THE GAZETTE.

LEWISTOWN, PA. Thursday, November 4, 1858.

Notices of New Advertisements.

R. W. Patton has made considerable addihis stock of Jewelry. &c., which he to offer at prices corresponding times. Watches, Clocks, &c. sold why cheap.

A valuable Jack is offered for sale. Attention is invited to several new adver tisements of F. J. Hoffman.

A notice of a stray Heifer, and a notice to those who subscribed money to the endowment fund of the Farmers' High School, also appear.

Close of the 12th Volume.

The present number completes twelve years since we have had charge of the Gazette. During that time it has been regularly issued every week, with the exception of late years of 4th of July and Christmas weeks, on which we no longer profess to publish a paper. There are many reminiscenses in this period, political and otherwise, to which we could advert, but as in the main there is but little on our part to regret, and much to afford gratification, it is hardly necessary to do so. Our subscribers seem to be well satisfied with the course we have pursued, as is evidenced by the commendations so frequently bestowed, even when differing from us in opinion. As our course has been, so it will continue. We shall speak fearlessly on measures either of a general or local nature-approving what we believe to be right, and condemning what we believe to be wrong or injurious to the masses. In doing this, we may at times oppose friend as well as opponent, but that is a result which, in the nature of a really free press, circumstances must govern, for friends may be wrong as well as opponents.

So far as pecuniary matters are concerned, we have not much to boast of. The high prices a few years ago without a corresponding increase in ours, and the present depression in business, have kept us in statu quo, giving a bare living, even with the use of more than ordinary economy. we however have hopes that times will soon mend, and that the recent expression of the people of Bennsylvania for a protective tariff, will hasten that much hoped for advent, when perhaps many who now forget that a newspaper or other debt ought to be paid, will remember us and make up for past delinquencies.

The Democrat on the late Election.

It is quite amusing to read the lugubrious articles in the Democrat on the result of the late election. It feels particularly sore that this county, so formidably represented at Washington, should have turned its emphatic declaration for Popular Rights

and Bower, aided in producing the overwhelming defeat of the Lecomptonites and all tied to them.

Its appeal to the "captains of democraits lachrymosical article. Who are these captains? Surely not the men whom the Buchanan administration has proscribed? Not the men who were insultingly inquired

after by a high Pennsylvania Officeholding democrat at Washington whether they were still democrats? We thought the captains were on the ground hard at work. There were several government officials from Washington-there was our P. M., and sundry others either holding or expecting to hold office, blowing forth the glories of

the Buchanan administration from early morn to the closing of the polls-were these not captains? Surely the Democrat would not ask those whom it has denounced as allies of Black Republicanism because they would not endorse the insane measures of the administration, to spend their time, their money, and their influence in glorifyng the nest of rotten officeholders at Washington who are doing their utmost to destroy every vestige of TRUE DEMOCRACY, by substituting an espionage on principle, thought and action, more worthy of a despotism than a free goverment; yet it is to these the Democrat now appeals with the cry of "Help me, Cassius, or I

Peterson's Counterfeit Detector and Bank Note List is corrected by Drexel & Co., the well known Bankers and Brokers, and is the best Detector of counterfeit or altered notes, published in this country. The November number fully describes eighty six new counterfeits, and contains a fac simile engraving of a bogus bank note that is being altered to various banks all over the country, and which is being put into extensive circulation. It also contains several pages of other valuable information of everything appertaining to bank notes. It should be in the hands of every storekeeper in the whole country, and we would advise all such to send a dollar in a letter, for a year's subscription, to the pubishers, and thus subscribe for it at once. It is published by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, No. 306 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Gov. Packer has appointed Thursday, 18th November, as a day of Thanksgiving. See advertisement of Dr. Sanford's LIVER INVIGORATOR in another column

We are sorry to see that the recent election in this State has stirred up a general hunt for office. Those seeking minor situations will make money by staying at home. The Blair County Whig and Altoona Tribune are quite complimentary to L. W. Hall, Esq., for his efficient services in the recent campaign.

De If Glancy Jones is entitled to an office worth \$9000 per annum for being beaten 19 votes, how much ought Allison White to hav: for being beaten 1889?

105. The Washington Union has turned Pope and pronounces the curse of heresy on back on the administration and made an all who do not stand up square to the Dred Scott decision. Look out for "schreckenzei-

Forney on Buchanan.

Col. John W. Forney made an excellent political speech to a great meeting at Yonkers, New York, on Saturday a week. We cy" however is the most laughable part of make a few extracts from it to show its spirit. He said :

> "I am here to render an account of my stewardship, and to say that Pennsylvania has pronounced a verdict against the Presi dent of the United States. Contemplate for a moment the magnitude of this result : look upon it in all its proportions, and you will see it like some mute orator, encouraging the independent and rebuking the subservient and treacherous public servant. We shall have no more treacheries in the North after this verdict.

That is the native State of the President-in that State he grew to manhood-in that State he has been repeatedly nominated for the high office which he has at last obtained-that State gave him the majority which rescued him from danger of defeat in other quarters; and it was proper-there was poetic significance in the fact-that the State which gave him his celebrity should at the same time bring down the proud usurper; that the State which was his political birth place should become his political grave. [Cheering long and loud.] In 1856, Pennsylvania gave a large majority for Mr. Buchanan, and a year after she gave Gov. Packer a majority of 40,000; and in the pres ent contest the issue was distinctly made and well understood-no man was more conscious of this than the President, and he strained every nerve to secure Pennsylvania as an endorser of his policy. In all my life I have never seen such prostitution of official patronage. In bygone days, when the Whig party came into power they turned out the Demo crats, and when the Democrats came into power they turned out the Whigs; but never before has such prostitution of patronage and official station been known as in the late election in Pennsylvania. Not only was the money of the people expended by hundreds and thousands of dollars, but the Administration resorted to the most extraordinary processes, using this patronage and this money against its own political friends, or rather against those who stood by the principle of the Democratic party, which gave power to that administration. In the district represented by Col. Florence, the regular vote was overwhelmed by an imported army of office-holders. Some 2800 men were in the Navy Yard alone, where not more than 500 are re quired. Every branch of the public service was drawn upon for the purpose of contribu-ting to this immense horde of mercenaries; but, notwithstanding this you have the result before you. Of 15 Democrats who were elec-ted in 1856, but five have been re-elected, while instead of the balance ten open and decided opponents of the Federal Administration have been returned. [Loud Cheers.]-And of these five, three of them agree with me. * * * * *

Now let me call your attention to another district in Pennsylvania-the one represented with such ability by John Hickman. [Great applause.] Of this man I claim the right to speak, for he has won high bonors at the hands of the people. No man whom I have thas proved himself so equal to the great occasions in which he has figured; no man was more devoted to Mr. Buchanan in 1854. and again in 1856. But one day he met Mr. Buchanan in the cars. Mr. Hickman said to him, "How is it that you are in favor of making Kansas a slave State; I want you to tell me how you stand on this question." Mr. Buchanan told Mr. Hickman, (I have not the exact words of the conversation, but can furnish them if necessary,) "I am a Northern man; all my instincts are Northern; I was born and bred in Pennsylvania; I am in favor of the admission of Kansas as a free State." That was before the election in 1856. and upon this warrant, thus spoken without the pledge of secresy, Mr. Hickman went before his constituents and he was re-elected. and he was found to be one of the first in Washington to [tremendous cheers] oppose Lecomptonism in all its phases. Then began the most fearful persecutions upon a public man which it has been my lot to witness. A series of persecutions and proscriptions and abuse began, which I will not attempt to describe-so much so, that Mr. Hickman was compelled to go armed, in order to defend himself. Yet he has triumphed; day and night he toiled, and the result has been that he is returned to Congress by a handsome majority. [Loud cheers.] I would that the story of that canvass ended here; but I regret to say that while the people of his district were recording their acknowledgment of his services, his beloved and gifted wife, who participated in all his hopes and fears, who had been the stay of his life, tottered into his library and died in his arms. I would not profane the sacredness of his grief by political allusions, but I am obliged to believe that she was the victim of the remorseless persecution that pursued him. * * I can very well imagine how Mr. Buchanan feels at the I can verv present moment; how he goes back over the unfortunate steps of the last two years; how he seeks excuses for the great disaster that has befallen himself and his policy; for in our State this was not a question of the tariff or revenue laws-it was simply an issue between Mr. Buchanan and the people upon his Kansas policy. There was not, there could not be, any pretext; the issue was fairly tried, and the result is before the country. As Mercutio said when he received the stab of the indignant Thiabault, " The wound is not as deep as a well, for as wide as a church-door, but it will do." [Tremendous applause.] We say to this Administration : We have fought you when you had nearly four years of Federal power before you, and were surrounded by a hungry army of unfed and insatiate hounds; and we shall fight you now, when you have but little more than two years of power and your dogs have nearly all been gorged. [Great cheering.] The whole career of Anti-Lecomptonism has been a career of triumph; we have driven these usurpers from one point to another; we compelled them to abandon their Lecompton policy; we com-pelled them to abandon the English bill, and now there is not a white man running for Congress in the North who dares avow himself in favor of the policy of the Administra-tion-not one! [Cheers.] Even Mr. English has been compelled to abandon his own measure to save himself from defeat. They have been compelled to admit the justice of the position, and that those who act with Mr. Haskin, and with the independent Americans, Democrats and Republicans throughout the States are right. * * We are fight-ing the great battle of Popular Sovereignty. [Cheers.] That is the issue. They cannot escape the reckoning. No Charleston Convention will save them unless they come forward and accept the doctrine which they now repudiate. No power-no patronage can save them. I believe to-day, if the official vote had been stricken out, and the people had voted without interruption, there would not be 10,000 Democrats in Pennsylvania in favor of the policy of the present Administration.

[Cheers.] Hence they are bound to submit to crushing defeat hereafter, or else come forward and on bended knees accept the policy which we stand by to-day. That is exactly the issue. I am well aware that those in high stations in Washington and elsewhere are felicitating themselves that those who act with me will be divided, and I know they are look. ing forward to the day when by means of packed conventions they shall get such nom-inations as they wish. But, gentlemen, the day of independent men has arrived; [great cheering;] the time has come when no nom-ination is binding that discards a great and imperishable principle. [Cheers.] I say furthermore, and say deliberately, as one man speaking the sentiments of many thousands, that if the Democratic party desires success in 1860, they must get rid of this Administra-

tion at once and forever. [Cheers.] It is in the way; it stands in the pathway of progress; it belongs to the past; it is identified with the past, and if they undertake to carry it along, it will be like a healthy man carrying a putrid corpse upon his shoulders. [Cheers.]--There is no rescue but in this policy-no deliverance but in this course. Those who have been hoping that Mr. Buchanan might come down without a popular decree, hope in vain. What can he do? Can he recall his hounds now assailing Stephen A. Douglas without losing dignity? Can he follow the example of Breckenridge, who has the manliness to come forth and raise his hands in horror at this indecent proscription? No; for he is the author of it! He is worse than this, he is the author of the most scandalous doctrine that has been promulgated in this country; he dares tell us that the President is the Gov ernment. His motto is not like that of Old Hickory, "The Union, it must and shall be preserved," but, "The President and his policy must and shall be sustained." It is in vain to hope that a man committed to a dog ma, to a despotism, like this, can be sustained by any party. He is in the way; and they must move off and let the great train of Popular Sovereignty pass on without them. [Cheers.] I know such language may be regarded as treasonable, but it is time we un-derstood each other. I say no man in Mr. Buchanan's position can be sustained, and the party attaching itself to his fortunes will down deeper than did ever plummet sound. [Cheers.] This Lecomptonism has been the greatest disaster that has ever befallen any party. It has done good to nobody, except a miserable miscreants who wanted office. As I said at Tarrytown, the blackest of Re publicans could go to Washington and tell Mr. Buchanan he admired his Lecompton policy, and he was washed white and clean, and rewarded with any office he desired .--Nothing has flown from this thing of Lecomp ton but black and bitter waters. When in Pennsylvania thousands of laborers were starving for want of work and nearly for bread, when credit was gone and business paralyzed, and when the people turned to the man whom they had regarded for twenty long years with admiration to protect American ndustry-when they did this, the only reply heard was "Lecomptonism." I say here that so far as this question of protecting American industry is concerned, (I speak as a member of the Democratic party,) I am for it in all its length and breadth. [Tremendons applause have never been what is called a free-trade man; I have always believed in specific duties ; but when I see how the South adhere. how all their platforms and pledges and creeds tend to their own benefit, I am for this doctrine of protection, or any other doctrine that will help us here. [Cheers.] The South comes to Washington with united delegations, demanding her rights; the South can be in favor of the inhuman traffic in slaves, notwithstanding our treaties with foreign powers prohibit such a traffic, yet they are never read out of the Democratic party. The South-West can come to Washington with demands for internal improvements, and they are never read out. But let New York talk a little about protecting American industry, and we

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

COURT .- The attendance at court this week is large, and from present appearances, as there is not much criminal business, considerable number of cases will be taken from the trial list. We shall gather up the proceedings for our next issue.

Mr. Peachey entered on the duties of Commissioner on Tuesday. The board now consists of Wm. Wilson, President, Wm. Creighton and John Peachey.

HOLLOW EVE, like the first of April, has always been considered a suitable occasion for playing practical jokes. Coming on Sunday evening of this year, our mischief loving boys would have been deprived of their usual amusements had they not taken time by the forelock and perpetrated their tricks on Saturday evening, and then followed then up on Monday evening. Some cabbage was stolen, as usual, but girls and boys pretty generally confined their annoy-her but to love her. During the whole of her ance to throwing corn at windows and doors. Some that were engaged in this "sport,"

place for the relief and cure of sundry prevalent diseases. We have reason to believe that both those articles are the production of high medical knowledge, and therefore do not belong to the classes got up for producing temporary effect on invalids. For diseases of the throat and lungs the Balsam of Wild Cherry is a sovereign remedy, and for dyspepsia the bitters will prove efficacious where most other remedies

THE WEATHER, &c .- Rain commenced falling on Thursday evening of last week, which fortunately checked the fires on Shade Mountain to the east, and on the ridge between Granville and Minehart's Gaps on the west side of the river. These dies, peacefully, calmly, victoriously and flux fires were a source of much uneasiness to umphantly. the residents at the foot of the mountains, and required careful watching both day and night. Beyond the destruction of timber we have heard of no loss except that sustained by John S. Reed at Jack's creek. about \$100 worth of bark and four cords of hickory wood having been destroyed. It commenced raining again on Tuesday evening, and the ground is now quite wet, with indications of colder weather.

A series of meetings lately closed, says the Lewisburg Chronicle, in the Union meeting house at Forest Hill, in Union county, conducted by Rev. Samuel Creighton of Mifflinburg and Mr. D. A. Beckley of the Senior Class of Dickinson College As a result, sixty persons were united with are told it is out of the record, out of the par the M. E. Church. " [Mr. C. is a son of our ty, out of the Cincinnati platform. Hence it is I am willing to go to the extreme upon this

Married.

On the 28th ult., at the residence of the bride's father, in Portage county, Ohio, by Rev. Elias C. Sharp, Dr. ARTEMAS BOR. TON, of Stark county, Ohio, to Miss JANE E. GREEN, of Atwater, formerly of Miffin

On the 11th ult., by Rev. D. D. Clarke, SAMUEL B. LOWER, Esq., of Kansas Ter., to Miss ANNIE ERWIN, of this county.

on Thursday, October 21st, at the residence of B. E. Chain, Esq., by Rev. Mr. Stem, E. A. BANKS, Esq., son of Hon. E. Banks, of this place, to Miss RAY W. BEAN, both of Neurotemp. Pa.

Obituary on the Death of Mrs. Sarah Barr, Mrs. Barr united with the church of her Mrs. Barr united with the endren of her choice in early life, and ever maintained a consistent profession and lived a Christian life worthy of imitation, until she was released from labor, pain and suffering, and taken to from labor, pain and sometries, and taken to enjoy the rest that remains for the people of God. Her entire Christian course was one of God. Her entire Constant course was one of beautiful consistency, letting her light shine, not only in the church, but in the family cir-cle, and in her daily walk through life. She possessed a very evenly temperament, was kind, affectionate and cheerful, and in all the relations of life, as wife, mother and thall the relations of life, as wife, mother and Chis. tian, she was faithful and true, and none knew illness, which was lingering and at times very painful, she manifested great resignation and endured it with Christian patience, never might want the corn before the winter is uttering a murmur or complaint. As the disease progressed and her hopes of recovery grew fainter, her confidence in Christ became stronger, and her nope of element the through Jesus Christ as her Saviour was bright and for sale, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for sale, Dittorn downwo a high family to her husband. He asked her if she wished to say anything to him. She requested him to tell him to " walk with God," and then said, "tell them all to walk with God," Her Pastor, Rev. James S. Woods, D. D., and others, frequently called to see her, and she often expressed her gratitude to God for placing her in a situation where she was permitted to receive so much kindness and instruction. As her end drew near she prayed re peatedly and fervently that she might receive sustaining grace, and it was given unto ber. A little before she died, when suffering great bodily pain, perceiving that some of the family were weeping, she said, "O, weep not for me, the victory is mine! the victory is mine!" Her husband said to her, " How did you obtain that victory?" "Through Jesus!" she quickly replied. When articulation had almost ceased, she prayed for a speedy release, often whispering, "O, come, Lord Jesus-0. come—come quickly !" and amidst the tearshand sympathics of her family and friends steer fell asleep in Jesus, and died as the Christ

"There everlasting spring abides And never withering flow'rs; Death like a narrow sea divides This heavenly land from ours On Sabbath, at 3 o'clock, her body was laid

in the Presbyterian grave yard, in the pres-ence of a large number of friends, there to await the resurrection morn. T. G. B.

To Country Merchants. W E are now prepared to furnish Country Dealers with Coffee, Sugars, Molasses pices, Cheese, Confectionery, Tobacco, Cigan salt, &c. &c., at such prices as will make heir interest to give us a call. nov4 F. J. HOFFMAN.	
OLE LEATHER and Oak Sole os, Lining, &c. fo nov4	L — A fine assortment of Red Leather; also Kips, Moroe- r sale by F. J. HOFFMAN.
TIN PLATE	X and IC Tin Plate; also on, &e for sale by F. J. HOFFMAN.
Cooking, Air-T	YES !A fine assortment of "ight, Nine Plate, and Coal F. J. HOFFMAN.
OIL OLOTHO	

and Protection to American Industry. At first it thought democratic voters had made a mistake in their tickets, but in last week's issue it takes a different ground, as can be seen by the following extract from its article:

When men who had been heretofore look ed upon as leaders-as Captains in the Democratic army-refused to take their usual poce of Democratic principles candidates, what else could be t a general apathy in every regiusual concomitant, frequent

. lover may be said of other sections, uit in this county certainly exemplithe correctness of our views. Here, in Lewistown, Anti Lecomptonism was strong, embracing nearly all our active leaders, while in the distant townships of the county, as well as in McVeytown and Newton Hamilton, Anti-Lecompton Democrats were " few and far between." What was the result ? In Lewistown alone there was a change against the Democray of over 150; and in the two adjoining townships, (which vote also in town) nearly as many more. In the distant townships, excepting Brown, (which is easily ac counted for,)the Democracy came within a fraction of holding their own, and in two of them, New Armagh and Menno, the Dem-ocratic majorities were increased. With such a fact before us, it were vain to seek for the cause of our defeat in this county. No one meede seek for what is too plain to be misunderstood. We were beaten because our leaders where not on duty, and our forces were not drilled, thus giving the enemy every advantage they could desire. If the campaign had been conducted as heretofore,---if our captains had all been at their posts, doing, battle with their usual ability and energy-Little Mifflin would not now be trailing in

the dust. The Democracy never were, and he beaten in a fair fight. When quire ation fairly discussed, and thorough-Il the Clasthe verdict of the people is infor of the great Democratic par-as this glorious Republic shall tective and ontinue to be so. dless to say that the Democrat

this fe

take a right view of the matter. latevery district in the county did ut in New Armagh and Menno the would have been still greater .----0 66 i at wn district, it is true, made a great ecause here the laboring classes

tel the effects of British and pal. Br sunty disgusted with Buchanan, White ites had been about?

ten" under these patent democrats.

105. The finding of a man named Bernier at Altoona, a few weeks ago, lying dead on the railroad, has given rise to all sorts of rumors of murder similar to that of the Norcross tragedy. He evidently fell from the

Buchanan has gained another convert! O. B. Matteson, who, it will be remembered was charged with bribery and threatened with expulsion from Congress a few years ago, has left the republican party of New York and joined the Buchananites.

The libel suit of the Tyrone Star vs. Hol. Standard has been made up a la Pickwick, Traugh having stated that he didn't mean Bell at all, but somebody else whom he took to be the factotum of the Star. Sensible all round.

Caution .- Coughs, colds, and affections of the lungs prevail amongst our people to an extent wholly unknown in Europe, and, if neglected, often assume a dangerous form. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is the reme dy in such cases. Sold by Chas. Ritz, Lewistown

The sheriff of Centre county advertises for sale, on the 22d November, properties of Mark G. Williams, Hugh S. and John West, Mrs. M. H. Donahy, Daniel H. Yeager, John G. Runk, George Ross, J. Beates, John R. Hughes, Philipsburg Coal and Lumber Company, James Taylor, Henry H. Kephart, Levi Conser, Samuel Moore, Thomas Johnstonbaugh, Andrew S. Kreamer.

nes. The sheriff of Huntingdon county advertises for sale, on the 8th November, properties of Wm. S. Bush, James G. Lightner, John G. and Rebecca Ritter, Henry Barrick. James Gafferty, John A. Weaver, J. & J. Irvin & Co., Amos Clark, Peter C. Swoope, Maria Baily, John Baily, Andrew Ripple, John Dougherty & Geo. W. Speer.

The recent election for Mayor in Baltimore, at which Swan, American, was reelected almost without opposition, is made the change, and had the opposition vote subject of much abose by the Buchanan papers, particularly those who had so much fellow-feeling for straightouts during the past few years. There may have been some restraint on voters, as there always is in cities. but how will the Democrat account for 3303 majority for the democratic candidate in the labor, but the change was eighth ward, which is just about 1400 more at to produce the result. The than there are voters in that ward? Does it democrats in every district in the not look as if some of the Kansas Lecompton-

We make the following extracts from letter recently received from a resident of Minnesota, formerly of this county

LAKE CITY, Minnesota, Oct. 26, 1858. I am very much pleased to hear of the change, politically, in my native State. Our party have triumphed here, which you doubtless have learned; friend Moses Montgomery, the democratic candidate for Senator, has been beaten, Averell, the Republican candidate being elected. The latter is also a resident of town.

Our city is not improving as rapidly as at first; in fact, it has, like most other places, grown prematurely. We, however, are not discouraged, as it is a natural point for a very extensive country back of us, which is being rapidly settled, and which is now subject to pre-emption, by an act of Congress passed last May. This is the very best thing could have happened, as the land will now be taken by actual settlers. Our crops here are excellent, excepting wheat, which was injured by rust, the weather having been too wet. We are exporting corn, oats and potatoes. Merchants here are paying for corn 371 cents, oats 30. Potatoes are very plenty: I hardly know what to quote the price at. We can beat you at raising almost anything; our soil is the most productive that I have ever seen. Our vege tables, too, are of a much better quality and larger growth. The cultivation of the sugar cane is succeeding finely. It is estimated that there has been 2000 gallons of molasses made within a compass of but a few miles in our neighborhood, some farmers producing above 200 gallons. It is supposed here that in a favorable season for the cane to mature, that it will produce 200 gallons to the acre. As yet, the machinery for manufacturing is of a very rude kind, but the quality of the syrup is far superior to the best New Orleans. I suggested to some of my former acquaintances here to use salt in boiling down the syrup, which they did, and found it to be a great improvement; it causes the scum to rise more rapidly to the surface, clarifies it, and improves the flavor greatly. Their kettles (or pans, rather,) would not boil down more than would make half a barrel at one time; in that quantity they found two large teacups ful of salt to be sufficient. As yet, it is only experimenting, every one using his own judg ment in the matter.

new Wood's Hair Restorative is now "all talk," in fact it is on all sides conceded that it will make the bair grow, remove dandruff, make the hair soft and glossy, preserve the natural color of the hair to old age, keep it from coming out, and is the best toilet article for the hair now in use. Try it, by all means .- Mariettian. Pa.

See advertisement in another column.

A few bottles of BULL'S SARSAPARILLA 109. A few bottles of BULL'S SARSAPARILLA the best article of the kind made—are for afloat, and 80½a81 cents, in store, and some sale at Ritz's at 75 cents per bottle to close the lot. and worth 41 cents per bushel,

THE MARKETS. LEWISTOWN, Nov. 4, 1858

Butter, good, P tb. 14 Eggs, & dozen, J. Sterrett is paying from 80 to 1 25

cts. for Wheat; Rye 60; Corn 60; Oats 35; Cloverseed, 4 75.

A. Marks, at the new Steam Mill, is paying for white wheat \$1 00 to 1 10; red 80 to 1 00; Corn, old, 50 to 60; new, 45; Rye 60; Oats 32; Barley 50 to 60; Cloverseed, old, 4 25, new, 4 50 to 4 75; Buck-

wheat 50. Fisher's Brewery pays 50 cts. for Barley, and 68 for Ryc.

Some Buckwheat Flour has appeared on the street and is selling at \$2.75 to \$3 per hundred.

Leaf and other Lard is worth 10 a 12 cents per pound.

The butchers are selling Beef as follows at market: Bones 61; boiling pieces 8 roasts 10; steaks 10 a 12. Pork steaks 10 cents; other peices 8. Pudding 8; sausage 10. The supply is good, and the pudding and sausage rather better than usual, probably the result of competition.

Philadelphia Market.

MONDAY, Nov. 1, 1858. The arrivals of cattle at the various yards. on Saturday, amounted to about 2000 head, 1100 of which were disposed of at from \$6 to 81, as in quality. Sheep-There were about 8000 Sheep ar

rived, and disposed of at about the same pries as last week.

Cows-The arrival and sale of Cows was about the same as last reported. There is no lifference in the price.

Hogs-The arrivals this week amount to 4894 head, which sold at from \$51 to 61 per 100 lbs. net.

The receipts of Cloverseed have fallen off. and it is in steady demand. Sales of 200 bushels prime at \$5 75a5 811 per 64 lbs.— Timothy is worth 2 121 per bushel, and Flaxseed 1 02.

Flour-There is no export demand Flour, and the sales are confined to \$5a5 124 per barrel for superfine, 5 371a5 50 for extra, and 5 621 up to 6 50 for extra family and fan cy lots, according to quality. Rye Flour and Corn Meal are dull, and have declined 25 cts. per barrel. Sales of the former at 4 121a5 25,

and of the latter at \$4. Grain-There is some little inquiry for prime Wheat, but other descriptions, of which the bulk of the stock now consists, are dull and unsaleable. Small sales of Red at \$1 18 al 20, and White at 1 25al 30 per bushel. Small sales of new Rye at 75 cents. Corn comes forward slowly, but the demand for it new at 58 cents, in the cars. Oats are scarce

OIL CLOTHS.-Floor and other Oil Clot for sale by F. J. HOFFMAN. JACKASS

FOR SALE. THE subscriber has a three year old Jackass that he will sell on reasonable terms.

The Jack is of good color, good size, good action, and good stock, and will give satisfaction to good judges. Any further information NICHOLAS HARTZLER. wanted may be obtained by addressing

Allenville, Mifflin Co., Pa

STRAY HEIFER.

TAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Bratton township, in September last, a DURHAM HEIFER, spreckled, apparently years old, the owner of which is hereby not fied to call, pay charges, and take away, or it will be disposed of according to law. nov4-3t* SAMUEL STAIROOK

Farmers' High School of Penna.

THE First Instalment on the subscriptions made in Mifflin county to the endowment fund of this Institution, is now due. The Trustees request subscribers to pay the same to the undersigned. GEO. W. ELDER. Lewistown, Nov. 4, 1858.-3t

New Goods!

F. ELLIS, of the late firm of McCoy R. F. ELLIS, of the late inter the entry & Ellis, has just returned from the city with a choice assortment of

Dry Goods and Groceries.

selected with care and purchased for cash, which are offered to the public at a small ad-vance on cost. The stock of Dry Goods em-braces all descriptions of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS suitable for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children, with many new patterns. His

Groceries

comprise Choice Sugars, Molasses, Java, Rio and Laguyra Coffee, superior Toss, &c. Also, Boots and Shoes, Queensware, and all other articles usually found in stores—all which the customers of the late firm and the public in general are invited to examine.

R. F. ELLIS. Fish, Salt, Plaster and Coal always on

and Country Produce received as usual and the full market price allowed therefor.

Lewistown, Oct. 28, 1858.

OOL WANTED .- Wanted, at the store which the highest market price will be paid in trade. KENNEDY, JUNKIN & CO. Lewistown, May 26, 1858.

CHEESE!-A very superior article for sale by sep16 F. J. HOFFMAN.