DRY GOODS.

TOHN A. CHARLES.

TOHN B. ROTH.

LANE & CO.

Goods Offered at Great Bargains, AT THE OLD RELIABLE STAND.

No. 24 East King Street.

SILK DEPARTMENT,—Special Inducements in Black and Colored Silks.

The general DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT constantly being added to and prices ked down to promote quick sales.

MOURNING GOODS DEPARTMENT complete in all its details.

CARPETINGS, QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE in immense variety and at very

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT unsurpassed in quantity and quality, and goods in all the

JACOB M. MARKS,

JOHN A. CHARLES.

JOHN R. ROTH.

I RON BITTERS.

IRON RITTERS. I RON BITTERS.

IRON BITTERS!

A TRUE TONIC.

SURE APPETISER.

IRON BITTERS are highly recommended for all diseases requiring a certain and effi-INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, INTERMITTENT FEVERS, WANT OF APPE-TITE, LOSS OF STRENGTH, LACK OF ENERGY, &c.

It enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new life to the nerves. It acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as Tasting the Food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, &c. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache. Sold by all druggists. Write for the A B C Book, 32 pp. of useful and amusing reading—sent free.

BROWN CHEMICAL COMPANY,

street. Lancaster.

BALTIMORE, MD. For Sale at COCHRAN'S DRUG STORE, 137 and 139 North Queen

(BOTHING!

Chothing:

Anyone having neglected or put off getting themselves a SPRING OR SUMMER SUIT will do well to call at CENTRE HALL, No. 12 EAST KING STREET.

MYERS & RATHFON.

The LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN THE STATE OUTSIDE OF PHILADELPHIA. We

Spring and Summer Goods

At reduced prices, in order to make room for our coming Fall Stock. If you want a Ready Made Suit you can be suited for a very small amount of money.

If you prefer being measured and having a Suit made to order you can find no better stock to select from and at such prices as will astonish you. Indeed the prices are so low that no one need go about in a shabby suit these days.

Just think of it, we can furnish you with

COAT, PANTS AND VEST

to keep cool in, for the the enormous amount of THREE DOLLARS. Yes, for a man to wear and a big man too. Call and see and be suited and save money. We employ the best experi

MYERS & RATHFON. CENTRE HALL,

No. 12 EAST KING STREET,

PLUMBER'S SUPPLIES.

TOUN L. ARNOLD.

JOHN 1., ARNOLD.

PLUMBERS' SUPPLY HOUSE

BATH BOILERS. WATER CLOSETS. IRON HYDRANTS. KITCHEN SINKS, WASH STANDS. GAS GLOBES. TRON FITTINGS,

GUM TUBING, LEAD TRAPS TRON PAVE WASHES,

STEAM COCKS, CHECK VALVES, LEAD PIPE, HYDRANT COCKS. GAS COCKS. CURB STOPS, GLOVE VALVES.

WROUGHT IRON PIPE, CENTRE PIECES, TIN PLATE, FRENCH RANGES FOR HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

LANCASTER, PENN'A.

GAS FIXTURES, ROOFING SLATE,

JOHN L. ARNOLD.

Nos. 11, 13 & 15 EAST ORANGE STREET, LANCASTER, PA.

LIVERY STABLE.

LMRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE.

LURST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE.

HOUGHTON'S FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE!

Five First-Class New Omnibuses to Hire at Low Rates, for Private, Public & Sunday School Picnics.

First-Class Driving Horses, Buggies and Phaetons to Hire, at No. 221 NORTH QUEEN STREET.

69-FORMERLY ZECHER ERO.S' OLD LIVERY STAND.

PAPERHANGINGS, &c. WALL PAPER, &C.

We have opened some New Patterns of

WALLPAPERS Elegant Styles in all Grades of Goods. Rem-nants and Odds and Ends that have accumu-lated during the past Spring will be sold out low to make room for other stock. Among

Fancy Window Shades

in six and seven feet lengths. Plain Cloth by the yard in all colors and widths. Spring and Cord Fixtures, Scotch and American Hollands. Measures taken and shades hung promptly.

EXTENSION CORNICES

in large variety. Ebony and Walnut Curtain Poles. Orders taken for Fine Mirrors. We

WIRESCREENS FOR WINDOWS.

put up in very best manner, Figured, Plain and Landscape.

PHARES W. FRY

NO. 57 NORTH QUEEN ST. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

THE

ALBRECHT PIANOS Are the Cheapest, because they are the Best. I. B. HERR, Agent.

No. 8 East Orange Street,

DURE WINES AND LIQUORS; ALSO Druggist's 95 per cent. Alcohol, at
A. Z. RINGWALT'S Cheap Grocery and Liquor Store, No. 2% West King Street.

BUOKS AND STATIONERY.

L. M. FLYNN'S.

No. 42 WEST KING STREET.

MacKINNON PEN

The most popular Pen made, as it has greater

strength, greater ink capacity, and is more convenient for the pocket, than any now in

use.

With one filling it will write from seventy to eighty pages of foolscap paper, does the work in a third time less, and with less fatigue than attends the writing of twenty pages with the

ordinary pen.

The writing point being Iridium (called by gold pen makers Diamond), it will wear an ordinary lifetime.

The manufacturers guarantee to keep every Pen in good working order for three years, and it the point shows any signs of wear in that time to repoint free of charge.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE MACKINNON

PEN IN LANCASTER.

15 and 17 NORTH QUEEN STREET,

LANCASTER, PA.

that time to repoint free of charge

AND MAGAZINES,

NEW AND CHOICE

STATIONERY.

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.

Mishler's Herb Bitters during the twenty five years it has been before the people Growing from small beginnings as simply a local remedy, it has steadily worked its way is it more highly regarded than right here at home, in the scenes of its earliest victories over disease. You can scarcely find a man, woman or child in Lancaster county, who, at some time or other, has not used it, and the testimony of all is given in its praise. The farmer, the mechanic, laboring men and wo men, the merchant, the clergyman, the banker, the lawyer; people in every walk and condition of life are all alike familiar with its

The Hon, Thaddens Stevens, member of Congress from this district, suffering from an affection of the Kidneys, could find relief in nothing else. In a letter to a friend (now in our possession) he writes: "MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS is the most wonderful combination of medicinal herbs I ever saw."

The Hon, A. L. Hayes, Law Judge of the Courts of Lancaster county, wiltes: "I have ised it myself and in my family and am satisfied that its reputation is not unmerited."

ter city for 10 years, writes: "It has become familiar as a household word, and a necessary addition to the medical requirements of every and what we saw and what we thought family. In my opinion it is THE BEST REM-EDY EVER INTRODUCED."

Jacob F. Frey, e-q., Sheriff of Lancaster

J. O. Steinhauser, Superintendent of the Lancaster County Hospita!, testifles to its success in that institution in the treatment of Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, Liver Complaint, Rheumatism, Asthma and Scrofula, and this testimony is endorsed from a like experience by A. Fairer, esq., Steward of the Lancaster County Almshouse.

of the most remarkable is the case of Isaac furnished any better. Mr. Wiley had from the top, and it will leave the room Saltzer, of Mayerstown, Lebanon county, Pa., charge of a class of a grade higher than of its own accord, after it explores it and pork diet. We have two large jars of seabs told us what they knew of natural philos which he saved and brought to us as a curios ophy in a very short time and in lights burning in the rooms, and an occasity. He has not two square inches on his entire body that is not marked with a scar, yet seemed a little more familiar with man occupants of the room. Therefore, Mishler's Herb Bitters cured him.

storekeepers in almost every town, village and hamlet throughout the length and breadth of this great country, and everywhere the same

physicians rely upon it in every emergency and it never fails them : with it in the house they feel, yes they know, they are safe against the attacks of disease. It has earned, it possesses and will continue to deserve the confi-

of the community must posses merit. In fact

A CERTAIN REMEDY.

QUICK AND ABSOLUTE CURE for Dysother periodical Complaints. AN IMMEDIgreater certainty than Quinine, and in the river bottoms of the West has largely superceded Fever, and the various forms of Malaria-

ing, it remedies the frequent necessity for getting up at night and will ensure sound

operations that it may be given with absolute

rival the rose and peach in the brightness and delicacy of their bloom. In a word it is

NATURE'S OWN ASSISTANT. SOLD ONLY IN BOTTLES

Enclosed in a yellow wrapper. See that the cork is covered by a 4 cent proprietary stamp from our own private date, bearing a finely engraved portrait of Dr. B. Mishler

The Mishler Herb Bitters Co., SOLE PROPRIETORS,

A WORD TO MOTHERS.

PROF, PARKER'S PLEASANT WORM SYRUP, the Safest, Speediest and Surest Remedy. IT DESTROYS AND REMOVES THEM WITHOUT FAIL. No Castor Oil, arises not from distant and cold reserve or railroad, a resident of Scranton, brought Magnesia or any other after physic is required. It is so pleasant that even the youngest child will take it readily.

No Other.

Lancaster Intelligencer.

The Lancaster Intelligencer.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 6, 1881. Mount Joy. The Soldiers' Orphan School. For the INTRILIGENCER Near the terminus of Barbara street, on the nothern limits of this borough, is the home for the sons and daughters of disabled soldiers, who fought during the late civil war. The building faces a spacious

> very refreshing appearance. It was this place that a few days ago we determined to visit, in company with a friend. We spent a whole day here some two years ago on the occasion of an annual examination. The examination is near again, and believing it to be a fact that at soldiers' orphans schools as well as elsewhree, the boys and girls bring forth their best bib and tucker," and things in general are made to wear their "Sunday best" see the school in its everyday appearance, We carried our intention into effect and now proceed to lay the result of our ob servations before the readers of the INTEL LIGENCER. We took no notes, measured none of the yards, didn't count the noses, but remember being informed that there are 294 girls and boys in attendance.

We saw the school, pupils and teachers,

yard thickly planted with trees, which,

brough the summer months, gives it a

we will tell in our own way.

Having met the principal, Mr. M. J.

Brecht, a graduate of the Millersville state normal school, at the main entrance, we were cenducted through a hall and recitation room, then to a little room used for a recitation room, very plainly furnished with several benches, chairs and black-board. Here Miss Beitzell was busily conducting a recitation or review, for we were told until examinations begin the pupils will not study any advanced lessons. It was a class in United States history. The young lady had them well booked and knew how to show them off to an advantage, impressing us with the opinion that the young lady is well qualified for the profession in which she is engaged. We waited, however, in vain for a display of their knowledge of general information. After a short time with the prejudices, and they have never been at class in history, we left the room through any pains to dissipate them; and "finally" another door and found ourselves in when a bat enters a room through an open miracles, but the facts are indisputable. One another room somewhat smaller, but not door or a window, draw the sash down

the branch. The pupils showed a readiness to tell all they knew. We soon retraced our steps through the room where we first listened to a recitation, and being led to the room where Miss Morgan was reviewing a class of very small pupils in yerdict is recorded.

Thousands of families far removed from physiology. They spoke very familiarly of the study, and if we should award a prize for proticiency that class would certainly take the cake. Miss Gallagher was drawing out a class in political geography in a room much larger than any of the others we had visited. We were very much pleased with the way she conducted the recitation. Instead of asking questions herself the pupils had that privilege. Each one was allowed to state a question and then refer it to whom he wished. A lively interest was kept up throughout the recitation and the method

appeared to us a good incentive. The room in which the principal wields the "birch and rule" was next visited. It has a capacity of seating less than two be separated from it. It seems to me that hundred pupils. The walls were not decorated, but things will be "fixed" up disposition to attack any person or thing, nicely for examination day. As it was it it would be in defense of her offspring. was pleasant enough for anyone. Here The female bat has but two mamme, and the students do their studying. No study is done in the evening, a dis- they are in the genus Homo. Very freadvantage not to be overcome at this quently she has twins, and when she flies for two hours each day each section is thumbs on the wing hands and the claws this time they are detailed to do work, to her body. If one of these young should assist the heads of the different industrial happen to fall on a human head, it would departments. Thus each child is obliged to study and recite six hours a day. In this room they have chapel exercises every day. We heard them sing here under the direction of Mr. Wiley. Here, too, the

Sabbath school meets every Sunday, Mr. John McFarland, superintendent.
The rooms throughout the building were clean and everything was evidently in a good condition. The building is too small, making it very inconvenient.

Every year each boy is furnished with a suit of dark blue and a pair of pantaloons several shades lighter, and other clothing necessary to his comfort. Their clothing is kept in one room in a building, forming a part of the west side of the boys playground. In this yard the boys are allowed off. Finally, nearly all these prevalent o play, and no one is permitted to leave the premises unless by permission. This is the ground where the boys drill every evening when the weather is favorable. They are under the supervision of Mr. Page who is manager. In this yard we witnessed a drill for three quarters of an hour. There are three companies, all three are well drilled. They drilled under disadvantages. Parts of the surface were covered with sharp stones, and some of the boys being with shoes, some without, interfered much with the step. When the boys get on their best it will add much

to their soldierly apppearance.

A young physician of this borough who was with us and the principal, the former having received his military education at Millersville and the latter on the plains of Rapho, asked my friend and me to pass an opinion as to who, in our military judgment, was the best captain. Singularly enough they had selected the same one and thought probably with our endorsement it would settle the matter. We didn't venture an opinion. Our friend, who didn't know a captain from a corporal, did. He also reached one con clusion, with which we agree, that there is considerable "red tape" connected with the drill. Our friend became quite serious about the matter, and it maybe that he will attempt to revise the manual. For

The government of the school is as a whole, tempered with kindness. It is well disciplined throughout, and good dues harmless acts lest control passes from veins Mann bled to death in about fifteen his feeble grasp.

More About Bats.

More About Bats.

Editors Intelligencer: I have read with great interest the valuable paper written by our distinguished townsman and naturalist, Dr. S. S. Rathven, upon the character and habits of the bat, printed in your issue of Tuesday evening. One point to which no allusion is made in the doctor's contribution, though mentioned by his correspondent, is as to the reason why people invariably seek to protect their heads upon the appearance of a bat at close range. The general belief is entertained by people that if one of these night-flying animals should happen to alight on the head of an unfortunate wight, it would be impossible to loosen its hold upon the hair, and that it would be necessary to shave the scalp to get rid of it. Then there is another very prevalent impression essary to shave the scalp to get rid of it. Then there is another very prevalent impression that bats carry noxious vermin concealed under their winge, and that their malign habit upon invading the precints of the tidy housewife is to deposit bed-bugs and things around the premises. I don't know whether either of these impressions is correct. Will some one please rise and explain?

On re-reading the communication of 'J.," and, in connection, that of "Ignoramus," I find that an apology is due from me for not answering more directly the queries of the former, which, perhaps, might not have necessitated those of the latter. But, I was pressed for time, and the omission was inadvertent.

To the first query of "J." allow me to reply that the "heroism" involved in his conflict with the "monster," would depend altogether upon his prejudices, or when the officials came around we em- suspicions, in regard to the character of braced the opportunity of our friend's the bat. It might have been heroic in him. invitation to accompany him expecting to but it would not have been heroic in me. As a child, a boy and and a man, I have had more or less knowledge of the bat for more than sixty years, and yet I have never known, or heard, of itattacking any person or thing except insects. I would consider it a far greater act of heroism to conquer a prejudice than a bat. "In war chance may place the laurel wreath upon our brow, and chance may pluck it off again; but in a conflict with ourselves we should be resolute, and the virtuous impulse will become the victor.'

To J.'s second query we would reply, that we do not think—we do not believe the bat a "dangerous creature." We have helped to storm several bat-teries in our lifetime, and have never known them to essay an attack or a defence. We have never read anything, either in authenticated natural history or elsewhere, that they have ever made an attempt to attack their enemies, or defend themselves against invasion. They uniformly make a precipitate retreat, when they have sufficient

vital power to do so. I confess in reply to J's third query, cannot tell why "nine out of ten cover their heads the minute they see a bat, nor why the proportion really do so. It is probably the effect of early imbibed finds no insects there. During warm summer evenings insects are attracted by very good way. They soon ional bat will follow an insect there, but erson: "He accuses Hamilton of being a like "Uncle Toby," I would open the window and say as he did to the fly, "Go in, cite coal alone the resources and wealth of peace, the world is wide enough for thee and me."

In reply to "Ignoramus" I would say that I do not think the belief is "general," that bats alight upon people's heads, although some may entertain such a notion and I doubt whether any one can tell why they believe it; nevertheless such a thing might accidentally occur. Bats are known to have a remarkably strong affection for their young. Peale records that a young half grown, fell from a tree in a public square in Philadelphia, which was given to him, and as he was taking it to the museum in the evening the mother bat hover ed around him for two squares, and before he entered the building she alighted on his breast, from pure affection for her offspring, and allowed herselt to be captured without resistance, rather than if ever a mother animal would manifest a these are located on the breast just as place. The teachers are employed at abroad in quest of food she carries her teaching eight hours every day. The stu- young with her, they adhering to her body dents are divided into four sections and by the teats, and by affixing the hooked absent from school room duties. During on the hinder feet to the fur that covers be likely to cling as closely as it had clung to its mother. The necessity of shaving the head to loosen it is doubtless an exaggeration.

The motion that bats disseminate "bed bugs" has no confirmation in fact. Bats, like nearly all the subjects of the animal kingdom—especially the hairy and feathered ones—are infested by parasites, but they are not bed bugs. They are a sort of "tick" and only resemble the bed bug in color. They are a branch of the Arachnin or snides along. But of all the bate I system that you are likely account of your system that you are likely as a likely at the late. It is system that you are likely as a likely at the late. or spider class. But of all the bats I have ever seen or handled I have only been able to capture three specimens. They usuall adhere very closely, hide themselves among the hair and are not likely to drop notions and impressions in regard to the bat, are mainly based upon that indefi-

nite authority popularly known under the cognomen of "They say." Perhaps many of the prejudices against the bat have come down to us from an ancient period; their singular structure has afforded poets an emblem of darknes: and terror, and hence they have consecra-ted them to *Proserpine*, the Queen of Hades. Æsop records the fabled war be-tween the birds and beasts, in which he represents the bat as unwilling to declare for either host, but hovering between both during the fight; hence it was no longer considered a beast or a bird, and was obliged to avoid appearing abroad by day or until other animals had gone to repose. But the light of science is rapidly dissipating these fabled notions. For further details of the common bat

and its cogeners I refer the above named correspondents to vol. 10, page 3 of the Lancaster Farmer (Jan. 1878) and to an essay on the same subject, read before the Linnæan society, June 26, 1880, and published in the Lancaster Farmer of that month (vol. 12, pp. 100 and 101).

That bats, when captured, open their mouths, show their teeth, and "shut

down" on any object inserted between their jaws, is not a normal test of character. They must be judged by what they the present the manager consoled him with the fact that the French have much more "red tape" connected with July 4, 1881. do from habit, and not by the pressure of

> Joseph Mann, a coal train conductor on the Delaware, Lackawanna & western Northampton county, Pa. He met his brother-in-law, Stewart Garrison, and they drew it across his right shoulder, severing the carotid arteries and the jugular minutes, Garrison escaped.

Mr. Randali.

Sketched by a Political Opponent. In his newspaper letters "Gath" thus refers to Hon. Samuel J. Randall, whom he met at the college commencement at Carlisle last week:

Mr. Samuel J. Randall, late speaker of Congress, talked with me on the economies of posies as we rode through Pennsylvania last Wednesday. He has been exhibiting Thomas Jefferson as the highest type of philanthropist and statesman to the young men of Dickinson. Of Jefferson's namesake, Jefferson Davis, he said however: "He is a selfish man and wanted to figure before the world as the head of a great empire instead of taking the advice of his generals and saving the lives and substance of his people after they pronounced military operations to be exhausted. If you want to get an insight into the selfish obstinacy of Davis go talk with his vice president, Stephens. Stephens will tell you that the wisest military heads in the Confederacy, notably General Lee and General Johnston, saw the end of the strife long before they gave it up, and toward the last saw it with great apprehension and thirst for peace. But Davis could not lay down his phantom of power. "Stephens," said Mr. Randall, with a

sort of self-confessing smile, for he was of a Whig family also, "Stephens was an old Whig, like Toombs. He has the clearest memory for dates and facts of record ever drew from. He can tell you when bill was introduced thirty years ago, how long it was pending, the points ruling upon it, and its final vote on passage. He s a pure, learned and a patriotic man." Mr. Randall said that the most remark-

able thing he had found in Jefferson's writings was his expression that "he had rather live under newspapers without government than under government without newspapers." That saying, considering the small circulation and wealth of the press in his day, was prophetic hs it was radical.

"The press," said Mr. Randall "speaks with a thousand tongues." He said the late William B. Reed, of Philadelphia, lawyer and writer, was one of the best pens and heads Philadelphia ever had. "Like Mr. Tilden, Reed influenced peo-ple wholly by brain-power, not by attenions or self interest.

Of Mr. Randall himself I remarked that his influence was exerted through a large wholesome appearance, and a pair of alluring, jovial black eyes, and a voice of womanly tension and sympathy in its higher notes. He dilates his eyes talking to anybody, with a looking up into their faces of varying enjoyment, appreciation and poetical will. The same face would get a woman a husband at fifty. His voice is mellow in public speaking, without a harsh note in it. Intense as he may be in leading a party, there is a good deal of the old Whig conservatism in his social talk. He said of Forney's lecture on Jeff-

a great state. Said I: "Have you got a farm in the country?" "Not of my own," he said. "I rent a place in the country for \$400 the It is cheaper than taking my family off to the seashore, which is very expensive. If I go to Atlantic City or some of the seashor: places I am charged more than I can afford, and my people crowded up into little rooms toward the top of the houses. For \$400 I get a good house and ground enough to furnish me with vegetables and give me milk, fresh butter, chickens and eggs. I could not begin to buy land in the region where I now am. A farm a few miles from me sold here the other day for about \$180,000, enough to make the old farmer a very rich man. They are going to cut it up into villa lots. I am about five hundred feet above the tide, which is just the proper height to get good air and good water. get my water by a ram, and it comes out of gravelly soil and is good. There is a farm, though it is not mine, connected with the place, but we are no trespassers when we go around it and get the benefit of it. I stay there all summer. I am of that age now that I have done traveling and roaming and my pleasures are do mestic. My eyes are getting pretty weak. It was as much as I could do last night to read my address, though it was brought up to my eyes by a table I had prepared for it. I always insist on eight hours sleep in the twenty-four, and if I come short of it one day I sleep out the complement of those eight hours next day. When I get home to night," said Mr. Randall, "I shall go to bed at seven

o'elock." I asked him if he suffered with the gout like Speaker Blaine, his predecessor

system that you are likely to have an attack. Then is the time to attend to it, for if it get its grip on you you will have a rough time. Look out for it, particularly when it gets up as high as your knees, for the next thing it will be in your thighs, and that is very close to the stomach, where it is fatal. I take Laville," said Mr. Randall. "It is a strong thing, but it is the most efficient of all. First of all things to look after in gout is to keep your bowels open, and when the gout leaves me and the acid has departed I can almost feel it, as if a bullet had gone through me." "How do you account for Mr. Blaine

having the gout when he has been so tem-

"Oh! well, his father or his grandfather may have had the gout. Women frequently have it, notwithstanding very good habits, and it develops from a predisposition that way, probably derived from an ancestor It is as apt to come from food and strong living as from potations."

Assaults on Rulers.

Political Assassinations for the Past Thirty Years. The following is a list of the political murders and attempts upon the lives of LACES AND LACE GOODS. rulers since 1848 :

1848-November 26-The life of the Duke of Modena was attempted. 1849--June 21-The Crown Prince of Prassia was attacked at Minden. 1850-June 28-Robert Pate, an exieutenant in the army, attempted to assassinate Queen Victoria.

1851-May 22-Sefeloque, a workman, shot at Frederick William IV., king of Prussia, and broke his forearm. 1852-September 24-An infernal machine was found at Marseilles, with which it had been intended to destroy Napoleon

1853-February 18-The Emperor Fran cis Joseph, of Austria, was grievously wounded in the head while walking on the ramparts at Vienna by a Hungarian tailor named Libzens 1853-April 16-An attempt on the life of Victor Emanuel was reported to the

1853-July 5-An attempt was made to

Italian Chamber.

kill Napoleon III, as he was entering the Opera Comique. 1854—March 20—Ferdinand Charles III., Duke of Parma, was killed by an unknown man, who stabbed him in the ab-

1855—April 28—Napoleon III. was fired at in the Champs Elysees by Giovanni Planeri.

1856—April 28—Raymond Fuentes was arrested in the act of firing on Isabella, Queen of Spain. 1856-December 8-Agesilas Milado, a

oldier, stabbed Ferdinand III., of Naples, with his bayonet. 1857-August 7-Napoleon III, again. Barcoletti, Gibaldi and Grillo were sentenced to death for coming from London

o assassinate him. 1858—January 14—Napoleon III., for the fifth time. Orsini and his associates threw fulminating bombs at him as he

was on his way to the opera. 1861-July 14-King William of Prussia was for the first time shot at by Oscar Becker, a student, at Baden-Baden. Becker fired twice at him, but missed

1862-December 18-A student named Dossios fired a pistol at Queen Amalia of Greece (Princess of Oldenberg) at Athens. 1863-December 14-Four more conpirators from London against the life of Napoleon III, were arrested at Paris. 1865-April 14-President Lincoln atally shot by J. Wilkes Booth.

1866-April 6-A Russian named Kavarasoff attempted the Czar Alexander's life at St. Petersburg, He was foiled by a peasant, who was ennobled for the deed. 1867-The Czar's life was again attempt during the great exposition at a review n the Bois de Boulogne, at Paris.

1867-June 19-Maximilian shot. 1868-June 10-Prince Michael, of Ser via, was killed by the brothers Radwaro

1871-The life of Amadeus, then newly king of Spain, was attempted. 1872-August-Colonel Gutteriez assas sinated President Balta, of the Republic of

1873-January 1-President Morales, of Bolivia, was assassmated. 1875—August—President Garcia Maeno, of Ecuador, was assassinated.

1877-June-President Gill, of Paraguay, was assassinated by Commander Molas. 1878-May 11-The Emperor William, of Germany, was shot at again, this time Emile Henri Max Hoedel, alias Lehmann, the socialist. Lehmann fired three shots at the emperor, who was returning from a drive with the Grand Duchess of Baden. but missed him. 1878—June 2—Emperor William shot at

by Dr. Nobiling while out riding. He received about thirty small shots in the neck and face. 1879-April 14-Attempted assassina tion of the Czar at St. Petersburg by one

Solowjew. He was executed May 6. 1979-December 1-The assassination of the Czar attempted by a mine under a train near Moscow. 1879-December 30-The king of Spain was shot at while driving with the queen. 1880-February 17-Attempt to kill the

Winter Palace. Eight soldiers were killed and forty-five wounded. 1881—March 13—The Czar killed by a 1881-July 2-President Garfield shot

royal family of Russia by blowing up the

Emment Physicians Emment Physicians
are prescribing that tried and true remedy,
Kidney-Wort for the worst cases of biliousness and constipation, as well as for kidney
complaints. There is scarcely a person to be
found that will not be greatly benefited by a
thorough ceurse of Kidney-Wort every spring.
It you feel out of sorts, and don't know why,
try a package of Kidney-Wort and you will
feel like a new creature.—Indianapolis Senticel like a new creature.—Indianapolis Senti-iel. jy5-lw4& w

Mr. J. Marsh, Bank of Toronto, Ont., writes:
"Biliousness and dyspepsia seem to have grown up with me; having been a sufferer for years, I have tried many remedies, but with no lasting result until I used your Burdock Blood Bitters. They have been truly a blessing to me, and I cannot speak too highly of them." Price \$1. For sale at H. B. Cochran's Drug Store, 137 North Queen street, Lancaster.

No Such Word as Fall. "I have used your Spring Blossom for dys-cepsia, headache and constipation, and find it s done me a great deal of good. I shall recommend it to my friends.
"HENRY BERTOLETTI, " May 24th. " May 24th, 96 Main Street, Buffalo," Price 50 cents. For sale at H. B. Cochran's Jug Store, 137 North Queen street, Lancaster

DRY GOODS.

SUMMER DRY GOODS

HAGER & BRO'S.

We are receiving daily New Goods for Summer Wear.

NUN'S VEHLING, Light Pink, Light Blue and Cream.

PLAIN BUNTINGS, Light Blue, Cream, Light Pink and Bronze. FRENCH FOULE,

LACE BUNTINGS,

Cream, Light Blue, Light Fink and Navy.

White, Pink, Blue and Navy. BLACK FRENCH GRENADINES, Black, Plain and Lace Bunting,

NEW SUMMER SILKS,

NEW LAWNS AND CHINTZES,

NEW DRESS GINGHAMS. Dotted Swiss Mull, Lace De India, India Lawn, Perislan Lawn, French Nainzooks and Pique Welts.

Swiss Mull Edgings and Insertings.

Nainzook Edgings and Insertings. Cream Colored Edgings and Insertings. Mirecourt, Dutchess, Spanish, Newport Point, Point De Aurellac, Valenciennes and Mattese Laces.

LACE TIES, COLLARS AND FIGHUS. SILK MITTS, LISLE GLOVES and HOSIERY.

We are closing out a large line of DRESS GOODS at very low prices.

No. 25 WEST KING STREET

LANCASTER, PA.

Lancaster, l'a.

PROPHET IS NOT WITHOUT Honor save in his own country." True and yet like most truisms it has its ex ceptions. The most striking illustration of this is found in the reputation acquired by to the foremost rank among the standard medical preparations of the age ; yet nowhere

Hon, George Sanderson, Mayor of Lancas-

county, was cured of Rheumatism.

The proprietors have in their possession sons in every section of the country who have been cured of various Diseases, and it is their proud boast that they have never published a line that was not genuine, nor a name that was not authorized. Some of these read like cured of Hereditary Scrotnia, aggravated by a the one we had just heard recite. They

To-day it is sold by druggists and country

A preparation thus approved alike by the nost prominent officials and the great mass

for purifying the Blood and secretions-A pepsia, Liver Complaint, all Diseases of the Kidneys, Cramp in the Stomach and every form of Indigestion-A SURE REMEDY for Intermittent Fever, Fever and Ague, and all ATE RELIEF for Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus and Kindred Diseases. It is a PURE AND WHOLESOME STOMACHIC; AN UNEQUALLED APPETIZER, A TONIC WITHOUT A RIVAL AND A PANACEA Throat. IT CURES Fever and Ague with

that long considered specific for Chirls and Its tendency to direct action upon the Kidneys renders its use peculiarly beneficial in all Diseases of this nature. It prevents the formation of Gravel, and where formed will lissolve and remove if. The aged and feeble will find it most comforting and strengthen-

PROMPT, CERTAIN AND POWERFUL in its effects; it is so mild and gentle in its

LADIES, old and young, married and single, in every walk and condition of life will find its occasional use highly beneficial. The weary aches, the pains in the back and shoulders, the sinking, all gone feelings, nausea and headaches, will be avoided and the pallid cheeks of the weak and debilitated will

Or FLUID PENCIL, the only Reservoir Pen in the World with a circle of Iridium Around It is sold by all Druggist and Storekeepers.

LANCASTER, PA.

Sold by all Druggists and Storekeepers Price 25 cents per Bottle.

stereotyped expressions of love which do his wite down from Scranton to attend a not even deceive little boys and girls, who festival at Mount Bethel, Williamsburg, are quick discerners of the human heart. We believe the faculty have shown by their Ask for Prof. Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup and Take

Welfare and for that end they are faithfulwelfare and for that end they are faithfuland plunged it into Mann's side and then ly laboring. The exercise of over-discip-line is cruel and a weak disciplinarian sub-