

# THE GAZETTE.

LEWISTOWN, PA.  
Wednesday, March 16, 1864.

G. & G. R. FRYNSINGER, PUBLISHERS.

The Gazette is the only paper in this part of the State printed on a power press, and has facilities for doing work of all kinds equalled by few. We have three presses in operation—An Adams Power Press for the Paper, a double medium hand press for Jobs, and a Newbury Jobber for Blanks, Cards, &c.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.  
The GAZETTE is published every Wednesday by GEORGE FRYNSINGER & SON, at \$1.50 in advance, or \$2 at the end of the year. To one address, 4 copies will be sent for \$5, 9 copies for \$10, or 20 copies for \$20. These terms will be rigidly adhered to.

Cash Rates of Advertising.  
Administration or Executor's Notices \$2 00  
If published in both papers, each 1 50  
Auditor's do 1 25  
Sheriff's Sales, 12 lines 1 00  
Each additional line 8  
Extra, Caution or other Notices, not exceeding 12 lines, 3 insertions, 1 00  
Tavern Licenses, single, 1 00  
If more than one, each 50  
Register's Notices of Accounts, each 50

On public sales published in both papers, a deduction of 25 per cent. on all matter over one square. All other Judicial Notices same as above, unless the price is fixed by law.  
12 lines of burgeois, or 10 lines of nonpariel, make a square. About 8 words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.  
Yearly advertisements will be inserted on such terms as may be agreed on.  
In all other cases 12 lines constitute a square, and will be so charged.

## FOR PRESIDENT, ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Circulation of Gazette, 864 copies.  
Circulation of Democrat, as furnished by a hand in that office, 774 copies.

With the exception of N. Hamilton, our circulation at all the principal post offices is far in excess of the Democrat, in some cases two or three to one, as merchants and all others can learn by inquiry at the different post offices.

## Notices of New Advertisements.

A variety of new goods has been received at Hoffman's.

Axe-forgers are wanted by C. Hammond & Son, Philadelphia.

Franciscus, agent for Clark's Sugar Evaporator and Cane Mill, offers sorgo seed without charge.

H. J. Walters, Esq., is agent for that old and well established company, the Franklin Fire Insurance.

J. B. Selheimer offers several tracts of land for sale.

Owners of unseated lands will find an important notice.

Felix invites attention to his new stock of goods.

Heisler wants tallow and soap grease.

Academy election—Sheriff's sales—Notice to heirs—License applications—Runaway notice—Money found, list of letters, stray cow, &c.

## Military Changes.—Another Call for 200,000.

With the appointment of Gen. Grant as Commander in Chief, a call for 200,000 additional men has been issued, probably with a view of crushing by an overwhelming force the last desperate effort of the rebels. Bounties will be paid and volunteers received until the 15th April, when a draft will be made. Maj. Gen. Halleck is Chief of Staff, Gen. Sherman is appointed to Grant's late command, and Gen. McPherson is to command the Army of the Tennessee.

## LIEUTENANT GENERAL GRANT.

### Presentation of His Commission.

The President of the United States on Wednesday afternoon formally presented to Major Gen. Grant his commission as Lieutenant General. The ceremony took place in the Cabinet Chamber in the presence of the entire Cabinet, Gen. Halleck, Representative Lovejoy, Gen. Rawlins and Col. Comstock of Gen. Grant's Staff, the son of the General, and Mr. Nicolay, Private Secretary of the President.

Gen. Grant having entered the room, the President rose and addressed him thus: "General Grant—The nation's appreciation of what you have done, and its reliance upon you for what remains to do in the existing great struggle, are now presented with this commission constituting you Lieutenant General in the Army of the United States. With this high honor devolves upon you also a corresponding responsibility. As the country herein trusts you, so, under God, it will sustain you. I scarcely need add that with what I have spoken for the nation, goes my own hearty personal concurrence."

To which Gen. Grant replied as follows: "Mr. President—I accept this commission with gratitude for the high honor conferred. With the aid of the noble armies that have fought on so many fields for our common country it will be my earnest endeavor not to disappoint your expectations. I feel the full weight of the responsibilities now devolving on me, and I know that if they are met, it will be due to those armies and, above all, to the favor of that Providence which leads both nations and men."

The President then introduced the General to all the members of the Cabinet, after which the company were seated and about half an hour was spent in pleasant conversation.

—The rebels having no longer any object in aiding the copperhead senators of this State in their treasonable doings, last week released Major Harry White of Indiana.

## Reported Interview Between Lee and McClellan.

An exposition in the Tribune of an interview which took place near Antietam between McClellan and Lee, has created considerable feeling. It was published in the Tribune that a written communication had been sent to the Secretary of War, by a cousin of Lee, a Maryland Legislator, stating that during the battle of Antietam General Lee had his headquarters at his house, that on the night after the battle he sent a messenger into our lines to General McClellan, requesting an interview at his headquarters; that General McClellan, accompanied by some of his staff, rode that night through the rebel lines, and had a long interview with General Lee, who, among other things, informed McClellan that his army was crossing the Potomac.

The points corrected by the correspondent of the Chronicle, who signs his name "F. W.," are—"1. I am not a cousin of General Robert Lee. 2. No interview could have taken place between the parties during the battle of Antietam at my house, as I live about ten miles from that place. 3. The interview took place three or four days afterwards, and was at the suggestion of a mutual friend then courted by either party. 4. At the time of the meeting General McClellan was alone, and General Lee came through the lines of the United States Army under my escort, I having received a solemn pledge of personal safety from General McClellan for us both. 5. The communication was not made by myself. The interview lasted some three hours, during a short part of which time I was present.

The F. W. who informed the War Department of the interview is found to be a Mr. F. Waldron. He is in custody at the Capitol, and will be brought before the War Committee to testify all that he knows. It is said that Mr. Waldron informed the Secretary of War that during the interview General McClellan was informed by General Lee of the rebel army's retreat across the Potomac. It is understood that the War Committee will have every person brought before it who is likely to know anything concerning this interview.

It is difficult to know what to believe of the above. But if true, and not communicated to the President by Gen. McClellan, a summary example ought to be made.

## New Hampshire Election.

Again the People have spoken! The election in New Hampshire has taken place and our telegraphic dispatches show that the Union candidate for Governor has been elected by from six to seven thousand majority. When we remember that so many of her sons are in the army whose votes, had they been at home, would have gone to swell this unexpected majority, this result may be regarded as an overwhelming triumph. The New York World and other Copperhead journals of the North have been claiming a Democratic triumph in New Hampshire as certain. The contest has been waged with all the vigor which that effete and treasonable party could bring to bear. All the weary platitudes about the vindictive Abolition crusade—the corruption of the Administration—the useless expenditure of blood and money—the enormous burthens of debt fastened on the country, the hardships of the draft, and the blessings to be secured by entrusting the Government of the country to those disinterested patriots who go for an economical Government and a strict construction of the Constitution, were hashed up for the benefit of the masses, but have proved a signal failure. According to the World the New Hampshire election was to be the first of the series which, by Anti-Administration triumphs, was to inaugurate the grand reactionary movement to drive the true Unionists out of power. Even many of our own friends looked forward to the result with apprehension, never claiming more than a very meagre majority if successful.

This happy result has surpassed our hopes or expectations, and we cannot but regard it as an augury of success in the greater contest for the Presidency in the coming Fall. We commend it to the Copperheads as first of the series.

Last year the vote of New Hampshire for Governor stood thus, viz: Gilmore, Republican, 29,035; Eastman, Democrat, 32,833; Harriman, Union, 4,372. Eastman over Gilmore, 3,798; Gilmore and Harriman over Eastman, 574; no election. Gilmore was chosen by the Legislature.

When we compare the Democratic vote of last year with its present hopeless minority, and reflect that at the Presidential election the soldiers will also vote, we may congratulate the country on the brilliant prospect. The people are all right.

In New York on Wednesday, also an election was held to vote upon an amendment to the State Constitution permitting the soldiers to vote. It will be remembered that the Legislature passed a law for this purpose last year, which was vetoed by Gov. Seymour as unconstitutional. They passed an amendment to the Constitution, and, submitted the amendment to the people, as required by the Constitution. The election came off on Wednesday, and the people, by an almost unanimous vote, declared that the gallant fellows who are fighting their country's battles shall not be deprived of their franchise by absence in the field. The soldiers of New York

will therefore vote at the Presidential election, Copperheadism to the contrary notwithstanding.

—Why do copperheads hate Methodists? Because the latter set their heels on the serpent's head.

—The Indian Bureau is taking preliminary measures for the return to their own country of 8000 Indian refugees now in Kansas.

—It became necessary, on Friday, to amputate the leg of Senator Hicks to save his life, as mortification was about to take place, resulting from a remarkable case of erysipelas.

—Lieut. Col. Sanderson, one of our officers recently released from Richmond, has been put under arrest at Washington on charges preferred by Col. Streight that he had informed the rebels of a plan for the escape of some of our officers.

—The copperheads and rebels hate Gen. Butler as like as two peas. The Democrat alleges there is no chance for exchanging prisoners under him, yet last week 600 privates and 48 officers were exchanged.

—Hon. Jere. Clemens, of Huntsville, Ala., formerly United States Senator, presided over and addressed a large Union meeting at that place on the 5th instant. Highly loyal resolutions were passed, and another convention was called.

—In the United States Senate on Friday the Gold bill, after debate was passed, yeas 40, nays 8. The bill as passed with the Senate amendments, provides that "the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to anticipate the payment of interest on the public debt by a period not to exceed one year, from time to time, either with or without a rebate of interest upon the coupons, as to him may seem expedient; and he is hereby authorized to dispose of any gold in the Treasury of the United States not necessary for the payment of interest of the public debt." The Post Office Appropriation bill was passed.

## WAR NEWS.

FORTRESS MONROE, March 12.—Gen. Butler sent a portion of Kilpatrick's cavalry (Col. S. Onderdonk and Spears) to King and Queens Court House, to deal with the citizens claiming to be "non-combatants," who ambushed Col. Dahlgren.

Gen. Kilpatrick sent forward Col. Onderdonk's command. The latter reports that the 5th and 9th Virginia Cavalry, with all the citizens of that place, twelve hundred in all, were driven from camp near Carrollin's store. The camp was taken, and a number killed. Twenty prisoners were captured. The enemy were also driven from the Court House, and a large amount of grain, mills, and storehouses were burned.

The steamship Western Metropolis, from New Orleans February 29, arrived at New York on Friday. The Era, of the 28th contains a brief account of the beginning of Admiral Farragut's operations against Mobile. The bombardment of Fort Powell at Grant's Pass initiated on the 24th ult., by the mortar flotilla, assisted by several gunboats, and was being prosecuted with vigor. The Rebels replied rapidly, but their fire had resulted in only one casualty on our side. At New Orleans preparations on a grand scale were in progress for the public inauguration of the new State officers, and the city had been greatly enlivened by a brilliant military parade and review.

From Newbern we learn that the recently executed Union soldiers, twenty-one in number, who were hung at Kinston on charge of having deserted from the Rebel conscription, met their fate with unflinching determination, and scornfully rejected all offers of reprieve upon condition of returning to the Rebel service.

When Morgan "raided" through Indiana and Ohio, Richmond editors called him the gallant cavalier of the South, and styled his horse-stealing and old men and women murdering operations "glorious and chivalric." When Kilpatrick pitches his shells into Richmond and out-rivals Morgan in the "raiding" way, minus the inhuman acts of the great horse-thief, the same editors call his operations "barbarous."

General Sherman in his late expedition destroyed provisions and forage enough to sustain the Rebel army from three to six months. He brought large droves of cattle several thousand head of mules, eight thousand negroes, and over four thousand prisoners. In addition to this, by the destruction of very important railroad lines, Sherman has released McPherson's Corps from guard duty along the Mississippi.

## STRAY COW.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Decatur township, in December last, a red Cow, with white on the back, head white, and stumpy tail, rather old from appearance. The owner of said cow is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law.  
mar16-3\* REUBEN GOSS.

## WEEKLY LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office at Lewistown, March 16, 1864.

Burns Samuel Lappuna Daniel C.  
Broderline Miss Viola H. Lecholt Gottlieb  
Bess Emma McDonald Margaret  
Briggs Rebecca Mrs. McNight Annie  
Boalick A. J. Baker Jackson  
Brown Elizabeth Suager Emma C. Miss  
Curran Elizabeth Miss 2 Swarts Martin  
Culbertson Joel Sanky John E.  
Fitzgerald and Lenz Teas John  
Fenberger Benj. Tebitt A. Mr.  
Honey Michael Wash George W.  
Hearson Elizabeth Miss Willis Christian Miss  
Hibbs Elizabeth Youneck Maggie Miss  
Hoffman Catharine Young Adam  
Leguire Simonovan  
Persons inquiring for letters on the above or any other list will please state on which list they are advertised. One cent due on each.  
mar16 SAMUEL COMFORT, P. M.

## WANTED! AXE FORGERS

Wanted, at Prices Annexed.  
Bitt Drawers 7 cents per Axe.  
Head Hammerers 7 do do  
The above is the price for Finished Poles.  
For making Axes from Plated Patterns, stock fitted, 17 cents per Axe.  
C. HAMMOND & SON,  
628 Commerce St., Philadelphia.  
mar16-4t

## LEWISTOWN ACADEMY.

AN election for 15 Trustees of the Lewistown Academy for the ensuing year will be held at the Academy, on MONDAY, Apl. 4, 1864, between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock p. m.  
Proposals invited for a lease of the Institution, to which is attached a good family residence. By order of  
E. BANKS, President.  
H. J. WALTERS, Secretary. mh16

## 6 Farms for Sale! 2000 ACRES OF LAND, AS FOLLOWS:

One Tract of 408 Acres, in Armagh township, surveyed in the name of Luke Tidd, adjoining lands of William Smith.

One Tract of 305 Acres, in Armagh township, surveyed in the name of Thomas Gregg, adjoining lands of Samuel Milliken.

One Tract of 398 Acres, in Wayne township, surveyed in the name of William Cook, adjoining lands of Daniel Harley.

One Tract of 400 Acres, in Wayne township, surveyed in the name of Charles Bruce, adjoining lands of Abraham Scott.

A Tract of 349 acres, in Decatur township, surveyed in the name of John Harvey, adjoining lands of Peter Sandy.  
The above tracts of land were bought at Treasurer's Sale in 1858, and the titles are indisputable.

Also, One Tract of Land, in Oliver township, containing

100 ACRES, more or less, about twenty acres cleared, the balance well timbered, with a never-failing spring of water on it, better known as the William Tidd Farm. For further particulars and terms, inquire of  
J. B. SELHEIMER,  
Lewistown.  
mh16-4t

## 6 CENTS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, in Oliver township, Mifflin county, James Campbell, about 13 years of age, an indentured apprentice to the farming business. This is to caution all persons from harboring or trusting said apprentice on my account, as I will pay no debts of his contracting. The above reward will be paid for the return of said apprentice, but neither thanks nor charges.  
JOSEPH ELLIOTT,  
Oliver township, March 16-3\*

## SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Mifflin county, and to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue or outcry, at the Court House, in Lewistown, on  
Saturday, April 2, 1864,  
at one o'clock in the afternoon, the following real estate, to wit:

All the interest of John Hawn in a tract of land in Armagh township, Mifflin county, bounded on the north by lands of Joseph Hawn and others, on the east by town lots of Andrew Swartzell, and on the south by farm of Perry Sigler, and on the west by farm of Col. John McDowell, deceased, containing one hundred and ten acres, more or less.

Also, one other tract of land in the township and county aforesaid, bounded by lands of Joseph Brover and others, containing two acres, more or less. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John Hawn.

Also,  
A tract of land in Oliver township, Mifflin county, bounded as follows: Beginning at a post at the back side of the berm bank of the Pennsylvania Canal in line of the land of the Hope Furnace Company, in right of the heirs of John Robinson, dec'd., thence by that line north seventy-four and one-fourth degrees, west eighty-two and one-tenth perches to a corner in a private road and at the southeast side of a public road, thence by the southeast side of said road south four and three-fourth degrees, west one perch to a post, thence by land of James W. Hackenbush south seventy-four and one-fourth degrees, east fifty-four and two-tenth perches to a locust tree, thence south forty-seven and one-fourth degrees, east thirty-four and eight-tenth perches to a post at the back side of the berm bank of the Pennsylvania Canal, thence by the same north four and a half degrees, east seventeen and one-tenth perches to a post, the place of beginning, containing one acre and one hundred and forty perches, strict measure. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Hope Furnace Company.  
D. M. CONTNER, Sheriff,  
Sheriff's Office, Lewistown, March 16, 1864.

## TAVERN LICENSES.

THE following applications for License have been filed for presentation at April Sessions:

|                    |               |               |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Wm. Brothers,      | Tavern,       | N. Hamilton.  |
| Wm. M. Jeffries,   | do            | do            |
| Benj. A. Bradley,  | do            | McVeytown.    |
| Jas. J. Robinson,  | do            | do            |
| George Settle,     | do            | Bratton tp.   |
| Eph. D. Auner,     | do            | Granville tp. |
| Joseph Gruber,     | do            | Lewistown.    |
| Joseph Wertz,      | do            | do            |
| Daniel Eisenbise,  | do            | do            |
| Jno. D. L. Bear,   | do            | do            |
| Jacob Ritzman,     | do            | do            |
| Moses A. Sample,   | do            | do            |
| Ellis E. Hummell,  | do            | Decatur tp.   |
| Jno. G. McLaughlin | do            | Brown twp.    |
| Wm. Swinehart,     | do            | Armagh tp.    |
| Dan. C. Keller,    | do            | do            |
| Richard Brindle,   | do            | Union twp.    |
| Nat. Kennedy,      | Liquor Store, | Lewistown.    |
| Adam Hamaker,      | do            | Lewistown.    |
| S. K. Ehrman,      | do            | N. Hamilton.  |

N. C. WILSON, Clk. Sess.  
Clerk's Office, Lewistown, March 16, 1864.

## 1864. COOK'S 1864. SUGAR EVAPORATOR.

Manufactured by  
BLYMYER, BATES & DAY,  
MANSFIELD, OHIO.

WE offer a superior article of SORGO SEED to all applicants without charge. Sprout the seed and roll in plaster. Plant in drills four feet apart, from north to south. Light soil and southern exposure preferred, though not absolutely necessary, as it will grow on soils where many crops would be a failure. Cultivate as for corn.  
We are willing to guarantee that from two acres of good cane a sufficient number of gallons of sirup can be produced to cover cost of machinery, capable of making 80 gallons of sirup per day, which at fifty cents per gallon, will pay for cost of Mill and Evaporator in four days; or where pan is wanted for a brick arch, without the furnace, in less time.

COOK'S SIRUPS  
have been sold at an average of sixty cents a gallon, and none in Market. An acre of good cane will produce from 200 to 300 gallons of sirup.

Cook's Evaporator has taken the 1st premium over all others at 2 U. S. Fairs and over 30 State Fairs.

Clark Sorgo Machine Co's. Cane Mill, For Sale by  
F. G. FRANCISCUS, Agt.  
Lewistown, Pa. mh16 2t

## FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.

ASSETS on January 1, 1864, \$2,457,849 95.  
CAPITAL, \$400,000  
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, 971,000  
INVESTED PREMIUMS, 1,086,288  
Unsettled Claims, \$8,416 Income for 1864, \$300,000.  
LOSS PAID SINCE 1829,  
\$5,000,000

PERPETUAL AND TEMPORARY POLICIES ON LIBERAL TERMS.

CHARTER 1829. PERPETUAL. DIRECTORS:  
Charles N. Banker, Isaac Lee,  
Tollas Wagner, Edward C. Dale,  
Samuel Grant, George Paik,  
Jacob R. Smith, Alfred Ritter,  
George W. Richards, Fras. W. Lewis, M. D.

CHAS. N. BANKER, President,  
EDWARD C. DALE, Vice Pres.  
Jas. W. McAllister, Sec. Pro. Tem.  
H. J. WALTERS, Agent,  
mar16Gees Lewistown.

## PRIME EASTERN SUGAR-CURED HAMS!

Country Bacon, Fine Eastern Cheese, Sour Pickles, Dried Peaches, Prunes, Cherries, Apples, Beans, Huminy.

## CANNED PEACHES,

Tomatos, Cranberries, Sugar, Coffee, Rice, CHOCOLATE,  
Black & Green Teas,  
SPICES,  
Syrups, Orleans Molasses, &c.

The above goods are of choice quality, and are offered at the lowest Cash Prices.

## FELIX'S

Is the Place to Buy your GROCERIES & NOTIONS,

as the People say he has the Goods that will please all, and so cheap that they have some pennies left to buy Candies for their children. Come all, we will be pleased to see you. Call and buy your friends a present. mar16

## TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

TALLOW and all kinds of SOAP GREASE taken in exchange for soap or candles, at HEISLER'S Soap & Candle Works, Valley street, Lewistown.  
Cash paid for Tallow. mar16-4t

## NOTICE

IS hereby given to Maria Hulings, Ellen Hulings, intermarried with Charles Dennison, Maria Hulings, intermarried with Lloyd Williams, Mary Hulings, intermarried with Goodwin Williams, Thomas Hulings, and Elizabeth Hulings, widow, and heirs at law of David W. Hulings, deceased, that a writ of Scire Facias has been issued by the Court of Common Pleas of Mifflin county, to wit: No. 3 of April term, 1864, John G. Miles, now sole acting Executor of Dr. Peter Shoemaker, deceased, for use. &c. vs. Thos. M. Hulings, Administrator of David W. Hulings, deceased, to substitute the said Thos. M. Hulings, a party defendant in, and to revive and continue the lien against the lands of said David W. Hulings, of judgment No. 111, of January Term, 1859, and why execution should not issue against said lands in payment of said judgment, said writ being returnable on the first Monday of April. A. D. 1864. D. M. CONTNER, Sheriff,  
Sheriff's Office, Lewistown, March 16, 1864.

## Notice to Owners of Unseated Lands.

THE Commissioners request all owners of Unseated Lands, whether regularly assessed or not, immediately to furnish them with the number of acres, name of warrantee, and whom adjoining, for the purpose of registering the same in this office, so as to avoid all difficulty hereafter in advertising such lands at Treasurer's Sales. At present it is impossible to tell whether certain lands are regularly assessed, as the transcripts do not give the names of warrantees. It may not be amiss to state that owners of Unseated lands are required by law to make return as above, and that on failure thereof the Commissioners are directed to add four times the amount of tax assessed thereon.

GEO. FRYNSINGER, Clerk.  
Commissioners' Office,  
Lewistown, March 16, 1864.

## FOUND!

A SMALL sum of money, in Market street, Lewistown, which the owner can have by paying for this advertisement, on application to  
mar16-1\* SIMON WITTINMEYER.

## HARDWARE.

### TO BUY CHEAP FOR CASH!

Hoffman's the Store for Blacksmiths!  
Hoffman's the Store for Cabinetmakers!  
Hoffman's the Store for Saddlers!  
Hoffman's the Store for Shoemakers!  
Hoffman's the Store for Cabinetmakers!  
Hoffman's the Store for Coachmakers!  
Hoffman's the Store for Builders!  
Hoffman's the Store for Housekeepers!

GO TO HOFFMAN'S FOR ALL YOU WANT!

I FOUND out that Hoffman's is the place for Groceries.

FINE dried Peaches and Apples, at HOFFMAN'S.

HOFFMAN'S is the place to buy Mackrel, el, Herring and Codfish.

Coal Oil & Lamps.

IN great variety, at HOFFMAN'S.

OIL CLOTHS.

MANY pretty patterns, of all kinds, at HOFFMAN'S.

GARDEN SEEDS.

ALL kinds, cheap, at HOFFMAN'S.

TIMOTHY SEED.

THE best is at HOFFMAN'S.

HAMS, HAMS.

SUGAR Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, at HOFFMAN'S.

TOBACCO & SEGARS.

PERSONS using Tobacco go to Hoffman's and try his extra Chewing Tobacco. Smoking, we have Turkish, Killikinnick, Sigel, Garibaldi, Fine Cut, &c. Segars and Pipes of all kinds, at HOFFMAN'S.

## WE ARE ALL GOING TO

F. J. HOFFMAN'S FOR

STOVES!

STOVES!

## TIN WARE!

BUCKETS, from one quart to three gal. tins, Dish Pans, Wash Basins and Gal. lenders, made of solid material, without soldering. Coffee Boilers, Tea Pots, Pie Plates, Pudding Pans, and everything usually found in a first class tinware shop, and sold very low, at F. J. HOFFMAN'S.

## BIBLES, BIBLES.

THE Bible Society's Bibles and Testaments. Also, Photograph Bibles arranged for card pictures. Bibles in three volumes, with Commentary, at \$4 per set, a book that should be in every family, at HOFFMAN'S.

## Fish, Fish, Fish,

at HOFFMAN'S.

## CORDAGE.

ROPES, Clothes Lines, Bed Cords, Rope Halters, Hemp and Cotton Twines, at HOFFMAN'S.

## BRUSHES.

SWEEPING, window, wall, dusting, hand, clothes, table, hair, tooth and nail Brushes, Whisks, Brooms, &c., at HOFFMAN'S.

## Trusses and Braces,

ALL of the best kinds, for sale at HOFFMAN'S.

## CARPENTERS,

ON to Hoffman's, where you will find Hand, Tenant, and Compass Saws, Hatchets, Hammers, Squares, Plane Bits, Pugh's, Cook's, and all the best makes of Spar, Spoon and Centre Bits, Rules, Bevels, Girders, Augurs, Chisels, Files, Bench Screws, iron and wood; Hand Axes, Adzes, Sand & Emory Paper. All who want to fit up a first rate set of tools, come to HOFFMAN'S

## BLACKSMITHS,

CALL at Hoffman's for the best Valentine Iron, Horse Shoes, Nail Rods, Round & Square Iron, and Scollip from 1 to 5 inches; Bar Iron, all sizes and a very heavy stock of Cast, Shear, Spring and Blister Steel, Anvils, Vices,