

suffrages of the whole country for the office of Chief Magistrate of the American Union, be made unanimous.

Loud applause greeted this speech, and three cheers were given for New York.

Eloquent speeches were then made by Messrs. Andrews, of Massachusetts, Carl Shurz, of Wisconsin, Blair, of Missouri, Browning, of Illinois, endorsing the nomination of Mr. Lincoln.

The nomination of Mr. Lincoln was then made unanimous, amid loud cheers.

The Convention adjourned until 5 o'clock P. M.

#### EVENING SESSION.

The Convention reassembled at 5 o'clock P. M.

A large banner was brought on the platform by the Pennsylvania delegates, bearing the inscription:

"Pennsylvania good for 20,000 majority for the People's Candidate—Abraham Lincoln."

The appearance of the banner was greeted with loud applause.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for Vice President.

FIRST BALLOT FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine	194
John Hickman, of Pennsylvania	58
N. P. Banks, of Massachusetts	38
Cassius M. Clay, of Kentucky	101
Governor Reeder, of Pennsylvania	51
Henry Winter Davis, of Maryland	8
Sam Houston, of Texas	6
Wm. L. Dayton, of New Jersey	3
John M. Reed, of Pennsylvania	1
Whole number of votes	2904
Necessary to a choice	232

On the second ballot, Massachusetts withdrew the name of Banks, and cast 26 votes for Hamlin.

Pennsylvania withdrew the name of Gov. Reeder, and cast 54 votes for Hamlin.

New York cast her 70 votes for Hamlin.

The result of the second ballot was announced as follows:

Hamlin	264
Clay	86
Hickman	13

The result was received with tumultuous applause, and the nomination was subsequently made unanimous amid great enthusiasm.

After the delivery of congratulatory speeches by a number of delegates, Joshua R. Giddings moved the adoption of the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with those men who have been driven, some from their native States, and others from the States of their adoption, and who are now exiled from their homes on account of their opinions, and that we hold the Democratic party responsible for the gross violation of that clause of the Constitution which declares that the citizens of each State shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of the citizens of the several States.

The resolution was adopted.

Judge Jessup from the committee on Resolutions, reported the following:

Resolved, That we, the delegated representatives of the republican electors of the United States, in Convention assembled, in the discharge of the duty we owe to our constituents and our country, unite in the following declarations:

First—That the history of the nation during the last four years has established the propriety and necessity of the organization and perpetuation of the Republican party, and that the causes which called it into existence are permanent in their nature, and now, more than ever before, demand its peaceful and constitutional triumph.

Second—That the maintenance of the Federal Constitution is essential to the preservation of our republican institutions, and shall be preserved.

Third—That the union of the States this nation owes its unprecedented increase in population, its surprising development of material resources, its rapid augmentation of wealth, its happiness at home and its honor abroad; and we hold in abhorrence all schemes for disunion, come from whatever source they may. And we congratulate the country that no Republican member of Congress has uttered or countenanced a threat of disunion so often made by the Democratic members of Congress without rebuke, and with applause from their political associates. And we denounce those threats of disunion in case of a popular overthrow of their ascendancy, as denying the vital principles of free government, and as an avowal of contemplated treason, which it is the imperative duty of an indignant people strongly to rebuke and forever silence.

Fourth—That the maintenance inviolate of the rights of the States, and especially the rights of each State to order and control its own domestic institutions according to its own judgment exclusively, is essential to that balance of power on which the perfection and endurance of her political faith depends. And we denounce the lawless invasion of an armed force, of any state or territory, no matter under what pretext, as among the gravest of crimes.

Fifth—That the present Democratic Administration has far exceeded our worst apprehensions, in its measureless subservency to the exactions of a sectional interest, as is especially evident in its desperate exertion to force the infamous Lecompton Constitution upon the protesting people of Kansas—in constraining the personal relation between master and servant to involve an unqualified property in person—in its attempts at the enforcement, everywhere, on land and sea, through the intervention of Congress and the Federal Courts, of the extreme pretensions of a purely local interest, and in its general and unvarying abuse of the power entrusted to it by a confiding people.

Sixth—That the people justly view with alarm the reckless extravagance which pervades every department of the Federal Government. That a return to rigid economy and accountability is indispensable to arrest the system of plunder of the public Treasury by favored partisans, while the present startling developments of fraud and corruption at the Federal Metropolis show that an entire change of administration is imperatively demanded.

Seventh—That the new dogma that the Constitution, of its own force, carries slavery into any or all the Territories of the United States, is a dangerous political heresy, at variance with the explicit provisions of that instrument itself, with its contemporaneous exposition, and with legislative and judicial precedent, is revolutionary in its tendencies and subversive of the peace and harmony of the country.

Eighth—That the normal condition of all

the territory of the United States is that of freedom. That as our republican fathers, when they had abolished slavery in all our national territory, ordained that no person should be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law, it becomes our duty, by legislation, whenever such legislation is necessary, to maintain this provision of the Constitution against all attempts to violate it. And we deny the authority of Congress, of a Territorial Legislature, or of any individuals, to give legal existence to slavery in any territory of the United States.

Ninth—That we brand the recent reopening of the African Slave trade under the cover of our national flag, aided by perverted powers of judicial power, as a crime against humanity, a burning shame to our country and age; and we call upon Congress to take prompt and efficient measures for the total and final suppression of that execrable traffic.

Tenth—That in the recent vetoes, by their Governors, of the acts of the Legislatures of Kansas and Nebraska, prohibiting slavery in those Territories, we find a practical illustration of the boasted democratic principle of non-intervention and popular sovereignty in the Kansas and Nebraska bill, and a denunciation of the deception and fraud involved therein.

Eleventh—That Kansas should, of right, be immediately admitted as a State under the Constitution recently formed and adopted by her people, and accepted by the House of Representatives.

Twelfth—That while providing revenue for the support of the General Government by duties upon imports, a sound policy requires such an adjustment of these imports as to encourage the development of the industrial interest of the whole country, and we commend that policy of national exchanges which secures to the workingmen liberal wages, to agriculturists remunerating prices, to mechanics and manufacturers an adequate reward for their skill, labor and enterprise, and to the national commercial prosperity and independence.

Thirteenth—That we protest against any sale or alienation to others, of the public lands held by actual settlers and against any view of the free homestead policy, which regards the settlers as paupers or applicants for public bounty. And we demand the passage by Congress of the complete and satisfactory homestead measure, which has already passed the House. That the National Republican party is opposed to any change in our naturalization laws, or any State legislation which would deprive of citizenship hitherto accorded to emigrants from foreign lands shall be abridged or impaired, and in favor of giving a full and efficient protection to the rights of all classes of citizens, whether native or naturalized, at home or abroad. That appropriations by Congress for river and harbor improvements of a national character, required for the accommodation and security of an existing commerce, are authorized by the Constitution and justified by an obligation of the government to protect the lives and property of its citizens.

Sixteenth—That a railroad to the Pacific Ocean is imperatively demanded by the interests of the whole country; that the Federal Government ought to render immediate and efficient aid in its construction, and that as a preliminary thereto a daily overland mail should be promptly established.

Seventeenth—Finally, having thus set forth our distinctive principles and views, we invite the co-operation of all citizens, however differing on other questions, who substantially agree with us in their affluence and support.

## THE GAZETTE.

LEWISTOWN, PA.

Thursday, May 24, 1860.

The subscription of those out of this county to whom this paragraph comes marked, has expired, and unless renewed will be discontinued.

We have also set a limit in Milton county, beyond which we intend no man in future shall come as for subscription. Those receiving the paper with this paragraph marked, will therefore know that they have come under our rule, and if payment is not made within one month thereafter we shall discontinue all such.

Notices of New Advertisements.

A. T. Hamilton has opened a fine stock of New Goods—John Kennedy & Company invite attention to their new advertisements—The new Sewing Machine advertised by J. M. Martin, is undoubtedly a good machine for family use—Nolte's Brewery furnishes Lager Beer, Strong Beer, Cheese, Yeast, &c.—The Commissioners for a railroad from Lewistown to Bellefonte, will meet on Friday next.

The Chicago Nominees.

We give as full an account of the proceedings of the Chicago Convention as our space will permit in to-day's Gazette.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN, the nominee for President, is probably second to no man in the west in point of talent, a position he attained by his own exertions—having risen from the humble position of a hired man on a farm and a splitter of rails until he "mauled" Stephen A. Douglas through one of the most exciting campaigns ever known in Illinois.

The nominee for Vice President, Mr. HAMLIN, of Maine, is now a United States Senator from that State, and like Mr. Lincoln, respected by all parties as a man of undoubted integrity and honesty.

There are some portions of the platform which do not exactly meet our views, especially that relating to the naturalization laws. We are so far "American" in sentiment, that while not proscriptive, we have always believed our laws ought to be so amended as to be no bar towards honest foreigners becoming citizens, yet stringent enough to prevent the frauds and rascality without question too much practiced in our cities.

A large force is employed on the turnpike between this place and Reedsville constructing new bridges and repairing the road. It is passable now by fording, and will be in complete order in a few days.

Mr. S. G. Goodrich, whose versatile and popular writings for youthful readers have literally made the name of Peter Parley "familiar as a household word" wherever the English language is spoken, died in New York city on Wednesday.

## LOCAL AFFAIRS.

THE BAKERS ARE COMING!—These favorite and distinguished vocalists will visit Lewistown in a few days, on which occasion they will introduce a variety of new pieces, comprising the grave, lively, sentimental and humorous. Of course all who desire to enjoy a real, genuine musical entertainment, will turn out to hear them, and we hope there are many such in our community, as we desire to see a crowded house on the occasion.

The ingathering of Israel for the redemption of soul and body to enter into life eternal, will be preached by Catharine Scherz at the Apprentices' Hall, on Thursday evening, 24th May, at 7 o'clock.

A cow owned by George Lyon, of Union township, has had four calves in eleven months, all of which are living and doing as well as could be expected. In this respect Union is undoubtedly the banner township.

THE WEATHER AND CROPS.—The extraordinary rains which have been falling during this month continue to be a subject of general remark. At the close of last week several thunder storms, accompanied with hail, followed each other rapidly, and on Monday afternoon and night the lightning flashed almost continually, torrents of rain falling in the meantime. Corn fields have been badly washed in many places, and a large quantity of prepared ground still remains unplanted. Wheat, rye, oats, and grass never looked better at this season, and unless some untoward event takes place, good crops are anticipated.

BALLOON ASCENSION.—The ascension of Mr. Light, which had been deferred on the previous week on account of the weather, was to have taken place last Thursday, when a large number of persons from the country came to town, but the heavy atmosphere and an insufficient quantity of gas prevented him from going up, much to the disappointment of the crowd, few of whom however blamed the young aeronaut. On Friday morning our citizens felt bent on seeing the thing out, and the Water Company having given permission to attach hose to a fire plug for the purpose of filling the gas company's tank with water, another attempt was determined on. The Juniata suction engine was also brought out, and the boys worked with a will by drawing water from the canal and forcing it into the tank. These measures soon enabled the gas company to supply what was wanted, and shortly after 12 o'clock, just as many dinners were ready, men, women, and children were started by the court house bell announcing that all was ready. The scene presented on the streets for some time after this was truly ludicrous—all hastening towards the jail yard or its neighborhood as fast as legs could carry them. In a few minutes, Mr. Light took his seat with only two bags of ballast, but this had to be thrown out, on account of the damp air, when the balloon slowly rose straight up to the height of about a thousand or fifteen hundred feet, when a current of air carried it due north across Ard's hill. Having reached the open ground beyond, Mr. Light saw at a glance that there might be some difficulty in crossing Jack's mountain without ballast, and accordingly made preparations to descend. The crowd soon perceived this, and such a scampering over the ridge by men, boys and girls, through clover and ploughed fields, was probably never seen before! Others rushed out Third and Valley streets to a field, near Mr. Kline's dwelling on the outskirts of the borough, where the balloon had descended, and in a few minutes the aeronaut was surrounded by hundreds, who at once took hold of the anchor rope and with Mr. L. seated in his car, hauled him through Valley and Market streets down to the square, a distance of about half a mile, with his balloon still inflated. It was an imposing scene, and successfully executed amidst the huzzas and shouts of thousands.

Of the dozen or more ascensions we have seen, this with its closing scene was one of the best—the only regret connected with it being that the numerous strangers in town on the day previous did not witness it.

TAKING THE CENSUS.—The following questions were we believe specially prepared at Washington for Messrs. Zeigler and Coplin, the deputy marshals of this county:

What is your age?  
Where were you born?  
Are you married, if so, how do you like it?  
How many children have you, and do they sufficiently resemble you as to preclude the possibility of their belonging to any of your neighbors?

Did you ever have the measles, and if so how many?  
Have you a twin brother several years older than yourself?  
Have you any parents, and if so, how many?

Do you read the New Testament regularly?  
What is your fighting weight?  
Do you use your own tobacco?  
How many cigars do you smoke in a day?  
Were you and your wife worth anything when married, and if not, what proportion of her things were your's and your things were her's?  
Were you ever in the Penitentiary?  
Are you troubled with bites?  
How many empty bottles have you in the house?  
How does your cider taste?  
What do you think of the Milroy railroad?  
Are beans an article of regular diet in your family, and if so, how do they go?  
State whether you are blind, deaf, or idiotic, or have the heaves or bots?  
How many chickens have you, and are they on foot or in the shell? Also how many ducks and geese?  
Is there a black mark on your left arm?  
Which food do you prefer, whiskey, rum or mixed drinks?  
State how much Dutch cheese you make, and what is the size of your wife's shopped skirt.  
Are you a democrat of the administration stamp, or a follower of Douglas?  
Who do you think ought to be nominated for associate judge when the election again comes off?  
Persons liable to be "censused," will do well to cut the above out and put it up in a conspicuous place.

IMPORTANT LEGISLATION.—Aldermen and Justices of the Peace, says the Harrisburg Telegraph, who have not posted themselves in the Revised Penal Code of the laws of Pennsylvania, adopted at the late session, have a fact to learn. By that code their powers have been materially circumscribed. In future, a list of criminal offences, hitherto bailable by them, can only be bailable by the courts. The list of offences whose adjudication is removed from the power of the Aldermen, comprises arson, rape, mayhem, robbery or burglary, and in all such cases bail can only be received by the Supreme Court, the Court of Common Pleas, or one of its Judges, and the Mayor or Recorder of a city. As this is the letter of the code, Section 7, page 53, of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania, parties interested should remember the fact.

The new Penal Code has many other good provisions; and if the one relating to loaning public money by officers is enforced, it will prevent many defalcations in city, borough and township offices. Section sixty-two provides that, "if any officer of this Commonwealth, or of any city, borough, county or township thereof, shall loan out, with or without interest, or return therefor, any money or valuable security received by him or which may be in his possession or under his control by virtue of his office, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and undergo an imprisonment by separate or solitary confinement at labor not exceeding five years, and if still in office, be adjudged thereafter incapable of exercising the same, and the said office shall be forthwith declared vacant by the Court passing the sentence."

UNCALLED FOR LETTERS.—An act of no little importance to business men recently passed Congress, authorizing the return of uncalled for letters to the office from which they were first sent, if the name of the writer is endorsed on the letter. We publish the act for the information of our readers:—

"That when any person shall endorse on any letter his or her name and place of residence, as writer thereof, the same, after remaining uncalled for at the office to which it was directed, for thirty days, or the time the writer may direct, shall be returned by mail to said writer, and no such letters shall be advertised, nor shall the same be treated as dead letters, until so returned to the post office of the writer, and there remain uncalled for for one quarter. Approved April 6th, 1860."

Enion and Snyder Counties.

The Middleburg Tribune says: On Friday last a man by the name of Downing, who peddles copper kettles came very near drowning his horse while in the attempt to get to the bridge over Middlecreek, which he wished to cross. It created quite an excitement in town for a few hours. He succeeded to cut the harness from him after some difficulty and the horse swam out. The wagon was flooded up against the fence on the lower side of the road—where from the horse was finally extricated. Mr. Downing refused to leave the wagon and the goods which it contained. Through the exertion of Jos. Bowersox, Anthony Specht, Daniel Moyer, Mr. Sweger, and a few others, it was finally pulled out by ropes and saved. It was lucky that Mr. Downing obstinately refused to come out without having his wagon also brought on terra firma, as the creek raised considerable afterwards, and doubtless would have taken wagon and contents off, had they left it there a few hours longer.

On Friday morning a man by the name of Crous was drowned in Middlecreek, near his residence in Washington township. He went into the creek, which was very high at that time, in a canoe to get one of his sheep which was in the creek, and in trying to lift the sheep into the boat, capsized, and he sank to the bottom to rise no more.

We are told that eighteen sheep belonging to John L. Renninger, about a mile below town, were drowned in Middlecreek during the late freshet.

Huntingdon County.

Geo. W. Speer will take the census of Tell, Dublin, Springfield, Clay, Cromwell, Shirley, Cass, Union, Brady, and half of the Borough of Huntingdon; and Geo. Jackson will take the other half of this Borough, and the townships of Oneida, Jackson, Barree, West, Porter, Morris, Franklin and Warrior's Mark. The appointment for the remaining townships has not yet been made known. There are

several applicants and two or three may be appointed.

A change of time has been made in the running of the Broad Top trains. Hereafter the passenger trains will leave Huntingdon at 9 00 a. m., and 4 30 p. m.

The Hollidaysburg Branch Accommodation train commenced running to Huntingdon last week. It arrives there at 1 o'clock, and leaves at 1 30 P. M., stopping at all the stations between that place and Altoona.

Died, in Shirleysburg, Sarah Annis, only daughter of Rev. G. W. and Virginia Bouse, aged 2 years, 7 months, and 28 days; also, Willie W., son of John M. and Francis Clark, aged 6 months and 14 days; in Oneida township, Huntingdon county, John Livingston, aged 84 years and 4 days.

Married, on 12th May, by D. Snare Esq., Mr. John Napley to Miss Theresa Doll.

New Publications.

Godley's Lady's Book for June, as usual is filled with choice reading, fine engravings, fashion plates and diagrams, instructions for the housewife, and in short, every thing that should be in a lady's book. As a magazine for the ladies it stands preeminent. The July number commences a volume, and those of our subscribers who desire it at a cheap rate can send us \$2.00, for which it will be ordered for a year, or \$3 for the Gazette and Lady's Book.

The Philadelphia Inquirer has issued a second Japanese Supplement containing full accounts of the domestic manners of the Japanese; their literature, their commerce, their religious observances, and their priests, also their intercourse with foreign nations, and particularly their interview with Pope Gregory XIII, and Philip II. of Spain, in 1582. The Inquirer is now one of the best papers in the city, and we commend it to those who want a good daily. Terms \$8 per annum, tri-weekly \$4. Address Wm. W. Harding, Philadelphia.

Isaac V. Fowler, Postmaster, and leading democrat of New York city, has proven defaulter to the government to the amount of over \$150,000.

An idea has got abroad in the neighborhood of Newport, Perry county, that persons not worth over \$300 need not pay for anything they buy.

The patent Democrats can see no good in splitting their own party, but are wonderfully in favor of the other side keeping up a split.

A hunter of pigeons has done a heavy business this spring, by following the pigeons from point to point—gaining his intelligence by telegraph. He commenced operations some weeks ago in Virginia, and has lately been to Michigan, and at nearly every place where he has stopped he has been very successful. A paper published at Grand Rapids, Michigan, dated April 3d, states that in four days he shipped from that place 600 dozen—40 barrels.

Holloway's Pills. Let reason guide you. Dyspepsia, Costiveness.—There is no grief but can be assuaged, no pain insusceptible of alleviation, or disease without a remedy. Are you dyspeptic? Look for the cause in a disordered stomach, or derangement of the liver. Are you constive or bound in the bowels? Here again the stomach or viscera are at fault. Holloway's Pills will eradicate the source. Try them. They have never yet failed in any single instance out of millions of cases. We urge all who are suffering from Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Bowel complaints, &c., to use them at once, as they will effectually cure. The proof lies in the trial. Procure a box and be convinced of their immediate effect. Read the Advertisement elsewhere.

Humphreys' Specific Homoeopathic Remedies. Have now been before the public for five years, and have everywhere won golden opinions from the many thousands who have used them. Simple, free from intricacy, technicality, or danger, they have become the ready resource and aid of the parent, traveler, nurse, or invalid, and have become the family physician and medical adviser of thousands of families. Nowhere have they been tried without having been approved, and their highest appreciation is among those who have known them longest, and most intimately.

N. B.—A full set of Humphreys' Homoeopathic Specifics, with Book of Directions, and twenty different Remedies, in large vials, numerous cases, &c., ditto in plain case, \$4; case of fifteen boxes, and Book, \$2; Single boxes, 25 cents and 50 cents.

These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address Dr. F. HUMPHREYS & CO., No. 562 Broadway, New York.

CHARLES RITZ, Wholesale and Retail Agent for Lewistown and vicinity, and druggists and stores generally.

Married.

On the 21st May, by C. Bratton, Esq., at the house of the bride's mother, SAMUEL L. WOLFKILL to ELIZABETH MILLER, all of Bratton township.

On the 17th May, by Rev. H. Baker, JOHN SAGER of Decatur, to Miss JANE CUPPLES of Lewistown.

Died.

On Monday last, in this place, of membranous croup, MARGARET, daughter of Abraham Kitting, aged 11 years.

On the 28th ult., in Abington, Knox county, Illinois, of congestion of the lungs, after an illness of 24 hours, JUNIATA MARY, only daughter of D. S. and Ellen M. Elliott, formerly of this place, aged 2 years and 9 months.

THE MARKETS.

Lewistown, May 24, 1860.

Butter, good, @ lb. 15 16  
Lard, 11  
Tallow, 10 11  
Eggs, @ dozen, 10  
Wheat, white @ bushel, 1 30  
" red " 1 20  
Corn, 60  
Rye, 70  
Oats, 30  
Barley, 50 to 60  
Cloverseed, 3 50 to 4 00  
Flaxseed, 1 25  
Timothy, 2 00  
Dried Cherries, per bushel 1 75  
Potatoes, 25a30  
The above prices are also paid by Blymyer & Stanbarger.

Barley and Rye will be purchased at Fisher's Brewery at the stone bridge, in any quantity, at full market prices.

Flour—Sales at \$5 75a6 for superfine, 6 12a6 25 for extra, and 7a7 50 per bbl for fancy brands as in quality; Rye Flour 4 12, and Corn Meal at 3 50.

Wheat is quoted at 135a145c for red, and 145a160 for white. Rye 90c, corn, yellow 75a76c, white 76, oats 45.

Cloverseed is selling at 4 25a4 75.

Cattle Market.—The receipts of Beef Cattle are large this week, reaching about 2,000. Sales at \$10 25.

6000 Sheep sold at from 4a5a per lb gross wool off.

280 Cows sold at from 25a26 per head as in quality.

The arrivals of fat Hogs at H. G. Imhoff's Union Drive Yard, were 3,343 head, at from 7a7 50 for still-fed, and from 7a8 per 100 lbs net for corn-fed.

## SEWING MACHINES.

SLOAT'S  
ELLIPTIC LOCK STITCH  
SEWING MACHINES.

THE subscriber after considerable search for a Sewing Machine for his own use, has one of the above now in operation, which are noted for their simplicity and strength. They Stitch, Hem, Bind, Fell and Gather without basting, making the stitch alike on both sides of the work. They sew equally well the lightest and heaviest fabric with any spool thread or silk. We feel warranted in recommending them as the very best now in the market for every useful purpose in a family, for a Dressmaker, Tailor, or Shirt Maker.—As an evidence of its simplicity Mrs. M., without instruction or explanation from any one, commenced work on it, and in less than one week made 10 dresses, 4 pair of pants, and 3 shirts, and has not experienced the least difficulty in its operation. We simply ask all to look at this machine before purchasing, and remember these facts. We warrant every machine, and keep every one in repair, free of expense, for one year. Price FIFTY DOLLARS. Address JAS. M. MARTIN, Lewistown P. O., my24-tf Agent for Millin County.

## NOLTE'S BREWERY,

Seigrist's Old Stand,  
Near the Canal Bridge, Lewistown, Pa.  
Strong Beer, Lager Beer, Lindenberger and Switzer Cheese—all of the best quality constantly on hand, for sale wholesale or retail.  
Yeast to be had daily during summer.  
my24-yr

THE Commissioners named in the Act of Assembly to charter a company to build a railroad from Lewistown to Bellefonte, are requested to meet at Milroy, on FRIDAY, 25th May, to make arrangements for organizing the Company. The Commissioners are F. G. Francis, G. W. Elder, John A. Wright, Dr. E. W. Hale, Jos. Reed, Davis Bates, E. E. Locke, Col. Wm. Reed, Wm. A. McManigill, of Millin county, and Samuel Van Tris Wm. Allison, George Buel, Moses Thompson, Wm. F. Reynolds, and M. T. Milliken, of Centre county.

Lewistown, May 24, 1860.

## NEW GOODS!

A. T. HAMILTON is now opening a new and well selected assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, at the old stand in East Market street, Lewistown, one door west of Mrs Patton's cheap Bonnet store, consisting of

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES, of every variety, PAINT STUFFS, of all kinds, Challies, Delaines, Lawns, Gingham, Delaines and Calicoes.

Also, a great variety of HOSIERY, GLOVES, and Ladies' Gauntlets.

CARPETS, Muslins, Hoops, Shawls and Fancy Notions. The public are respectfully invited to call in and examine the Goods, as I will sell cheap for cash or country produce.

Insurances against loss by fire will be promptly attended to in town and country.  
my24 A. T. HAMILTON.

WE have now on hand a splendid assortment of Goods such as

CALICOES, GINGHAMS, Kentucky Jeans, Drilling of different kinds, Muslin, bleached and unbleached, Woolen and Canton Flannels, Crash, Cottonades, Cassinetts,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Silk, Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hose, Buttons, Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Pocket Books, Tea and Table Spoons, Buck and Cotton Gloves, Band Boxes, and a great many other things not mentioned in this list.  
my24 JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

R. S. CRISTIANA & A. Hawley's Perfumes and Hair Oil may be found at the store of JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

BOOTS and SHOES—A large and well selected stock of different kinds may be found at JOHN KENNEDY & Co's.

ANNERS & MASON'S Blacking, the best in the market, may be found at JOHN KENNEDY & Co's.

SPICES—Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Alspice, Cloves, ground or unground, Pepper, English and American Mustard, all fresh and good at JOHN KENNEDY & Co's.

RICE & HOMINY—We have a splendid article of Rice and Hominy which we are selling at low figures for cash.  
my24 JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

TOOTH BRUSHES we are selling at greatly reduced prices, and good ones at that.  
my24 JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

SOAPS—Fancy and Brown Soaps, a little cheaper than can be found in town at my24 JOHN KENNEDY & Co's.

SCOTCH HERRING—We have large No. 1 Scotch Herring, for family use which we are selling at 60 cts per box.  
my24 JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

TURKEY COFFEE and Essence, a nice article used in place of Rio, at my24 JOHN KENNEDY & Co's.

WE have a good stock of Curry Combs, Cards and Brushes, which can't be beat in quality or price.  
my24 JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

FLOUR of any quality, by the barrel or hundred weight at less than mill prices.  
my24 JOHN KENNEDY & Co.

OILS—Fish Oil at \$1.00 per gallon, and Lard Oil at 23 cts per gallon, at my24 JOHN KENNEDY & Co's.

FLUID at 18 cts per quart, Alcohol at 20 cts, manufactured at E. E. Locke's, and for sale at my24 JOHN KENNEDY & Co's.

160 BARRELS Fish of different kinds, low for cash at my24 JOHN KENNEDY & Co's.

</