

# The Lancaster Intelligencer.

Volume XVII—No. 49.

LANCASTER, PA., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1880

Price Two Cents.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**BARGAINS! BARGAINS!**  
**SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!!**

**Rathvon & Fisher**  
Offer their entire stock of  
**Ready-Made Clothing**

at and below cost, with a view of discontinuing the READY-MADE CLOTHING business, and devoting their attention exclusively to  
**CUSTOM WORK.**

CLOTHING made promptly to order, and satisfaction in all cases guaranteed. A select line of Cloth, Cassimeres, Worsted, Coatings, Suitings, Cheviots, Meltons, Overcoatings, Vestings, &c., always on hand and orders respectfully solicited. Also a general line of Furnishing Goods.

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Merchant Tailors and Drapers,  
No. 91 North Queen St., Lancaster, Pa.

**SPECIAL**—Those in want of Ready-Made Clothing will consult their own interests by giving them a call before purchasing elsewhere, as their clothing are made of their own manufacture and substantially made.

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Tailoring Establishment,

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A Complete Stock of

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**OVERCOATINGS.**

**ENGLISH AND SCOTCH SUITINGS**

**H. GERHART'S**

No. 51 North Queen Street.

**CLOTHING!**

**CLOTHING!**

Ready-Made Clothing

Fall and Winter,

GOOD STYLISH SUIT

AS LOW AS \$10.00.

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**D. B. Hostetter & Son,**

24 CENTRE SQUARE,

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**FALL AND WINTER OVERCOATINGS!**

**Fall Season,**

**Fur Beaver, Seal Skin, Elysian, Montanac, Ratina and Chinchilla Beaver.**

**CARR'S ENGLISH MELTONS,**

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**THE ARTIST TAILOR,**

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**THE "Common Sense" Stew Pan.**

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**LOUIS WEBER, WATCHMAKER.**  
No. 129 1/2 NORTH QUEEN STREET, near P. R. R. Depot, Lancaster, Pa. Gold, Silver and Nickel-Case Watches, Chains, Clocks, &c. Agent for the celebrated Fantastoscope Spectacles and Eye-Glasses. Repairing a specialty. April-19th

**SPECIAL ORDERS FOR FINE WATCHES**

Receive most careful attention.

DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES SUBMITTED WITHOUT CHARGE.

**H. F. BOWMAN,**

106 EAST KING STREET,

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Complete Bridal Outfits In Silver and Silver-Plated Ware, at Reasonable Prices.

Tea Sets, Soup Tureens, Ice Pitchers, Coko Baskets, Coffee Spoons, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Casters, &c., &c

**AUGUSTUS RHODS, JEWELER,**

No. 20 East King Street, Lancaster, Pa.

**Importers of Ceramics:**

WORCESTER, COPELANDS, HAVILLANDS, MEXTONS.

The productions of all the Celebrated Potteries.

**CLOCKS:**

MANTEL SETS, CABINET SEES, CHIMNEY CLOCKS, CARriage CLOCKS.

Artistic Designs, Groups, Statuettes.

LEATHER GOODS, EXHIBITION CASES, FANS.

One price, always the lowest, marked in plain figures. Orders and inquiries by mail receive prompt attention.

**BOOKS AND STATIONERY.**

**SCHOOL BOOKS.**

**SCHOOL SUPPLIES**

for Lancaster City and County, at

**L. M. FLYNN'S**

No. 42 WEST KING STREET.

**SCHOOL BOOKS.**

**BLANK BOOKS**

**Fancy Stationary**

**FON DERSMITH'S**

No. 32 East King St., Lancaster, Pa.

**SCHOOL BOOKS**

FOR THE

Schools of Lancaster City,

NEW AND SECOND-HAND.

AT THE LOWEST PRICES, at the Book Store of

**JOHN BAER'S SONS,**

15 and 17 NORTH QUEEN STREET,

LANCASTER, PA.

**RARE CHANCE IN CARPETS,**

Positive sale to Retrace Stock of

**6,000 Yards Brussels Carpets,**

AT AND BELOW COST.

Call and satisfy yourself. Also, Ingrain, Rag and Chain Carpets in almost endless variety. At

**H. S. SHIRK'S**

**CARPET HALL,**

203 WEST KING STREET,

LANCASTER, PA.

## KIDNEY PADS.

**DAY'S KIDNEY PAD.**

A discovery which cures by the natural process,

**ABSORPTION.**

All diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs and Nervous System, when nothing else can be done, it is comfortable to the patient, positive in its effects, and the first cure for those painful and most dreaded affections.

**Diabetes and Bright's Disease,** while its cures of Gravel, Dropsy, Catarrh of the Bladder, Brick-dust Deposit, Painful Urinating, High Colored Urine, Nervous Weakness and Pain in the Back seem more like miracles than cases of natural healing. The price brings it within the reach of all, and it will usually save many times its cost in doctor's bills, medicines and piasters, which at best give but temporary relief. It can be used without fear or harm, and with certainty of a permanent cure. For sale by druggists generally, or sent by mail (free of postage) on receipt of the price. Regular Pad, 25¢; Child's Pad (for incontinence of urine in children), 15¢; Special (extra size), 25¢. Our book, "How a Life was Saved," giving the history of this new discovery, and a large record of most remarkable cures, sent free. Write for it. Address:

**Day Kidney Pad Company,**

**TOLLEDO, OHIO.**

**CAUTION.** Owing to the many worthless imitations of our pads, we deem it our duty to warn them. Ask for DAY'S KIDNEY PAD, and take no other.

**EASTERN AGENCY,**

**CHARLES N. CRITTENDEN,**

115 Fulton St., New York.

**\$500 REWARD!**

OVER A MILLION OF

**PROF. GUILMETTE'S**

**French Kidney Pads**

Have already been sold in this country and in France; every one of which has given perfect satisfaction, and has performed cures every true when used according to directions. No new way to the afflicted, and doubting ones that we will pay the above reward for a single case of

**LAME BACK**

that the Pad fails to cure. This Great Remedy will positively and Permanently cure Lumbago, Lame Back, Sciatica, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Continence and Retention of the Urine, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Catarrh of the Bladder, High Colored Urine, Pain in the Back, Side or Loins, Nervous Weakness, and in fact all diseases of the Bladder and Urinary Organs whether contracted by private disease or otherwise.

**IF YOU ARE SUFFERING FROM Female Weakness, Leucorrhoea, or any disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, or Urinary Organs,**

**YOU CAN BE CURED!**

Without swallowing nauseous medicines, by simply wearing

**PROF. GUILMETTE'S**

**FRENCH KIDNEY PAD,**

WHICH CURES BY ABSORPTION.

Ask your druggist for PROF. GUILMETTE'S FRENCH KIDNEY PAD, and take no other. If he has not got it, send \$2 and you will receive the Pad by return mail. For sale by

**JAMES A. MEYER,**

Old Fellows' Hall, HULL,

Druggist, 15 W. King St., Lancaster, Pa. aug11-6m1eod.M.W.F

**Prof. Guilmette's French Liver Pad.**

Will positively cure Fever and Ague, Dumb Ague, Aque, Cague, Bilious Fever, Jaundice, Dyspepsia and all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Price \$1.00 by mail. Send for Prof. Guilmette's Treatise on the Kidneys and Liver, free by mail. Address:

**FRENCH PAD COMPANY,**

**Toledo, Ohio.**

**DRUGS, &C.**

**TRUSSES! TRUSSES! TRUSSES!!**

Sufferers from Rupture will find the safest, easiest and cheapest Trusses in the world on exhibition and for sale by

**J. DREW G. FREY,**

Cor. N. Queen and Orange Sts., Lancaster, Pa. Also the only safe cure for PILES. Frey's Universal Pile Suppository never failed. Price 25 and 75 cents a box.

**LOCHER'S**

**Epizootic Cure and Powders,**

**A POSITIVE CURE FOR EPIZOOTIC AND DISTEMPER IN HORSES.**

PREPARED AND SOLD BY

**CHAS. A. LOCHER,**

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST,

No. 9 EAST KING STREET. 016-101

**COUGH NO MORE!**

**AMERICAN COUGH SYRUP.**

A Certain Cure For

**COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROAT,**

And all Diseases of the

**THROAT AND LUNGS.**

For the relief of consumptives in all stages of the Disease. Prepared and sold only at

**HULL'S DRUG STORE**

No. 15 WEST KING STREET,

LANCASTER, PA.

**BARGAINS FOR EVERYBODY.**

## Lancaster Intelligencer.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCT. 27, 1880.

**STRANGER THAN FICTION.**

THE SECRET OF A KENTUCKY CAVE.

How a Notorious Outlaw Died, Miserable and Alone, in the Rendezvous of His Gang.

**SNAKE STORIES.**

BUT ALL TRUE—EVERY ONE OF 'EM.

**PHASES OF THE CAMPAIGN.**

Hancock's Humanity—Warner's Wild Wail—Bayard's Blast at Baltimore.

The Secrets of a Kentucky Cave.

The reading public will doubtless remember the hanging of Richard Shuck in 1877 in Owen county, Ky., for the murder of one Parrish, his father-in-law. This hanging was witnessed by seven thousand people, and was attended by many dramatic and unusual circumstances. All of the leading daily papers of Louisville and Cincinnati published graphic and extended accounts of it, and the Northern press congratulated Kentucky on having within her borders a hanging so remarkable, although an illiterate man, and possessed of unbounded influence over the minds of his associates. Jack, his son, was, if the statements of Shuck are true, the most inhuman wretch who ever escaped the gallows. He was the principal or accomplice in seven murders, and was concerned in numerous robberies and moonshine whisky affairs. He lived several years in western Missouri, and while there was accused of being a member of Jesse James's gang of assassins and robbers. The three Goodrich brothers were farmers living near the Kentucky river, and were considered hard characters by their neighbors and acquaintances.

Four of these individuals were arrested and lodged in Newcastle jail, but Jack Simmons, who was the most desperate, and notwithstanding large rewards were offered for his apprehension, dead or alive, managed to elude the vigilance of his pursuers. Seventy-five men surrounded the woods in which he was believed to be concealed, and he was finally shot at, and fired at him. One of the shots appeared to take effect, but he contrived to escape. Nothing more was ever heard about him, and he was supposed to have fled to Texas or the Black Hills.

He was subsequently captured, and his pals were tried by Judge Smith, of Henry county, and held over without bail to await the action of the criminal court.

A short time after the trial a mob of masked men, forty or fifty in number, by and by, came to the jail, and surrounded the jail, compelled the jailer to give up the keys, unlocked the door, took the prisoners from the building, marched them to a stone bridge near town and hung them from the parapets—an awful but doubtless fitting end to such desperadoes. Many a belated traveler wandering at night through the dark and gloomy ravines that border on the Kentucky river, had met a more horrible death at their hands. No man's life was safe if he ventured in "King Henry's" ravine at night, and a man's pocket, or a gold watch on his person. This account of Shuck and his associates is essential as an introduction to the remainder of this narrative.

On the 17th of this month John Barnett and a number of men, who were hunting for men, living near Lockport, had occasion to look for some missing cattle that had wandered from their pastures. After a search of several hours the cattle were found browsing on the rich blue grass that grows luxuriantly at 400 feet above the level of the sea. Barnett, who was the leader of the party, was surprised that he had failed to notice this on other occasions, he saw at the foot of the elevation a thick cedar tree, or, rather, bush, that for many years had grown on a projecting ledge of rock immediately in front of this hole, thereby effectually concealing it from the view of the passers-by. In the storm of the preceding night this bush had been uprooted by the wind and had rolled to the bottom, thus revealing the existence of the opening.

After a brief consultation the two men decided to climb up and ascertain if the hole was nearly a cave. They quickly made the ascent, and as Mr. Hawkins happened to have some candles among the goods that he had purchased in Lockport the morning they resolved to explore the aperture if it proved to be a cavern. When they arrived at the hole it appeared to be the mouth of an underground passage of considerable extent. They boldly ventured in, and after crawling along for ten or twenty feet they suddenly found themselves in an apartment about twenty feet square. It had the appearance of a square room, and was tolerably well lighted from an aperture in the side or roof.

After looking around they were amazed to find conclusive evidence going to show that it had at one time been inhabited by human beings. In one corner they found a rude bench roughly made of stone, and on a nail driven in the rock they saw hanging a pair of worn shoes of jeans clothes, matted and rotten from long disuse and exposure to the damp air of the cave. In another corner they found a pallet of straw, and on this bed they were horrified to behold a ghastly skeleton. The flesh had left the bones, and the hair almost disappeared from the head. At the foot of the bed they noticed a tin box. Hastily getting possession of this box they rapidly made their way to the upper air, and in an hour were in Lockport engaged in narrating a gapping crowd of listeners the wonderful adventures in the bowels of the earth.

The tin box was opened, and its contents exposed to the eager gaze of the crowd. It contained two gold watches, a full set of counterfeit notes, and a package of bonds, supposed to be stolen from a bank at Sedalia, Mo., and a large revolver with the name of Jack Simmons roughly carved on the handle. All doubts of the identity of the mysterious skeleton were removed, and the notorious robber, counterfeit

and murderer, Jack Simmons, was, without doubt, the man who perished miserably in that lone cavern in the Kentucky river hills.

A few days ago the remains were removed from the cave and given to Dr. Long, at Bethlehem, who now has them in his possession. The doctor ascertained from an examination that a ball had pierced the right lung, and had beyond question caused the man's death a short time after the wound was inflicted. It is believed that Simmons received this fatal shot from the sheriff's posse, who, in attempting to arrest him, fired at him six times, and he had just strength enough to get to this rendezvous of his gang. His fearful death in this out-of-the-way place was a fitting termination to such a life as his.

The contents of the box found near his remains are exposed to public view in the office of the county clerk, and people from all parts of the county have examined them.

**Yarns About Snakes.**

A rattlesnake killed near San Diego, Cal., had eleven rattles, and in its stomach a good-sized rabbit.

On taking a plant from a flower pot at Columbus, Ga., a lady found nine snakes at the bottom of the pot.

A Litchfield, Ill., farmer, John C. Smith, says that he has killed this year sixty-four rattlesnakes on his farm.

A Kalamazoo paper asserts that one evening recently a rattlesnake with ten rattles was killed under a gas lamp on Union street.

Fannie Schermerhorn killed a rattlesnake with a fish pole at the door of her home in Traver Hollow, N. Y. It had nine rattles.

It is a common thing in the streets of Wilson, Texas, to find snakes that do not hesitate to entangle themselves around your ankles.

Fires in the mountains near Ukiah, Cal., drove the snakes from their retreat, and many rattlesnakes were killed in the streets of the city.

A copperhead snake bit Mrs. Henry Overmyer of Concord, N. C., in the little finger of her left hand and she died before medical aid reached her.

Mrs. A. W. Bigelow, of Calaveras, Cal., killed a rattlesnake with twelve rattles, and George Jones, of Lancaster, S. C., killed one with seventeen rattles.

When one of the daughters of the Rev. E. Squire, of Centerville, Mass., awoke one morning recently, she faintly at the sight of an immense blacksnake, whose head was thrust out from under the pillow.

A rattlesnake bit Miss Horner, of Johnston, Pa., while she was in a berry patch. One of her companions carried her to a tavern and dosed her liberally with whisky, but it is thought she will die.

Walter B. Adams, of Bedford Station, N. Y., killed a white-throated blacksnake recently, measuring 12 feet in length. Lyman Lee killed a rattlesnake which had 21 rattles, at Chico, Cal.

While the daughter of Alfred M. Page, of China, Me., was watching at the head side of a sick sister, a spotted adder, over three feet in length passed over her feet. It was killed by her father in the sitting room.

Residents of Montgomery county, Pa., have hunted a black snake that has been a terror since 1871, but have thus far only been able to handle its cast-off skin. That of last year measured 12 feet 6 inches in length.

Geo. Smith, of Providence, R. I., found two snakes in his poultry yard. One, a black snake four feet long, had the head of a water snake, and was very long in its mouth, where seemingly it was inextricably wedged. Mr. Smith killed them both.

While picking berries in the Walkerton marsh, near South Bend, Ind., Mrs. Widen was attacked by a black snake. She grabbed the reptile by the throat and succeeded in killing it. Two boys came to her and killed to snake. It was seven feet long.

While bathing near Austin, Texas, Lambert Briatt was bitten by a water moccasin. He knew the necessity of acting promptly, hurried to camp, took a coil of rope and jumped the snake from where the wound was near to the bone, thus destroying the poison and saving his life.

While a minister was conducting a funeral service at a cemetery in Pottsville, a snake came out of the grave, raised its head and moved toward him. He kept his eye on it while going on with the ritual. The reptile was finally killed by a gentleman with his cane.

West Dayton, Iowa, comes forward with the champion snake of the season. Dr. C. D. Brown and B. Pierson say that by the use of chloroform and drugs they were enabled to cage a snake whose length is 27 feet, and which is 10 inches in diameter. He is five inches between the eyes and the eyes are fiery red.

The wife of Charles Barret, of Strathroy, Canada, was walking with her husband through his wheat field, when she was attacked by a monstrous fastening adder. He was killed by her husband, and the second left the snake fastened to her skirts. She endeavored to shake him off, and ran, but fainted before she had gone ten feet. Her husband then caught the reptile by the head in a hay rake and it was killed. When it was measured it was six inches in diameter and five feet long.

**What the Republicans Would Do.**

From Senator Bayard's Baltimore speech.

The Republican party conceive themselves to be superior to the popular will. This is the insolence of office of which Shakespeare speaks. They are drunk with power, they assail us as criminals simply because we assert our rights. Only the other day I read an interview with a representative man of the Republican party—the secretary of its national committee—who unshamed himself to a reporter of the New York Herald—a paper always ready to give a blow or a rag at the Democratic party, and not always fairly. This Republican was the individual known as ex-Senator Dorsey, of Arkansas. This person, who may be described as a bird of passage, and who to the people of Arkansas probably is known as a bird of prey, spoke to the interviewer of the United States Marshal Dudley, of Indiana, in the following strain: "He (Dudley) is full of fire and determination. He looks fight and means business. If necessity called for it he would flush the streets of Indianapolis with blood and never winces." (Hisses.) To think that this wretched carpet-bag adventurer should venture to use such language concerning American freemen! What is the necessity that would flush the streets of Indianapolis or Baltimore with blood? He means that the Republican party would use the military to carry the elections by force—the military whose duty it is to preserve the peace and protect the lives of the very men whom they are called upon to slay. This is no empty figure of speech. The same thing has been done before; the bayonet has repeatedly been used to pin the ballot back into the ballot-box.

## Hancock's "Selfishness."

Maysville (Ky.) Bulletin.

There is one man, at least, in Maysville who does not give credit to Gen. Grant's charge of selfishness against General Hancock. It is Mr. Jerry Sullivan, a well-known and respected Irish citizen, who was a soldier in the regular army under Hancock when he was a captain. Mr. S. says that so far from being selfish he was one of the most self-sacrificing men he ever knew, and one of the most considerate of his men. As an instance of a commendable trait in Hancock's character, he relates the following incident: The company had been ordered to Fort Snelling in the Northwest, and on the long march many of the men were taken with cholera. It grew worse and worse, until it raged as a pestilence, and men died every day. Every officer and man who was able to leave the infected camp went except Hancock, who remained and ministered to the sick and dying with his own hand until the disease had run its course. Many of the men who recovered owe their lives to his attention, and Mr. S. thinks it will be a difficult matter to induce any member of that command to believe that their old commander is the man Grant pictures him to be.

**The Other Side of It.**

New York Herald.

Willard Warner, of Alabama, a Republican carpet-bagger for a time in the Senate, addresses a letter to a Republican contemporary giving the platform of the solid South. The solid South, according to Mr. Warner, will revise the tariff, spend the coin now hoarded in the treasury, repeal the tax on state banks, destroy the national banks, establish state banks, repeal the federal laws supervising the elections, and limit the authority of the federal government.

This is a startling programme, and will no doubt have due weight in keeping up the cry of the Republicans that the country is going to the devil unless Garfield is elected. But all this one argument is forgotten—namely, that for some years past the Democratic party has been in possession of the Senate and House of Representatives. The Democrats have had the power to reduce the tariff, but they have not done so. They could have spent the money in the treasury, but it remains there. They could have interfered in the payment of the national debt, but they have voted appropriations steadily to support the public credit and pay our pensions. As to the marvelous prospect, which the Republicans attribute wholly to President Hayes's administration, it is forgotten that the president of the United States, without the help of or antagonized by Congress would be helpless.

**What a Woman of Will Did.**

In Ulster county, New York, there is a woman of great grit who inherited four hundred acres of land, consisting of prime soil, fully of farming property, heavily encumbered with debt. It was the old homestead and she could not bear the idea of seeing it pass into the hands of strangers, and was determined that it should not. Although then only twenty-four years old, and with no