LEWISTOWN, PA. Thursday, May 16, 1861.

\$1 yer annum in advance --- \$1.50 at end of six months -- \$2 at end of year.



Flag of the free heart's only home

By angel hands to valor given!
By angel hands to valor given!
Thy stars have lit the welkin dome
And all thy hues were born in heaven;
Forever float that standard sheet!
Where breathes the foe but falls before us
With freedom's soil beneath our feet.
And freedom's banner streaming o'er us.

To Arms! To Arms!! is the cry, but how few know how to use Arms-we mean firearms. We advise all therefore for their own as well as for their country's safety to buy the "Soldier's Manual" advertised in another column by King & Baird.

Mr. Ellis has received a lot of new goods worthy of public attention.

Fund.

List of letters-Potatoes and flour at John Kennedy & Co's.

Patriotism in Maryland.

patriotic extract of a letter from an eminent citizen of Baltimore, preceded by some comments of his own. We know that city well, and have no doubt that when the proper time comes thousands will be ready to rush to the rescue of our govern- whole body made an unconditional surrenment from the hands of the Marats, the der Robespierres, and other hell-hounds who are, without reason, and without justice, bringing the horrors of civil war to our hitherto peaceful land:

friend in the city of Baltimore; a city where there are hearts as true to the Union as the claimed. needle to the north pole, notwithstanding the late ascendency of mobocracy, and reign of being private, I must suppress the name of the writer, than whom there are none more noble or brave. In the front view is the flag of the United States, imprinted in beautiful and distinct colors of red, white, and blue, flaunting proudly in the breeze. After dereturn to reason," the writer says:-

"My sentiments have not changed except in intensity. I cannot see how the honor maintained without coercing those States that have rebelled and wickedly persist in their ruinous course. When I think that my grand-father fought for the glorious liberty in which I stand, and that my father risked his life in the war of 1812 to preserve that liberty to his and all future posterity, every-thing within me cries out in thunder tones, My Country! My Country! yea My Whole Country! My life for my Country! * * * My mind is oppressed; I cannot write; my nature's true."

In connection with the above we give the following extract of a letter dated

WESTMINSTER, May 5th, 1861. Our beloved country is truly in a deplorable condition, all brought on by disappoint-ed office holders—traitors to all intents and purposes. The Union men in Baltimore are gaining ground rapidly, and in the counties of Baltimore, Carroll, Frederick, Washington, and Allegheny the Union feeling is intense In Westminster we are strong; two Union poles are already up with the stars and stripes floating to the breeze, and another one will go up in a few days-in fact the Union men will resist secession, should such an ordinance be passed, with their lives and for tunes. A Convention may be ordered, but the friends of the Union I think can elect a majority of true patriots, as a very great reaction has taken place in the whole State.— In Westminster I know of more than twenty who were secessionists a week ago who now come out for the Union, and we still are gaining ground every day. Our true interests will no doubt be to remain in the Union. I am truly gratified with the loyalty of your State, and trust that the war may be carried into the enemy's camp. They should be punished, yea subjugated. I did not favor Mr. Lincoln's election, but as he was fairly elected, I go for supporting him in the enforce

A Battle Field Wanted .- The Galf States inaugurated war, says an exchange, but they don't want the battles to be they won't make the attack because they say some of their men will be hurt. They want to get rid of the fight, and they push she is trying to push it over upon Maryland. We don't want this nuisance among us, and what is more we won't have it .-If Virginia don't want it she can push it have cowardly sought to make the border at the camp near the Relay House.

The State Superintendent desires us to make it known in this county, that the Educational Convention which was to be held at Harrisburg, the present month, is, on account of the war excitement, postponed

LATEST NEWS.

Affrays at St Louis-the Secessionists in Trouble.

On Friday last Captain Lyon with four thousand troops surrounded camp Jackson, near St. Louis, where a large number of Missouri secessionists were under arms, af- fore the Missouri Legislature. ter having first sent the following letter to the commander:

HEADQUARTERS OF THE U. S. TROOPS, St. Louis, May 10, 1861. To Gen. D. M. Frost.

SIR-Your command is regarded as evidently hostile towards the government of the United States, It is for the most part made up of those secessionists who have openly avow ed their hostility to the general government, and have been pletting at the seizure of its property and everthrew of authority. You are openly in communication with the so-called southern confederacy, which is now at war with the United States, and you are re ceiving at your camp from the said confederacy and under its flag large supplies of the material of war, most of which is known to be the property of the United States.

These extraordinary preparations plainly indicate none other than the well known pur-pose of the Governor of this State, under whose orders you are acting, and whose purpose, as recently communicated to the Legis lature, has just been responded to by that body in the most unparalleled legislation, having an indirect view to hostilities to the general government, and a position with its

In view of these considerations, and your failure to disperse in obedience to the proc-lamation of the President and of the eminent Notice respecting the Legan Guard Relief necessity of State policy and warfare, and of the obligations imposed upon me by in structions from Washington, it is my duty to demand, and I do demand of you an immediate surrender of your command, with no other condition than that all persons surrendering under this demand shall be humanely A friend has handed us the following and kindly treated.

Believing myself prepared to enforce this demand, one half hour's time before doing so will be allowed for your compliance therewith.
(Signed) . N. Lyon,

Captain Second Infantry, Commanding the Troops This demand was complied with and the

A release on parole was tendered to the officers and troops, providing they would take the oath not to take up arms against the United States government, which they declined doing, on the ground that it im-The following extract is from a personal plied that they had already taken up arms against the government, which they dis-

Just before the troops started for the city, and while the State troops were drawn terror, and secession imbriglio. The letter up between two lines of United States volunteers, several "rocks" were thrown at the volunteers and a few pistol shots were fired by excited parties in the surrounding crowd, which was composed of a large number of citizens, including many women.

One shot took effect in the leg of Capt. with thirty-four stars and thirteen stripes, Blanlawsky, and as he fell, he gave the word to fire, which was promptly obeyed, scribing the deplorable state of affairs on and resulting in the death of upwards of twenafter the 19th ultimo, and the late " partial ty persons, including two women and several children, and badly wounded several others. Three soldiers were also wounded.

of our great country can be vindicated and marched to the U.S. Arsenal, and held as ole and the men taking an oath not to bear arms against the United States.

On Saturday the city was the scene of another terrible tragedy. About 6 o'clock a large body of Home Guards entered the city through Fifth street, from the Ar- ing the riot of the 19th ult., and was for a few senal, where they had been enlisted during days in the custody of the city authorities .the day, and furnished arms. On reaching Walnut street the troops turned westward, a large crowd lining the pavement to witness their progress. At the corner of Fifth street parties among the spectators | napolis. began hooting and hissing and otherwise abusing the companies as they passed, and a boy about fourteen years old discharged a pistol into their ranks. Part of the rear company immediately turned and fired upon the crowd, and the whole column was instantly in confusion, breaking their ranks and discharging their muskets in all direc-

An attempt was made on Sunday to tear up the Northern Central Railroad, 14 miles from Baltimore. Little damage was done before the deed was discovered. It will go hard with any miscreant who is caught at this work.

Governor Jackson of Missouri, like the Baltimore bridge burners, has earned an infamy worthy of a traitor, by causing a bridge to be destroyed on the Pacific Railroad. A rope and a tree are the proper applications for all such scoundrels.

A portion of the United States troops encamped near the Relay for the last week, on Monday made a sudden and unexpected move to Baltimore. One thousand of the force, uuder command of General Butler, arrived at the Camden station at nightfall fought on their soil. They have had an as it was supposed to Fort McHenry. On army before Fort Pickens for months, but reaching the summit of Federal Hill the command halted with the apparent purpose of occupying that point, which is in many important respects the strongest military position within the limits of the city. The it upon Virginia. Virginia in turn has occupying of it is supposed to indicate an become a little squeamish about it, and intention to make Locust Point the base of operations for moving troops and supplies toward Washington. The troops arrived on the Hill after nightfall, in the midst of a heavy fall of rain, and were totally unprovided with tents or camp equipage .back again upon the Gulí States, which The other half of the force still remains

States a shield between them and danger. St. Louis on Friday evening says it was caused by the abusive action of the crowd, one of whom it is said fired four shots from a revolver at the soldiers. It was not until one of the volunteers had been killed that the fire was returned. Gen. Harney's proclamation had measurably calmed the excitement in the city. A considerable amount of arms and ammunition were cap-

General Harney has fully approved of Captain Lyons' proceedings in effecting the capture of Camp Jackson and the Missouri troops stationed there.

No Secession Ordinance or call for a State Convention has yet been brought be-

The Confederate Congress is expected to adjourn soon, to meet again in July, at such place as circumstances may then render necessary.

Information, said to be reliable, received Washington, places the whole number of Confederate troops in Virginia at thirty thousand, of which one fifth are at Rich-

mond. The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a circular specifying the articles contrabat of war, the shipment of which to the s ceded States is prohibited.

The Government is reported to have d termined upon the immediate construction of fifty gun-boats to operate in shallow w

The Western Virginia Convention sembled at Wheeling on Monday. Twe ty-five counties were represented. Th question of a division of the State was di cussed. The national flag was hoiste over the Custom House in the midst of popular demonstration.

A half-witted fool named Joseph H. Sne cer of Baltimore got himself into a ni-scrape at the Baltimore Relay House la week. He, with the determination of remoed to Virginia, had a large stock of dry good packed up and sent to the Relay Hous where Mr. S. introduced himself to sever of the soldiers, and induced them to partal of refreshments with him. In a short tin he commenced speaking of the mob whice attacked the Massachusetts volunteers Pratt street, acknowledged his participati in the affair, and his readiness to do the sam again should opportunity occur. The Cartain of the guard, on hearing the affair, caued his arrest and confinement in the guar house. Soon as the arrest was known a num ber of citizens of Baltimore who were pre-ent appealed to the officer on duty, voncl ing for the character of the accused and requested his discharge. The request was a terwards made to General Butler, but with out success; he ordered him to be taken t the camp of Col Jones and to be confine there. Next morning a number of the mos influential citizens in Baltimore, some whom are personal friends of General Butley again interceded in his behalf, but could no affect their purpose, as it had been determin ed in the meantime to detain him in custody In the afternoon Mr. S. was placed in a car under a strong guard of armed men re moved to Annapolis, where he has been chewing the cud of reflection since.

A despatch from Annapolis states that picket guard near that place was fired upon on Thursday night. A number of shots were exchanged without damage to either party. The Governor of Pennsylvania has refused

to allow bodies of free blacks to pass through this State toward the South, their object ing to incite slave insurrections.

The offers of troops from the West is as tonishing. The Government has already re-ceived proffers of service from two hundred and fifty thousand men, all west of the Alle

On Friday morning a wagon containing at The State troops with their officers were marched to the U. S. Arsenal, and held as prisoners until the officers gave their parspatched a scouting party in pursuit, who overtook the wagon six miles beyon! the Relay, at Ilchester. On examination it was found that the box contained Dickinson's steam gun, which obtained some notoriety at Baltimore during the excitement succeed-It was being taken to Harper's Ferry who the three men to the Kelay House. The prisoners, one of whom was Dickinson, the owner and inventor of the gun, were sent to An

Washington, May 12 .- Messrs. Gallatin & Son, from the New York Chamber of Commerce, were in consultation with Secretary Chase on Friday, about the loan, and yester day the Secretary invited offers for the \$9. 000,000 undisposed of under the act of February, which does not restrict the offers to par. This call requires only ten days' advertisement. It is understood that the Secretary, though authorized to reject offers below par, and resort to treasury notes, will accept all offers at or about the current market rate, and not resort to treasury notes until the piration of the thirty days' advertisement for the balance of the loan, say \$14,000,000, under the act of last June.

The preparations for the effective blockade Virginia waters having been completed, Capt. Pendergrast has given the precau tionary notice of fifteen days for all vessels to leave the ports of that State, either with or without cargoes. Several of the foreign ministers and some of our own countrymen have asked for an extension of the time, but this, in every case, has been refused. The order will be adhered to impartially.

Certain parties, though representing themselves to be Union men, have been denied the privilege of forwarding locomotives to Tennessee, for the reason, among others, that such necessary railroad machinery might be used in the transportation of hostile troops. The Government also takes care that coal, so desirable for steam purposes, shall not be

transported to the disloyal States. Information having reached the Navy De partment, late last night, that several small vessels had been fired at from the Virginia shore, and an effort made to detain them by the Alexandria authorities, in order that their cargoes of fish, instead of being brought to Washington, might be secured for the Secession troops, the Secretary promptly ordered the steamer Pawnee to stop the lawless pro-

In addition to the national vessels, about wenty armed steamers, from New York, Boston, and Philadelphia, have been or are being put in readiness for blockading purpo-

Information has been received that the enlistments for the increase of the personnel of the navy are so successful that the necessary number will soon be supplied.

Washington, May 14. Advices received to day confirm all I have heretofore despatched is reference to the overestimate of forces now concentrated in Virginia. General Scott knows positively that the aggregage number of men, armed and unarmed at various points from Herney'. various points from Harper's Ferry down to Lynchburg, does not exceed twenty-five thousand. This force could not be concen-

tured at Camp Jackson by the United trated at any one point for an attack on States troops.

Grand Union Meeting at Frederick, THE RELIEF FUND Maryland. Washington, without placing the remainder of the Old Dominion at the mercy of the northern troops.

Fortress Monroe has now a garrison of sev-

is to land at Norfolk.

Commander Buchanan, lately in command at the Washington Navy Yard, who resigned his commission during the week when Washington was cut off from railroad and telegraph. presumed to be in danger, has asked to be instated, but his request was denied.

BALTIMORE, May 13.—The train from Philadelphia came through this afternoon with hailed with evident satisfaction by the people along the route, and, as it passed through the city, many expressions of welcome were giv-

Billions Disorders - Liver Complaints.

Dysentery, Diarrhea, Relax, Worms.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

Constinution, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Drop-sy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From the Rev. Dr. Hunder, of the Methodist Epis, Church.

PULASEL HOUSE, SAYARIBEL, GR., JAH. 6, 1850.

HONORD SHI I should be ungrateful for the relief four skill has brought me if I did not report my case to rou. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on exercisating neurologic panes, which ended in chronic vhemmism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the lisense grew ware and worse, multi by the advice of your scellent agent in Editionor, Dr. Machenzie, I tried your ells. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering a the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Raton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

E. Aven: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills. or annulus Goul—a painful disease that had afficied me fears.

VINCENT SLIBELL. Synaus.

Sy Naus.

New York of the Pills in market contain Mercury thich, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is angerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These where it is not although the property of the property of

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for \$1. Propared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Charles Bitz, Lewistown, Jacob work is published for the sum of twenty five cents, every soldier can have one of the best kind of instructors to read and study in his spare moments. It is sent by the publishers to any place, to any one, free of postage, on receipt of twenty-five cents in a letter.

Godey's Lady's Book for June contains an exquisite steel engraving, entitled "The Disdainful Maiden," a large and beautiful colored fashion plate, and many other embellishments of interest to the ladies.

Peterson for June contains a very fine and appropriate steel engraving styled "June Roses," a colored fashion plate, and numerous other engravings.

Died.

On Tuesday last, in this place, AGNES, daughter of John Evans, aged about 18 years.

JOHN W. CRIDER departed this life on Sunday more ing, the 5th instant, in the 27th year of his age; only sen of Mary A. Crider and Daniel Crider, deceased has last illness was not marked by severity, yet slow by and surely Consumption did its work. An affec-tionate son has thus left a fond widowed mother and ionate son has thus left a fond widowed mother and hree devoted sisters to mourn his absence, not his oss, for Christian faith can view it only as a transformation. His place around the hearthstone is vacant, its voice is silent; his form absent; his emaciated ody sleeps yonder on the river's brink, but still he need to be a superior of the silent with the great Father of spirits of flesh, beyond he reach of pain, disease, or death. He lives too in affection's shrine. His memory and virtues will be their shed, till mother and sisters join him in his new and heavenly home. And with a sainted father, he will hall them welcome and happy to that blissful blode.

will hall them welcome and happy abode.

Furnishing satisfactory evidence of a change of heart, I proposed and received him into the Methodist Episcopal Church shortly before his decease. Arrangements had been made to administer to him the holy communion on Monday; but instead, we were called on to perform the sad rite of burial. He sleeps now, but sleeps in Jesus. Weeping friends, "Ye sorrow not even as others who have not hope."

J. S. McMurray, Pastor

SPEECH OF HON. REVERDY JOHNSON. Hon. Reverdy Johnson presented a flag to the Home Guard at Frederick on the 7th, on behalf of the ladies of that place. There en thousand men, which is more than is need-ed for its defence. Perhaps part of the force on helpelf of the ladies of that place. was an enthusiastic gathering on the occawas an enthusiastic gathering on the occasion, and the demonstration for the Union was a grand one. A hundred and fifty sion, and the demonstration for the Union ic communication with the North, and was members of the guard were present. Mr. Johnson's speech was forcible and effective.

In the original causes which have produced the mails and passengers at 4 o'clock. It was hailed with evident satisfaction by the people share. Her people ever were, and are now, zealous in support of a Constitution and a Government which they were foremost in forming and adopting. No threat of treason has ever been whispered within her limits, while the blessings and advantages of the Union have ever been fully estimated and appreciated. The loss of these advantages would be utter and irremediable ruin. In this ruin all the States would more or less share, but our geographical position would make it to us im mediate and total.

A peaceable separation is, as our wisest statesmen have predicted, impossible: and the truth of these predictions is about to be manifested. But for the resistance to its just and legal authority, the Government had given no cause, and had the friends of constitu tional rights remained at their posts in Con gress, the power of the government to trans-gress its authority could have been effectually thwarted. The Secessionists had desecrated the name of Calhoun in support of their herersy; but that great man had pronounced the doctrine both novel and in violation of com-

The leaders of the rebellion were in fact actuated by an unholy lust for official power. This fact is evidenced in the elevation to place of all who had desecrated their official positions by plotting treason. But their efforts to dishonor a Government, from which many of these leaders had borrowed their renown, would fail. They may as well strike at the heavens with their arms as against the Amer ican Union. Defeat was certain to rebellion.

The free States, according to the last cen sus, have 3,778,000 males between the ages of 18 and 45 years. The slave States have 1. 665,000. The secended States, exclusive Virginia, have only 531,000. And the differ ence in wealth is proportionate to that of men. With such a vast disparity, the end of the struggle is beyond a doubt. For Maryland to encounter such odds would be to doom her self to desolation and destruction. Even should the South render aid, they would be driven back, and our State left to mourn over Brindle John Jr. her calamity and crime.

It was the aim of the South to confine the Crossland John M.

war to the Border States. Cobb was even now congratulating his confreres on the re Collins Patrick moval of it from their midst.) But Maryland | Carpenter Mrs. A. should frustrate this cowardly policy. Let those who have provoked the war bear its entire brunt. Maryland's proper position is to remain firm in her loyalty to the Govern Davis J. W

The rebellious leaders had done all they Eagle E. J. Miss could to achieve Mr. Lincoln's election, as the Fulk Davis means of precipitating the revolution in the South. They relied, for the success of their | General Miss S. plans, upon the intervention of the Border States and divisions in the north. But, Gosler J. B. short sighted men! the first gun fired at a Hollenshead Thos. noble and starving garrison was a blow at the Haffemnait M. 2 nation's heart, and the North sprung to arms in vindication of the flag and for the maintenance of the Government. Heaven forbid that the duty of that vindication should be forgotten by Maryland. Temperary causes may have cast doubt over her loyalty, but every true man of Maryland is devoted in at-Haines Hashabiah Hagerty Maggie Harper G. D. ent to the national emblems, and will unite in the sentiment of the choras of the national anthem:

"The star-spangled banner! Oh long may it wave O'er the homes of the free and the hearts of the

Major Elbow thinks that Jef Davis and is pirate crew ought to have excepted a few tories still at the north from their declaration

The Rev. J. C. Fletcher gave us last evening a bril-The Rev. J. C. Fletcher gave us last evening a brilliant lecture on the religion, customs and people of Brazil. Seldom have we relished anything more than the picture he laid before his audience of that exnberant garden of the tropies laden with its strange variety of fruit and flowers, teeming with perpetual harvest for the hand of man. Surely that country must be the garden of the world, and if the people had the enterprise which moves this Yankee nation, imagination could not set a bound to the results they would produce there. As relevant to this comparison the Rev. gentleman stated that the best remedies employed there for the diseases to which they are subject, are invented and supplied to them by our well known countrymen, Dr. J. C. Ayer of Lowell, Mass., and that not the people only but the priesthood and the court of the Emperor down, have constant recourse in sickness to the remedies of this widely eelebrated American Chemist.—Ledger, Reston.

Pites in Both Forms Cured.

Pites in Both Forms Cured.

Read This!—"I can only account for my present sound health from the constant, though moderate use of Borhave's Holland Bitters—having from my youth suffered, at intervals, from Pites, in both forms, sometimes so severely as to completely prostrate me. I have for several months past, though subject to loss of sleep and unusual physical effort, been entirely free from any symptoms of this distressing disease, while my general health is much improved."

Parsons doubting the authenticity of this certificate, are requested to call upon or communicate with the proprietors. They will take pleasure not only in referring them to its author, but to many others who have used the Holland Bitters for the same affection, with equal success.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU FOR THE BLADDER.

Helmbold's Bucha for the Kidneys.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for the Gravel.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Nervousness. HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Loss of Sight. HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Difficult Breathing.

SEXUAL ORGANS. Fxisting in either sex. from whatever cause origin-ted, and no matter of How Long Standing.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu is pleasant in its taste and dor, and immediate in its action. Price \$1 per bot-le, or six for \$5. Delivered to any address, accompa-iated by religible contributes. nied by raliable certificates.

Depot, 104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia. For sale in Lewistown by Chas. Ritz, Sole Agent.

Married.

On Thursday evening, at the Black Horse Hotel, in Lewistown, by the Rev. H. R. Fleck, LEVI WILEY to Miss SIDNEY PLUCK, both of Mifflintown, Juniata County.

On the 10th olt., by Rev. J. S. McMurray, ALBERT H. STRUNK to Miss CATHA-RINE A. ALEXANDER, both of this coun-

ty.
On the 7th inst., by the same, ISAAC L.
RUBLE of Mifflin county, to Miss MARY
H. KERLIN of Juniata county.
On the same, by the same, EPHRAIM WI-

SAN of Mifflin county to Miss ELIZABETH Four Hammers, three Screw Plates. WHITE of Huntingdon county.

THE Treasurer of the Logan Guard I lief Fund would state for the informati of all persons that the orders issued are the necessaries of life, and with all stores sums of \$5 or \$10, but not less than the mer. It may be also proper to add that fund is only intended for those who have been deprived of their usual support and who have not means to maintain themselves.

Subscribers to the above fund are reque ed to make payment of their second and third instalments, to the credit of the under signed, at the banking house of Wm. Russell.

The orders are issued every Saturda morning, from 8 to 12 o'clock, at which hour the undersigned will be found at the Gazett GEORGE FRYSINGER, Treasurer Lewistown, May 16, 1861.

New Spring and Summer Goods, R. F. ELLIS, of the late firm of McCor. & Ellis, has just returned from the city with a choice assortment of

Dry Goods and Groceries, selected with care and purchased for co which are offered to the public at a small ad vance on cost. The stock of Dry Goods embraces all descriptions of

Spring and Summer Goods suitable for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children with many new patterns. His

Grocerics

comprise Choice Sugars, Molasses, Java, Rio and Laguyra Coffee, superior Teas, &c Boots and Shoes, Queensware, and all oth articles usually found in stores—all which the customers of the late firm and the publi in general are invited to examine,

Country Produce received as usual and th full market price allowed therefor. Lewistown, May 16, 1861.

I IST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office at Lewistown, up to May 14, 1861 Belford & Frow Long S. M. Lilley W. Balliet Nicholas Breyman A. S. Moyer G. Murray W. Esq. Bloom J. Baker Joseph Myers Abraham Morrow Samuel Miller J. Esq. 2 Manning J. II. McManigal R. McClure David McAlarney M. W

Nolf Aaron Dunn S. Powel George Davis Priscilla Remlet J. Ritner Mrs. Kate Derr Samu Rittenhouse Z. Rothrock A. Sharmar E. D. Sash Fred Seales Samuel

Shirely G. W Smith W. F Tedd John Woods Arthur Wagner Abraham Wilt H. C. Wells Abraham Hashadan Wens Abraha y Maggie Yates Jno. A. Yerger J. P. on E. Yerger M. Ship Letter—John Bradley.

Persons calling on the above letters will please say they are advertised, one cent of on each.

S. COMFORT, P. M. Lewistown, May 16, 1861.

ATTENTION! THE VOLUNTEER'S MANUAL,

JUST FUBLISHED, CONTAINS FULL INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE RECRUIT.

In the Schools of the Soldier and Squad, with over One Hundred Illustrations of the different positions in the Facings and Manual of Arms, and the Loadings and Firings. ARRANGED ACCORDING TO

SCOTT'S SYSTEM OF INFANTRY TACTICS, BY

Lt. Col. D. W. C. BAXTER. OF THE

NATIONAL GUARD.

12mo. Size. Convenient for the Pocket.

This is the Latest, Best and Cheapest Work on TACTICS. It is Approved of Officially. AGENTS WANTED

IN EVERY TOWN, VILLAGE AND HAMLET. THE SAME WORK IN GERMAN, Translated by an experienced Military Officer

and Savan. RETAIL PRICE, 25 Cents per Copy; or, bound in Flexible Cloth, 40 Cents. Mailed anywhere, FREE of Postage, on receipt of 25 or 40 Cents.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE. KING & BAIRD, Printr's. and Pub's, 607 SANSOM ST., PHILAD'A.

Philadelphia, May 16, 1861-1m 100 BBLS Extra Family Flour, for sale JOHN KENNEDY & Co's.

100 BUS. Blue Mercer Potatoes, for sale myl6 JOHN KENNEDY & Cos. TOTICE is hereby given that the follow

Ing property, purchased at Constable's Sale, on the 24th April, as the property of Jacob Valentine, to wit: Three Beds and Bedding, Sink, Table, Clock, Stove, Trunk, half dozen Chairs, Kettle, two Cows, four Hogs, Blacksmith's Bellows, Anvil,

Six pair of Tongues, ten set Heading Tools, Six Pincers, six Handle Punches, which I have left in his hands during my On the 9th inst., by the same, JOHN FINK pleasure; and all persons are hereby caution of Huntingdon county, to MARY E. MIL. ed not to interfere with the same in any man-LER, daughter of Geo. Miller, Esq., of this ner whatsoever.

my2-3t*

PHILLIP AYRES