

\$1 per annum in advance—\$1.50 at end of six months—\$2 at end of year.

Papers sent out of the County must be paid for in advance.

The subscription of those out of the County to whom this paper is sent, must be paid for in advance.

We have also set a limit in Mifflin county, beyond which we intend no man in future shall use us for subscription. Those receiving the paper with this paragraph marked, will therefore know that they have come under our rule, and if payment is not made within one month thereafter we shall discontinue all such.

Notices of New Advertisements.

A lady boarder and two or three gentlemen can be accommodated at Mrs. S. Blymyer's. A Teachers Convention will assemble in this place next week.

An election for bridge officers. The Sheriff has made a large addition to his staff. Dr. Ayer's well known Sarsaparilla, and Cherry Pectoral.

No paper will be issued from this office next week. An extra containing such legal advertising as is necessary to be published, together with any extraordinary news, should any come to hand, will however be issued and distributed.

The smallpox has driven the South Carolina secession convention from Columbia to Charleston. The disunion traitors have thus the commencement of three dreaded evils in a "pestilence," and if "war and famine" should follow, they will reap the full measure of their madness. If omens are indications of the future all are bad for the south, as we see that a Charleston steamer was destroyed by fire at New York on Monday, and two others, one from Charleston and the other from Savannah, came into collision, both being badly damaged. It is a little singular that in 1832, when Gen. Scott had taken possession of the forts at Charleston with about 1000 troops, a destructive fire broke out in that city which was quelled with the assistance of the soldiers, most of whom were sent there by the general; and this little circumstance had much to do with cooling down the disunionists then! If an overruling Providence has not as yet doomed us to anarchy for "forgetting God," who can say what means He may employ to save this Union?

The news from Europe continues unimportant. Garibaldi has been invited to visit England. Political affairs in America were exciting much comment in England. The Count of Syracuse died at Siena, on the 4th, of apoplexy. Austria was preparing to defend Venetia. There were fears of a revolution in Wallachia. Specie was being sent to America in large quantities. The Empress Eugenie had visited Queen Victoria at Windsor Castle. There were unconfirmed rumors in circulation to the effect that Napoleon had advised King Francis to cease resistance, and that Cardinal Antonelli had resigned. The statement that Austria was in negotiation to cede Venetia was officially denied by the newspapers.

The population of the United States, by the recent census, is 31,000,000. South Carolina has decided that the 4th of July is no longer a holiday there. Hon. J. S. Black of this State has been appointed Secretary of State in place of Lewis Cass, resigned.

The United States treasury having got rid of the *Cobb*, will now probably contain some corn.

The Charleston Mercury, the principal organ of disunion now as it was in 1832-3, openly proclaims that slavery and free trade are the objects of South Carolina.

Two cadets of the Georgia Military Institute, while firing a secession salute, had each an arm lacerated by premature explosions.

John Simpson, of McConnellsburg, a brakeman on the Broad Top road, was killed at Saxton a few weeks ago by being run over by a train.

A thousand animals, comprising sheep, cattle, horses and mules, were recently burnt on the steamer Pacific near Uniontown, Kentucky. The scene is said to have been most horrible, all the animals having been tied.

Diphtheria is quite common in some parts of the country. The following is said to be effective in most cases: One teaspoonful Cayenne pepper, one teaspoonful bayberry, put in a half pint warm water. Take one teaspoonful every half hour.

Some locofoco members of Congress from the west make great complaint because no doughface from that region was put on the committee of 33. They want the Republicans to save the Union, but are unwilling that party shall have the credit of doing so.

A Blacksmith at Manteuil, France, bought some time ago, a quantity of old iron to work up. Having selected from the heap a musket barrel, he put it into his forge to make it red hot in order to cut it into pieces. As he was pulling it from the fire, a loud explosion was heard, and at the same moment he uttered a piercing cry and fell dead. The barrel had been left loaded, and the ball, striking him above the abdomen, passed through his lungs, came out just below the shoulder, and lodged in a wall at some distance.

Affairs at Washington.

The House Select Committee of thirty-three met on the 13th, and took the following action on that portion of the message referring to the pending difficulties in relation to the South.

Mr. Rust, of Arkansas offered the following:

Resolved, That, in the opinion of this committee, the existing discontents among the Southern people, and the growing hostility among them to the Federal Government, are greatly to be regretted; and that, whether such discontents and hostility are brought about by just cause or not, any reasonable, proper, and constitutional remedies and effectual guarantees of their peculiar interests, as recognized by the Constitution, necessary to preserve the peace of the country and the perpetuity of the Union, should be promptly and cheerfully granted.

Mr. Morrill, Republican, submitted the same resolution without the words "and effectual guarantees of their peculiar interests as recognized by the Constitution," as an amendment. The Committee rejected the amendment—ayes 9, nays 22—Messrs. Campbell of Pennsylvania, Dunn of Indiana, Stratton of New Jersey, Kellogg of Illinois, Howard of Michigan, Curtis of Iowa, Burch of California, Windham of Minnesota, and Stout of Oregon, voting with the South against the amendment. Mr. Ferry, of Connecticut, then submitted a substitute, nearly the same as Mr. Morrill's, which was also rejected, and the original resolution submitted by Mr. Rust adopted—ayes 21, nays 8.

On the final vote Mr. Corwin voted with the majority. The adoption of this resolution by so large a vote was regarded as forming a good basis for an agreement upon some satisfactory plan for the settlement of the pending difficulties, but at the very time when the whole committee was willing to make large concessions, a number of southern traitors sent the following dispatch to all parts of the South:

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13, 1860. TO OUR CONSTITUENTS—The argument is exhausted. All hope of relief in the Union, through the agency of committees, Congressional legislation, or constitutional amendments is extinguished, and we trust the South will not be deceived by appearances or the pretence of new guarantees. The Republicans are resolute in the purpose to grant nothing that will or ought to satisfy the South. In our judgement, the honor, safety, and independence of a Southern people are to be found in a Southern confederacy—the inevitable result of separate State secession; that the sole and primary aim of each slaveholding State ought to be its speedy and absolute separation from an unnatural and hostile Union.

Signed by J. L. Pugh, David Clopton, Sydenham Moore, J. M. Curry, and J. A. Stallworth, of Alabama; Alfred Iverson, J. W. H. Underwood, L. J. Gartrell, and James Jackson, (Senator Toombs is not here, but would sign); John J. Jones and Martin J. Crawford, of Georgia; George S. Hawkins of Florida. It is understood Mr. Yulee will sign it. T. C. Hindman, of Arkansas—Both Senators will also sign it. A. G. Brown, Wm. Barksdale, O. R. Singleton, and Reuben Davis, of Mississippi; Barton Craig and Thos. Ruffin, of North Carolina; J. P. Benjamin and John M. Landrum, of Louisiana. Mr. Sillidell will also sign it. Senators Wigfall and Hemphill, of Texas, will also sign it.

These facts inevitably point to the conclusion that those who lead the disunion movement do not want a settlement of the difficulties alleged to exist, but are bent on carrying out Yancey's plan of precipitating the Cotton States into a revolution; and to effect this we have no doubt rather than see it fall they will commit some act which will plunge the country into a civil war.

The most ominous sign of a disastrous result is the withdrawal of Gen. Cass from Buchanan's cabinet, because the latter refused to send troops and ammunition to Fort Moultrie as demanded by Col. Anderson who is in command there with only 90 men. This demand was seconded by Gen. Scott and Mr. Cass, but Buchanan it seems has more confidence in the traitors who assure him that they will not take the fort than in the advice of those veteran patriots. It will thus fall an easy prey to the southern Tories, and render the collection of revenue doubly difficult.

Buchanan and Cobb are said to have parted in tears! What a scene for a President of the United States to call a disunionist, a traitor, and a Tory, his friend, and weep at his retirement from an office which he had rendered bankrupt by his persistent opposition to an increase of duties.

The son of a high official was arrested at Harrisburg last week in a disreputable house, but afterwards released. This is a great error in the administration of justice, as instead of the poor devils who too often find themselves in jail here and elsewhere, it would be far better if those called respectable were committed to that institution as examples to others.

The personal liberty bill of 1826 was passed by the Legislature of Pennsylvania after it was submitted to three commissioners sent from Maryland to confer upon the subject, and who approved of its provisions. This act gave the State Courts jurisdiction and was the one declared to be unconstitutional by the U. S. Supreme Court.

Let 'em Dissolve.—In a New York omnibus, the other day, a political discussion, rather grave in its tone, was turned into fun by the remark of an old man who had been listening in silence for a quarter of an hour. "They talk," said he, "about dissolution; for my part, I say let 'em dissolve—let's all dissolve!"

Peterson's Magazine for January, the opening number of the volume for 1861, is embellished in very fine style. *Cobwebs*, and *Caught in the Snow*, are the principal engravings, but there are besides many others of, perhaps, little less interest to ladies, such as elegantly colored Paris fashions, and many other colored plates, patterns, &c. In addition to the usual quantity of original stories from the best writers of the country, the following novelets will appear in the course of the year: *A Broken Life*, by Mrs. Anna S. Stephens; *Barbara's Ambition*, by J. T. Trowbridge; *Harley Brooks*, by Frank Lee Benedict; and *The Girl Guardian*, by Grace Gardner. We shall be able to furnish Peterson's Magazine and the Gazette, each for one year for two dollars and twenty-five cents, or to subscribers order the magazine for \$1.28.

The Rural Annual and Horticultural Directory for 1861.—The sixth annual volume of the Rural Annual and Horticultural Directory is on our table. To those not acquainted with the previous numbers, we will say that the Rural Annual is a handsome book of 120 pages, published in Rochester, N. Y., at the office of the Genesee Farmer, and designed to furnish a large amount of valuable and interesting information in a cheap and permanent form. It is illustrated with 80 beautiful wood engravings. The Rural Annual for 1861 will be sent, prepaid by mail, on the receipt of 25 cents in postage stamps. Address Joseph Harris, Publisher of the Genesee Farmer, Rochester, N. Y.

Centre County.

The Bellefonte Press narates the following grand stampede which occurred among the prisoners confined in Bellefonte jail, on Tuesday morning a week, under the leadership of Lewis Sherman, the notorious burglar and jail breaker. An old pick and an axe had been secured, no doubt, from accomplices on the outside, with which they reopened the wall precisely where Kauterman made the breach in April last. In the evening previous, the prisoners had been safely secured in their respective cells, and every precaution taken to guard against their escape, as Sheriff Alexander has received little assurance, from public opinion, that he would be able to keep them. Sherman and one or two others were confined in a back cell, while two or three others were taken below, and confined on the first floor. Sherman divested himself of his manacles by the aid of a steel pen. He opened the first lock with a wooden key, but the padlock being too low to be reached from the inside, he heated the poker (having a fire in his cell) and burnt the staple out of the door. The door opening into the front cell he opened with wooden keys, after which they immediately went to work on the outer wall, not, however, until they had spread a quilt upon the floor to prevent the falling plaster and stones from making a noise. With the aid of their pick and axe, the work of opening a wall that is now ready to tumble down under its own weight, was, doubtless, soon effected. The cord was taken from the bed and attached to the iron bars of the window above, and by this they descended to the ground, four prisoners escaping, Sherman, Rudy, "Corn Doctor," and Kuhn. The other prisoners, refusing to go with them, were threatened with personal violence if they gave the least alarm.

Married, on the 6th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, Jonathan Hess, and Miss Susan J. Dunlap, all of Pine Grove. Died, at the Conrad House, in Bellefonte, of hemorrhage of the lungs, Mrs. Mary C. Baxtresser, aged 18 years, 8 months and 9 days.

Married.

On the 28th November, by Rev. A. A. Eskridge, at the house of bride's father, JAMES McNITT, Esq., of Milroy, to Miss MAGGIE, daughter of John Kyle, Esq., of Honey Creek.

Died.

At McVeytown, on the 24th November, of pulmonary consumption, in the 51st year of her age, Mrs. JANE E. McCLELLAND, relict of Mr. Robert McClelland, late of Grandville township, deceased.

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SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, Fieri Facias and Levavi Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Mifflin county and to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue or outcry, at the Court House, in the Borough of Lewistown, on

Saturday, January 5, 1861, at one o'clock in the afternoon, the following real estate, to wit:

1. A tract of land situate in Armagh township, Mifflin county, containing 208 acres, be the same more or less, dwelling house, frame bank barn and other improvements thereon erected, bounded by lands of Col. John McDowell, Jacob Hawn, John McDowell, sr., Mrs. Johnston, Pike John Taylor, and others.

2. Also, a tract of land in said township, containing 7 acres, more or less, bounded west by Hawn & Thompson, north by Hawn, Holmes Macley, & others, south by Crissman and Kesler, and others, with a large frame mansion house, barn, store room, dwelling house, stable, three small tenant houses and other improvements thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of William Reed and Thomas Reed.

3. All the interest of said defendant in that certain piece and tract of Mountain Land, situate in Armagh and Brown townships, Mifflin county, containing 150 acres, more or less, bounded on the east and north by lands of Wm. McFarlane's heirs, on the west by Samuel Kyle's heirs, and on the south by the mountain survey.

4. All that certain other piece and lot of land, containing 10 acres, more or less, bounded on the north and west by land of Henry McAuley, and on the south by other lands of the defendant, with about 2 acres cleared and fenced in, situate in the said township of Armagh and county aforesaid.

5. All that other lot of land, situate in the township and county last aforesaid, containing about 3 acres, more or less, bounded on the north and northeast by lands of Henry McAuley, and on the south by other lands of defendant, and by land of the heirs of Wm. McFarlane, cleared, with about 1 acre, more or less, cleared and fenced.

6. All that other lot or piece of land, situate in the township and county last aforesaid, containing about 13 acres, more or less, bounded on the north and west by land of Henry McAuley, and on the south and east by land of John Kyle and Owen Coplin, all clear land.

7. All the interest of the defendant in that certain plantation, message and tract of land lying and being situate in the township of Armagh and county aforesaid, containing about 350 acres of land, more or less, embracing what is commonly called the Collett farm and the homestead place, upon which are erected a two story brick dwelling house, a frame bank barn, stable and other buildings. Also a frame plastered house and some other small buildings, bounded on the south by land of Wm. McFarlane's heirs, on the west by land of Samuel Kyle's heirs, on the north by Mrs. Elizabeth Johnston, Henry McAuley and the heirs of Desaix Alexander, and on the east by other lands of defendant, and by John Kyle.

8. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Andrew McFarlane.

9. All that certain piece of land and island lying and being situate in the Juniata river, in Wayne Tp., Mifflin Co. opposite lands of Christian Hanawalt, Smith and others on the north, and the lands of William Johns and others on the south, containing about 16 acres, more or less, about two miles below Drakes Ferry, being the same land which was recovered in ejectment at the suit of the defendant against William Johns, as the property of John M. Davidson.

10. That tract of land situate in Union township, Mifflin county, adjoining lands of John Kauffman, John Hays, Dr. Joseph Henderson and Samuel W. Taylor, containing about 226 acres and 125 perches, with a two story stone house, frame bank barn and other improvements thereon erected, and now in the occupancy of Silas Alexander. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Silas Alexander.

11. A lot or piece of land situate in Brown township, Mifflin county, containing 2 acres and 16 perches, more or less, bounded by lands of Benjamin Garver on the west, Hugh Alexander on the north, east and south, with a four story brick building and other improvements thereon erected, known as the Kishacoquillas Seminary. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of "The Kishacoquillas Seminary."

12. A lot of ground situate in the West Ward of the borough of Lewistown, Mifflin county, bounded on the east by lot of Samuel Molson, south by Pennsylvania canal, west by lot of John L. Griffith, and north by Juniata street, fronting sixteen feet, more or less, on said street, and extending back same width one hundred feet, more or less, to Pennsylvania canal, with a small frame house and other improvements thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Cain Kennedy, deceased, in the hands of his Administrator, John Hamilton, with notice to Samuel Molson, terre tenant.

13. All that certain piece, parcel, and part of a tract of land lying and being situate in Derry township, Mifflin county, bounded by land of George W. Sout, the Lewistown and Kishacoquillas turnpike road, &c., containing 155 1/2 perches of land, strict measure, with a frame distillery and other improvements thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Henry A. Zollinger and Elizabeth M. Zollinger.

14. A lot of ground situate in the borough of Lewistown, Mifflin county, fronting 174 feet on Grand street, and extending back 90 feet same width, bounded by lot of David Chiswell on the north-west, and Samuel Molson on the south-east, with a one and a half story frame house thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Roanna Hoiling and William Hoiling.

1. All that certain tract of land situate in Armagh township, Mifflin county, adjoining lands of the heirs of William McFarlane, the heirs of Samuel Kyle, Mrs. Elizabeth Johnson and others, bounded and described as follows, viz:—Beginning at a white oak on the bank of the creek, corner of lands of heirs of William McFarlane, deceased, thence S. 54° east 145 perches to a white oak, thence north 36° west 26 perches to a white oak, thence south 54° west 116 perches, thence north 53 1/2° west 266 perches to a post, thence south 48° east 694 perches to a hickory, thence south 53 1/2° east 162 perches to a white oak, thence N. 79 1/2° east 26 1/4 perches to a stone, thence south 24 1/2° east 20 1/2 perches to the place of beginning, containing 175 acres and allowance, more or less, with a two story brick dwelling, large barn, and other improvements thereon erected.

2. All that tract of land situate in Armagh township, Mifflin county, bounded by other lands of Andrew McFarlane, Elizabeth Johnson, Desaix Alexander's heirs, and from McAuley, containing one hundred and seventy five acres of land, with the allowance of six per cent. for roads, with a two story frame house and some outbuildings thereon erected.

3. All the interest of said defendant in that certain piece and tract of Mountain Land, situate in Armagh and Brown townships, Mifflin county, containing 150 acres, more or less, bounded on the east and north by lands of Wm. McFarlane's heirs, on the west by Samuel Kyle's heirs, and on the south by the mountain survey.

4. All that certain other piece and lot of land, containing 10 acres, more or less, bounded on the north and west by land of Henry McAuley, and on the south by other lands of the defendant, with about 2 acres cleared and fenced in, situate in the said township of Armagh and county aforesaid.

5. All that other lot of land, situate in the township and county last aforesaid, containing about 3 acres, more or less, bounded on the north and northeast by lands of Henry McAuley, and on the south by other lands of defendant, and by land of the heirs of Wm. McFarlane, cleared, with about 1 acre, more or less, cleared and fenced.

6. All that other lot or piece of land, situate in the township and county last aforesaid, containing about 13 acres, more or less, bounded on the north and west by land of Henry McAuley, and on the south and east by land of John Kyle and Owen Coplin, all clear land.

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13. All that certain piece, parcel, and part of a tract of land lying and being situate in Derry township, Mifflin county, bounded by land of George W. Sout, the Lewistown and Kishacoquillas turnpike road, &c., containing 155 1/2 perches of land, strict measure, with a frame distillery and other improvements thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Henry A. Zollinger and Elizabeth M. Zollinger.

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15. All that certain tract of land situate in the south corner of Market and Wayne streets in the borough of Lewistown, being sixty feet in front on Market street and extending back two hundred feet to a public alley, bounded on the north by Market street, east by Wayne street, south by a public alley, and west by lot of Mary Booth, with a large and commodious tavern stand, two story brick dwelling house, stable, and other improvements thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Susan Brown, who survived John Brown.

16. All that house and lot, situate in the borough of Lewistown and bounded as follows, to wit: fronting 30 feet on Market street in back of a sixteen feet alley, and bounded on the east by the banking house, west by the house and lot of Samuel S. Woods, formerly owned by Gen. James Potter. The improve-

ments consist of a two story brick dwelling house, stable, &c. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Alexander W. F. Stretz, with notice to terre tenant.

C. C. STANBARGER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Lewistown, Dec. 20, 1860. Bidders at the above Sheriff's Sales, are hereby notified that in each case, where property is knocked down, the purchaser will be required to pay down ten per cent. on the amount of his bid in cash, and the balance of the purchase money in notes for the balance to be paid within three months. Unless these conditions are complied with, before the sales close, the property will be set up again and sold.

DEDICATION.—The New Presbyterian Church of Bellefonte will be dedicated to the Most High on Thursday, 27th December. The public are respectfully invited to attend. no22-g

AYER'S Sarsaparilla FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD. And for the speedy cure of the following complaints: Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Erysipelas, Piles, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Dropsy, Blain, and all other Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 8th Dec. 1859. I feel it my duty to state, that I have been cured of a Scrofulous Affection, which has been with me for many years. Some time since I was afflicted with a Scrofulous Affection, which was attended with a great deal of suffering. I tried many medicines, but without success. At length I was cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I feel it my duty to state, that I have been cured of a Scrofulous Affection, which has been with me for many years. Some time since I was afflicted with a Scrofulous Affection, which was attended with a great deal of suffering. I tried many medicines, but without success. At length I was cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from St. Louis, Mo., 15th Sept. 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He writes: "I was afflicted with Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He writes: "I was afflicted with Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla."

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co. writes from Lowell, Mass., 15th Sept. 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He writes: "I was afflicted with Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla."

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