## LEWISTOWN, PA. Wednesday, August 6, 1862.

\$1 per annum in advance---\$1.50 at end of six months --- \$2 at end of year.

Papers sent out of the County must be paid for in

We have also set a limit in Mifflin county, beyond which we intend no man in future shall owe us for subscription ose receiving the paper with this paragraph marked wift therefore know that they have come under our rule, and if payment is not made within one month thereafter



Flag of the teheart's only home,
By angel hands to valor given!
Thy stars have lit the welkin dome
And all thy hues were born in heaven;
Forever float that standard sheet!
Where breathes the foe but falls before us
With freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And freedom's banner streaming o'er us.

PEOPLE'S

# COUNTY CONVENTION.

The citizens of Mifflin County who are in favor of giving the National and State Governments a firm and unequivocal support in their patriotic efforts to crush the infamous rebellion of Davis, Breckinridge, Cobb, Floyd, Thompson and their cutthroats, are invited to meet at the usual places in their respective townships and boroughs, on

SATURDAY, August 23, 1862, between the hours of one and four o'clock p. m., and elect TWO DELEGATES from each district to meet in county convention in Lewistown on Tuesday, August 26th. By order of County Committee,

GEORGE FRYSINGER, Chairman. Lewistown, August 6, 1862.

### Notices of New Advertisements.

Costar's Vermin Exterminator-Lewistown Academy-Teachers' Institute-New Sheriff's Sales-Teachers Wanted-Tin Ware and Fruit Cans at Irvin Wallis.'

The Crisis-Call for More Troops. We are at last to have war in earnest. The call for 300,000 volunteers is now followed by another for 300,000 militia, who will be immediately called into service. Counties which furnish the requisite number of men at once, can of course avoid a draft, but unless so raised a draft will have to be resorted to, in which all between the ages of 18 and 45 will have to run their

The great problem whether we have pais about to be tested. The lines clearly drawn-the pathway is open and straight-and he who will now, by word or deed, do aught to discourage enlistments; who will endeavor to engender ill feeling against the National Government by the dirty cry of "abolition war," "negro equality," and other catchwords of unprincipled politicians, is AN ENEMY TO HIS COUNTRY AND OUGHT TO BE TREATED AS SUCH. The fatal effects of the teachings of the Vallandigham politicians are already apparent in different parts of this county by expressions of sympathy for the southern cutthroats which ought to consign such scoundrels to expulsion from the North or summary punishment. It is time to stop the mouths of all such Tories-for such they are-for unless this is done promptly and effectually, they will yet plunge all Pennsylvania into fire on Monday morning. the horrors of civil war.

The Democrat and the Soldiers.

The readers of the Democrat will have noticed for some weeks that there has been considerable squirming to creep out of its assertion that the 49th had not done anything in the battles before Richmond, and has been explaining and explaining until people feel curious to know what's up .-Well, all we know about it is, that there are letters in town from sundry soldiers of that regiment-democrats of the most obstreperous stamp-who are down on H. Frysinger of the Democrat like a thousand of brick, one of them hoping he will be drafted among the first in the county, and have to undergo at least a part of the fatigue and fighting they had to endure in the seven days battles.

The Breckinridge clique at Huntingdon are about establishing a new paper, the Globe being spiced too much with

Miss Mary McCord has been reappointed as teacher of the first female school Vallandigham Democracy.

It will make no difference say these fellows whether Slavery is permitted in northern territories or not, the climate is unfav-

Per contra-Abolish slavery, and they tell the people the negroes will overrun

The Union as it was and the Constitu-

Per contra-The same men, in peaceable times, wanted to alter the Constitution so as to perpetuate slavery!

President Lincoln and his Cabinet, they allege, are doing wrong in arresting traitors and not bringing them to trial in communities where secret rebels could be packed on juries.

Per contra-They have hardly a word to say against the despotism of Jeff Davis and his cutthroats, who hang Union citizens for having the star-spangled banner in their possession.

They profess to be in favor of the enforcement of the laws.

Per contra-They taught the doctrine of non-coercion against government thieves, robbers, and perjured officeholders, and justify it to the present day.

They profess to be a war party and to sustain the government in its efforts to put down the rebellion.

Per contra-Those who stay at home run round calling it an abolition war; tell the most infamous lies respecting its management; are endeavoring to get up a peace party; attribute every evil now existing as the result of Lincoln's election, although their favorite candidate is now engaged in murdering the citizens of his native State, is a low drunkard, and a perjured traitor, and who next to Buchanan, was most instrumental in fostering the Southern cut-

Northern Abettors of Jef Davis.

The paltry excuses offered by the Lewistown Democrat for publishing a defence of Jef Davis and ADVOCATING DIS-UNION, after he was in open rebellion against this government, is by no means satisfactory to the loyal people of this county, and we therefore republish it that a better explanation of this traitorous article may be demanded:

From the Lewistown Democrat Feb. 28, 1861 Attitude of the Southern Confederacy.

Some of the Republican papers are endeavoring to reinvigorate the drooping spirit of coercion by representing the speeches of JEFFERSON DAVIS, President of the new Southern Confederacy, as breathing defiance and inviting war. The Tribune says that staff accompanied them. and inviting war. The Tribune says that Mr. Davis talks of war as a "welcome contingency," and it urges more extensive preparation in the Northern States than have yet been made. It seeks to convey the im-pression that the Northern States are absolutely in danger of an attack from the troops of the Southern Confederacy, with the evident intention of inducing military prepar ations by the North. Now nothing could be more false and dangerous than these state ments. The inaugural address of Mr. Davis does not contain a single word which even hints at aggressive war. On the contrary, he states clearly and explicitly the desire of the separated States for a peaceful recognition triotism enough left to put down one of of their independence. If words like these the most infamous rebellions ever got up, can be tortured into medace of the Mortin, the are at a loss to understand how. Mr. Davis essity, not a have resorted to the remedy of separation, and henceforth our energies must be direct-"ed to the conduct of our own affairs, and 'the perpetuity of the Confederacy which we have formed. If a just perception of mu-"tual interest shall permit us peaceably to pursue our separate political career, my most earnest desire will have been fulfilled. But if this be denied us and the integrity of our territory and jurisdiction be assailed, 'it will but remain for us, with firm resolve, to appeal to arms, and invoke the blessing of Providence on a just cause."

The substance of this language is, that the

separated States are in earnest, that they desire peace, but if they are attacked they will defend themselves. They don't threaten to make war upon the Government, but if the Government attempts to coerce them, then they will resist-and their separate Confederacy would be a ridiculous farce if they did not. There can be no war without the North insists upon it.

nes One span of the Broadtop railroad bridge at Huntingdon was destroyed by

Mr. Cessna of Bedford, at the war meeting in that town last week, gave the secession sympathizers to understand that there was hemp sufficient in the country to swing them all high enough to keep their feet out of the mud.

James B. Belford has been nominated in White county, Indiana, on the Union ticket for Recorder. James Mc-Ewen says Belford never was a true democrat, by which we suppose is meant that he never was a Breckinridger.

A writer in the Shirleysburg Herald complains that coal oil is sold in Huntingdon at 50 cents per gallon, while Franciscus and others sell it in Lewistown

cheap, had better come to Lewistown. Patterson, who marched to Bunker Hill and then marched back again, recently made a half secession speech in Philadelphia, in which he charged that the re- pulsion of the Federal troops from Tennessee publicans would not confirm Shields as a Major General because he was an Irishman; and yet this same Patterson, who is also an Irishman, was last year confirmed at once their basis of operations and frontier for that office by the same Senate!

### WAR NEWS.

Order Calling for Militia from the Several States.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 4, 1862. thousand (300,000) militia be immediately called into the service of the United States to serve for nine months, unless sooner dischar-

The Secretary of War will assign the quotas to the States, and establish regulations for the draft.

Second, That if any State shall not by the fifteenth of August furnish its quota of the additional 300,000 volunteers authorized by law, the deficiency of velunteers in that State will also be made up by special draft from The Secretary of War will establish regula-

tions for this purpose.

Third, regulations will be prepared by the War Department and presented to the President with the object of securing the promotion of officers of the Army and Volunteers for meritorious and distinguished services, and of preventing the nomination or appoint-

ment in the military service of incompetent or unworthy officers. The regulations will also provide for ridding the service of such also provide for ridding the service of such lieve the attempt will be made. By order of the President.

Signed EDWIN M. Stanton,

Secretary of War. Fortress Monroe, August 2. The arrival of the mailboat this afternoon brings some particulars of the attack made by the rebel batteries on Gen. McClellan's position from opposite Harrison's Landing. The attack was made at midnight with, it is said, four batteries of flying artillery, some being above and some below the point of attack. They threw six & twelve pound shell, some round and others conical, but not one of them exploded. Their fire was intended, no doubt, for our camps, but many of the shot fell short and thus did some little mischief among the shipping which was laying at the Landing and at anchor in the river. Several vessels and, steamers were struck with fragments of shell, but none was hurt in them.

Harrison's Landing, August 2. Six hundred troops crossed the river yesterday afternoon for the purpose of destroying houses and woods on the opposite shore which had afforded protection to the rebels. Everything in the shape of a dwelling was

This was the point from which the rebels shelled our shipping and encampment the night before. The affair was successfully accomplished without the loss of a man.

The gunboats this morning were engaged in shelling the shore and houses down the river. Five men were killed by the enemy's shells the night before last and two wounded. Head Quarters Army of the Potomac.

Monday, August 4, 1862. Ever since the firing upon our shipping at the mail boat landing by the enemy's batter-ies, our troops have occupied the opposite

Yesterday a reconnoisance was made from that point back into the country to within 14 miles of Petersburg; it was conducted by Col. Averil and composed of 150 of the 5th United States and 110 of the 5th Penn'a Cavalry with 4 companies of the 1st Mich. Regt.,

At Cox Mills, three miles from the river, they encountered the 13th Virginia Cavalry drawn up in line. Our men charged on them when they broke and run; they drove them to their encampment at Sycamore Church, 23 miles farther, where they again formed, but were ingloriously put to flight, leaving behind all their tents, camp equipage and commissary stores, which our troops gathered to

The rebels had two horses killed, six men wounded and two taken prisoners. We had only a horse killed. After scouring the county a short distance further they returned to the river.

From Gen. Pope's Army. Headquarters of the Army of Virginia, \ August 3 -9 A M

Mai. Gen. A. W. Halleck: No. 4, of the reconnoitering column under Gen. Crawford, crossed the Rapidan and pushed forward to Orangetown, which was occupied by two regiments of cavalry under Gen. Robertson. Eleven of the enemy were killed and fifty two taken prisoners; among the latter were one major, two captains and two ligutenants. Our loss was two killed and three wounded.

The enemy retired in such haste as to leave their wounded in our hands. The railroad and the telegraph line between

Orange and Gordonsville were destroyed. JOHN POPE, Major General.

Col. Robinson, Provost Marshal, has arrested between sixty and seventy citizens of Rappahannock county who will not take the oath of allegiance. Three days grace has been granted, at the expiration of which time, if they will not swear to support the consti tution and the laws, they will be sent immediately beyond the lines.

Conference of the Rebel Generals at Richmond-Plans for the Future.

MEMPHIS, July 30 .- The Bulletin of this morning has the following from authentic sources, among other interesting items as to the proceedings of the rebels:

"We have some inkling of the subject discussed at two conferences of all the principal military leaders, held in Richmond on the 4th and 5th July. It is understood that they must not lose any more territory. The defen-sive policy was strongly attacked, and both Lee and Beauregard advised an invasion of the North at three points-namely, from Cumberland and Williamsport into Pennsyl vania, from Louisville and Cincinnati into Indiana and Ohio, and from Paducah and

Cairo into Illinois. "It is alleged that the following plan of operations for the remainder of the summer campaign was agreed upon: First-The immediate obstruction of the James river, so as to make it impossible for McClellan to use it as a means of communicating with the Govat 24 cents-another proof that those in erament and for the transportation of reinthe neighboring counties who want to buy forcements and army supplies. Second-The occupation of Williamsburg, Yorktown, and entire Peninsula. Third-The recovery of the whole territory of Virginia, and the suppression of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, the recovery of New Orleans, Mem-phis, and the Mississippi river, and the exand Kentucky. Fourth-When these objects have been accomplished, then it was proposed to carry out the plan of Lee and Beauregard. Fifth-To make the Potomac and Ohio rivers lines, and to transfer the seat of war from

Virginia to Maryland. Sixth-To hurl upon Washington, from Richmond, a column of

200,000 troops.

"By the capture of that city, the liberation of Baltimore, and the invasion of the North at three points named above, becoming in Ordered first, that a draft of three hundred turn the invaders, they hope to make it necof our cities, five hundred thousand troops."

Despatches from Fortress Monroe state that Gen. Burnside's troops have embarked and are in motion. The gunboat and mortar fleet are also under orders.

Reports, coming both from Washington and Gen. Pope's Headquarters, repeat the rumor that the rebels are evacuating Richmond, one reason therefor being that a pestilence prevailed in the city. We place but very little reliance upon these rumors. The only object just now apparent for the evacuation of Richmond, would be to throw the whole Rebel army gathered there against Washington, and that would be a movement so dangerous that we do not be-

The steamship Northern Light arrived at New York yesterday, bringing the California mails and passengers, and nearly \$1,000,000 in specie. The news from the Isthmus and South America is unimportant

Lieut. W. Simpson, of New York, and Lieut. Wm. Ellen, of Pennsylvania, having left their regiments without leave, Gen. care. Pope advertises them as deserters for whom the usual reward" will be paid.

Troops are pressing into Harrisburg from all sections of Pennsylvania, and it is evident that the State will soon have her quota in the field.

General Buell has proclaimed distinctly to the citizens of Huntsville, Ala., that no slave shall be rendered up until the party ers; his mode of instruction is simple, practi slave shall be rendered up until the party claiming takes the oath of allegiance.

## THE MARKETS.

LEWISTOWN, August 6, 1862.

COMMECTED DI GEORGE	DEL MILER.
Butter, good, ? ib.	10
Eggs, B dozen,	8
Wool, washed,	40
" unwashed,	24
CORRECTED BY MARKS	& WILLIS.
Wheat, white & bushel,	1 00 to 1 05
" red	1 10
" new.	00 a 40
Corn, old.	45
Rye,	50
Oats,	30
Barley,	00 to 50
Buckwheat,	45
Cloverseed,	0 00 to 4 50
Timothy,	1 50
Flaxseed.	1 50
Marks & Willis are retaili	ing flour and feed
as follows:	Street Street
Extra Flour per 100	9 80

Fine. 2 60 Superfine, do Family, do Mill Feed, per hundred. Chopped Oats and Corn per 100, Chopped Rye per 100, Salt, barrels, 280 lbs,

Philadelphia Market.

Flour-Sales at from \$5 to 5 75, as to quality. Ryc flour 3 371; earn meal 3 per Grain-Sales of red wheat at 130a135c,

white 140a150c. Rye 80c. Corn 64a65c. Oats 44c. Cuttle Market, August 4, 1862.-The

receipts of Beef Cattle reached 1,800 head. Sales at from \$7 to 8 75 the 100 lbs, as to 125 Cows at from 20 to 40, as to quality

3,000 Sheep at from 2 50 to 4 per head. 2,294 Hogs at from 4 75 to 5 62, as to

TOWN HALL.

ALEXANDER & CO'S. MAGNIFICENT CYCLORAMA OF THE GREAT

The finest Work of Art in America, covering over 20,000 Feet of Canvas, Painted by the most Eminent Artists of New York, Embracing Splendid Views of

PARADES, MARCHES, ENCAMPMENTS, BATTLES, FORTIFICA-TIONS, LAND AND NAVAL ENGAGE-MENTS, &c., &., &c.

Will exhibit at Town Hall, Lewistown, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY EVEN-

INGS, August 7th and 8th. Admission

Children Wanted! Bounty

# am directed to notify subscribers to the fund to provide bounties to enlisted sol-

diers from this county, that THE MONEY IS IMMEDIATELY WANTED. Subscribers can pay the amounts to D. W. Woods, Esq., Treasurer of the fund, or can leave the same at either of the Banking institutions, and it will be promptly credited by the Treasurer. It is hoped that a second call will not H. J. WALTERS,

Secretary of Committee.

## Teachers Wanted

To fill the nine school in Oliver School District, Mifflin county, for the winter term of five months. Liberal wages will be given. Applicants will meet the Board of Directors on SATURDAY, August 23d, 1862, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m., at the public house of Mrs. Davis, in McVeytown. Schools will open on the 20th day of October 1862. By order of

THE BOARD.

SUGAR, Butter and Water Crackers by the barrel, for sale by A. FELIX.

### TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

THE Mifflin County Institute will be held I in Lewistown, beginning at 10 o'clock; a. m. of Monday, Aug. 18, and continuing

two weeks. Addresses are expected from President Johnson of Dickinson College, Dr. Burrowes, State Superintendent, Prof. Bates, Rey. Mr. Liethead, Rev. Mr. Moore, Principal Sharp,

and others. All candidates for teaching in this County real estate to wit: are urged to be present through the entire Institute, and to come with one purpose to render this more interesting and practically useful than any previous institute.

Directors and citizens, who de are to see the cause of popular education pr sper, are cordially invited to lend the institut the aid of their presence.

A. SMITH, Co. Supt. Lewistown, Aug. 4, 1862.

## LEWISTOWN ACADEMY. W. H. Woods, Principal.

Assisted by an able Corps of Competent Teachers. THE next session will open the first Wednesday of September. The aim of the Principal in taking charge of this Institution

will be to elevate its standard, and to afford to the citizens of Lewistown and vicinity a school where their children can receive a thorough education. An extensive course of study will be adopted. The Principal brings with him a thirteen year's experience in conducting Academies

and Seminaries, and feels confident that he will be able to render entire satisfaction to these who may entrust their children to his

A Preparatory Department will also be annexed to the Institution, for those who are not qualified or old enough for the academic course. Also, a Commercial Department. In this department young men are thoroughly qualified for the counting room. No text book is used; manuscript alone is employed, and separate instruction given to each pupil.— Some who have completed a course of instruction in Book Keeping under the Principal are cal and thorough.

A limited number of lady boarders will be

received. Parents entrusting their daughters to the Principal's care, may rest assured that every attention will be paid to their mental and moral improvement; also to their habits and manners.

Terms per session of five months for board ing scholars, including board and Tuition, \$65 00. Day scholars are charged from \$3 00 to \$6.00 per quarter, according to the studies pursued, with an additional charge of 25 cts. for incidentals. Extras, Music, French, Painting, Drawing,

Ornamental Needlework, Book Keeping, &c. at the usual extra charges. Bills of day scholars are due at the middle of each quarter. For further particulars ad dress W. H. WOODS,

tin ware & stoves

Lewistown, Pa.

aug6-3t\*

OF all patterns, constantly kept, and for sale at very low figures, as usual, at the famous BIG COFFEE POT SIGN. Lewistown, August 6, 1862.

### IRVIN WALLIS' Screw-top, Air-tight Fruit Can. PATENT PENDING.

THIS Can, after being thoroughly tested, is now conceded by all who have used it to be the best Can in market. It has proved itself perfectly Air tight in every instance, and the Gum being in the outside is there-fore free from a great objection. This year I have not only remodled the top, which is now much neater, but it is so constructed that you can apply a wrench that I give with the Cans to screw and unscrew, which can be done with ease. Also, other Sealing Cans and Glass Jars. Sold Low for cash, only at THE BIG COFFEE POT SIGN. Lewistown, August 6, 1862.

## REGISTER'S NOTICE.

THE following accounts have been exam-Henry Arnold. ined and passed by me, and remain filed on record in this office for inspection of Heirs, Legatees, Creditors, and all others in any way interested, and will be presented to the Orphan's Court of the county of Mifflin, to be held at the Court House in Lewistown, on THURSDAY, the 28th day of August, 1862.

for allowance and confirmation:

1. The Administration account of Samuel Watt, Administrator of Mary A. Stroup, late of Mifflin county, dec'd.

2. The Guardianship account of Christian Yoder, Guardian of Isaac, Barbara and Rudolph Byler, minor children of Jacob Byler, late of Menno township, dec'd. The Guardianship account of John G. Kauffman, Guardian of Catharine, David and Joseph Byler, minor children of Jacob Byler

late of Menno township, dec'd. 4. The Guardianship account of Simon Kenagy, Guardian of Fanny Kenagy, minor child of Jacob Kenagy, late of Union township, dec'd.

5. The Guardianship account of John Yo der, Guardian of Christian Kenagy, minor child of Jacob Kenagy, late of Union township, dec'd 6. The account of Christian C. Zook. Ad-

ministrator of Catharine Byler, late of Brown township dec'd. 7. The Guardianship account of Robert Laughlin, Guardian of Hannah M. Glasgow, minor child of James Glasgow, dec'd.

8. The account of Jacob Mutthersbough Administrator of James Devinney, deceased as filed by his Administrators, Wm. Creighton and Daniel D. Mutthersbough.

9. The accounts of Alexander Reed and Abner Thompson, Administrators of Joseph Reed, late of Brown township, dec'd.

10. The account of Samuel H. McCoy, Administrator of Robert Hope, late of Oliver

township, dec'd. 11. The account of Samuel H. McCoy, Executor of William Anderson, late of Bratton township, dec'd.
12. The account of Jacob Smith, Execu-

tor of Henry Smith, late of the borough of Lewistown, dec'd. 13. The account of John C. Sigler, Administrator of Abraham Blymyer, late of the borough of Lewistown, dec'd.

14. The Account of John C. Sigler, Admr. of Daniel Fichthorn, late of the Borough of Lewistown, dec'd. SAMUEL BARR, Register.

OME and buy your Mackerel & Herring, Sugars-white and Brown, at 8, 10, 11 Sugars—white and Brown, at 8, 10, 11 and 12 cents per lb, Teas, Coffee, and Spices of the best, at JOHN KENNEDY'S.

Lewistown, July 30, 1862-td

#### STERIET 3 STRE

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni of the Court of Common Pleas of Miffiin county and to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public vendue or outery, at the Court

House in the borough of Lewistown, on Saturday, August 23, 1862 at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, the following

All that certain brick house and lot of ground. piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the borough of Lewistown. Mifflin county, being 23 feet in front on the Kishacoquillas turnpike on Valley street, and 182 feet in depth to a 16 feet alley, bounded by lot of Keiser's heirs on the north, and lot late of J. A. Mathews on the south, it teing part of lot No. 1, as generally known in the plan of lots laid off by Andrew Keiser, Esq. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Lazarus Steely, dec'd., in the hands of his Administratrix, Catharine Barr, late Catharine Steely, with notice to the heirs and terre tenants of the land bound by the judgment.

All that messuage and tract of land on which the said James McCurdy is at present residing, situate and being partly in Granville township and partly in the borough of Lewistown, Mifflin county, composing and containing two tracts and parcels of land, one of which is bounded and described as follows commencing at a point near brick house at intersection of roads, thence by road to Allenville south 89°, west 16 8-10 perches to post, thence by land of D. W. Hulings, south 15° west 7 1-10 perches to post, thence by same 73°, west 7 3-10 perches to post, thence south 80°, west 6 7-10 perches to post, thence south 3°, east 4 4-10 perches to post, thence by lot of Morrison, north 86°, west 12 5-10 perches to post, thence north 10½°, west 43 perches to stone, thence north 62° 61 perches to post by W. O, thence south 1°, west 14 perches to place of beginning, containing eight acres and perches, more or less, with a tan yard and

other valuable improvements thereon erected.

Also, All that parcel and lot of grounds adjoining above described tract on the west, and lot of R. C. Hale on the east, containing about three quarters of an acre, more or less. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James McCurdy and Eliza McCurdy his wife.

ALSO,
A tract of land situate in Decatur township,
Mifflin county, containing 230 acres more or less, about twenty acres of which are cleared, with a saw mill, still house and hog pens, three dwelling houses, stable and other improve ments thereon erected, adjoining land of Matilda Bell on the east, Isaac Goss on the west, Philips and Aurand on the south, and mountain line on the north. Seized, taken in exeention and to be sold as the property of Peter,

All that messuage and tract of land bounded as follows: Beginning at post, thence by land of Daniel Yoder south 3°, west 761 perches to stones, thence north 2310, west 78. perches to white oak, thence north 53°, west 324 perches to a gum, thence north 58°, west 52 perches to Juniata river, thence along said river north 60°, east 48 perches to post, thence north 55°, east 58 perches to post, thence by land of David Hartzler south 52°, east 40° perches to stones, thence by same south 19° east 100 perches to place of beginning, containing 72 acres and 69 perches, with allow ance for roads, &c. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Jacob

A tract of land situate in Decatur township, Mifflin county, containing 73 acres more or less, about 35 acres cleared, bound north and west by lands of John Kemerling, and south and east by land of A. W. Mitchell, with a log house, log barn and other improvements thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Abraham

A tract of land situate in Wayne township, Mifflin county, containing 42 acres, more or less, 25 acres of which are cleared, with a log house and other improvements thereon e ed, bounded on the west and south by land of Peter Beatty, north by Mary Miller and east by Charles Bratton. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of

1. A lot of ground situate in the borough of Newton Hamilton, Mifflin county, fronting 80 feet, more or less, on second street in said borough, and extending back 90 feet, more or less, bound south by second street, east by John Morrison, west by Presbyterian church and north by lot of Wm. R. Ewing, with brick dwelling house and other improvements thereon erected.

2. Also, One other lot of ground, bounded east by Samuel Drake, west by grave yard, north by Pennsylvania Railroad Company, south by other lot of Wm. R. Ewing, with a frame stable thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of

Wiliam R. Ewing. C. C. STANBARGER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Lewistown, July 30, 1862.

## THE GREAT NATIONAL HORSE FAIR, WILL THIS YEAR BE HELD AT

Keystone Park, Williamsport, Penna.,

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY & FRIDAY, Sept, 2, to 5, Inclusive.
RRANGEMENTS have been made to A RRANGEMENTS have been amported blooded and native breed of Horses, that has ever been collected in this country.

The List of Premiums will be Large, Ranging as High as \$200. Liberal arrangements have been and will

be made with the different Railroads. Williamsport, situated in the magnificent valley of the Susquehanna, and accessible by rail from all parts of the United States, is eminently well suited for this exhibition. Further particulars will shortly be given.

BOARD OR MANAGERS. D. K. Jackman, Henry Drinker, P. Herdic, Edward Lyon, Col. S. G. Hathway,

J. N. Bagg, J. H. Cowden, Wm. Colder.
A. E. KAPP, Pres't. W. F. LOGAN, Chief Marshal, H. E. TAYLOR, Treasurer.

GFORGE M. DE PUI, Secretary. je25\* ONEECTIONERY-Nuts, Crackers, &c., of at low prices to dealers, at my?

at low prices to dealers, at F. J. HOFFMAN'S.