\$1 per annum in advance --- \$1.50 at end of six months -- \$2 at end of year.

Papers sent out of the County must be paid for in

We have also set a limit in Mifflin county, beyond which ve intend no man in future shall owe us for subscription. Those receiving the paper with this paragraph marked, will therefore know that they have come under our rule, nd if payment is not made within one month thereafter



Flag of the 'celeart's only home, By angel Lands to valor given! Thy stars have lit the welkin dome And all thy hues were born in heaven; Forever float that standard sheet! Where breathes the foe but falls before us With freedom's soil beneath our feet, And freedom's soil beneath our feet.

Notices of New Advertisements.

John M. Cummings, formerly of this county, now with A. H. Franciscus, Philadelphia, invites his friends to give him a call.

Good teachers wanted at McVeytown. John R. Weekes, Agent, has implements suitable for farmers at the old Foundry. Register's Notice-Sheriff's Sales.

The Partisans of Party!

Thos. B. Florence of Philadelphia, who will be remembered as one of the most obsequious toadies of Buchanan's administration and apologist for Cobb, Floyd, Thompson and other rebel thieves in the name of democracy, has started a new paper in Philadelphia, a club for which was raised here by the strenuous exertions of some constitutional brawlers. The first President Lincoln, who is heart and soul in the work of preserving it. So long as men calling themselves good citizens will lend their influence to support the principles engendered by such papers-principles well calculated to divide public sentiment at the North-there is but little hope of crushing the rebellion, and still less of restoring this country to what it was in the days of Monroe, when the hydra-head of party could hardly raise a corporal's guard. How different from this is the conduct of leading democrats who were ones the honwas called to the chair, and in his address | month. said-

"Whilst I gratefully thank you for thus neutral on the great event of the day. I am with you in your unexampled unanimity— the latter made a narrow escape. cordially with the General Administration: and every sentiment of my heart is detesta tion of the atrocious treason which has, in the negro South, BEEN SECRETLY FOR YEARS PLOT-TING, and is now eggaged in the open field of administration of which that minor portion of the Union always held an excess of influence, of patronage, and of office. No, no: were my grave now dug beneath the chair on which I sit, the last impulse of my heart, and the last quivering murmur of my lips, would be in prayer for the success of the Ad ministration and the overthrow of the rebei-

"At this moment, my fellow-citizens, it is a public happiness to believe that the course of events at Washington, and the call of the President of the United States for a large additional force in the field, plainly indicate an energetic policy speedily to bring the war to a successful termination. This is the great and preliminary object. Let all other politi-cal questions and controversies givs way, and be postponed to the more appropriate and happy era when peace, and union, and the Constitution shall again cover the land."

tories north and rebels south. Neither ever cial. A large number of men had been armhounds who held office under Buchanan-and would soon be ended. Mosquesa is gaining prints) think a nigger better than a white currency has met with so much opposition man. On the contrary, like the whigs of the that a new issue has been ordered, having revolution, they are down on tories everywhere property appropriated to redeem it. -advocate war to the knife against all who would destroy this country-believe in confiscating the property of rebels-go in for hanging traitors instead of re-admitting them to citizenship, and so far as the Gazette is concerned, its editor is in favor of blotting before the day fixed by this notice, which is to be responsible for the good conduct of giving it to the negroes for all time to come, and sooner than see this country disunited exterminating the whole population of the Cotton States-all which of course is very incendiary in the eyes of one of Cobb's \$1400 clerks.

As tory expressions still continue to be made by rebel sympathizers, we recom-Such things will some day come into use. stamps if not defaced.

The Guerilla Raids in Kentucky and Tennessee.

The Nashville Union gives a theory of the guerilla raid in Kentucky and Tennessee, the general features of which are as follows:

'Many rebel officers and privates have been sent back to their homes from the Confederate army, ostensibly quitting the service in dis-gust, and professing loyalty by taking the oath of allegiance, but really for the purpose of organizing marauding bands at home to rob

and murder Union men. When these spies have ascertained the position and strength of our various commands, it is an easy task to make forced marches and cut off in detail a few hundred soldiers, whose officers are ambitious of quelling the rebellion by making conciliating speeches and catching the runaway slaves of rebels. The guerillas have the game all their own way. betting on the gambler's tricks and furnishing all the stakes. In such a mode of warfare the finest troops in the world can be exterminated by a few squads of rangers.'

The Union calls for a million of soldiers -one hundred thousand in every Cotton State, and a vast army in the Border States.

'We want an army of cavalry to hunt the guerillas to their dens and render them belpless and harmless. Unless we act promptly, our forces will either be cut up in detail, or the Union people of the South will be driven, penniless, starving and naked, from their homes. It is worse than folly to be acting, or rather not acting, as we have been doing. What we want is one million of soldiers subsisted and fed off the rebels. strengthen ourselves and impoverish the reb We must add to our force and resources and detract from those of the enemy. there be no inhamanity-no cruelty-but let there be an overpowering force, and let evenhanded justice be meted out promptly. Such a war as we are waging now can be supported by the rebels for ten years.'

Public opinion is centering to the persussion that it is time for the Governor to enrol all able-bodied men from 18 to 45 in this State, and if more troops are required at once to make a craft. In truth we are not alone in the opinion that a call from the President for from 500,000 to 1,000,-000 of men under the militia bill recently passed, would end this war one way or the other in a short time. Whether it is to result in repossession, subjugation or connumber is nigger all over, and has little to quest of rebel territory, let it be done at say against the traitors now endeavoring to once, without regard to the feelings of the destroy this country, but much against nigger breeders south or their sympathizers north.

> The Slenker doctrine is that a darkey als. is too good to be shot at.

A powder mill explosion occurred on Wednesday afternoon, at Hazardville, Con- Union makes some remarkable statements renecticut, by which seven persons lost their

-As usual, the Lewistown Democrat can see edged Union man and a suspected traitorwhich is precisely the difference between Mr. Fulton and those whom the Democrat defends.

We hope the Governor of Pennsylva ored counsellors of that party? At the men for each regiment, to act as laborers when he could frighten Col. Lester into a surrend war meeting in Pittsburg on Thursday last, needed, and when fighting goes on as soldiers. Hon. Wm. Wilkins, now 83 years of age, Ten thousand could probably be raised in a a force 6,000 strong, and that further resist.

An unfinished building belonging to George Goshen, and the adjoining house owndistinguishing me, and intimate what must ed by Wm. Hartman, occupied by himself but a member of the regiment, in a subsebe obvious to friend and to stranger, do not and Dr. Bundis, in Patterson, were destroyed suppose, for a moment, that I am cold or by fire a few weeks ago. The inmates of denying the allegation, although he acknow

A dirty locofoco paper called the West | been made.

American, writing from Winchester, Virginia,

One rather remarkable feature in the mode ed people live on the same streets, and in many cases in adjoining houses. One would to exist in Virginia, that the whites would live mostly in one part of the town, and the negroes be compelled to live in the other.

The above will commend itself to the patent locofoco Jef Davis sympathizers here who are constantly harping on negro equality, &c.

The steamer North Star, from Aspinwall, arrived at New York on Thursday, bringing advices from Central and South That pink of Unionism, the Lewistown | America. The troubles in Panama still con-Bemocrat, calls the Philadelphia Press and tinue. The newly appointed Prefect of Her-Lewistown Gazette incendiary sheets. Yes, rara was fired upon on attempting to take both those papers are rather incendiary on possession of his office, by the retiring offiadvocated non-coercion or disunion-neither ed, and bloody work was expected. In New neither (like Slenker, the Democrat and other a succession of victories. His paper legal

The first of September is determined upon sickly season is approaching. as the day on which the Internal Tax Bill shall go into practical operation. The Colofficially proclaimed.

General shall issue stamps on and after the protecting the private property of those hosfirst of August to be used as currency until tile to the Government. the Secretary of the Treasury can perfect his arrangements, when he will buy them at the phis, and is rigidly enforcing the order that cost value of manufacture from the Postoffi- those who refuse to take the oath of allegiance ce Department, and will sell and redeem as shall go south. Four hundrred took the oath provided by the law. The stamps issued by in one day, and one hundred and thirty mend our country's friends all over the in no respect from those used for postage exthe Postmaster General will probably differ received passes to go south. Vicksburg adcounty to mark down the expressions made, cept that they will be without gluten. They of the rebel batteries still continued. Com.

WAR NEWS.

A PROCLAMATION.

In pursuance of the sixth section of the act of Congress, entitled, "An act to suppress insurrection, to punish treason and rebellion, to seize and confiscate the property of rebels and for other purposes," approved July 17, 1862, and which act, and the joint resolution explanatory thereof, are herewith published, I. ABRAHAM LINCOLN. President of the United States, do hereby proclaim to and warn all persons within the contemplation of said sixth section to cease participating in, aiding, countenancing or abetting the existing rebellion, or any rebellion against the Government of the United States, and to return to their proper allegiance to the United States, on pain of the forfeitures and seizures as within and by said sixth section provided.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United

States to be affixed. Done at the City of Washington, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of

our Lord one thousand eight hundred [L. s.] and sixty-two, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty-seventh.
ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President: WILLIAM II. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

General Pope informs the War Department of another successful cavalry reconnoissance made by an expedition sent out from Fred ericksburg by Gen. King. The force met one hundred Rebel cavalry near Carmel Hanover Junction. Several prisoners, a large &c. number of horses, and many arms were brought in. The dau age done to the Virginia Central Railroad by a previous expedition . as found not to have been repaired.

Gov. Gamble has determined to put a stop to the doings of the guerillas in Missouri, and has accordingly issued a special order authorizing General Schofield to organize the entire militia of the State into companies, regiments and brigades, and to order into active service such portions of the force as he may judge necessary. Gen. Schofield has gone to work in good earnest, and has ordered every man fit for duty to report to the nearest military post within six days, to be enrolled. The Provost Marshal of St. Louis has also issued stringent orders in regard to the sale, transfer, or transportation of arms.

A despatch dated Mobile, July 15th, gives currency to a rumor that Jeff Davis has demanded the surrender of Gen. Butler for hanging Mumford. If he is refused, he threatens to hang one of the captured Gener-

On the authority of Dr. Butler, Surgeon of the Third Minnesota Regiment, the Nashville garding the affair at Murfreesboro.' The Ninth Michigan, he says, were surprised, but that 175 of them rallied and drove the enemy no difference between the arrest of an acknowl- back. The fight in which the Third Minnesota were engaged, he says, only lasted a few moments, and there were but four wounded and one captured. The regiment could easily have held it own until reinforcements arrived, nia will at once enrol one company of colored but Forrest, the Rebel cammander, thought er, and sent a flag of truce saying that he had ance would be madness, whereupon the Col. surrendered at once. He is fairly charged by Dr. Butler with inefficiency and cowardice, quent issue of the Union, publishes a card ledges that a longer resistance might have

Branch Democrat, which like many others | Brig. Gen. Nelson, on reaching Murfreeshas made itself obnoxious to all true friends boro', on July 18, issued an order directing of the Union, was lately refused an insurance all the disloyal citizens to surrender at once war, to overthrow a Government under the in the Lycoming Company, on the ground all the United States property which the Rebthat it was unsafe to do so, an attempt having el troops had distributed among them. The been already made to burn out the concern. order brought the uniforms and equipments A correspondent of the Baltimore to the Court House by cartloads.

The Navy Department denies, semi-official ly, that the delay in taking Vicksburg has been caused by any instructions to Commoof living in this town is that white and color- dore Farragut. The place cannot be taken without co-operating land force, and to the think, from the social distinctions supposed absence of this force alone the delay is attrib-

Extensive hospital accommodations for five or six thousand patients are to be provided at Point Lookout, mouth of the Potomac .-The location is said to be healthy, but we think experience will prove it to have been badly chosen.

The War Deartment has recognized the legality of the nine and twelve months volunteers called for by the Governor of Pennsyl-

The arrival of the United States transport Fulton from New Orleans brings us four days later news from that city. There had been ever defended Jef Davis or the thieving hell- Grenada there were prospects that the war the exception of the seizure of some three thousand uniforms destined for the Rebel army, the regulation of the price of bread, and shipment of large cargoes of cotton, sugar and rosin. The health of the city of New Orleans continues to improve, although the

> Gen. Pope has directed that hereafter no guards shall be placed over private property lectors and Assessors will be appointed, and of any description within the lines of the whatever else may be necessary will be done Army of Virginia. Commanding officers are their troops, but it is not to be expected that It has been arranged that the Postmaster their force and energy shall be wasted in

Gen. Sherman has taken command at Memwith the names of persons present, &c. will be exchangeable at postoffices for postage Farragut's fleet silenced all the batteries whilst passing down below the city.

Gen. Halleck, accompanied by Gen. Burnby important movements.

The official accounts received at Washington place our losses during the "seven day's battle" before Richmond at about sixteen thousand in killed, wounded and missing.

Dispatches from Boston state that the enlisting excitement is on the increase in that city. From present appearances Massachusetts will soon have her old regiments filled up, and the new ones called for organized and in the field.

Gen. Cass spoke briefly at a meeting in Detroit a few evenings since, urging the necessity of giving the Government all the aid it desires. His health is very feeble.

The Chicago Board of Trade have appropriated ten thousand dollars for the establishment of a company of mounted artillery, to be called the Chicago Board of Trade Ar-

Gen. Lewis Partridge, ex United States Marshal for Vermont, was arrested a few days since on the charge of treason and was taken to Windsor, where the United States Circuit Court will sit on his case in a week or two. Church, defeated them, burnt their camp and | The evidence against him is said to be very six cars loaded with corn. Another body of strong. This scoundrel is one of those who Stewart's Cavalry were driven across the has been howling "abolition," "constitution,"

> The British steamship Tubal Cain, laden with arms and ammunition was captured by the gunboat Octorora, and has been sent to New York for condemnation. She was runing towards Charleston when captured.

The enlistments of nine months men will cease on the 10th of August.

A despatch from Fortress Monroe says : On Friday evening the rebels crossed over the river a little above Harrison's Landing. and took a captain off a schooner and hurned the schooner, and then went and drove away have been at least a mile within our picket Owing to this loss, no beef could be obtained at Harrison's Landing for the wounded on board the steamer State of Maine.

Night before last, a company of rebel cavalry came down on Gloucester Point, opposite Yorktown, and seized and carried ot of contrabands that had gathered at that place, and also forced into the rebel army all the male inhabitants that could be found there capable of bearing arms. They then set fire to a lot of ship timber, and taking with them their trophies, took their departure.

Rebel Raid on the Tennessee River. CAIRO, July 25 .- The steamer Evansville. from the Tennessee river, brings news of a rebel raid at Florence, Alabama, on Tuesday last. They entered the city, burned all the warehouses used for commissary and quartermaster's stores, and all the cotton in the vicinity. They also seized the United States steamer Colonna, used for conveying army supplies, t ok all the money belonging to the boats and passengers, and then burned the vessel. The property destroyed is said to have been of great value. A small detach ment of General Mitchell's army was captured. The rebels then proceeded down the Tennessee river to Chickasaw, Waterloo, and the vicinity of Eastport, and burned all the warehouses which contained cotton. Another band of forty rebels attacked a wagon train near Pittsburg Landing, and captured sixty wagons conveying commissary and quartermaster's stores.

Rebel Raid on the Memphis and Charles ton Railroad.

NASHVILLE, July 27 .- The Tenth Ohio regment, whilst guarding the Memphis and Charleston Railroad between Decatur and Courtland, were attacked yesterday by a arge force of guerillas under Stams and Ward, and some thirty or forty of the regiment are said to have been killed. The road House in the borough of Lewistown, on was considerably damaged, but not so much as to cut off communication. A large rebel force is reported to be near Tuscumbia and Forrest is reported to be at Carthage, with the object, it is supposed, of making a descent on the Louisville Railroad.

Richmond Provision Prices. [From the Richmond Examiner, July 19.] THE MARKET YESTERDAY.

The following table of prices of the meats vegetables. &c., offered in the market yesterday, will show what the head of a family has to pay for a dinner in these times. It will be interesting if cut out, framed and hung up among the 'cabinet of curiosities of the war' for future reference and for edification of coming generations: Beef, pork and mutton: thirty-seven and a half cents per pound; shoat, fifty cents per pound; chickens, seventy-five cents to one dollar apiece; ducks, one dollar to one dollar and half apiece; goslings, two dollars; pullets, one dollar and a half; eggs, seventyfive cents to one dollar per dozen; butter, seventy-five cents to one dollar per pound. Vegetables-beets, fifty cents per bunch; onions, fifty cents per quart or one shilling apiece for the largest size); cymlins, one dollar per dozen; cucumbers, one dollar per dozen; string beans, two dollars per peck; cabbage, fifty and seventy-five cents per head; Irish potatoes six dollars per bushel; pears, fifty cents per dozen; blackberries, twenty-five cents per quart; whortleberries, thirty-five cents per quart; plums, fifty cents per quart: peaches, one dollar per dozen. But we tire. Enough.

Commenting on the above the Examiner

The citizens of Richmond are completely at the mercy of a band of foreign-born hucksters. Matters have come to that pass that every mouthful we eat, except bread, must come through their hands, and be doled out at their exorbitant prices .-Nothing but mob law offers any hope of getting rid of them. This method of purging the markets we do not recommend, but the day is clearly not distant when its adoption may be necessary. People cannot be starved to enrich a few Irishmen and Germans. The sight of a huckster hanging from a market lamp post would exert a more beneficial effect on the price of the necessaries of life than the combined powers of the city authorities and Brigadier General Winder.

Postage Stamp Currency .- The United side, left Washington on Thursday for the | States postage stamps, which are now coming James river, for the purpose of consulting so freely into circulation, besides having the with Gen. McClellan. It is presumed that amount of their value in figures upon the upthis consultation will determine the direction per corners, may be readily recognized by to be given to the campaign, and be followed their colors and vignettes, which are as fol-

lows: Washington Jefferson Washington Washington Washington Franklin

Presuming that the debt and liabilities of the United States will be eight hundred millions of dollars at the commencement of 1863, it will then be less than one fifth of the national debt of England, less than one half triotic in his views of the present struggle, that of France, and about one-half that of

The "Washington Pennsylvania Sol diers Relief Association," having opened an office at No. 5 Washington Buildings, corner of 7th street and Pennsylvania avenue, Wash ington city, where will be found a register of all Pennsylvania soldiers in or around that city in hospitals, invite the friends of the same to call, assuring them that all possible aid will be extended in finding their sons -Mr. Charles L. Wells, the Register, will be found in the office. The Corresponding Sec retary, Mr. S. Todd Perley, will answer all letters in regard to sick and wounded Penn sylvania soldiers, whether in or around that city, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, or New Haven. Address, care Box 84½, Washington, D. C.

Bound Over .- We have been informed that the Hon. Wm. Turner, Associate Judge of the Courts of Northumberland County, was arrested on Wednesday of last week, and bound over by Justice Barr of Turbutsville, to appear at Court at Sunbury, to answer the charge of committing an assault and battery at his cwn house, on the person of Miss Stead, daughter of Mr. William Stead, on the evening of the 4th July. The parties reside in Lewis township, Northumberland county, some three five hundred cattle belonging to the army of or four miles from this borough, and the the Potomac, and these cattle were said to cause of the difficulty, we learn, arose from a controversy on the war-the young lady having a brother now a prisoner in the hands of the rebels, and being an uncompromising and devoted friend of the Union cause. As the case will soon be made the subject of judicial investigation, we refrain from making any comments in relation to it at the present time. When the case is tried we have no doubt the proceedings will be fully reported by our Sunbury cotemporaries, and we shall then take occasion to copy them for the benefit of our readers .-Muncy Luminary.

> Among the large number of other loyal and patriotic democrats who participated in the proceedings of the convention presided Judge Knox, were Messrs. Forney, of Philadelphia, Smith, Chester, Colgan, of Lancaster, Grove, of York, Meals, of Adams, Munroe, of Columbia, Shriner, of Union, Laporte, of Bradford, Negley, of Butler, Lauman and Ely, of Berks.

Peaches .- The Chicago Tribune is informed by a gentleman who has just returned from a visit to St. Joseph, Michigan (opposite Chicago, on the lake,) that the prospect is that the extensive peach orchards of that region will yield the largest crop ever known in any previous year.

Suering's STERS.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni of patterns, and a first class pattern maker at work in the shop, I am prepared to fill alof the Court of Common Pleas of Mifflin most any kind of an order, either for easting county and to me directed, will be exposed to or patterns. sale by public vendue or outery, at the Court

Saturday, August 23, 1862. at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, the following Cranks, and various other castings on hand real estate to wit:

All that certain brick house and lot of ground. piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the borough of Lewistown, Mifflin county, being 23 feet in front on the Kishacoquillas turnpike on Valley street, and 182 feet in depth to a 16 feet alley, bounded by lot of Keiser's heirs on the north, and lot late of J. A. Mathews on the south, it being part of lot No. 1, as generally known in the plan of lots laid off by Andrew Keiser, Esq. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Lazarus Steely, dec'd., Seized, taken in execution and to be in the hands of his Administratrix, Catharine Barr, late Catharine Steely, with notice to the

heirs and terre tenants of the land bound by the judgment. All that messuage and tract of land on which the said James McCurdy is at present residing, situate and being partly in Granville township and partly in the borough of Lewistown, Mifflin county, composing and containing two tracts and parcels of land, one of which is bounded and described as follows: commencing at a point near brick house at intersection of roads, thence by road to Allenville south 89°, west 16 8-10 perches to post, thence by land of D. W. Hulings, south 15°, west 7 1-10 perches to post, thence by same 73°, west 7 3-10 perches to post, thence south 80°, west 6 7-10 perches to post, thence south east 4 4-10 perches to post, thence by lot der, Guardian of Christian Kenagy, minor of Morrison, north 86°, west 12 5-10 perches to post, thence north 10½°, west 43 perches to stone, thence north 62° 61 perches to post by W. O., thence south 1°, west 14 perches to place of beginning, containing eight acres and 3 perches, more or less, with a tan yard and other valuable improvements thereon erected. Also, All that parcel and lot of ground adjoining above described tract on the west, and lot of R. C. Hale on the east, containing about three quarters of an acre, more or less. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James McCurdy and Eliza Mc Curdy his wife.

ALSO. A tract of land situate in Decatur township, Mifflin county, containing 230 acres more or less, about twenty acres of which are cleared, with a saw mill, still house and hog pens, three dwelling houses, stable and other improvements thereon erected, adjoining land of Matilda Bell on the east, Isaac Goss on the west. Philips and Aurand on the south, and mountain line on the north. Seized, taken in exe-ention and to be sold as the property of Peter

C. C. STANBARGER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Lewistown, July 30, 1862.

Ex-President Van Buren, died at his residence at Kinderhook, New York, on Tuesday of last week. The deceased lived to the of fourscore, having mingled for forty years actively in the politics of the country. For the last few years his life has been com paratively a retired one. In 1821 he entered the Senate, and became the ardent advocate of General Jackson. Subsequently he was Governor of New York, Secretary of State under Jackson, minister to England, Vice President of the United States, and President. In 1840 he was for the second time a Presidential candidate, defeated. In 1844 he was sacrificed by the pro-slavery men of the Democrat party, because of his opinions on the Texas question. In 1848 he ran as a Free Soil candidate, and accomplished the defeat of Mr. Cass. Mr. Van Buren was paand denounced the rebels in strong terms.

Death of Van Buren.

Mr. Nathan Shoemaker, a son of Mr. Eiisha Shoemaker, of Henderson Township, Huntingdon County, was murdered near Sacramento City, California, on the 31st of May, by an individual in his employ. The mur-derer was arrested, tried, convicted and sentenced to be hung within two days after the commission of the deed.

Col. Zeigle, of the 107th Pa. regiment,

JOHN M. CUMMINGS,

A. H. FRANCISCUS, No. 433 Market St., and 5 N. Fifth St.,

PHILADELPHIA, MANUFACTURER & WHOLESALE DEALER IN COTTON BATTING, WADDING, THE YARNS, WICKING, CARPET CHAIN, COT'N YARNS,

uckets, Brooms, Brushes, Baskets, Looking Glasses. Ropes, and all kinds of Cedar and Willow Ware. Fly Nets, &c., &c.

TEACHERS WANTED.

A PPLICATIONS will be received by the undersigned until September 1st, 1862. for TWO MALE TEACHERS, to take charge of the 1st and 2d schools of this borough.-To competent Teachers, who can produce satisfactory testimonials, a liberal salary will be-

Also, TWO FEMALE TEACHERS wanted to take charge of the 3d and 4th schools For further information address the under-

J. F. ROHRER, Secretary of School Board, McVeytown, Pa. McVeytown July 30, 1862.-1m.

highly important TO

FARMERS! ONG stories and paper recommendations. lare of no account. I am at present engaged in building

PELTON'S PATENT HORSE POWERS.

two sizes, one for four and one for six horses. It is supposed to better than any other kind made here or elsewhere. I have obtained from the patentee authority to make and sell in all of Pennsylvania west of the Susquehanna, and to prosecute all those who make, use, or vend to others to use, in the district described. Those interested will take notice of this. I expect soon to build a

NEW THRESHER,

which will thresh 40 bushels of wheat per hour, or 80 bushels of oats. Please call and examine for yourselves before you buy from others. I also continue the

CASTING & FINISHING of any kind of machinery of Iron, Brass or wrought Iron, as usual. Having a large lot of patterns, and a first class pattern maker

BULL PLOUGHS aide hill and bar share Ploughs, THRESH-ERS with Shakers, Horse Powers, Saw Mill

ready for sale. All work sold as good, which proves defective, to be made good. Thompson & Stone authorized to sell. JOHN R. WEEKES, Lewistown, July 30, 1862.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

HE following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed on record in this office for inspection of Heirs, Legatees, Creditors, and all others in any way interested, and will be presented to the Orphan's Court of the county of Mifflin, to be held at the Court House in Lewistown, on THURSDAY, the 28th day of August, 1862, for allowance and confirmation: 1. The Administration account of Samuel

Watt, Administrator of Mary A. Stroup, late of Mifflin county, dec'd. 2. The Guardianship account of Christian

L. Yoder, Guardian of Isaac, Barbara and Rudolph Byler, minor children of Jacob Byler, late of Menno township, dec'd.

3. The Guardianship account of John G. Kauffman, Guardian of Catharine, David and Joseph Byler, minor children of Jacob Byler late of Menno township, dec'd.

4. The Guardianship account of Simon

Kenagy, Guardian of Fanny Kenagy, minor child of Jacob Kenagy, late of Union township, dec'd. 5. The Guardianship account of John Yo-

child of Jacob Kenagy, late of Union township, dec'd. 6. The account of Christian C. Zook, Ad-

ministrator of Catharine Byler, late of Brown township dec'd. 7. The Guardianship account of Robert Laughlin, Guardian of Hannah M. Glasgow,

minor child of James Glasgow, dec'd. 8. The account of Jacob Mutthersbough, Administrator of James Devinney, deceased, as filed by his Administrators, Wm. Creigh-

ton and Daniel D. Mutthersbough. 9. The account of Alexander Reed and Abner Thompson, Administrators of Joseph

Reed, late of Brown township, dec'd.

10. The account of Samuel H. McCoy, Administrator of Robert Hope, late of Oliver township, dec'd.

11. The account of Samuel H. McCoy, Executor of William Anderson, late of Bratton township, dec'd.

12. The account of Jacob Smith, Executor of Henry Smith, late of the borough of Lewistown, dec'd. 13. The account of John C. Sigler, Administrator of Abraham Blymyer, late of the borough of Lewistown, dec'd. SAMUEL BARR, Register.

Lewistown, July 30, 1862-td