Whole No. 2597.

DR. J. LOBIE, OPETER TRE

FFICE on East Market street, Lewistown. adjoining F. G. Franciscus' Hardware P. S. Dr. Locke will be at his office ne first Monday of each month to spend the my31

DR. A. J. ATKINSON,

AVING permanently located in Lewis-

Dr. Samuel L. Alexander. Has permanently located at Milroy, and is prepared to practice all the branch es of his Profession. Office at Swineart's Hotel. my3-ly

EDWARD FRYSINGER. WHOLESALE DEALER & MANUFACTURER

CIGARS, TOBACCO, SNUFF,

&c., &c., LIEWISTOWN9 IPA. Orders promptly attended to. jel6

GEO. W. ELDER, Attorney at Law,

Office Market Square, Lewistown, will at-

norde, 2 buemeul, Seigrist's Old Stand,

Near the Canal Bridge, Lewistown, Pa. Strong Beer, Lager Beer, Lindenberger d Switzer Cheese—all of the best quality instantly on hand, for sale wholesale or re-

Yeast to be had daily during summer.

MCALISTERVILLE ACADEMY Juniata County, Pa.

GEO. F. McFARLAND, Principal & Proprietor. JACOB MILLER, Prof. of Mathematics, &c. Miss ANNIE S. CRIST, Teacher of Music, &c. The next session of this Institution comences on the 26th of July, to continue 22 reeks. Students admitted at any time.

A Normal Department be formed which will afford Teachers the

t opportunity of preparing for fall examina-A NEW APPARATUS has been purchased,

neturers engaged, &c.
Terms—Boarding, Room und Tuition, per ession, \$55 to \$60. Tuition alone at usual rates.

Light Circulars sent free on application.

SILVER PLATED WARE, BY HARVEY FILLEY,

No. 1222 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Fine Nickel Silver, and Silver Plater of Forks,
Spoons, Ladles, Butter Knives, Castors,
Tea Sets, Urns, Kettles, Waiters, Butter Dishes, Ice Pitchers, Cake Baskets, Communion Ware, Cups, Mugs, Goblets, dec.

assortment, comprising none of the best materials and bear ality, made of the best materials and heavily pla-nstituting them a serviceable and durable article dels. Steamboats and Private Families. Ware re-plated in the best manner. feb23-1y

WILLIAM LIND, has now open

A NEW STOCK OF

Cloths, Cassimeres fession is underrated and must be hoisted

AND VESTINGS.

est and most fashionable styles. ap19 New Fall and Winter Goods.

which will be made up to order in the neat-

R. F. ELLIS, of the late firm of McCoy & Ellis, has just returned from the city

th a choice assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, ested with care and purchased for cash.

shich are offered to the public at a small adance on cost. The stock of Dry Goods emfaces all descriptions of

Fall and Winter Goods suitable for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children,

with many new patterns. His Groceries

comprise Choice Sugars, Molasses, Java, Rio and Laguyra Coffee, superior Teas, &c. Also, Boots and Shoes, Queensware, and all other articles usually found in stores—all which

the customers of the late firm and the public a general are invited to examine. R. F. ELLIS.
Country Produce received as usual and the full market price allowed therefor. Lewistown, October 25, 1860.

VAILS, Spikes, &c .- A large and full assortment of Duncannon Nails and Spikes. Also a full assortment of Tacks, Screws, &c. For sale by JOHN KENNEDY & CO.

RESH Raisins, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Candies and Fancy Candy Toys at wholesale country stores and confectioneries can be had at A. Felix's, at a small advance on city prices, for cash.

75 cents per gallon for best Coal Oil, at F. G. FRANCISCUS'S

THE housekeepen.

Snow Cakes .- The use of snow as a

them, and serve hot.

suit the taste.

Boiled Indian Meal Pudding .- Take

Balloon Padding .- To one square ba-

king tin, use four eggs and three table-spoonsful of flour, well beaten together;

eggs and four spoonsful of flour.

little salt; then fill up with sweet milk.

BOUGATIONAL.

Edited by A. Smrn, County Superintendent.

you said train leads to no destructive or

malignant mine, however explosive the ef-

fusions may seem from time to time. I

have watched closely the spirit that seems

t) pervade the school teaching fraternity,

and although there is with many a lauda-

ble degree of resolution and manliness dis-

played, still it seems that the main current

of sentiment flows from it; normal channel.

In evidence of this, I refer to the sayings

and doings of teachers themselves. Hear

the burden of our song at our last associa-

tion !- ' Parents are indifferent! The pro-

up! Ours is a missionary work in an ard-

uous and self-sacrificing cause! Teachers

are not half rewarded, nor do they receive

proper social recognition! Society is with-

out appreciation; in short-Oh, for that

other world where the wicked (apathetic)

cease from troubling, and the weary are at

rest.' But stop, Mr. Teacher—a question if you please! What is society, and who

are you that you thus arraign it? Who is

this heartless personage that thus grinds

down these high souled philanthropists?

Is it the same that points with venera-

tion to a Shakspeare, a Milton, a Schiller,

a Prescott, an Irving, and a Horace Mann?

Is it the same that with pride and enthu-

siasm calls up the names of Washington,

Jefferson, Madison, Webster and Clay. Is

it the same that eulogizes a Howard, a

Judson, a Wilberforce, a Florence Night-

engale? Is it the same that exults in the

rapid strides of the arts and sciences, and

points to their progress as an evidence of

the skill of this, or the intellectual great-

Verily it is the same, and what is more,

said, society has been too often cheated to

be willing to take on 'tick' any half found-

ed claims to distinction. She has a right

to demand of us some substantial evidence

to our claim-something besides resolu-

tions and high sounding notices of associ-

ations-something besides self-asserted im-

portance or imbecile croakings for promo-

'God helps those that help themselves,'

neess of that one?

Point him out! make him known!

For the Educational Column.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1861.

substitute for yeast, or other leavening sub- ing public recognition; what are our pub- father's house in Montreal, to visit an unstances, is not new, though it is not known lie attractions? Let the associations and cle that resided in Kentucky, in charge of to all how to use it. The following recipe conventions answer, how many are pre-as vouched for, by one who knows, as a pared? How many seem to have acquired who was sent expressly to attend her. But AVING permanently located in Lewistown, offers his professional services a good sized wood or other bowl, with su nothing of speaking thus? 'It is hard for session, an evil spirit prompted him to rob the citizens of town and country. Office est Market St., opposite Eisenbise's Hotel. esidence one door east of George Blymyer.

Lewistown, July 12, 1860-tf

a good sized wood or other bowl, with such that safe it is had to session, an ever spirit prompted that to look an empty bag to stand upright, as poor her; and in a lonely spot near Pine Creek, her; and in a lonely spot near Pine Creek, it together with a spoon. When well mixthink that the public apathy toward conditions the citizens of town and country.

A good sized wood or other bowl, with such as the citizens of the prompted that to look an empty bag to stand upright, as poor her; and in a lonely spot near Pine Creek, he presented a pistol to her breast, compellations that the public apathy toward conditions the prompted that to look an empty bag to stand upright, as poor her; and in a lonely spot near Pine Creek, he presented a pistol to her breast, compellations that the public apathy toward conditions the prompted that to look and the prompted that the prompted that to look and the prompted that t ed, it appears like so much dry meal or ventions and associations is owing to the money she possessed; when he immediately snow. Fry a little on a hot griddle; if it absence of novelty, still it must occur to stripped her, tied her in this shameful con-

> if too wet to be light, add more meal; when other reason. just right, fry on the griddle, in conveni-Cider Cake .- One pound of butter, one stood that the award is for the worthy alone? went with the family to the spot, and poinpound of sugar, four eggs, well beaten to-gether. Dissolve two tablespoonsful of so-a gentleman on his legs, is higher than a gentleman on his knees, as Poor Rich-and the path she had beaten round the tree da in one pint of cider, and pour it into ard says.

> the previous mixture, and then stir in grad-But why is society to nurture you on the card necessary motives as strongly as you. With distress at the thought of her situation among strangers. She gave her name

Indian Toust.—Place two quarts of milk so do you.

When it hoils, add a spoon- Where is the difference then; I grant Where is the difference then; I grant where: over the fire. When it boils, add a spoondish, six or eight slices of light Indian and we have not; they have eat the strong one quart of buttermilk, two eggs, one tablespoonful of soda, and meal enough to sylvania, and cry as in deep affliction, 'Oh, their liberality. make a thick batter, tie it tightly in a bag, look with compassion upon us, thy worthy drop it into a kettle of boiling water, and but much persecuted servant, and of our we work our own way up to recognition by Bake fifteen minutes in a quick oven. their way, but instruments nevertheless; vations and effected his escape. Serve with sweetened cream or any sauce or shall we be men and women?

you choose. It can be made with three cents ought not to concern teachers very much. They should have higher aims. But don't let us be wining about the matlet us quit the business.

School Teachers and School Teaching. But I have talked so long and said so came. Still the public confidence in her The teachers' association of two or three little on firstly, that I have neither the in- was unshaken. weeks since has re-enlivened in my mind | a train of thoughts that has for some time | clination nor the presumption to present

A TEACHER.

MISCELLANEOUS.

From the Banner of the A. L. S. THE BORE.

Of all the detestable things we know, And we feel like giving it here a blow, Is the man with a superabundant flow Of Gas.

There's nothing too broad, too deep, too high, In fact, there's nothing beneath the sky, Into which he's not ambitions to pry, The conceited Ass.

He's by no means afflicted with modesty, Nor yet with that other thing, courtesy, And sure, his ruling propensity Is to find out all he can.

And then he's not over sensitive, Perhaps, a little inquisitive, But that, you know's a prerogative, Peculiar to such a man.

He can tell all the wonderful things of the times, Not only of this, but of other climes, And can picture to life heart-rending crimes, In a most magnificent style.

No matter, whether you're busy or not, And if he a hurry, you're bound to stop, How much, or how little time you've got, You can just depend up

That he'll set down, the egregious bore, And stay for perhaps an hour or more, Till you feel inclined to show to the door This wretched conglor

You hint, and hint, but, alas! in vain, He only stops, to—begin again,
Till you're almost tempted, with might and main
To choke the abomination.

He's a kind of a social incubus,

With all of his many gifts tabulous, And sure, 'twill be wished by all of us. That he possessed a dame.

With a temper inclined to be violent, belightfully fond of government, Thinking her lord incompetent To govern—only in name:

For then we might hope to be rid of him, And joined to this loveable feminise, We know he'd be under good discipline,— The kind, we need not explain.

Esther McDowell-A Singular Story. J. F. Meginnis in his history of the

North Branch Valley relates the following history of a successful imposition practiced upon the people of Jersey Shore, in 1803. About the year 1803, a remarkable circumstance transpired at the upper end of the same growing wiser. Society is not the borough of Jersey Shore, well rememour enemy, teachers, but is far more ready bered by all the old people living at that to recognize us than we it. As has been time. Pine trees, in considerable numbers, were then standing on the spot I now speak An old Dutchman, named Martin Reese, had built a cabin near where the public road crosses the canal, on the farm now owned by Mark Slonaker, Esq., and made some improvements. Rising very early one frosty morning in October, he was surprised to find a beautiful female in a state of nudity, with her hands tied behind her back, and a gag over her mouth,

from society equally with the other profes-sions. Have we an equal stock of 'par ble cabin. She appeared to be completely

AN ACT FOR THE COMMUTATION
OF TONNAGE DUTIES. funds' for this same public to discount? chilled through with cold, and could scuree-It is useless now for us to point to our army ly speak for some time. On recovering of children and youth that will be men sufficient strength she related that she had and women in spite of us. We are claim- been traveling on horseback from her cooks too dry to turn well, add more snow; us occasionally that possibly there is andition, to starve with hunger or be devour ed by wild beasts. She had remained in I ask again, do we really merit all we that condition nearly all night, when after ent sized cakes, and they will be as light claim? If not, is it consistent with self-respect, is it manly, to accept what we have leased herself and made her way to the cab no claim to, especially when it is under- in. After being refreshed, she willingly

trying to free herself.

There was something artless in her apually two pounds of flour. Cloves and 'pap' of public indulgence, more than a pearance; and her modest demeanor and mace are the best seasoning. Any fruit thousand and one other agencies in its ad-delicate frame, left no doubt in the minds can be added, either raisius, currants or vancement? Their callings are needful of those who saw her, that her statements eitron. This makes two large loaves. It and so is yours. They are laboring for hu were true, and that she had been foully dealt should be baked three hours with a steady man progress, and so are you. They dis with. She appeared to be overwhelmed

as Esther McDowell.

Rev. Mr. Grier, father of Judge Grier full of flour to thicken, a tablespoonful of there is a difference, but it is just here: of the Supreme Court, resided close by, salt, a small lump of butter, two table- they are old, we are young; they have and took her into his family, and kindly spoonsful of sugar; have ready, in a deep showed themselves worthy of recognition, provided for her wants. A great deal of sympathy was excited in her behalf, and bread toasted. Pour the mixture over meat which we would substitute for 'pap,' the neighbors vied with each other in makand have become strong; we have our bone | ing her presents of clothing. Several genand sinew yet to form. Now, then, shall tlemen, now living, presented her with valwe patronizingly lift our listless eyes to so- uable silk dresses, and other articles, which ciety, or to the old commonwealth of Penn- she accepted, and kindly thanked them for

Meanwhile the news spread throughout the country, and the public indignation let it boil one hour. Eat it with sauce to many needs be thou ever mindful; or shall was highly excited against the villain Connett. Handbills, offering a reward for his personal manliness, accepting nothing but apprehension, were put in circulation, and what we have earned, and claiming that by the chivalry of the West Branch started right and not by favor? Shall we act as in all directions to look for the scoundrel. mere appendages to society, appendages He had twenty four hours' start, however, that may be very useful instruments in and being well mounted, eluded all obser-

The artless girl remained in the neigh-Of insufficient compensation little need | borhood, caressed and entertained by the be said. The little item of dollars and sympathizing people, who could not do enough to alleviate her wants. Her manners were so simple, her actions so ladylike and refined, and her description of the ter. If the merit received plus the due thief so minute, that no doubt was left of bill on the bank of Heaven is not as much her being badly treated. Letters in the as we can earn at any other occupation (?) | meantime were dispatched to her father at Montreal, but weeks elapsed and no answer

The intelligence having spread far and near, strangers flocked in great numbers to see her, and loaded her with presents. Being at the hotel kept by Duffies, at Larry's Creek, a gentleman named Hutchinson, from Milton, called to see her. She eyed him closely, and seemed to keep shy of him, which attracted his attention, and he thought he detected something familiar in her countenance. He requested to have some private conversation with her, which she positively refused, when he exclaimed, calling her by name-'I believe you are the identical young man that once worked for me in Milton as a journeyman tailor! This was a poser, and she became greatly excited, which aroused a suspicion among the people that she might be an impostor. And such she ultimately proved to be .--The pretty Esther McDowell had deceived and humbugged them in a shameful manner, and never was robbed as she represented.

A bundle of men's clothing had also been found near the spot where she was found, secreted in a hollow log, which went to confirm the suspicion. At length she confessed that such was the fact-that she had been playing the impostor; being of a romantic turn of mind, she had actually passed herself off as a young man, and worked as a journeyman tailor.

It was now remembered that a young man, answering her description, had crossed the White Deer Mountains into Nippenose Valley, and staid over night with the family of a farmer. The evening of that day she (he) came to the house of Joseph Antes, Esq., where Major McMicken now resides, and he ferried her over the river, when she doffed her male attire and placed herself in the position in which she was found.

Whatever became of her is not distinctknown, though it is asserted that she left the country soon afterwards, and went to the West under another name, where she shortly afterwards married, and became a highly respectable woman.

The case of Esther McDowell afforded much amusement for many years among the people, and when the subject is broached to the old people at the present day, their mirthfulness is at once excited, and they recount the circumstance of being so nicely humbugged with considerable gasto.

It is a strange way of showing our and so does society. Now, what have we standing in front of her cabin, against a humble reverence and love for the Creator, done, or what are we doing to justify our tree. He relieved her from her uncom- to be perpetually condemning and reviling pretensions? We claim public recognition fortable position as soon as possible, and everything that he has created

De Tonnage Duffes.

Byeress, By a provision of the act to incorporate the Pennsylvania railroad company, approved the thirteenth of April, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and a supplement thereto, approved the twenty-seyenth day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, a tax or duty was imposed on all tonnage loaded or received at Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and intermediate points, and carried or conveyed on the railroad of the said company more than twenty miles, which said tax was intended to compensate for any probable diminution in the receipts of the Main Line of the public works, then owned by the States) by reason of the construction and operation of the said railroad.

And whereas, It was provided in the third section of the ant for the sale of the Main Line of the public works, approved the sixteenth of May, eighteen hundred fifty-seven, that if the Pennsylvania railroad company should become the purchasers of the said works, the said company, in addition to the sum of seven millions five hundred thousand dollars (87.500,000) the price limited by said act, should pay the sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars, (87.500,000) in five per cent, bends of the company, and that theremon the said company, and the flarrisburg. Portsmouth, Mount Jay, and Lancaster railroad company should, in consideration thereothe discharged by the Commonwealth forever from the payment of all taxes upon the tennage or freight carried over said railroads, and the said the Pennsylvaniar railroad company should in consideration thereothe discharged by the Commonwealth forever from the payment of all taxes upon the tennage or freight carried over said railroads, and the said the Pennsylvaniar railroad company should in consideration thereothe de discharged by the Commonwealth forever from the payment of all taxes upon the tennage or freight carried over said railroads, and the said the Pennsylvaniar railroad company should in consideration thereothe discharged by the Commonwealth forever from the payment of all taxes upon

dislature had full authority to repeal the provisions he said set, by which the said tonnage tax was im-

or slackwater navigation in this Commonwealth, from the payment of tomage tax or duty to the State; therefore, Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That if a majority of the directors of the Pennsylvania railroad company, who, for the purpose of this act are hereby vested with all needful authority, shall at any meeting called for that purpose, resolve to accept the provisions of this act, and shall authorize the execution of a written contract under its corporate seal with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to pay into the State Treasury on account of its indebtedness to the Commonwealth, by reason of the purchase of the Main Line of the public works, on the thirty-first days of January and July, eighteen hundred and ninety, inclusive, such sum, in addition to the interest on its bonds owned by the State, and in addition to its annual liability to the State on account of purchase money for said line of improvements, as will increase each semi-annual payment on account of said debt and interest to the sum of two hundred and thirty thousand dollars, and the aggregate of all such payments to the sum of thriteen millions five hundred and seventy thousand dollars, and shall agree to pay, on the said thirty-first day of July, eighteen hundred and siventy thousand dollars, and shall agree to pay on the said thirty-first day of July, eighteen hundred and interest of said bonds, and shall further agree to reduce its local charges for the unpaid of the principal and interest of said bonds, and shall further agree to reduce its local charges for the transportation of grain, flour, eattle, iron, minerals and other property, as hereinafter provided; and if the said company shall in the manner aforesaid, on or before the first day of July next, make and enter into the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a written contract to that effect, and shall on or before the said day deliver the same Pennsylvania a written contract to that effect, and shall on or before the said day deliver the same to the Commonwealth, by depositing the same in the office of the Auditor General, then and in such case, and in consideration thereof, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall not at any time hereafter lay, impose, levy or collect any tax or duty upon, or in respect to freight or tonnage passing over the said Pennsylvania railroad, or the Harrisburg, Portsmouth, Mount Joy and Lancaster railroad, or any part of them, or either side of them, or either of them, unless a like tax shall at the time be imposed, laid or levied upon all other railroads or railroad companies of this Commonwealth; and all laws imposing taxes or daties upon freight or tonnage upon the railroads, canals or slackwater navigation companies, for the use of the Commonwealth, be and they are hereby repealed, and no further or other proceedings shall be had or taken on the part of the Commonwealth or enforce the collection of any tax or duty, or any obligation given therefor, or judgement recovered, or obtained in pursuance of any existing laws on tonnage earried or conveyed on the railroad of said Pennsylvania railroad company, or on that of any other company incorporated by this State; and the said companies shall be, by the proper officers of the Commonwealth, exonerated, released and refleved from every lien and liability to the State on account thereof.

Sec. 2. That from and after the passage of this act, all railroad, canal and slackwater navigation.

Sec. 2. That from and after the passage of this act, all railroad, canal and slackwater navigation companies incorporated by this State, and liable for the payment of taxes or duties on tonnage, imposed by any laws heretofore enacted, shall make a reduction of their charges for transportation on their local freight, as fixed by their respective toll sheets, on the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixtyone, equal to the full amount of tax or duty charge-ble upon such freight or tonnage by the laws aforesaid; the present winter rates between first day of December and the first day of May, shall be considered as fixed at 90 cents per 100 lbs. for first class, 75 cents per hundred lbs. for second class, 60 cents per hundred lbs. said; the present winter rates betyeen first day of December and the first day of May, shall be considered as fixed at 90 cents per 100 lbs. for first class, 75 cents per hundred lbs. for second class, 60 cents per hundred lbs. for second class, 60 cents per hundred lbs. for first class, and 40 cents per hundred lbs. for first class, 60 cents per hundred lbs. for first class, 60 cents per hundred lbs. for first class, 60 cents per hundred lbs. for second class, 60 cents per hundred lbs. for second class, 60 cents per hundred lbs. for second class, 60 cents per hundred lbs. for fourth class, and 40 c

ereof. Sec. 2. That from and after the passage of this act,

New Series --- Vol. XV, No. 15.

their bonds respectively from said companies, payible in twenty years, with interest, payable semi annually, secured by a first mortgage created for the purpose on their property, real and personal, and franchises acquired and to be acquired, and the said companies are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to create and issue bonds, and secure the paying the consent of the majority of their respective stockholders present at a meeting to be called for that purpose, of which notice shall be given, as provided by their charters or by-laws, respectively; said bonds, and the mortgages given to secure the same shall not exceed in amount the sum required for the cost of the superstructure of bridges, the rails, cross ties, chairs and spikes, and laying the track of the said roads respectively—and the proceeds of all the said bonds so secured, shall be exclusively applied to the said purposes—and the said purchases of bonds shall be required to be made of each of the said companies in instalments after sections of said roads, respectively, of the length of five miles from each end as herein before designated, shall have been duly graded, and the masonry completed, and after the said grading and masonry shall have been approved by a competent civil engineer appointed by the Governor for that purpose—and who shall be paid for his services by the said companies receiving aid under the previsions of this act—and when each section of five miles so graded from each such and of the said constant of this act—and who shall be purposed and such certificate so given, then the pro rata proportion of the said bonds shall be purchased, and so continued from time to time until the amount payable to the said continued from time to time until the amount payable to the said continued from time to time until the amount payable to the said continued from time to time until the amount payable to the said continued from time to time until the amount payable to the said continued from time to time until the amount payable to the said

act, any such company so in default shall no longer have any right to demand or require any further purchase of their bonds as aforesaid, and the sunsy which any such defaulting companies would have been entitled to demand in psyment of their bonds, shall be added pro rata to the purchases to be made of such of the said companies as shall comply with the provisions of this section.

See, 5. That if any stockholder or stockholders of any railroad, canal or slackwater navigation companies shall be disatisfied with, or object to any of the provisions of this act, then it shall and may be lawful for any such stockholder or stockholders, within six months after the passage of this act, to apply by petition to the court of common pleas of the county in which the chief office of the said companies may respectively be held—to appoint three disinterested persons to estimate and appraise the damage, if any, done to such stockholder or stockholders, and whose award, or that of a majority of them, when confirmed by the said court, shall be final and conclusive. And the persons so appointed shall also appraise the share or shares of said stockholders in the said company at the full market value thereof, without regard to any depreciation in consequence of the passage of this act, and the said company may, at its election,

at the full market value thereof, without regard to any depreciation in consequence of the passage of this act, and the said company may, at its election, either pay to the said holder the amount of damages so found, or the value of the stock so ascertained, and upon the payment of the value of the stock as aforesaid, the said stockholders shall transfer the stock so held by him to said company, to be disposed of by the directors of said company, or be retained by them for the benefit of the remaining stockholders. And all laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed. THE PUBLISHERS

OF NEW YORK, His Sole Agents in this Vicinity FOE

STAVING BEEN APPOINTED BY

TOOLPEO WOLFE

Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps, Pure Cognac Brandy,

Pure Madiera, Sherry, and Port Wine, Pure Jamaica and St. Croix Rum,

Pure Scotch and Irish Whiskey, ALL IN BOTTLES,

Begs leave to call the attention of his fellowcitizens to the above WINES and LIQUORS, imported by UDOLPHO WOLFE, of New York.

whose name is familiar in every part of this country for the purity of his celebrated Schiedam Schnapps.

Mr. Wolfe, in his letter, speaking of the purity of his WINES and LIQUORS, says: will stake my reputation as a man, my stand-

ing as a merchant of thirty years' residence in the city of New York, that all the Brandy and Wines which I bottle are pure as import. ed, and of the best quality, and can be relied upon by every purchaser.' Every bottle has the proprietor's name on

the wax, and a fac-simile of his signature on The public are respectfully the certificate. invited to call and examine for themselves. For sale by the Case or Bottle by

JOHN KENNEDY & Co. Agents for Mifflin county

NOTICE!

T is hoped that persons knowing them-selves indebted to the firm of W.M. B. HOFFMAN & Co. will do us the justice of calling and settling their accounts. If not done soon, they will be left at a Justice for collection. F. J. HOFFMAN. Lewistown, January 17, 1861.

10 BOXES Dairy Cheese, at JOHN KENNEDY & Co's