G. & G. R. FRYSINGER, PUBLISHERS.

The Gazette is the only paper in this part of the State printed on a power press, and has facilities for doing work of all kinds equaled by few. We have three presses in operation—an Adams Power Press three presses in operation—an Adams Power Press for the Paper, a double medium hand press for Jobs and a Newbury Jobber for Blanks, Cards, &c.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The GAZETTE is published every Wednesday by tweener Frysinger & Son. at \$1.50 in advance, or \$2 at the end of the year. To one address, 4 copies will be sent for \$5, 9 copies for \$10, or 20 copies for \$20. These terms will be rigidly adhered to.

As No contracts are made at this office for the publication of patent medicine advertisements exceeding half a column; and our terms for these are \$20 per annum over the paper, or \$25 on third page, one-half cash in advance, with guarantee for balance by some local agent, or known house. We have no other terms, and it is therefore a waste of pens, ink, paper and postage, or breath, to propose others.

#### FOR PRESIDENT,

#### ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Notices of New Advertisements.

The McCord property up the river is offered at private sale. The Mercantile Appraiser's list appears in our columns to-day. Also the list of letters.

#### The Gold Question.

If any new argument, says the Harrisburg Telegraph, was wanting to induce Congress to pass a law punishing speculations in gold, the fabulous price to which that article has been pushed in the New York market, affords the justification. Nothing more criminally injurious to the country, than the spirit of speculation now rife in the large commercial cities, was ever devised. A few speculators, drunken and crazed with the lust of gain, are actually rushing the country to hopeless ruin, while the great mass are either periling their lives or sacrificing their comfort for the general good. Mr. Thaddeus Stevens proposes to put an end to all this species of robbery by punishing the perpetrators the same as the highwayman is made to suffer.

One thing is very certain: Congress must either devise means to put an end to this speculation, or that body must furnish material to feed and clothe the poor, as some of our officers supplied the poor of the South. Under the influences of the New York and Philadelphia speculators, the laborer and the mechanics, the great comsuming masses of the nation, are now being shamefully robbed. We can see no difference between the crime of speculating in the necessaries of the people and the crime of treason; while the wretch who would grind the face of the poor to put money in his pocket would also guillotine his Government to add a temporary notoriety to

-Gold is quoted at 70 a 71. Glad to hear it-That a leading New York stock gambler has failed.

--\$5,000,000 were subscribed to the 10-40 loan on Monday.

-The Supreme Court of Ohio has decided that the law allowing soldiers to vote is constitutional.

-Moore, who killed Marbourg at Johnstown some months since has been unconditionally pardoned.

-The demand for the Gazette has been so great during the past few weeks, that we have been printing over 900 copies.

-Hon. Isaac Newton, the indefatigable principal of the Agricultural Department, will accept our thanks for a variety of garden seeds.

-The President, in a noble speech at Baltimore on Monday, declared that if the murder of our troops at Fort Pillow can be substantiated, he will mete out a just retribution.

-Judge Woods, who heretofore we believe never did any thing in his life that met with the approval of the Democrat, has at last turned up "right." We would advise him to examine himself closely, as praise in that sheet is rather suspicious.

-On Monday last three regiments of colored troops paraded the streets of Baltimore, amid cheers and waving of handkerchiefs. Just three years ago our white soldiers going to the defence of the capital, were stoned, clubbed and shot at by Jeff Davis's bleached 'niggers' of that city!

-Vallandigham some time ago issued his edict that if his friends were mobbed by the soldiers for disloyalty, they should mob some loyal man, and the Democrat advices its readers to follow the tory's counsel! How law-abiding these constitutional Union men are-how patriotic-and how Christian!

-The gold gamblers last week succeeded one day in running up the premium to 88, but it immediately fell 12 per cent. On the strength of this gambling, the prices of groceries and other necessaries of life were considerably advanced. The prevailing sentiment against speculators of all kinds seems to be a wish they may be totally ruined, be compelled to spend the remainder of their days in the poor house, and be buried like crimiand the second second

Free Speech and Treason.

Hardly a year ago every self-styled democratic paper in Pennsylvania except a few pensioned by Jeff Davis and his New York friends, were bawling with all their might for a "vigorous prosecution of the war," but no sooner were men called for to do this than they veered round into cowardly peace advocates, and not one of these papers can now be opened which has not articles calling this an abolition war, extolling the South, censuring the Government, or sneering at high prices, taxes, &c. Emboldened by these papers, the copperheads in Congress begin to show their forked tongues. and in the guise of "free speech" are uttering the most unblushing treason. Here is what Mr. Long of Ohio said week before last in Congress:

He would make any reasonable sacrifice to bring back the seceded States, but not use force, for the union could exist only in the hearts and with the consent of the people. If the Democratic party were now in power they could not restore the union of the States There were only two questions: First, the recognition of the Confederacy, and secondly, the continuation of the war for the subjugation of the South. Of the two he preferred the former, and he believed the Democratic party were for peace and would be placed in a false position if they nominated a war candidate

Mr. Harris of Maryland, another of

the same stripe, said : He indorsed every word that the gentle man from Ohio (Mr. Long) had uttered, and would stand by him for weal or woe. You say that the gentleman (Mr. Long) meant treason at the very moment that you say he was sincere and honest. He was willing to go with his friend (Mr. Long) anywhere on this issue. Could not a man say when a war is carried on to exterminate a people, that he would rather have peace, thus saving lives on both sides? We were a ground down people. He (Mr. Harris) was a peace man—a rad ical peace man. He was for recognizing the Southern confederacy, and for acquiescing in the doctrine of Secession. He had a hope, attack. There is a large force of troops but it was not in this House. He hoped a at Cairo, only twenty miles from Coltornado would come and sweep you from power, and give it to honest men who have feelings of humanity and some regard for the principles of their fathers. War would never bring you a termination worth a cent. He was for peace and Union too. [Laught ter. He was a better man than any of them. [Renewed laughter.] If we cannot make peace, let us have two splendid governments—two happy governments—He was a slave holder, and was so still, if all his slaves had not been stolen from him. He looked on those who opposed slavery as madmen. He compassionated them. If Slavery was a sin he was willing to bear it. The north have been deceived by stereotype falsehoods. When this war commenced. Seward said it could be put down in sixty days. Instead of 70.000 men ending it, you have called for half a million soldiers to serve a king who is the war power. The south ask you to leave them in peace, but now you say you will bring them into subjection. That is not done yet, and God Almighty grant that it never may be. I hope you will never subjugate the South. The President has proved him

self unfit to be intrusted with moneyed power. Such sentiments, only in different language, are inculcated weekly by the Captain Milks, 3d Cavalry, Missouri Lewistown Democrat, and what is most worthy of note is that all the men who thus talk are tooth and nail for McClellan for President! The sent, with some bandits. true democrats of this county, who are He reports a complete success, having in favor of putting down the rebellion had a fight with a notorious gang of at all hazards, may well pause be robbers, killed three, and wounded fore they act in concert with these modern Benedict Arnolds

Is it any wonder that under such teachings mobs assemble in the North and shoot down soldiers in cold blood. as was recently done in Illinois?

-The Democrat, which could hardly publish a political truth even if it tried to do so, says the Maryland election was carried by "fraud and military interference." No better comment to stamp this falsehood can be given than the official returns of three counties in the lines of our army, to

Union. Copperhead. 163 763 516 716 445 1185 St. Mary's Anne Arundel 1124

The first named is occupied by Union forces who guard the lower Potomac. the second adjoins the District of Columbia, and is but a few miles from Washington, and the third embraces the region between Baltimore and Annapolis, and although occupied and surrounded by thousands of Union troops, these three counties give 1540 copperhead majority out of less than 4000 votes, while Washington and Cecil, in neither of which are there troops of any account, give nearly 4000 Union majority. The fact is the Democrat has got so low that it can no longer even tell a plausible "lie."

-The Selinsgrove Times, the organ of patent democracy in Snyder county, says: "No intelligent and upright man, whether he be a democrat or a republican, will ever consent to the doctrine of allowing soldiers to vote in their camps, especially when outside of their own state."

-As an instance of the speculative insanity now affoat, we learn that a company which some time ago purchased the "Sinking Valley Lead Mines," in Blair county, has disposed of stock to the amount of \$1,000,000 at \$5 per share in New York and Philadelphia. These "mines" were worked many years ago-even before the revolution-since which it has been found in small quantities only; nor are there son of Fort Pillow is alluded to. Sevany indications that lead exists there eral officers have been heard to say in large quantities.

#### WAR NEWS.

THE CAPTURE OF FORT PILLOW Official Dispatch from Gen. Sherman. WASHINGTON, April 16.

Yesterday afternoon about 5 o'clock, despatches were received here from General Sherman confirming the news of the surrender of Fort Pillow and the brutal conduct of the rebels immediately afterwards, which bids fair to be amply retaliated in that quarter in due time.

The Star say's according to General Sherman's report, our loss was 50 white troops killed and 100 wounded. and 300 black troops murdered in cold blood after the surrender.

Fort Pillow is an isolated post of no value whatever to the defence of Columbus, and utterly untenable by the rebels, who have no doubt left that vicinity ere this, having been disappointed, with considerable loss, in the object of their raid thither, which was the capture of Columbus, whence they were promptly and severely repulsed, with no loss to us.

The rebels, according to the official dispatch received here last evening, effected nothing at Paducah, losing a soldier killed and wounded for every horse they succeded in stealing, and doing us no other damage than by a

It is believed that Forrest's raiders will next appear in the vicinity of Memphis where they can effect no more than they did at Columbus and Paducah, and stand a fair chance, indeed, of finding themselves surrounded by over-

whelming superior forces. From all that can be gathered of this affair, it is evident that somebody seriously to blame. Forrest has been moving about between Paducah and Columbus for the last-fortnight, and if our commander in that department had shown the least amount of energy or ability both places might have been rendered secure against attack. There is a large force of troops umbus, and a fleet of gunboats on the river. But Fort Halleck seems neither to have been reinforced from Cairo, nor were there any gunboats present to assist in its defence. The President or a court martial ought to make short work of all officers this spring who in the slighest degree fail in their duty, or exhibit incompetency.

Late advices from New Orleansto the 10th instant-state that the reported sinking of the rebel ram Tennesseee in Mobile Bay was a canard. The Louisiana Free State Convention had completed its organization, and by a nearly unanimous vote decided that the members should take the oath Lincoln's Amnesty Proclamation. A disastrous fire occurred on the night of the 8th instant, involving a loss of several hundred thousand dollars.

A despatch, dated Pilot Knob, April from Lieutenant Colonel J. N. Herder, commanding the post, states that State Militia, stationed at Farmington, Missouri, had just returned from Prairie-du-Racher, Illinois, where he was several, among them the notorious bushwhacker and guerilla chief, John Highly, who had long been the terror of that part of the State.

Accounts from the Army of the Potomac say that the 3d Division of the 2d Corps, commanded by Gen. Birney, was reviewed on Thursday by Gen. Hancock, and presented a splendid appearance. Gen. Meade was present and complimented the division and its Commander. After the review the General partook of refreshments with John M. Botts, at his invitation, and afterward with Gen. Birney. The day was beautiful.

A letter from Point Lookout states that Gen. Hinks, commanding at that post, on Thursday evening returned from a successful expedition into Virginia, having captured \$50,000 worth of tobacco and a gang of blockade runners. The tobacco seems to have been on its way from Richmond to Baltimore.

By an arrival from New Orleans we have advices from the Red river expedition to the 5th instant. The report of a rebel attack on Alexandria and of a fight there, with serious loss on both sides, was a fabrication. No further news of the progress of the expedition

is given.
The Greenville Convention of 1861
re-assembled at Knoxville, Tennessee, on the 12th. About one hundred and sixty delegates reported in person, representing twenty-two counties. The President, T. A. Nelson, on opening the Convention, made an explanatory speech and resigned the chair. William Heskell was chosen President. Andy Johnson made a strong Emancipation speech, and a flag staff was destroyed the old Liberty pole in 1861.

whilst passing Fort Fafayette in New York harbor, exploded her boiler, by some of whom died.

### THE FORT PILLOW BUTCHERY.

MEMPHIS, April, 17.—There is not much said, but there is a general gritting of teeth among the officers here when the massacre of the brave garrithat, unless the Government takes re-

tributive steps, they will consider it their duty to shoot every man of Forrest's command that they meet, and to take no prisoners. The soldiers threaten to shoot Forrest's men now in the Irwin prison if they can get a

chance. This is the general feeling. An affidavit taken at Cairo declares that the quarter-master of the 13th Tennessee Cavalry was, while living, nailed to a board by the rebels, and thrown into the flames of a burning building at Fort Pillow.

-As a specimen of the Democrat's largest circulation," we give the following: In Lewistown the Democrat's list is about 120-the Gazette's 167. We shall before long have a full list of the circulation of both papers at all the post offices in the county, when, if the falsehood at the head of the Demerat is not taken down, we shall pub-

-The Supreme Court of this State, in case of Lycoming County vs. John A. Gamble, has decided that not only stocks held in the West Branch and Susquehanna Canal Company, are made taxable, but "all" stocks held by individuals residing in the county, in any corporations except Banks, which have a special exemption by act of the Legislature, thus bringing in a very large amount of taxable property not here-tofore reached by the taxing power.

-The draft it appears, has not been postponed. The Provost Marshal General telegraphs to General Hays, New York, that credit will be given for both veterans and recruits, to include the 15th of April, and orders him to be prepared to make the draft immediately thereafter in districts then deficient, but not to commence until further orders. We presume from this that no draft will be made until all the credits are given on the three calls, for to do otherwise would be an act of injustice to many districts whose entire credits cover their whole quotas, but would leave them deficient as to the first and second.

#### Died.

Near Newton Hau ilton on the 14th inst., Mrs. ELIZABETH CLARKE, aged about

At Freedom Iron Works, on Thursday, ne 7th of April, 1864, THOMAS JEFFER SON, infant son of James W. Starr, aged about 10 months.

At Freedom Iron Works, on the 25th of March, 1864, Mrs. HANNAH SMITH, wife of John Smith, aged 44 years.

Near Newton Hamilton, on the 14th inst., ROBERT WALLACE, aged about 94 years.

#### Married.

At the Lutheran parsonage, in Mechanicsall the members should take the oath of allegiance contained in President JOHN KNEPP to Miss MARTHA J. PAT TEN, both of this county.

#### Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative. Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative.

The standard staple preparation for the hair, warranted in all cases to restore faded and gray hair, and whiskers to their original color. It does not claim to make the hair grow in where it has once failen out; nothing will do that, whatever may be advertised to the contrary, but it will prevent it from failing out, make it soft and silky, cleanse t and the scalp from impurities and humers, and entirely overcome bad effects of previous use of preparations constaining sulphur, sugar of lead, &c. It requires no soaping, and hours for its application, nor will it stain the kin, but is as easily applied and wiped from the skin as any hair dressing. It restores the natural shading of one air with another, which gives it a lively appearance intead of the duil, uniform black of dyes.

### Hoyt's Imperial Coloring Cream.

Superior to any first Pressing in use. Ohis and colors to hair at the same time. Changes light and red hair to beautiful brown or black.
Sold everywhere.
Mb9-1y
No. 10 University Place, New York.

#### THE MARKETS. LEWISTOWN, April 20, 1864.

CORRECTED BY GEORGE BLYMYER. Butter, good, & tb. Eggs, & dozen, Lard. Wool, washed, unwashed. CORRECTED BY MARKS & WILLIS. Wheat, white # bushel, 0 00 to 0 00 red, prime Corn. old. Rye, 1 20 0 80 to 1 10 Barley Timothy, Flaxseed, 2 00 Cloverseed 6 25 Potatoes. Dried Apples, 25 pounds, Marks & Willis are retailing flour and feed s follows : Extra Flour, per 100,

Superfine, do 3 75 Family, do Mill Feed, per hundred. 4 25 1 50 Chopped Oats and Corn per 100, Chopped Rye per 100, 3 00 Salt per barrel of 280 lbs.,

Philadelphia Market.

Flour—Superfine \$7 00, extra 7 50 a8 00. Rye flour 6 50. Corn meal 50 per bbl.

Grain-Red wheat 180c, white 190a 205c. Rye 000a140c. Corn 126. Oats 88c weight. Cloverseed \$7 25a7 75 per 64 lbs. Flaxseed 3 35 per bushel. Timothy 2 50.

Beef Cattle, 12a16c; Cows, \$25 to 60 per head; Sheep, 9a10c per lb gross. Hogs, \$11 to 13 00 the 100 lbs net.

Market dull, with a downward ten-

## The United States gunboat Chenango Lewistown Mills. which forty of her crew were scalded, HIGHEST CASH PRICES FOR WHEAT, AND ALL KINDS OF GRAIN,

or received it on storage, at the option of those having it for the market. They hope, by giving due and personal at-tention to business, to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

PLASTER, SALT and Limeburners COAL always on hand WM. B McATEE & SON. Lewistown, Sept. 16, 1863.-tf

## Mercantile Appraiser's List. PHE following is a list of Merchants and Dealers, classified agreeably to the provisions of the Act of 14th class pays \$7 00; 13th pays \$10 00; 12th pays \$12 50; 11th pays \$15 00; 10th pays \$20 00; 9th pays \$25 00.

Borough of Lewistown. NAMES OF RETAILERS. CLASS. Anthony Felix. (cabinet) Anthony Felix. (store) Nathan Kennedy, liver C. Chesney. Irwin Wallis, John Clark.
F. G. Franciscus,
John Davis.
Wm. Joinson
James Parker,
E. Frysinger,
R. W. Patton,
E. Banks.
Charles Ritz,
Wm. Lind.
Geo. Blymyer,
Thomas Cox.
J. W. Sheriff,
F. A. Neupert,
C. Ullrich. Moyer Frank, H. Zerbe, John Baum, Abner Thompson, Samuel Marks, John Kennedy, J. C. Blymyer & Co., Abner Thompson, John Swan. Dolby. R. Martin, Sturges & Brother, A. Kitting, W. B. McAtee & Son, Wm. B. Hoffman, Harrison Monbeck, W. G. Zollinger,

Menno Township. Union Township. Hoar & McNabb. Jos. L. Roper, Samuel Watts, A. G. & S. R. Gibboney, W. S. Utts, Brown Township. E. W. Hill & Ce rer & Murphy, M. Frank, Derry Township. Adam Peters, Decatur Township.

H. Sultzbough, Milroy. Siglerville. J. C. & J. McNitt. Newton Hamilton. John Purcell & Son, ohn Vanzant, W. Norton, Wayne Township.

R. L. Gamble. Mc Veytonen. McCoy & Rohrer, W. & G. Macklin, Wm. Hardy,

J. H. & A. B. Ross, Oliver Township. oseph Strode, ohn Strong, Fatent Medicines.

J. K. Metz, Allenville, Distillers and Brewers. Jacob Fisher, Lewistown, Restaurants.

J. C. Comfort, Lewistown, J. C. Comfort, Lewistown, 7 10 00
Samuel Marks, do 7 10 00
Thomas Stroup, do 7 10 00
Mrs. Matida Wertz, Reedsville, 7 10 00
D. C. Matter, Yeagertown, 7 10 00
Jas. M. Stevens, Newton Hamilton, 7 10 00
Albert Magill, McVeytown, 7 10 00
Edwin Horner, do 7 10 00
Edwin Horner, do 7 10 00
An Appeal will be held at the Register's Office, in the Borough of Lewistown, on FRIDAY, the 13th day of May, 1864, where all persons who feel themselves aggrieved can attend, if they think proper, and obtain that redress to which they may be entitled by law.

JAMES M. LASHÉLL. amuel Marks,

Mercanthe Appraiser. T ETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED Pennsylvania, on the 20th of April, 1864.

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for 'advertised letters,' give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising. "If not called for within one month they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office. Brown Josiah C. (2) Miller James W. Clymans Geo. W. Murray W.

Floyd Harvey S. Sanders R. A. Farden John D. Smith Jacob Gorsuch Joshua Sellers E. D. Lewis Elizabeth Stone Joseph . Shaw Miss Mary Leasure Mrs. Mary A. Michals Wm. A. Varney and Dreper Miller John Watson R. J. Mattern Miss Sally Yoder Yost Marthern Sarah Youtz Joseph SAMUEL COMFORT, P. M. ap20

## PRINCE & CO'S. Well-Known MELODEONS & HARMONIUMS

introducing the effect of pedal bass on every instrument. ERNEST GABLER'S Raven and Bacon's and Haliet Davis & Co's Celebrated

PIANOS, for cash, at a liberal deduction.

JAMES BELLAK, sole Agent, 279 and 281 South Fifth St., above Spruce. ap13, '64-ly Philadelphia.

> MEETING OF THE

UNION COUNTY COMMITTEE

A MEETING of the Union County Committtee will be held in the Court House, n Lewistown, on Saturday, April 23, 1864,

at one o'clock p. m., to select a Representa tive Delegate to the State Convention, to be held in Harrisburg, on the 28th inst., and to transact such other business as may be deemed necessary. A. MARKS, Chairman. Wm. F. Shaw, Secretary.

County Committee.—Lewistown E. W., A. Marks; W. W., Wm. F. Shaw; Armagh Old, Ira Thompson; Armagh New, H. M. Close; Decatur, A. W. Mitchell; Derry, Wm. Creighton; Brown, Wm. Greer; Menno, Isaac Steven; McVeytown, E. H. H. Stackpole; Oliver, G. H. Galbraith; Granville, Jno. Ruble; Union, Samuel Haffley; Wayne, R. L. Gamble; Newton Hamilton, Wm. Brothers; Brat-

ton, Charles Bratton, Jr.

### VALUABLE FARM

# PRIVATE SALE

THE farm belonging to the heirs of Thomas as McCord, deceased, is now offered at private sale. It is situated in Granville twp., Mifflin county, on the south side of the Juniata river, three fourths of a mile from Ander. son's station, on the P. R. R., and about six miles from Lewistown, containing

207 ACRES,

one hundred and eighty five of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with a good STONE DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Spring House, with a good STONE DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Spring House, Shop, Smoke House, &c., besides a good Tenant House and Stable thereon erected. At both the above buildings there are good springs of water. There is a sideling on the P. R. R., one and a balf miles from the farm, where all kinds of grain and produce can be shipped for market. A small stream of water enters the farm in such a manner that with very little labor it can be used to carry all the waste manure of the barnyard, and water about ten or twelve

acres of meadow land. Adjoining the above there is a tract of land belong ng to Jane Anderson and Rachel Mc-Cord, containing

FORTY ACRES,

twenty five of which are cleared, and the balance well timbered with locust, chestnut, &c. with a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, small Barn, young Apple Orchard, &c. thereon, which will be sold with the farm if desired. Any person wishing further information

can apply to either of the undersigned. R. H. McCORD. T. G. BELL. SAML. II. McCOY,

Lewistown, Pa.

VALUABLE BARD FOR SALE THE undersigned offer at private sale, a valuable farm, situate in Ferguson's Val-

ley, Oliver township, about two miles from Hope Furnace, containing about 275 ACRES a great part limestone, and all susceptible of

cultivation, 150 acres of which are cleared, well fenced, and under cultivation, with a a double LOG HOUSE, an ex, cellent BARN, 83 feet by 46, with three Barn Floors, Hog Pen, Smoke House, and other

improvements. Iron ore abounds on the premises, one vein of which is opened. The timber is first rate, and consists of Oak, Chestnut, Locust, &c. It is well watered, having a fine stream running through it, is pleasantly situated, and in every respect a

desirable property.

For terms, or further information, apply to MICHAEL AULTZ.

Owner of one-half, ELIJAH AULTZ, Adm. Michael Aultz, sen., dec'd. If not sold at private sale previous to the 4th day of June, it will on that day be offered at public sale on the premises at 10 o'clock, a. m. This farm could be readily divided in two parts, or into one farm and several tracts, and if desired will be so sold. Oliver township, April 13, 1864.\*

## PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at public sale, at the late residence of Andrew Watt, in Brown township, on

Friday, April 29, 1864. the following personal property to wit:

FIVE HORSES, two year old Colt, 1 yearling Colt, 6 fresh Cows, 9 young Cattle, Hogs and Sheep, 2 broad wheel Wagons, Threshing Machine, anning Mill, Plows, Harrows, Cultivator Grain Drill, Horse Gearing, Harness, and Farming Utensils generally. A Carriage, Buggy and Spring Wagon. House Furniture, consisting of Beds and Bedding, Bureaus, Cupboards, Chairs, Stoves, and other things, too numerous to mention.

JOHN D. BARR. Administrator.

## Oil Painting.

M ISS PROCEUS will give instruction in Oil Painting at the Academy. Terms \$6.00 for twenty two lessons.

CIBCULAB.

A SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES opened on Monday, February 29th, in the Lewistown Academy, where all the common and higher English Branches will be taught, together with Latin, French, Music, and Painting in Oil and Water Colors. Terms stated on application to the Princi

Lewistown, March 2, 1864.

## W, AEALOMM Normal School

ACADEMY. WILL open April 4th, 1864. The prin-

cipal mission of this school is to the more fully prepare teachers for their great and responsible position. In order to this a Model School will be connected with the Normal. Besides the regular Academic course, instructions will be given in Ir strumental Music and in German. For par ticulars, address

Rev. S. J. HAYES. Principal, or W. J. SIEBER. Assistant. McVeytown, March 2d, 1864.—5t.

Tuscarora Female Seminary.

Academia, Juniata Co., Pa, NOMMENCES its Summer Term May 4th,

Commences its Summer Term may 1.1., 1864. For circulars address
Mrs. O. J. FRENCH, Principal, or
ANDREW PATTERSON, Proprietor. ap6 1864-1y

Estate of Andrew Watt, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Andrew Watt, late of Brown township, Mifflin country to the control of ty, deceased, have been granted to the un-dersigned, residing in said township. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those hav-

ing claims to present them, duly authenticated for settlement. JOHN D. BARR.