

THIRD EDITION.

SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 2, 1881.

THE PRESIDENT SHOT.

A TERRIBLE CRIME IN WASHINGTON.

THE WOULD-BE ASSASSIN ARRESTED.

INJURIES NOT NECESSARILY FATAL.

THE ASSASSIN AN OFFICE HUNTER.

IDENTICAL ACCOUNT OF THE SHOOTING OF PRESIDENT GARFIELD IN THE B. & P. R. R. DEPOT AT WASHINGTON THIS MORNING, WHILE WAITING FOR A TRAIN.

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and he says he is an attorney at law in Chicago.

The Star says in an extra just issued that when the assassin was arrested he said: "I did it and want to be arrested. I am a Stalwart and Arthur is president now. I have a letter here that I want you to give to General Sherman, it will explain everything. Take me to the police station."

The President's Condition Improved. 11:30 a. m.—The condition of the president is very much improved. Immediately after the shooting his pulse went down to 53, and his face, as he was removed to the White House, was of an ashen hue. His pulse has now recovered to 63, and his color is returning somewhat to his face. His general symptoms, moreover, denote a very considerable improvement.

It is not thought wise to make any further attempts at present to withdraw the bullets, and it is difficult to determine until a thorough examination is made how serious the internal injuries may be. Surface indications, however, give good ground for hoping that the president will rally.

Disappointment and Insanity. Charles Gettau, the would-be assassin, is of foreign birth, and has been a very persistent applicant for a consular position. He has haunted the executive mansion for several weeks, and his disappointment in not getting what he wanted led to a temporary aberration of mind.

To Probe for the Bullets. 11:35 a. m.—President Garfield's strength is increasing every minute and he is quite cheerful. The physicians announce that as soon as his pulse reaches seventy another attempt will be made to probe for the bullets.

The president continues to improve. The physicians have not as yet tried to reach the ball.

Mrs. Garfield Provided with a Special Car. PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—The Pennsylvania railroad has ordered a locomotive and car at Jersey City to carry Mrs. Garfield to Washington. She had arranged to meet her husband at Jersey City to-day, and left Long Branch this morning on the Central railroad of New Jersey for Jersey City. The message informing her of the attempted assassination is awaiting her arrival at the latter place. There is much excitement here.

Secretary Blaine's Official Bulletin of the Tragedy. The following has been forwarded by cable: DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2, 1881.

The President of the United States was shot this morning by an assassin named Charles Guiteau. The weapon was a large sized revolver. The president had just reached the Baltimore & Potomac station at about 30 minutes past 9, intending, with a portion of his cabinet, to leave on the limited express for New York. I rode in the carriage with him from the executive mansion and was walking by his side when he was shot. The assassin was immediately arrested and the president was conveyed to a private room in the station building and surgical aid at once summoned. He has now (30 minutes past 10) been removed to the executive mansion. The surgeons in consultation regard his wounds as very serious though not necessarily fatal. His vigorous health gives strong hopes of his recovery. He has not lost consciousness for a moment. Inform ministers in Europe. [Signed] JAMES G. BLAINE, Secretary of State.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2.—The librarian of the navy department has been before the attorney general. He states that Guiteau was one of Farwell's supporters in the effort to break the unit rule in the Chicago convention and says that Guiteau was in the habit of calling at the library room and telling how he had been treated by Secretary Blaine.

Dr. Bliss Issues a Bulletin. The following official bulletin with regard to the condition of the president has just been issued: EXECUTIVE MANSION, 12:35 p. m.—The reaction from the shock has been very gradual. He is suffering some pain, but it is thought best not to disturb him by making any exploration for the ball until after the consultation at 3 p. m. [Signed] D. W. BLISS, M. D.

The following physicians are in consultation at the executive mansion: Drs. Bliss, Ford, Huntington, Woodward (U. S.) Townsend, Lincoln, Ruyburn, Norris, Purvis, Patterson, Surgeon General Barnes and Surgeon General Wales. Bulletins of the president's condition from the executive mansion will hereafter be telegraphed every half hour.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The district jail, a large brownstone structure, situated at the eastern extremity of the city, was visited by an associated press reporter shortly after 11 o'clock this morning for the purpose of obtaining an interview with Chas. Guiteau, the would-be assassin of President Garfield. The officers refused admittance to the building stating as the reason therefore that they were acting under instructions from Attorney General MacVeagh, the purport of which was that no one should be allowed to see the prisoner. At first, indeed, the officers emphatically denied that the man had been conveyed to the jail, fearing, it appears, that should the fact be made known that he was there the building would be attacked by a mob.

Information had reached them that such a movement was contemplated. A large guard, composed of regulars from the barracks and Metropolitan forces, are momentarily expected to arrive at the jail, to be in readiness to repel any attack.

Pen Portrait of the Murderer. The statement that the assassin is Guiteau was verified by the officer in charge of the jail. The prisoner arrived, and was placed in a cell about 10:30 o'clock, just one hour after the shooting occurred. He gave his name as Charles Guiteau, of Chicago, Illinois. In appearance he is a man of about 30 years of age and is supposed to be of French descent. His height is about 5 feet 5 inches. He has a sandy complexion and is light, weighing not more than 120 pounds. He wears a mustache and light whiskers has wavy cheeks, and eyes far apart from each other giving him a sullen, or, as the official describes it, "loony appearance." The officer in question gave it as his opinion that Guiteau is a Chicago communist, and stated that he has noticed it to be a peculiarity of nearly all

murderers that their eyes were far apart, and Guiteau, he said, "proves no exception to the rule." When the prisoner arrived at the jail he was neatly attired in a suit of blue, wore a drab hat pulled down over his eyes, giving him the appearance of an ugly character.

Guiteau's Grim Humor. It may be worthy of note to state that some two or three weeks ago Guiteau went to the jail for the purpose of visiting it, but was refused admittance on the ground that it was not "visiting day." He at that time mentioned his name, Guiteau, and said he came from Chicago. When brought to the jail to-day, he was admitted by the officer who had previously refused to allow him to enter, and a mutual recognition took place, Guiteau saying: "You are the man who would not let me go through the jail the other time." The only other remark he made before being placed in his cell was that Gen. Sherman would arrive at the jail soon. The two jailors who are now guarding his cell, state that they have seen him around the jail several times recently, and that on one occasion he appeared to be under the influence of liquor. On one of his visits subsequent to the first one mentioned these officers say that Guiteau succeeded in reaching the rotunda of the building, when he was noticed examining the scaffold from which Hirth murdered was hanged.

Pursuant to his orders from the attorney general the officer in charge of the jail declined to give any further information, nor would he state in what cell the prisoner was confined. This officer was attendant at the old city jail at the time of the assassination of President Lincoln.

The following letter was taken from the prisoner's pocket at police headquarters: JULY 2, 1881. To the White House: The president's tragic death was a sad necessity, but it will unite the Republican party and save the republic. Life is a flimsy dream and it matters little when one goes to a better world. I was a Stalwart and the rest of our men during the war were thousands of brave boys went down without a tear. I presume the president was a Christian and that he will be happier in Paradise than here. It is much better for Mrs. Garfield, dear soul, to part with her husband this way than by natural death. I will be glad to go at any time anyway, I had no ill will toward the president. His death was a political necessity. I am a lawyer, a theologian, a politician. I am a Stalwart of Stalwarts. I was with Gen. Grant and the rest of our men during the canvass. I have some papers for the press which I shall leave with Byron Andrews and his co-journalists at 1430 New York avenue, where all the reporters can see them. I am going to the jail. [Signed] CHARLES GUITEAU.

The papers referred to above have not yet been given out for publication. Byron Andrews, who is the Washington correspondent of the Chicago Inter-Ocean, says that while it is true a package of papers are in the hands of the police accompanied by a note, addressed to himself (Andrews) he has no personal acquaintance with Guiteau and never heard of his existence until this morning. From what he has gathered from the police Andrews believes that Guiteau's home is in Freeport, Ill.

The Letter to Gen. Sherman. The following letter was found on the street shortly after Guiteau's arrest, with the envelope unsealed and addressed, "Please deliver at once to Gen. Sherman, or his first assistant in charge of the war department":

To Gen. Sherman: I have just shot the president. I wish to go as easily as possible. His death was a political necessity. I am a lawyer, theologian and politician. I was with Gen. Grant and the rest of our men in New York during the canvass. I will be glad to go at any time anyway, I had no ill will toward the president. His death was a political necessity. I am a lawyer, a theologian, a politician. I am a Stalwart of Stalwarts. I was with Gen. Grant and the rest of our men during the canvass. I have some papers for the press which I shall leave with Byron Andrews and his co-journalists at 1430 New York avenue, where all the reporters can see them. I am going to the jail. [Signed] CHARLES GUITEAU.

On receiving the above Gen. Sherman gave the following endorsement: HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2, 1881. This letter XXX was handed me this minute by Maj. Wm. J. Twining, U. S. engineer's commissioner of the District of Columbia, and Maj. Wm. G. Brock, chief of police. I don't know the writer; never heard of or saw him to my knowledge, and hereby return to the keeper of the above named parties as testimony in the case. [Signed] WM. T. SHERMAN, General.

Hoping for the Best. 12:30 p. m.—Doctor Lincoln, who has just left the president, denies the report that he said "President Garfield will not live two hours." Dr. Lincoln says the wound is very serious but not necessarily fatal. An effort has just been made to probe for the ball but without reaching it. Another attempt will soon be made, and until the direction taken by the ball is known the extent of the injuries, and immediate danger cannot be known. There are at present no signs of serious internal hemorrhage and very little external bleeding. A consultation of the most eminent surgeons of the city will be had at 3 o'clock. The doctors at this hour hope for the best.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2, 1 p. m.—The president is somewhat restless, but is suffering less pain. Pulse 112; some nausea and vomiting has recently occurred; considerable hemorrhage has taken place from the wound. [Signed] D. M. BLISS, M. D.

The Vice President Notified. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2.—The following dispatch has just been telegraphed: WASHINGTON, July 2.—To Hon. C. A. Arthur, Vice President, New York: At this hour (1 p. m.) the president's symptoms are not regarded as unfavorable, but no definite assurance can be given until after the probing of the wound at 3 o'clock. There are strong grounds for hope, and at the same time the gravest anxiety as to the final result. [Signed] JAS. G. BLAINE, Secretary of State.

Unfavorable Symptoms. WASHINGTON, July 2, 2:30 p. m.—The president's symptoms at this time are more unfavorable. It is thought there is an internal hemorrhage. 2:30 p. m.—The president's symptoms continue to grow more unfavorable. Dr. Townsend's Statement. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2.—Doctor Townsend, health officer of the District, in conversation this afternoon said: "I am not at present when I arrived at the Baltimore & Potomac depot, about five minutes after the shooting occurred, in a vomiting and panting condition. I had his head lowered which had been elevated by the attendant, and administered aromatic spirits of ammonia and brandy to revive him. This had the desired effect. The president remaining unconscious was asked where he felt the most pain; he replied, in the right leg and foot. He examined the wound, introducing his fingers, which

caused a slight hemorrhage. I then decided to have him moved up-stairs from the crowd. Shortly after getting him there Doctors Smith and Purvis arrived, and upon consultation with them it was decided to remove him to the White House. Dr. Smith and myself accompanied the president in the ambulance to the White House, where another examination was made and stimulants again administered. An ineffectual attempt was made to trace the cause of the hemorrhage, but the president suffering much pain, a hypodermic injection of morphia was administered.

Doctor Townsend left the president afterwards somewhat recovered. The doctor said at 2 p. m. that he could not give an intelligent opinion as yet, but pronounced the wound as dangerous, but not necessarily fatal.

The President's Death Expected. WASHINGTON, D. C., 2:40 p. m.—Dr. Beckwith, an old physician of the president, says that President Garfield has but few chances of recovery, and that he may not live twelve hours. The general impression at the executive mansion is that the president is sinking.

Worse and Worse. EXECUTIVE MANSION 2:45 p. m.—No official bulletin has been furnished by Dr. Bliss since 1 o'clock. The condition of the president has been growing more unfavorable since that time. Internal hemorrhage is taking place and the gravest fears are felt as to the result.

Mrs. Garfield on Route. PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—Mrs. Garfield left Long Branch at 12:40 in a special train on the Pennsylvania railroad, and will arrive at Monmouth Junction at 2 p. m., West Philadelphia 3, and Washington about 7 p. m.

Excitement in the Stock Market. PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—12:50 p. m.—The stock market shows increasing excitement and prices on some of the stocks are breaking badly. The stock exchange passed a resolution to continue in session during the afternoon. Northern Pacific common is quoted at 40.

The Assassin. CHICAGO, July 2.—Charles J. Guiteau has been known here for the past twelve years, and he had been considered as a more than half insane. He may have had French blood in his veins, but was to all appearance an American. He was a married man, but childless and a general nuisance.

An Eye Witness relates the Story. Special to the INTELLIGENCER. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2, 3 p. m.—Mr. James R. Young, executive clerk of the Senate, was on the platform to leave on the same train. He says: "I was talking to Postmaster General James, when his son, was in the street looking for the president's carriage, rushed to his father and said, 'the president is shot,' and we rushed to the place and there was Garfield being carried to the ladies' room. A room and mattress were secured and he was laid down. He said nothing and his face bore a look as if he was suffering internally. I noticed that at about the middle of the abdomen there were great stains on his shirt, which indicated that the intestines had been pierced by the bullet. The crowd soon became so great that it was necessary to take the president to one of the upper rooms. There were a hundred people about the depot at the time."

[The above dispatches close the regular associated press reports. The bulletins issued every few minutes from the White House are, however, received at the INTELLIGENCER, and also prompt advices from our Washington correspondent. Any further particulars received or changes reported in the president's condition will appear in our later editions. EDs. INTELLIGENCER.]

WEATHER INDICATIONS. WASHINGTON, July 2.—For the Middle Atlantic states warmer fair weather, variable winds, stationary or lower barometer.

MARKETS. Live Stock. CHICAGO.—Hogs—Receipts, 24,000 head; shipments, 4,000 head; 2000 quality active and 1000 higher; mixed packing, \$15.00 per lb; light, \$14.00 per lb; heavy, \$13.00 per lb. Cattle—Receipts, 3,000 head; shipments, 3,500 head; market active; all desirable grades stronger; no choice exports here and quoted at \$1.00 per lb; 2000 quality active and 1000 higher; mixed packing, \$15.00 per lb; light, \$14.00 per lb; heavy, \$13.00 per lb. Sheep—Receipts, 1,000 head; shipments, 1,500 head; market active; all desirable grades stronger; no choice exports here and quoted at \$1.00 per lb; 2000 quality active and 1000 higher; mixed packing, \$15.00 per lb; light, \$14.00 per lb; heavy, \$13.00 per lb.

Stocks. New York, Philadelphia and Local Stocks also United States Bonds reported daily by Jacob B. Loring, N. E. Cor. Centre Square, New York, Stock Exchange.

Money. A. M. P. M. F. M. 1880 189 3.00 1891 188 3.00 1892 187 3.00 1893 186 3.00 1894 185 3.00 1895 184 3.00 1896 183 3.00 1897 182 3.00 1898 181 3.00 1899 180 3.00 1900 179 3.00 1901 178 3.00 1902 177 3.00 1903 176 3.00 1904 175 3.00 1905 174 3.00 1906 173 3.00 1907 172 3.00 1908 171 3.00 1909 170 3.00 1910 169 3.00 1911 168 3.00 1912 167 3.00 1913 166 3.00 1914 165 3.00 1915 164 3.00 1916 163 3.00 1917 162 3.00 1918 161 3.00 1919 160 3.00 1920 159 3.00 1921 158 3.00 1922 157 3.00 1923 156 3.00 1924 155 3.00 1925 154 3.00 1926 153 3.00 1927 152 3.00 1928 151 3.00 1929 150 3.00 1930 149 3.00 1931 148 3.00 1932 147 3.00 1933 146 3.00 1934 145 3.00 1935 144 3.00 1936 143 3.00 1937 142 3.00 1938 141 3.00 1939 140 3.00 1940 139 3.00 1941 138 3.00 1942 137 3.00 1943 136 3.00 1944 135 3.00 1945 134 3.00 1946 133 3.00 1947 132 3.00 1948 131 3.00 1949 130 3.00 1950 129 3.00 1951 128 3.00 1952 127 3.00 1953 126 3.00 1954 125 3.00 1955 124 3.00 1956 123 3.00 1957 122 3.00 1958 121 3.00 1959 120 3.00 1960 119 3.00 1961 118 3.00 1962 117 3.00 1963 116 3.00 1964 115 3.00 1965 114 3.00 1966 113 3.00 1967 112 3.00 1968 111 3.00 1969 110 3.00 1970 109 3.00 1971 108 3.00 1972 107 3.00 1973 106 3.00 1974 105 3.00 1975 104 3.00 1976 103 3.00 1977 102 3.00 1978 101 3.00 1979 100 3.00 1980 99 3.00 1981 98 3.00 1982 97 3.00 1983 96 3.00 1984 95 3.00 1985 94 3.00 1986 93 3.00 1987 92 3.00 1988 91 3.00 1989 90 3.00 1990 89 3.00 1991 88 3.00 1992 87 3.00 1993 86 3.00 1994 85 3.00 1995 84 3.00 1996 83 3.00 1997 82 3.00 1998 81 3.00 1999 80 3.00 2000 79 3.00 2001 78 3.00 2002 77 3.00 2003 76 3.00 2004 75 3.00 2005 74 3.00 2006 73 3.00 2007 72 3.00 2008 71 3.00 2009 70 3.00 2010 69 3.00 2011 68 3.00 2012 67 3.00 2013 66 3.00 2014 65 3.00 2015 64 3.00 2016 63 3.00 2017 62 3.00 2018 61 3.00 2019 60 3.00 2020 59 3.00 2021 58 3.00 2022 57 3.00 2023 56 3.00 2024 55 3.00 2025 54 3.00 2026 53 3.00 2027 52 3.00 2028 51 3.00 2029 50 3.00 2030 49 3.00 2031 48 3.00 2032 47 3.00 2033 46 3.00 2034 45 3.00 2035 44 3.00 2036 43 3.00 2037 42 3.00 2038 41 3.00 2039 40 3.00 2040 39 3.00 2041 38 3.00 2042 37 3.00 2043 36 3.00 2044 35 3.00 2045 34 3.00 2046 33 3.00 2047 32 3.00 2048 31 3.00 2049 30 3.00 2050 29 3.00 2051 28 3.00 2052 27 3.00 2053 26 3.00 2054 25 3.00 2055 24 3.00 2056 23 3.00 2057 22 3.00 2058 21 3.00 2059 20 3.00 2060 19 3.00 2061 18 3.00 2062 17 3.00 2063 16 3.00 2064 15 3.00 2065 14 3.00 2066 13 3.00 2067 12 3.00 2068 11 3.00 2069 10 3.00 2070 9 3.00 2071 8 3.00 2072 7 3.00 2073 6 3.00 2074 5 3.00 2075 4 3.00 2076 3 3.00 2077 2 3.00 2078 1 3.00 2079 0 3.00 2080 0 3.00 2081 0 3.00 2082 0 3.00 2083 0 3.00 2084 0 3.00 2085 0 3.00 2086 0 3.00 2087 0 3.00 2088 0 3.00 2089 0 3.00 2090 0 3.00 2091 0 3.00 2092 0 3.00 2093 0 3.00 2094 0 3.00 2095 0 3.00 2096 0 3.00 2097 0 3.00 2098 0 3.00 2099 0 3.00 2100 0 3.00

CHINA AND GLASSWARE. DECORATED WARE. CHINA HALL. Haviland Decorated China, Fruit Saucers, Berry Sets, Compotters, Tea-Tea Sets, Fruit Plates, Pitchers, Cuckoo-Pots, etc. WEDGWOOD MAJOLICA. Majolica, Berry Sets, Fruit Saucers, Bread Plates, Tea Sets, Pitchers, Butterers, etc. Latest Shapes and Styles. Call and see them at HIGH & MARTIN'S, 15 EAST KING STREET.

LIQUID OR DRY. Some people prefer to purchase medicines in the dry state so that they can see for them selves that they are purely vegetable. Others have not the time or desire to prepare the medicine, and wish it ready to use. To accommodate each class the proprietors of Kiny-Wort now offer that well known remedy in both Liquid and Dry Form, sold by druggists everywhere.—P.O. Box 5014, 1427-1428 W. 2nd St.

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