LEWISTOWN, PA. Wednesday, July 25, 1866.

G. & G. R. FRYSINGER, Editors.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The GAZETTE is published every Wednesday at the old stand, at \$1.50 in advance, or \$2.00 at the end of 3 months. Cash Rates of Advertising.

siness Cards (7 lines or less) 1 year ministration or Executor's Notices Auditor's do 2 00
Estray Notice, four times, 2 09
Caution or other short Notices, 1 50
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If more than one, each 50
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Editorial Notices for each per line for each insertion.
Times of nonpareil or 8 lines of burgeois make a square.

quare. Personal communications, resolutions of societies,

oituary netices. &c., half price. These terms will be rigidly adhered to in all cases. Job Work.

Eighth sheet bills, \$1.50 for 25 or less; fourth sheet bills \$2 for 25 or less; half sheet bill, \$4 for 25 or less. FOR GOVERNOR.

MAJ. GBN. JNO. W. GBARI

Notices of New Advertisements. The Ætna Insurance Company, for which Col. John Hamilton is agent, gives a statement of its affairs in another colum, and although loosing about \$200,000 by the great fire at Portland, that amount

be in an ordinary company. Messrs. Beatty offer for sale a valuable and desirable farm in Armagh township. Menagerie & Circus on the 3d August. Estate notice. List of Letters, &c.

is as easily paid as \$5,000 or \$10,000 would

Huntingdon county will probably present, without a contest, Capt. B. X. BLAIR as the choice of the Union men of that county for Congress. The captain served his country faithfully during the rebeilion, and at the memorable battle of Gettysburg lost an arm, which of course disables him from following many active pursuits. Should the conferees select Mr. Blair as our standard bearer, we shall of course yield him as cordial a support as will the warmest friends he has, of whom we know he numbers many in this coun-

The democracy of this county are about as harmonious in congressional matters as two bulls in one field generally are. R. L. Johnston, of Cambria, an approved copperhead, is the underground favorite of one side, while the other swears it will not touch him with a forty foot pole. In the mean time about a dozen have been tickled with their names in the papers, among them Gen. Ross, Dr. G. V. Mitchell, H. J. Walters, Andrew Reed, Joseph Alexander, and perhaps others whose names we do not just now remember. Reed is plainly told in the last Democrat, in a communication, that he isn't popular enough or objectionable. and the writer then goes on to flatter Joseph Alexander with about a hatful of soft soap. It is curious that while candidates are brought forward for this important office from the tail of the party, the head and front of patent democracy-the two Soldiers Clymer Club orators-are not even honored with a recommendation for County Auditor

Foreign News.

The City of Paris brings Liverpool dates to the 11th and telegraph news to the 12th. The European complications are not yet untangled. No definite results had been obtained by the negotiations as yet, although strong hopes are entertained. Prussia is firm, and it is now said that she has declined to accept the terms of the armistice. The Vienna papers say that Napoleon will interpose armed mediation in case his peaceful efforts are not successful. The Italians appear equally as firm as Prussia, and are advancing into Venetia in spite of French orders. Two French squadrons were under orders for Venice, which place is being evacuated by the Austrians. The Prussians are reported to be marching on Frankfort, which was being put in a state of defence. English journals, profess to Frankfort, which was being put in a state of defence. English journals profess to believe that the continent is on the brink of a general war. Turkey has acknowledged Prince Charles as Hospodar of Roumania on his paying double tribute. Spanish journals say that that country has no idea of relinquishing the war against the South American republics.—The Atlantic cable expedition promises complete success. The shore end of the cable has been laid, and spliced to the main wire, and the probability is that it is now being submerged in the Atlantic ocean.

A convention of Southern Loyalists is to be held in Philadelphia on the first Monday of September.

The cholera is evidently increasing in New York and Brooklyn. It has also broken out at Tybee Island, near Savannah, Georgia, among the troops.

George Raymond, formerly editor of the Hollidaysburg Whig, was murdered in his bed at North Woodbury, New Jersey, on Tuesday night, 17th.

ber The Nebraska Legislature in joint ballot elected Major General John M. Thayer and F. W. Tipton to the United States Senate. They are both Republi-

Gen. Sherman says he never was a democrat, but voted for James Buchan-an; and added "I am since satisfied that any person who was fool enough to do that, has not sense enough to exercise the elective franchise. I disfranchised myself then, and consequently do not vote."

The U.S. Senate has adopted the resolutions, with amendments, to admit the Tennessee members—that State having ratified the Constitutional Amendment. This shows how easy reconstruc-tion and restoration on a safe basis would be, if factious opposition were withdrawn.
When the people once get to understand this question, they will find out that Congress has been grossly misrepresented and shamefully abused for doing right.

Wednesday last, it is evident from unprejudiced accounts that the meeting in point of numbers was not one-half of what was expected-Berks county alone to tend.' being able to get up a better. The taxable democracy of Mifflin county were represented by J. A. Mathews and William B. Weber; Snyder county by that loyal patriot well known as Major Jack Cummings; and various others by birds of that feather. Granny Vaux of Philadelphia, a blue-light democrat, first made a speech in which the intelligence of Berks in continuing to vote for Gen. Jackson for President was highly lauded. He then went had bombarded Fort Sumter, and thereby commenced the rebellion: that a republican majority of Congress had no right to pass laws, and all they did was unconstitutional; that niggers had no right to be taught to read or write; and that Andrew Johnson was an honest man. He said he addressed himself to the Dutch, because it was proper the campaign should commence with the Dutch democracy.

Hiester Clymer then made a speech, but like the patent democrat who tried to climb a well-greased pole, he rather failed. He gave the soldiers to underderstand that they had been fighting in order to re-admit Southern rebels to Congress and other offices, which some soldiers didn't like; said we were worse off' now than when Lee surrendered, and to cap the climax of his lager beer oration

we copy from the report) "He alluded to his political history as being a part of the history of the State for the past six years, and there was not a line he would alter, or a particle he would blot out!"

This took the Johnson officehunters rather aback, as it was re-affirming his opinion of Johnson in 1863, when according to the Legislative Record of this State, while speaking against allowing A. J. to occupy the Senate Chamber, he said:

"I KNOW, sir, that Andrew Johnson has gone as far as the farthest, and is ready to go still farther, to destroy, to uproot, to upturn every principle upon which this great and good Government of ours was founded. I KNOW that he has bent with suppliant knee before the throne of power; I KNOW that, for pelf or some other consideration, he has succumbed to every measure presented to him for approval or disapproval; and I know that in speeches delivered in the capitals of other States he has enunciated doctrines which, if adopted by the people of the great North, would be subversive of individual freedom and personal right. Sir, by no vote of mine can any person holding such views address the people of Pennsylvania in this chamber. - Never, sir, never, so long as I have a right to forbid him."

Gum Blair, who has belonged to every thing in the shape of a party, was the next speaker, and announced there would be another war in which Pennsylvania would be the battle-ground. This war we judge will be carried on by the same rebel army which was at Gettysburg a few fourth of Julys back, but is to call itself the democratic army. Because Congress would not do what the rebels and their friends wanted, he advised that they be hurled from the Halls of Congress. G. H. Pendleton, the white feather candidate for Vice President on the McClellan tick- back of neck and elbow joint, are exceedet, followed, and insisted that the South-ern States were in the Union. It is sin doubtless produced within two or ern States were in the Union. It is singular that these copperheads cannot see the difference between a State and the people of a State; in July and August, when copperheads are blind, it could be accounted for, but not for the remainder of the year. It seems to us any fool ought to know that a State, as territory, cannot scarred. Her external injuries are, howto know that a State, as territory, cannot commit treason, yet the people thereof can, and thus become aliens until restored by the law-making power, which is Congress and not the President.

Among the resolutions is the following, which recommends to Johnson to usurp the powers of Congress, compel that body by force to admit the Southern rebels, and thus create the President a Dictator:

Resolved, That the Federal Union is composed of thirty-six States; that un-der the Constitution each State is entitled to an equal representation in the Senate, and to its proper representation in the lower House; that the Constitution is the supreme law of the land; that the President is sworn to enforce the laws, and that we call upon him in the name of an outraged and violated Constitution and an imperilled Union to make the Congress what the Constitution requires it to be— the representative body of the whole peo-

To such a pass democracy has come at last. What it cannot accomplish at the ballot-box, it is willing to exact by force. It prates of the Constitution, and yet calls on a man who was not elected to fill the office he holds, to destroy a body elected directly by the people according to the Constitution, and which by it is sole judge who shall or shall not occupy a lawmaking seat. If such villainous resolutions are not inviting anarchy, despotism civil war, and disunion, then words have no longer a meaning.

How well this agrees with the views of those who inaugurated the rebellion, may be seen from the following extract of an article in the Richmond Whig of the 17th -the day before this meeting was held,in which after advising Johnson to issue a proclamation declaring Texas re-estab-

lished, it says: "Let him issue such a proclamation," and he will plant himself on impregnable ground, while his enemies will stand before the world in the undisguised attitude of revolutionists. Such they are in spirit and in purpose, and in fact. The logical sequence to such a proclamation would be another declaring that the constitutional relations of all the States being re-established, and the right of each to representation in Congress having accru- would do.

The Democratic Mass Meeting at Reading, ed, he could no longer, under his oath to After flooding the State with announce-nents of a congrathering at Postin ments of a cop gathering at Reading on mission to the Representatives of certain States, failed to come up to the require-ments of the law which gives existence to Congress. This is the issue to which affairs have seemed to us, from the first,

It will thus be seen that rebel advice south and copperhead advice north are precisely the same, namely, urging Johnson to usurp the powers of government. These are the same men who got up the rebellion; the same men south who wanted to be let alone, and the same men north who pronounced coercion unconnorth who pronounced coercion uncontions, we note "One Summer's Romance," "The Banshee," "The Disputed Patrithe south could never be conquered; the same men who advised peace on any on to show his hearers that New England | terms during the war; and the same men who gave aid and comfort to the enemy on all occasions. Let Andrew Johnson do this, let him follow this insane advice, and the rebels will effect a disruption of this country without a blow in less than five years by filling the army, navy, and leading offices with such men as they can rely upon, discredit government bonds, as Cobb did under Buchanan when we had little or no debt, and with them National Bank notes, and then secede-leaving the North and West overwhelmed with debt, without arms, and utterly powerless to engage in a war to put down another rebellion.

Shocking Rebel Barbarity in Virginia.

Among the voluminous reports just received by Gen. Howard from his subordinates in the freedmen's bureau is a detailed certified statement of the barbarity of a Virginia woman, inflicted upon her female slave, which almost defies human belief, and far surpasses the exaggerated pictures of fiction.

This woman has been in the habit of

beating her slaves for many years, and the fact that they were made free seems to have intensified all the passions of her nature. The case referred to is that of a girl or young woman, and is said to be a mere illustration of the manner in which similar cruelties were inflicted upon others. She was stripped naked, tied, and thrown face downwards before a hot fire, her mistress proceeded to lacerate by her mistress proceeded to lacorate by whipping her with the greatest fury, after which, horrible to relate, a mixture of cayenne pepper, vinegar and oil was poured over the shricking and almost delirious victim. Lest what I say may be doubted, I deem it my duty to tell you that I have this statement from General Howard's own lips. Gen. Howard has a photograph of this poor creature in his possession, and Judge Underwood of Virginia proposes to take her into his own family and to accompany her to the President of the United States, there to let him see the last specimen of the humanty of the reconstructed rebels.

Official reports from officers of the Freedmen's Bureau, show instances like the oration of Rev. Dr. Plumer before the the following: Extract from Report of D. R. Rromer As

sistant Surgeon, Richmond, Va., dated

June 4, 1866. I have the honor to report that Martha Anne Banks, freed girl, aged 17 years, from King William county, Va., late servant of Henry Adams, was admitted to this hospital June 2, 1866, in the follow-

ing condition:
One large ulcer, one and three-quarters by one inch in dimensions, over left shoulder blade; two ulcers and one cicatrix over middle of right upper arm, external face; three ulcers over right elbow joint; three large cicatrices and one ulcer over occiput; all doubtless the result of The ulcers over shoulder blades burns.

three weeks. some the result of the whip. No written description can convey an idea of the outever, of but little moment compared with the impairment of her mental faculties. She is scarcely able to give expression to an intelligent idea. Her mother and her sister are very bright negroes, and the family resemblance is very striking.

Extract from Report of T. W. Roche, dated June 8, 1866.

I have the honor to inform you that I proceeded to King William county, Virginia, agreeably to orders from headquarters assistant commissioners bureau R. F. and A. L., dated Richmond, Va., June 3, 1866, and respectfully submit the following report of my investigations in regard to the alleged cruelty by a Mrs. An-Abrams toward Lucy Richardson lored), her children and others.

I find that prior to and since the fall of Richmond, Virginia, the said Mrs. Abrams has been the cause of the death of three females and one boy (all colored) by cruelty inflicted as follows: Five of the children of said Lucy Richardson (colored), named Martha Anne and Mary Ellen Banks, (twins), aged sixteen; Geo. Banks, aged nine years, with Robert Banks, aged seven and a half years, have on different occasions, each of them, been placed in a nude state before the fire until their backs were actually broiled, then they were whipped with a birch rod on the back until it was raw, then strong salt and pepper water was rubbed on the sait and pepper water was rubbed on the back, and they were whipped again.— Francis Banks (colored), sister to the above named, died February, 1866, from injuries received at the hands of said Mrs. A. being stamped upon. Said Frances at the time of her weath was in the tellth

Some of the democracy are said to be dissatisfied with the Democrat because it is *not* democratic enough, and threaten to establish a new paper. The newspaper business is rather expensive just now, as those who embark in it will soon discover. In the meantime it sounds rather odd to us to hear the Democrat is not democratic enough, as it is generally re-garded as an ultra sheet, willing to swallow rebel representation and restoration, head, body and tail; and if they want anything more democratic they will have to go to Richmond and Charleston. Perre-established, and the right of each to haps however the Selinsgrove Times tice.

A Clymer Soldiers Convention is to assemble at Harrisburg on the 1st August—the aniversary of negro emancipa-tion—to thank Clymer for giving indirect aid and comfort to the enemy during the

BOOK NOTICES.

The Lady's Friend, for August.—"Harvest Time," is the appropriate steel engraving of this beautiful periodical. The double and finely colored steel fashion plate is a gem, as usual. Then we have the usual number of wood-cuts illustra-ting the "Street Arabs," and the latest fashions in dresses, bonnets, hats, &c. "The Distressed Bachelor, (concluded) Novelties, Receipts, Fashions, &c. Price \$2.50. Address Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut st., Phila.

The contents of Beadle's Monthly for August, 1866, are: Nevada and California, The Dead Letter, An Old Hand, Recollections of a Chasseur-a-pied, A Fare-well, Something Besides Tobacco, I do not Call it Love, The Newly-born Island, Doris Daylesford, The "Romance of the Green Seal," The Five Senses, A Battle in a Dream, The Arts of Declamation, Gough, Beecher, Fuller, My Every-day Paths, Current Notes, on Books, Men, and Things. Price \$3.00 per year. Address Beadle & Co., 118 William street,

The following interesting reading matter may be found in Peterson's Magazine for August. Pay as You Go, Mr. Clives-ford's Strategy, The Old Mill at Amos-keag, A Heart Trial, Life, Poetry, Ma-dame Cesnaro, The Soldier's Orphans, Down by the Brook, and Under the Willows, poems. Beside the usual fashion articles, recipes, notices, &c. Price \$2.00 per year. Address Charles J. Peterson, 306 Chesnut st., Phila.

Godey's Lady's Book, among much other matter of interest has, The Swing, Russian March, music, Rizpah's Idols, The Bells of Shandon, The Toilet of Death, Zitella, The Cheery Voice, Conquest of Difficulties, Adaption, The Rain, The Daffodils at a Fancy Fair, The Capacity of Woman, Life's Contrasts, The Kiss, Cowardice, &c. Price \$3.00. Address L. A. Godey, Philadelphia.

LAFAYETTE COLLEGE.—The Communication of the Latin.

LAFAYETTE COLLEGE.—The Commencement Exercises of this Institution take place on the last Tuesday and Wednesday of July, and promise to be of unusual interest. The venerable Dr. Junkin, who laid the corner stone of the main College edifice nearly forty years ago, will lay the corner stone of the extension. lay the corner stone of the extensive additions, which are to be erected by the citizens of Easton. By a happy coincidence, the sermon before the Brainerd Evangelical Society (on the 22d) will be delivered in the Brainerd Church by the Rev. Dr. Brainerd of Philadelphia, a kinsman of the devoted missionary whose most important field of labor was at Easton. The Juniors deliver their orations on Monday evening (23d). Tuesday is devoted to the "Reunions of the Halls," -the meeting of the alumni association, Literary Societies, and the address of Prof. Lee (late Major in 4th N. Y. Artillery) commemorative of the services ren-dered by the Lafayette students in the war for the Union. On Commencement day, Wednesday, the 25th, besides the usual Masters' orations and speeches from the graduating class, Prof. Osborn will the graduating class, Prof. Osborn will be graduated by address of the deliver the introductory address of the cientific Course, for the endowment of which Mr. Pardee gave the munificent sum of \$100,000.

The past year has been to Lafayette College one of unusual prosperity, perhaps unequaled in the history of any college in the country. Large additions have been made to the grounds; several new buildings erected, (among them the Astronomical observatory and the Jenks Chemical Hall) while the completion of the endowment of \$200,000 has enabled the Trustees to increase the Board of Instruction to seventeen Professors, secur-In addition to these there are scars ing in the various departments of science without number scattered over the entire body, some very old, some covered with day. The friends of the College certainly recent scabs, some the result of burns, some the result of the whip. No written ary festival this year with rare enthusi-

THE MARKETS.

LEWISTOWN, July 2	5, 18	66
Wheat, red, per bushel		40
" white "	2	55
Barley		00
Rye		80
Oats		50
Corn, new "		70
Cloverseed "	6	00
Timothyseed	3	00
Flaxseed	2	50
Butter per lb		25
Lard "		18
Eggs per dozen		20
Beeswax per lb		30
Country soap "	7	alo
Wool "		50
Feathers "		75
Hops "		15
Country Hams "		20
" Sides "		15
" Shoulders per lb		15
Potatoes,	1	
Salt, bb!	_	00
" Sack	3	
Flour is retailing at the following		
Lewistown Extra Family per cwi	t 7	00
Superfine	6	-
Extra Family per bbl		00
Superfine		50
of an entremental party on Hi	12	00

Philadelphia Markets.

There is no export demand for flour, and only a few small lots were sold for home consumption at \$7a7 75 for superfine, \$8a8 75 for extras, \$9 25all for low grades, and there is no expectation of the superfine of year of her age.

In other cases, where colored men were brutally murdered, they were acquitted

grades, and \$12 50a14 for fancy lots. Rye flour steady at \$6 25. Wheat comes in slowly, and new red is dull at \$2 60. There is no white offering. Rye dull \$1a1 02. Corn, by the courts without regard to law or justice.

white onering. Tyedum star 02. Corn, sales of yellowat 93a95c, and mixed Western at 90c. Oats unsettled; 6,000 bushels Western sold at 50a52c; some new Dela-

ware at 55c. and Penn'a 62a65c.

Beef cattle are quoted at 17a17½c for extra; 15a16½c for fair to good, and 12a14c \$\frac{1}{2}\$ th for common, as to quality. Hogs \$14a 14.75 the 100 th net. Sheep 6a62c, as to quality. Cows at from \$50a75 for springers, and \$60a80 per head for cow and calf.

OTICE.

As the undersigned are about closing their business, they would earnestly request all persons indebted to them, by note or book account, to call and make settlement without further no-

jy25 RITTENHOUSE & MAYES.

DIED.

In this place, on the morning of the 22d inst., at the residence of his son, WILLIAM STROUP, in the 79th year of

In Granville township, on July 18th, of erysipelas, William Mayes, aged 34 years and 1 month.

At La Porte, Ind., July 11, 1866, of dys entery, WILLIE WILEY, infant son of James B. and Fannie Belford, formerly

f this place, aged nearly two years. Drowned, in Blair co., on the 7th inst., EDDIE M., only child of John H. and S. E. Zook, aged I year, 9 mos. and 29 days.

Farm at Private Sale.

THE undersigned offer at private sale their farm situate in Armagh township, Mifflin co., near Locke's Mills, containing

166 ACRES

and 40 perches with the allowance, &c. adjoining lands of John Beaty, Humes. McAllister, Hale, H. L. Close and others About 130 acres are cleared and in a high

state of cultivation, nearly all of the same having been limed within the last two years; and all the fields extwo have running water in them. A good Barn, a good

Two Story House

and other outbuildings are on the place with a well of good water at the door. and a never failing spring of good water and a good spring-house near by. There is also an Orchard of good fruit on the ame, the greater part being grafted; likevise a variety of Cherry trees, and several ines of choice varieties of Grapes.
Adjoining the above on the north, are 45 acres and 151 perches and allowance of

MOUNTAIN OR WOODLAND,

which will be offered for sale at the same ime, and will be sold either separate, or long with the farm, according as purchasers may desire.

ISAIAH BEATTY, WILLIAM BEATTY, SAMUEL BEATTY, Armagh twp., July 25, 1866.-4t*

THE

ÆTNA

Portland Fire.

ÆTIVA. INSURANCE COMPANY HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS, JULY 1, 1866. ash on hand in bank and with Agents \$257,320 09 nited States Stock 812,277 25 90,359 03

Real estate, unincumbered State Stocks New York Bank Stocks 497,690,00 734,170 00 Hartford Bank Stocks Miscellaneous Bank Stocks 129,000 00 Railroad Stocks, etc. Mortgage Bonds, City, County and R. R. 1,011,136 66

TOTAL

LIABILITIES.

Losses unadjusted and not due \$221,236 35 Net, \$3,854,594 20. Income for last year (net) \$2,933,399 94

Or a daily income of say \$9,300. Losses and Expenses for same time Total Losses paid in 47 y'rs \$19,127,110 06

Viz. Fire, \$17,243,000 99. Inland. Inland, \$1,884,409 07 Gov. and State Taxes paid \$179,178 34

LOSS

By Portland Fire, July 4th. The total amount covered by Ætna Pol icles on property destroyed or damaged is \$206,854, on which salvage will be about 5 per cent. Our total loss will not vary much from \$200,000, and is being promptly adjusted and paid. This sum is 5 per cent. upon the assets, a figure but slightly exceeding our government and State taxes paid last year, or a proportion equal to a \$5000 loss for a company of \$100,000 as-

sets.

The necessity for insurance and the value of wealthy, strong corporations, is forcibly illustrated by this fire. Several weak Insurance Companies are destroyed. Portland has a population of 35,000;—was handsomely built, mostly fine brick or stone structures—protected and screened with upwards of 3000 shade trees—bounded on three sides by water—indeed, literally, almost rising from the ocean—and with a good steam fire department—yet it has \$10,000,000 of property consumed in a few hours—upon a holiday when its people are least occupied—from the very insignificant cause of a contemptible fire

Remember the trifling origin of fires that sweep away in a few hours the earnings of years. Consider your best interests and give the Ætna agent a call if you need proper insurance security. Policies need proper insurance issued at fair terms.

JOHN HAMILTON,

Agent, Lewistown.

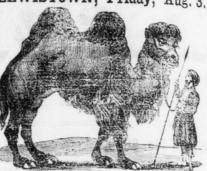
Estate of Wm. Mayes, dec'd. NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of WILLIAM MAYES, late of Granville township, Mifflin county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those having duly authenticated for settlement, to SARAH A. MAYES, Administratrix, Or G. W. ELDER, her Att'y. jy25-6t* been granted to the undersigned, residing

ETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Post Office at Lewistown, Pa., on the 25th of July, 1866. Allison Samuel Dennis John Riefsnyder Wm E Edgecomb Mrs L ARichard Samuel Fisk Simon Reed Mrs Mary Schroyer H Gardner W Gettes Mary L Shulle Mr
Hoddgings Mrs MagSmith Richard
Schuyler Tom F
Wagener David Gardner W C Wagoner David McBride Mrs Jane 2Walsh J K Oldt Mrs M Wilson J H

Plott John

jy25

Wilson J H Wilson Rev W O Patterson Mrs Jos Weuver Jacob Quay Mrs Nancy White Rebecca E. C. HAMILTON P. M. LEWISTOWN, Friday, Aug. 3.



VAN AMBURGH & CO'S MAMMOTH MENAGERIE

EGYPTIAN CARAVAN



Gardner, Hemmings & Co's AMERICAN CIRCUS. The Largest Traveling Institution in

America. DAMIEL GARDNER



LIST OF ANIMALS. COL. HALL'S TRUNED ANIMALS. Leopard, African Lioness and Spottee, liger.

BABY FLEPHANT, JENNY LIND, the smallest ever exhibited, S. a. TAPIR or HIPPOPUTA MUS of the New World, the only one in America, EOUBLE HUMBELL BACTRIAN CAMEL, the first ever exhibited in America, very rare, AFRICAN LION, ERAZILIAN 1161 E. PARK OF YOUNG LIONS, from the tape of Good Figure SENEGAL LEOPA DS. ROYAL BENGAL TICERS SENEGAL LEOPA DS. ROYAL BENGAL TICERS ONLY ones in America, and the largest ever exhibited WHITE HUMMALEH MOUNTAIN BY AR. EVEN AT TICERS WHITE HUMMALEH MOUNTAIN BY AR. EVEN ARE TIGHTED THE SENEGAL TICERS WHITE HUMMALEH MOUNTAIN BY ARE FOR THE GARGE CONTROL OF THE SENEGAL TICERS A FOR THE FOR THE CAME AND THE SENEGAL THE GARGE CAME THE AREA OF THE SENEGAL THE SENE

COLONEL HALL.

Den of Performing Animals, Daring and Graceful Exhibition WILD DENIZENS OF THE FOREST. The Large and Popular Equ strian Or-



CARDNER, HEMMINGS & CO.

Observe the Names of the Performers. MISS ELIZA CARDNER MADAME CAMILLA. MIle. THEPTHORP. Mile. BANEIR. RICHARD HEMMINGS,

> GREAT BLONDIN FRANK CARPENTER, DAV GARDNER, CHARLES MONROE. GEORGE BROWNE,

CHARLES KING, JOSEPH SANDFORD. Master EDWIN GARONER,

Messrs COOPER, TAYLOR, BANEIR BOLINO, STETSEL, etc., etc. The Stud of Horses and Ponies

The BAZZEL! BROTHERS,



PARTICULAR ATTENTION Magnificently Grand Procession

Which will enter fown on the Day of Exhibition, headed GRAND GOLDEN CHARIOT. And followed by the entire Stu i of Horses and Ponies, the Regantly decorated Cages, Vans, Carriages, &c., forming a GORGEOUS PARADE!

Far eclipsing any that has yet been given by any traveling establishment in America The Entertainments will be given under a MAMMOTH PAVILLION. 2 EXHIBITIONS EACH DAY,

AFTERNOON AND EVENING. In order to accommodate those persons who wish to withe the Menagerie and not the Circus, the doors will open a 1 and 61-2, P M., And the CIRCUS PERFORMANCE not co

2 and 71-2, P. M., Affording such parties ample time to witness the Menageria and retire before the Circus Performance Commences. One price of admission to both Shows.

Adults, - 50 cts. Children under 10 years, 25 cts. Also at Belleville, Thursday, Aug. 2.