LEWISTOWN, PA. Wednesday, May 4, 1864.

G. & O. R. FRYSINGER, PUBLISHERS.

89. The Gazette is the only paper in this part of the State printed on a power press, and has facilities for doing work of all kinds equaled by few. We have three presses in operation—an Adams Power Press for the Paper, a double medium hand press for Jobs and a Nashury Jobber for Blanks, Cards, &c.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. The GAZETTE is published every Wednesday by Grorge Frisinger & Son, at \$1.50 in advance, or \$2 at the end of the year. To one address, 4 copies will be sent for \$5.9 copies for \$10, or 20 copies for \$20. These terms will be rigidly adhered to.

Ray No contracts are made at this office for the publication of patent medicine advertisements exceeding half a column; and our terms for these are \$20 per annum over the paper, or \$25 on third page, one half cash in advance, with guarantee for balance by some local agent, or known house. We have no other terms, and it is therefore a waste of pens, ink, paper and postage, or breath, to propose others.

FOR PRESIDENT.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

UNION CO. CONVENTION. N pursuance of an order of the Co. Committee, the citizens of the different boroughs and townships of Mifflin county who are in favor of crushing out the rebellion, and rendering a cheerful and cordial support to the National Administration in its endeavor to obtain that desired end, are requested to meet at their several places of holding elections, on SATURDAY, May 21st, to choose the usual number of delegates to a County Convention, to be held in Lewistown, on

Monday, May 23, 1864, at 1 o'clock p. m., to select conferee to meet those of Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria counties, whose duty it will be to select a representative delegate to the National Convention, and to transact such other business as may be deemed necessary. A. MARKS, Chairman.

Notices of New Advertisements.

We have room only this week to refer our readers to the advertisement of the U.S. 10-40 Bonds, in which capitalists are daily investing. We shall refer to them again.

A valuable Tannery for sale-Important Draft Notice-Proposed Amendments to the State Constitution-Wallis' poetic effusion-Boots and Sewing Machines at Loop's-Brien's Show on Monday next--List of Letters.

The Union State Convention Met in the Hall of the House of

Representatives, at Harrisburg, at 121 o'clock, p. m., on Thursday last. The Convention was temporarily organized by calling Senator Henry Johnson to the chair. Mr. Johnson made a brief and highly appropriate address on taking the chair. After the reading of the names of delegates, committees on permanent organization and contested seats were appointed. The convention then adjourned until 3 o'clock

The Convention re-assembled at 3 o'clock, when Dr. Worthington from the committee on organization reported for president: Hon. George V. Lawrence of Washington county; for Vice Presidents: Hon. George W. Householder, Hon. Frank Bound, Hon. J. P. Penney, D. Lilly, Esq., J. J. Patterson, Esq., Ira Tripp, Esq., Thomas Robinson, Esq., and a number of others. Secretaries: Samuel Alleman, Esq., William Burgwin, Esq., and some half dozen others.

Hon. G. T. Lawrence on taking the . chair made a lengthy and eloquent address. The convention then proceeded to choose four Senatorial Delegates to the Baltimore Convention. They are Hon. Simon Cameron, Hon. A K. McClure, Hon. W. W. Ketchum and Hon. M. B. Lowry.

The electoral ticket was then chosen as follows:

SENATORIAL. Morton M'Michael, Philadelphia. Thomas H. Cuningham, Beaver county.

REPRESENTATIVE 1 Robert P. King, 2 George M. Coates, 3 Henry Bumm, 4 William H. Kern, 13 Elias W. Hall,
14 Charles H. Shriner,
15 John Wister,
16 David M'Conaughy,
17 Pavid W. Woods,
18 Isaac Benson,
19 John Patton,
20 Samuel B. Dick,
21 Everard Bierer,
22 John P. Penney,
23 Eheney'r M. Loukin,
26 Sept. Bartin H. Jenks 5 Charles M. Runk, 7 Robert Parke, 8 Aaron Mull,
9 John A. Hiestand,
10 Richard H. Coryell,
11 Edward Halliday,
12 Charles F. Reed, 23 Ebenez'r M'Junkin, 24 John W. Blanchard

Hon. A. K McClure was selected as the Chairman of the State Central Committee. No better selection could have been made. We will only add here that the instructions for Abraham Lincoln as our candidate for the Presidency was unanimous and enthusiastically cheered. The stirring speeches of Hon. M. B. Lowry, Hon. W. W Ketchman, Hon. A. K. McClure, Col. Wm. B. Mann, Wayne McVeagh, Hon. J. H. Campbell and Linn Bartholo. mew were listened to with profound attention until a late hour when the Convention adjourned, to work, with one mind and one heart, for the success of the cause of the country.

-Several communications, as well as other matter, which have accumulated on our table will be attended to next week.

At a meeting of the Ladies' Union Aid Society of Lewistown, held at the house of G. W. Elder, Esq., Monday evening, May 1st, the object and interests of U. S. Sanitary Commission for the benefit of our sick and wounded soldiers, were considered and fully endorsed.

A Committee of Ladies was appointed, for the purpose of collecting funds and se curing contributions of fancy and useful articles for the Central Fair to be held in Philadelphia during the month of June, consisting of Mrs. Lawrence, Mrs. Buoy, Mrs. Hannah L. Barnes, Mrs. Brisbin. Mrs. Mary Webb, Mrs. Alter, Miss Jane A. Kenard, Miss Carrie Sigler

The Society adjourned to assemble in public meeting in the Town Hall Saturday evening, May 7, to which all, young and

old, are earnestly invited.

The scope and operations of the U.S. Sanitary Commission are so well known that an allusion to it or its operations is scarcely necessary. Our apology for refering to it now is to call attention to the fact that for the successful prosecution of its labor it needs material and money, and now make a distinct call to a generous and patriotic people to furnish both. Experience has fully shown that other agencies, individual as well as organized, have been far less efficient and useful than it has been, (perhaps with the exception of the Christian Commission, these two now embracing nearly the whole field of useful operations.) To make the most out of means contributed to any enterprize, the means must be used under the most intelligent individual, or organized direction. The individual agencies and local organizations, have proved entirely inadequate to relieve the necessities of our large armies in the field, and shown very clearly that these agencies for the relief of our sick and wounded can be made available only by providing the means either in eash or supplies to a general and more thorough organization, such as the U.S. Sanitary Commission, and then look to it for the proper distributions both as to time and place. When the shock of a great battle comes to awaken the public mind to the necessity of providing supplies for sick and wounded men, weeks must elapse before supplies can be gathered, weeks in which noble men suffer and die for want of supplies, and when provided they are often sent to waste at points when they are not needed. This aid, in failing to come just when, and just where, it is most needed, fails almost entirely to serve any useful purpose. The government has often acknowledged the invaluable services of this Commission, and at all times placed every facility at its disposal for carrying out its objects. It places agents with abundant supplies on hand in every Camp, in every Hospital, and on every Battlefield, in short wherever our brave men are called upon to suffer or to die, there are found the agents of the "U. S S. Commission" to do for them all that devoted men and women can do.

Immense sums of money and material have been expended under the direction of this commission; large sums will be needed for supplies in the coming campaign. To raise their supplies and their money the commission appeals to the generous men and women of the North. To these appeals New York, Ohio, and Illinois have nobly responded, and now through the agency of the "Philadelphia Fair" under E. Church was served. the management of Bishops Potter, Simpson, and other great and good men in is invested the power to do so) did not Pennsylvania give? How much will little towns and townships give? How much will except as the commendation of an individwho peril health and life in the camp and | bodies as coming from the Methodist Epis field in their defence? How much will the rich man out of his abundance give? And how much can the generous poor man spare? Whilst it is true that occasions for giving money are frequent, yet the people of this county have seldom been appealed to in aid of this special object, and whilst some have given of their means, the large majority have contributed noth ing. Then is it asking too much for the Philadelphia Fair to call upon you now, by individual exertion and local organizations in Mifflin county to come up and aid the "Commission" either in money, useful or fancy articles. Humanity, self-respect, and a just pride demand that each one and all shall do something now; great armies lie in sight of each other and gather up their strength for the final struggle, great battles impend, great suffering must ensue; then come up like christian men and women, and do in aid of this fund what duty to yourself and your country calls you to do. In conclusion we are authorized to assure individuals or organizations in the county that the Ladies' Aid Society of Lewistown are in correspondence with the managers of the Philadelphia Fair, and will cheerfully assume the charge of any material or money given to it Communi cations addressed to Mrs. Walters, Mrs. Hoffman or Mrs. Elder &c., will receive prompt attention.

LADIES' AID SOCIETY.

We know nothing of the case spoken of by Captain Swain in the give at length:

Camp of 49th Regiment Penna. Vol.

Camp of 49th Regiment Penna. Vol.

April, 1864.

Messrs. Frysinger—I beg room in your columns to make a statement concerning the bounty of veteran volunteers in company B. of this regiment, who are credited as part of the quota of the Borough of Mc-Veytown, Pa.

I had the honor te command the company at the time the re-enlistments were made, and of course desired the men to receive all the pecuniary benefits to be derived from re-entering the service, as many districts were offering liberal bounties, and were prepared to pay it. The men were at liberty to have themselves credited to any district they might select, and they chose their own, believing the promises extended were sincere, and that the money would be paid while they were at home on furlough. When they reached home they discovered that, owing to discouragements and obstacles thrown in the way by the less loyal portion of the community, the proposition, (I think of Mr. Calbraith) to raise funds by subscription had been abandoned, and they were likely to suffer for receiving as truth, the assurances of men who should have been their friends. When it appeared

robable that the veterant could change their places I assignment, the people of McVeytown became armed at the prospect of losing the credit already brained, and proceeded at once to organize a "boung tominitee," and to raise funds, gwing the veterans a understand that they should receive a bounty; and he men returned to the regiment with that behef. I sisted McVeytown in February, carrying with me the eruficates necessary to procure the payment of the enones, and it was understood that I should so arrange he matter, as to enable the men to receive it, by means if orders in favor of their friends. After the return if the veterans, but previous to my visit to Pennsylania it was announced from Provo Marshal General's efficie that veterans would not be permitted to change heir places of assignment, consequently the bonnty movement in their favor was stopped at once, and when I introduced the subject to Mr. Dull, a member of the committee, by asking, whether they had made any preparation to pay the bounty, or if they had not whether they intended to: he replied that no such would be paid.

The Legislature had at that time under consideration the bill approved March 25th I864, and it was probable that all veterans who received no local bounty would be credited to the 'State at large," and would receive 'State bounty; "consequently I retained the certificate, hoping to secure every possible

thy would be credited to the 'State at large," and la receive "State bounty;" consequently I retainthe certificate, hoping to secure every possible
efit for the men of my command, and not feeling
lorized to place the papers in any other hand untermoney was secured.

on after I returned to the regiment, I received a
manifestion signed by "I".

Soon after I returned to the regiment, I received a sommunication signed by all the members of the sommunication and the stating that the money would be paid. When he letter reached camp, the corps was holding a posion at Robisons River, Va. I forwarded the papers by the first mail after our return, and learned from a letter to corporal Price that as they were received too late, he money would not be paid.

The veterans were highly indignant at the conduct of the Committee, and attributed the refusal to pay, or a desire to prevent the money they were deputed of disburse, from reaching any other hands.

It soon became apparent that the action of the committee was not endorsed by the public, and they bean to look about for means to shirk the responsibility. They asserted as often as opportunity offered that their failure to pay, was altogether owing to my cluster to furnish the necessary papers, and Mr. Medical in a letter to corporal Price, endeavors to create the same impression. They know the story to be also, but having deceived the men once, are not at ill scruppilous about doing so again, although they are nothing about public opinion, unless time refered. false, but having deceived the men once, are not at all scrupulous about doing so again, although they care nothing about public opinion. unless titinterferes with their money getting. Efforts were made while the veterans were at home to induce them to promise their support to the McClellan ticket at the coming election, and if the "copperhead" who tried to secure the pledge hopes to effect anything in that way he must keep himself "right with the soldiers;" therefore Mr. Dull resorts to the most shameful falsehood, hoping by a show of friendliness, to manufacture influence in this regiment. He has the co-oporation of the other members of the committee who may not be aware of his real intention, but are equally disgraced by dishonorable participation.

I regret the necessity which compels me to question the character or motives of any man, but the assault has been commenced by the other party, and I owe it to myself to afford the public a view of both sides of the case.

E. T. Swain, Capt., 49th P. V.

E. T. Swain, Capt., 49th P. V. The copperhead press having tarted the falsehood that the M. E. Conference had granted the certificate giver by Mr. Dosh to Mr. Kepler, Rev. Mr. Kirby sends us the following communication:

Rev. S. Kepler.

"This certifies that the Rev. Samuel Kepler, having or reason satisfactory to himself, withdrawn from the tethodist Episcopal Church, at the session of the last Baltimore Conference held at Altoona, March 364, is hereby affectionately commended as a miniser of the Gospel to all Christian people." JNO. H. C. DOSH. Given March 9, 1864.

This is a true copy of the certificate giv en by the secretary of the East Baltimore Conference, to the above named person. But allow us to say it is wholly gratuitous on the part of the Secretary, he having no authority whatever from the church or conference to do so. And it is manifest injustice to the church and conference, for him to give such a document and especially so in this case.

Mr. K. saw clearly as his trial progressed that it would terminate in his expul sion, were it permitted to go on, and asked through four brethren, members of the court of trial, the privilege of withdrawing from the church, and as an act of mercy the charges were withdrawn to allow his withdrawal from the Methodist connec-

The conference then by a vote granted him a "certified copy of the action in his case," and thus his connection with the M.

The conference (the only body in whom Church and State, it asks how much will grant him a certificate or letter of recommendation, or anything of this kind. This Mifflin give? How much will each of her certificate is therefore of no earthly value each of the men at home give to furnish ual member of the conference, and should necessaries for the sick and wounded men have no influence with other religious copal Church.

E. W. KIRBY.

Photographs of Colonel McCoy of the 107th, can be had at McEwen's

Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative. Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative.

The standard staple preparation for the hair, WARRANTER all cases to restore (aded and gray hair, and whiskers to heir original color. It does not claim to make the hair own in where it has once fallen out; nothing will do that hatever may be advertised to the contrary, but it WHLI revent it from falling out, make it soft and silky, cleanse revent it from failing out, make it soft and silky, cleanse , and the scalp from impurities and humers, and entirely vercome bad effects of previous use of preparations contining sulphur, sugar of lead, &c. It requires no soaping, rashing, and hours for its application, nor will it stain the kin, but is as easily applied and whiped from the skin as ny hair dressing. It restores the natural shading of one air with another, which gives it a lively appearance intend of the dull, uniform black of dyes.

Hoyt's Imperial Coloring Cream. Superior to any Hair Dressing in use. Oils and colors thair at the same time. Changes light and red bair to reautiful brown or black. eautiful brown or black.
Sold everywhere.

No. 10 University Place, New York.

THE MARKETS.

LEWISTOWN, May 4, 1864. Butter, is quoted at 35 ets.; Eggs, 15; Lard 14; Wool, washed, 68; prime Red Wheat, 1.65; Corn, 1.10; Rye, 1.25; Potatoes, 60; Extra Flour, per 100, 4.00; Fine 3.50; Superfine, 3.75; Family, 4.25; Salt per bbl. 3.20; Sack, 3.25.

Philadelphia Market. Flour—Superfine \$7 00, extra 7 50 a7 75. Rye flour 7 00. Corn meal 5 75 per bbl.

Grain-Red wheat 180c, white 195a 205c. Rye 000a150c. Corn 137. Oats following communication, which we 90c weight. Cloverseed \$7 00a7 37 per 64 lbs. Flaxseed 3 40 per bushel. Timothy 2 50.

Beef Cattle, 12a16c; Cows, \$20 to 65 per head; Sheep, 7a10½c per lb gross. Hogs, \$11 to 13 00 the 100 lbs net.

Provost Marshal's Notice.

MOMMITTEES of sub-districts are reques ted to present their claims for all credits of enlisted men, except veterans re enlisted in the field, or men enlisted at this office, im mediately, either at the Provost Marshal's office in this place, or Provost Marshal Gen

eral's office, Harrisburg.
ALEX. M. LLOYD, Capt. & Provost Marshal. Hollidaysburg, May 2, 1864-1t

U. S. 10-40 BONDS.

THESE Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress I of March 8th, 1864, which provides that all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAX-ATION by or under any state or municipal authority. Subscriptions to these Bonds are received in United States notes or notes of National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period not less than ten nor more than forty years from their date, and until their redemption FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dellars annually and on all other Bonds semiannually The interest is payable on the first days of March and September in each year .-

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds, as they may prefer. Registered Bonds are recorded on the books of the U.S. Treasurer, and can be transferred only on the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to bearer, and are more con-

Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their Bonds draw interest from March 1st. by paying the accrued interest in coin-(or in United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent. for premium,) or receive them drawing interest from the date of subscription and deposite. As these Bonds are

Exempt from Municipal or State Taxation, their value is increased from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax levies in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay Over Eight Per Cent. Interest

in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U.S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from \$50 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted. into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

It may be useful to state in this connection that the total Funded Debt of the United States on which interest is payable in gold, on the 3d day of March, 1864, was \$768,965,000. The interest on this debt for the coming fiscal year will be \$45,937,126, while the cusoms revenue in gold for the current fiscal year, ending June 30th, 1864, has been so far at the rate of ver \$100,000,000, per annum.

It will be seen that even the present gold revenues of the Government are largely in excess of the wants of the Treasury for the payment of gold interest. while the recent increase of the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations, to \$150,000,000 per annum. Instructions to the National Banks acting as loan

agents were not issued from the United States Treas. ury until March 26, but in the first three weeks of April the subscriptions averaged more than TEN MILLIONS A WEEK. Subscriptions will be received by the

First National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa. Second National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa. Third National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa.

AND BY ALL OTHER BANKS hich are depositaries of Public money, and all

RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country, (acting as agents of the National Depositary Banks.) will furnish further infor-

AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS. May 4, 1864-2mo

Tannery for Sale.

THE undersigned, desirous of retiring from the business, offers for sale his Tannery in Reedsville, Mifflin county, situate on the waters of Kishacoquillas creek. Its situation is one of the most desirable in the county, and with other advantages will have railroad communication during the coming summer. As purchasers will examine for themselves, a further description is unnecessary.

A HOUSE AND LOT.

near the Tannery, to which a Slaughter House is attached, will also be sold if desired by the purchaser.

Possession of the property given immediately. For further particulars, terms, &c., JOHN WILSON. address my4-1m* Reedsville, Mifflin co., Pa.

Estate of Robert Wallace, deceased.

TOTICE is hereby given that letters test tamentary on the estate of Robert Wallace, late of Wayne township, Mifflin county dec., have been granted to the undersigned, the first named residing in Indiana county, Pa., and the latter in Newton Hamilton, Mifflin county. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them du ly authenticated for settlement.

WM. WALLACE, Ind. co., JOHN PURCELL, N. Hamilton.

TIME MAKES CHANGES. Our Change of Base.

He who by the plow would thrive. Himself must either hold or drive; Franklin thus wrote the words of truth, When Uncle Sam was in his youth. But now Young America is all alive. And needs to be cautioned How to drive; And Uncle Sam, I think, he too Is rather dashing his way through. Now, he who safely would progress. Must step by step still onward press Often falls down "a few."

And to prevent that state of affairs, I've moved to where there is no stairs—Across the street, you'll please to mind, Now swings the Big Coffee Pot Sign. 'Tis here I want my friends to call, And see my stock—I can't mention all— In short, your house-wants all you'll find Supplied at the Big Coffee Pot Sign.

N. B. Manufacturing and Jobbing carried on as usual, and our motto is "Small profits and quick sales." Don't mistake the J. IRVIN WALLIS. Sign of the Big Coffee Pot. my4

WOLF'S celebrated Hanover Gloves, just received by R. F. ELLIS.

NEW OPENING

and haw goods. P. F. LOOP, having purchased

the stock of Boots and Shoes of the city with a large and well selected stock A of city-made goods, would invite the atten tion of all his old customers, and also new As stock is very high, he proposes to sell at very small profits, but for cash only, hoping that all will be prepared with the I have examined all the latest styles in the city, and am prepared to make all kinds of Shoes in the most fashionable styles. A good assortment of home made work on hand I am also prepared to make to order at shortest notice, all manner of work in my

I am also agent for the Grover and Baker SIEWING MACIEUNIES

Sample sewing always to be had. Any one purchasing a machine will be regularly taught to sew. Call and see this machine before buying elsewhere, as it is the best family machine, now in use, and will recommend it. P. F. LOOP, Local Agent.

ETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED in the Post Office at Lewistown, State of Pennsylvania, on the 4th of May, 1864. Anderson Miss Clara Miller Miss Margaret Anderson Monseur G. Myers Miss Susan Butterbaugh Wm. Preston II W. Barr Mr Frank Seares Jacob Black Mrs. Eliza Stewart Ada V. Seary Robert Baley James Couse Peter Spring John Swartz & Strohm Dresser & Carney Gross Mrs. Sarah

Taylor Lewis Wertz Matilda Wallis John Wade Caroline

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for 'advertised letters,' give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

Koser Henry S.

Morris J.

Myers H. G.

Miller Henry

Ber"If not called for within one month, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.
my4 SAMUEL COMFORT, P. M.



BRIEN'S GREAT SHOW

TOM KING'S Excelsion Gircus COMBINED!

Will Exhibit at Lewistown Monday, May 9th. AT BELLEVILLE,

Tuesday, May 10th.

Admission - -

WM. MIDDLETON, - Treasurer THOMAS KING, - Equestrian Director The fame of this unrivalled Troupe is world-renowned. It has met with universal commendation. In the physical science of A-robatic, Gymnastic and Equestrian exercises, sports and pastimes, each of the performers possesses the most consummate skill, pleasing, graceful daring—never failing to delight the spectator, transferring him or her, for the time being, to the very realins of ecstacy or fase

A GRAND PROCESSION! With a band-of music, will be made at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the day of opening, consisting of the splendid Chariot "Sea Shell," drawn by twelve thoroughbred steeds of The Troupe is composed of the following named skillful Artistes:

Mad. LOUISE TOURNAIRE The daring French Equestrienne and Bare-back Rider, whose unrivaled performances have thrilled the world, has no equal in her extremely splendid and truly classical manage exercises, in which she has elicited the applause of the best critics in America as well as in Europe.

Mlle. VIRGINIA! Graceful and Charming, will appear in single or double acts of Equestrianism, in which she will thrill the audience in the developments of the skill she has so proudly attained in the profession.

MLLE. LAVINIA! Scenic Equestrienne and fascinating Danseuse, will take a prominent part in the panorama of living Artistes, and thus add a lovely picture to enrapture the spell-bound spectator.

James Reynolds The People's Clown, will appear, and make the ments pass pleasantly, convulsing the audience with the exhibition of his wit, merriment and humor. JAMES WARD!

The great Performing and Trick Clown, will develop som of the most beautiful and intricate Juggling, sing a good song, tell a good story, and win the applause of his auditors. MONS. ROCHELLE!

Unquestionably, as the most profound critics say, the bes Gymnast in the world.

WILLIAM NAYLOR!

world-renowned pupil of the great Levi J. North, is an accomplished Principal Rider, and will intro-duce his celebrated and truly thrilling HURDLE ACT! LOUIS ZANFRETTA!

A wonderful Acrobat and Gymnast, will perform that difficult feat known as the Flying Trapeze. In this he will astonish all beholders. JOHN NAYLOR!

The great Tumbler and Leaper, will appear in his favorite role, and thus add to the general hilarity of the entertainment. SIGNOR G. WAMBOLD!

As the Man of Many Forms, will astound the audience with his powers of bending himself into all inconceiv-able shapes. He is truly wonderful, and has not an equal in the world. WILLIAM H. GREEN!

The great Horse Tamer, Modern Hercules, and Six Hotse Rider, will also add to the grand en-tertainment of the Artistes of the great Classical Show. WILLIAM SMITH!

in his graceful divertisement, known in the French lan-guage as La Porche, will exhibit his wonderful powers and skill. He is also ou fait in his celebrated character of the Man Monkey.

TOM KING! Whose name is well known in the profession, will demonstrate his great Batoute Leaps. As a vaulter, and Single or Double Act Equestrian, he has no peer.

J. C. CLARK!

Will also add to the attraction of the entertainment by indulging in his fearless and daring performances on the rope. on the rope.

The Horses are all thoroughbred, wonderfully well trained. The beautiful Pony, SPIDER, the pet of the children, is the smallest equine animal in the world. The beautiful Pony, SPIDER, the pet of the children, is the smallest equine animal in the world. The Trick Horse, GREY EAGLE, and that beautifully spotted Charger, CHAMPION, and last, but not least, the comically educated Mules, TOM and JERRY, from Acapulcally educated Mules, TOM and JERRY, from Acapulcally educated Mules, TOM and JERRY, from Acapulcally wondrous powers during the exhibition.

PRICE OF ADMISSION—TO BOXES,

TWENTY-five Cents
NO HALF PRICE!

H. L. STEBBINS, General Business Agent.

Married.

On the 17th of April, in Newton Hamilton, by John Morrison, esq., DAVID BANKS, of N. H., to Miss BELL LEONARD, of Wayne township.

Joint Resolution Proposing Certain Amendments to the Constitution.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met. That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

" Section 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their

usual place of election."

Section 2. There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as follows:

"Section 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature, containing more than one subtitle, except appropriation bills.

"Section 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, or privileges, that has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth.

HENRY C. JOHNSON, Speaker of the House of Rep. JOHN P. PENNEY, Speaker of the Senate.

Office of the Sec'y, of the Commonwealth, Harrisburg. April 25, 1864. Pennsulvania, ss:

I do certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in

this office. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my band and caused the seal of the Secret tary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written. ELI SLIFER, above written. ELI SLIFER, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The above Resolution having been agreed o by a majority of the members of each House, at two successive sessions of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, the proposed amendments will be submitted to the people, for their adoption or rejection, on the FIRST TUESDAY OF AUGUST, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty four, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article of the Constitution, and the act entitled "An Act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people, for their approval and ratification or rejection, the proposed amendments to the Constitution," approved the twenty third day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty four.

ELI SLIFER. ma4 Secretary of the Commonwealth

desirable farm 110 ACRES

SITUATE in Wayne township, Mifflin co., adjoining lands of Judge Stine, John & C. W. Atkinson, J. Glasgow, esq., Samuel Withrow, A. J. North, and within \(\frac{1}{2}\) to \(\frac{1}{2}\) mile of Atkinson's and Withrow's Mills, Store, Blacksmithshop, \(\frac{1}{2}\) is offered at private Blacksmithshop, &c., is offered at private

sale. About 70 or 75 acres are cleared and un-der fence, the balance well set with valuable timber, such as oak and pine. This farm is well supplied with running water, well adapted for either grazing or farming purposes, and will be sold at a bargain. Persons wishing to examine the premises will call on C.

N. Atkinson.

ALSO, A lot in Newton Hamilton, with a large BRICK DWELLING and frame
STORE ROOM together, with
glass front. The lot is set with
choice fruit and grapes, and a
well of excellent water is at the door. Also, large stone cistern, wash house, a good sta-

ble, carriage shed, corn crib, and all other buildings required for convenience.

Persons wishing to examine this property will call on James Galbraith, esq., Newton Hamilton, and for particulars and terms ad-Dr. A. J. ATKINSON, Lewistown, Pa.

> VALUABLE FARM AT

PRIVATE SALE.

THE farm belonging to the heirs of Thom as McCord, deceased, is now offered at private sale. It is situated in Granville twp., Mifflin county, on the south side of the Juniata river, three fourths of a mile from Ander son's station, on the P R. R., and about six miles from Lewistown, containing

207 ACRES,

one hundred and eighty five of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, with a good STONE DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Spring House, Shop, Smoke House, &c., best Shop, Smoke House, &c., besides a thereon erected. At both the above buildings there are good springs of water. There is a sideling on the P. R. R., one and a half miles from the farm, where all kinds of grain and produce can be shipped for market. A small stream of water enters the farm in such a manner that with very little labor it can be used to carry all the waste manure of the barnyard, and water about ten or twelve acres of meadow land.

Adjoining the above there is a tract of land belong ng to Jane Anderson and Rachel Mc-Cord, containing

FORTY ACRES,

twenty five of which are cleared, and the balance well timbered with lecust, chestnut, &c. with a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, small Barn, young Apple Orehard, &c. thereon, which will Orchard, &c. thereon, which will be sold with the farm if desired.

Any person wishing further information can apply to either of the undersigned.

ap20

R. H. McCORD, T. G. BELL. SAML. H. McCOY, Lewistown, Pa.