LIEWISTOWN, MILIPLIN COUNTY, PENN.

Whole No. 2862

Poor House Business.

The Directors of the Poor meet at the Poor House on the 2d Tuesday of each month.

GEO. W. ELDER, Attorney at Law,

Office Market Square, Lewistown, will attend to business in Mifflin. Centre and Hunting

DIRO SO GO MPLAUCIEILINO

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of weak will do well to give him a call.

If may be found at all times at his office, three doors east of H. M. & R. Pratt's store, Valley street. DENTIST,

DR. S. BELFORD, DENTIST.

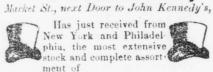
OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Lewistown and county. If you want substantial worksgive him a call.
Office next door to the Post Office. ap12-1y*

M. R. THOMPSON, D. D. S.



milies. Market street, near Eisenbise's hotel, be found for professional consultation Mouday of each month until the fourth when he will be absent on profession

New Stock of Hats, Caps, &c. W. G ZOLLINGER,



equed & etale ever exhibited in this place, which will be dis posed of at such prices as to defy competition, and which he invites everybody to call and examine, as he is satisfied that his stock can

not fail to please.

For the Omish be has constantly on hand, or will make to order, hats to their taste of any required size or brim, at prices which

cannot fail be satisfactory.

Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to give him a call, as a liberal deduction will be made to wholesale purchasers. Don't forget the place, next door to John Kennedy's Store and nearly opposite the Odd Fe lows' Hall. may 11

The Best is the Cheapest. TOBACCO and SEGARS,

()F the very best brands can be had at

FRYSINGER'S TOBACCO & SEGAR STORE,

in any quantity, from an ounce of Tobacco a cartload, and from a penny Cheroot to 100,000 best Havanas.

Look at the Prices.

Oronoko Twist, something extra,

Spun roll that can't be beat, Navy, that is Navy, Congress 8s, a prime Tobacco, Congress 9s, genuine old Virginia, Congress 10s, good Tobacco, Natural Chewing Plug, Dog Leg, Plug Smoking Tobacco, Fine Cut Century, very fine quality, Cavendish, nice and sweet, Cut & Dry 50 to 60 Sr 1 cent to \$1 00 But

Pipes from 1 cent to \$1 00 Tobacco Pouches and Boxes, Match Safes and Cigar Cases.

To Emokors,

I can offer genuine clear Havana Cigars at 10 cents or three for 25 cents; Connecticut and Havana at 5 cents; Penna. at 3 cents, and Cheroots at 1 cent.

TO MERCHANTS,

I would say that I have a very heavy stock of Tobacco and C gars always on hand, at prices for Tobacco as low as the city, and Cigars at lower prices. All goods sold by me are warranted as represented or the goods may be returned, and money will be refunded .-Convince yourself that it will be to your in terest to deal with me by giving me a trial E. FRYSINGER. Lewistown, Feb. 14, 1866.

SELLING OFF AT COST!

THE undersigned having a large stock of L Eastern manufactured Boots and Shoes to on hand, offers the same at cash prices from now until further notice is given. Men's Boots, warranted, double soles from

\$3 00 to 5 50. Men's Boots do do do calf, 6 50 to 7 00 Boys' Boots do Youth's Boots do do 200 to 300 do 1 00 to 2 25 Men's Gum Overshoe, best 1 25 Women's do do Men's do cloth tops

He has also a stock of city work on hand. which he will sell very low, and warrants it to be good for nothing. So, come on, boys and girls, and get prepared for the coid

as usual. A large stock of Trunks, Valises and Carpet Bags on hand which will be sold at very reasonable prices. A full stock of steel and in oil colors. home made work kept constantly on hand at BILLY JOHNSON Lewistown, Feb. 7, 1865.

A CBEAT EXBITEMENT At D. Grove's Store.

New Arrival of Groceries and Confectioneries.

D. GROVE would again inform the public that he would ealt their attention. Now is the time to buy cheap prime Molasses; the very best of Sugars: prime Coffee, 7 different kinds, put up in Ib packages; Corn Starch, Farina, Hominy, Beans, and all kinds of Spices, resh and fine: prime Cheese, pure Cider Vinegar. Baskets, Buckets, Brooms, and a variety of Dolls and Notions for Children. Also, Raisins, Figs. Prunes, Cocoanuts, Almonds, &c., beside the largest assortment of Soaps to be found in town, Hair Oils, and an endless variety of extracts, all of which will be sold cheap for cash.

Par All kinds of Country Produce taken in exange for Goods.

Thankful for past favors, he hopes by strict attended to the best of the strict and receive a continuance of a patronage of a generous public maylo

Attention! Attention! A Word to the Wise.

WE have just returned from the city with a full and splendid stock of Fall and Winter Goods,

which we are prepared to sell to meet the wants and pockets of the people. Our stock comprises all things usually kept in a country store, embracing

DRESS GOODS,

of the latest and most stylish patterns,

Cloaks, Shawls & Woolen Goods, Men's and Boy's Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes. ALSO,

Sugars, Coffees, and Teas,

and all other things belonging to the Grocery line, best quality; also, Hardware, Queensware, Wood and Willowware.

We would ask our town and country friends to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Thankful for the past favors, we would respectfully ask a continuance of the same.

RITTENHOUSE & MAYES,

Opposite Brown's Mills, Reedsville. P. S. Produce taken in exchange for goods and he lighest market price allowed. Reedsville, Nov. 8, 1865.

1866. NEW GOODS! A'E

NATHANIEL KENNEDY'S STORE.

In the Odd Fellows' Hall.

UST received from Philadelphia, a CALLODIED, MUSILING, Ginghams. Flannels, Checks. Hickory, Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods of all kinds.

Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Chocolate, Essences of Coffee, Queensware, Stone-ware, Hardware and Cedarware, Shoul-ders, Hams, Mackerel, Herring, Shad, Boots and

a fine lot of Whisky, BRANDY, SALT, &c., which will be sold very low. Country Produce taken in exchange for goods by N. KENNEDY. Lewsitown, October 11, 1865.

Bined est tibe. ## :na.; New Grocery and Provision STORE.

Dairy Salt in large and small sacks, to suit pur

ality, 1 50 chasers.

So to 60 cts.
cent to \$1 00 cts.
s, Match Safes

NEW BOOT & SHOE STORE IN THE WEST WARD.

The undersigned has just opened a new and large ock of BOOTS and SHOES in Major Buoy's store room. West Market street, Lewistown a few doors from the diamond and opposite Eisenbise's Ho-tel, where will be found an entire new stock of Fash-

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, SLIPPERS, &C.,

for Ladies, Gentleman, Girls, Boys, and Children, selected with much care, and which will be sold at reasected with much care, and which will be sold at reasonable prices for cash.

Custon work will also be punctually attended to, this branch being under the superintendence of Wm. T. Wenta, an old and experience workman.

REPAIRING also attended to.

The public, as well as his fellow soldiers, are invited to give him a call and examine his stock.

FRANK H. WENTZ.

Lewistown, Sept. 6, 1865.

A GENTS WANTED TO TAKE ORlished.

THRILLING STORIES OF THE GREAT REBELLION.

Comprising heroic adventures and hair breadth escapes of soldiers, scouts, spies and refugees: daring exploits of smugglers, guer desperadoes and others; tales of loyal and disloyal women; stories of the negro, &c. &c. with incidents of fon and merriment in Manufacturing and repairing attended to camp and field. By Lieutenant Col. Charles S. Greene, late of the United States army. Handsomely illustrated with engravings on

Send for circulars and see the liberal terms offered. CHAS. S. GREENE & CO., Pubs. fe28 4t 134 S. Third st., Philadelphia.

HORACE CREELEY'S

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1866.

I ISTORY OF THE WAR—"The American Conflict." in two Vols. Ellegantly illustrated with 144 portraits on steel; numerous maps and Diagrams of bat-

Volume I. of this History, published al. most two years later than the first part of nearly every of er, already includes among its patrons full 25,000 of the purchasers of those early works, and is everywhere recog nized as the highest authority, even by the

author's political opponents.

Volume II. will be ready in a few months at the earliest day on which a well prepared history of the war can be obtained. The entire work, inimitable alike in excellence of plan and detail, will be vastly superior to any of those now completed, (most of which were "completed" long before Gen. Gra t's report was made,) and by far the most satis factory History of the late stupendous stroggle-altogether unequalled for clearness, fulness, and accuracy of statements, combined with candor and graphic delineation of

If completed, as designed, the work will be authority as to the events of the most wonderful era in the history of the Country —A. G. Curtin, Governor of Pa

It would be difficult to place too high an estimate on the service Mr. Greeley has render d our country by the preparation of this volume. * * * I await the forthcoming of the second volume with egar expectation Wm. D Kelley, M C.

It bears the marks of labor, studied candor and accuracy. - WM H. SEWARD, Secre

tary of State.

The narrative is simple and clear, with so much of life and spirit in it that it is next to impossible not to read a whole chapter without steping. * * * It will be, and ought to be read by all our countrymen .- EDGAR Cowan, U. S. Senate

Its accuracy gives it a value beyond any other history of that period. The great in dustry and impartiality of Mr. Greeley will make this the text of all future histories of the Great Rebellion .- THADDEUS STEVENS, M.

Of all the Histories of the Great Rebellion which I have examined, this one seems to me the best in the copiousness of its antecedent and concurrent Congressional Records, as well as of the events of the war itself — SCHUYLER COLFAX, Speaker U. S. House of Remesentatives.

Volume II. will be accompanied (without extra charge.) be at clegant copperplate map of the Seat of War, worth \$1 00. Sold by traveling agents. Address,
O. D. CASE & CO., Publishers,

Hartford, Conn.

AGENTS WANTED! In every Township Borough and Ward to

"The Great One-Volume War History,"

containing facts, and not politics. The only work, every page of which has List of Causes for Trial at April Term. 1866. the war. The popularity of this work has 1. Elizabeth Downs vs B. F. no parallel, as more than 50,000 copies have been sold the last three months I contains 2. Ralph Bogle's ex. vs James as much history, as any of the one or two vol ome works out, and yet is sold for only \$4.50 bound either in morocco or sheep.

Our inducements are decidedly the best of

fered, as we give the highest commission, furnish boxes free, and pay expressage on books Also

" LIFE AND DEATH IN REBEL PRISONS," The most thrillingly exciting little book of the times, by one who has seen and experi

enced the scenes which he describes. Canvassers for any history of the war will find this an excellent side book. As it em braces such important incidents of the war. almost everybody will take one, either with or without a history, or where having previ

ously subscribed. Disabled soldiers, released prisoners and thers will find in the sale of this and our history, employment suitable to their condi

Send for terms or call at AMERICAN PUBLISHING AGENCY. 600 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. Pa. feb 28.4t

Estate of Dahiel Beshoar, deceased, OTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of DANIEL BESHOAR, late of Monticello, White county. Indiana, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in Derry township, Mifflin county, Pa. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those baving claims against the same will present them duly authentica

ted for settlement.
WILLIAM CREIGHTON, feb28-6t* Administrator.

Estate of John Haman, dec'd. OTICE is hereby given that Letters Tes

tamentary on the estate of JOHN HA-MAN, late of the Borough of McVeytown, Mifflin county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, the first named residing in McVeytown, said county, and the other at Cedar Rapids, Iowa. All persons having claims against the said estate will present them for settlement to Wm. Macklin, to whom also those indebted will make payment. WM MACKLIN,

JOHN H. HAMAN, feb146t* Executors.

> WILLIAM LIND. has now open A NEW STOCK

Cloths. Cassimeres

AND VESTINGS,

which will be made up to order in the neatest and most fashionable styles.

REGISTERS' NOTICE.

THE following accounts have been exam-I ined and passed by me, and remain filed on record in this office for inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors and all others in any way interested, and will be presented to the Or phans' Court of Mifflin county, to be held in the Court House, at Lewistown, on MON-DAY, the 2d day of April, 1866, for allow-ance and confirmation, nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter,

will be confirmed absolutely: 1 Guardianship account of Christian Peachey and John Hartzler, guardians of minor children of Samuel S. Zook, late of

Union township, deceased. 2. Final account of Christian Hoover, Esq., executor of Joel Devault, late of Granville township, deceased, as filed by Robert B Hoover, administrator of Christian Hoover, Esq., late of the borough of Lewistown, de

3, Account of John W. Shaw, administra tor of Alfred Marks, late of the borough of Lewistown, deceased.

4. Guardianship account of William Ross, guardian of Catharine Garver, of Wayne township. 5, Final account of David T. Kline and

Francis II. Miller, executors of John Miller, late of Decatur township, deceased.
6. Guardianship account of Henry Snyder, guardian of minor children of Reuben Myers.

late of Granville township, deceased.
7. Account of John Miller and Jesse Mile. ler, executors of John Miller, Sr., late of Wayne township, deceased.

8. Account of Gen. John Ross, administra-

or of William Cummins, late of the borough of McVeytown, deceased. 9. Account of Conrad Hobough and Andrew W. McKee, executors of Detrich Ho ough, late of Granville township, deceased. 10. Account of James Kyle, surviving ex

ecutor of Samuel Kyle, late of Brown town ship, deceased. 11. Guardianship account of John Yoder, guardian of Samuul Kennegy, minor child of Jacob Kennegy, late of Union township, dec'd 12. Account of James Kyle and D. W. Woods, Esq., administrators of John Mc

Dowell, deceased.

13. Account of D. W. Words, Esq., executor of Adam Breneman, deceased. 14 Guardianship account of Hugh McKee, guardian of Susannah and George A. Leo pold, minor children of George Leopld, late of Granville township, deceased.

15 Final account of John C. Sigler, administrator of Geo. W. Gibson, late of the borough of Lewistown, deceased. 16 Final guardianship account of Wm.

Henry, guardian of Francina Sample, minor child of James A Sample, late of Armagh township, deceased. 17. Guardianship account of John Keever, guardian of minor children of Joshua Price.

late of Brown township, deceased. 18. The account of Anna S. Horrell, Administratrix of John M. Horrell, late of Men no township, deceased.

MICHAEL HINEY.

Lewistown, March 6, 1866. Register.

Heisler

88 M. Sellers 3. Sam'l S. Woods for use &c. vs Peter Houser principal &c. with Isaac Goss, dec'd 47 Apr. 1864

I. John H. Wheeler & Geo. S. 67 Aug. West vs John Winn Joseph Elliott vs Jno. Ross 31 April, 1865 Gilbert & Co. vs Dr. Andrew W. Moss' admr. 7. E. L. Benedict vs Mittlin & Centre Co. R. R. Company 63 "

dian of minor children, &c. vs Mifflin & Centre County 64 " R R. Co. 9. Jonathan Emig vs Samuel 23 Aug.

3. Jas. McFarlane et. al. Guar

B. Haines 10. Com. of Penn. suggesting Margaret McKiernan, et. al. as plai tiffs vs John Ross 34 Nov. Ralph Bogel's ex. vs Wm.

J. McCoy, et. al. 47 12. Elias W. Hale vs M. Bouy 48 13. Wm. Stumpff vs same 49 " "
14. Robt Urie Jacob vs Mifflin
& Centre Co. R. R. Co. 64 " "
W. H. BRATON, Prothonotary.

Prothonotary's Office, Lewistown, March 1, 1866.

Estate of John Carney, deceased.

OTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of JOHN CARNEY, late of Derry township, Mifflin county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in the borough of Lewistown All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for set JOHN C. SIGLER, tlement.

feb28-6t Administrator. Estate of John Norton, deceased.

OTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration, de bonis non, cum testa mento annexo, on the estate of JOHN NOR TON, late of Wayne township, Mifflin county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned residing in the borough of Newton Hamilton, Mifflin county, Pa All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment im. mediately, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL W. NORTON, JACOB NORTON, feb28-6t Administrators.

BARK! BARK!! J. A. & W. R. McKEE would respectfully inform the public that, notwithstanding their Tannery was destroyed by fire, they will buy all the Bark they can get, for which they are prepared to pay the highest cash price.

They will also keep constantly on hand their usual stock of FINISHED LEATHER, which they will sell cheap for cash. They are not prepared to Luy hides just now.

POETRY.

ANGRY WORDS.

Angry words are lightly spoken, In a rash and thoughtless hour, Brightest links of life are broken. By their deep, insidious power. Hearts inspired by warmest feeling, Ne'er before by langer stirred, Oft are rent past human healing, By a single angry word.

Poison-drops of care and sorrow, Bitter poison-drops are they. Weaving for the coming morrow Saddest memories of to-day. Angry words—oh, let them never From the tongue unbridled slip. May the heart's best unpulse ever Check them ere they soil the lip.

Love is much too pure and holy,
Friendship is too sacred far
For a moment's reckless foliy
Thus to desolate and mar.
Angry words are lightly spoken;
Bitterest thoughts are rashly stirred;
Brightest links of infe are broken
By a single angry word.

Moral and Religious.

The Golden Rule. Amongst the recorded discours of that greatest and best of all teachers, there is one which he delivered to a large congregation assembled on a hillside, and which from this circumstance is generally called the Sermon on the Mount. That discourse contains many grand and wonderful sayings-none perhaps grander or more wonderful than this: "All things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them; for this," says the great teacher, "is the law and the prophets" This precept has by common consent been called "The Golden Rule;" and if the epithet golden is to be applied to any thing, as expoissur of value, excellence, and glory, then is no sentence that ever fell from the lips of men that have a better claim, or

indeed as good a claim, to distinction, as that of which I am about to treat. For this rule I believe we stand in debted to Christ, and to him alone; although there are some who would rob him of the glory of it, and would have us believe that both Jews and heathens taught it long before Christ appeared in the world. But I believe that when we come to examine those jewish and heathen maxims, which are alleged to have anticipated Christ, we shall find that they are very different from that which we term "The Golden Rule." -In some respects they resemble it, and resemble it so strongly, that at the first glance the jewish and heathen rules and Christ's rule appear to be identical; but the difference between them is very great, and very worthy of notice .-For what is the jewish for which some No. term. year. claim equality with this Golden Rule? It is, I believe to this effect, "Whatsoever is hateful to thyself, that do not to thy neighbor." And the heathen maxim supposed to correspond with Christ's royal law is this: "Do not to others what you are unwilling to suffer from others." In this Gibbon thought that he had discovered in heathen literature the identical Golden Rule; and therefore he sneers at christians for attributing that rule to Christ, and giving him the honor of first publishing it to the world. The jewish and the heathen maxims are substan-

tially the same, and they amount to this: "Whatsoever evil ye would not that men should do to you, do ye not such evil to them." Is this equilalent to Christ's precept? By no means. It is only the negative side of Christ's precept The jews and heathens tell us not to do to others the wrong which we would deprecate if inflicted on us by them; Christ teaches us to do that good to others which we would desire others to do to us. The jews and heathens say, don't be unjust or cruel to your neighbors, because you would not like him to be unjust or cruel to you; Christ says, be as just and as kind as possible to your neighbor, for you would like him to be as just and as kind as possible to you. In fact, the jews and heathens only tell us not to wrong others; Christ tells us to benefit them to the utmost extent of our power .--Are these maxims the same, then? Most certainly not. The jewish and heathen maxims are only the law of strict justice; Christ's is the law of love. He took those views and precepts, and gave them a higher form, added to them quite another element. And if they taught men to be just, he taught them to be generous as well. I admit that these maxims were good; let us call them silver rules; but between them

all the difference that exists between silver and gold. Now many people take the silver rules of jewish Rabbis and heathen philosophers, and strangely mistake them for the golden rule of Christ. They think if they have done nobody any harm they have fulfilled this glorious precept; and so, because you have never quarreled with your neighbor, never struck him, never blackened his character, or defrauded him of his property, you suppose that you have done to him all things whatsoever you would , that he should do to you; whereas the

and Christ's precept there is certainly

Vol. LVI. No. 12.

fact only amounts to this, that you have obstained from doing to him, what you would have him abstain from doing to you. Now, not to injure your neighbor is one thing-to benefit him is quite another. But some people seem to overlook the positive character of Christ's command, and in a very unaccountable manner, and regard it as wholly negative; almost every one in the most complacent temper tells you that to do as he would de done by is his rule, and he chalenges you to provo that it is not his practice also. It would be a very easy matter at all events, not so very difficult a matter to observe the golden rule, if all that is required were simply this, to do no man wrong; but the golden rule is not satisfied with this, it reaches a great deal farther than this; the golden rule asks you what are those which you wish your neighbor not to do to you, and tells you not to do those things to him; and then the golden rule puts this question: what are those things which you wish your neighbor would do to you? and tells you to go and do those very things to him, if it is in his power to do so. The golded rule first says, you would not like your neighbor to defraud you, therefore you must not defrand him; the golden rule next says, you would like your neighbor to pity and help you in your distress, therefor in his distress you must pity and help him. And if we consider this, the positive requirement of the golden rule, we shall perceive that many people who think that they observe it it are altogether mistaken; it is the silver rule of justice at the best that they observe, the golden rule of generosity

(To be Concluded.)

A Troy paper states that a few weeks since a well-known gentleman living in Mechanicsville, New York, lost an only daughter-a beautiful, educated and accomplished young lady. She was the pride and glory of the father's heart. His anguish was of that character which refused all comfort and consolation. During the coldest nights he would often leave his home, go to her grave and lie down upon the frozen clods that covered her remains, uttering the wildest and most heart-rending lamentation over the tomb of his darling. In this way he spent many nights, when not forced or kindly entreated home by the other members of the household. The father's grief was too intense for human endurance. Gradually the strong trame began to show signs of decaythe mind to give evidence of weakness. Three or four days since, this disconsolate mourner died-literally of a broken heart.

If Paris is still destined to give the law in matters of female attire, says the Pall Mall Gazette, the days of crinoline are numbered. The doubting Parisienne is gradually abandoning that much-abused institution. For morning dresses the iron cage is still used as a necessary adjunct to the looped up skirt, which it serves to keep high and dry out of the mud. But in the evening it is the fashion to wear a long trailing dress called a queue a la comete. What is lost in breadth is more than compensated in length, and it is doubtful whether, as far as general convenience is concerned, this change is for the better.

A man who was guilty of a crime near Albany, New York, has been all the time at liberty on bail, and finally escaped altogether, while his victim was kept in prison from May until Jan-

uary-eight months-as a witness. There is a report prevalent in Washington that the fiend Quantrell, well known by his attack on the undefended town of Lawrence, Kansas, and the brutal murder of men, women and children in that place, has been arrest-

A disgraceful scene occurred in the Senate on Wednesday afternoon. Senator Saulsbury, of Delaware, appeared upon the floor in an offensive state of intoxication, and was removed by two Senators. So says the New York Post.

Miss Thompson says that every unmarried lady of sixty may consider that she has passed the Cape of Good

Every censurer of other people knows ten times as much ill of himself as he does of the worst of them.

Do one thing at a time-that's a rule. When you have done slandering your neighbors, begin to say your prayers. 'Sal, what time do you folks dine?' As soon as you goes, that's missus'

Can a temperance meeting be called a collection of water-spouts?

orders.'

The toothache, like an unanswerable argument, makes people hold their jaw.

Melancholy Case,

is far beyond their mark.