST KING STREET.

S. CLAY MILLER,

Wines, Brandies, Gins, Old Rye Whiskies, &c.,

No. 33 PENN SQUARE, LANCASTER, PA.

GIBSON'S WHISKY BOTTLED A SPECIALTY.

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

JOHN L. ARNOLD.

JOHN L. ARNOLD,

Nos. 11, 13 and 15 East Orange Street, Lancaster, Pa.

COME AND LOOK AT THE BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS IN

GAS FIXTURES AND PATENT COLD CASE HEATERS,

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

JOHN L. ARNOLD,

Nos. 11, 13 & 15 EAST ORANGE STREET, LANCASTER, PA.

COAL.

B. B. HARTING.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of LUMBER AND COAL.

Office: No. 42 North Water and Prices Trade above Lemon Lancaster. n3-17d

COAL AND SAWDUST.

Best grade of family COAL, well-cleaned, weight guaranteed.

Manufacture by the best at Lowest Prices.

Also, Limestone Screenings for drives and walks. Cement at reduced prices.

Hay and Straw by the ton or bale.

Yard: Harrisburg Pike.

General Office: 29 1/2 East Chestnut Street.

KAUFFMAN, KELLER & CO. n3-17d

COAL.

M. V. B. COHO.

320 MARKET WATER ST., Lancaster, Pa.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

LUMBER AND COAL.

Connection with the Telephone Exchange.

Yard and Office: No. 330 NORTH WATER STREET. feb28-17d

CARPETS.

Carpet Manufactory.

Having undertaken to manufacture RAG and CHAIN CARPETS, wholesale, 2,000 yards per week, I am now prepared to sell my entire stock of

Brussels, Ingrain and Venetian

Carpets,

AT GREAT BARGAINS AND AT BELOW COST,

to make room and give my entire attention to the wholesale trade of my own manufactured goods. Please call early.

H. S. SHIRK,

CARPET HALL,

Cor. West King and Water Sts.

GARRETT'S REJOINER.

CONDUCT OF THE WESTERN UNION.

A Letter to the President of the corn and Flour Exchange in Answer to the Western Union Denial.

Following is the letter of Mr. Garrett to Mr. Young about the W. U. telegraph. It fully explains itself:

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 30, 1882.
To Wm. S. Young, esq., president of the corn and flour exchange—Dear Sir:—In the remarks which I have the honor to address to you today on the occasion of the banquet on the 23d inst. I used the following language: "A remarkable combination occurred recently of all the cable interests between Europe and the United States, by which charges were greatly increased, and under which of the United States by the English and French lines, were subject to the supervision of the Western Union company. In order to test whether any variation could be effected from this extraordinary plan an application was made on behalf of the Baltimore and Ohio company, to the managers of the Direct United States Cable company, of which the distinguished Mr. John Pender, of London, is president, to ascertain whether the Baltimore and Ohio company could forward cablegrams to France that company without going through the hands of the Western Union company, as, unless this assurance could be obtained, the Baltimore and Ohio company would prefer to use the mails. The response to this inquiry was that this company in respect to the sanctity of telegraph business. It is due to myself, and to you also, in view of this charge, that I should corroborate the precise accuracy of the statement made by me on the occasion before referred to, by informing you of the circumstances which led me to my inquiry, and of the authority upon which my statement was made. In the month of August last I had occasion to transmit to the first vice president of the Baltimore and Ohio company, then in France, certain important cablegrams. I accordingly directed my assistant to ascertain in New York whether we could not forward cablegrams to France by the United States Direct Cable company, without going through the hands of the Western Union telegraph company in any manner, as, as I would prefer to use the mails unless I could get this assurance. This was the precise language of my written instructions.

On the 21st of last August my assistant received from Mr. Robert Stewart, superintendent of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company, a letter containing the following statement: "Regarding telegraphing, I learn that our cables were sent direct from their headquarters office to the cable office without having to go through the Western Union main office, but with the understanding that should these cablegrams contain anything affecting the Western Union company in any way, it would be the duty of the company to inspect them. All cablegrams received from the other side are sent direct to the Western Union main office, and from thence distributed. As all existing cables are under the control of the Western Union company, I do not think it possible to put any cablegram through without its being inspected by some officer of that company."

The information upon which this letter of Mr. Stewart's was based was derived from Mr. C. W. Price, the manager of the Baltimore and Ohio telegraph company in the city of New York, who, under the instructions of Mr. Stewart, made the inquiry directed by me. The result of that application and the precise accuracy of the language used by me in referring to it will be shown by the following sworn statement of Mr. Price:

"I am and have been since its establishment in the city of New York, November, 1881, the manager in New York of the Baltimore and Ohio telegraph organization. On or about August 18, 1882, Mr. Robert Stewart, superintendent of telegraph of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company, informed me in New York that he had received written instructions from the president, through his assistant, to ascertain through me whether the Baltimore and Ohio telegraph company could not forward cables to France by the Direct United States Cable company without their going through the hands of the Western Union telegraph company in any manner, unless he, the president, could get this assurance, he would prefer to use the mails. Under this instruction from Mr. Stewart I went at once to the office of Mr. Ward, No. 16 Broad street, city of New York, and upon inquiry was informed that Mr. Ward was not in the city. I then went down stairs into the receiving department, from which, at that time and since, all cablegrams were received and transmitted, and there saw a gentleman with whom I was acquainted, and whose name I am ready to give if desired, who, at the time was in the service of the receiving department. I made of him the inquiry which I had been directed to make, and I was informed by him that our cables would be sent direct from that office to the cable office without having to go through the Western Union main office at 195 Broadway, but with the understanding that if these cablegrams should contain anything affecting the Western Union in any way, it would be the privilege of that company to inspect them. That all cablegrams, however, received from the other side would be sent direct to the Western Union main office, and from there distributed. I communicated this information to Mr. Stewart, who was then in the city of New York. I cannot be mistaken as to the exact language used, because the same was written by Mr. Stewart, who was with me at the time, and he took down in writing, at my dictation, the precise language used to me, which he subsequently reported in a letter to the president. At a later period, on or about September 6, 1882, Mr. Ward having then returned to New York, I was instructed to see him personally and renew the inquiry as to the possibility of making some arrangement with the Direct Cable company under which cables from the Baltimore and Ohio telegraph company could be transmitted to Europe without going through the hands of the Western Union telegraph company. I called upon Mr.

Ward and informed him that I had an important inquiry to make on behalf of the Baltimore and Ohio telegraph company, and I handed him, for his perusal, my letter of instructions containing the inquiries. We then had a conversation of some length in reference to the particular subject matter inquired of. Mr. Ward's statement to me was to the effect that while he (Mr. Ward) had general supervision over the cable department, all cablegrams were handled from No. 16 Broad street by clerks employed and paid by the Western Union telegraph company and that all cablegrams, from whatever source, would have to pass through that office. No. 16 Broad street, and be subject to inspection by officials of that company. I distinctly understood Mr. Ward as fully corroborating the correctness of the statement to which I have above referred as having been made to me by one of the receiving officers in the New York office, to the effect that the Western Union telegraph company claimed the privilege of inspecting all telegrams which should affect the Western Union company in any way. I cannot be mistaken as to the fact of this admission on the part of Mr. Ward, for I had during the whole of the conversation on this point, the statement to that effect which I had previously obtained. Mr. Ward fully understood that I was making these inquiries on behalf of Mr. Garrett, for I informed him that I would communicate the substance of the conversation to Mr. Garrett, and he replied that I might do so. I had also in this interview a good deal of other conversation with Mr. Ward in reference to cable matters generally and the Baltimore and Ohio telegraph system. His manner to me was quite friendly and free from reserve, and he expressed a desire that an interview should take place between President Pender, who was then in this country, and President Garrett. He stated that President Pender was himself very anxious to see President Garrett, and that Mr. Hewitt was to arrange for his return via the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, so that an interview might take place between those gentlemen in Baltimore. This meeting I understood to be desired with a view to an arrangement of cables and cable matters generally.

Subsequently, in the month of October, Mr. Pender paid me a visit in Baltimore, in conformity with his intention as indicated by Mr. Ward in his conversation with Mr. Price. During Mr. Pender's visit to me I presented and discussed with him fully the foregoing statements made by the telegraph officers of the Baltimore and Ohio company. He entirely agreed with me that independent arrangements should be made under which the Baltimore and Ohio and other land lines could send messages to Europe without their passing through the hands of the Western Union company, and expressed the conviction that as the request was so reasonable and just, and so manifestly in the interest of the Baltimore and Ohio company, and in the interests of the Western Union company itself, that he would be able to make such arrangements as would be entirely satisfactory. Mr. Pender also fully agreed with me, when discussing this question, that when the practical working of the existing arrangements was known and understood by the public in Great Britain and America, that public opinion would demand a change in this system. President Pender's statement that "as for the Western Union company's executive sanitizing messages, nothing of the kind ever passed my lips," is absolutely true. In our protracted and frequent discussions of this subject no reference whatever was made by President Pender or myself to "executive sanitizing" messages, or to the Western Union company, nor was his name brought into our discussions.

Referring to these conversations with him in a letter to me dated New York, 3d October, 1882, Mr. Pender says: "As I think you approve of my policy, which views you as the cable company, to connect your land system with our cables, and as you are aware that I am not in any way connected with stock transactions of any kind, so that your messages would be perfectly safe in my hands, you might communicate with your son to ask him to await my arrival in England, when I have no doubt I can make such arrangements as would meet both requirements and Mr. Bennett's, who is evidently flitting for freedom from a system in which he has no confidence." At a later date on the 7th of October, 1882, Mr. Pender wrote me as follows: "The arrangement I referred to in my telegram will be as follows: There will be a cable office in New York, at which the different cable companies will meet to confer, and there will be the different land companies may send their messages by any transatlantic company they may choose, whether the Baltimore and Ohio, the Mutual Union, the Rapid or any other, equal and as safe facilities."

Mr. Pender, however, as it appears, was too sanguine in his expectations of being able to bring about a result, which I have no doubt he very sincerely desired to accomplish, for on the 16th of October I received from him a letter containing the following statement: "I had hoped, before leaving America, to inform you that I had completed arrangements with the Western Union company for an independent system of cables between Europe and America, in which every land line (your included) would have had equal accommodations. So far, however, they have not adopted my policy. I need not say I am somewhat disappointed at this. You may have observed my name has been put forward as a director of the Western Union company. This is a proposition emanating from them, which I have not consented to, and I shall not accept it unless my cable policy is adopted, and it is still under consideration."

I have thus furnished you, as it seems to me, with sufficient evidence to verify the precise accuracy of the statements which I made to your body. Further comment upon them on my part is unnecessary. I leave the public to draw its own inferences, and to put its own estimate upon the value of the Western Union company's propositions that they are without a shadow of foundation in truth. I am, very truly, yours,
JOHN W. GARRETT.

It takes over one hundred pairs of gloves to assuage the grief of the Brooklyn officials over the death of an alderman, whose life might have been saved by a single bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

"Skill and patience succeeds where force fails." The quiet skill and patient research which brought forth Kidney-Wort illustrates the reason, and he will tell success everywhere is admitted. Disease never comes to us without a cause. Ask any good physician the reason, and he will tell you something interferences with the working of the great organs (your included) would have to overcome all obstructions and preserve perfect health. Try a box or bottle at once.

"Perfect articles of all kinds restored to their original beauty by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and simple. 10 cents, at all druggists.

SHOCKING NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cure, Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by H. B. Cochran, druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen St., Philadelphia.

Twenty-five pair of Celluloid Eye-Glasses frame weigh only one ounce—the lightest known—and the best and most comfortable that can be worn. For sale by all leading Jewelers and Opticians. n27-17d

Short Breath. O. Bortle, Manchester, N. Y., was troubled with asthma for eleven years. Had been obliged to sit up sometimes ten or twelve nights in succession. Found immediate relief from Thomas' Electric Oil, and is now entirely cured. For sale by H. B. Cochran, druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen street.

SHILOH'S Cough and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. For sale by H. B. Cochran, druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen St., Philadelphia.

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer. It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water, and, as its name indicates, is a perfect vegetable restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color and produce a new growth of hair. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggist for it. Each bottle is warranted. SMITH, KLINE & CO., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and HALL & GUCKEL, New York. jan28-17d

James W. Hewitt, Wrightsville, Pa., says: Brown's Iron Bitters entirely relieved me of dyspepsia and heartburn. For sale by H. B. Cochran, druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen street. n27-17d

Life and Let Live. Life is not always under our own control but can be prolonged by care and prudence. Brown's Iron Bitters will alter the liver, and dispepsia medicine tend materially to restore health and lengthen our days. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by H. B. Cochran, druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen street. n27-17d

SHILOH'S Vitalize is what you need for Consumption. Loss of appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by H. B. Cochran, druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen street. n27-17d

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. BOSTON, November 28, 1881. Dear General:—For years I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and could get no relief (having tried everything which was recommended) until, acting on the advice of a friend, who had been benefited by Brown's Iron Bitters, I tried a bottle, which, in a comparatively short time, effected a most surprising result. Previous to taking Brown's Iron Bitters, everything I ate distressed me, and I suffered greatly from a burning sensation in the stomach, which was unbearable. Since taking Brown's Iron Bitters, all my troubles are at an end. Can eat at any time without any disagreeable results. I am practically another person. Mrs. W. J. FLYNN, 28 Maverick St., E. Boston.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as tasting the food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, &c. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Brown Chemical Company, BALTIMORE, MD. See that all Iron Bitters are made by Brown Chemical Co., Baltimore, and have crossed red lines and trademark on wrapper. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. For sale wholesale and retail by H. B. COCHRAN, Druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen street, Lancaster. n17-17d

KIDNEY-WORT. THE GREAT CURE FOR R-H-E-U-M-A-T-I-S-M. As it is for all the painful diseases of the KIDNEYS, LIVER and BOWELS. It cleanses the system of the uric poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of rheumatism can realize. TENSIONS OF CASES of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, and in short time PERFECTLY CURED. Price, 50 Cents per Bottle, Sold by Druggists. Dry can be sent by mail. WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt. KIDNEY-WORT. Acts at the same time on the Liver and Bowels. n28-17d

"ISMS" THE WORST "ISM" TO-DAY IS RHEUMATISM. RHEUMATISM IN THE BACK CURED BY PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER. RHEUMATISM IN THE KNEES CURED BY PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER. RHEUMATISM IN THE MUSCLES CURED BY PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER. RHEUMATISM OF LONGSTANDING CURED BY PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER. RHEUMATICSUFFERERS, buy of ANY DRUGGIST Perry Davis' Pain Killer. dec1-17d

CHRY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.—THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. An unfailing cure for Impotency, and all Diseases that follow loss of Memory, Universal Loss of Power, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at 50 cents per package, or six packages for \$2.50. Sent free by mail on the receipt of the money, by enclosing the name of the druggist to whom you wish to order. Circular to the trade sent free. Address: JOHN G. KREIDER, 227-229 Milton Grove, Lancaster Co., Pa. FULL LINE OF LOWELL'S & PINE TOBACCO, and other first-class brands at HARTMAN'S YELLOW FRONT CIGAR STORE. n28-17d

DRY GOODS.

A

Wanamaker's.

Silk novelties innumerable and indescribable. Everything that ladies or dressmakers have occasion for in matching, decorating, combining. What we are remarkable for, more than for anything else in silks, is variety: or, at least, we are reputed so. You hear it said by everybody: "If you want to match anything, or find a rare silk, even an unexpected one, go to Wanamaker's."

The other peculiarity that everybody expects to find here is less pleasant to speak of; lower prices. We put it second, because there are people who don't credit us with lower prices. Still, we imagine that if one should assert the contrary, almost everybody in Philadelphia would believe it.

Often we speak of other aspects of our trade; aspects less obvious or less recognized. It is well occasionally to give old news.

Warm skirts for ladies, and leggings for ladies, girls and little girls. The warm skirts are satin, satin-and-cloth, satin-and-felt, satin-and-Italian-cloth, and Italian, all quilted; cloth, flannel and felt prettily trimmed, not quilted, warm enough without. The leggings are all sorts; one very useful and fairly pretty sort, woven, at two-thirds value, 25 to 65 cents.

Furs have to be thought of. We're busy enough as to making. If we advertise at all, we ought to say what will not oppress us with too much making. Perhaps this is. A great many seal coats and fur-lined circulars are ready-made. More sizes are ready-made here than anybody expects; especially the unexpected sizes. Ready-made work we can make in July. Why shouldn't we make all the shapes and sizes ready-made? 1303 Chestnut.

Black satin rhademaes and satin de Lyons, 25 to 35 cents below our own recent prices, of all grades from \$1 to \$2; and we guess our prices haven't been very high; have they? 1303 Chestnut.

Wool serge embroidered with silk dots that ought to sell for \$1.50—no that isn't the way to put it; it ought to sell according to our theory, for just as little as we can afford; and that is 75 cents. Look out for such now. It's time for over-buying and all sorts of mistakes to show themselves. We try to keep ready to turn other folk's mistakes to account for ourselves and for you. Third circle, southeast from centre.

JOHN WANAMAKER. Chestnut, Thirteenth and Market streets and City-hall square, Philadelphia. ORGANS. ESTABLISHED 1868. H. C. ORTH, MANUFACTURERS' AGENT FOR THE Weber, Steinway, Kranich & Bach PIANO-FORTES. Mason & Hamlin, Peloubet & Co.'s ORGANS. Address correspondence to No. 310 MARKET STREET, HARRISBURG, PA. n28-17d

USE SHILOH'S EXTRA PURE NEW FAMILY KILN-DRIED CORN MEAL. Manufactory, 4 miles northwest of Mount Joy, Lancaster county, Pa. Its quality cannot be excelled. Try it to prove that. For sale by grocery and provision dealers. Circular to the trade sent free. Address: JOHN G. KREIDER, 227-229 Milton Grove, Lancaster Co., Pa. FULL LINE OF LOWELL'S & PINE TOBACCO, and other first-class brands at HARTMAN'S YELLOW FRONT CIGAR STORE. n28-17d

COACHMEN'S COATS

A HEAVY, EXTRA LONG, WARM COACHMAN'S COAT, Of Good Blue and Green Beaver, Out Double-Breasted, is being sold at Yates & Co. for \$22.00. They are a bargain. Avail yourself of the opportunity.

A. C. YATES & CO.,

Ledger Building, Chestnut & Sixth Sts.

PHILADELPHIA. n3-17d

PHILADELPHIA. n3-17d

Our Price List.

Men's Heavy Wool Mixed Suits... \$ 8.00
Men's Heavy Brown Twilled Suits... 10.00
Men's Heavy Steel Mixed Suits... 10.00
Men's All-Well Cashmere Suits... 12.00
Men's Brown & Blue Beaver Overcoats... 18.00
Men's Black Beaver Overcoats... 14.00
Men's Plaid Back Beaver Overcoats... 18.00
Men's Plaid Back Cassimere Overcoats... 18.00
Men's Heavy United Overcoats... 7.50

All of Our Own Manufacture.

D. B. Hostetter & Son
24 CENTRE SQUARE,
LANCASTER, PA.

NOTICE TO THE-PASSENGERS AND GUARDIANS.—All persons are hereby forbidden to trespass on any of the lands of the Cornwall or Speedwell estates, in Lebanon and Lancaster counties, whether included or not, either for the purpose of shooting or fishing, or the law will be rigidly enforced against all trespassing on said lands of the undersigned after this notice.
WM. COLLEMAN FREEMAN, R. FRED ALDEN, EDWARD C. FREEMAN, Attorney for E. W. Coleman's Heirs. n17-17d