

DRY GOODS. SUMMER GOODS. AFTER THE 4th.

After the Fourth of July finds us heavily overstocked with many kinds of goods for summer. They must be sold at whatever price they will quickly bring.

It isn't practicable to set particulars before you in the papers to-day, nor indeed any day, with anything like fullness.

Laws that should have sold at 12 cents when they came, a week ago, must now go at 10 cents. Woolen checks, debeiges, flannel suitings, silk and wool garnitures and black grenadines go down.

Besides goods that are so strictly seasonable as to be urgent, all the odds and ends in the store go down.

Whatever you may want there's a fair probability that we have it below the market price.

JOHN WANAMAKER, Chestnut, Thirteenth and Market Streets, and City Hall Square, PHILADELPHIA.

JACOB M. MARKS. JOHN A. CHARLES. JOHN E. ROTH. LANE & CO. ALL KINDS OF DRY GOODS OFFERED AT GREAT BARGAINS.

IRON BITTERS. A TRUE TONIC. SURE APPETISER. INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, INTERMITTENT FEVERS, WANT OF APETITE, LOSS OF STRENGTH, LACK OF ENERGY, &c.

BROWN CHEMICAL COMPANY, BALTIMORE, MD. For Sale at COCHRAN'S DRUG STORE, 137 and 139 North Queen Street, Lancaster.

FLINN & WILLSON, HOUSE FURNISHING! Full Line for Summer, Genuine Mason Fruit Jars, Genuine Protective Fruit Jars, Cheapest in the city.

FLINN & WILLSON, FISHING TACKLE. Sole Agents for PENNSYLVANIA LAWN MOWER.

FLINN & WILLSON, SIGN OF THE TWO LARGE DOGS, 152 NORTH QUEEN STREET, LANCASTER, PA.

MYERS & RATHFON, Spring and Summer Goods. At reduced prices, in order to make room for our coming Fall Stock.

MYERS & RATHFON, COAT, PANTS AND VEST. To keep cool in, for the enormous amount of THREE DOLLARS.

MYERS & RATHFON, CENTRE HALL, No. 12 EAST KING STREET, LANCASTER, PENNA.

ALBRECHT PIANOS. Are the Cheapest, because they are the Best. L. B. HERB, Agent, No. 5 East Orange Street, Lancaster, Pa.

Lancaster Intelligencer.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 13, 1881.

THOMAS JEFFERSON. THE APOSTLE OF DEMOCRACY.

His Labors for the Greatness of the Country. From Hon. S. J. Randall's address at Dickinson College commencement.

It is essential to our future that we should upon all appropriate occasions, refer to and carefully study the lives and the public services of the great men who founded the free government under which we have so wonderfully prospered.

It glorifies the best impulses of the human heart and secures the pledge that they too, in their time, will assert and maintain their freedom as did our fathers.

The committee of Congress to draft the Declaration was selected by ballot, and Jefferson received the highest number of votes, and in consequence was chosen chairman.

As a member of the Legislature of Virginia, Jefferson, with Pendleton and Wythe, was engaged on the report and redaction to a single code of the whole body of the British statutes, together with the acts of the Assembly, and certain parts of the common law.

The other particular subjects to which he gave great thought were the prohibition of the further importation of slaves, the abolition of entails, which, as he said, "break up the hereditary high-handed aristocracy, which, by accumulating immense masses of property in single lines of families, had divided our country into two distinct orders of nobles and plebeians."

That our civil rights have no dependence on our religious opinions any more than our opinions in physics and geometry; that, therefore, the proscribing any citizen as unworthy the public confidence by laying upon him an incapacity of being called to offices of trust and emolument, unless he profess or renounce this or that religious opinion, is depriving him injuriously of those privileges and advantages to which in common with his fellow citizens he has a natural right.

and emolument, those who will externally profess and conform to it. That though, indeed, these are criminal who do not withstand such temptation, yet neither are those innocent who lay the bait in their way; that the opinions of men are not the object of civil government, nor are its jurisdiction; and finally, that truth is great and will prevail if left to herself, that she is the proper and sufficient antagonist to error, and has nothing to fear from the conflict unless by human interposition disarmed of her natural weapons, free argument and debate, which are her natural armor.

He was the author of a system of education in his state, and when secretary of state under Washington put in practice our decimal coinage. He was the author of our original and liberal naturalization laws so as to encourage the peopling of our unoccupied and waste lands. Improved the grain and quality of our rice, recommended grape culture as a staple of American industry.

Jefferson resisted the establishment of a permanent public debt. Jefferson regarded the alien and sedition laws, the details and provisions of which the time, and perhaps the occasion, forbid me to enter upon, except to remark that the execution of the president's head under such a gag. Such a law would, to-day, consign to the penitentiary nine-tenths of the editors and publishers, even of our most conservative journals.

Jefferson resisted the establishment of a United States bank on the ground of unconstitutionality, and on the ground of an over-riding money power, which could only result injuriously. It was another "British imitation," and from it he apprehended every description of harm, and in effect he wrote that it would cause the creation of a party whose ultimate object would be to approach the national form of the British government, instead of a party founded upon the noble love of liberty and republican government, which carried its triumphantly through the war.

Reaching his final office—the presidency—his inaugural was heroic in its tone and temper, and after time gave his prophecy complete fulfillment. He said: "Every difference of opinion is not a difference of principle. We have called by different names brethren of the same principle. We are all Republicans; we are all Federalists."

Jefferson was the author of the Louisiana purchase, which added to the territory of the United States an area of 828,000 square miles, now covered by those portions of the states of Alabama and Mississippi, which lie south of the 31st parallel, by the states of Louisiana, Arkansas, Missouri, Iowa, Nebraska, Oregon, west of the Mississippi river, and Kansas, except the small portion thereof, south of the Arkansas river, and west of the 23d meridian; by the territories of Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington and that known as the Indian country, and by Oregon, west of the Mississippi river, and the Rocky mountains and north of the Arkansas river, and all of the territory of Wyoming, north of the 42d parallel, and that portion of the territory of Wyoming, which is south of that parallel and east of the Rocky mountains.

What wars and blood and treasure have been saved to us by this acquisition of territory several principles and national policy. It gave us that homogeneity, unity and independence, which is derived from the absolute control and disposition of our commerce, trade and industry in every department, without the hindrance or intermeddling of any intervening nation.

At the expiration of his term of eight years in the presidency, he returned to Monticello, his Virginia home. But he did not cease to be useful and the student of history can drink from no more wholesome fountain of truth and wisdom than to be found in Jefferson's voluminous correspondence. Finally, on the 4th day of July, 1826, the fiftieth anniversary of the declaration of independence, his venerable father, in the 84th year of his age, passed away, revered and honored and sincerely mourned wherever freedom and honest government had a friend.

were entitled to against every government on earth, general or particular, and what no just government should refuse or rest on inference.

In the second place, he was opposed to perpetual re-eligibility of the president. Some of these objections were removed by amendment to the constitution, but as to the last one, although not yet removed, he said: "At all events he hoped the people would not be discouraged from making other trials, if the present one should fail."

Jefferson was, as may be supposed with such views, the bitter and unrelenting opponent of the alien and sedition laws, the details and provisions of which the time, and perhaps the occasion, forbid me to enter upon, except to remark that the execution of the president's head under such a gag.

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Eminent Physicians prescribing that tried an old true remedy Kidney-Wort for the worst cases of biliousness and constipation, as well as for kidney-complaints.

Proof Positive. We have the most positive and convincing proof that Thomas' Elettro Oil is a most effective specific for bodily pain.

When There's a Will There's a Way. Anyone who has the will to try Thomas' Elettro Oil will surely find the way to robust health.

SILVER JEWELRY. LACE PINS, EAR RINGS AND BRACELETS, NECK CHAINS AND HAIR PINS, STUDS, SLEEVE BUTTONS AND SCARF PINS OF SILVER.

DIAMONDS. Many Diamonds are lost because not SECURELY MOUNTED.

THE MOUNTING. Many Diamonds fail to exhibit their true beauty because not TASTEFULLY MOUNTED.

DIAMOND. Many Diamonds appear like cheap and common stones because not SKILLFULLY MOUNTED.

BAILEY, BANKS, BIDDLE, 12th & Chestnut Streets, PHILADELPHIA.

ASTRICH BROS. ADVERTISEMENT. LANCASTER BAZAAR.

ASTRICH BROTHERS. 13 EAST KING STREET, LANCASTER, PA.

On Wednesday, July 6, We will continue a special sale of LACES.

ASTRICH BROS. CHINA AND GLASSWARE. CHINA HALL.

JELLY TUMBLERS. COM. TUMBLERS. MASON FRUIT JARS.

HIGH & MARTIN'S, 15 EAST KING STREET.

COAL. B. B. MARTIN, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of LUMBER AND COAL.

COHO & WILEY, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in LUMBER AND COAL.

REHLY & KELLER. GOOD, CLEAN FAMILY COAL.

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.

"A PROPHET IS NOT WITHOUT A HONOR save in his own country."

True and yet like most truisms it has its exceptions. The most striking illustration of this is found in the reputation acquired by Mishler's Herb Bitters during the twenty-five years it has been before the people.

The Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, member of Congress from this district, suffering from an affection of the kidneys, could find relief in nothing else. In a letter to a friend (now in our possession) he writes: "MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS is the most wonderful combination of medicinal herbs I ever used."

The Hon. A. L. Hayes, Law Judge of the Courts of Lancaster county, writes: "I have used it myself and in my family and am satisfied that its reputation is not unwarranted."

The proprietors have in their possession thousands of letters and certificates from persons in every section of the country who have been cured of various diseases, and it is their proud boast that they have never published a line that was not genuine, nor a name that was not authorized.

A preparation thus approved alike by the most prominent officials and the great mass of the community must possess merit. In fact it is A CERTAIN REMEDY.

for purifying the blood and secretions—A QUICK AND ABSOLUTE CURE for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, all Diseases of the Kidneys, Cramp in the Stomach and every form of Indigestion—A SURE REMEDY for Intermittent Fever, Fever and Ague, and all other periodical complaints. AN IMMEDIATE RELIEF for Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus and Kindred Diseases. It is a PURE AND WHOLESOME APPETIZER, A TONIC WITHOUT A RIVAL AND A PANACEA for all Diseases of the Lungs, Heart and Throat. IT CURES Fever and Ague with greater certainty than Quinine, and in the river bottoms of the West has largely superseded that long considered specific for Chills and Fever, and the various forms of Malaria.

Its tendency to direct action upon the Kidneys renders its use peculiarly beneficial in all Diseases of this nature. It prevents the formation of Gravel, and where formed will dissolve and remove it. The aged and feeble will find it most comforting and strengthening. It remedies the frequent necessity for getting up at night and will ensure sound sleep.

PROMPT, CERTAIN AND POWERFUL IN its effects; it is so mild and gentle in its operations that it may be given with absolute safety to the youngest child.

LADIES, old and young, married and single, in every walk and condition of life will find its occasional use highly beneficial. The weary aches, the pains in the back and shoulders, the sinking, all gone feeling, nausea and headaches, will be avoided, and the pallid cheeks of the weak and debilitated will rally the rose and peach in the brightness and delicacy of their bloom. In a word it is NATURE'S OWN ASSISTANT, SOLD ONLY IN BOTTLES. Enclosed in a yellow wrapper. See that the cork is covered by a 4 cent proprietary stamp from our own private date, bearing a finely engraved portrait of Dr. B. Mishler. It is sold by all Druggists and Storekeepers. Try it.

The Mishler Herb Bitters Co., SOLE PROPRIETORS, LANCASTER, PA. A WORD TO MOTHERS. If your child has worms, you will find PROF. PARKER'S PLEASANT WORM SYRUP, the SUREST, SPEEDIEST AND SWEETEST REMEDY. IT DESTROYS AND REMOVES THEM WITHOUT FAIL. No Castor Oil, Magnesia or any other after physic is required. It is so pleasant that even the youngest child will take it readily. Ask for Prof. Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup and Take No Other. Sold by all Druggists and Storekeepers. Price 25 cents per Bottle.