The Lancaster Intelligencer.

Volume XVIII--No. 172 LANCASTER, PA., THURSDAY MARCH 23 1882. Price Two Cents.

GRAND OPENING OF "THE GREAT NEW YORK BAZAAR."

GRAND OPENING OF THE GREAT NEW YORK BAZAAR.

OPENING ANNOUNCEMENT!

On Saturday Next, March 25th,

THE GRAND OPENING

WILL TAKE PLACE OF THE

GOTTSCHALK & LEDERMAN'S

GREAT

NEW YORK BAZAAR,

|Loeb's Old Stand.| 26 & 28 NORTH QUEEN STREET,

The public of Lancaster and vicinity will then witness one of the Finest Displays of Goods ever shown before in this state. THE GREAT NEW YOBK BAZAAR will be conducted on the same plan as the leading stores in New York, such as Macy, Lord & Taylor, &c., &c. It will comprise

Sixteen Departments, as follows:

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

Hosiery,	Embroideries,	Millinery,
Notions,	Kid Gloves,	Jewelry,
Corsets,	Passmenteries,	Stationery,
Underwear,	Buttons,	Perfumery,
Ribbons,	Silks and Satins,	Laces.

All these departments will contain a very large and complete stock, from the cheapest to the finest, and all at strictly

ONE PRICE, ONE PRICE.

Our goods are all marked in Plain Figures. We have a Special Order Department, and goods will be delivered free of charge to any part of the city.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO THE LADIES!

An Elegant Cologne Fountain is placed in the centre of the Bazaar, and the finest Cologne will continuously flow from this Fountain. Every lady will be presented free of charge on our Opening Night with a sample bottle of this delicious Cologne.

It will surely pay everybody to give a thorough inspection to THE GREAT NEW YORK BAZAAR, as we shall use every effort to make this store THE POPULAR ESTABLISHMENT FOR EVERYBODY.

☞ DO NOT FORGET THE OPENING NIGHT, NEXT SATURDAY, AT ☜

GOTTSCHALK & LEDERMAN'S

GREAT NEW YORK BAZAAR

26 and 28 NORTH QUEEN STREET, - - - Lancaster, Penn'a.

CLOTHING.

MYERS, RATHFON & CO.

SPRING OVERCOATS!

Light-Weight OVERCOATS receive the first attention of buyers of Spring Clothing this time of year, and we have prepared such a line of them as cannot fail to attract the most critical. Every grade of these goods—from the lowest to the most expensive—are confidently recommended as sustaining the specialty of Style, Cut and Workmanship, which we have initiated.

MYERS, RATHFON & CO.,

NO. 12 EAST KING STREET, LANCASTER, PENN'A.

NO. 508 PENN STREET, READING, PENN'A.

JOHN S. GIVLER & CO.'S ADVERTISEMENT.

LADIES! - - LADIES!

WE ARE NOW OPENING DAILY

NEW LINES OF BLACK SILKS,	NEW LINES OF COLORED SILKS,
NEW LINES OF BROCADE SILKS,	NEW LINES OF BLACK and COLORED SATINS,
NEW LINES OF BLACK CASHMERES,	NEW LINES OF MOURNING GOODS,
NEW LINES OF FANCY WOOL DRESS GOODS,	NEW LINES OF PLAIN DRESS GOODS,
NEW LINES OF ZEPHYR GINGHAMS,	NEW LINES OF PERCALES,
NEW LINES OF FIGURED CAMBRICS,	NEW LINES OF PRINTS,
NEW LINES OF LACES IN ALL NEW GOODS,	NEW LINES OF DRESS BUTTONS,

NEW LINES OF HAMBURG AND SWISS EMBROIDERIES.

☞ We invite examination.

JOHN S. GIVLER & CO.,

NO. 25 EAST KING STREET, LANCASTER, PENN'A.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

FLINN & WILLSON.

HOUSEFURNISHING.

PEOPLE WILL MARRY AND MUST HAVE

HOUSE-STIRES!

And as we keep the Largest and Cheapest and most Complete Stock in the city. You can have a better selection and save money by buying from us.

☞ No trouble to show goods,

FLINN & WILLSON,

SIGN OF THE TWO LARGE DOGS.

MEDICAL.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM. PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM.—The Best, Cheapest and Most Economical Hair Dressing Never fails to restore youthful color to gray hair. 50c. and $1 sizes.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.—Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, and many of the best medicines known are here combined into a medicine of such varied powers, as to make it the greatest Blood Purifier and The Best Health and Strength Restorer Ever Used. It cures Complaints of Women, and diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver and Kidneys, and is entirely different from Bitters, Ginger Essences, and other Tonics, as it never intoxicates 50c. and $1 sizes. HISCOX & CO., Chemists, N. Y. Large saving buying $1 size. sep12-1yeodeow&w

CARRIAGES, &C.

THE STANDARD CARRIAGE WORK OF LANCASTER COUNTY.

EDGERLEY & Co.,

FINE

CARRIAGE BUILDERS,

MARKET STREET,

Rear of Central Market Houses,

LANCASTER, PENN'A.

We make every style Buggy and Carriage desired. All work finished in the most comfortable and elegant style. We use only the best selected material, and employ only the best mechanics. For quality of work our prices are the cheapest in the state. We buy for cash and sell on the most reasonable terms. Give us a call. All work warranted. *Repairing promptly attended to.* One set of workmen especially employed for that purpose. fn28-tfd&w

LOCHER'S

Renowned Cough Syrup.

A pleasant, safe, speedy and sure remedy for Colds, Coughs, Hoarseness, Asthma, Influenza, Soreness of the Throat and Chest, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Spitting of Blood, Inflammation of the Lungs and all Diseases of the Chest and Air Passages.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient qualities for the cure of all kinds of lung diseases.

PRICE, 25 Cents. Prepared only and sold by

CHAS. A. LOCHER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST,

No. 9 East King Street, Lancaster.

TRULY RURAL.

SOME AGRICULTURAL EXPERIENCE.

With a Few Suggestions Appropriate to the Season—A Decorated Cock of the Walk.

New York Times.

It is very easy to say that the decorative mania leads our women to waste time and to deface crockery and other objects. Instead of thus ridiculing those whom we should treat with the most tenderness, why do we not take them by their respective hands — figuratively speaking, of course—and lead them into fields where their passion for decoration can be exercised in a way that will be of real benefit to the race? That this can be done has been practically demonstrated by Mr. Simeon Brewster, of West Middletown, Mass., and his example deserves to be held up in the imitation of his Yellow-men throughout the country.

Miss Sophonisba Brewster has for some time delighted in decorating the family china—including the preserve jars and the porcelain-lined preserve kettle. Mr. Brewster regarded his daughter's labors with great disdain, but, unlike most men, he knew that ridicule would be of no use. Whether he had in view the train of consequences which followed his suggestion that Sophonisba should decorate 'our new rooster," or whether he merely mentioned the "rooster" because he imagined that his daughter would regard the bird as beneath her notice, is not positively known, but in view of the fact that his daughter believed the proposal to be made in perfectly good faith, and prepared to carry it into execution, we may assume that he made it with a full knowledge of what would follow.

The term "rooster" is, as every one knows, applied in the New England dialect to the male fowl of the chicken variety. Mr. Brewster's poultry yard at the time in question contained but two fowls—the new "rooster" and a venerable hen, and hence did not yield a large daily crop of eggs. Miss Brewster, in accordance with her father's wishes, caught the "rooster," and binding him firmly, so as to prevent him from struggling, decorated him with admirable taste. Her first operation was to paint him a rich dark blue as a background. Upon this she spread designs in white or in gold—such as golden heads of grain, golden grasshoppers, pure white lilies and arabesques of mingled gold and white. The appearance of that fowl when completed would have drawn tears of admiration from the most hardened naturalist. He was simply magnificent, and when he had surveyed himself in a mirror thoughtfully provided for the purpose, he expressed his own appreciation of Miss Brewster's work by a triumphant crow.

The bird when turned loose in the yard soon became the subject of unrestrained admiration on the part of the hens of the vicinity, who came to the fence and peering through at him, remarked to one another in a cackle too plain to be misunderstood, "Isn't he just too, too, too, too, too utterly utter?" Noticing their admiring glances, the decorated fowl flew over the fence and strolled down the street, followed by his enthusiastic adorers. He returned at dark in company with twenty-seven hens, all of whom had evidently sworn to follow him to the end of the world. The hens occupied the Brewster woodshed during the night, and on the next morning laid two dozen eggs in various available localities on the Brewster premises.

In the course of the day the owners of the hens appeared and carried them away, but before night the decorated "rooster" went forth and brought back a new harem of thirty-four fascinated hens, all of whom furnished the Brewster household with eggs on the next morning. Once more the neighbors came for their missing hens, and having discovered that the decorated Brewster fowl was irresistible in the eyes of the females of his species, no less than five leading citizens induced their daughters to follow the example of Miss Brewster and to provide their fond parents with blue and gold "roosters."

The new rivals of the original decorated "rooster" were sufficiently gorgeous to retain the allegiance of their harems, and three of them challenged him to single combat, and whipped him so thoroughly that the discouraged bird persistently remained at home and shunned all female society. Mr. Brewster, however, was not discouraged. He sent to Boston for a game-cock of demonstrated prowess, and on the arrival of the fowl, Miss Brewster decorated him in the Pompeiian style, with black wings and a red body, picked out with geometrical figures in dead gold. Thus decorated, he was far more beautiful than his predecessor, and Mr. Brewster, after keeping him shut up for a few days, turned him loose, armed with a pair of long steel spurs.

That night the game cock returned home at the head of a procession of three hundred and eleven hens. In fact, as was afterward learned, there were not six hens left in the whole township who had not yielded to the fascinations of the gallant Pompeiian stranger. Furthermore, he had fought and killed thirty "roosters" who had rashly ventured to defend their marital rights, and among the dead were the five decorated "roosters," the work of the pious daughters of West Middletown. Mr. Brewster now reaps an average of a hundred eggs every morning, and though the neighbors constantly come and take away their hens, the Pompeiian game-cock never fails to lure them away from their duty a few hours later.

Thus we see that woman's fondness for decoration may, if properly directed, be made a source of much profit to intelligent and upright men.

The Tomato and its Culture.

Country Gentleman.

Considered either as a fruit for the table or as a product for market, the tomato is held in, and is worthy of, high esteem. It seems to have a place filled by no other relish, being agreeable to the palate and inviting to the eye. Add to its many other good qualities that of its immense productive capacity, and no wonder the subject of its culture is so often referred to. Every section and locality must be governed by the closing season of frost, as a very light frost, destroys the young and tender plants.

About eight or ten weeks previous to the last expected frost, seed may be sown in the hot-bed, or if there is no hot-bed seed may be sown in window boxes. Early bearing of the plant is promoted by transplanting or "pricking out" the young plants as they come to suitable size. A dozen or two of plants will supply the wants of a large family for the season. Only thrifty, strong and healthy plants should be planted out, and in order to secure this the young plants should have plenty of room, in the seed beds or boxes, with good, rich, sandy loam soil, and be kept well watered, occasionally giving liquid manure. This is also essential after planting out in garden soil, up to the time of maturity of the fruit. A dark, warm, sandy loam soil, made rich through fertilizing for previous crops, suits the tomato. Some light application of thoroughly rotten manure, ashes or guano will stimulate a quick growth, as early production is usually very desirable. If the soil is poor, manure heavily, broadcast and in the hill, with well rotted and fined stable manure and compost.

The land having been properly prepared, it should be laid off in rows and hills four feet each way. Make the hills large and the soil mellow and fine. Dig out a hole sufficiently large and deep to hold the roots of the plant with any clinging earth from its previous bed; with one hand hold the plant in position, in the hole, while with the other pour water to fill the hole. If properly done the mellow soil will fill in about the roots and nearly fill the hole and hold the plant, so that, if freshly taken from its bed, it will not wilt, even if transplanted in hot sun shine. When the water has settled away, fill around the plant with good fresh soil. Train tomato plants to a stake, when, if properly cared for, there will be more and better fruit. Side shoots should be stopped at the first blossom; your fruit is then fully exposed to the sun, is always clean, and sweeter than if grown on plants not thus trained. The stakes may be the same as for beans, and, when set, as high as a man's head. Attention will be needed to tie up, and nip the side shoots, as the plants grow, which can be done when hoeing.

Varieties are numerous, with very little differences in earliness, more being due to culture in this respect; but there are other differences to be considered, such as flavor, meatiness, perfect coloring and ripening. A round, smooth, thick-meated fruit is to be preferred, other things being equal. The best is the Acme. Rot sometimes attacks the tomato, its cause being largely due to warm, wet weather and heavy dews, expecially where the plants spread and lie low, or on the ground in mass. Thin planting, pruning and tying to stakes will obviate this difficulty in nearly every instance; so that where the plants are properly raised and trained from the ground, little damage is to be apprehended.

Treatment of an Orchard.

Nelson Ritter in Country Gentleman.

I purchased my present place fifteen years since. There was an orchard on it, containing one and one-half acres, that had been set five years. The apple trees were set 30 by 30 feet, with alternate rows of pear trees. The pear trees bore fair crops for a time, but gradually succumbed to the blight. Those which did not so succumb have been cut out, as the apple trees occupy all the ground. Many of the trees are now from 12 to 14 inches in diameter, the branches interlocking, and I wish that they had been set 40 feet apart instead of 30. I grew strawberries and raspberries—previously set—among the trees for two years; then one crop of potatoes. Afterwards the trees were kept thoroughly cultivated, and no crops grown until they were fifteen years old. For the last five years the orchard has been seeded, and the grass allowed to decay upon the ground. For the first seven years that I owned it, only about 150 bushels of apples were sold. In the next six years about 900 bushels were sold; the next year (1880) I sold 1,018 bushels.

This is a reasonably rapid increase. I consider this orchard as just coming into bearing, and confidently expect an increasing yield for the next 15 or 20 years. My profits are yet to be realized, if I ever have any. The total receipts from this one and one-half acres for the past 15 years are as follows:

For apples sold	$819 57
For pears sold	289 91
For raspberries sold	149 23
For strawberries sold	66 97
For potatoes	36 70
Total	$1,362 38

Or about $60 per acre yearly. The fruit consumed by the family (no small amount) is not included in the above statement. Also the quantity of apples fed to stock has been considerable.

The average price per bushel for apples has been about 35 cents. This average has been considerably reduced by including apples sold for cider. As I now have an evaporator, I expect to make my apples pay better than formerly. In 1880 I evaporated 400 bushels as an experiment, using only unsalable fruit, and the result was that my windfalls paid me more per bushel than did the choicest hand-picked fruit sold in our market. Hereafter I shall evaporate most of my apples, and shall certainly waste none for cider.

My statements will appear rather commonplace when compared with many others, in which such enormous profits are set forth, but it has one merit which some of them lack—that of being true.

To Keep Eggs.

All it is necessary to do to keep eggs through summer, is to procure small, clean wooden or tin vessels, holding from 10 to 20 gallons, and a barrel, more or less, fine-ground land plaster. Begin by putting on the bottom of the vessel two or three inches of plaster, and then, having fresh eggs, with the yelks unbroken; set them up, *small end down*, close to each other, but not crowding, and make the first layer. Then add more plaster and enough so the eggs will stand upright, and set up the second layer; then another deposit of plaster, followed by a layer of eggs, till the vessel is full, and finish by covering the top layer with plaster. Eggs so packed and subjected to a temperature of at least 85°, if not 90°, during August and September, came out fresh, and if one could be certain of not having a temperature of more than 75° to contend with, eggs could be kept by these means all the year round.

Observe, that the eggs must be fresh laid, the yelks unbroken, the packing done in small vessels, and with clean, fine-ground land plaster, and care must be taken that no egg so presses on another as to break the shells. When this latter accident happens the eggs around will be corrupted, to the extent of a dozen perhaps, but the plaster is so much of an absorbent that the damage is sure to be limited in extent.

About Crows.

Professor Linden said a good word the other day in Buffalo for that much persecuted bird, the common crow (Corvus Americanus). The crow of America belongs to a scattered family of about 200 species, including among them the buzzard, jay, raven and magpie. Of the genus proper to which the crow belongs, seven examples are found in the United States, the great black raven being at the head. In the wilderness about 100 miles from Buffalo, on the shores of Lake Ontario, ravens were found. Their nests were so secluded as rarely to be discovered. So wary were the birds that Mr. Linden had found it impossible to obtain a specimen. They were reported more abundant on the Canada shore of Lake Ontario, but it was impossible to procure a specimen even there, though a liberal reward had been offered. The crow was only preserved from annihilation by its great cunning. Even in captivity the bird displays a degree of sagacity which almost resembles human intelligence. Mr. Linden admitted that the crow could hardly be called a sweet singer; still when tamed he made a very interesting pet. On the whole, he might safely be set down as a useful bird and a real friend to the farmer. He eats large quantities of noxious insects, and though he has a bad habit of pulling up young tender shoots of grain, it was a question whether the damage was not more than compensated by the number of larvæ of beetles thus brought to light and devoured.

The cost of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is only 25 cents. A bottle will convince even the most incredulous of its excellence.

Rheumatism, disordered blood, general debility, and many chronic diseases pronounced incurable, are often cured by Brown's Iron Bitters. m20-1wd&w

"How do you manage," said a lady to her friend, "to appear so happy all the time?" "I always have Parker's Ginger Tonic handy," was the reply," and thus keep myself and family in good health and spirits. See adv. m1-1mdeod&oow

Physical Suffering.

No one can realize, except by personal experience, the anguish of mind and body endured by sufferers from dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, and other diseases of the stomach. Burdock Blood Bitters are a positive cure for this direst of all diseases. Price $1. For sale at H. B. Cochran's drug store, 137 North Queen street, Lancaster.

She Passed it Along.

"I send you my testimonial in reference to Spring Blossom, having taken it for dyspepsia, and receiving almost immediate relief. I passed it to my neighbor, who is using it with same results. MRS. J. W. LEFFELT, "Elmira, N. Y."

Price 50 cents. For sale at H. B. Cochran's drug store, 137 North Queen street, Lancaster.

Incredible.

F. A. Scratch, druggist, Ruthven, Ont. writes: "I have the greatest confidence in your Burdock Blood Bitters. In one case with which I am personally acquainted their success was almost incredible. One lady told me that half a bottle did her more good than hundreds of dollars' worth of medicine she had previously taken." Price $1. For sale at H. B. Cochran's drug store, 137 North Queen St., Lancaster.

MEDICAL.

THOMAS' ELECTRIC OIL.

AKRON, Erie county, N. Y., December 6, 1881.

To the Proprietors of Thomas' Eclectric Oil:

GENTS—Last March I took a severe cold, and, being negligent in doctoring it, brought the Asthma on me very severe. I could not lie down or sleep for wheezing and shortness of breath. I took this thing and that, and tried different doctors, but found no relief. Six months ago I saw an advertisement in the papers recommending Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, so I thought I would try that, and wonderful to relate, yet nevertheless true, the first dose I took relieved me in a few minutes, and before I had taken one fourth of a 50-cent bottle I could breathe freely and sleep as well as ever. It is equally as magical for cuts, bruises, burns and rheumatism. I woke up a few mornings since with such pain in my chest that I could not draw a long breath. My wife said "rub on Thomas' Electric Oil." I did so, and in a few minutes the pain was gone, and I have not felt it since. My wife also had a severe attack of rheumatism in the arm and side. She applied the oil with the same result. I would not be without it if I had to walk ten miles for it, and then pay $5 for a 50-cent bottle. I send you this testimonial, hoping you will publish it, so that suffering humanity may be relieved of their aches and pains. Yours respectfully,

S. S. GRAVES, Akron, Erie Co., N. Y.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

Strong Facts!

A great many people are asking what particular troubles BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is good for.

It will cure Heart Disease, Paralysis, Dropsy, Kidney Disease, Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all similar diseases.

Its wonderful curative power is simply because it purifies and enriches the blood, thus by beginning at the foundation, and by building up the system, drives out all disease.

A Lady Cured of Rheumatism:

Baltimore, Md., May 7, 1880.

My health was much shattered by Rheumatism when I commenced taking Brown's Iron Bitters, and I scarcely had strength enough to attend to my daily household duties. I am now using the third bottle and I am regaining strength daily, and I cheerfully recommend it to all.

I cannot say too much in praise of it.

MRS. MARY E. BRASHEAR, 173 Prestman street.

Kidney Disease Cured:

Christianburg, Va., 1881.

Suffering from kidney disease from which I could get no relief I tried Brown's Iron Bitters, which cured me completely. A child of mine, recovering from scarlet fever, had no appetite and did not seem to be able to eat at all. I gave him Iron Bitters with the happiest results.

J. KYLE MONTAGUE.

Heart Disease:

Vine St., Harrisburg, Pa. December 2, 1881.

After trying different physicians and many remedies for palpitation of the heart without receiving any benefit, I was advised to try Brown's Iron Bitters. I have used two bottles and never found anything that gave me so much relief.

MRS. JENNIE HESS.

For the peculiar troubles to which ladies are subject, BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is invaluable. Try it.

Be sure and get the Genuine.

DOCTORS AGREE THAT SCARLET Fever, Diphtheria, Consumption, Catarrh and Chronic Throat Diseases are due to neglect of common Sore Throats. Children frequently have wet feet; sore throat follows and often serious sickness. Are we not affected likewise? Why not try the *OCCIDENTAL DIPHTHERIA CURE*. It will positively cure the worst form of sore throat and eradicate the germ of any disease subject to it. A cure guaranteed or money refunded. For sale by H. B. Cochran, 137 and 139 North Queen street, Lancaster. feb27-3md

PATENTS.

WM. H. BABCOCK, 513 Seventh street, Washington, D. C. Formerly an Examiner in the U. S. Patent Office; afterward, Associate Attorney of Jacob Stauffer, esq., of Lancaster, Pa., until the latter's death, would be pleased to hear from Inventors of Lancaster and neighboring counties, and is still prepared to attend carefully and promptly to all Patent business at moderate rates. jan31-3md&w*

RAGS. RAGS. RAGS.

The highest Cash Prices paid for all kinds of Rags, Old Books, Carpets, Woolen Cloths, Bagging Rope, Gum Shoes, &c., &c.

I will call on persons having any of the above articles if they will drop me a postal card.

WM. F. HENNECKE, NO. 235 WEST KING STREET. feb25-3md*

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

MUSICAL-BOXES.

MUSICAL-BOXES.

BARGAINS.—To make a clean sweep before closing our salesrooms for the season, we make the following sweeping reduction on the balance of our stock now here. (Only large and medium sizes yet on hand):

10 airs	reduced from	$ 75.00 to	$ 45.00
12 "	"	85.00 to	50.00
Sublime Tremolo Piccolo (large)	"	135.00 to	80.00
Sublime Tremolo Piccolo (medium)	"	90.00 to	60.00
12 airs with Bells	"	145.00 to	85.00
10 airs with Bells & Drums	"	135.00 to	70.00
Extra quality (large) with Bells	"	175.00 to	100.00
Extra quality (medium) with Bells	"	135.00 to	75.00
Sublime Harmonic Piccolo (large)	"	125.00 to	75.00
Concertino	"	225.00 to	130.00
"Celestial Voices" (Flutes	"	125.00 to	65.00
96 airs, 16 cylinders, with table	"	850.00 to	525.00
Petit (small), 2 airs	"	4.50 to	3.00
3 airs	"	6.50 to	4.50
3-air Albums	"	8.00 to	5.00

They are all with the "HARP-ZITHER ATTACHMENTS," and mostly with two and three Spring Houses, playing twice the length of the common Music Boxes. On examination they will be found of the finest quality, far superior to the ordinary Music Boxes generally sold in this country.

C. Gautschi & Co., Manufacturers, Ste. Croix & Geneve, Switzerland.

SALESROOMS: 1020 CHESTNUT STREET PHILADELPHIA. |3 14d

CLOTHING, UNDERWEAR, &C.

The coming of Spring does not always determine you to lay aside heavy clothing, hence we shall keep our winter stock accessible for awhile and have the spring goods also handy, if wanted; but if our advice is worth considering you will make changes gradually, beginning with a Spring Overcoat.

The advantage of dealing with us, is that we have all weights and kinds of goods to meet the sudden changes of this climate.

A. C. YATES & CO.

LEDGER BUILDING,

Chestnut and Sixth Sts.,

PHILADELPHIA,

CLOTHING.

WHERE TO BUY

MEN'S and BOYS'

CLOTHING

We wish to say to the trade that for the present season we have a larger and more varied stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING

than ever before. Having manufactured for the last three months a complete line of Men's Boys' and Children's CLOTHING, we are prepared to suit the most fastidious, at prices to astonish almost everybody.

NOTE A FEW SAMPLE PRICES: For $5.00 we will sell you a Men's All-Wool Cassimere or Cheviot Suit, in twelve different patterns, in light, dark and mixed. For $5.00 or $6.50 we will sell a Good Mixed Cassimere or Worsted Suit, in twelve different patterns. For $10.00 or 12.00 we sell a First-Class All-Wool Dress Suit, sold everywhere for $16.00 or $20.00.

Boys' and Children's CLOTHING Our Great Specialty.

We sell for $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00 a nice and durable School Suit. Our Dress Suits average from $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $7.00, $8.00 and $9.00, in ten different patterns. Come in with your boys and see how cheap we can fix them up. You certainly wonder the reason we sell so cheap, but this explains itself: *We buy and sell for cash, do a large business, and do our own manufacturing and selling. We therefore can sell you 25 per cent. cheaper than any house in the city, or elsewhere.*

For CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, especially Pantaloons, look at the prices marked in our windows

To convince yourself please call on

L. GANSMAN & BRO.,

THE FASHIONABLE

MERCHANT TAILORS and CLOTHIERS,

66-68 NORTH QUEEN ST.,

Right on the Southwest Corner of Orange St.

LANCASTER, PA.

☞ Positively not connected with any other house in the city. m15-1yd

LIQUORS, &C.

RINGWALT'S

WINE, LIQUOR, ALCOHOL AND GROCERY STORE,

No. 205 West King Street. feb16 1y

HOUSEAL & CO'S

NEW LIQUOR STORE,

No. 43 North Queen street, Lancaster, Pa.

The very best and finest qualities of Foreign and Domestic WINES and LIQUORS, constantly for sale at wholesale and retail. Straight Old Rye Whisky of the distillation of 1875. Pure unadulterated Custom House Brandy, warranted of the vintage of 1869. Kept especially for medicinal purposes. Pure Old Holland Gin, and other Whiskies, Brandies and Wines to suit the trade.

feb8-3md HOUSEAL & CO.

MALT WINE.

HERCULES MALT WINE.

The Best and Cheapest

MALT EXTRACT

EVER PREPARED.

An invigorating HEALTH AND TABLE BEVERAGE. A reliable remedy for INDIGESTION, DEBILITY and MALNUTRITION highly recommended for ENFEEBLED PERSONS, CONVALESCENTS and NURSING MOTHERS.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AT

25 Cents per Pint Bottle.

CHAS. WOLTERS,

PROSPECT BREWERY, PHILADELPHIA.

LANCASTER DEPOT.—GEO. A. KIEHL. m1 3md