The Lancaster Intelligencer.

THESE GOODS

DRESS GOODS.

NEW DRESS GOODS, ETC.,

## JOHN WANAMAKER'S.

Shetland shawls, without fringe, also i

A zephyr shawl knit by hand in what is

known as the crazy stitch is one of the cu-

riosities from Boston; large and heavy

amazing price of \$3.50. Is it possible

worth no more than \$3.50 for knitting

Lace mits, 50 cents to \$4.50. The

writer has forgotten of how many sorts.

but hundreds, and of the choicest. Lisle

Sheepskin gloves, made rough side out,

Bathing suits for men; all wool flannel,

mostly blue, trimmed more or less with

Old pattern, seven sizes, \$2.75 to \$4.

course, conspicuous; and as a conspicuous

Boys' bathing suits; old pattern, \$1.50

Tapestry carpets at \$1.15 down to \$1

and at \$1 down to 75 cents some time ago;

Yoke pattern, \$4; indigo-dyed, \$4.50

East from Chostnut-street entrance.

for gardening, 35 cents.

white flannel, \$4.75.

to \$2.50, yoke, \$3 to \$3.75.

Market street middle entrance

GIVLER, BOWERS & HURST!

LANCASTER, PA.

TOHN B. ROTH.

quality.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

Thirteenth, Market and Chestnut Sts.,

PHILADELPHIA.

TO-DAY WE BEGIN TO OFFER

CARPETS OF ALL KINDS

AT A SWEEPING REDUCTION,

TO REDUCE OUR STOCK.

Having bought very largely, and although our sales exceeded that of any other season, we still have a larger stock than we wish to carry over the summer, and will therefore force the reduction of the stock by offering Carpets at prices that anyone wanting Carpets cannot help but buy. Anyone wishing to look at Carpets, whether wanting to buy at the time or not, will be waited on gladly.

THE SAME APPLIES TO OUR STOCK OF

Mattings, Shadings, Oil Cloths, Rugs, &c.

GIVLER, BOWERS & HURST,

TORN A. CHARLES.

LANE & CO.

Dry Goods Offered at Great Bargains.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE STAND,

No. 24 East King Street.

SILK DEPARTMENT.—Special Inducements in Black and Colored Silks.
The general DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT constantly being added to and price marked down to promote quick sales.

KOURNING GOODS DEPARTMENT complete in all its details.

CARPETINGS, QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE in immense variety and at very

Prices.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT unsurpassed in quantity and quality, and goods in all the triments guaranteed to be what they are sold for.

ACCall and see us.

JOHN A. CHARLES,

89-WE THEREFORE INVITE EXAMINATION

25 EAST KING STREET,

Chestnut-street entrance, outer.

#### PHILADELPHIA

One of the finest buntings we know of | pect little at such a price. A large double (if it had a border, it would be a nun's zephyr, for an invalid, \$4.50. veiling), which we have sold up to within a week at \$1, is now 60 cents. How it got great variety, 75 cents to \$8. to 60 cents is one of the curiosities of the trade. It is made, right here in Philadelphia, of the finest foreign wool; we buy of the maker; and sell at a profit; 44- too heavy, maybe, for an invalid; at the inch, at 60 cents.

Next-outer circle, Chestnut street entrance. that in Yankee Boston human life is Cauton pongees, very light color and extraordinary quality, \$9.50 and \$10.50 for such a shawl? 20 yard pieces.

Summer silks mostly at 55 cents. Bronzes, 75 cents and \$1; bronze satin merveilleux, \$2.25; bronze damasses,

Millinery damasses at 75 cents, all silk : used also for dresses. All silk colored damasses 75 cents. Black damasses, \$1:50.

Bonnet black silks a tifth off. American black silk \$1.35. Black surah, light, 241-inch; heavy 19-inch; both \$1.50. Canton crepe, \$3.

Next-outer circle, Chestnut street entrance. In the whole range of dress goods our trade is highly satisfactory. It is evident that we have provided acceptable goods, and that our prices are regarded as liberal. In five distinct lines of dress goods it is perfectly clear that we have the largest variety and the choicest patterns in the city. These are: black grenadines, fine French woolens in plain colors, cashmeres, illuminated melanges, cottons, especially tine French cottons.

Nine counters, north' south and east from

Zephyr shawls, with fringe more than a not all gone. lady will care to see, 50 cents to \$5. One Northern gallery.

GIVLER, BOWERS & BURST!

Lancaster Intelligencer.

FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 17, 1881.

ON THE WAY.

THE EPHRATA GERMAN BAPTISTS.

noon and closed on Saturday evening.

This peculiar denomination, which today is but a remnant of its former greatness, was at one time-a century or more ago-the most numerous and powerful of local sects; but by death, emigration and

Nearly two centuries ago, when dissentions rent the Protestant denominations of Germany, which was soon followed by persecutions and exile, new sects arose on every hand, led by eminent theologians of that day. Among them was the First-Day German Baptists or Dunkers. Unable to withstand the persecutions of their Protestant brethren they emigrated to America early in the eighteenth century, settling

After their settlement here they again became involved in controversy as to which was the Sabbath—the first or seventh day—and the result was that those who held to the latter belief migrated to this county and settled on the outskirts of what is now the village of Ephrata. The gloves for both ladies and gentlemen at 25 new colony or society purchased about one hundred and forty acres of land. The property belonged to the society by dona-tion, but none were obliged to throw in their property or give up their possession They erected a saw mill, grist mill, built a monastery, sisters' house, church, school house, &c., and when the American colonists asserted their independence by revolt they were in the meridian of their

Their power has vanished; their treas ury is nearly empty; their numbers are di-vided into factions who are arrayed The toke pattern fits more perfectly than the old. The white flannel is of against each other at law.

A visit to their settlement-to the old nastery and "saal"—is indeed interestgarment ought to be, it is very fine in ing. They stand to day as milestones on the highroad of time pointing out the march of decades.

Passing their old paper mill (now a grist mill) which, by the way, made the paper for the Revolutionary soldiers and, after-wards, that on which Continental money was printed, you reach the monas-tery or brothers' house. It is four-story high and contained seventy-five rooms, nearly all of which were used as. sleeping rooms; the others being somewhat larger, The rooms were but seven feet high and five feet wide, entered by a door five feet high and but twenty inches wide. Each brother occupied a rooom, sleeping on a narrow wooden bench with a billet of wood for a pillow. The hallways and

it. A former writer in speaking of the ancient buildings says: "On entering these silent cells and traversing the long narrow passages, visitors can scarcely di-vest themselves of the feeling of walking the torturous windings of some old castle and breathing in the hidden recesses of

These buildings are now occupied by

By the side of the sisters' house is the "saal" wherein the love-feast was held. It is a well-proportioned room, and contains a number of long narrow tables surrounded by low wooden benches. The walls are hung with large sheets of elegant penmanship, or ink paintings of scripture texts. Two of the large streets represent the narrow and crooked way and "the three heavens." Here for at least one hundred and fifty years these peculiar people have met and worshiped. The recent feast was held by the "Nolde faction" and was well attended. Their Sabbath closes at sunset

is the outgrowth of a recent dispute as to who should hold possession of the society's property, and originated in an election for trustees in 1878. Lawrence Nolde, a former trustee, was defeated at an election former trustee, was defeated at an election by Joseph J. R. Serfoss. In the following year all the old trustees were defeated and Messrs. Wm. Madden, L. Nolde and Jacob Spangler were elected. The old board claimed illegality; the court was appealed to, and held that neither was rightly elected; a new election was held and they were re-elected and their bond approved by the court. The old asked for an injunction, the granting of which was to have been tried at August term, but will be delayed by counsel's

before the Declaration of Independence was penned. Here lie the bodies of many Revolutionary soldiers For after the battle of Brandywine, hundreds of wounded veterans were brought to Ephrata, their school-house was converted into a hospital, and they were nursed by the sisters, but one hundred and fifty died and are buried there. In 1845 a movement was set on foot to erect a monument to them. Stone was dressed, the foundation laid and about twenty feet was built, but for some reason it was abandoned and part of their ven-

graveyard and is by far the best preserved building of all. It is at present occupied by Rov. Timothy Konigmacher—a .repre-sentative of the anti-Nolde faction and

called by his name.

All the buildings are plain and are covered with shingles. They are built of wood, although considerable plaster and cement is used. The floors of the lower rooms are mostly of the latter. As a whole the place abounds in romantic interest, a rich mine of thought to the

antiquarian and those who note with pleasure such links between the past and present. A visit to this old spot and a look at the ancient buildings is an event never to forgotten by the visitor.

FROM LANCASTER TO LOCK HAVEN. Looking Around in the Lumber Regions.

LOCK HAVEN, June 15. The ride from Muncy to this place was The ride from Muncy to this place was the most interesting part of my trip. It was very pretty traveling along the base of the Bald Eagle mountain with the West Branch on the corposite side of the reil.

boom at Williamsport below.

The depot at this place is situated on the eastern suburbs, where the Bald Eagle railroad branches from the Pennsylvania and Erie. The Bald Eagle creek and the West Branch unite near here and form two sides of a triangle, the location of the capital of Clinton. This part of Lock Haven does not commend itself very favorably to a visitor, but nature compensates one for the disappointment in the surroundings. Upon a closer acquaintance we find the town cheerful and animated. We almost said thriving, but that would not be correct, for we are told that the place is at a stand still. The streets are very regular, not any too clean or wide. There are some elegant private residences and business-like localities. There is a variety in the style of construction, and some look very neat. There is a disposition to ornament these pretty residences, which leads to the cultivation of flowers and the planting of shade trees Look along any street and the eye meets shade trees as far as it can reach. We were very much charmed with the beautiful appearance along West Main street, near the terminus of which on an elevation is the Lock Haven nor mal school.

The principal trade here is lumbering; the streets are full raftsmen, some of whom have been detained on the opposite shore on account of a slight break in the lower dam ; others live here and are busy at securing the logs. The pocket boom has been broken and considerable lumber was carried off by the current. The rise is slowly abating and the tracks of desolation become more visible. Up along the western end of town, we believe at the upper boom, there is a vast field ot logs.
They are packed close together and are innumerable. Here they will be divided and those that do not belong to this place will be let float down the river, one by one, until they are stopped at the beom at Williamsport. We took a stroll through the principal

parts of the town about sunset this evening. We find the town rich with churches; the streets are lighted with gas, but not so well as they might be. The court house is nearly as large as the one in Lancaster. Its location is not as conspicuous and a stranger not looking for it would pass it unobserved. The jail is a small building adjoining and in the rear of the residence of the jailer. It is hemmed in by high walls close to the main building. We are told there are less than a

Yesterday I had the privilege of an in-terview with several state and stockholders' trustees of the central state normal school, Eighth district, Lock Haven, Pa. My purpose was to present the matter of the revolt at Millersville in as true a light as possible. At a meeting of the trustees last night a committee of five was appointed to consider and act upon the matter. I am informed of the feeling and the undoubted course to be pursued which propriety and discretion will not allow me

hill about 100 feet above the level of the was \$42 higher than mine. town. The site of the school consists of over eighteen acres of land, half of which is a natural grove. The surrounding country is full of scenic interest, embrac-ing views of the river the railways, the city and neighboring mountains and valleys. Pure mountain water, of rare excellence, supplies the buildings which are heated by means of steam, a radiator being placed in every room. The growth of this school has been rapid. In a period of four years, ending with the present term, it will have graduated 132 young ladies and gentlemen. We are told the teaching is thorough and the standard of scholarship high high scholarship high scholarship high high scholarship high high scholarship high high scholarship high high high high high h

of scholarship high. The examination will be commenced on next Saturday in mathematics. Dr. Higbee, Deputy State Superintendent Houck, Prof. Beard, Superintendents Schenck, of Cameron, and McQuown, of Clearfield, are expected to be here during the exam-

Much might be said in regard to the manner in which Dr. Raub handles the question of co-education. My first impressions of the management are good, but not wishing to enter into the merits or demcrits at present, I dismiss the subject with the statement that the students. one and all respect and obey him, which any teacher knows is essential to the success of a school. J. B. H.

### Arkansas et al.

For the INTELLIGENCER. Some days ago I noticed a selected article in the columns of the Intelligencer in relation to the action of the Legislature of Arkansas in determining the proper pronunciation of the name of that state, in which the writer seemed to think the enactment something unusual, and that now we should be under the necessity of adopting an arbitrary pronunciation at the beck of legislative authority. Namely, that the state government had decreed that the proper pronunciation of the name is Arkansan with the accent on the first and last syllables, instead of accenting the second syllable, as so many are in the habit of doing; although writing it Ar-kansas, as it always had been written, ever since the territory and state has had an existence: This name is after the great river of the state, and that river derived its name from \*Kansas —which probably was an aboriginal name
—with the French prefix of Arc, a bow.
The early settlers being French, they
"frenchitied" the Indian name; not only attaching the prefix, but also making the last s silent, and sounding the a in the last syllable as it is sounded in ball; hence Arkansaw. But of late years, and especially since the organization of the territory, and state of Kansas, the pro-nunciation was drifting towards the pro-nunciation of that name with the prefix added, and this was most especially the

case with the younger generations that have grown up since the state was formed. Five and forty years ago I followed my secular occupation in the cities of Louisville, St. Louis and other points along the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, and had in-tercourse with persons from all along the coasts" of those two rivers, and I never heard a single individual pronounce the name otherwise than Arkansaw or Arkensaw, and to have pronounced it otherwise would have been voted "preposterous,

absurd, ridiculous." And then there was that "quick and Branch on the opposite side of the rail- pedantic or affected pronunciation of

road. The mountain and river describe a Arkansas Traveler, he would have gentle curve, so that the passenger has an excellent view ahead. The mountain for would not have been compelled to a long distance is not broken by a single habitation. It is covered with trees of greenest foliage. The sun is several hours high, and shining from a cloudless sky does not seem to penetrate these thickets.

Across the size of mountain for would not have been compelled to "Kansas meant "Smoky Water." dodge the upheaval of a score or two of "bricks." I would not have risked the supreme derision of the "Shopboard" yy such a pronunciation for a "mint of mone" b does not seem to penetrate these thickets. Across the river are abrupt hills and glens abounding with small streams, and now and then a farm The river is not wide, probably not half a mile, but the current runs rapidly, and is dotted with large logs which will be caught by the

nunciation by the people of the state them-selves. But, not only was the s silent in Arkansat, it was also the same in Louisville and St. Louis, which were pronounced Lewyville and St. Lewy. However, long before I visited these regions of our country—and while I was yet an apprentice returning "Trampers" familiarized me with the name of "Arkensaw," and also with "New Orlens" instead of New Orleans, the accent being on Or. In those days the French were the dominant popu-lation, and of course, gave character to the geographical momenclature of that part of the country. Illinois belongs to the same category. How often do we hear this name pronounced as if spelled *Illinoise*, the c being added sometimes in order to convert the last syllable into noise. According to Webster's "Etymological vocabulary of modern geographical names," Illi-nois is derived from illini, an Iudian name for men, with the French suffix ois, "tribe of men." Whether the proper pronunciation of the names of states is matter of sufficient gravity to justify their Legislatures in solemn conclave assembled, in passing legal enactments in relation to the same, I do not intend here to discuss; but, on the whole, I am "right glad" that the Legislature of Arkansas has done so; for I have more than once been stared at for using the "vulgarism"

of Arkensaw. But now we can speak with authority "and not as the scribes."
Our great local philologist, the late Prof.
Haldeman, was emphatic in his opinion that the name of a place or thing should always be that which was given to it by its original discoverer and describer and by which it became commonly known in the locality where it originated and existed; and, so long as there is no violence done to common sense and common de-cency this rule should be pre-eminent.

GRANTELLUS.

Stop Valves and Plugs. LANCASTER, June 16, 1881. Messrs. Editors Intelligencer: In auswor to Mr, Huber's article in your paper of the 15th inst., he refers me to the minutes of the water committee of April 11th, 1881, in which he says I can see that the 6-inch stops were awarded to him. I have examined the minutes he refers to and have failed to see were there was any contract awarded to him for the kind of stops the superintendent adopted. He further says
I have been furnishing stops to the city imprisoned in it and in its history there swer, I would say, that that is simply not are times when every cell was vacant. true, as he knows. He also says that I Besides the institution of learning there is am a middle man in the stop business. I nothing peculiar to a town of upwards of would call the attention of Mr. Huber to the fact that I manufactured stops of all sizes, from 4-inch to 30-inch in size, as he knows, for he made the brass castings for me which he dare not deny; he also states that his stops are much better than mine, which I am willing to let to judges to decide. Will Mr. Huber please and let me know where he over sent any stops outside of Lancaster to be used. If he does I will guarantee to name three to his one. He also says, as regards the bids for the one dozen fire plugs, that he knows nothing about the contract. If such is the case I don't think that he was en-The school buildings are located on a titled to the job, at any rate when his bid

is a common complaint. If you feel so, get a package of Kidney-Wort and take it and you will at once feel its tonic power. It renews the healthy action of the kidneys, bowels and liver, and thus restores the natural life and strength to the weary body. It can now be had in either dry or liquid form, and in either way is always prompt and efficient in action.

—New Bedford Standard. jul3-1wd&w

Deaf as a Post.

b. Asenith Hall, Binghamton. N. Y., writes:

"I suffered for several months with a dull
pain through my lett lung and shoulders. I
lost my spirits, appetite and color, and could
with difficulty keep up all day. My mother
procured some Burdock Blood Bitters: I took
them as directed, and have felt no pain since
first week after using them, and am now quite
well." Price \$1. For sale at H. B. Cochran's
Drug Store, 137 North Queen street, Lancaster.

Bradferd, Pa.

Thomas Fitchan, Bradford, Pa., writes: "I enclose money for Spring Blossom, as I said I would if it cured me. My dyspepsia has vanished, with all its symptoms. Many thanks; I shall never be without it in the house. For sale at H. B. Cochran's Drug Store, 137 North Queen street, Lancaster.

A STRICH BROS. ADVERTISEMENT.

LANCASTER BAZAAR,

lave opened this week a New and well se-

# HOSIERY,

Good Fancy Hose for for 10c, a pair.

Excellent Hose, finished seams, 2 pair for 25c.
Good quality Hair-lined Regular Made 20c.
Best Pin-Striped Full Regular Made 35c.
Full Regular Made, Embroidered Centre, 50c.
Child's Plain Colored Hose, Silk Clocked, 17c
Good Hair-lined 10c.
Imported Hose, Fancy Striped, 2 pair for 25c.
Ladies' Full Regular Made Hose, White and
Embroidered, 20c.

TRIMMED HATS IN GREAT VARIETY

FANS. PARASOLS. LACES FROM 10c. APIECE UP.

### ASTRICH BRO'S

THE ALBRECHT PIANOS are the Cheapest, because they are the Best.

L. B. HERR, Agent, No. 8 East Orange Street, [Lancaster, Pa.

CREAT CLUSING SALE.

CREAT CLOSING SALE.

## STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

## GREAT CLOSING SALE

## SEASONABLE DRY GOODS,

Which commenced May 36 and will be continued during

JUNE, JULY AND AUGUST.

After a highly successful season the last days of May find us with a stock aggre

### A MILLION OF DOLLARS

and much too large in certain descriptions of goods, which, though seasonable and highly desirable now, may not be se another season

#### ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE FUTURE.

looking to the extension of of our business and the enlargement of facilities for its convenient transaction, also render it desirable that this stock should be speedily and greatly reduced.

We propose, therefore, to offer extensive and very unusual inducements to the people to take from us during the next ninety days the greater portion of the above amount. The bargains offered are in everyone of our

#### THIRTY-FOUR DEPARTMENTS.

Our organization and machinery for the rapid distribution of large quantities of goods smoothly and satisfactorily are believed to be unsurpassed in the American market, but no effort shall be spared to strengthen them and add to their efficiency during the pressure of this CLOSING SALE.

Every person within reach of Philadelphia and having dry goods to buy should visit us in person during the continuation of this sale, but those who are unable to leave home can receive their supplies at the marked down prices through the MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT.

## STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

Market Street to Filbert, - N. W. Cor. Eighth St.,

PHILADELPHIA.

PLUMBER'S SUPPLIES.

TOUN L. ARNOLD.

BARGAINS.

TOHN L. ARNOLD.

### PLUMBERS' SUPPLY HOUSE

GUM TUBING, STRAM COCKS BATH BOILERS, LEAD TRAPS, CHECK VALVES. LEAD PIPE. WATER CLOSETS. IRON HYDRANTS. HI DRANT COCKS. GAS COCKS. IRON PAVE WASHES, KITCHEN SINKS, CURB STOPS. GAS FIXTURES, GAS GLOBES. GLOVE VALVES. ROOFING SLATE, WROUGHT IRON PIPE, CENTRE PIECES, TIN PLATE, . FRENCH RANGES FOR HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

## JOHN L. ARNOLD,

Nos. 11, 13 & 15 EAST ORANGE STREET, LANCASTER, PA.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FLINN & WILLSON

## nense Stock of TINWARE, BUCKETS, BROOMS, &c., bought at New York Auction, at less than half their value.

REFRIGERATORS. BABY CARRIAGES. BASE BALLS AND BATS, ARCHERY, BROOMS, 10c.

EXPRESS WAGONS CROQUET, BASKETS, BUCKETS, 10c., &c.

### FISHING TACKLE Great Attraction on the 5c., 10c., 15c. and 25c. Counters.

NO. 152 NORTH QUEEN STREET, LANCASTER, PENN'A.

-OF-

MILLINERY, SPRING OPENING

1881

FINE MILLINERY GOODS THE FINEST GOODS, LATEST STYLES AND LOWEST PRICES FOR

## Also, the Latest Spring Styles of DRESS TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS AND FRINGES, at

## M. A. HOUGHTON'S CHEAP STORE.

No. 25 NORTH QUEEN STREET.

CARRIAGES, &C.

Carriages! Carriages!

EDGERLEY & CO.'S, Practical Carriage Builders,

Market Street, Rear of Central Market Houses We have on hand a Large Assortment of

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES, Which we offer at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES All work warranted. Give us a call?

All Repairing promptly attended to.

One set of workmen especially employed.

B. B. MARTIN, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of LUMBER AND COAL. Yard: No. 430 North Water and Prince streets above Lemon. Lancaster. n3-lyd COHO & WILEY. 350 NORTH WATER ST., Lancaster, Pa.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in LUMBER AND COAL nection With the Telephonic Exchange Branch Office : No. 20 CENTRE SQUARE.

Go To REILLY & KELLER

GOOD, CLEAN FAMILY COAL

Farmers and others in want of Superior Manure will find it to their advantage to call.

Yard, Harrisburg Pike.

Office, 20% East Chestnut street.

ag17-tt

# TRON BITTERS.

JACOB M. MARKS,

TACOB M. MARKS.

IRON BITTERS.

IRON BITTERS! A TRUE TONIC.

IEON BITTERS are highly recommended for all diseases requiring in certain and eff

INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, INTERMITTENT FEVERS, WANT OF APPE-TITE, LOSS OF STRENGTH, LACK OF ENERGY,

It enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new life to the nerves. It acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as Tasting the Food, Beiching, Heat in the Blomach, Heartburn, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache. Sold by all druggists. Write for the A B C Book, 32 pp. of useful and amusing reading—sent free.

BROWN CHEMICAL COMPANY,

123-1yd&w] BALTIMORE, MD. For Sale at COCHRAN'S DRUG STORE, 137 and 139 North Quee

The "Intelligencer's" Traveling Correspondent Visits the Seventh Day Baptists' Love Feast at their Old

The Seventh Day German Baptists of Lancaster county held their annual love feast and feet-washing at their meeting house in Ephrata township, last week. The services commenced on Friday at

apostasism has dwindled to a few.

wealth, power and strength. This is a brief, but, we believe. correct history of their settlement in this county.

stairways are narrow, so much so that two
cannot walk along them side by side.

The sisters' house is next reached,
built about three hundred yards from the
monastery and is similar in its interior to

families—six or seven living in each—they are going to decay rapidly, but in the ancient architecture can be seen evidences of substantial workmanship. Between the two are the bake house and school house.

Saturday evening, and at its close the feast is held. Its observance is too well known to require explanation here.

[The "Nolde faction" referred to above

term, but will be delayed by counsel's (Mr. Reynolds') absence.]

Back of the "saal" is the old grave yard. Upon the "mouldering tombstones effaced by elements of air" can be traced the names of those whose deaths occurred

ture still stands to mark the spot.

The "preacher's house" adjoins the

Correspondence of the Intelligences.

Respectfully yours, " 1 Am All Played Out"

Mrs. W. J. Lang, Bethany, Ont., states that for fifteen months she was troubled with a discase in the ear, causing entire deafness. In ten minutes after using Thomas' Eclectric Oil she found relief, and in a short time she was entirely cured and her hearing restored. For sale at H. B. Cochran's Drug Store, 137 North Queen street, Lancaster. Nearly a Miracle.

ASTRICH BROS ADVERTISEMENT.

13 EAST KING STREET.

WHICH THEY ARE SELLING AT EX-TREMELY LOW PRICES.

## Great Come Down in Hats.

AT LOWEST PRICES,