

THE GAZETTE.

LEWISTOWN, PA.

Wednesday, August 22, 1866.

G. & G. R. FRYINGER, Editors.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The GAZETTE is published every Wednesday at the old stand, at \$1.50 in advance, or \$2.00 at the end of a month.

Cash Rates of Advertising.

Business Cards (7 lines or less) 1 year 6.00
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Personal communications, resolutions of societies, ordinary notices, &c., half price.
These terms will be rigidly adhered to in all cases.

FOR GOVERNOR.

MAJ. GEN. JNO. W. GEARY

Congress. DANIEL J. MORRELL, of Cambria County. Associate Judges. AUGUSTUS TROXEL, of Lewistown. LEVI GLASS, of Union. Assembly. JAMES M. BROWN, Armagh. Subject to conferee meeting. Sheriff. CHAUNCEY M. SHULL, of Lewistown. Commissioner. SAMUEL H. MCCOY, Granville. Auditor. M. P. WAKEFIELD, Oliver.

Notices of New Advertisements. A small tract of land along the river is wanted. Col. T. F. McCoy will attend to claims for bounty, pensions, &c. Persons indebted to S. W. Barr, late Register, &c., are requested to make payment. Proposals for ditching. Dr. Dahlen is practicing at Belleville. Estate Notices. List of Letters, &c.

OUR TICKET.

AUGUSTUS TROXEL, one of our candidates for Associate Judge, is an industrious hatter, who has resided here for a number of years, and has always sustained an unblemished reputation. He is a man well-informed on general subjects, reads a good deal, and makes it a point to understand what he does read. He was a warm and enthusiastic Union man, and lost an only son in the service. LEVI GLASS, of Union township, was a Commissioner of this county a number of years ago, but has for a long time steadily opposed the encroachments of the slave power. He is much respected in the valley, is in every way competent for the position, and we feel assured will receive a warm support from many old friends.

CHAUNCEY M. SHULL, like Andrew Johnson, is only a tailor, but we are satisfied will make a far better sheriff than Johnson does a President. Mr. Shull was one of the original Logan Guards, and subsequently again enlisted in the 205th, in which he served with credit until discharged at the close of the war. Since then he has been following his vocation with industry and sobriety, and deserves an election to the office.

For Commissioner, the convention selected SAMUEL H. MCCOY of Granville township, a gentleman whose fitness for the office, coupled with integrity, none who know him will question. The taxpayers will find him to be precisely the man they want and need in that office.

M. P. WAKEFIELD, of Oliver, our candidate for Auditor, is a young man of ability, a good accountant, has also served his country as a soldier, and will fill the office for which he is named (a matter too often neglected) with a view to the taxpayers interests.

For representative, the convention named JAMES M. BROWN, Esq., subject to the conferee meeting to be held to-day. Some opposition seemed to be manifested at the delegate elections, yet so far as we can learn, nothing plausible has been alleged against him which ought to influence any man's vote. He may not have done everything to the satisfaction of everybody, but what representative ever did? If nominated, as we trust he will be, we have every confidence he will receive an increased vote in this county.

"I have set squadrons in the field, and have never met defeat." - J. W. Geary. Geary is like a boy we know, who boasts that he has never been whipped in a fight - he has never been in one. - Lewistown Democrat.

The Democrat ought to write a history of the war, make Clymer the General, and Wm. Ross and John W. Kearns the Colonels who put down the rebellion.

Monster Geary Meetings continue to be held in the lower counties which show how popular feeling runs. To-day a great gathering at Reading takes place.

An immense gathering of Geary men was held at Mechanicsburg, Cumberland county, last week, at which among other things two oxen and 10,000 ears of corn were roasted.

Bigger of weak-kneed memory, mistook a republican at Harrisburg for a brother cop the other day, and after talking over prospects, confidentially said, "Clymer is personally a very weak man - and politically vulnerable to the most damning attacks! He is a heavy load, sir. I don't think we can elect him!"

MORE TRYING TIMES IN PROSPECT. Probable War with France.

Those who had fondly hoped that with the close of the rebellion we should enjoy a season of peace, are, from appearances, doomed to disappointment, as the one man at Washington who is continually prating about the usurpations of the people's representatives in Congress, is covertly exercising powers and privileges which a Dictator or Despot only could openly. Thus, while contending that the Southern States are in full relation to the government, on occasion of the riots in New Orleans, he interfered with the Governor's prerogatives, set his authority aside, and directed the military to receive orders from the Attorney General of Louisiana. If Louisiana is a State, Governor Wells is as much Governor as Andrew Curtin is of Pennsylvania, and we think no one will undertake to say that the Mayor of Philadelphia or the Attorney General of this State could call on Andrew Johnson to quell a riot except through the Governor. Law, however, or form of law, is of small account at the White House, where rebels are more welcome than Union men.

In furtherance of the design to withdraw public attention from the usurpations of the President, and possibly by the advice of rebel leaders, a proclamation has been issued giving notice that the blockade declared by Maximilian to exist at Matamoros, Mexico, will be disregarded. At sight, this would appear a small matter, but when all the facts connected with Mexico are taken into consideration, that proclamation is in reality a VIRTUAL DECLARATION OF WAR AGAINST FRANCE! Napoleon may or may not be ready to engage in a war with this country, but the recent relinquishment of his designs on the Rhine frontier indicate that he may have had such a contingency in view, and if he had, we may look for a long and bloody struggle, for an increased debt, for increased taxes, and in the end for an alliance between the rebel leaders and France, when the "Southern heart" will again be fired - probably by some of the men in attendance last week at Philadelphia as peace-makers - and another rebellion. Napoleon never forgives an insult nor an injury, and even if war does not ensue, he is henceforth an enemy of this country who will bide his time.

The Dummy Convention.

The gathering which had been heralded forth for some months, assembled at Philadelphia last Wednesday, 14th August, the anniversary of Jef Davis's proclamation exiling Union men from the rebel States and confiscating their property. The assemblage was said to be representatives of the people, yet strange to say, not a single delegate was elected by the people; on the contrary, State and county committees, appointed without reference to such a body, or a knot of office-hunters, hastened to announce that certain men, representing neither the people nor their interests, were delegates. Well, this body met, and instead of meeting the great questions of the day with freedom and discussion, no set of slaves could have been more subservient, or more readily ratified all that had been prepared. There was no opposition to anything, for the simple reason that no discussion, no interchange of views, was allowed. It was to all intents a Dummy Convention, with Doolittle as presiding officer, Cowan as ventriloquist, and Reverdy Johnson as bottle-holder. The rebels who came there with halters on their necks, acting up to the advice to creep in, steal in, or get any way into Congress, of course voted for everything proposed by the cooks; the copperheads, looking for political aid from the southern rebel democracy, did the same; and the bread-and-butter brigade, with the emoluments of office in sight, could not resist. Thus all was as harmonious as that company which was told any one might leave the service who chose, but that the first man who did would be shot!

Raymond of the New York Times prepared and read the address, which is a mere rehash of Johnson's assumptions that rebels are loyal men as soon as they are tired of rebelling, and anathematizing the doings of Congress, because Congress will not prove as false to its professions as the one man in the White House. The only thing of importance in it is the advice to vote for members of Congress, without reference to their antecedents, whether rebel, copperhead, bummer, deserter, or skeddaddler, who are willing to admit the rebels to Congress.

One of the principal subjects secretly discussed, was the sale of the democracy! And this, in part at least, was accomplished. Although the delegates would not agree at once to relinquish their old title, yet it will be significantly observed that the principal committee is dubbed the "National Union Committee," which of course supercedes in authority the democratic and all others, and will before long swallow them up. This is already evident here.

The Lewistown Gazette says "Geary was always willing to take pot-luck he always managed to gobble up the contents, and left his men nothing but the pot. - Hollidaysburg Standard.

We suppose you know all about it, as you were in the - really we forget - what corps was it? The \$300 or the disability?

A hall storm passed over De Kalb county, Illinois, a few weeks ago, which destroyed almost everything in a strip of two or three miles in width.

RECONSTRUCTION.

The Falsehood and Deception Practiced by the Johnsonites and Copperheads.

There is not a copperhead paper, a copperhead stump speaker, a Johnson paper, or a Johnson advocate, led on by such political weathercocks as Montgomery Blair, Cowan, Doolittle, &c., who has not studiously endeavored to fill the public mind with the belief that Congress is keeping the rebel States from being re-erected, when in truth nothing could be easier for those States to restore their full relation to the government merely by passing the constitutional amendments submitted by Congress. Those amendments, as there is, and withal magnanimous, that so just is truly royal for wonder in finding any man who wishes well to his country opposing them. It disfranchises only the prime movers and leaders of the rebellion, so far as offices are concerned, and would make this, what copperheads prate so much about, a WHITE MAN'S GOVERNMENT by basing representation on white men, precisely as stated by Andrew Johnson in his conversation with Geo. L. Stearns. We republish them, and ask our readers to hand them to their neighbors, for we feel assured, when properly understood, none but political bigots in pursuit of office, or men who think more of party than of their country, can find fault with them. Here is the

Union Platform of Reconstruction.

Tennessee was Admitted on this Platform. Joint Resolution proposing an Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two-thirds of both Houses concurring, that the following article be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which, when ratified by three-fourths of said Legislatures, shall be valid as part of the Constitution, namely:

ARTICLE XIV.

SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State where they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SEC. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

SEC. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

SEC. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SEC. 5. That Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article. In brief, the 1st makes all persons equal before the law, as is the case in all the eastern, middle and western States - that is, crime is punished alike whether committed by white or black, which is not the case in the South. The second makes voters the basis of representation; if this is not adopted, the late slave States will gain 24 members of Congress in 1872, as each late slave will then count the same as a white man north, and thus make 60 white men south equal to 100 white men north. The third disfranchises the perjurers; and the fourth secures the National public debt as inviolate, as well as pensions and bounties, and will forever prevent any assumption of the rebel debt. There is no negro suffrage in them, as political knaves make out, as any one can see by the second section that the States regulate who shall vote.

That the rebel leaders should get up a cry against the amendments is natural, as all power to organize another rebellion or to hold a majority of the offices would be effectually destroyed. This they well know, and it is therefore nothing wonderful in advising Andrew Johnson to usurp the powers of government, and recognize them as good citizens and law-makers; nothing wonderful that they should call those most instrumental in defeating their rebellion "disunionists," and themselves Union men; nothing wonderful that they should pander and cringe to northern copperheads so far that Massachusetts and South Carolina delegates should enter arm in arm into the mongrel convention held at Philadelphia last

week - because the defeat of the amendments will give them honors, power and place, while their adoption would do something towards making treason odious. But the old leaven is still at work. The following extract from the August number of De Bow's Review, the leading Southern literary magazine, will serve to show that the erroneous ideas which brought on the war are not yet eradicated, and that the Southern people predict a "good time coming" yet:

"State sovereignty, though suspended, remains intact; for the Southern States are still, originally and anatomically, sovereign. They have each a soil and a people, a militia, an executive, a legislature, a judiciary, and separate and distinct laws, customs, habits and institutions. - So soon as the Federal troops are removed, and the Southern States fully restored to the Union, they will become again watchful and efficient guardians and defenders of the liberty of the South. In the meantime we must keep cool, evince the same fortitude under a temporary oppression that we exhibited throughout the war, never become 'terribly in earnest' like to radicals, and, by losing our tempers, cloud and upset our judgment."

And if there are people who imagine that they will never be taxed for the rebel debt, they can dispel that illusion, for Governor Orr of South Carolina, a fire-eating rebel, in a speech to a Clymer Club at Philadelphia on Monday a week, said he was not only willing to aid in paying the debt of "your Government, but also of my (the rebel) government!"

Our inference that the Augusta correspondent of the Selingsgrove Times, who professes to write rebel communications for that paper, was some northern traitor, has awakened the ire of the editor, and he calls us all kinds of names in return. He also complains that we have been assailing him for the past five years. Not at all, Mr. Times; we have only been showing you up as a consistent disciple of modern democracy, and cited you as proof that Southern democracy and Northern Toryism were one and the same thing - the only difference being the southrons took up arms to uphold their treason, while you didn't, but hissed them on. To show our readers how a northern copperhead classifies the Gazette, we copy the following from the Times of the 10th:

"The Lewistown Gazette, a 'moral-idea' organ that is always filled with articles on temperance, religion, 'moral instructions,' sabbath school items, pious songs, accounts of lying missionaries, etc., etc., with holy sprinklings of pious ejaculations and anathemas against copperheads, traitors, the sum of all villainies,' 'disloyal scoundrels, and such other phrases as are used only by people who batten upon 'moral ideas.'"

We trust all our friends have the same opinion of the Gazette as the Times, as we ask no better from friend or foe.

The Union State Central Committee of Penn'a to the Patriots of the South Greeting.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 16. The Union State Central Committee of Pennsylvania send greeting to their brave Union brothers of the South, and extend to them a hearty welcome, on the occasion of their meeting in this city, on Monday, the 3d day of September next.

History furnishes no parallel to the patriotism, courage and fidelity of those men who, from the beginning of the rebellion to the end, fought the good fight, and kept the faith.

The question to be decided is whether loyalty is to be proscribed and punished in the persons of patriots like these, or treason rewarded and honored in the persons of the guilty authors and agents of the rebellion. Shall the loyal masses and the baffled and defeated traitors govern the country? In these great issues all are vitally concerned, and our Southern compatriots have instinctively turned toward the spot where the Great Charter of American Liberty was first proclaimed, and propose, within the sacred shadow of Independence Hall, to renew their vows of fidelity to the principles of that immortal creed, and to take counsel with their Union friends.

On behalf of the loyal men of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, this Committee hereby gratefully extend a cordial welcome to these patriots and friends from the Southern States. All who come will be received with open arms and warm hearts.

The Union men of the entire Commonwealth are cordially and earnestly invited to come here and honor the occasion with their presence, and to enable all to confer together upon the present and future of our imperilled country.

It is also suggested and recommended that our friends from other States send delegations here on this important occasion, not to sit in convention, but to cheer and co-operate with these tried champions of liberty from the South.

By order of the Committee.

FR. JORDAN, Chairman.

Ludicrous Scenes at Serenades to Johnsonites in Philadelphia - A Happy People Ridiculing the Johnny Rebs.

Cheers for Geary Rang in the Ears of the Traitors whom Geary Whipped.

About 5 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon a kind of impromptu meeting was organized on the Ninth street front of the Continental, which was kept up, amid great confusion, for several hours. A band of music had gone around from hotel to hotel, serenading the delegates to the Convention, and as everybody tho't that speeches would be made, a large and promiscuous audience assembled in and about the Continental. Mr. George Francis Train led off in his usual style. He was not until after they had spoken that the amusing scenes occurred. There was not the least disposition manifested to indulge in any overt act; the entire crowd seemed desirous of having a merry time.

The Hon. George W. Curtis spoke for half an hour, amid calls for Mosby, Jeff Davis and others of the defunct Confederacy. On the question of the social equality of the negro, he spoke as follows:

FELLOW CITIZENS - I am opposed to the 'negro, booby.' If any man appears before you for suffrage, just look if one-half his face is black and the other half is white. [Shouts - Bring out a candle and let's see yours!] - Laughter mingled

with applause. It is impossible to make the negro equal to the white man. [Cries of "we know it; tell us something new." Shouts - "How are you, Andersonville?" "Mosby! Vallandigham!" Tell us something about Jeff Davis!]

My friends, I was going to say - "Three cheers for the Dead Dog!" "Three groans for the Dead Dog!" "Three cheers for John W. Forney!" "Three cheers for Thad. Stevens!" "Three groans for Jeff Davis!" I am not in favor of negro equality. [Laughter, cheers and clapping of hands.] But while I am not in favor of suffrage for the negro, I would protect him. I am a friend to the negro. [Tremendous shouts of "Oh! oh! bully!" I am, I was going to say - [Go black your face!" "You're a friend to the nigger!" Cries of "Oh, you are!"]

Cheers for almost everything loyal and groans for all traitors drowned the speaker's voice, and he finally retired.

The next speaker was introduced as Gen. Epsom, of Texas. As soon as the meeting heard of this, such exclamations came up from the mighty enthusiastic crowd: "Where did you get your commission from?" "Who did you fight for?" Fellow Citizens: The Southern States are now reorganizing and preparing to come into the Union; to acknowledge the Constitution and to bear true allegiance to the Government. [Cries of "You had to do it - can't help yourself." The speaker hesitated a moment, whereupon some one in the crowd, with a sharp, shrill voice like a crow, reiterated the cry, "What flag did you fight under?" "What kind of a General are you?" shouted another. [Roars of laughter, cheers and groans.]

We have come, fellow-citizens, from all parts of the country. [Cries - "We didn't ask you." We have come to mingle with you, and shall it be said that an American citizen, in a free country - [Cries of "Oh! oh! who made it free?" "Oh! gobag your head." Three cheers for Lincoln. - Three cheers for General Grant. Three groans for the "Bread-and-Butter Brigade." Roars of Laughter.]

Fellow citizens - [Cries of "How are you Johnny Reb?" [Laughter. "Three cheers for General Geary!" They were given with a tremendous shout.] - Fellow citizens: We are from all parts of the country. You certainly will not refuse to hear me speak. Shall I go home! [Here the speaker was again interrupted with tremendous shouts of "Yes!" "Go home! go home!" "We don't care about hearing you!" "Bring out your next speaker!"]

General Epsom retired, and presently another candidate for public favor essayed to speak. We did not hear his name. The meeting was quiet for a moment, and the speaker said:

I am from Alabama. This is the first time in my life that I have ever spoken in Philadelphia. [Shouts, "What did you come for?" "Who are you?"] "Gentlemen," said the speaker. [Cries of "We're the Boys!" - Three cheers for the boys in blue!" - Three cheers for General Geary!"]

The speaker now exhibited evidence of losing his temper, and said something about "renegade Pennsylvanians." His voice was now drowned by several hundred joining in full chorus:

"Down with the traitor, Up with the stars." While this song was being sung amid the most deafening cheers, in which it really seemed the entire assemblage of five thousand people joined, the speaker retired.

At a little after ten, this singular and truly comical meeting was dispersed. A portion of the people then proceeded down Chestnut street, singing "John Brown," "Rally Round the Flag, Boys," Down with the Traitors, hurrah, boys, hurrah, and cheering for Gen. J. W. Geary, Thaddeus Stevens and Col. John W. Forney.

NOTICE. All persons knowing themselves indebted to Samuel Barr, by fees for proceedings in Orphans' Court, Recording Deeds, &c., are requested to call and settle without further notice, with M. Hiney, Register, &c. aug22-4t

WANTED, A Small Tract of Land.

FROM 5 to 15 acres, with or without improvements - though the latter preferred - on the Juniata river, not more than six miles from Lewistown. State price per acre, cash, and address GEORGE P. MILLER, aug22-3t Altoona.

Claims for Bounty, Pensions, &c.,

RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION BY the undersigned at his office opposite the Red Lion, Lewistown. aug22-3m T. F. MCCOY.

PROPOSALS.

Will be received by the undersigned for Ditching from 500 to 600 rods, laying the Tile, and refilling the ditch, until Friday, 31st August. The work to be commenced immediately thereafter. The tile will be delivered on the ground by the subscriber. aug22-2t JAS. M. MARTIN.

Estate of Enoch Moyer, dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of ENOCH MOYER, late of Granville township, Mifflin county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in Derry township. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same, will present them duly authenticated for settlement. HENRY BOOK, Administrator. aug22-6t

THE SECOND QUARTERLY

Meeting for McVeytown Circuit, in connection with the reopening of Gruber Chapel, will be held in the above church to commence on Saturday, the first day of September, at 10 o'clock. The reopening sermon will be delivered by Rev. Thomas Barnhart, presiding elder of the district, on Sabbath morning, at 10 o'clock. The public are invited to attend. JOHN S. REED, OWEN OWENS, S. D. RAMBLER, Com. aug22

PLOWS.

The best known and desirable JAMESON Plows and Points for sale by F. J. HOFFMAN. aug22-4t

DR. JOHN J. DAHLEN, Practicing Physician,

Belleville, Mifflin County, Pa. DR. DAHLEN has been appointed an Examining Surgeon for Persons requiring examination will find him at his office in Belleville, Belleville, August 22, 1866. -

EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS.

The examinations of teachers for the Schools of Mifflin county will be held as follows: Derry and Granville, in Lewistown, Sat., Aug. 25th. Newton and Wayne, in Newton Hamilton, Thursday Aug. 30th. Oliver, McVeytown and Bratton, in McVeytown, Aug. 31st. Decatur, in Stroup's School House, September 1st. Menno, in Allentown, Sept. 5th. Union, in Belleville, " 6th. Armagh, in Milroy, " 7th. Brown, in Reedsville, " 8th. Stragglers, or those who, from any cause, fail to be present at these examinations will please meet in the High School-room, Lewistown, on Saturday, Sept. 2d. No private examinations will be held except under very peculiar circumstances. It is highly important that directors be present at the examinations, and it is hoped they will. The public are invited to attend. Examinations commence promptly at 9 o'clock. MARTIN MOHLER, Co. Superintendent. aug.8.

LEWISTOWN ACADEMY.

THIS INSTITUTION will be opened September 17th, and it is the desire of the Principal to render it worthy of the patronage of the community. Male pupils prepared for entrance into college. Particular attention paid to

BOOK-KEEPING by double entry. A record of attendance, recitations and department will be kept daily, and furnished to the parent or guardian as often as they may desire. Price of tuition as usual in institutions of this class. J. H. NOURSE, ault5 Princ'l Male and Female Dept.

Farm for Sale,

ONE-HALF mile east of Lewistown known as the Banks place. It contains

130 ACRES,

and will be sold together or divided to suit purchasers. For further particulars, call on or address the subscriber, residing on the farm. ault5-3t DUTTON MADDEN.

PUBLIC SALE!

WILL be sold at public sale, on the premises, on

TUESDAY, August 28th, 1866, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the following valuable farm, situated in Kishacoquillas valley, Brown township, about 5 miles west of Reedsville, adjoining lands of St. Leon C. Yoder, C. K. Davis, Robert Cummings, James Caley and others, containing

EIGHTY-SIX ACRES.

The above is all cleared except about six acres, which is well timbered, with a Bank Barn and a two-story plank fire-proof building

DWELLING HOUSE, Oven House, Wood House, Dry House, Hog Stable, Wagon Shed, Corn Barn, &c., a Well of excellent water near the door, and one of the best ORCHARDS in Kishacoquillas valley of the choicest Apples, Peaches, Pears, Cherries, Grapes, &c., &c. The farm is one of the most desirable as to quality and location in the Valley. A part of it has been newly limed, and new post and rail fences were put up on the premises. Further information can be had by applying to the undersigned. ault5 JOSEPH W. BYLER.

EXTRA BOUNTY!

Important to Soldiers! By a recent act of Congress, all soldiers who served three years, or those who were discharged by reason of wounds received in the service, and the

WIDOW, MINOR CHILDREN OR PARENTS, of any such soldier who died in the service of the United States, or of disease or wounds contracted whilst in the service, are entitled to an additional bounty of one hundred dollars.

BY GIVING THIS MATTER YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION, And calling on, or writing to the undersigned, these claims will secure prompt attention. Also,

BACK PAY, PENSION,

And all other kinds of claims against State or National Government will receive a safe and speedy settlement. JAMES M. SELLERS, ault4t 224 South Fourth st., Phila.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!

Soldiers! Equalization of Bounties! All Soldiers of 1861, '62 and '63 are entitled to an

INCREASE OF BOUNTY.

Send on your discharges and you will receive a receipt for them by return mail. Apply in person or by letter to J. B. SPIESE, Att'y at Law, and Licensed Claim Agent, Third st., Harrisburg, Pa. *All letters answered on the same day they are received. ault-3t

SEED WHEAT.

I HAVE now on hand a variety of samples of Seed Wheat, selected in New York by myself, which are worthy of the attention of Farmers, and which they are invited to call and examine, either at the Mill in Lewistown, or Warehouse at Reedsville. aug1 WALTER B. McATEE.

SEED WHEAT FOR SALE!!

ABNER THOMPSON is receiving a two car loads of Silver Chaff or Weevil-proof Seed Wheat, raised in the Genesee valley, near Rochester. This wheat is recommended very highly by practical farmers who have been raising it as a hardy winter wheat, and not liable to freeze out. Samples of this and the 80's wheat, a beautiful article of white, can be seen by calling at his warehouse at Reedsville, where it can be obtained on liberal terms. aug1-tsepl0

LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Post Office at Lewistown, Pa., on the 21st of August, 1866.

Ammon Alex. Harris Annie Auhner Henry Jones A B Baker Sophia Killinger Mary Bates S D Kendall James Cantner McKean Kauffman Adam Carter F E 2Kintzer Anna Daniels Dishue Meedclagh Carrie Davidson Mrs Mary Ort Eckley Miss Kate Mache Katie Esforth Miss C L Anderson M Frishmuth John Smith Emma Gazette Mrs P Withworth Pattie Gearhart J Wellcom Annie Groover D Wilson Mary aug 22. E. C. HAMILTON P. M.