# The Lancaster Intelligencer.

Volume XVII—No. 42. LANCASTER, PA., TUESDAY. OCTOBER 19, 1880 Price Two Cents.



*NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.*

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!!

## Rathvon & Fisher

Offer their entire stock of

## Ready-Made Clothing

at and below Cost, with a view of discontinuing the READY-MADE CLOTHING business, and devoting their attention exclusively to

## CUSTOM WORK.

CLOTHING made promptly to order, and satisfaction in all cases guaranteed. A select line of Cloths, Cassimeres, Worsteds, Coatings, Suitings, Cheviots, Meltons, Overcoatings, Vestings, &c., always on hand and orders respectfully solicited. Also, a general line of Furnishing Goods.

RATHVON & FISHER

Merchant Tailors and Drapers,

No. 101 North Queen St., Lancaster, Pa.

SPECIAL.—Those in want of Ready-Made Clothing will consult their own interest by giving them a call before purchasing elsewhere, as their Clothing are mainly of their own manufacture and substantially made. sep29-1md

## FALL OPENING

—AT—

## H. GERHART'S

## Tailoring Establishment,

MONDAY, OCTOBER 11th, 1880.

A Complete Stock of

## Cloths, Suitings

—AND—

## OVERCOATINGS,

which for elegance cannot be surpassed. The Largest Assortment of

ENGLISH AND SCOTCH SUITINGS

in this city. Prices as low as the lowest at

## H. GERHART'S

No. 51 North Queen Street.

## CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

We have now ready for sale an Immense Stock of

## Ready-Made Clothing

—FOR—

## Fall and Winter,

which are Cut and Trimmed in the Latest Style. We can give you a

GOOD STYLISH SUIT

AS LOW AS $10.00.

## PIECE GOODS

In great variety, made to order at short notice at the lowest prices.

## D. B. Hostetter & Son,

24 CENTRE SQUARE,

6-1yd LANCASTER, PA.

FALL AND WINTER

## OVERCOATINGS!

To-day we display a full line of the Latest Novelties in Overcoatings far the

## Fall Season,

in all the New Colorings, with Silk Facings to match; also a superior line of Heavy Weights in New Designs.

Fur Beaver, Seal Skin, Elysian, Montauk, Ratina and Chinchilla Beaver.

## CARR'S ENGLISH MELTONS,

Double and Treble Milled, all the New Mixtures.

Taylor's English Mintrys,

in Plain and Fancy Backs, Combination Colors, all made up and trimmed in the highest Style of Art.

## SMALING'S

THE ARTIST TAILOR,

121 N. QUEEN STREET,

*MARBLE WORKS.*

WM. P. FRAILEY'S

MONUMENTAL MARBLE WORKS

758 North Queen Street, Lancaster, Pa.

MONUMENTS, HEAD AND FOOT STONES, GARDEN STATUARY, CEMETERY LOTS ENCLOSED, &c.

All work guaranteed and satisfaction given in every particular.

N. B.—Remember, works at the extreme end of North Queen street. m30

*CLOTHING.*

## Timely Advice on Fall Clothes.

You are thinking of your clothing for fall; what it shall be; how and where you shall get it.

COME AND SEE US.

Come and see us, or drop us a line, saying what you want, as near as you can. If you are here, you can see for yourself a great variety of things, try on what you like, and go home with the old clothes in a bundle. That is very easy; and nothing can be more satisfactory.

NOT A STRANGE PLACE.

It isn't as if you were going to a strange place. The chances are you've been here before, and know something of our ways. Perhaps your neighbor has been here; and has told you it was a good place to go to. Perhaps you've only read that we sell a good many clothes, and say to people who buy them: Bring them back if you don't find them every way to your liking.

Now this is really why we are not strangers to anybody; because we deal with everybody as with a neighbor; and expect him to come right back if he has cause of complaint.

IF YOU DON'T COME.

But, suppose you don't come. How are we going to sell you just what you want to buy, without your seeing things beforehand? Try; write; say about how much you want to pay for a business suit, dress suit, overcoat, or whatever you want; say what your occupation is; say anything that has any bearing on what we ough to send you. It will not take us two minutes to guess what you want; if we don't guess right, that's our loss, not yours.

HAVE YOUR OWN WAY!

Perhaps you want your clothing made to your measure. Did you suspect that we make to measure a half-million dollars' worth of clothing every year for people we never saw and never expect to see? You may be very certain that we have a way of doing such work without much risk of a misfit; for a misfit, you know, comes right back to us. We are pretty careful about making blunders when we've got them all to make good.

OUR WAY:

Our way of doing business is to make the buyer welcome, at the outset, to all the advantage and all the guarantee he can ask for.

WANAMAKER & BROWN.

OAK HALL,

Sixth and Market Streets.

Philadelphia, Pa.

*WALL PAPERS, &c.*

WE ARE OFFERING THE ONLY PERFECT

Extension Window Cornice

ever manufactured. It is perfect in its construction, simple and handy to adjust and very cheap. It can be regulated to fit any ornary window by means of a thumb screw, and can be adjusted from one foot to five feet wide. They are made of 4½ Inch Walnut Moulding of a New Pattern, and we have them in eight different styles. Come and see them.

CURTAIN POLES

In Walnut, Ash and Ebony, Ends, Rings and Brackets complete.

ORDERS TAKEN FOR

PIER AND MANTEL MIRRORS.

OPENING FALL STYLES OF

WALL PAPER

—AND—

SHADES.

PHARES W. FRY,

No. 57 NORTH QUEEN ST.

GRAIN SPECULATION In large or small amounts. $25 or $20,000. Write W. T. SOULE & CO., Commission Merchants, 130 La Salle street, Chicago, Ill., for circulars. m28-1yd*

*HOP BITTERS.*

IF YOU ARE A MAN OF BUSINESS, weakened by the strain of your duties avoid stimulants and take

HOP BITTERS!

If you are a man of letters, toiling over your midnight work, to restore brain and nerve waste, take

HOP BITTERS!

If you are young, and suffering from any indiscretion or dissipation, take

HOP BITTERS!

If you are married or single, old or young, suffering from poor health or languishing on a bed of sickness, take

HOP BITTERS!

Whoever you are, wherever you are, whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating, without intoxicating, take

HOP BITTERS!

Have you *dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaint*, disease of the *stomach, bowels, blood, liver, or nerves?* You will be cured if you take

HOP BITTERS!

If you are simply ailing, are weak and low spirited, try it! Buy it. Insist upon it. Your druggist keeps it.

HOP BITTERS!

It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

HOP BITTERS MANUFACTURING CO., Rochester, New York and Toronto, Ontario. 2

*DRUGS, &C.*

TRUSSES! TRUSSES!! TRUSSES!!! Sufferers from Rupture will find the safest, easiest and cheapest Trusses in the world on exhibition and for sale by ANDREW G. FREY, Druggist, Cor. N. Queen and Orange Sts, Lancaster, Pa. Call and see.

Also, the only sure cure for Piles, FREY'S UNIVERSAL PILE SUPPOSITORY. Never fails. Price, 50c. and 75c. a box. n10-yd

LOCHER'S

## Epizootic Cure and Powders,

A POSITIVE CURE FOR EPIZOOTIC AND DISTEMPER IN HORSES.

PREPARED AND SOLD BY

CHAS. A. LOCHER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST,

NO. 9 EAST KING STREET. o16-1td

HULL'S DRUG STORE.

—FOR—

PRESERVING CIDER

—USE—

NEUTRAL

## SULPHITE OF LIME.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING WITH EACH PACKAGE.

FOR SALE AT

HULL'S DRUG STORE

No. 15 WEST KING STREET,

aug28-1yd] LANCASTER, PA.

*CAMPAIGN GOODS.*

PORTRAITS OF HANCOCK AND ENGLISH For sale at THIS OFFICE.

FLAGS! FLAGS!

SASHES FOR PARADES, TRIMMINGS FOR SASHES, SADDLE CLOTHS, SHOULDER STRAPS, BELTS, &c.

Neckties, Entirely New Styles.

NEW STYLE COLORS.

UNDERWEAR, GLOVES &c., &c.

E. J. ERISMAN'S,

56 NORTH QUEEN STREET.

CAMPAIGN HEADQUARTERS

PREPARE FOR THE CAMPAIGN

We have Large Chinese Lanterns.
We have Muslin Flags of all sizes.
We have Streamers in abundance.
We have Double Portraits of Candidates 22 by 18 inches.
We have Single Portraits at 5c each.
We have in stock different sizes of

BUNTING FLAGS.

We have a good supply of

FIREWORKS.

We have Greek Fire.
We have Badges in Silk and Metal.
We take orders and supply all kinds of Equipments to Clubs.

D. S. BURSK,

17 East King Street, Lancaster.

*FURNITURE.*

HEINITSH,

FINE FURNITURE

—AND—

Cabinet Manufacturer.

All in want of Fine or Fancy Cabinet Work would do well to call and examine specimens of our work.

OFFICE FURNITURE A SPECIALTY.

HEINITSH,

15½ East King Street.

*GROCERIES.*

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

LEVAN'S FLOUR

—AT—

No. 227 NORTH PRINCE STREET. d17-1yd


## Lancaster Intelligencer.

TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 19, 1880.

## NOT FOR WEAVER.

A PROMINENT LABOR MAN REPUDIATES HIM.

An Intelligent Review of the Workingmen's Position—General Weaver the Tool of Republican Politicians—Republicanism and Imperialism.

### WIT AND WISDOM.

Current Anecdotes of Notable Public Men—Mr. Julian on the Result in Indiana.

**Wright on Weaver.**

James L. Wright, of Philadelphia, the real head of the Greenback-Labor party of that city, has grown restive under the transparent betrayal of his party by its presidential candidate, General Weaver. Mr. Wright was the candidate of the Greenbackers for secretary of internal affairs in 1878, was delegate to the convention which nominated Weaver and is a member of the state committee at this time. He was interviewed by a representative of the Philadelphia *Times* on Saturday last, and the following utterance is of value not only by reason of his relation to the party which is betrayed, but because of its intelligent expression upon the relative rights of employer and employee:

"Weaver has all along been advising a straight-out ticket in Indiana," he said. "We now see what he means. The ticket has been so straight-out that there's nothing left of it for the Greenbackers. The same would have been the case in Maine if Weaver's advice had been taken. The difference was that the people of Maine were just a little too independent to be dictated to by Weaver. They knew their business better than he did. By not heeding his advice they got two members of Congress and the governor. If the Indiana Greenbackers had done the same they would have sent their men to Congress instead of losing every Greenback-Labor candidate in the state. There is going to be a mighty change in things in the next two weeks. The real struggle is just beginning. Weaver need do no more, for he has done enough. The laboring people are not blind, nor are they fools. They are not politicians, nor government paupers, always crying out against a change and doing all they can to keep in power the old clique of robbers and plunderers because they happen to get the crumbs that fall from the thieves' table. The laboring man knows nothing of political favor, nor does he care to know. He is not hungry after office nor has he any axe to grind. When the axe-grinding politician goes about the country making speeches and telling the people why his party ought to continue in power, the workingmen simply look at his position, and ask themselves whether he is speaking from a disinterested standpoint, and that settles it. The laboring man is not a political pauper. Every cent he gets, every piece of bread he puts into his mouth, he earns by hard work. There is nothing on God's earth dearer to him than his independence. How long can that continue under the present state of things? When we read of employers and capitalists using their position and their influence and their money to force their laborers to vote to keep in power the (1) set of ringsters, when we read of the means employed, the threats held over their heads and the warnings and intimidations, we wonder whether we are any longer living in a free country or a country of despotism. These are facts and they speak for themselves. There is no getting around them. Politicians may talk about tariff and a solid South and all that; they may throw dust in the people's eyes in a thousand different ways; they may talk around the subject and try to lead the minds of the people off the real issue, but it will do no good. There is only one great question before the people: Shall the country become a monarchy or shall it remain free? Republican papers may laugh and ridicule, Republican politicians may scoff and jeer, but this doesn't explain away or answer the facts.

"Do the politicians pretend to deny that the workingmen are more under the thumb of the capitalists now than they were ten years ago? Do they pretend to deny that workingmen are more at the mercy of capitalists now than they were ten years ago? Do they pretend to deny that the workingmen have been and are being coerced and intimidated into supporting the Republican candidate for president? Ten years ago such a thing as discharging a man on account of his political views, or of coming into the workingmen's department and bullying them like cattle—as I have heard a Republican foreman in a certain factory has done in this town—ten years ago such a thing was the exception, and if it had happened then as it did in this case, the workingmen would have resented it right and left, and it might have been policy for that foreman to get out of the way pretty quick.

"I am not talking for the sake of talking, nor am I talking on theories or suppositions. The coercion of the workingmen by their employers, not only in this city, but elsewhere, are facts. The proofs are at hand and I defy anybody to deny it. Yet in the face of all this we have loud-mouthed politicians going about the country prating about a free country and the glorious privileges of the workingman. Do they think the workingmen are stupid and blind and dumb, without sense or intellect or reason? Do they for a moment think that they have no memory or understanding, or do they believe that laboring men are of such an adaptable kind that they can suffer abuses and wrongs and slights for three years and six months and then forget all about them for the ensuing six months until the politicians elect and put in their president?

"The politicians have made a mistake. They have talked as though the working masses were children, without reason or understanding. They have miscalculated the power of the labor element. They seem to forget that two years ago the Greenback-Labor party of this state polled ninety thousand votes for judge of the supreme court. Half that many votes is enough to bury the Republican party of Pennsylvania so deep that it would never be heard of again. Since that time the labor men have not been taking an active part in politics. They have stood off simply for the reason that some of the few members of the straight Greenback party have ignored labor questions entirely and gone crazy on the one subject of greenbacks. This is a small question to the labor men compared to other questions. There are questions like the eight-hour law, taxing of labor-saving machinery, and above all, protection of men who serve a regular apprenticeship and learn a trade against the interlopers who have never learned a trade. We have a great outcry against those quack doctors who never go through a regular course of study, but hang out their shingles and compete with a regular physician. Everybody is rejoicing that Dr. Buchanan's quack diploma factory is broken up. At the same time, all over the city, in the shoe shops, the tailor business and every other trade, there are hundreds of quacks also. People ask why boys don't learn trades like they used to. The reason is simply that they have no protection from these interlopers after they do learn them. They want the same protection that the doctor, the lawyer and the preacher has.

"But there is a great question which the working people see so clearly that no politician can blind their eyes to it. This is simply the perpetuation in power of one party until that party seems to think they own the country and turn their backs on the working people and those who placed them in power. In spite of all that Republican organs can say and in spite of all that Republican politicians can say, the workingmen see that this country is tending toward a monarchy. They see a small handful of politicians, like Conkling, Cameron, Logan and a few others, as arrogant and pretentious as though they were the chief advisers of the Czar of Russia. They have no interest or sentiment in common with the honest, hard-working people of this country. Success to the Republican party simply means so many further strides toward an aristocratic form of government. There is no hiding of this fact, there is no getting over it. The tendency is in this direction and Conkling and Cameron and the rest of their crowd know it. They would have put Grant in at Chicago if they could. They will rule Garfield like a child if they make him president. The working people want no Conklingism or Grantism. The struggle is narrowing down to a fight between the two parties. After two weeks it is hardly likely there will be a third party. Garfield has sneered at the Greenback party's idea; he has pronounced some recent measure of the party, as the 'last spawn of a dying faction.' Garfield will find that the Greenback party is at least honest and will support honest men. The labor element is not to be bought, in spite of all that Garfield has said against it, and this he will find out before he is a month older."

**An Anecdote of Gladstone.**

The man is more interesting than any of the parts he has been called to play; but we come to understand the man better by seeing how he shapes and molds these parts. As an orator, his conspicuous merits, beside his striking countenance, dignified action, and a voice full, rich, and admirably modulated, are fertility and readiness. He seems to have always at command an inexhaustible store of ideas, reasons, illustrations, whatever be the subject which he is reported to deal with. Of all great English speakers, probably no one, not even Wm. Pitt, has been so independent of preparation. Even Fox, swift and rushing as he was, was great only in reply, when his feelings were heated by the atmosphere of battle, whereas Mr. Gladstone is just as animated and forcible in an opening, or in a purely ornamental and uncontentious harangue, as in the midst of parliamentary strife. Of the many anecdotes that are current illustrating his amazing power of rising to an occasion, one may be given which has the merit of being true. On the afternoon when he was to make an important motion in the House of Commons, a friend, happening to call on him between two and three o'clock, found him just sitting down to make some notes of the coming speech. He laid aside his pen and talked for a while, then jotted down a few heads on paper, went down to the House before four o'clock, found himself drawn into a preliminary controversy of a very trying nature, in which he had to repel so many questions and attacks that it was past six before he rose to make the great speech. He then discovered that, as he had left his eyeglasses at home, his notes were practically useless, put them quietly back into his coat pocket, and delivered with no aid to his memory, and upon that one hour's preparation, a powerful argument interspersed with passages of wonderful passion and pathos, which lasted three hours, and will always rank amongst his finest efforts.—*Scribner for November.*

**Hon. George W. Julian on Indiana.**

"How did the Indiana Democracy feel over their defeat last Tuesday?" an *Evening Express* reporter yesterday asked ex-Congressman George W. Julian, of that state, who is now in New York to speak in that state and in New Jersey and Connecticut. "Very sick at heart," he replied and continued: "The first depression was chilling; it was so unexpected and astounding."

"How do they feel now?" "In good heart again, resolute and determined to win the state for Hancock, with a confidence that they will do it."

"Why are they stronger now than they were last Tuesday?" "All side issues are removed. Landers was not a strong candidate for a time when the paying off of personal grudges would seriously interfere with party success. The Greenbackers had a score to settle with him, and they have secured their revenge. And we missed it by not supporting De La Matyr. We did nothing to win the Greenback vote and it went against us. Thousands of men who voted for Porter will vote for Hancock."

"What defeated the Democracy in Indiana?" "We were smothered with money. The state was sure two days before the election. Our poll showed it to be so beyond a doubt."

"Did the free trade and tariff scare help much towards effecting the defeat?" "No. It was not heard of in the canvass till a couple of days before the election."

"But here it is generally believed that, next to vote buying, that scare was potential in upsetting the state." "It is a mistake, and I am astonished that so much is being made of the tariff subject here at the East. Money was the chief cause of the defeat in Indiana. The tariff matter did but little harm. Fraudulent voting by imported negroes and repeaters did us a measure of harm next to the bribery."

"How do you regard the tariff issue now?" "It is no issue at all in this campaign. Gen. Hancock's last letter has settled it just as effectively as he extinguished the rebel claims question a short time ago. Free trade is an ideal of men of both parties. Politically it has been a dead issue for about forty years. Why didn't the Republicans bring it in at the very beginning, instead of the end of the campaign, since they profess that it is of paramount importance? Free trade is too big a question to be grappled with now. The tariff is always a matter of honest difference of opinion, but I can't see that there is any real difference between the Republicans and Democrats about it just now. Garfield himself and many other Republicans, and strong papers of that party as well, are free traders in theory, but have various ideas of protection in practice. Free trade is a thing of the future, beyond our present debt and generation."

"Then you think the Democracy will regain Indiana in November?" "Certainly; Indiana is willing and ready to vote for Hancock. The Republican purchases can't be repeated. Besides, the Republican manipulators can't put all their funds out in Indiana."

**A Wonderful Sermon.**

We quote from Richard Henry Dana's paper in *Scribner* for November, on the late President Leonard Woods, of Bowdoin college: "Some thirty years ago, it had been announced that President Woods was to preach in what is now the parish church of the Advent, in Bowdoin street, but was then in the possession of a congregational society, under the pastorate of Rev. Dr. Winslow. The house was well filled President Woods spoke apparently without even notes. He spoke for nearly an hour and a half, of a warm summer afternoon, to a congregation which had been used to set their mental chronometers to twenty or thirty minutes. Yet it was a case of "*Conticuere omnes, intentique ora tenebant,*" from first to last. There was not only attention, but an excited glowing attention. His subject was 'The Delayed Justice of God,' the text being, 'Because sentence against a evil work is not executed speedily, therefore,' etc. For his space of time, and his purpose, he was the master of every one in the house, and Dr. Winslow, in his concluding prayer, was so carried away that he entered unconsciously upon a eulogy on the preacher, in thanking the Almighty for the great privilege we had enjoyed that day. At this time, it was rarely if ever that a preacher of the orthodox sects took examples or illustrations from elsewhere than the scriptures: but in this discourse, it seemed that, as was said of Burke, there had gone out a decree that all the world should be taxed. He drew his illustrations from all history, from all the known experience of mankind. As I have said, it is more than twenty-five years since I heard that sermon; but I can repeat, I think *verbatim*, many of its finest passages, and retain a clear memory of its thought and order. After some years, happening to speak with a scholarly and thoughtful man on the subject of sermons, he said that the best he had ever heard was one by President Woods, in the old meeting house in Bowdoin street, on the delayed justice of God, and he proceeded to describe it. Again, at New York, at a gathering of men of letters, the subject of best sermons was started, and one of the number, a man of high repute as a writer, said that, chancing to be in Boston of a Sunday, some years before, he went to hear President Woods, at Bowdoin street, and there heard a discourse, on the delayed justice of God, which had ever remained in his mind the ideal sermon. Thus the only three persons I know to have heard it, give it the first place; and I doubt if any intelligent hearer on that day will fail, even now to acquiesce in this judgment."

**Mr. Evart's Figures.**

Dallas Herald.

On the 29th of September, in the Cooper institute, New York, the Hon. William M. Evarts, a citizen of that city, but for nearly four years past secretary of state of the United States, made a Garfield speech, great in length and remarkable in its statement of facts, designed to array the Northern against the Southern people. Texas was introduced and figures given to prove that Republicans were bulldozed and dare not vote. Three counties were paraded to prove this, thus:

| COUNTY. | HAYES. | TILDEN. |
|---|---|---|
| Brown | 1 | 2,525 |
| Eastland | 3 | 1,787 |
| Hidalgo | 4 | 1,629 |
| Totals | 8 | 5,941 |

The official vote of these counties stood:

| COUNTY. | HAYES. | TILDEN. |
|---|---|---|
| Brown | 1 | 600 |
| Eastland | 0 | 188 |
| Hidago | 13 | 141 |
| Totals | 14 | 929 |

As Mr. Evarts mistakes the facts by over six hundred per cent. in these official figures from three little border counties in Texas, in not one of which was there, probably, a single colored man in 1876, how much credit can be given to his figures in other and greater matters?


Mrs. Barnhoff, corner Pratt and Broadway, has been a sufferer for 12 years through Rheumatism, and has tried every remedy she could hear of, but received no benefit, until recommended to try the Eclectric Oil, she says she cannot express the satisfaction she feels at having her pain entirely removed and her Rheumatism cured. For sale by H. B. Cochran, druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen street, Lancaster. 7

**The Melancholly Dane.**

Hamlet Prince', of Denmark, would not have been dubbed, the "Melancholly Dane," if he had known Dyspepsia was all that ailed him, and that all he needed was a supply of Spring Blossom, a sure cure for Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Indigestion and other diseases of that description. Price: 50c., trial bottles 10 cents. For sale by H. B. Cochran, druggist, 137 and 139 North Queen street, Lancaster, Pa. 8

*CARPETS.*

BARGAINS FOR EVERYBODY.

RARE CHANCE IN CARPETS,

Positive sale to Reduce Stock of

## 6,000 Yards Brussels Carpets,

AT AND BELOW COST.

Call and satisfy yourself. Also, Ingrain, Rag and Chain Carpets in almost endless variety at

H. S. SHIRK'S

## CARPET HALL,

203 WEST KING STREET,

LANCASTER, PA.

*FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS.*

LANCASTER

BOILER MANUFACTORY,

SHOP ON PLUM STREET,

OPPOSITE THE LOCOMOTIVE WORKS.

The subscriber continues to manufacture

BOILERS AND STEAM ENGINES,

For Tanning and other purposes

Furnace Twiers,

Bellows Pipes,

Sheet-iron Work, and

Blacksmithing generally.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

aug18-1yd] JOHN BEST.

*ROBES, BLANKETS, &C.*

SIGN OF THE BUFFALO HEAD.

ROBES! ROBES!!

BLANKETS! BLANKETS

I have now on hand the LARGEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT of Lined and Unlined BUFFALO ROBES in the city. Also LAP AND HORSE BLANKETS of every description. A full line of

Trunks and Satchels,

Harness, Whips, Collars, &c.

Repairing neatly and promptly done.

A. MILEY,

108 North Queen St., Lancaster.

25-1 yd MW&S

*DRY GOODS.*

## LADIES' COATS.

Opened this day a large stock of the above goods, to which special attention is invited.

Silk and Cotton Velvets

FOR TRIMMING AND SKIRTS.

BLACK AND COLORED SATINS FOR TRIMMING, &c.

BLACK SILKS

—AND—

Black and Colored Cashmeres.

We have all the above goods in full supply, and to be sold at our usual Low Prices.

## FAHNESTOCK'S,

Next Door to the Court House.

## DRESS GOODS,

## CLOAKS,

## CLOAKINGS.

HAGER & BROTHER

have now open the latest novelties in French, English and American

DRESS GOODS.

FRENCH PLAIDS, HANDKERCHIEFS, SUITINGS, SIDE BANDS, CASHMERE-FOULE, MOMIE CLOTHS, FLANNEL SUITINGS, &c., &c.

SILKS, SATINS

—AND—

VELVETS.

## Cloaks! Cloaks!

Have just received from New York Importers a line of Cloaks, Dolmans and Jackets in the Latest Style for Ladies and Misses.

CLOAKING CLOTHS,

Black and Colors, Plain and Fancy, in Large Assortment.

We invite examination.

## STYLES!

New Styles of CARPETS.
New Styles of WALL PAPER.
New Styles of DECORATIONS.
New Styles of OIL CLOTHS,
New Styles of WINDOW SHADES.
New Styles of QUEENSWARE.
New Styles of DECORATED WARE.
New Styles of FINE LAMPS.
New Styles of GLASSWARE.
New Styles of CORNICES.
New Styles of CURTAIN POLES.

An Elegant Stock in all Departments.

## J. B. MARTIN & CO.,

Corner West King and Prince Streets,

LANCASTER, PA.

*CHINA AND GLASSWARE.*

LAMPS! LAMPS!

—AT—

## CHINA HALL.

BRASS NIGHT LAMPS,
GLASS HAND and STAND LAMPS,
FANCY PARLOR LAMPS,
NICKEL PLATED SAFETY LAMPS,
NICKEL PLATED LIBRARY LAMPS,
NICKEL PLATED HALL LAMPS,
NEW STYLE PARLOR LAMPS,

At prices to suit everybody, at

HIGH & MARTIN,

No. 15 EAST KING STREET.

*ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW*

HENRY A. RILEY
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
21 Park Row, New York.
Collections made in all parts of the United States, and a general legal business transacted
Refers by permission to Steinman & Hacker