

THE GAZETTE.

LEWISTOWN, PA.

Thursday, November 1, 1860.

\$1 per annum in advance—\$1.50 at end of six months—\$3 at end of year.

Papers sent out of the County must be paid for in advance.

The subscription of those out of this county to whom this paragraph comes marked, has expired, and unless renewed will be discontinued.

FOR PRESIDENT, HON. ABRAHAM LINCOLN. OF ILLINOIS. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, HON. HANNIBAL HAMLIN, OF MAINE.

Notice to Water Renters—two valuable books advertised by John E. Potter, of Philadelphia—George Blymyer's new goods—list of letters—F. G. Francis has a new lot of coal oil, &c.—John Kennedy & Co. has an extensive stock of all kinds of goods.

The Democratic March Towards Slavery.

Hon. R. M. T. Hunter, in a late speech at Charlottesville, Va., gave a review of political affairs, from which the following extract is quoted, giving a singularly faithful picture of that change in the course of politics which has called the Republican party into being:

"When I first entered the Federal Councils, which was at the commencement of Mr. Van Buren's administration, the moral and political status of the slavery question was very different from what it now is. Then the southern men themselves, with but few exceptions, admitted slavery to be a moral evil, and palliated and excused it upon the plea of necessity. Then there were few men of any party to be found in the non-slaveholding States who did not maintain both the constitutionality and expediency of the anti-slavery resolution, now generally known as the Wilbur proviso. Had any man at that date ventured the prediction that the Missouri restriction would ever be repealed, he would have been deemed a visionary and theorist of the wildest sort. What a revolution have we not witnessed in all this! The discussion and the contest on the slavery question have gone on ever since, so as to absorb almost entirely the American mind. In many respects the results of that discussion have not been adverse to us."

It is only about twenty-four years since the time referred to, when, according to Mr. Hunter, who is high democratic authority, the general sentiment of this country was precisely what is now advocated by the Republican party, yet there is not a paper, nor an eight by ten orator of so-called democracy, who does not denounce these sentiments as abolitionism, leaving the inevitable inference that even long after 1836 the whole democracy of the Union as well as whigs were abolitionists! We also find the same sentiment prevailing in this State as late as 1849, for the democratic State Convention which assembled at Pittsburgh in that year, and to which H. J. WALTERS, Esq., and Dr. Geo. V. MITCHELL were delegates, adopted a resolution censuring the extension of slavery as incompatible with our institutions in language quite as strong as that passed at Chicago.

These are facts which cannot be disputed, and the question then naturally arises who has changed? The men who continue to advocate the doctrine that slavery is the creature of local law, or those who, following the lead of southern nullifiers and disunionists, set up the despotic claim that slavery is national? The most simple mind needs no prompting for an answer—it is as plain as a b c. And yet, for continuing to hold these sacred principles, we are told that the south will dissolve the Union if Mr. Lincoln is elected President in the mode and manner prescribed by the Constitution, and that the unhung traitors will set up a confederacy for themselves and plunge the country into civil war. If this is to be the case, the sooner it is done the better; if a mere handful of restless spirits in the South are to dictate to Northern freemen for whom they should vote, and even designate the man to be voted for President, it is time we should know it, so that, instead of being freemen, as most folks have imagined themselves to be, we may act according to what patent democratic newspapers would make us, namely, the mere tools of Southern politicians who hold up the spread of that relic of barbarism, slavery, with its polygamy and necessarily cruel and unjust laws, as the idol whom all men are to worship.

By the latest news from Europe we learn that Garibaldi had advanced on Capua and taken one of the bastions. The Royalists, remembering Volturno's day, were retreating towards Gaeta. Victor Emmanuel, evidently intending to anticipate the proposed plan of Garibaldi to proclaim a united Italy from the top of the Quirinal, had announced his intention of entering the territory of Naples at three different points, on the 9th of October. In the meantime, Austria was fortifying her maritime defences in view of any probable trouble. A European Congress, on Italian affairs, was about to be held. The revolution in China was extending.

"SCHRECKENZEITEN."

A number of years ago the Reading Advertiser, whenever there was danger of defection from the democracy of old Berks, used to regale its readers with a fabulous account of the horrors of the alien and sedition laws and other bugbears, which seldom failed to frighten the disaffected into the ranks again. But people finally got used to the humbug, and at the present day "Schreckenzeiten" are of no avail there.

In Mifflin county, however, there still must be those among the patent democracy who have faith in the old prescription, for we find their organ, the Lewistown Democrat, of late so filled up with horrid sayings and doings, principally manufactured for the occasion, that to read that paper one must imagine any other rule than patent democratic to be ruin, and that a majority are no longer capable of choosing their own Presidents and Governors. Thus, if an abolitionist or some other fanatic, within the past hundred years, has uttered some obnoxious sentiment; if some low-lived politician has attributed language to Burlington, Giddings, or some one else; if a democratic white knave has published a card inviting the colored men to meet for the purpose of forming a Lincoln club (as was the case lately at Pittsburgh);—it forthwith sends it forth as Black Republican doctrine—a rather singular term to be applied to a party advocating the claims of WHITE MEN to those vast regions westward where there is not now a single negro, by the very men who allege that negroes have a right to be taken there under the constitution! We know these publications fall almost harmless, for so many have found themselves misled of late years by trusting to democratic statements that canards are now worth but little; still, to show how utterly reckless statements are made, we will notice a few that lately appeared.

There is one in relation to a certain John W. Wilson, said to be on the Lincoln electoral ticket in the State of Massachusetts, when on examination of said ticket, no such name is to be found, nor is any man of that name known in the State as a politician. Another we see equally absurd, purporting to have come from a certain Elijah W. Green, of Ohio, who is charged with a general onslaught on the German voters of that State, and for which there is not a suggestion of reason. While they are charging the Republican party with every conceivable effort to secure the German vote for Lincoln, they are simple enough to accompany this charge with such statements as those to which we have referred; and this under the most bungling arrangement. In one column, under the head, "Who is Carl Schurz?" you will read an article fully setting forth the feelings of the democratic party with respect to intelligent Germans, and in another an article purporting to have come from Elijah W. Green, and mark the contrast. In the first article you will see that the greatest effort by garbling and misquoting to present this eminent German orator in the worst possible point of sight is made. He is represented as a low fellow, an infidel in religion, a bigot in everything, a fool in politics, and bears the mark all over his frontispiece of an arrant knave and impostor, while by the other article they wish to be understood as sympathizing with these same Germans in the grievous indignities cast upon them by this myth of an Elijah W. Green, of whom nobody knows, and whose speeches nobody ever heard. These are all of a piece with the "double scull" story, dog story and other fabrications sent broadcast over the State against Col. Curtin.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

On Tuesday next the democracy, or what is left of that party, will go through the form of voting for somebody for President, they don't exactly know who, (except such as intend to vote for Lincoln.) To judge from appearances it will be a mixed up affair—some for Breckinridge, some for Douglas, some for Bell, and a considerable lot who, caring for neither, have concluded to stay at home. In the meantime the one boy, two boys, three little boys, the man with the red shirt, more little boys, and several men will be about, and as some of the little boys have no doubt grown into voters since the October election, we shall look for at least 500 majority in Mifflin county for Lincoln. Boys do you hear it—we want you to make our words good; therefore bring out every boy, big or little, old or young, red shirts and dirty shirts, new hats and old hats, bare feet and bootied, and see that they vote for Lincoln, Hamlin, free speech, free territories and a tariff.

New York.—The New York Herald with great reluctance, admits that New York is sure to go for the Rail Splitter. It says—"She will vote for Lincoln, and if by a majority equal to the whole population of Kansas, 100,000, it will not surprise us. There is no genuine fusion between the Douglas and Breckinridge factions."

ELECTORAL TICKET.

Below we give a correct copy of the Lincoln and Hamlin Electoral Ticket, and as it is not at all improbable that some side-door cheat has been or will be attempted by substituting other electors after the names of Pollock and Howe, or otherwise mixing them, we recommend the appointment of a Committee of Vigilance in each district for the purpose of examining tickets.

- James Pollock, Thomas M. Howe, Edward C. Knight, Robert P. King, Henry Bunn, Robert M. Foust, Nathan Hilles, John M. Broomall, James W. Fuller, David E. Stout, Francis W. Christ, David Mumma Jr, David Taggart, Thomas R. Hull, Francis B. Penniman, Ulysses Mercier, George Bressler, A. Brady Sharpe, Daniel O'Gehr, Samuel Calvin, Edgar Cowan, William McKennan, John M. Kirkpatrick, James Kerr, Richard P. Roberts, Henry Souther, John Greer.

Pennsylvania Congressmen.

The following is a correct list of the members elect to the 37th Congress:

Table with 2 columns: Name and District. Lists names like Jno. M. Butler, E. Joy Morris, John P. Verree, etc.

Hale's majority, 1664.

Mr. Hamlin and the Tariff Bill.

About the only thing urged against our candidate for Vice President by some of the democracy who yet make fight against the onward march of the People's Party, is that at some time or other, when he was a good democrat, he was, like that party, a free trader. Mr. Hamlin renounced that party several years ago, and among other reasons stated that the democracy had become regardless of our industrial interests. Last spring, when the Morrill Tariff Bill was up in the Senate, he opposed its postponement, and as will be seen by his remarks, avowed himself ready to vote for it—see Daily Congressional Globe, June 22:—"Mr. President, the motion now pending before the Senate is one to defer this bill to the next session of this Congress. It is a privileged motion, and stands higher in the order of privilege than a motion to amend. Senators, therefore, who, with myself, are in favor of this bill; who want to make a record of their vote, and if left open to discussion, perhaps to discuss its operations, are prevented from doing so directly by the very order in which the question is presented. A direct vote upon the bill as the matter now stands cannot be had, nor can it be had at all unless the Senate shall vote down the motion to postpone to the next session. There is, I apprehend, no other way to test the opinions of men in regard to this matter than by voting against the postponement, and thus to bring the question directly before the Senate. The only way we can test our opinions is by voting against that motion. The motion to defer to the next session of Congress, preventing a vote upon the bill and precluding all amendment, is the most effective that can be made by those who are determined that no action shall be had at this session. For the purpose of knowing precisely how men stand on this question, I ask, when the vote is taken, that it may be taken by yeas and nays, and let that vote be a test upon the bill.

In the Supplement of the same day will be found the vote which postponed this bill—equal to its defeat—the democrats with a few exceptions voting for its postponement, and the tariff men against it. Here is the vote:

Yeas—Messrs. Bayard, Bragg, Chesnut, Glingman, Davis, Fitzpatrick, Green, Gwin, Hemphill, Hunter, Johnson of Arkansas, Johnson of Tennessee, Lane, Mallory, Pearce, Polk, Powell, Pugh, Rice, Salsbury, Sebastian, Sidel, Toombs, Wigfall, and Yulee—25. Nays—Messrs. Anthony, Bigler, Cameron, Chandler, Clark, Dixon, Doolittle, Fessenden, Foot, Foster, Hale, Hamlin, Harlan, King, Latham, Seward, Simmons, Sumner, Ten Eyck, Trumbull, Wade, Wilkinson, and Wilson—23. Any person desiring to see the Globe with this record, can do so by calling at the Gazette Office.

"As for the Bell and Everett men, we believe the majority of them honestly supported Gen. Foster, as their only means of protesting against the sectionalism of the Black Republican party; but their number was greatly over-estimated, and therefore our calculation of success that were based upon that element of strength, were measurably erroneous. The sooner they abandon their distinct organization, and take sides with the party that comes nearest to them, in its principles, the more to their credit will it be. Reading Gazette, democratic organ."

Disunion Panic, &c.

The last resort of the plunderers and their allies is to frighten the people into voting against Lincoln by getting up a disunion and money panic! It won't do—the people have made up their minds to make a change in the government, and if traitors to the Union show themselves, they ought to be met as Tories were met in the revolution, with short shifts, and long ropes! It is worthy of note that all in the South who talk about disunion are Breckinridge and Lane men! What do old democrats here think of such associates, and how will they fell if, after the election, they find they have been allies, aiders and abettors of a nest of Benedict Arnolds?

Book Notices.

The Sunny South, or the Southerner at Home, edited by Professor J. H. Ingraham; and The Pillar of Fire; The Throne of David; and The Prince of the House of David, from the pen of the same author, are the titles of four works just published by Mr. G. G. Evans, the proprietor of the great gift book establishment in Philadelphia. The Sunny South is composed of a series of letters written in the interesting style of a narrative embodying the most romantic features of social life on different kinds of plantations. The Pillar of Fire is the first of a series of works on the history of the Israelitish monarchy. The origin of the monarchy under Moses is treated in this work. Its great glory under David is treated in The Throne of David; while the decline of Hebrew power and the opening of the new dispensation are delineated in The Prince of the House of David. These books possess historical value as hand books of information relative to the scenery, geography, and manners of the Holy Land. Copies of any one of these works will be sent with a gift worth from fifty cents to one hundred dollars, on the receipt of \$1.25 for the book and twenty one cent for postage. Address G. G. Evans, 439 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.

Indian Massacres.—A dreadful massacre of an entire emigrant train by the Snake Indians took place about fifty miles west of Salmon Falls, on the Columbia River, on the 9th of September. Only one person escaped out of a party of sixty—a man named Scheiber. Nineteen of those massacred were men, and the rest were women and children.

Oregon.—The news from Oregon, by the overland mail, is brief but to the point. The difficulties in the Oregon Legislature had been so far overcome that on the 2d the election of United States Senators took place in legal form, and resulted in the choice of J. W. Nesmith, Douglas Democrat, for the long term, and E. D. Baker, Republican, for the short term of five years. The arrangement was, of course, affected by a fusion. This news created the greatest excitement among the California Republicans, many of whom thought their chances in that State by no means so desperate as they had feared.

Notice to Water Renters.

The bills for Water Rents up to April 1, 1861, are now in the hands of George Miller for collection, and in order to avoid all difficulty as to the time of payment, notice is hereby given that he has been instructed to settle the duplicate by the second of December next. By order of the Board. Lewistown, Nov. 1, 1860-1t.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

embracing in part French and Printed Merinos, Plain and Printed Delaines, Morillo Cloths, Mohairs, Mohair for Traveling Dresses, Common Delaines, Woolen Plaids, Common Colobrys.

The largest, neatest, best and cheapest assortment of

SHAWLS AND CLOAKS

in town. Such as a new style of Arab Cloaks, Broche, Sella and Cloth Shawls, ranging from \$1 to \$30.

WHITE GOODS

consisting of Embroideries, Collars, Under-sleeves, &c. Also, Gauntlets, Cotton and Silk Gloves, and numerous other articles in that line.

A beautiful assortment of

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

Ribbons, Tassels, Cords, &c., &c., together with a general assortment of all kinds of goods generally found in large establishments.

For ocular demonstration call at

George Blymyer's.

Lewistown, November 1, 1860.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

Chicago, Illinois, July 29th, 1860. Messrs. John Wilcox & Co.: Your "Infusine" or "Persian Fever Charm," has done wonders. I was wholly dependent and wretched when I applied it, and in five hours the chills were removed and no fever has ensued. It is the simplest cure imaginable, and a wonder of nature and art. I would not be without this "Infusine" a single hour. By constantly wearing it I seem to be "ague proof."

Yours Very Truly, E. M. STOUT.

Mobile, Alabama, July 23d, 1860.

GENTLEMEN: I have been snatched from the grave by the application of your "Infusine" or "Persian Fever Charm." For several years I have suffered every season from fever and ague. Last spring my life was threatened, but your remedy has destroyed the disease, and I am rapidly gaining an appetite and strength.

Respectfully, Yours, D. N. BARRON.

This truly wonderful preventive and cure for Fever, Ague and Bilious Fevers will be sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of one dollar. Also for sale at respectable Druggists and Country Stores. Principal Depot and Manufactory, 188 Main St., Richmond, Va. Branch Office, Bank of Commerce Building, New York. Address JOHN WILCOX & CO.

The People's Cook Book.

Modern Cookery

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

BY MISS ELIZA ACTON.

Carefully Revised by Mrs. S. J. Hale.

It tells you How to choose all kinds of Meats, Poultry, and Game, with all the various and most improved modes of dressing and cooking Beef and Pork, also the best and simplest way of salting, pickling and curing the same.

It tells you All the various and most approved modes of dressing, cooking and broiling Mutton, Lamb, Veal, Poultry, and Game of all kinds, with the different Dressings, Gravies, and Stuffings appropriate to each.

It tells you How to choose, clean and preserve Fish of all kinds, and how to sweeten it when tainted; also all the various and most approved modes of cooking, with the different Dressings, Sauces, and Flavorings appropriate to each.

It tells you All the various and most approved modes of preparing over fifty different kinds of Meats, Fish, Fowl, Game, and Vegetable Soups, Broths, and Stews, with the relishes and seasonings appropriate to each.

It tells you All the various and most improved modes of cooking vegetables of every description, also to prepare Pickles, Catsups, and Curries of all kinds, Potted Meats, Fish-Cakes, Mushrooms, &c.

It tells you All the various and most improved modes of preparing and cooking all kinds of the most delicate and refined Pastry, Puddings, Omelettes, Fritters, Cakes, Confectionery, Preserves, Jellies, and sweet dishes of every description.

It tells you All the various and most improved modes of making Bread, Rusks, Muffins, and Biscuits, the best method of preparing Cakes, Chocolate, and Tea, and how to make Syrups, Cordials, and Wines of various kinds.

It tells you How to season and ornament a Table, how to carve all kinds of Fish, Fowl, and Game, and in short, how to simplify the whole art of cooking as to bring the domestic luxuries of the table within everybody's reach.

The book contains 418 pages, and upwards of twelve hundred recipes, all of which are the results of actual experience, having been tried and carefully tested under the personal supervision of the writer, on receipt of the price, \$1.00, or in cloth, \$1.25.

\$1000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, in selling the above works, our inducements to all such being very liberal.

For single copies of the book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to our agents, JOHN E. POTTER, Publisher, No. 617 Sanson Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Great Work on the Horse.

THE HORSE & HIS DISEASES,

BY ROBERT JENNINGS, V. S.,

Professor of Pathology and Operative Surgery in the Veterinary College of Philadelphia, &c., &c.

Will tell you Of the Origin, History and distinctive traits of the various breeds of European, Asiatic, African and American Horses, with the physical formation and peculiarities of the animal, and best mode of selecting the number and condition of his teeth; illustrated with numerous engravings.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES Will tell you Of breeding, Breaking, Stabling, Feeding, Grooming, Shoeing, and the general management of the horse, with the best modes of administering medicine, also how to treat Biting, Kicking, Rearing, Shying, Stomping, Crab Running, Restless, and other vices to which he is subject; with numerous explanatory engravings.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES Will tell you Of the causes, symptoms, and treatment of Worms, Bores, Strangles, Stomach, Colic, Constipation, Rupture, Piles, Diarrhoea, Jaundice, Hepatitis, Bloody Urine, Stomach, Stones in the Kidneys and Bladder, Inflammation, and other diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Liver and Urinary Organs.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES Will tell you Of the causes, symptoms, and treatment of Bone, Blood and Bog Spavin, Ringbone, Curb, Influenza, Rheumatism, Pneumonia, Pleurisy, Broken Wind, Hoarse Cough, Roaring and Whistling, Lamppos, Sour Mouth and Ulcers, and Decayed Teeth, with other diseases of the Mouth and Respiratory Organs.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES Will tell you Of the causes, symptoms, and treatment of Fistula, Poll Evil, Glanders, Farcy, Scurf, Fever, Mange, Stiff, Locked Jaw, Rheumatism, Cramp, Struck, Struck of the Eye and Heart, &c., and how to manage Castor, Bleeding, Trephining, Rowling, Firing, Hernia, Amputation, Tapping, and other surgical operations.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES Will tell you Of Rarer's Method of taming Horses; how to approach, Halt, or Stub a Colt; how to accustom a horse to strange sounds and sights, and how to Break, Ride and Break him to harness; also, the form and law of Warranty. The whole being the result of more than fifty years' careful study of the habits, peculiarities, wants and weaknesses of this noble and useful animal.

The book contains 384 pages, appropriately illustrated by nearly one hundred engravings. It is printed in a clear and open type, and will be furnished to any address, postage paid, on receipt of price, half bound \$1.00, or in cloth, extra, \$1.25.

\$1000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, in selling the above, and other popular works of ours. Our inducements to all such are exceedingly liberal.

For single copies of the book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to our address, JOHN E. POTTER, Publisher, No. 617 Sanson Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

nov-1-6m No. 617 Sanson Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Lewistown, Pa. for the month of October 1860:

- Ar J. B. Maddin John, Jinkins James, Abraham L. Klenk George, Allen E. Knislo Emma, Breyman A. S. Keppelring Mr., Brandt W. J. Lits William, Bottart V. Lehn M. M., Brivance T. S. Lockwood R. C., Badger William, Meyer S. M. 2, Broome Lucy E. Maddin S. M., Benedict H. 3 Moore D. B., Casey Mrs. J. A. Miller John J., Church J. B. Miller Henry J., Deverell Mrs. McEan P. G., Deitrick S. North John, Dinges A. Normandie E. A., Dinges J. Patton Nathan M., Epply Jane A. Paxton D. M., Emerson Sidney T. Rihne John, Everich J. Strouse II., Ebert J. Sash F., Frantmare John Slifer, Wall, Shriner & Co., Fleming & Henry Co., Grier D. Stewart H., Greve David, Scheiner J. B. 2, Hall & Co Messrs. Shilling James, Hollinshead Thomas, Smith J. D., Hoffman J. H. Slate B., Hasleman G. Taylor J. or B., Hartley John, Wisor M. J., Hamilton Mrs. Alex. Yates J. A., Hamilton J. Yates Jas. P., Kate Leah 68.

Persons calling on any of the above letters, will please say they are advertised; one cent due on each.

S. S. CUMMINGS, P. M.

Lewistown, Nov. 1, 1860.

LOST, on the evening of the wide awake procession, October 5th, A GOLD CHAIN; which the finder will please leave at the Gazette Office, and receive a suitable reward.

oct25

COPPER KETTLES, cheap for cash.

sep6 F. J. HOFFMAN.

\$1 PER GALLON.

PURE DEODORIZED COAL OIL, entirely free from smell or smoke, will burn brilliantly 25 per cent longer than all crystallized or classified coal oils. All coal oil bought from us that does not give entire satisfaction can be returned to us at our expense. It has occurred once or twice that we had to draw our supplies from manufacturers of coal oil, which was not as good as it should have been, owing to the fact that the company who have regularly heretofore supplied us being out of stock, the demand being so great for our superior oil, but having now completed large improvements for its manufacture, our supplies will be regular and abundant.

F. G. FRANCIS.

700 Shoe makers Lasts, of all sizes, styles, and patterns. 20 sets Men's, Boys' Boots and Shoe Lasts, for sale by

F. G. FRANCIS.

LEATHERS.—2000 pounds Red and Oak Sole Leather, Kipps, Uppers, Calf Skins, Morocco, and every description of Leather used by shoe makers, at greatly reduced prices.

F. G. FRANCIS.

7 CTS. per lb. for shoe nails, 4 cts. per quart for shoe pegs. Large and complete assortment of Findings, at equally low rates.

F. G. FRANCIS.

1200 Pieces of Wall Paper just received, entirely new stock. Some very beautiful styles as low as 6, 8, and 10 cts., making our assortment the largest and cheapest in the country.

F. G. FRANCIS.

Coal. Coal. Coal.

500 tons Wilkesbarre Coal, broken and stove sizes, \$4 12, 500 tons Sunbury, 3 75, 2,500 bus. Allegheny stove coal, 3 25, for sale at JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

FISH.—10 blbs. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 mackerel in blbs. and 1/2 blbs. 10 blbs. herring, 5 blbs. white fish. For sale by

JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

Reduction in Sugars.

Brown and yellow 8 to 9 cts. per pound. Refined white from 10 to 12. Crushed sugar 11 cts. For sale at

JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

COFFEE.—A superior article of Rio, Java, key coffee, and extracted used in place of Rio, for sale by

JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

A LARGE assortment of flasks comprising

1 pint, 1 quart, 1 gallon. Demijohns from 1 to 3 gallons, for sale by

JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

OUR assortment of dry goods, groceries, glass ware, boots, shoes, cedar ware, stone ware, &c., will be sold at below cost, as Mr. J. Kennedy, Sr., intends to relinquish the business. Notions and nick nacks of all kinds for sale by

JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

MILLINERS will take notice that our

stock of band boxes, wire ribbons, and all other goods in their line will be sold at low cost, for we are determined to clear out our stock.

JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

STONE WARE.—Butter crocks, cream

spots, milk pans, jugs, &c. For sale by

JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

10 BARRELS water and butter crackers,

5 box s soda crackers, at

JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

COAL OIL LAMPS of many beautiful

terms: Wicks, Chimneys &c., constant on hand and for sale by

JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

NOTICE TO GENTS.

THE subscribers being desirous of closing

out their stock of Boots, Shoes and Under-Clothing, respectfully announce to their citizens and all others, that they will sell their thing in the above line at and below cost.

JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

Groceries.

WE will sell good Brown Sugar at 8

10 cts. White, 11 and 12 cts.; Coffee as low as it can be bought in town and a little better quality.

Gents will please examine the above and govern themselves accordingly.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange of goods, and the market price paid for the above.

JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

SALT! SALT! 200 sacks G. A. Salt

\$1.45, for sale by

JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

CINCINNATI sugar cured hams at 12 1/2

14 cts. per pound, shoulders 11 1/2 cts. per pound, dried beef at 14 to 15 cts. per pound.

JOHN KENNEDY &