LOCAL AFFAIRS.

FOURTH OF JULY .- The 4th was ushered in by all kinds of patriotic demonstrais on the part of old and young. The stars and stripes were displayed in all directions, bells rung, national airs sung, and a perpetual firing of crackers, torpedoes, and shooting irons generally, kept up from early on the 3d to late on the 4th .---Early in the morning a prayer meeting was held at the Methodist Church and subsequently divine service in the Episcopal. which was attended by the Slemmer Guards, who for the first time appeared in public in uniform, At nine o'clock they again assembled and marched to the residence of presented them by the Rev. J. Leithead, on behalf of the young ladies of Lewistown. Mr. L. addressed them as follows :

SIR: On this morning of the anniversary of our country's independence we have assembled here to participate in an interesting and impressive ceremony. I have been denuted by the young ladies of Lewistown to present to you, and through you to the Slem-mer Guards, a company of which you are chief officer, this beautiful banner, which, wherever it floats throughout the world, is the emblem of freedom and the ensign of liberty. It is the same old flag beneath whose folds our fathers fought the battles of the Revolution and achieved their nation's independence --- glorious deeds which we this day celebrate, and which every true patriot loves to commemorate. It is the same banner which has waved in triumph over many battle fields, and upon which victory has ever delighted to perch. Its fame in the past has been untarnished, its honor has been unsullied by a single stain, and its glory has been ever bright and unobscured. No for eign foe has ever assailed it successfully, and now when domestic traitors are seeking t) pull it down, they shall be equally unsuccess-ful in their mad efforts to trample it in the dust. There is sadness in the thought that it should have been fired upon by those to whom it has ever been a protection and a dessing, but the very guns which bombard ed the walls of Samter woke a nation of free men, and millions have risen up in its de-We wait the issue patiently, but fence. hopefully and with all certainty. The popu-lar will demands that this rebellion be crushed out, that all insubordination be put down, and that the honor and authority of the Gov ernment be fully vindicated and sustained. It must be so, and it will be so, and

The Star-spangled Banner still in triumph shall

o'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.' The origin of your company is coeval with the war which these Southern rebels have inaugurated, and which they are now carrying on. You organized for the purpose of defending the altars and firesides of our homes from the incursions and depredations of those who might perhaps invade and seek to It was patriotism which lay them waste. prompted you to the act, and I know that it was a pure and lofty patriotism which has induced these young ladies to bestow upon you this banner, under whose folds you shall hereafter rally. It gives me great pleasure, my dear sir, to be the medium of presenting deliver it into your hands. Accept of it, and may it ever find in you noble and gallant de fenders-men whose love and devotion to their country shall ever be undoubted, and who shall never, never prove themselves unworthy of the name and character of Ameri can citizens. And now,

Forever float that standard shee breathes the foe but falls before us, edom's soil beneath our feet, edom's human the

The flag was received by David B. Wil-Guards, in place of Captain D. Vanvalzah,

my, with the annexed reply :

years is now overcast by an ominous cloud. is the theme of demagogues at ward and mass from every flag staff in this broad land- home and friends, battling for theacred stars A pause in its glorious history is now being made by the attack of an unprincipled South ern junto, and the event of the ordeal through which she is now passing, the issue of the impending crisis, will decide whether the "Star Spangled Banner" shall be thrice more glorious to those who succeed us or the port of a government, just so long as its pro last melancholy record of departed greatness. The peace cry following the present evil commotion. will determine, while not yet a star this, blusters just as valiantly, "down with in that blue field is dimned, nor a hue in those the government! down with the Union!" True bright stripes deadened, whether every shred in its texture shall recall to our minds desponding recollections of the past, or whether our country, Phœnix like, shall rise from the corruption which internal foes and foreign parasites have heaped upon her, rejuvenated and purified by that which was prepared for her winding sheet. Such, Ladies, is the dilemma in which our country is placed, and upon the issue of the approaching conflict depends all that to us as Americans is great Judge Ritz, where a beautiful flag was and good-our liberty-our country vindicaand the honor of our country's flag unted. tarnished. Since, therefore, you have cho sen the latter as the noblest standard beneath which to pledge us, and to which American minds are now turned with earnest solicitude, and the civilized world contemplates with anx let me assure you all that the Slemmer iety, Guards will strive to prove themselves worthy of the trust. This flag will ever be dear to November last, when nearly five millions of them, on account of the blessing they yet men met at the polls, to declare at the ballotthem, on account of the blessing they yet hope to enjoy under it, and as a memorial of your kind regards. In return, ladies, let me tender you the most cordial thanks of the company, whilst I assure you that next to

> loyal to the ladies of Lewistown. Subsequently the company paraded through town under Lieut. R. B. Hoover, performing a number of highly creditable military manœuvres.

At six o'clock in the evening our citizens generally, with the Sabbath Schools, assembled in front of the court house. where several national airs were sung and an eloquent and patriotic address delivered by Rev. Mr. McMurray, which we publish at the request of many of our citizens who were gratified auditors of the speaker :

Sanday Schools—I am happy to greet you here on this 4th of July, 1861. Never has this birthday of the nation dawned upon us, fraught with scenes of such thrilling interest broad ægis we had grown great, prosperous and fearful import, as that we now commemorate as the 85th anniversary of American Independence. And whatever the issue of the the Constitution, the frame work of our fath present conflict of arms it will not be less memorable than that on which the thirteen colonies, in solemn convertion, issued the declaration which has just been read. That was a sanguinary and bloody conflict of seven years for national existence; this for nationreservation. That to achieve our liberty this to preserve, perpetuate, and hand down that liberty to future posterity-to millions yetun born. For whatever minor issues may be raised. the great issue of the present struggle is the life of the Nation. It is a question of self pres vation-of government or no government, union or disintegration, order or anarchy, liberty or despotism. It is to decide whether we have a country, or whether the flag of the Re public waves over a mere organized anarchy the sure precursor of military despotism.

Already, indeed, has the so called govern great fundamental principle or populate liber ty, in refusing to submit their bogus constitu-tion to the popular vote, ignoring the sovercignty of the people; and upon its ruins they may soon establish an oligarchy, or monarchy, or autogracy-any form of government they choose.

The fathers of the revolution believed they, had founded a government-a Union indisso luble, powerful and perpetual ; and so far un exampled and unparalleled in the sublime march of its progress in every material ele son, who had been elected Captain of the ment of prosperity, and greatness. But let it now be severed, and it is no longer the same Union; no more than a house divided the Chesapeake to the great Valley of Missis appointed 1st Lieutenant in the U.S. Ar- and torn asunder is the same house; the gov- sippi, ceho back the response, No! it mus ernment is no longer the same government ; the United States of America no more a Na tion among the Nations-its Constitution God of liberty forbids it! The God of provishattered and broken-its prestige gone-its pride and glory faded, withered as a leaf of autumm. The question, therefore, is, shall the Union be preserved? Shall this government fostering care we have grown to be a great be sustained? Or shall we substitute for it the fatal doctrine and hydra of Secessionthe fatal doctrine and hydra of Secession- of the skies, and "presides over the destinics that "fog of the brain, and poison at the of nations"-the God of providence will not heart ?! Recognize the Southern Confederacy, and you at once endorse secession as a State right, uch as it is claimed to be-a right under the Constitution ; and you inscribe on that instru litical suicide. Secession antagonizes the government; and if one succeeds the other world. must fall. There can be no other logical re-The offspring of an unholy ambition sult. and lust for power, it means to degrade and destroy this, the only free Republic in the It means nothing less, and its triworld. umph will have no other effect ; it is to make the government a "mere rope of sand;" to incorporate into its very texture an element of f destruction. I repeat, the question is one that involves the life or death of this great nation ; and unless we are willing to obliterate the most subime record on the page of history-blot out the memory of the patriot fathers, our heroic dead-ignore the great principle of man's capacity for self-government-libel the American name-falsify our accredited love of country, and the prestige of American valor-demoralize national sentiment, and degrade ourselves in the eyes of the world, to be a by word and a scorn among the nations: we must meet the issue squarely, nobly-if need be, "fight it out to the last"—at all hazard, at all cost, at all sacrifice. If we would be what we have been, a nation of freemen, a nation deserving the name, a nation at all, we must meet the issue and sustain the government. Tell me not of re construction ! Re-construction implies previous dissolution, and dissolution the overthrow of the government-an absolved constitution and dead nationality. To re-construct on such a basis, would be to build on a foundation of sand. I have no sympathy with it; it is but a specious pretence; an illusion; an idle dream. It would be to confess the present government a failure; and what confidence could men then have in a new experiment? It may be well to inquire what the go-vernment is? Whose government is it? Not that of the president and heads of departments; nor that of Congress; nor the Generals of the Army; nor the Commodores of the Navy. They are but the representatives, or pensioned executives of a power ly-ing elsewhere. It is the government of the this occasion one saddening thought forces it-self upon them. The glory in which this na-tional standard has waved for eighty-five the government of a party in to which

ical canvass: a kind of patriotism whose "en-sign is not the soaring eagle, but the mousing tection conduces to its own narrow and sec tional interests; but the moment it fails to do patriotism is not adherence to a party, it is arms; so may that imperial bird be the emlove of country-adherence, loyalty to the government, no matter what party holds the future—in contrast with the crawling, venom-reins. And this, therefore, is no mere party ous reptile of *Treason's* banner, whose doom struggle, though partyism has had much to do in bringing it on. Ours is a government in which the people are the sovereigns, the rulers the servants; and hence it is for the people, and the whole people, to rally around, can eagle remain unshackled, still cleaving the uphold, preserve, and perpetuate this, the best government the world has ever seen.

For myself, allow me to say, I am no partizan; I have no party affinities. I would not stand here as the advocate.of a party; not on this hallowed day or any other day. But I would be-gladly be-the advocate of my country-a bleeding nation, and that nation mine and yours-whose life trembles in the

That was a ublime spectacle, on the 6th of box their preference for the Chief Magistrate of a great and powerful nation-men of eve ry conceivable pursuit and occupation, from the savan in his study to the miner in his their country the Slemmers will ever be most darksome cavern, and the "sailor on his airy shrouds"-representatives of nearly every shrouds ---representatives amily, with man great race of the human family, with man inferior, varieties---descendants of men who inferior varieties-descendants of men who met in bloody strife at Bunker Hill, Brooklyn Heights, Saratoga and Germantown ; yet al mingling peaceably in the same civic contest. Never was there such a sublime spectacle pre sented, until this Western World, pregnan with new inventions, made the bold attempt Yet, never was there so gloomy and sad : spectacle as that which now presents itself he astonished gaze of the world. Not onl the cry of Secession-dissolve the Union-this Eden of the world-the Paradise of the uni verse; but Secession *inaugurated*, stalking abroad in organized, armed rebellion, tread ing a pathway of plunder and blood, deluging the land with scenes of carnage, out-vieing Ladies, Gentlemen and Children of the barbarism itself in deeds of cruelty; wearing its ruin ; denouncing the Union, under whose and happy-the South no less than the North -denouncing it "an accursed Union," and ers, "whose matchless wisdom and great central truth of human equality" seem almost like inspiration itself, "an accursed instrulike inspiration itself, "an accursed instru-ment"-insulting the flag which led our fath ers to glorious victory; the flag of Washing ton, which has hitherto waved in triumph borne aloft over every sea, and entered every port, and command the respect of the whole world ; insulting that noble flag, trampling it in the dust, with foul and traitor hands, con signing it to an ignoble sepulchre, as if in the vain hope of burying the Union.

Such is the contrast between the 6th of Novem berlast, and this 4th of July. Shall such a cause triumph? Shall rightful, constituted authority give place to causeless rebellion ! Shall loyalty pale and cower to insidious treason i No! No! All over these states All over these states, north, east, and west, millions of warm, patriotic hearts in west minious of warm, partone nears and hearth stones, and led them to welcome the toils of the camp and the perils of the field ; who have gone forth with throbbing hearts, in which the patriotic fire burns as in the days when a handful of colonists dared to meet in death grapple their powerful op-pressors; with bristling bayonet and glitter-ing sword, and renowned chieftain at their head, upon whose war-encircled brow sits stern resolve, a nation's pride, the greates General of the age-these thousands of brave men and true, a quarter of a million, not, it cannot be ! The God of our fathers

North, South, East and West-from Maine to and stripes, and our good old inion, that Texas-from the Atlantic to the tranquil wa- there is in many cases something of behind ters of the Pacific-it shall float on, and float that is dearer than life itself to hn. Many ever, as the glorious ensign of liberty, the of them left dear wives and childre, and aged banner of the free !

Greeted, in the sun light, as it was recently at the Capitol of our own State, by the Gol-den Eagle from his lofty home in the clouds, descending and hovering over it as it was run up and unfurled upon the flag staff, as if in ecognition of his own emblem in our coat of blem and illustration of our country's great exhibited by the ladies of Lewistown ad vishall be a bruised head, though it may bruise And when we all go down to the to all true patriotism for all ages to eme, our heel. sleep of the grave, may it be with no other air of freedom-in that sleep of the resting beneath the outspreading folds of the Union-a Union preserved in all its perennial life and vigor, to bless her sons with peace to bless the world with the light of her brill-

towards carrying out the object of its organ- pose of making arrangements to give them ization, we are enabled to present the fol. a welcome home. lowing statement of its operations to this fime

iant example.

They have made 625 Havelocks, 425 of which were sent to Col. W. H. Irwin, for his, the 7th regiment, then encamped near Chambersburg, 100 to the Logan Guards, and 100 to Maj. J. A. Haskin, for the Regulars under his command, at Fort Washington. Their next undertaking was a box of Hospital stores, which were sent on the 4th inst., to Miss D. L. Dix, Washington city, who has engaged to have them so disposed of, that they will be first applied for the use and benefit of the men who have gone from our county. This box contained the following articles: 10 sheets, 7 pillows, 26 pillow slips, 6 shirts, 13 pairs drawers, 31 towels, 7 chintz wrappers, 33 pocket cases, each containing needles, thread, pins and buttons, together with a number of jars and cans of jellies of various kinds, and some fans and herbs, and a few books. The pocket casaddition to the stock.

Havelocks sent him

FORT WASHINGTON, Md., June 25th, 1861. To MRS. II. J. WALTERS,

· President Soldiers' Aid Association, Lewistown, Penna.

Madam-Your letter accompanying the Havelocks for the use of the Regulars under my command, and a pair of slippers for my-self, has been received. I truly appreciate the gate for the Havelocks the Kegulars heartily thank you-and for the slippers, which are a marvelous proper fit, and a "con venience" that I have for some time desired, and I beg you to accept my grateful acknowl As for my "kindness and courtesy towards

your volunteers," I can only say I have en-deavored to do my duty, and am sincerely pleased that my manner of doing it has met he approbation of their cherished relations nd friends at home. I heartily unite with you in your sincere

lesire for an early termination of the unfor tunate contest in which we are now engaged and sincerely pray that, in the good provi dence of God, the time may soon come when

parents at home, who have heretofre depend ed and looked to them for supprt and the comforts of life. I hope you wi not forget them-that you will see that the may want for nothing to make them comfrtable and happy, and the true soldier will eer pray for you all.

Trusting that the true patriotism tus far cinity may continue through all the reations of life which they may have to pass trough, and that their good example may be guide

I have the honor to remain yours &c., J. B. SELITEINER, Lt. Col. 25th Regiment Pa Vol.

The Logan Guards we leam will be discharged on the 17th, and mless prevented by unforeseen circumstances, will probably return home on Friday or Satur-LADIES' SOLDIERS AID ASSOCIATION. day a week. We would suggest that a -A general desire having been expres- public meeting be held on Monday evensed to know what this association had done, ing next, in the Town Hall, for the pur-

> from The wheat and rye erops in this . county give an unusual yield-probably superior to any during the past ten years. A considerable portion has been cut. The corn and potatoes are somewhat backward, but with a good rain or occasional showers may yet do well.

ALARMS OF FIRE .- An alarm was raised on the 4th by the discovery that an outhouse at Sample's stables was on fire. It was probably caused by a squib, and was speedily extinguished.

Towards evening the back building on the farm of A. Parker, Esq., occupied by W. R. Graham, was found to be on fire at the comb of the roof, and contrary to all expectation was extinguished with buckets of water. This for a short time presented a dangerous appearance. Its origin is un- No. 2 and 3 white ash Sunbury \$3 50 per ton

The Rev. Samuel Milliken, son of es were made at the suggestion of Miss Joseph Milliken, Esq., of this place, who Dix, and were a very neat as well as useful has been officiating as Pastor of a Presbyterian Church at Quincy, Georgia, return-In this connection we also publish a let- ed home last week with his family, as he ter from Maj. Haskin, acknowledging the could not conscientiously comply with demands made by his congregation. Mr. M. we learn had no fears of violence from the better classes, but we presume the canaille rule there as elsewhere in the South and gast, 1861, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day. probably led to his departure.

> FOR THE WAR .--- Captain Mitchell will he in Lewistown on Friday afternoon for flin County Cavalry, to serve during the war. We learn that men can readily be is Hoover, dec'd., will meet all parties inter procured, but that the difficulty with many is to get suitable horses, while others have is to get suitable horses, while others have is 10 JOS. W. PARKER, Aud. not the means to purchase. An allowance of 50 cents per day is made by the government for a horse, and if disabled or killed paid for in full. Could not our patriotic H citizens who have means aid in furnishing horses to persons willing to go who cannot themselves buy?

100 A Convocation of the Episcopal

TONIC.

From Od. Allert Pile M. C. from Arkansas WASHINGTON, D. C. JUNE 11, 1856. There used two bottles of your *Berbaue's Holtan itters*, and have found it very useful in case of Indi-stion and Headache, and recommend it to all wh-ed a pleasast and efficacious remedy and valuable nic.

The late High Sheriff of Allegheny county has giv a us the following :

I was afflicted with Debility of the Digeamounting to a severe attack of Dyspersia, h had reduced my flosh considerably. My wife was afflected under same circumstances, and with the disease. Having used your medicine called inters Holtand Bitters, we both obtained relief, and memory to affect each of the severe called is evidence of its value. JOHN FORSYTH, e happy to afford you th Pittsburgh, Jan. 22, 1856,

THE MARKETS. LEWISTOWN, July 10, 1861. CORRECTED BY GEORGE BLYMYER. Butter, good, P 15. 10 Lard. Tallow. 00 a 8 Eggs, P dozen. Buckwheat Flour per 100, 2 50 Beeswax, per pound, Wool, washed unwashed. $1 \begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 75 \end{array}$ Dried Cherries, per bushel Dried Apples. Beans per bushel. 1 50 Potatoes 60 Shoulder, Ham. 12 Sides Country soap per lb., from 5 to 7 cents. CORRECTED BY MARKS & WILLIS, Wheat, white B bushel, 95 red 90 Corn. old. 35 new. Rve. 45 Oats. 20 Barley, 50 to Cloverseed. 0 00 to 4 00 Timothy. 1 50 Flaxseed. Marks & Willis are retailing flour and feed follows Extra Flour, per 100, 2 75 Fine, 2 00 Superfine. 2 50 Family. 3 00 Mill Fead, per hundred. 80 Chopped Oats and Corn per 100, 1 00 Chopped Rye per 100. 10 Salt, 40 " barrels, 280 lbs, 1 75 Until the 15th day of October next, Marks & Willis will deliver coal within the borough limits, at the following rates :

2 and 3 Wilkesbarre \$3 90 per ton. White ash Limeburners \$2 85 per ton. \$2 50 per ton. Treverton Delivered for eash only.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned, appointed Auditor by the Court of Common Pleas of Mifilian ounty, to distribute the fund arising upon sale of the real estate of Wm. Reed, on plu-ries vend. exponas, No. 18, April Term, 1861. in the hands of Sheriff Stanbarger, will meet all persons interested at his office, in Lewistown, on THURSDAY, the 15th day of Au-JOS. W. PARKER, Aud. Lewistown, July 10, 1861.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Still Lang land aufust - and indar and Christian Hoover, Administrator of Dr. Lew ested at his office, in Lewistown, on MON DAY, the 14th day of August, 1861, at 10

NEW REMEDIES FOR

SPERMATORRHEA.

OWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA, A Benerotent Institution established by special Endow ent, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, eglictel with inniant and Chrony Discoses, and especially for the Cur-Discoses of the Sicrud Organs. MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Sur-

geon. VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrheea, and oth or discoses of the Sexual Organs, and the NEW REM diseases of the Sextial organs, and the NEW REAL-DES employed in the Dispensity, sent in scaled velopes, free of charge. Two or three stamps for stage acceptable. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN DUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 S. Ninth St., EDIES

Sin: It is my privilege to you this ensign-a donation by the ladies of Lewistown to the Slemmer Guards. On be half of the company I beg leave to say to you, ladies, that they will ever cherish the gift, and associate with it the most generous ecollections of you who first moved in this testimony of confidence in and respect for our company. The gift itself, no ordinary one, to the Slemmers, is rendered tenfold more dear by the circumstances which attend this presentation. The character of the donation, the relation which the donors bear to the company, the time chosen for the presen tation, and lastly the sacrilegious assaults which impious traitors are now making upon our country, which this flag represents, make this occasion peculiarly sacred to us all .-Coming as it does from you who are bound to members of the company by the tenders of sisters and companions, it must necessari ly prove to them a keepsake around which will cling many recollections of the happy days of the past. But when they reflect up on the many misgivings and forebodings which the present national difficulties naturally excited in your mind while preparing it, the Slemmers can only receive it as a me morial from you of their first duty-that to their country - and as the embodiment of your heartfelt benedictions. They must evr regard it as the index to that sentiment so largely manifested by your sex in the present crisis, that in your hearts love of coun try, of which this flag is the standard, is only second to their love of God.

But, ladies, your choice of time for tendering this gift lends to it a peculiar consecration. This beautiful Star-spangled Banner on this day transports the mind of every true American to the drama of which the 4th of July eighty-five years ago was the opening scene.

Emboldened by the majesty of their cause, nerved by a succession of cruel wrongs, and trusting to Heaven for protection, such men as Jefferson, the Morris's and Adams's then engrossed that Declaration which Americans esteem their most sacred birthright. It has since been sealed to us by the blood of Revolutionary heroes as the noblest patrimony they could bestow ; and now, to day, the col ors of their choice, on this the anniversary of their first bold resolution, is placed in our hands around which to rally as a military company. The fac simile of that modest banner, which, in the days of Washington and his competers, provoked loud huzzas from the everglades of Florida to the pine forests of Maine, is made by you the type of our emulation. Although the Slemmers will never be wanting in courage in defence of our country and this our country's flag, yet on

forbids it! The God of Washington-th dence, who gave us this land for a heritage ; whose strong arm has been strikingly revealand mighty people; who rules in the armies permit it! He, who "makes the wrath of

men to praise Him," will yet restrain the fu-rious storm, and stay the deluge of blood, and 'ordain peace for us"-such a peace as shall carry with it security against future like dis-

No nation ever inherited so rich a legacy in the mighty prayers and noble sacrifices of its founders. No nation ever took so fair a start in the long race of accumulating glory No nation ever possessed such internal re-sources, or experienced such a sublime march of progress. And, if we go back a few months, never did a period arrvive in a nation's history-excepting only that of the de-livered captives of Egypt-from which it could see in the present richer results from the interference of Divine agency in the past. Free, then as it was, from the embarrass ments that pertain to the oligarchal governments of the old world, and nothing to clog nation on earth could claim, or had a right to claim, so high a destiny. Nor can I believe its mission yet fulfilled. A nobler, loftier destination awaits us. God has not given us this fair land to be obliterated in a sea of blood! He has not bestowed the boon of liberty, that it might be wrested from us No, He intends liberty for us; liberty for the

world ! And he has made us the almoners of that liberty to enslaved millions of the race freedom. progress, civilization, and the Gos pel of Peace, to the down trodden, the be nighted, and perishing of other lands! Let us then put our trust in God! Let us accept and fulfill the destiny He has assigned

us; and never shall this land be any thing else than a chosen land of freedom-an asy lum for the bruised spirits of other lands from the heel of oppression and wrong-an elevated stage on which the great principles of mutual rights and voluntary institutions, shall have a full development, an unobstructed operation ! And that "starry banner of the free," honored abroad-honored all over the world-revered at home as the proud ensign of a nation's glory-despised only by craven hearts-dishonored only by traitor hands-that noble banner which floats here to day, shall wave in triumph while there are patriot hearts to bleed for it, and loval hands to uphold and bear it on to victory ! On sea and land, from every ship that rides the ocean,

nion, happiness and prosperity will be again restored to our beloved country. With best wishes for the health and hap-

piness of yourself, and of the ladies of your raiseworthy association,

I am, Madam, most respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. A. HASKIN, Byt. Maj. and Capt. 1st Art'y.

Headquarters 2th Regiment Pa. Vol. WASHINGTON CITY, June 18, 1861. My dear lady Friends-

Being on a visit to

Fort Washington a few days ago, I washand-ed a letter addressed to me, by the ladies of Lewistown, stating that they had sent a box to my care for the Logan Guards, containing various articles for the convenience and comfort of the soldier, all of which I am happy to say they received.

It is with great pleasure, ladies, that I acknowledge the receipt of your kind letter; and on behalf of the Logan Guards I return you their sincere thanks for the contents of the box, for it contained many articles indis pensable to the soldier's comfort. I can assure you, ladies, that that little band of soldiers sent up many a hearty cheer and prayer for the fair donors. It is encouraging and gratifying to the soldier that has enlisted for the defence of this glorious old Union, and the Stars and Stripes, to know that the fair sex are ministering angels to all his wants, and that their prayers ever follow him in spir-it and soul to the bloody field of battle. Some of you, perhaps, may not realize the effort it cost many a brave heart, and the many quiet tears dropped by the brave soldiers in tearing themselves away from comfortable homes, leaving everything that was near and dear to them behind, not knowing whether they would ever live to return. You may perhaps say they went cheerfully, which I can assure you they did, but why did they so readily respond to their country's call? Because the flag of our country had been insulted, and our glorious old Union was in immediate danger of being overthrown-that same Union that our fathers fought and bled for, and handed down to us in its purity, with the prayer that we should maintain it as pure, for future generations, and crush out all traitors and rebels, let them be of foreign or na-

tive birth. Under any other circumstances, perhaps, there is not gold enough in all Miffin county to induce some of them to leave their all, not knowing whether they would ev-

er live to return. Ladies, I am pleased to know that you have taken the interest of the soldier in your open hands, and hope you may attend faithfully to his many wants. But the soldier is not all that you will be expected to look after in these our country's trying times. You must ever bear in mind, that while the soldier is from

Church has been in session since Tuesday and will continue until the close of the week. Bishop Bowman, and ministers from Lancaster, Harrisburg, &c. are present.

M. F. Hamaker, son of Adam Hamaker of this place, attached to the 11th Penn. sylvania Regiment, was wounded in the shoulder, in the attack on the rebels be-tween Williamsport and Martinsburg, but the 25th day of July, 1861, when and where sylvania Regiment, was wounded in the is fast recovering. He belonged to the Lock Haven company. Lock Haven company.

From the Gazette Extra of July 3. Rep"A lamentable affair occurred near

Junkins' Gap, opposite McVeytown, on Monday morning last, which resulted in the death of Daniel Miller. It appears he left the house at breakfast time with a gun and proceeded to the orchard. Shortly after a report was heard, but as it was supposed he was shooting birds, it created no surprise. Sometime after his lifeless body was discovered near a cherry tree, with a load of shot in his head behind the ear, but whether through accident or design it is difficult to determine. He was we think the owner of two farms in that section, about 40 years of age, and leaves nine children.

The comet which has been noted for some months by astronomers, appeared in the northwest on Tuesday evening in all the splendor and majesty of these celestial phenomena which the Creator has caused at times to appear within the range of mortal vision.

Married.

X

In Christ Church, Brownsville, Pa., on Tuesday morning, June 25th, by the Rev. James J. Page, the Rev. JOHN LEITHEAD, Rector of St. Marks' Church, Lewistown, Pa., and Miss ANNIE C., daughter of Dr. L. Lafferty, of the former place.

Died.

In McLean county, Illinois, on Sunday, June 30, of dropsy, JOSEPH P. LANTZ, formerly of Mifflin county, aged 33 years, 7 months and 4 days.

A UDITOR'S NOTICE .- The undersign-ed, appointed an Auditor by the Court of Common Pleas of Mifflin county to make distribution of the fund in the hands of C. C. Stanbarger, Esq., Shoriff, arising from the sale of the real estate of Andrew McFarlane, for a share of said fund. J. W. SHAW,

Auditor.

Estate of Isaac Thompson, Deceased.

je27

OTICE is hereby given that letters testa mentary on the estate of ISAAC THOMPSON, late of Union township, dec'd. have been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township. All persons indebt-ed to said estate are requested to make imme-diate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settle-ment. SIMEON K. ZOOK, ju27-6t*

Administrator.

For Sale.

THE subscriber, having retired from the agency for the sale of McCormick's Reaper, and having on hand a sample machine, he will sell it for one-third less than the selling price, and will warrant it as good a mower as the Buckeye or any other in market, and a much superior reaper. Also on hand a large lot of SECTIONS and ONE SICKEL. He will sell the above machine on time, or exchange it for a good horse. It is a two-horse machine and new.

JAS. M. MARTIN. Derry township, June 27, 1861.

Mifflin County Dragoons, ATTINTION 8

)Y authority of the War Department I BY authority of the war Department 1 hereby call upon the Mifflin County Dragoons to be ready to muster into service at the earliest notice, and to report themselves with their horses at my office immediately for the regular service of the United States in the present war. They will receive 40 cents per day for their horses, and if disabled, will be paid for in full, as directed by the Secretary of War. Arms and equipments to be furnished in full by the U. S. By order of

G. V. MITCHELL, July 4, 1861. Captain