

THE GAZETTE.

LEWISTOWN, PA.
Thursday, August 16, 1860.

\$1 per annum in advance--\$1.50 at end of six months--\$2 at end of year.

Papers sent out of the County must be paid for in advance.
The subscription of those of this county to whom this paper comes marked, has expired, and unless renewed will be discontinued.
We have also set a limit in Mifflin county, beyond which we intend no man in future shall owe us for subscription. Those receiving the paper with this paragraph marked, will therefore know that they have come under our rule, and if payment is not made within one month thereafter we shall discontinue all such.

- FOR PRESIDENT,**
HON. ABRAM LINCOLN,
 OF ILLINOIS.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HON. HANNIBAL HAMLIN,
 OF MAINE.
FOR GOVERNOR,
HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN,
 OF CENTRE COUNTY.
FOR CONGRESS
JAS. T. HALE,
 OF CENTRE COUNTY.

Who are the Friends of Protection?
 In the U. S. Senate the vote on the new Tariff Bill stood as follows:

IN FAVOR OF A PROTECTIVE TARIFF:		AGAINST A PROTECTIVE TARIFF:	
Republicans	21	Democrates	25
Democrats	2	Republicans	25
Total	23	Total	50

In the House of Representatives it was:

For the Bill—Republicans	91	Against the Bill—Democrates	59
Democrates	12	Republicans	5
Americans	6	Americans	1
Anti-Lecomp. Democrates	1	Anti-Lecomp. Democrates	1
Total	110	Total	66

Cheap John invites the public and wife to call—Eleven teachers are wanted in the borough of Lewistown—John Kennedy and Co. are closing up their stocks and settling up old accounts—Marks & Willis have received a large lot of various kinds of coal—An administration notice—List of letters.

People's County Ticket.
 The delegates from the different districts in this county assembled on Monday last, and from a large pile of good rails selected a panel to compose a fence around the people's interest.

The re-nomination of Judge HALE for Congress was made by acclamation, thus sustaining our declaration made weeks ago that no one else was spoken of for that position in this county. If tariff men are but true to themselves and their interests, his re-election may be regarded as certain by a large majority.

For the Legislature, ADOLPHUS F. GIBBONEY of Union township received the nomination. He is a young man of more than ordinary talents, of industrious and temperate habits, and distinguished for firmness of character—traits which eminently fit him for a seat in a body where so much evil can be done to taxpayers by one lacking those essentials, who almost necessarily falls into the hands of professional brokers who would him to suit their own purposes and ends. He is also an unflinching tariff man, who will never vote against such tariff resolutions as Mr. Bates did last winter for fear of offending James Buchanan!

For Sheriff, CHARLES C. STANBARGER was nominated. So far as "claims" for office can be recognized, Mr. S. was regarded as the choice of the People, and we think it is conceded on all hands that he will make a faithful and attentive officer, who will discharge his duties with firmness and impartiality.

SAMUEL BARR, the nominee for Register and Recorder, is well known throughout the county as a correct business man, of high moral standing. His capacity to fill the office for which he has been named with credit to himself and benefit to his constituents is undoubted. He deserves the support of the people at large, and we hope will be elected.

SAMUEL BROWER, of Decatur, the nominee for Commissioner, is a brother of Joseph Brower, our excellent Steward at the Poor House, whose good and economical management of that institution elicits praise from all. Mr. B. is a farmer, fully understanding the interests of taxpayers, and will not be likely to do ought that will militate against their interests by unnecessary expenditures. Decatur will give him an overwhelming vote.

ABRAHAM GARVER, of Oliver, the nominee for Auditor, is of a family noted for sound business habits, and his election to the office named will ensure a faithful guardian of the taxpayer's interests.

It is within the bounds of truth to say, that of the large number of candidates before the convention, we have never known better material throughout. But one could be nominated for each office, and, as it is a cardinal principle that the majority should rule, it is now the duty of all concerned, as well as of all others who feel interested in the general success of our prin-

ciples, to lay aside disappointments, to discourage bickerings or fault-finding, and go to work. Those delegated to form a ticket performed their duty quietly and harmoniously. To that ticket we give our cordial support, just as we would have cheerfully done had other candidates been selected from the good men before the convention. There is therefore every incentive to go to work earnestly, and suffer no petty contests for county officers to injure the greater and more important interests at stake.

Our opponents are divided in sentiment and distracted in organization. Though apparently peaceful on the surface, so far as local matters are concerned, they are in reality like a mine with powder and slow match separated only by a few inches.—Look at their organ, for instance: it floats at its head those whom it calls "regular nominees" of the party, yet devotes one half of its columns to a disorganizer, who is besides the nominee of a band of disunionists more infamous than any unwhig traitors who have lived since the days of toriyism in the revolution. Look at their candidates, who pretend to represent a great principle. Is there one among them who has the manliness openly to say that Douglas is the regular nominee of the democratic party, or that Breckenridge was nominated by rank disorganizers and disunionists? Ask Bates who he is for, and he will probably answer "I am for Bates!" Ask McNear the same question, and the answer will be "I am for McNear!" Ask Waream, and the reply comes "I am for Waream!" And so on through the list; yet these men come forward and claim support as representatives of the democratic party and its principles! In organization of a party there can be no second nomination. Douglas was as regularly nominated as any democratic candidate since 1844, and if there are any obligations binding men to submit to usages, all who are not for him are disorganizers to that party. Within that view those candidates come, and although they may flatter themselves with the idea that they can play "possum" through the campaign, and when it is over side with the strongest, it won't do, for the people want to know who Bates, McNear, Waream, &c. are for besides themselves.

Speech of Hon. Isaac Hazlehurst.
 We publish on our outside to-day a speech recently delivered by Hon. Isaac Hazlehurst, the American candidate for Governor in 1857, which we commend to the political friends and admirers of that gentleman in this county. The ground he takes is that in great part occupied by the editor of the Gazette, namely, that we can only look for a sound tariff by electing Lincoln—that his election would finally settle the slavery question by testing the disunionists before their tory doctrines, now promulgated at the south become general, and lastly restore the government to something like order.

A Fizzle Compromise at Cresson--Foster Dodging.
 Mr. Foster, the patent democratic nominee for Governor, is becoming somewhat noted as a dodger, his latest performance in that line having taken place at Cresson last week. It appears he attended there for the purpose of aiding the "democratic" State Committee to bolster up a peace between the true democracy and the sectional disorganizers, and the committee having got into a mud hole, "a committee of three was appointed to invite Gen. Foster to be present." Some time having elapsed, we find in the published proceedings the following:

"Mr. Carrigan, on behalf of the committee which had been appointed to wait on Gen. Foster, said they had hunted for him in the hotel and adjoining woods, but could not find him."
 As we find no subsequent mention of the hiding candidate for Governor, the presumption is fair that he ran away, or hid in the woods or under a bed!

After an arduous sitting, and all kinds of propositions, the committee finally agreed to recommend the voters to head their respective tickets with Douglas or Breckenridge, as their preferences might be; but as the members on the Electoral ticket in great part had refused to pledge themselves to any compromise, this recommendation amounts to nothing at all. The Philadelphia Inquirer, a neutral paper, in noting the efforts made to unite discordant factions in this State and New York says:

"At sundry times within the last six weeks the proceedings of the democracy at Cresson had been of vasty more consequence than at present. Even after the disastrous disruptions of their National Conventions at Charleston and Baltimore, a thoroughly united Democratic party in Pennsylvania might have put the latter upon their metal to achieve a victory for Lincoln. But the leaders, by their bickerings, and their blundering management and blind obedience to the administration, that had already so badly damaged their party, allowed the golden opportunity to pass. As the case stands now, the more sagacious adherents of the Democratic party freely admit that it is but of slight practical importance to the contest in November, whether their party presents a divided

or united front to their adversaries. If a combination is formed that will, in any contingency, ensure to the advantage of Breckenridge, thousands of the Douglas men will stay at home on election day, or else vote for Lincoln. If, on the other hand, such a compromise is effected as admits the regularity of Douglas, and looks to his exclusive benefit, then thousands of the Breckenridge Democrats will sullenly refuse to vote. If a divided front is shown, of course defeat is inevitable. Either way makes Lincoln's "election sure" in Pennsylvania. These views will explain our meaning, when we declare that, however important the result of the Democratic State Committee's deliberations, at Cresson, might have been at one time, they are quite of secondary consequence now.

"Practically, the Presidential question was settled at Syracuse on Wednesday last. New York was the only State where the opposition to Lincoln had a shadow of a chance to concentrate in a way to ensure his defeat. That chance was thrown away, when the delegates to the Breckenridge Convention placed their distinct Electoral Ticket in the field. If they adhere to their resolutions, and the character of the men who controlled it, and the spirit which prevailed the proceedings, indicate that they will, nothing remains but to go through the mere forms of an election in November; for no future event can be more certain, under present circumstances, than that Lincoln will be the next President of the United States."

"The new tavern in our town is not only a hotel, but a hot hell in addition. Drunkenness is rampant. Have we no officers about?"
 We copy the above from the last Shirelysburg Herald as a specimen of what whiskey is doing. In the first place we have a law permitting the sale of liquor—then we have judges who grant licenses—lastly we have officers who do not perform their sworn duties, for we presume the same pertinent question "Have we no officers?" may be asked in every town and village in the State. It is not hard to tell what ought to be the remedy for so great and serious an evil in a Christian land, yet it appears almost impossible to get a legislature which will put its foot upon a traffic daily becoming worse. Unless constables are all deaf, dumb and blind, we have no doubt the court could at any time establish the fact that six out of every ten places in this county where liquor is sold are furnishing it either to minors or persons of intemperate habits, yet whiskey is suffered to do its work—killing a young man one week, and an old man the next—creating broils here, and misery there—poverty in one house, crime in another, disease in a third—and irreligion everywhere—all done too according to law as it is administered!

The Potter County Convention has recommended Hon. James T. Hale for Congress.
 The union-savers of 1856 are now cheek by jowl with the disunionists who nominated Breckenridge and Lane.
 Seventy-two democratic white females were married to negroes in the State of Massachusetts last year.
 It is stated that not less than one hundred Germans abandoned Douglas for Lincoln, after hearing the speech of Carl Schurz at Pekin, Illinois.
 Some locofocoes who talk a great deal about the Constitution recognizing slaves as property, will much oblige many doubters by pointing out the clause that does it.
 It is proposed hereafter to guard each liberty pole in Virginia with four cows—that number being deemed sufficient to protect one against the chivalry.
 A locofoco paper complains that in Cleveland negro children are allowed to sit side by side with white children. The editor forgets that in the south his political brethren are suckled and nursed by negroes.
 Senator Crittenden ridicules the idea that if Lincoln is elected President he will not be allowed to take his seat. He says the majority must rule in this country, or one man will soon overrule all!
 The latest links in the democratic chain are a recognition of disorganizers as true democrats, and of a sectional faction as equal to a National Convention. Who will hereafter pretend to deny that niggers rule the northern democracy?
 The Breckenridge men of Maryland held a State Convention at Baltimore last week—every county represented—by a large majority formed an exclusive electoral ticket, and then formally kicked the Douglas men out of the party.
 To save the Union this year, the democrats are called upon to vote for the candidate of the disunionists! If the same logic should prevail in democratic religion, we shall soon have churches where prayers will be addressed to the devil to save their souls from perdition.
 The course of the Democrat on Mr. Bell's vote on the Missouri Compromise, must remind its readers of a thimble-rigger: "Now, you see, its here—now it aint there!"
 We charged Mr. Bell with having aided Mr. Douglas in repealing that compromise, and quoted the record to sustain us. Last week the Democrat admitted that he did so, but then brings in the apology that Mr. B. finally voted against the Kansas Nebraska act. We care little for reservations in a case like this—we say still, and the record will sustain us, that Mr. Bell deliberately voted to repeal the Missouri Compromise Act—an act which Henry Clay had for thirty years sustained and upheld, and which to the day of his death he considered as of vital importance to the welfare of his country. That he was right, the slavery agitation all over the land, and the position now assumed in the south that the Constitution carries slavery with it everywhere, attests his wisdom and foresight in resisting any encroachments on it.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

PEOPLE'S COUNTY CONVENTION.
 The Delegates from the different townships and boroughs in Mifflin county met at the Town Hall, in the borough of Lewistown, on Monday, August 13th, 1860. On motion, Col. JOHN HAMILTON of Lewistown was appointed President, and SAMUEL MILLIKEN of Armagh Secretary.

The following delegates handed in their credentials:
 Armagh (Old)—Geo. Guthrie, Samuel Milliken.
 Armagh (New)—E. E. Locke, O. P. Smith, Brown—W. McKinney, Robt. M. Kinloe, Bratton—Thomas McCord, James Riniuger.
 Derry—Jesse Mendenhall, Simon Wittenmeyer.
 Decatur—H. C. Vanzant, Joseph Sigler, Granville—D. E. Robeson, John Ruble, Lewistown, East Ward—Peter Printz, John Hamilton.
 West Ward—Joseph Alter, James Smithers.
 McVegetown—James Y. McCoy, Edwin Hammer.
 Newton Hamilton—John Purcell, John G. McLaughlin.
 Oliver—Joseph Elliott, Henry Garver.
 Union—William Morrison, Jos. Campbell, Wayne—S. A. Hines, Elijah Morrison.
 John Purcell and R. M. Kinloe, Esqrs., were appointed tellers.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for candidates for the several offices, which resulted as follows:

- Congress,
HON. JAMES T. HALE,
 of Centre county.
 Assembly,
ADOLPHUS F. GIBBONEY,
 of Union township.
 Sheriff,
CHARLES C. STANBARGER,
 of Lewistown.
 Register and Recorder,
SAMUEL BARR,
 of Lewistown.
 Commissioner,
SAMUEL BROWER,
 of Decatur.
 Auditor,
ABRAHAM GARVER,
 of Oliver.

On motion, the nominations were declared unanimous, and each delegate pledged himself to vote the ticket.

The following gentlemen were appointed as a county committee for the ensuing year, with power to appoint Congressional Congresses, if deemed necessary:

- W. W. Lewistown—Geo. Frysinger, G. W. Elder, E. W. John Hamilton, Amos Host.
 Armagh—Jas. M. Brown, Ira Thompson.
 Lancaster—Jas. M. Brown, Geo. D. Alden, Brown—Jas. W. Stewart, David F. Milliken.
 Bratton—Chas. Bratton Jr., Thos. McCord.
 Derry—Wm. Crighton, Jesse Mendenhall.
 Decatur—A. M. Mitchell, A. M. Ingram.
 Granville—John Ruble, Jos. L. Langston.
 McVegetown—Matthew Wilson, Mathias Neice.
 Newton Hamilton—S. W. Norton, Chas. Gaughling.
 Oliver—Geo. H. Colbrath, Henry Garver.
 Union—Joel Zook (P. Miles Hatley).
 Wayne—A. J. North, W. Hamilton.
 Mcintosh—R. E. Mills, Nicholas Hartzer.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted, and order to be published with the proceedings of the meeting:

Resolved, That the nominations of Abraham Lincoln of Illinois for President, and Hannibal Hamlin of Maine for Vice President, meet our hearty approbation; that the selection of a candidate for President fresh from the ranks of the people, of untarnished reputation and eminent abilities as a statesman, is a tribute of respect to the masses, which will be responded to by them in his election to the highest office in his gift.
Resolved, That the nomination of A. G. Curtin for Governor of Pennsylvania meets our cordial concurrence. He is our neighbor, and we know him well, and while his talents eminently qualify him for Governor, his reputation for business integrity is a guarantee that he will make a faithful guardian of the interests of our good old Commonwealth.
Resolved, That we have entire confidence in the ability, integrity and patriotism of Hon. James T. Hale, our representative in Congress. His close attention to the business before Congress, his watchfulness of the great interests of our own Commonwealth, and his firmness displayed during the exciting scenes of the late session of Congress, are evidences that he is worthy of the confidence reposed in him by his constituents, a new testimonial of which will be manifested by his triumphant re-election.

Resolved, That we commend the ticket put in nomination by this convention to day as one which should command the support of the voters of Mifflin county. If a tariff for the protection of Pennsylvania interests is to be secured, and the business interests within our State now lying idle and desolate, again revived, now is the time to strike the blow. There should be no tampering or compromising with the enemy, no cutting or splitting of tickets, but every working-man, mechanic and business man should come up and give one united pull for the people's ticket. If this is done, the whole ticket will be carried by a handsome majority.

After a harmonious and pleasant meeting the Convention adjourned sine die.

Samuel Milliken, Secy.

A Word to those who propose Teaching in Mifflin County.
 In the June No. of the Pennsylvania School Journal, the State Superintendent calls the attention of County Superintendents and Teachers to the fact, that originally the Provisional Certificate was not contemplated; that its adoption arose from the deficiency of thoroughly qualified teachers, and that it is designed to be done away as soon as possible. To effect this object, he recommends County Superintendents to raise the standard of qualifications for which a certificate will be granted, year after year, until only those entitled to Professional Certificates shall be employed to teach.

The intention of this recommendation is to do justice to all parties; to parents by securing to their children continually improving instruction; to tax-payers by using most judiciously for the end sought the money they contribute for education; and to teachers by stimulating them to acquire that amount of learning which will qualify them to discharge rightly the responsible duties of a teacher.

Accordingly, I shall be under the necessity of withholding certificates from some of those to whom certificates were granted last year,

unless marked improvement and far greater familiarity with the several branches required by law shall be exhibited at the approaching examinations.
 Those who are conscious of deficiency should by no means neglect to avail themselves of the advantages offered by the Normal Class now in session, and of the Institute which will be held during the week beginning August 27, unless they can do better elsewhere.
 AZARIAH SMITH,
 Lewistown, Aug. 13. Co. Supt.

CENSUS STATISTICS.—Daniel Zeigler, Esq., Deputy Marshal, assisted by J. A. Mathews, having completed his Census Statistics of the division allotted to him, we are enabled to present our readers with some interesting particulars:

LEWISTOWN—WEST WARD. EAST WARD.

Real estate.	\$268,650.	\$206,795.
Personal estate.	157,500.	626,420.
Total.	\$426,150.	\$833,215.
White males.	502.	639.
females.	278.	387.
Colored males.	98.	8.
females.	112.	15.
Total.	1290.	1359.
Cannot read and write.	5.	1.
Married within the year.	6.	10.
No. attending school.	325.	305.
No. idiotic.	1.	1.
No. insane.	1.	1.
No. deaf and dumb.	1.	1.
No. of convicts.	9.	9.
No. of foreign born.	50.	97.

(The population of Lewistown is 2649, being a slight decrease from 1850, when it was 2726, caused principally by the Lewistown Furnace being out of blast and the partial suspension of other manufacturing establishments. With these in full operation, our population would exceed 3000.)

GRANVILLE TOWNSHIP. \$514,475

Value of Real Estate.	\$514,475.
Personal.	140,215.
Total.	654,690.
Population—White Males	665.
Females	570.
Colored Males	21.
Females	25.
Total population.	1281.
Cannot read and write.	23—attending school, 244—married within the year, 12—foreign born, 32—idiotic 1—insane, 10.

BERRY TOWNSHIP.

Real Estate.	\$328,900.
Personal.	177,400.
Total.	506,300.
Population—White Males	423.
Females	374.
Colored Males	6.
Females	6.
Total population.	809.
Value of real estate, \$785,000; personal, \$182,325.	
Farms, 111—cannot read and write, 4—married within the year, 16—foreign born, 17—insane, 6—idiotic, 3—papers, 35—deaf & dumb, 1.	

DECATUR TOWNSHIP.

Population—White Males.	265.
Females.	221.
Colored Males.	1.
Females.	1.
Total population.	488.
Value of real estate, \$422,000; personal, \$101,245.	
Farms, 141—cannot read and write, 13—attending school, 423—married within the year, 24—foreign born, 7—idiotic, 1—deaf and dumb, 1.	

MCVEGETOWN.

Population—White Males.	211.
Females.	274.
Colored Males.	14.
Females.	12.
Total population.	511.
Value of real estate, \$112,000; personal, \$117,975.	
Farms, 141—cannot read and write, 4—married within the year, 16—foreign born, 17—insane, 6—idiotic, 3—papers, 35—deaf & dumb, 1.	

NEWTOWN HAMILTON.

Population—White Males.	153.
Females.	149.
Colored Males.	3.
Females.	3.
Total population.	308.
Real estate, \$18,000; personal, \$41,200.	
Married within the year, 14—attending school, 74—deaf and dumb, 1—foreign born, 14.	

OLIVER TOWNSHIP.

Population—White Males.	905.
Females.	819.
Colored Males.	19.
Females.	19.
Total population.	1762.
Real estate, \$622,000; personal, \$190,625.	
Farms, 108—attending school, 333—cannot read and write 4—foreign born, 15—idiotic 2—blind 1—married within the year, 18.	

WAYNE TOWNSHIP.

Population—White Males.	686.
Females.	718.
Colored Males.	8.
Females.	6.
Total population.	1418.
Real estate, \$620,000; personal, \$190,325.	
Farms, 65—attending school, 243—married within the year, 15—foreign born, 13—idiotic 1—deaf and dumb, 1.	

BRATTON TOWNSHIP.

Population—White Males.	307.
Females.	345.
Total population.	652.
Real estate, \$275,850; personal, \$90,125.	
Farms, 65—attending school, 243—married within the year, 15—foreign born, 13—idiotic 1—deaf and dumb, 1.	

NOTICE.
 PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to John Kennedy, or to the late firm of John Kennedy, sr. & Co., will please call and settle up their accounts before the 15th of October, as on that day the books will be put into the hands of Jos. Alexander, Esq., for collection. All having claims against John Kennedy, sr., or the late firm of John Kennedy & Co., will bring in their accounts for settlement. The stock now on hand will be sold at and below cost to close the concern, as John Kennedy, sr., intends to relinquish the business.
 JOHN KENNEDY & Co.
 Lewistown, August 16, 1860.

SCHOOL TEACHERS.
 WANTED, eleven Teachers for the Public Schools of Lewistown. The County Superintendent will examine applicants on Saturday August 25th, at Lewistown, and selections will be made immediately thereafter. Schools to open from 15th September to 15th October, for six months at least.
 By order of the Board,
 GEO. W. ELDER,
 Secretary.

COAL! COAL! COAL!
 No. 1, 2 & 3 Wilkesbarre, \$4 25 per ton.
 No. 4 do, 4 00 "
 Broken and Stone Runby, 4 00 "
 No. 1 Lime do, 3 75 "
 No. 2 do do, 2 75 "
 No. 3 do do, 2 40 "
 Weighed on Root & Case's patent scales, and delivered within the Borough for the above prices. Terms Cash.
 MARKS & WILLIS.

JERUSALEM!
CHEAP JOHN!
At A. Blymyer's Building,
WEST MARKET STREET,
NEAR THE JAIL,
SELLS
 Fine Calf Boots for \$2 50
 Gingham Umbrellas 50
 Black Cloth Hats 50
 Fine White Shirts 62
 Fine set Gold Buttons (strds) 50
 A cart load of Stationery, for 25
 3 pair men's best half Hose 25
All Kinds of Goods at
ASTONISHING PRICES!
 Great Sale Every Night.

Estate of Benjamin Garver, deceased.
 NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of BENJAMIN GARVER, late of Union township, Mifflin county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, the first named residing in Union and the latter in Brown township. All those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated to settlement.
 ELIZABETH GARVER,
 D. F. MILLIKEN,
 Administrators.
 aug16-6*

LIST of Letters remaining in the Post Office at Lewistown, Pa., up to Aug. 15th, 1860:
 Bailey Jas. G. Kinsel Miss Emma
 Bull Peter Lefevore Peter
 Cossette Isadore 2 Loose Benjamin
 Caley J. M. Marsden J.
 Creek Susanna Miller Sarah
 Chestnut A. Morrison Miss Mary
 Connelly Patrick McIntire Rachel Miss
 Cooper Richard W. McCord Rachel 2
 Denahower F. A. Newcomer John
 Dingus Jonas Oles and Frank Mess.
 Ebert Mrs. M. J. Seyn Mrs. Jane
 Faber H. S. Richard John
 Giffen James F. Swift G. W.
 Grove Jacob Simps Mrs. C.
 Greenwell Jas. Stout Daniel
 Henry William M. Strouse H. L.
 Hudgson Mrs. M. B. Smith John M.
 Harper Marcus Taylor T. S.
 Kiser Miss J. Vanderghem Rev Odilo
 Kuster Miss Ann Worman H. C. Esq.
 Koffman Mrs. Mary Winterlaud J. P.
 Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say they are advertised. One cent due on each.
 S. S. CUMMINGS, P. M.

A Fine lot of New Market Muslins at Zerbe's counter, for sale cheap.